CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA

Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2012



For the year ended December 31, 2012

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lavonia, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lavonia, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lavonia, Georgia, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in the financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lavonia, Georgia's, basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the special purpose local option sales tax report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the special purpose local option sales tax report, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the special purpose local option sales tax report, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the City of Lavonia, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements. In our report dated April 12, 2012, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lavonia's basic financial statements as a whole. The individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2011 financial statements are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2011 financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2011 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2011 individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2013 on our consideration of the City of Lavonia, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton & Company, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia April 16, 2013





CITY OF LAVONIA

"A GEORGIA CITY OF EXCELLENCE"

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RALPH M. OWENS Mayor

City Manager GARY M. FESPERMAN

Mayor Pro tem

DAVID HOWELL

Council Members

DONALD CANADY

EDDIE FLOYD

HAROLD HARBIN

DAVID HOWELL

City Clerk
ANGELA V. GREER

Assistant City Clerk SUSAN GORMAN

Utility Billing Clerk
AMY RATCLIFFE

HR Director
CHERYL HUMBERT

Water Superintendent
JAMES MOSELEY

Street Superintendent RODNEY ANDREWS

Attorney
JOHN DICKERSON

Police Chief
BRUCE CARLISLE

Municipal Court Judge FRANK GEORGE

Fire Chief
ROBERT C. WHITE

 $Better\,Hometown\,Director\\$ MARIE MORSE

Lavonia, GA 30553

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Lavonia, it is our pleasure to present this narrative discussion and analysis of the City of Lavonia's financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the year ended December 31, 2012. The purpose of this narrative is to provide readers of financial statements with information that will help them make timely and meaningful financial decisions or draw conclusions about the City of Lavonia. This analytical information is designed to be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City of Lavonia's assets exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2012, by \$17,825,914. (reported as net position).
- As of December 31, 2012, Lavonia's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,865,682. Approximately 82% of this total amount, \$3,161,680, is available for spending at the City Council's discretion (unassigned fund balance of the General Fund).

More detailed information regarding these activities and funds begins on page 8.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis narrative is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Lavonia's basic financial statements. The City of Lavonia's basic financial statements are composed of three elements: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to our basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Reporting the City as a whole)

The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the City of Lavonia and is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's financial activities in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The purpose of the **Statement of Net Position** (pages 15-16) is to attempt to report all of the assets held and liabilities owed by the City. The City reports all of its assets when it acquires ownership over the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred. The difference between the total assets and total liabilities is labeled *net position*. Although the purpose of the City is not to accumulate net position, in general, as this amount increases it indicates that the financial position of the City is improving over time.

The **Statement of Activities** (page 17), on the other hand, presents the revenues and expenses of the City. Under the accrual basis of accounting mentioned earlier, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred in this statement. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several weeks after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period. The difference is described as *change in net position*. The primary focus of the Statement of Activities is on the *net cost* of various activities provided by the City and identifies the extent to which each function of the City draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees, grants, or other sources.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City of Lavonia into three types of activities:

- **Governmental activities** Most of the City's basic services are reported under this category, including police, fire, public works, and general administration. Sales tax, property taxes, and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these services.
- Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to assist in covering all or
 most of the cost for certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system and
 garbage collection fees are reported in this category.
- Discretely Presented Component Unit Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. The Downtown Development Authority, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City of Lavonia, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The City's government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15-17.

Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the City's Major Funds)

The focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City and its most significant funds, not the City as a whole. A fund is an entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the City uses to track specific resources and expenditures, either for management purposes or because of legal mandates. In addition to the major funds, individual fund data for the City's non-major funds can be found beginning on page 60. The City's funds are divided into three broad categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds – These funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, governmental fund financial statements focus on the short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements and because of the different accounting methods used to prepare them, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. An analysis of the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the two statements are provided at the bottom of each statement.

In addition to the General Fund and 2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, which are reported as major funds, the City of Lavonia maintains two governmental fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds
- 2. Capital Projects Funds

The City of Lavonia adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The City's basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18-23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether
to outside customers or to other departments of the City – these services are generally
reported in proprietary funds. These proprietary funds are prepared using the same
accounting basis as the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise fund statements report the same functions presented in the business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. The City of Lavonia uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer system, and Solid Waste functions, which are reported as major funds.

The City's proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 24-27.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Lavonia's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City acts as a trustee or fiduciary for the Municipal Court Agency Fund.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements but are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's fiduciary fund Statement of Assets and Liabilities is presented on page 28.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-59 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. These funds are added together by fund type and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the government-wide financial statements.

This report includes two schedules (pages 19 and 21) which reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with the governmental activities reported on the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities on the government-wide statements are not reported on fund financial statements.
- Certain tax revenues that are earned, but not available, are reported as revenue on the government-wide statement but are reported as deferred revenue on the fund statements.
- Unless due and payable, long-term liabilities, such as lease obligations, compensated absences, bonds and notes payable, and others only appear as liabilities in the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.
- Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide statements but are reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.

Overview of the City's Financial Position and Operations

The City's overall financial position and operations for this year is summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements (see pages 15-17):

City of Lavonia Net Position As of December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Govern	mental	Business-Type					
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Current assets	\$ 4,015,945	\$ 3,538,305	\$ 1,187,197	\$ 1,444,988	\$ 5,203,142	\$ 4,983,293		
Capital assets	4,259,817	4,175,782	11,093,069	10,317,177	15,352,886	14,492,959		
Other noncurrent assets	0	294,150	0	0	0	294,150		
Total assets	8,275,762	8,008,237	12,280,266	11,762,165	20,556,028	19,770,402		
Current liabilities	252 402	175 210	244 512	224 252	106 616	E06 462		
Noncurrent liabilities	252,103	175,210	244,513	331,253	496,616	506,463		
Noncurrent nabilities	97,919	120,037	2,135,578	2,181,390	2,233,497	2,301,427		
Total liabilities	350,022	295,247	2,380,091	2,512,643	2,730,113	2,807,890		
Net Position Net investment in								
capital assets	4,118,334	4,034,498	8,895,275	8,092,096	13,013,609	12,126,594		
Restricted	626,355	561,354	103,246	101,655	729,601	663,009		
Unrestricted	3,181,051	3,117,138	901,653	1,055,771	4,082,704	4,172,909		
Total net position	\$ 7,925,740	\$ 7,712,990	\$ 9,900,174	\$ 9,249,522	\$ 17,825,914	\$ 16,962,512		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets for the City of Lavonia exceeded liabilities by \$17,825,914 at the close of the current year. However, much of the net position either is restricted as to the purposes for which it can be used, or are invested in capital assets.

The largest portion (72%) of the City of Lavonia's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to construct or acquire the assets. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In addition, the surplus in governmental net position was positively affected by a noticeable increase in capital grants due to the release of 2010 SPLOST funds by Franklin County. Expenses for governmental activities were down 6% and business-type activities were up 7% from 2011.

Although the net position of our business-type activities represents 55% (\$9,900,174) of total net position, these resources cannot be used to add to the net asset surplus in governmental activities. The City generally can only use the net position to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

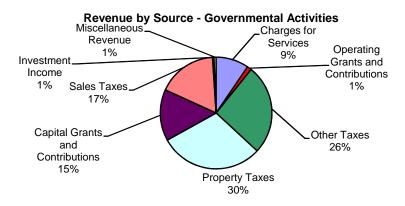
The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the City of Lavonia's net position changed during the year.

City of Lavonia Changes in Net Position For the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2012 2011		_	2012			2012			2011		
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	252,871	\$	170,424	\$	2,259,067	\$	2,490,761	\$	2,511,938	\$	2,661,185
Operating grants and contributions		33,863		37,472		0		0		33,863		37,472
Capital grants and contributions		396,566		121,291		791,044		361,730		1,187,610		483,021
General revenues:												
Property taxes		799,744		804,587		0		0		799,744		804,587
Sales tax		455,857		441,246		0		0		455,857		441,246
Other taxes		695,297		676,291		0		0		695,297		676,291
Investment income		11,328		25,081		1,281		4,572		12,609		29,653
Miscellaneous revenue		30,399		23,793		22,688		34,714		53,087		58,507
Total revenues		2,675,925		2,300,185		3,074,080		2,891,777		5,750,005		5,191,962
Expenses												
General Government		428,187		421,885		0		0		428,187		421,885
Judicial		8,352		8,272		0		0		8,352		8,272
Public Safety		1,356,392		1,266,538		0		0		1,356,392		1,266,538
Public Works		203,452		420,537		0		0		203,452		420,537
Culture and Recreation		190,268		186,908		0		0		190,268		186,908
Housing and Development		198,461		218,973		0		0		198,461		218,973
Interest on long-term debt		5,029		5,897		0		0		5,029		5,897
Water and sewer		0		0		2,139,486		1,982,460		2,139,486		1,982,460
Solid Waste		0		0		356,976		340,267		356,976		340,267
Total expenses		2,390,141		2,529,010		2,496,462		2,322,727		4,886,603		4,851,737
Increase (decrease) in net												
position before transfers		285,784		(228,825)		577,618		569,050		863,402		340,225
Transfers		(73,034)		(41,418)		73,034		41,418		0		0
Increase (decrease) in net assets		212,750		(270,243)		650,652		610,468		863,402		340,225
Net position - beginning		7,712,990		7,983,233		9,249,522		8,639,054		16,962,512		16,622,287
Net position - ending	\$	7,925,740	\$	7,712,990	\$	9,900,174	\$	9,249,522	\$	17,825,914	\$	16,962,512

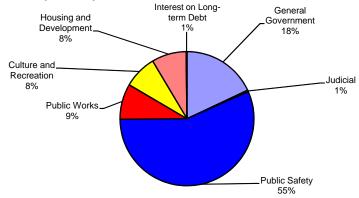
Governmental Activities -

The following chart depicts revenues of the governmental activities for the year:



The following chart depicts the expenses of the governmental activities for the year:





Business-type Activities -

Business-type activities increased the City of Lavonia's net position by \$650,652; this is \$40,184 more than the increase in net position for 2011. The key elements of this increase are:

• FY2012 operating income decreased by \$404,977 from FY2011 due to decreased customer usage in 2012. Capital grants in FY2012 increased by \$429,314 due to grant received in conjunction with system expansions for the Ty Cobb Medical Center.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Lavonia uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Lavonia's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As the City completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,865,682. Of this amount, \$3,161,380 (82%) constitutes unassigned fund balance, meaning no constraints have been placed on how this money may be spent. The General Fund is the only governmental fund that can have positive unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted by a third party or assigned for a specific purpose, including the 2013 budget.

