CITY OF TALLAPOOSA, GEORGIA

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

and

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION: List of Principal Officials		. 4
FINANCIAL SECTION:	:	
Independent Auditor's Report		5
Required Supplementary Information: Management's Discussion and Analysis		7
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets		13
Statement of Activities		14
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds		15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		16
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds		18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds		19
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	·	21
Notes to Basic Financial Statements		22
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund		47
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – UDAG Fund		54
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	·	-55
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds		56

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - continued:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Museum Fund	57
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Tallapoosa Community Planning Committee Fund	58
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Drug Forfeiture Fund	59
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	60
Component Units – Combining Statement of Net Assets	61
Component Units - Combining Statement of Activities	62
Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds	63
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	64

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia List of Principal Officials August 31, 2012

Name

William "Pete" Bridges

Jonathan James

Bobby Parker

Jacqueline Roberts

Kendall Robinson

Dan Pope

Philip Eidson

Polly Smith

Donna Cain

Office Held

Mayor

City Council Member

City Manager

City Clerk

Finance Officer



Ann M. Fazio Frederick G. Thomas Deborah W. Cooke Johanna H. Tallent CPA Julie M. George CPA Amber E. Ash CPA Kevin G. Bush CPA Shari I. Reid

CPA CPA CPA CPA

Members of Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Members of Private Companies Practice Section, Division for CPA Firms

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tallapoosa, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallapoosa, Georgia, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Tallapoosa's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallapoosa, Georgia, as of August 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2013 on our consideration of City of Tallapoosa's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 12 and 47 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Tallapoosa's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

January 21, 2013

Danett, Shomar & Fazio, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Tallapoosa's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 13.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the City-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and user charges from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public welfare, highways and streets and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include the water system, gas system and operation of the golf course.

The City's financial reporting includes the funds of the City (primary government) and, additionally, organizations for which the City is accountable (component units). These component units operate independently or provide services directly to the citizens, though the City remains accountable for their activities. These component units are governed by a board of directors that the City Council has appointed. These organizations are reported separately from the primary government though included in the City's overall reporting entity.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountable unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 15 to 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements the same way the business-type activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 to 21 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 22 to 46 of this report.

Other information

Major funds and component units are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net assets at fiscal year-end are \$15,007,757. This is a \$394,952 increase from last year's adjusted net assets of \$14,612,805.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets.

Summary of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u> <u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u> <u>2011</u>
Cash Capital assets Other assets	\$ 1,099,802 2,802,969 613,683	\$ 1,418,673 2,744,268 594,476	\$ 1,814,253 \$ 1,583, 11,195,515 10,522, 330,094 379,	008 13,998,484 13,266,276
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,516,454</u>	<u>\$ 4,757,417</u>	<u>\$ 13,339,862</u> <u>\$ 12,484,</u>	<u>892</u> <u>\$17,856,316</u> <u>\$17,242,309</u>
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 60,521 00	\$ 85,381 00	\$ 371,928 \$ 419,9 2,416,110 2,124,	957 \$ 432,449 \$ 505,338 166 <u>2,416,110</u> <u>2,124,166</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 60,521	<u>\$ 85,381</u>	<u>\$ 2,788,038</u> <u>\$ 2,544,</u>	123 \$ 2,848,559 \$ 2,629,504
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, Net of related debt	\$ 2,802,969	\$ 2,744,268	\$ 8,604,884 \$ 8,227,	306 \$ 11,407,853 \$ 10,971,574
Unrestricted	1,652,964	1,927,768	1,946,940 1,713,	463 3,599,904 3,641,231
Total net assets	<u>\$ 4,455,933</u>	\$ 4,672,036	<u>\$ 10,551,824</u> <u>\$ 9,940,</u>	769 <u>\$ 15,007,757</u> <u>\$ 14,612,805</u>

The following table provides a summary of changes in net assets.