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,161,680, while total fund balance was \$3,182,601. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 154% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 155% of that same amount.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was amended by various appropriations approved after the beginning of the year. In addition, Council approved several adjustments to prevent budget overruns.

<u>Adjustments to the General Fund Revenue</u>: Several adjustments were made to the General Fund revenue where revenue exceeded the budget to help offset the expenditure amendments:

- Systems Contributions of \$56,088 to reimburse for street repairs on Lauren Drive.
- Municipal Court Fees of \$19,500.

<u>Adjustments to the General Fund Expenditures</u>: Adjustments were made from one department to another department to prevent budget overruns:

- An additional employee position left vacant in 2011 was filled in 2012 and additional computer equipment for several patrol vehicles was purchased thereby necessitating an increase of \$67,850.
- A reimbursement street program for Lauren Drive located behind Hardee's Restaurant resulted in a \$46,900.
- A Crematory Section was added in the Burgess Cemetery which resulted in a \$7,500 adjustment.
- An additional Solid Waste transfer from the General Fund of \$49,500 was needed to offset equipment purchases and leaf and limb pickup costs.
- The budgeted General Fund Contingency was reduced by \$67,000.

It is anticipated that the General Fund will see only a slight increase in revenues in 2013 due to an increase in Local Option Sales Tax, Building Permits, and Franchise Tax categories which should offset any additional loss of property tax revenue. Therefore, the City will continue to hold the line with operating budgets, employee positions and salary increases to help insure that the General Fund reserve balance remains positive.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Lavonia's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the City's two proprietary funds totaled as follows:

Water and Sewer \$ 9,900,174Solid Waste \$ 0

The total increase in net position for both funds was \$650,652. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Lavonia has invested \$15,352,886 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include infrastructure, land, buildings, and machinery and equipment. Approximately 72% of this investment is related to business-type activities and approximately 28% relates to governmental activities.

During 2012, the City invested \$1,478,124 in new capital assets. Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

Business-type Activities 2012

2012 Ford 15 Passenger Van	\$	24,119
Office equipment		4,092
Lift station upgrades		84,094
Lake Hartwell Raw Water Intake upgrade		19,026
Watershed Management Plan required by Georgia EPD		5,105
Ty Cobb Regional Medical Ctr trunkline		120,130
Water Plant upgrade Ty Cobb Regional Medical Ctr		956,321
	\$ 1	,209,774

Governmental Activities 2012

Lavonia Depot renovation project	\$ 234,217
Welcome Center furniture	6,574
Four Police Department cars and equipment	108,971
Repairs to City Hall roof	24,100
Street Department equipment	18,400
Lauren Drive construction project	 56,088
	\$ 448,350

Capital assets held by the City at the end of the current year are summarized as follows:

City of Lavonia Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) As of December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total			
		2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Land	\$	493,811	\$	493,811	\$	413,072	\$	413,072	\$	906,883	\$	906,883
Buildings 4,649,906		4,649,906		4,391,589		177,559		177,559		4,827,465		4,569,148
Infrastructure		1,250,854		1,194,766		3,800		3,800		1,254,654		1,198,566
Distribution system		0	0		16,005,670		14,315,673			16,005,670		14,315,673
Vehicles and equipment		2,341,048		2,336,981		589,480		577,769		2,930,528		2,914,750
Furniture and fixtures		136,451		142,377		71,012		71,012		207,463		213,389
Intangibles		0		0		61,026		0		61,026		0
Construction in progress		0	0			114,127		680,475		114,127		680,475
Total		8,872,070		8,559,524		17,435,746		16,239,360		26,307,816		24,798,884
Accumulated depreciation		(4,612,253)		(4,383,742)		(6,342,677)		(5,922,183)		(10,954,930)		(10,305,925)
Net Capital Assets		4,259,817	\$	4,175,782	\$	11,093,069	\$	10,317,177	\$	15,352,886	\$	14,492,959

Additional information on the City of Lavonia's capital assets can be found in the Note 8 to the Financial Statements on pages 47-48 of this report.

Long-term debt. At December 31, 2012, the City of Lavonia had \$2,301,427 in bonds and capital leases outstanding, a decrease in total of \$64,938 from 2011.

City of Lavonia Outstanding Debt As of December 31, 2012 and 2011

_	Govern Activ			ss-type ⁄ities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$0 120.037	\$0 141.284	\$2,181,390 0	\$2,225,081 0	\$2,181,390 120.037	\$2,225,081 141,284		
Total	\$120,037	\$141,284	\$2,181,390	\$2,225,081	\$2,301,427	\$2,366,365		

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the Notes 9 and 10 to the Financial Statements on pages 49-51 of this report.

Economic Condition and Outlook

We, as management, in considering the current and forecasted economic conditions for 2013, still see a continued slow recovery period ahead. During 2009-10, sales tax and franchise tax revenues were considerably lower than 2006-08 levels. We saw increases in 2011 of about 12% and 3% in 2012, and we see this slow upward trend continuing through 2013. Parkdale Mills closed during 2012 and impacted the jobs market as well as our water sales. Although there are other industries looking at the facility, nothing has been announced regarding a new industry locating during 2013 as of yet. With the Franklin County SPLOST court case being resolved, the City has decided to move forward with several proposed General Fund capital projects during 2013. Management has given careful consideration to the uncertainty of the market and the new economic growth in the preparation of the city budgets for 2013. Noteworthy budget item and cost saving considerations were:

- 2013 General Fund budget revenue projections were raised about \$30,000 over the 2012 budget due to increased sales tax revenue anticipated in the state and national economies through most of 2013. General Fund budget expenditures were lowered about \$10,000 due to the moving of the Cemetery Fund into its own fund and employee departmental shifts.
- With most revenue streams expected to remain at or slightly above 2012 levels, certain departmental operational expenditures are expected to rise. Insurance, contract services, infrastructure raw materials, and service provision costs are expected to rise with the upturn in the economic forecast. This has and will continue to have a dramatic impact on the city's ability to maintain current operational levels or repair existing infrastructure as needed with the funding available through our present revenue sources. In addition, grant funding at the state and federal levels is expected to be more competitive with reduced federal funding being allocated to the states for disbursement through EDA, USDA and ARC programs.
- Electricity budgets for all departments have been increased again to try and keep pace with those rising energy costs. Polices have already been put in place to reduce electricity, heating, and cooling usage, and change out inefficient lighting fixtures to conserve energy and help reduce energy costs for the city. Gasoline and diesel fuel costs are also expected to continue to spiral up and down in 2013 and city vehicle usage in all departments will be determined by these increases.
- Interest rates on C.D.'s are expected to be less than ½ % for 2013, which is a decrease from 2012. This prediction is based on the Federal Reserve's reports regarding the lack of a strong economic turnaround and their efforts to stimulate the economy by keeping interest rates low. If the Fed continues to keep interest rates at these record lows, the rate of 2013 return on our investments will be lower than in 2011 and 2012.
- The Mayor and Council decided to suspend 2013 employee raises or COLA adjustments until we have a better understanding of the revenue streams into the city. If revenues increase to the point that a COLA adjustment can be given, the Mayor and Council will determine when that adjustment will be implemented. Management may also elect to not refill a vacant position in other cost cutting measures if necessary. Once again management expects to produce more with less this coming year.

Contacting the City's Financial Services Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Lavonia's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed as follows:

City of Lavonia Office of the City Manager PO Box 564 Lavonia, GA 30553





CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012

			Component Unit Downtown				
	Go	vernmental		ary Government usiness-type			elopment
		Activities	_	Activities	Total		uthority
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,318,025	\$	521,254	\$ 1,839,279	\$	5,209
Certificates of deposit		900,000		0	900,000		0
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		0		142,650	142,650		0
Receivables (net)							
Accounts		57,193		264,821	322,014		0
Taxes		337,948		0	337,948		0
Intergovernmental		91,662		151,365	243,027		0
Interest		3,981		0	3,981		0
Internal balances		(42,360)		42,360	0		0
Inventories		0		50,010	50,010		0
Prepaid items		20,921		14,737	35,658		0
Property held for resale		1,328,575		0	 1,328,575		0
Total current assets		4,015,945		1,187,197	 5,203,142		5,209
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
Non-depreciable		493,811		527,199	1,021,010		40,000
Depreciable (net)		3,766,006		10,565,870	 14,331,876		100,223
Total noncurrent assets		4,259,817		11,093,069	15,352,886		140,223
Total assets		8,275,762		12,280,266	 20,556,028		145,432
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Payables		440.00		, a a a a =	1011-5		
Accounts		112,251		48,907	161,158		960
Retainages		0		15,249	15,249		0
Interest		4,306		0	4,306		0
Compensated absences		98,588		67,043	165,631		0
Accrued payroll liabilities		6,960		4,301	11,261		0
Unearned revenue		4,799		19,896	24,695		0
Capital lease payable		22,118		0	22,118		0
Other liabilities		3,081		3,902	6,983		88
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		•		00.505	00.505		^
Customer deposits payable		0		36,525	36,525		0
Revenue bonds payable		0		45,812	45,812		0
Interest payable		0		2,879	 2,879		0
Total current liabilities		252,103		244,514	496,617		1,048

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012

		Prima	ry Governmen	ıt		 ponent Unit
	 overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities Total			velopment authority	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Capital leases payable	\$ 97,919	\$	0	\$	97,919	\$ 0
Revenue bonds payable	 0		2,135,578		2,135,578	 0
Total noncurrent liabilities	 97,919		2,135,578		2,233,497	 0
Total liabilities	 350,022		2,380,092		2,730,114	1,048
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	4,118,334		8,895,275		13,013,609	140,223
Public Safety	3,372		0		3,372	0
Housing and Development	564,921		0		564,921	0
Capital outlay	58,062		0		58,062	0
Debt service	0		103,246		103,246	0
Unrestricted	 3,181,051		901,653		4,082,704	 4,161
Total net position	\$ 7,925,740	\$	9,900,174	\$	17,825,914	\$ 144,384

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2012

		Program Revenues						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Capital		nts and	Net (Expense) Revenue		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					•			
Primary government								
Governmental activities								
General Government	\$ 428,187	\$ 42,192	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(385,995)
Judicial	8,352	0		0		0		(8,352)
Public Safety	1,356,392	156,255		33,863		61,855		(1,104,419)
Public Works	203,452	22,046		0		230,730		49,324
Culture and Recreation	190,268	27,648		0		53,981		(108,639)
Housing and Development	198,461	4,730		0		50,000		(143,731)
Interest on long-term debt	5,029	0		0		0		(5,029)
Total governmental								
activities	2,390,141	 252,871		33,863		396,566		(1,706,841)
Business-type activities								
Water and Sewer	2,139,486	1,955,941		0		791,044		607,499
Solid Waste	356,976	303,126		0		0		(53,850)
Total business-type	-	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· · /
activities	2,496,462	 2,259,067	_	0		791,044		553,649
Total primary government	4,886,603	 2,511,938	_	33,863		1,187,610		(1,153,192)
Component Unit Downtown Development Authority								
Housing and Development	33,563	 0		1,999		0	_	(31,564)

	Primary Government							
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Component Unit					
Change in net assets								
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (1,706,841)	\$ 553,649	\$ (1,153,192)	\$ (31,564)				
General revenues								
Taxes								
Property	799,744	0	799,744	0				
Sales	455,857	0	455,857	0				
Franchise	247,523	0	247,523	0				
Insurance premium	107,412	0	107,412	0				
Intangibles	4,770	0	4,770	0				
Alcoholic beverage	123,222	0	123,222	0				
Hotel/Motel	144,919	0	144,919	0				
Occupational	67,451	0	67,451	0				
Interest and investment earnings	11,328	1,281	12,609	0				
Miscellaneous	30,399	22,688	53,087	8,876				
Transfers	(73,034)	73,034	0	0				
Total general revenues								
and transfers	1,919,591	97,003	2,016,594	8,876				
Change in net position	212,750	650,652	863,402	(22,688)				
Net position - beginning	7,712,990	9,249,522	16,962,512	167,072				
Net position - ending	\$ 7,925,740	\$ 9,900,174	\$ 17,825,914	\$ 144,384				

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2012

	General		2010 SPLOST		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	653,781	\$	46,391	\$ 617,853	\$ 1,318,025
Certificates of deposit		900,000		0	0	900,000
Receivables (net)						
Accounts		56,364		0	829	57,193
Taxes		326,739		0	11,209	337,948
Intergovernmental		1,629		90,033	0	91,662
Interest		3,981		0	0	3,981
Prepaid items		20,921		0	0	20,921
Property held for resale		1,328,575		0	0	1,328,575
Due from other funds		38,516		0	0	 38,516
Total assets	\$	3,330,506	\$	136,424	\$ 629,891	\$ 4,096,821
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	86,515	\$	21,446	\$ 4,290	\$ 112,251
Accrued payroll liabilities		6,644		0	316	6,960
Unearned revenue		4,799		0	0	4,799
Due to other funds		23,960		56,916	0	80,876
Other liabilities		2,815		0	 266	 3,081
Total liabilities		124,733		78,362	 4,872	 207,967
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		23,172		0	0	23,172
Chavallable revenue property taxes		20,172	-		 	 20,172
Fund balances						
Nonspendable prepaid items		20,921		0	0	20,921
Restricted for:						
Public Safety		0		0	3,372	3,372
Housing and Development		0		0	564,921	564,921
Capital outlay		0		58,062	0	58,062
Assigned for budget		0		0	56,726	56,726
Unassigned		3,161,680		0	 0	 3,161,680
Total fund balances		3,182,601		58,062	 625,019	3,865,682
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,330,506	\$	136,424	\$ 629,891	\$ 4,096,821

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012

Total fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ 3,865,682

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Some assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

These are:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

4,259,817

Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore,

are deferred in the funds.

These are:

Property taxes

23,172

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.

These are:

Capital leases (120,037)

Interest payable (4,306)

 Compensated absences
 (98,588)
 (222,931)

Net position of governmental activities \$ 7,925,740

19 Exhibit A-4

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	General	2010 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES	A 4 000 750	Φ 0	A 444.040	A 4005.077
Taxes	\$ 1,820,758	\$ 0	\$ 144,919	\$ 1,965,677
Licenses and permits	46,630	0	0	46,630
Fines, fees and forfeitures	152,814	0	2,451	155,265
Charges for services	23,328	0	23,643	46,971
Intergovernmental	40,913	495,683	0	536,596
Interest	6,882	68	4,378	11,328
Contributions	56,088	0	0	56,088
Other	14,727	0	5,885	20,612
Total revenues	2,162,140	495,751	181,276	2,839,167
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	419,646	0	0	419,646
Judicial	8,352	0	0	8,352
Public Safety	1,048,481	0	3,058	1,051,539
Public Works	411,174	0	0	411,174
Culture and Recreation	78,319	0	0	78,319
Housing and Development	56,933	0	196,111	253,044
Debt service	27,039	0	0	27,039
Capital outlay	0	384,525	0	384,525
Total expenditures	2,049,944	384,525	199,169	2,633,638
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	112,196	111,226	(17,893)	205,529
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(49,303)	(33,831)	0	(83,134)
Proceeds from sales of assets	5,964	0	0	5,964
Total other financing sources (uses)	(43,339)	(33,831)	0	(77,170)
Net change in fund balance	68,857	77,395	(17,893)	128,359
Fund balances, January 1	3,113,744	(19,333)	642,912	3,737,323
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 3,182,601	\$ 58,062	\$ 625,019	\$ 3,865,682

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Exhibit A-5

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 128,359 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay 438,251 Depreciation (344,558)93.693 In the statement of activities, the loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Cost of assets disposed (135,805)Related accumulated depreciation 116,047 (19,758)Contributions of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. Proprietary funds 10,100 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable deferred revenue. (14,779)The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 21,247 Debt prinicpal repayments Debt proceeds 21,247 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Interest payable 763 Compensated absences (6,875)(6,112)Change in net assets of governmental activities 212,750

21 Exhibit A-6

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,787,300	\$ 1,787,300	\$ 1,820,758	\$ 33,458
Licenses and permits	41,500	41,900	46,630	4,730
Fines, fees and forfeitures	120,000	139,500	152,814	13,314
Charges for services	16,500	10,100	23,328	13,228
Intergovernmental	55,500	55,500	40,913	(14,587)
Interest	19,800	19,800	6,882	(12,918)
Contributions	1,000	56,250	56,088	(162)
Other	7,500	13,500	14,727	1,227
Total revenues	2,049,100	2,123,850	2,162,140	38,290
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government				
Governing Body	82,788	82,788	78,600	4,188
Financial Administration	339,351	339,351	341,046	(1,695)
Judical				
Municipal Court	9,300	9,300	8,352	948
Public Safety				
Police Department	910,124	977,974	977,955	19
Fire Department	70,120	70,120	66,855	3,265
Communications	4,300	4,300	3,671	629
Public Works				
Highways and Streets	255,330	302,230	302,214	16
Maintenance Shop	31,663	31,663	30,201	1,462
Cemetery	2,000	9,500	9,483	17
Detention Services	73,573	73,573	69,276	4,297
Culture and Recreation				
Parks and Recreation	59,084	59,084	53,415	5,669
Community Center	9,850	9,850	7,239	2,611
Library	18,550	18,550	17,665	885
Housing and Development				
Inspections	30,653	30,653	30,027	626
Better Home Towns	27,438	27,438	26,906	532
Debt service				
Public Safety				
Fire Department	27,100	27,100	27,039	61
Total expenditures	1,951,224	2,073,474	2,049,944	23,530
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	97,876	50,376	112,196	61,820

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Buc	dget				Va	riance with Final
	 Original	Final		Actual			Budget
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)							
Transfers out	\$ (30,000)	\$	(49,500)	\$	(49,303)	\$	197
Proceeds from sales of assets	5,000		5,000		5,964		964
Contingency	(72,876)		(5,876)		0		5,876
Total other financing sources (uses)	(97,876)		(50,376)		(43,339)		7,037
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
financing sources over (under) expenditures							
and other financing uses	0		0		68,857		68,857
Fund balances, January 1	 0		0		3,113,744		3,113,744
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	3,182,601	\$	3,182,601

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2012

	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 521,254	\$ 0	\$ 521,254
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	142,650	0	142,650
Receivables			
Accounts (net)	228,802	36,019	264,821
Intergovernmental	151,365	0	151,365
Inventory	50,010	0	50,010
Prepaid items	14,398	339	14,737
Due from other funds	50,634	2,692	53,326
Total current assets	1,159,113	39,050	1,198,163
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	527,199	0	527,199
Depreciable (net)	10,565,870	0	10,565,870
Total noncurrent assets	11,093,069	0	11,093,069
Total assets	12,252,182	39,050	12,291,232
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	23,312	25,595	48,907
Accrued payroll liabilities	4,085	216	4,301
Compensated absences	66,419	624	67,043
Unearned revenue	18,247	1,649	19,896
Due to other funds	0	10,966	10,966
Retainages payable	15,249	0	15,249
Other liabilities	3,902	0	3,902
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits payable	36,525	0	36,525
Revenue bonds payable Interest payable	45,812 2,879	0	45,812 2,879
interest payable	2,079		2,019
Total current liabilities	216,430	39,050	255,480
Noncurrent liabilities			
Revenue bonds payable	2,135,578	0	2,135,578
Total liabilities	2,352,008	39,050	2,391,058
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,895,275	0	8,895,275
Restricted for debt service	103,246	0	103,246
Unrestricted	901,653	0	901,653
Total net position	\$ 9,900,174	\$ 0	\$ 9,900,174

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Water and Sewer		Solid Waste		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for sales and services	\$	1,955,941	\$	303,127	\$ 2,259,068
Other		18,687		0	 18,687
Total operating revenues		1,974,628		303,127	2,277,755
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Costs of sales and services		823,878		317,122	1,141,000
Personal services		768,199		39,854	808,053
Depreciation		436,992		0	 436,992
Total operating expenses		2,029,069		356,976	2,386,045
Operating income (loss)		(54,441)		(53,849)	 (108,290)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue		1,281		0	1,281
Interest expense		(104,769)		0	(104,769)
Other		(5,648)		0	(5,648)
Distributions of capital assets		(10,100)		0	(10,100)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		4,000		0	 4,000
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(115,236)		0	 (115,236)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(169,677)		(53,849)	(223,526)
Capital contributions					
Capital contributions		791,044		0	 791,044
Income (loss) before transfers		621,367		(53,849)	567,518
Transfers in (out)					
Transfers in		33,831		49,303	 83,134
Change in net position		655,198		(4,546)	650,652
Net position, January 1		9,244,976		4,546	 9,249,522
Net position, December 31	\$	9,900,174	\$	0	\$ 9,900,174

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Totals		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,983,452	\$ 304,197	\$ 2,287,649		
Payments to suppliers	(809,129)	(318,209)	(1,127,338)		
Payments to employees	(757,412)	(39,219)	(796,631)		
Other receipts	18,687	0	18,687		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	435,598	(53,231)	382,367		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Receipts from other funds	0	53,231	53,231		
Payments to other governments	(5,648)	0	(5,648)		
Payments to other funds	(29,588)	0	(29,588)		
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(35,236)	53,231	17,995		
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Receipts of capital contributions	91,758	0	91,758		
Receipts from other governments	905,245	0	905,245		
Receipts from other funds	33,831	0	33,831		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000	0	4,000		
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets	(1,206,580)	0	(1,206,580)		
Payment of capital related accounts payable	(110,034)	0	(110,034)		
Principal payments - revenue bonds	(43,691)	0	(43,691)		
Interest paid	(104,786)	0	(104,786)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related					
financing activities	(430,257)	0	(430,257)		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sale of certificates of deposit	400,000	0	400,000		
Interest received	4,970	0	4,970		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	404,970	0	404,970		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents					
cash equivalents	375,075	0	375,075		
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	288,829	0	288,829		
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 663,904	\$ 0	\$ 663,904		

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Water and Sewer		Solid Waste		Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(54,441)	\$	(53,849)	\$ (108,290)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		436,992		0	436,992
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		26,983		699	27,682
(Increase) decrease in inventory		21,095		0	21,095
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		99		3	102
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(6,445)		(1,090)	(7,535)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		3,531		371	3,902
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		10,787		635	11,422
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(3,003)		0	 (3,003)
Total adjustments		490,039		618	 490,657
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	435,598	\$	(53,231)	\$ 382,367
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	521,254	\$	0	\$ 521,254
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		142,650		0	 142,650
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	663,904	\$	0	\$ 663,904

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$16,404 for the year ended December 31, 2012. Distributions of capital assets to government totaled \$10,100 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2012

ASSETS	Municipal Court Agency Fund		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net)	\$ 4,068 40		
Total assets	 4,108		
LIABILITIES			
Due to other agencies	\$ 4,108		

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1. Description of Government Unit

The City of Lavonia incorporated under the laws of the State of Georgia in 1964. The City operates under a council/mayor form of government and provides the following services: public safety, street and sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates a public utility (water and sewer) for the incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

The City is governed by an elected five-member council.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business- type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Lavonia (the primary government) and material component units. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the financial statements of the following component unit have been included as discretely presented component unit.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Entity, continued

City of Lavonia Downtown Development Authority

The City of Lavonia Downtown Development Authority was established as a legally separate entity, which operates pursuant to the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the City Council and an executive director. The Downtown Development Authority provides for the vitalization of the downtown area of the City of Lavonia. In many respects, the Authority functions similar to a City department through regular participation in department director meetings, budget approval, accounting, payroll, etc.

The City of Lavonia Downtown Development Authority is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Individual financial statements are presented as part of the City's Annual Financial Report in the sections labeled "Component Unit" (See Exhibit H). The City of Lavonia Downtown Development Authority has a December 31st year-end. Individual financial statements may be obtained by contacting the City of Lavonia Downtown Development Authority, PO Box 564, Lavonia, GA 30553-0564.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has one discretely presented component unit. While the Downtown Development Authority is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for long-term capital projects financed by the passage of the 2010 special purpose local option sale tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewer services in the City of Lavonia.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for activities connected with the collection and disposal of residential, commercial, industrial and institutional solid waste in the City of Lavonia.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds – This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

Capital Projects Funds – This fund type is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (other than those financed by the proprietary or fiduciary funds).

Fiduciary Fund Types

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that are held either for the City or for others. The City has an agency fund to account for the activity of the Municipal Court.

Component Unit

The Lavonia Downtown Development Authority is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they both become measurable and available).

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses, continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Enterprise Funds. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted by the City Council when capital projects are approved. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through approval by the Council. Each year about the middle of November, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the City Council for their review. Prior to adoption, a public hearing is held to receive comment from the citizenry on the proposed budget. This hearing is publicized in the local newspaper one week before the hearing, and the budget document is made available for public inspection during this week. After the public hearing, the budget is then revised by the City Council and the first reading of the proposed budget is made. At the next City Council meeting, the second reading of the proposed budget is made and the City Council votes to adopt the proposed budget. The annual operating budget is adopted no later than December 31 for the following year.

The annual budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund. The budgets for the Enterprise Funds are adopted under a basis consistent with GAAP, except that depreciation, certain capital expenses, non-operating income and expense items are not considered. All unencumbered budget appropriations, except project budgets, lapse at the end of each year.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting, continued

The legal level of budgetary control is the departmental level. Any increases in total appropriations of a department require approval and amendment of the budget by the City Council. Except as indicated on the major fund budgetary comparison statement, budget amounts included in this report are as amended as of December 31, 2012.

H. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital project investments is included in the investment accounts.

I. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables for state, federal, and local governments are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

J. Inventories

Inventories of the Water and Sewer Fund are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2012, are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of the prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements

GASB Statement No. 34 required the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the year ended December 31, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Prior to January 1, 2007, neither their historical costs nor related depreciation had historically been reported in the financial statements. For entities the size of the City of Lavonia, retroactive reporting of infrastructure assets was not required.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful Life	• Capitalizatio	
	in Years	Thre	shold
Buildings	40	\$	2,000
Distribution systems	40	\$	10,000
Roads – per lane mile	40	\$	50,000
Bridges and culverts	40	\$	20,000
Machinery and equipment	10	\$	2,000
Vehicles	5	\$	2,000
Furniture and fixtures	5	\$	2,000
Land improvements	15	\$	2,000
Intangibles	10	\$	2,000

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Capital Assets, continued

All land will be valued and capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materially extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

O. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

P. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position

Restricted assets of the Enterprise Funds represent certain resources set aside for the repayment of revenue bonds because they are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Restricted net position is equal to the excess of the restricted assets funded from operations over the liabilities to be paid with restricted assets which are due in one year or less. Restricted assets exclude bond proceeds for calculation of reserve.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The City of Lavonia implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at December 31, 2012, by the City are nonspendable in form. The City has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the City Council, the City of Lavonia's highest level of decision making authority, which include the language "committed for the purpose of". Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through adoption of a subsequent resolution, which shall refer to the original resolution by its number. A resolution committing amounts must be adopted prior to the end of the fiscal year; however, the amount to be committed may be determined within 120 days of fiscal year-end.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the City's adopted policy, amounts may be assigned by the City Manager, under the authorization of the City Council, through a written memorandum. Amounts appropriated to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent fiscal year's budget shall constitute assignments and are documented by adoption of the City's annual operating budget. Equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report this category of fund balance.

R. Compensation for Future Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits which will be paid to the employees upon separation from City service. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay amounts are accrued when incurred by the City in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

S. Long-Term Obligations, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

T. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

U. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative total data of the prior period has been presented in the accompanying individual fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. Certain 2011 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 2012 presentation.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no formal policy, but follows the State of Georgia requirement that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized. At December 31, 2012, the City had no uninsured, uncollateralized deposits.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk (continued)

Credit Risk

State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Investments are reported at fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has no formal policy on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Foreign currency risk

The City has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

4. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at December 31, 2012 consist of the following:

Major Funds General Fund		\$ 56,364
Enterprise Funds Water and Sewer Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles Solid Waste Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles	\$ 445,846 (217,044) 83,016 (46,997)	264,821
Nonmajor Funds Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund		 829
Total Primary Government		\$ 322,014
Fiduciary Funds Agency Fund Municipal Court Agency Fund		\$ 40

5. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at December 31, 2012 consist of the following:

Major Funds General Fund		
Franklin County Board of Commissioners		\$ 1,629
2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund		
Tennesee Valley Authority \$ 5	50,000	
Franklin County Board of Commissioners	40,033	90,033
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund		
US Department of Commerce		
Economic Development Administration		151,365
Total Primary Government		\$ 243,027

6. Taxes Receivable

Property Taxes

Property taxes receivable as of December 31, 2012 consist of property taxes for seven years as follows:

Year of		
Levy		 Amount
2012		\$ 50,537
2011		5,540
2010		460
2009		531
2008		35
2007		0
2006		0
		 57,103
Less allowance for	uncollectible	(2,630)
		54,473
Add amount due fro	om Franklin County	
Tax Commission	er	9,749
Total		\$ 64,222

Property tax rates are set by the City Council each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Property taxes for the year 2012, based upon the assessments of January 1, 2012, were billed on August 16, 2012, and due on November 15, 2012. Tax liens are issued 90 days after the due date. The tax rate of 10.0 mils for 2012 was levied on August 1, 2012.

6. Taxes Receivable (continued)

Other Taxes

\$226,610 of franchise taxes, \$35,907 of sales taxes, and \$11,209 of hotel/motel taxes are also included in taxes receivable.

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A summary of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2012 is as follows:

		Due from:								
		Major	Fund	ds						
	Ge	2010 General SPLOST			Solid Waste		Total			
Due to: Major Funds										
General Water and Sewer Solid Waste		0 1,268 2,692	\$	38,516 18,400 0	\$	0 10,966 0	\$	38,516 50,634 2,692		
Total	\$ 2	3,960	\$	56,916	\$	10,966	\$	91,842		

The balance reported as Due to/Due from represent loans between the borrow fund and the lender fund. The balances result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between the funds are made. The balance reported in the Water and Sewer Fund and the Solid Waste Fund resulted from transactions to alleviate an equity in pooled cash deficit at year-end.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

	Transfers out:								
			Ma	jor Funds	;				
				2010	Wat	er and			
	(General	S	SPLOST	S	ewer		Total	
Transfers in:									
Major Funds									
Water and Sewer	\$	0	\$	33,831	\$	0	\$	33,831	
Solid Waste	_	49,303		0		0		49,303	
		49,303		33,831		0		83,134	
Transfer of capital asset	S								
Governmental Activitie	:s	<u> </u>		0	10,100			10,100	
	\$	49,303	\$	33,831	\$ 1	0,100	\$	93,234	

Interfund transfers were used to transfer unrestricted revenues from the General Fund to the Solid Waste Fund to subsidize operations in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and to move revenues from the 2010 SPLOST Fund that statue requires to collect them to the Water and Sewer Fund that statue requires to expend them. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or the business-type fund group.

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

TOHOWS.	Balance			Balance		
	12/31/2011	Increases	Decreases	12/31/2012		
Governmental activities						
Non-depreciable assets	Φ 400.044	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 400.044		
Land	\$ 493,811	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 493,811		
Depreciable assets Buildings	4,391,589	258,317	0	4,649,906		
Infrastructure	1,194,766	56,088	0	1,250,854		
Vehicles	1,669,602	70,455	(62,885)	1,677,172		
Machinery and equipment	667,379	56,917	(60,420)	663,876		
Furniture and fixtures	142,377	6,574	(12,500)	136,451		
Total depreciable assets	8,065,713	448,351	(135,805)	8,378,259		
Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings	(1,619,867)	(86,686)	0	(1,706,553)		
Infrastructure	(668,945)	(71,027)	0	(739,972)		
Vehicles	(1,443,014)	(134,138)	62,885	(1,514,267)		
Machinery and equipment	(533,459)	(41,275)	40,662	(534,072)		
Furniture and fixtures	(118,457)	(11,432)	12,500	(117,389)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,383,742)	(344,558)	116,047	(4,612,253)		
Total depreciable assets, net	3,681,971	103,793	(19,758)	3,766,006		
Governmental activities	Φ 4475.700	Ф 400 7 00	Φ (40.750)	Φ 4050.047		
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,175,782</u>	<u>\$ 103,793</u>	<u>\$ (19,758)</u>	<u>\$ 4,259,817</u>		
Business-type activities Non-depreciable assets						
Land	\$ 413,072	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 413,072		
Construction in progress	680,475	29,126	(595,474)	114,127		
Total non-depreciable assets	1,093,547	29,126	(595,474)	527,199		
Depreciable assets	, , , , , ,		(,)			
Buildings	177,559	0	0	177,559		
Land improvements	3,800	0	0	3,800		
Distribution system	14,315,673	1,689,997	0	16,005,670		
Intangibles	0	61,026	0	61,026		
Vehicles	277,830	24,118	(16,498)	285,450		
Machinery and equipment	299,939	4,091	0	304,030		
Furniture and fixtures	71,012	0	0	71,012		
Total depreciable assets	15,145,813	1,779,232	(16,498)	16,908,547		
Accumulated depreciation	(54.400)	(5.000)	0	(50, 450)		
Buildings	(54,130)	(5,329)	0	(59,459)		
Land improvements	(950) (5,379,321)	(760) (372,416)	0 0	(1,710) (5,751,737)		
Distribution system Intangibles	(5,579,521)	(4,577)	0	(3,731,737)		
Vehicles	(201,042)	(25,505)	16,498	(210,049)		
Machinery and equipment	(224,352)	(19,779)	0,490	(244,131)		
Furniture and fixtures	(62,388)	(8,626)	Õ	(71,014)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,922,183)	(436,992)	16,498	(6,342,677)		
Total depreciable assets, net	9,223,630	1,342,240	0	10,565,870		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,317,177	\$ 1,371,366	\$ (595,474)	\$ 11,093,069		
•						

8. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the Downtown Development Authority Component Unit for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2011		Increases		Decreases		Balance s 12/31/2012	
Downtown Development Authority Component Unit								
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$	40,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	40,000
Depreciable assets								
Buildings		100,751		0		0		100,751
Land improvements		22,533		0		0		22,533
Intangibles		2,496		0		0		2,496
Furniture and fixtures		2,174		0		0		2,174
Total depreciable assets		127,954		0		0		127,954
Less accumulated depreciation								·
Buildings		(10,915)		(2,519)		0		(13,434)
Land improvements		(9,913)		(1,502)		0		(11,415)
Intangibles		(458)		(250)		0		(708)
Furniture and fixtures		(2,174)		0		0		(2,174)
Total accumulated depreciation		(23,460)		(4,271)		0		(27,731)
Total depreciable assets, net		104,494		(4,271)		0		100,223
Downtown Development Authority								
Component Unit								
capital assets, net	\$	144,494	\$	(4,271)	\$	0	\$	140,223

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 9,310
Public Safety	198,133
Public Works	27,680
Culture and Recreation	106,483
Housing and Development	2,952
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 344,558
Business-type activities Water and Sewer	\$ 436,992
Component Unit Downtown Development Authority	\$ 4,271

9. Capital and Operating Lease Agreements

The City has entered into an agreement for the lease of certain equipment. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The balance of this lease at December 31, 2012 is \$120,037 for governmental activities.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012:

Year Ending December 31,	 ernmental ctivities
2013	\$ 27,039
2014	27,039
2015	27,039
2016	27,039
2017	27,039
Total minimum lease payments	135,195
Less amounts representing interest	 (15,158)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 120,037

Total assets leased under capital leases are \$224,818 for the governmental activities, respectively, and are classified as vehicles.

The City's lease agreements, other than such agreements described above, are relatively minor commitments (generally for office machines) and are in compliance with state law.

10. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, while revenue bonds are issued for the construction and expansion of proprietary activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith, credit and taxing powers of the City while revenue bonds pledge the revenues of the proprietary activity for repayment of the bond issues.

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds have been issued for business-type activities and are comprised of the following individual issues at December 31, 2012:

\$2,655,000 1997 Water and Sewerage Revenue Series Bonds due in monthly installments of \$12,373 through March 21, 2038; interest at 4.75% (\$2,181,390 outstanding), for the expansion of the water and sewer system in the City of Lavonia.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31.	Principal		nterest		Total
		•	 	_	
2013	\$ 45,812		\$ 102,664	\$	148,476
2014	48,036		100,440		148,476
2015	50,368		98,108		148,476
2016	52,813		95,663		148,476
2017	55,377		93,099		148,476
2018-2022	319,920		422,460		742,380
2023-2027	405,492		336,888		742,380
2028-2032	513,953		228,427		742,380
2033-2037	651,426		90,954		742,380
2038	 38,193		392		38,585
Totals	\$ 2,181,390		\$ 1,569,095	\$	3,750,485

10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Balance 12/31/2011		Additions Deductions			1	Balance 12/31/2012	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities										
Capital lease obligations	\$	141,284	\$	0	\$	(21,247)	\$	120,037	\$	22,118
Compensated absences		91,713		98,588		(91,713)		98,588		98,588
Total governmental activities	\$	232,997	\$	98,588	\$	(112,960)	\$	218,625	\$	120,706
Business-type activities										
Revenue bonds Compensated absences	\$	2,225,081 57,874	\$	0 67,043	\$	(43,691) (57,874)	\$	2,181,390 67,043	\$	45,812 67,043
Total business-type activities	\$	2,282,955	\$	67,043	\$	(101,565)	\$	2,248,433	\$	112,855

Revenue bond issue costs and discounts/premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. In prior years, capital lease obligations and compensated absences of the governmental activities were liquidated in the General Fund.

11. Conduit Debt

The City, through the Hospital Authority of the City of Lavonia, has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to a private-sector entity for the acquisition and construction of the Ty Cobb Regional Medical Center. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loan. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City nor the State, or any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2012, the principal amount payable for the bonds issued totaled \$8,500,000; the original issue amount totaled \$8,500,000.

12. Changes in Beginning Balances

A prior period adjustment has been made to decrease accounts receivable for fines receivable that are no longer being reported by the City. Fines are not susceptible to accrual because they generally are not measureable until received. This adjustment decreased beginning assets and liabilities by \$90,146.

13. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Lavonia is a participating member in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a defined benefit plan ("Plan"), which is a service of Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). GMEBS is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipalities in Georgia. The City elected to participate in GMEBS as of March 1, 1979, as a result of City Ordinance and a contract between the City and GMA. The Plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the Plan, in accordance with the terms of the Plan. See Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for reporting of investments.

All City employees who work a minimum of twenty hours per week are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing one year of service. Mayor and Council are eligible immediately. Benefits vest after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire with unreduced benefits at age 65 with five years of service. Mayor and Council are not subject to the five-year minimum service.

GMA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association at 21 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Description, continued

Vested employees who have reached the age of 65 and have completed five years of credited service are eligible to receive a monthly benefit, payable for life. The benefit is equal to 1.0% of the employee's average salary up to a floating break point and 1.75% of the employee's average salary above the floating break point for the five highest years of employment multiplied by the years of credited service. The floating break point is based upon average Social Security earnings determined by the employee's year of employment termination. The plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefits provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the City Council.

Vested employees who have reached age 55 with at least ten years of credited service are eligible to receive an early retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, reduced on an actuarial equivalent basis. Death benefits and optional forms of retirement income on an actuarial equivalent basis are also available.

Current Membership is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	23
Terminated vested participants entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	15
Active participants	44
Total number of participants	82

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Funding Policy

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution each year. The rate for 2012 is 9.24% of annual covered payroll. The Plan is a noncontributory participant plan. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution set forth in Paragraphs 9-10 of GASB Statement No. 27. contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of assets. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1982 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year. dollar amount. remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012 varies for the bases. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy. The projection of benefits does not incorporate the potential effect of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2012, the City's annual pension cost of \$120,259 was equal to the City's recommended and actual contributions. The minimum contribution under the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (OCGA 47-20-10) was \$103,116. The recommended contribution was computed as part of an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2012. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 6.0 to 4.0 percent per year compounded annually (a range of 2.5 to 0.5 percent and 3.5 percent attributable to inflation and merit, respectively), (c) no post-retirement benefit increases. Changes in recommended contributions are effective beginning January 1 following the July 1 valuation.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Historical Trend Information

Historical trend information for annual pension cost and funding progress is as follows:

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Plan Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Pension		Pension		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
12/31/2007	\$	105,755	100%	0				
12/31/2008		111,393	100%	0				
12/31/2009		143,270	100%	0				
12/31/2010		163,340	100%	0				
12/31/2011		134,681	100%	0				
12/31/2012		120,259	100%	0				

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	(Funded) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
3/1/2007	\$ 1,368,242	\$ 1,380,195	\$ 11,953	99.13%	\$1,100,769	1.09%
3/1/2008	1,506,009	1,551,014	45,005	97.10%	1,140,547	3.95%
3/1/2009	1,299,626	1,681,845	382,219	77.27%	1,378,063	27.74%
7/1/2010	1,815,879	1,918,433	102,554	94.65%	1,385,259	7.40%
7/1/2011	2,023,906	2,091,249	67,343	96.78%	1,278,920	5.27%
7/1/2012	2,170,833	2,272,290	101,457	95.54%	1,310,356	7.74%

Additional ten year historical trend information can be found in separate reports issued by GMA, which provides information about progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The actuarial value of assets is calculated as the roll forward of prior year's actuarial value with contributions, disbursements, and expected return on investments, plus 10% of investment gains (losses) during 10 prior years

14. Post Employment Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides, through passage of local ordinance, certain life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City and do not seek employment after retirement from the City. The City's share of retiree life insurance benefits is recognized as an expenditure as premiums are paid. As of December 31, 2012, there were 10 retirees eligible for and receiving the benefits. For 2012, the cost of providing these benefits totaled \$420.

The City has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45. Any unrecorded liability for other post employment benefits would be immaterial to the financial statements.

15. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The City has levied a 5% lodging tax, in accordance with Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 48-13-51(3). The City is required to spend an amount equal to the amount by which the total taxes collected under the Code section exceed the taxes which would be collected at a rate of 3 percent for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows. Effective October 1, 2012, the City increased the lodging tax to 8%. The City is required to spend, of the total taxes collected, an amount equal to at least 33 1/3% for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows, 16 2/3% for the purpose of marketing or operating a community auditorium or theater, and 33 1/3% for general recreation purposes. A summary of the transactions for the year ending December 31, 2012, follows:

Lodging tax receipts

\$144,919

Disbursements to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows, operation of community theater, and general recreation purposes

\$195,511 135% of tax receipts

16. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2012, the City paid \$2,317 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Georgia Mountains Regional Commission, PO Box 1720, Gainesville, GA 30503.

The City of Lavonia has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Joint Development Authority of Hart, Franklin, and Stephens Counties, Georgia, to provide sewer services to the occupants of the Gateway Business Park, an industrial park development located jointly in Hart and Franklin Counties. During 2012, the City recognized no expenditures for this joint venture. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Joint Development Authority of Hart, Franklin, and Stephens Counties, Georgia, PO Box 793, Hartwell, GA 30643.

17. Related Organizations

The Housing Authority of the City of Lavonia is considered a related organization to the City of Lavonia. The City appoints members to the Authority, but does not have the ability to impose its will or create a financial benefit or burden for the Authority. The Authority provides low-income housing for the individuals in the City of Lavonia. The City received \$13,236 as payment-in-lieu-of-taxes for 2012. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Housing Authority of the City of Lavonia, PO Box 453, Lavonia, GA 30553.

18. Risk Management

Material estimates have been made by management about the life of depreciated fixed assets. Management has used a conservative approach on these estimates.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; injuries to employees; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also obligated to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

Management estimates liabilities for unpaid claims based on the probability of losses exceeding the occurrence limits and the reasonableness of estimating those losses. At December 31, 2012, the City has no losses that are probable or estimable and accordingly has not recognized any liability.

19. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2012. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Α	mount			
	Ex	pended	Remaining		
Projects	T	o Date	Con	nmitment	
Water and sewer distribution system improvements	\$	46,375	\$	23,625	

Contingencies

The City is a defendant in a lawsuit. Management intends to contest this open case vigorously. The City's legal counsel has stated that the outcome of this lawsuit is not presently determinable.

COMBINING STATEMENTS
Nonmajor Governmental Funds

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2012

	Special Revenue						Total Nonmajor		
		nfiscated Assets	Hotel/Motel Tax		Revolving Loan		Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	3,513	\$	49,419	\$	564,921	\$	617,853	
Accounts Taxes		0 0		829 11,209		0 0		829 11,209	
Total assets	\$	3,513	\$	61,457	\$	564,921	\$	629,891	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Other liabilities	\$	0 0 141	\$	4,290 316 125	\$	0 0 0	\$	4,290 316 266	
Total liabilities		141		4,731		0		4,872	
Fund balances Restricted for: Public Safety Housing and Development Assigned for budget		3,372 0 0		0 0 56,726		564,921 0		3,372 564,921 56,726	
Total fund balances		3,372		56,726		564,921		625,019	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,513	\$	61,457	\$	564,921	\$	629,891	

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CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended December 31, 2012

		Total _ Nonmajor			
	Confiscated Assets	Hotel/Motel Tax	Revolving Loan	Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Taxes Fees, fines, and forfeitures Charges for services Interest	\$ 0 2,451 0 0	\$ 144,919 0 23,643 62	\$ 0 0 0 4,316	\$ 144,919 2,451 23,643 4,378	
Other	30	5,855	0	5,885	
Total revenues	2,481	174,479	4,316	181,276	
EXPENDITURES					
Current Public Safety Housing and Development	3,058 0	0 195,511	0 600	3,058 196,111	
Total expenditures	3,058	195,511	600	199,169	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(577)	(21,032)	3,716	(17,893)	
Fund balances, January 1	3,949	77,758	561,205	642,912	
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 3,372	\$ 56,726	\$ 564,921	\$ 625,019	

61 Exhibit B-2



GENERAL FUND
The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	 2012	2011
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Receivables (net)	\$ 653,781 900,000	\$ 414,679 1,300,000
Accounts	56,364	4,631
Taxes Intergovernmental	326,739 1,629	366,100 10,521
Interest	3,981	11,362
Prepaid items	20,921	20,896
Property held for resale	1,328,575	1,054,027
Due from other funds	38,516	 36,486
Total assets	\$ 3,330,506	\$ 3,218,702
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 86,515	\$ 40,863
Accrued payroll liabilities	6,644	3,269
Unearned revenue	4,799	3,360
Due to other funds	23,960	16,700
Other liabilities	 2,815	 2,815
Total liabilities	 124,733	 67,007
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	 23,172	 37,951
Fund balances		
Nonspendable prepaid items	20,921	20,896
Assigned for budget	0	145,000
Unassigned	 3,161,680	 2,947,848
Total fund balances	 3,182,601	 3,113,744
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		
and fund balances	\$ 3,330,506	\$ 3,218,702

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Exhibit C-1

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	 2011
Taxes Licenses and permits Fines, fees and forfeitures Charges for services Intergovernmental Interest Contributions Other	\$ 1,820,758 46,630 152,814 23,328 40,913 6,882 56,088 14,727	\$ 1,826,164 17,656 127,227 14,510 45,876 14,819 3,697 11,034
Total revenues	 2,162,140	 2,060,983
EXPENDITURES Current General Government	419,646	405,776
Judical	8,352	8,272
Public Safety	1,048,481	1,034,223
Public Works	411,174	373,377
Culture and Recreation	78,319	79,698
Housing and Development Debt service	56,933 27,039	120,154 27,039
Debt Service	 27,039	 21,039
Total expenditures	 2,049,944	 2,048,539
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 112,196	 12,444
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	(49,303)	(41,418)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	 5,964	 7,928
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (43,339)	 (33,490)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	68,857	(21,046)
Fund balances, January 1	3,113,744	3,134,790
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 3,182,601	\$ 3,113,744

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Exhibit C-2

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND **SCHEDULE OF REVENUES**

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012
(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

			2011	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes Conoral property taxes				
General property taxes Property tax	\$ 754,300	\$ 780,344	\$ 26,044	\$ 787,984
Motor vehicle tax	35,000	34,179	(821)	34,098
Total general property taxes	789,300	814,523	25,223	822,082
Local option sales tax	445,000	455,857	10,857	441,246
Intangible tax	6,000	4,770	(1,230)	7,150
Franchise tax	252,000	247,523	(4,477)	275,447
Insurance premium tax	100,000	107,412	7,412	101,125
Alcoholic beverage excise tax	135,000	123,222	(11,778)	126,424
Occupational tax	60,000	67,451	7,451	52,690
Total taxes	1,787,300	1,820,758	33,458	1,826,164
Licenses and Permits				
Alcohol licenses	37,000	41,900	4,900	12,925
Building permits	3,400	3,415	15	2,920
Sign permits	1,500	1,315	(185)	1,811
Total licenses and permits	41,900	46,630	4,730	17,656
Fines, fees and forfeitures	139,500	152,814	13,314	127,227
Charges for Services				
Fire protection	1,000	930	(70)	1,170
Recreation	3,500	292	(3,208)	3,310
Cemetary	5,500	22,046	16,546	9,945
Other	100	60	(40)	85
Total charges for services	10,100	23,328	13,228	14,510
Intergovernmental				
Grants	16,000	13,611	(2,389)	18,217
Other	39,500	27,302	(12,198)	27,659
Total intergovernmental	55,500	40,913	(14,587)	45,876
Interest	19,800	6,882	(12,918)	14,819
Contributions	56,250	56,088	(162)	3,697
Other	13,500	14,727	1,227	11,034
Total revenues	\$ 2.122.0E0	¢ 2.162.140	¢ 20.200	\$ 2.060.000
Total revenues	\$ 2,123,850	\$ 2,162,140	\$ 38,290	\$ 2,060,983

Exhibit C-3 64

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

			2011		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Governing Body Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials	\$ 50,038 31,750 1,000	\$ 49,185 29,112 303	\$ 853 2,638 697	\$ 47,454 26,920 903	
Total Governing Body	82,788	78,600	4,188	75,277	
Financial Administration Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Financial Administration	177,501 119,350 40,500 2,000 339,351	187,594 110,952 42,500 0 341,046	(10,093) 8,398 (2,000) 2,000 (1,695)	170,177 121,621 38,701 0 330,499	
Total General Government	422,139	419,646	2,493	405,776	
Judical Municipal Court Personal services Contract Services Total Judical	100 9,200 9,300	100 8,252 8,352	0 948 948	100 8,172 8,272	
Public Safety Police Department Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Payments to other agencies Total Police Department	820,324 109,250 32,000 7,500 8,900 977,974	793,177 130,505 45,580 0 8,693 977,955	27,147 (21,255) (13,580) 7,500 207 19	724,653 128,267 47,730 51,039 8,821 960,510	
Fire Department Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Fire Department	25,320 23,600 6,200 15,000 70,120	23,679 25,722 17,454 0 66,855	1,641 (2,122) (11,254) 15,000 3,265	23,116 22,344 25,161 0 70,621	
Communications Contract services Supplies and materials Total Communications	1,000 3,300 4,300	0 3,671 3,671	1,000 (371) 629	0 3,092 3,092	
Total Public Safety	1,052,394	1,048,481	3,913	1,034,223	
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CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

		2011		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Public Works				
Highways and Streets Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Highways and Streets	\$ 142,230 82,000 78,000 0 302,230	\$ 114,251 42,182 89,693 56,088 302,214	\$ 27,979 39,818 (11,693) (56,088)	\$ 136,435 42,715 87,023 0 266,173
,	302,230	302,214		200,173
Maintenance Shop Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Total Maintenance Shop	19,588 4,500 7,575 31,663	18,828 4,161 7,212 30,201	760 339 363 1,462	36,390 4,650 7,201 48,241
Cemetery Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Cemetery	1,000 1,000 7,500 9,500	9,244 239 0 9,483	(8,244) 761 7,500 17	0 297 0 297
Detention Services Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Detention Services	24,823 44,750 2,000 2,000 73,573	23,825 43,199 2,252 0 69,276	998 1,551 (252) 2,000 4,297	10,252 45,136 3,278 0 58,666
Total Public Works	416,966	411,174	5,792	373,377
Culture and Recreation Parks and Recreation Personal services	36,884	37,253	(369)	34,713
Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Parks and Recreation	5,850 15,350 1,000 59,084	4,919 11,243 0 53,415	931 4,107 1,000 5,669	6,239 14,871 0 55,823
Community Center Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Total Community Center	3,450 4,400 2,000 9,850	2,618 4,621 0 7,239	832 (221) 2,000 2,611	1,519 4,110 0 5,629
Library Contract services Supplies and materials Payments to other agencies Total Library	3,150 5,400 10,000 18,550	2,214 5,451 10,000 17,665	936 (51) 0 885	2,590 5,656 10,000 18,246
Total Culture and Recreation	87,484	78,319	9,165	79,698
				

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

			2011		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual	
Housing and Development Inspections Personal services	\$ 24,053	\$ 25,147	\$ (1,094)	\$ 78,376	
Contract services Supplies and materials	4,750 1,850	4,069 811	681 1,039	4,928 2,049	
Total Inspections	30,653	30,027	626	85,353	
Welcome Center Contract services	0	0	0	100	
Better Home Towns Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Total Better Home Towns	21,538 3,400 2,500 27,438	22,098 3,766 1,042 26,906	(560) (366) 1,458 532	28,706 3,767 2,228 34,701	
Total Housing and Development	58,091	56,933	1,158	120,154	
Total current	2,046,374	2,022,905	23,469	2,021,500	
Debt service Pubilc Safety					
Fire Department	27,100	27,039	61	27,039	
Total debt service	27,100	27,039	61	27,039	
Total expenditures	\$ 2,073,474	\$ 2,049,944	\$ 23,530	\$ 2,048,539	



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the cash received either from a cash confiscation or cash received from a sale of capital assets acquired from a drug raid.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> - This fund is used to collect Hotel/Motel taxes which are used to support trade and tourism in the City of Lavonia.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to record activities connected with US Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grant/Employment Incentive Program. The objective of the grant is to develop employment opportunities, principally to persons of low and moderate income.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	2012		 2011	
AGGETG				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,513	\$ 4,089	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities Other liabilities	\$	141	\$ 140	
Fund balances Restricted for Public Safety		3,372	 3,949	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,513	\$ 4,089	

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

	2012					2011		
REVENUES		Final Budget		Actual	V	ariance		Actual
Fines, fees, and forfeitures Other	\$	10,000	\$	2,451 30	\$	(7,549) 30	\$	11,032 0
Total revenues		10,000		2,481		(7,519)		11,032
EXPENDITURES								
Current Public Safety Contract services Supplies and materials		8,000 1,500		3,008 50		4,992 1,450		9,636 458
Total expenditures		9,500		3,058		6,442		10,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		500		(577)		(1,077)		938
Other financing sources (uses) Contingency		(4,300)		0		4,300		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(3,800)		(577)		3,223		938
Fund balances, January 1		3,800		3,949		149		3,011
Fund balances, December 31	\$	0	\$	3,372	\$	3,372	\$	3,949

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

		2012	2011		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	49,419	\$	84,513	
Accounts		829		250	
Taxes Prepaid items		11,209 0		15,882 1,000	
Total assets	\$	61,457	\$	101,645	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities	_		_		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities	\$	4,290 316	\$	6,609 0	
Other liabilities		125		125	
Due to other funds		0		17,153	
Total liabilities		4,731		23,887	
Fund balances					
Nonspendable prepaid items		0 56.726		1,000	
Assigned for budget		56,726		76,758	
Total fund balances		56,726		77,758	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	61,457	\$	101,645	

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

			2011	
REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Hotel/Motel taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Interest Other Total revenues	\$ 110,000 0 50,000 100 36,500	\$ 144,919 23,643 0 62 5,855	\$ 34,919 23,643 (50,000) (38) (30,645) (22,121)	\$ 113,455 0 0 44 4,830 118,329
EXPENDITURES			(22,121)	110,020
Current Housing and Development Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Payments to other agencies	38,808 59,792 32,500 175,500 15,000	52,922 60,271 22,143 60,075 100	(14,114) (479) 10,357 115,425 14,900	42,363 14,564 26,357 13,050 15,000
Total expenditures	321,600	195,511	126,089	111,334
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(125,000)	(21,032)	103,968	6,995
Fund balances, January 1	125,000	77,758	(47,242)	70,763
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 0	\$ 56,726	\$ 56,726	\$ 77,758

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CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA REVOLVING LOAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	2012		2011
Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$ 564,921 	-	234,975 326,230
Total assets	\$ 564,921		561,205
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Fund balances Restricted for Housing and Development	\$ 564,921	\$	561,205

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA REVOLVING LOAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

		2012					2011	
REVENUES	Fir Bud			Actual		/ariance		Actual
Interest	\$ 41	1,435	\$	4,316	\$	(37,119)	\$	10,218
Total revenues	41	1,435		4,316		(37,119)		10,218
EXPENDITURES								
Current Housing and Development Contract services	1	1,800		600		1,200		1,679
Total expenditures	1	1,800		600		1,200	_	1,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	39	9,635		3,716		(35,919)		8,539
Other financing sources (uses) Contingency	(39	9,635)		0		39,635		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		0		3,716		3,716		8,539
Fund balances, January 1		0		561,205		561,205		552,666
Fund balances, December 31	\$	0	\$ 5	564,921	\$	564,921	\$	561,205



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds.

2004 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2004 special purpose local option sales tax.

2010 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2010 special purpose local option sales tax.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA 2004 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	201	2012		011
Total assets	\$	0	\$	0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	0	\$	0

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA 2004 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

DEVENUES	201	12	2011
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	0	\$ 109,190
Total revenues		0	 109,190
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Public Works Highways and Streets		0	69,029
Culture and Recreation Parks and Recreation Libraries		0	20,664 19,497
Total expenditures		0	 109,190
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		0	0
Fund balances, January 1		0	 0
Fund balances, December 31	\$	0	\$ 0

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA 2010 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,391	\$ 0
Intergovernmental receivables	 90,033	 0
Total assets	\$ 136,424	\$ 0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 21,446	\$ 0
Due to other funds	 56,916	 19,333
Total liabilities	 78,362	 19,333
Fund balances		
Restricted for capital outlay	58,062	0
Unassigned	 0	 (19,333)
Total fund balances	 58,062	 (19,333)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 136,424	\$ 0

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA 2010 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012		2011		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 495,	683	\$	0	
Interest		68		0	
Total revenues	495,	751_		0	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay					
Public Safety					
Police	108,			0	
Fire	48,	104		0	
Public Works	44	200		0	
Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation	41,	309		0	
Parks and Recreation	186,	141		19,333	
Tano and Nooroadon	100,	<u>· · · · </u>		10,000	
Total expenditures	384,	525_		19,333	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	111,	226		(19,333)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)					
Water and Sewer	(33,	831)		0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	77,	395		(19,333)	
. , ,	,			,	
Fund balances, January 1	(19,	333)		0	
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 58,	062	\$	(19,333)	

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ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - Used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewer services in the City of Lavonia.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> - Used to account for activities connected with the collection and disposal of residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional solid waste in the City of Lavonia.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012		2011
ASSETS		-	
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 521,254	\$	144,750
Certificates of deposit	0		400,000
Receivables			
Accounts (net)	228,802		255,784
Intergovernmental	151,365		357,324
Interest	0		3,689
Inventory	50,010		71,105
Prepaid items	14,398		14,497
Due from other funds	 50,634		21,046
Total current assets	 1,016,463		1,268,195
Restricted assets			
Bond Redemption			
Cash and cash equivalents	106,125		104,551
Customer Deposits			
Cash and cash equivalents	 36,525		39,528
Total restricted assets	142,650		144,079
Capital assets			
Land	413,072		413,072
Land improvements	3,800		3,800
Buildings	177,559		177,559
Vehicles	285,450		277,831
Furniture and fixtures	71,012		71,012
Plant and facilities	8,957,807		7,778,118
Water and sewer lines and towers	7,047,863		6,537,555
Machinery and equipment	304,030		299,938
Intangibles	61,026		0
Construction in progress	114,127		680,475
Accumulated depreciation	 (6,342,677)		(5,922,183)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	 11,093,069		10,317,177
Total assets	 12,252,182		11,729,451

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 23,312	\$ 77,328
Accrued payroll liabilities	4,085	1,944
Compensated absences	66,419	57,773
Unearned revenue	18,247	14,716
Retainages payable	15,249	61,307
Other	3,902	3,902
Total current liabilities	131,214	216,970
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Customer deposits payable	36,525	39,528
Revenue bonds payable	45,812	43,691
Interest payable	2,879	2,896
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	85,216	86,115
Long-term liabilities		
Revenue bonds payable	2,135,578	2,181,390
Total liabilities	2,352,008	2,484,475
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	8,895,275	7,982,062
Restricted for debt service	103,246	101,655
Unrestricted	901,653	1,161,259
Total net position	\$ 9,900,174	\$ 9,244,976

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services		
Water sales	\$ 1,461,937	\$ 1,692,705
Sewer charges	479,804	466,058
Tap fees	14,200	28,600
Other	18,687	22,016
Total operating revenues	1,974,628	2,209,379
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of sales and services	823,878	767,051
Personal services	768,199	688,096
Depreciation	436,992	420,673
Total operating expenses	2,029,069	1,875,820
Operating income (loss)	(54,441)	333,559
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest revenue	1,281	4,573
Interest expense	(104,769)	(106,640)
Other Distribution of conital assets	(5,648) (10,100)	0
Distribution of capital assets Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	4,000	12,700
Call (1033) on sale of capital assets	4,000	12,700
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(115,236)	(89,367)
Net income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(169,677)	244,192
Capital contributions		
Capital contributions	791,044	361,730
Net income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	621,367	605,922
Transfers in (out)		
2010 SPLOST Fund	33,831	0
Change in net position	655,198	605,922
Net position, January 1	9,244,976	8,639,054
Net position, December 31	\$ 9,900,174	\$ 9,244,976

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CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,983,452	\$ 2,172,441
Payments to suppliers	(809,129)	(764,333)
Payments to employees	(757,412)	(682,615)
Other receipts	18,687	22,016
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	435,598	747,509
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Payments to other governments	(5,648)	0
Payments to other funds	(29,588)	(12,055)
Net cash provided (uses) by non-capital financing activities	(35,236)	(12,055)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Receipts of capital contributions	91,758	4,406
Receipts from other governments	905,245	0
Receipts from other funds	33,831	0
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000	12,700
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets	(1,206,580)	(575,281)
Payment of capital related accounts payable	(110,034)	(7,744)
Principal payments - revenue bonds	(43,691)	(41,708)
Interest paid	(104,786)	(106,768)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(430,257)	(714,395)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from certificates of deposit	400,000	300,000
Purchases of certificates of deposit	0	(400,000)
Interest received	4,970	6,060
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	404,970	(93,940)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	375,075	(72,881)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	288,829	361,710
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 663,904	\$ 288,829

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	 2012	2011
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (54,441)	\$ 333,559
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	436,992	420,673
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	26,983	(17,973)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	21,095	7,100
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	99	(7,153)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(6,445)	2,771
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	3,531	2,113
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	10,787	5,481
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	 (3,003)	 938
Total adjustments	 490,039	 413,950
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 435,598	\$ 747,509
Cash reconciliation:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 521,254	\$ 144,750
Bond Redemption Cash and cash equivalents	106,125	104,551
Customer Deposits	100,123	104,551
Cash and cash equivalents	 36,525	 39,528
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 663,904	\$ 288,829

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$16,404 and \$110,034 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Distributions of capital assets to government totaled \$10,100 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	2012			2011		
Current assets Accounts receivable (net) Prepaid items Due from other funds	\$	36,019 339 2,692	\$	36,718 342 0		
Total assets		39,050		37,060		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Compensated absences Unearned revenue Due to other funds		25,595 216 624 1,649 10,966		26,685 104 101 1,278 4,346		
Total liabilities		39,050		32,514		
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$	0	\$	4,546		

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CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

		2012		2011	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services	\$	303,127	\$	303,395	
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales and services Personal services		317,122 39,854		307,216 33,051	
Total operating expenses		356,976		340,267	
Operating income (loss)		(53,849)		(36,872)	
Transfers in (out) General Fund		49,303		41,418	
Change in net position		(4,546)		4,546	
Net position January 1		4,546		0	
Net position, December 31	\$	0	\$	4,546	

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

		2012		2011
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	304,197 (318,209) (39,219)	\$	304,434 (312,728) (33,124)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(53,231)		(41,418)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Receipts from other funds		53,231		41,418
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		0		0
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		0		0
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	0	\$	0
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(53,849)	\$	(36,872)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	<u>*</u>	(00,010)	<u>+</u>	(00,0:2)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		699 3 (1,090) 371 635		486 (254) (5,261) 556 (73)
Total adjustments		618		(4,546)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(53,231)	\$	(41,418)



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Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its agency capacity.

<u>Municipal Court Fund</u> – This fund is used to account, on a temporary basis, for fines collected by the municipal court that ultimately are transmitted to the general fund or another agency.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT AGENCY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS			2011	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,068	\$	2,127
Accounts receivable (net)		40	<u> </u>	35
Total assets	\$	4,108	\$	2,162
LIABILITIES				
	\$	<i>4</i> 108	\$	2 162
Liabilities Due to other agencies	<u>\$</u>	4,108	\$	2,162

86 Exhibit G-1

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended December 31, 2012

	alance nuary 1	 additions	 Deletions	Balance <u>December 31</u>		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 2,127 35	\$ 197,430 40	\$ (195,489) (35)	\$	4,068 40	
Total assets	\$ 2,162	\$ 197,470	\$ (195,524)	\$	4,108	
LIABILITIES Due to others agencies	\$ 2,162	\$ 197,470	\$ (195,524)	\$	4,108	

87 Exhibit G-2



COMPONENT UNIT	
COMPONENT UNIT Downtown Development Authority – This component unit is used to account for governmental revenues and contributions reserved for City business development.	

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	 2012	 2011	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,209	\$ 23,111	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$ 960 88	\$ 445 88	
Total liabilities	1,048	 533	
Fund balances Assigned for: Budget Housing and Development	4,161 0	22,500 78	
Total fund balances	4,161	22,578	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,209	\$ 23,111	

88 Exhibit H-1

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2012

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011)

	2012					2011		
		Final Budget		Actual	_\	/ariance		Actual
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Contributions Rent Other	\$	10,000 500 2,000 7,800 900	\$	0 0 1,999 7,966 910	\$	(10,000) (500) (1) 166 10	\$	11,690 410 2,000 7,734 715
Total revenues		21,200		10,875		(10,325)		22,549
EXPENDITURES Current Housing and Development Contract services Supplies and materials Payments to other agencies		21,000 10,000 2,000		19,027 9,765 500		1,973 235 1,500		18,020 9,846 1,450
Total expenditures		33,000		29,292		3,708		29,316
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(11,800)		(18,417)		(6,617)		(6,767)
Other financing sources (uses) Contingency		(10,700)		0		10,700		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(22,500)		(18,417)		4,083		(6,767)
Fund balances, January 1		22,500		22,578		78		29,345
Fund balances, December 31	\$	0	\$	4,161	\$	4,161	\$	22,578

89 Exhibit H-2



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION This section contains reports required by OMB A-133 and grantor agencies.	
This section contains reports required by Civib A-1.33 and drantor agencies	
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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lavonia, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lavonia, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2013.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lavonia, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Comment 12-1 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lavonia, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Lavonia, Georgia's Response to Findings

Rushton & Company, LLC

The City of Lavonia, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lavonia, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control or compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia April 16, 2013

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lavonia, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the City of Lavonia, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012. The City of Lavonia, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Lavonia, Georgia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Lavonia, Georgia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Lavonia, Georgia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Lavonia, Georgia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton & Company, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia April 16, 2013

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended December 31, 2012

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Economic Development Administration Investments for Public Works and Economic Development Facilities	11.300	N/A	\$ 698,656
U.S. Department of Justice			
Bureau of Justice Assistance Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	1,050
Appalachian Regional Commission			
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	N/A	50,000
Total Federal Awards			\$ 749,706

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

94 Exhibit I-1

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS December 31, 2012

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the SEFA) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lavonia, Georgia, under programs for the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2012. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the City.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended December 31, 2012

1. Summary of the Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None noted

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered material weaknesses? Yes

Noncompliance material to

financial statements noted?

None noted

B. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None noted

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered material weaknesses?

None noted

Type of auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?

None noted

Identification of major programs:

11.300 Investments for Public Works and

Economic Development Facilities

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended December 31, 2012

2. Financial Statement Findings

A. Significant Deficiencies

Comment 12-1

Condition: City personnel lack the necessary training and expertise in identification and application of generally accepted accounting policies and financial statement preparation. Currently, the City relies on the external auditors for technical assistance in these areas. This is common for governments of similar size and structure to the City of Lavonia. This does not indicate that the City Clerk is not trained to perform the daily accounting functions, but that the City has elected, as a cost benefit, to outsource this expertise to their auditors.

Criteria: Effective internal control requires that employees possess the necessary qualifications and training to fulfill their assigned duties.

Effect: Failure to ensure that employees possess the necessary qualifications to perform their assigned duties may lead to financial statements that are materially misstated.

Recommendation: City personnel should receive additional training in the identification and application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the City's financial statements. However, this may be cost prohibitive without hiring a gualified financial director.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. The City has determined that the cost of training City personnel to fully perform the duties of financial director is prohibitive. The governing body and management have determined that personnel should receive training to the extent that is economically feasible and to continue to rely on the technical assistance of the external auditor or other qualified professional when necessary. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

B. Material Noncompliance

None reported.

C. Prior Year Audit Findings Follow-Ups

No prior audit findings to report.

3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit of our basic financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards disclosed no audit findings or questioned costs which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB A-133.



CITY OF LAVONIA, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

For the year ended December 31, 2012

					Expenditures					
		Estimat	ed	Cost		Prior		Current		
Project	Original			Current		Years		Year	Total	
2010 Referendum Water Expansion	\$	385,715	\$	385,715	\$	0	\$	33,831	\$	33,831
Police Department Facilities		192,857		192,857		0		108,971		108,971
Fire Department Facilities		200,000		200,000		0		48,104		48,104
Library Facilities		45,000		45,000		0		0		0
Recreation Facilities		192,857		192,857		0		136,141		136,141
Construction and Improvement of Roads	s	385,713		385,713		19,333		41,309		60,642
Total	\$	1,402,142	\$	1,402,142	\$	19,333	\$	368,356	\$	387,689
Current year SPLOST ex Expenditures financed th			enue	es					\$	368,356 50,000
Total expenditures and t	rans	sfer out of the	e 20	10 SPLOST	Cap	oital Projects	Fun	d	\$	418,356

98 Exhibit J-1