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

		nmental ivities	Business <u>Activi</u>		Total	
	2012	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	2012	2011
Revenues:						
Program revenues: Charges for service	\$ 213,270	\$ 235,199 \$	3,086,911	3,070,938	\$ 3,300,181 \$	3,306,137
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and	00	00	00	00	00	00
contributions General revenues:	00	50,000	276,641	174,710	276,641	224,710
Sales tax	1,190,771	1,114,388	00	00	1,190,771	1,114,388
Property taxes	773,791	770,571	00	00	773,791	770,571
Other taxes and misc.	742,002	644,370	22,481	17,460	764,483	661,830
Total revenues	2,919,834	2,814,528	3,386,033	3,263,108	6,305,867	6,077,636
Expenses:		4				
General government	402,649	405,693			402,649	405,693
Public safety	1,269,195	1,370,951			1,269,195	1,370,951
Highways and streets	341,362	335,699			341,362	335,699
Culture and recreation	487,065	476,936			487,065	476,936
Total	2,500,271	<u>2,589,279</u>				
Water and sewer			1,446,975	1,447,582	1,446,975	1,447,582
Sanitation			212,077	213,189	212,077	213,189
Gas			1,078,437	1,259,451	1,078,437	1,259,451
Golf			673,155	722,590	673,1 <u>55</u>	722,590
Total		÷	3,410,644	<u>3,642,812</u>		
Total expenses					5,910,915	6,232,091
Change in net						
assets before transfers	419,563	225,249	(24,611)	(379,704)	394,952	(154,455)
Transfers	(635,666)	(176,109)	635,666	176,109	_00	00
Change in net assets	(216,103)	49,140	611,055	(203,595)	394,952	(154,455)
Beginning net assets	4,672,036	4,622,896	9,940,769	10,144,364	14,612,805	14,767,260
Ending net assets	\$ 4,455,933	<u>\$4,672,036</u> <u>\$</u>	10,551,824	<u>9,940,769</u>	\$ 15,007,757	<u>14,612,805</u>

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,244,482. The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an decrease of \$288,052 over the prior year adjusted balance.

The Major Governmental Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased from \$726,352 to \$422,045. Key factors contributing to this decrease were operating transfers exceeding projections.

Proprietary funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long- term information about financial status.

The Major Proprietary Funds

The water and gas systems provide services to both residential and commercial customers. The City also operates a golf course for public use.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget was approved by the Council with expenditures totaling \$2,240,155. Amendments were made to the budget during the year to total \$2,348,843.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the City had \$13,998,484 invested in a broad range of capital assets including buildings, police and fire equipment, recreation facilities, and water, sewer and gas infrastructure.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the City had long-term debt of \$2,590,631. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Next Year's Budget

The general fund budget for the year ending August 31, 2012 reflects expenditures of \$2,299,884. This is an approximate 3% decrease under the final budget for the year ended August 31, 2012.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department at 25 E. Alabama Street, Tallapoosa, Georgia 30176.

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Net Assets August 31, 2012

	P	Component <u>Units</u>	
	Governmenta	l Business-Type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities Total	
Assets:			
Cash	\$ 1,099,802	\$ 1,814,253 \$ 2,914,05	5 \$ 853,163
Receivables, net	553,346	302,252 855,59	8 17,805
Inventory	00	8,635 8,63	5 00
Other assets	60,337	19,207 79,54	4 00
Capital assets, non depreciable	456,132	696,097 1,152,22	9 1,886,433
Capital assets, depreciable – net	2,346,837	10,499,418 12,846,25	5 1,006,492
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,516,454</u>	<u>\$13,339,862</u> <u>\$17,856,31</u>	<u>6</u> \$ 3,763,893
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 48,268	\$ 102,936 \$ 151,20	4 \$ 95,914
Accrued liabilities	12,253	2,881 15,13	4 00
Customer deposits	00	91,590 91,59	0 00
Long-term liabilities:		:	
Due within one year	00	174,521 174,52	1 175,000
Due in more than one year	00	2,416,110 2,416,11	
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 60,521</u>	<u>\$ 2,788,038</u> <u>\$ 2,848,55</u>	9 \$ 270,914
Net assets:	r		
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	\$ 2,802,969	\$ 8,604,884 \$ 11,407,85	3 \$ 2,717,925
Unrestricted	1,652,964	1,946,940 3,599,90	
Total net assets	\$ 4,455,933	<u>\$ 10,551,824</u> <u>\$ 15,007,75</u>	<u>7</u> \$ 3,492,979

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

		Program Revenues				Net (Expenses) Revenue andChanges in Net Assets							
					Capital	Prin	Primary Government						
		Charges for	Grants and		rants and	Governmental	Business-Type	2	Component				
Function/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	<u>Co</u>	ntributions		Activities	<u>Total</u>	<u>Unit</u>				
Primary government: Governmental activities:									•				
General government	\$ 402,649	\$ 55,093	\$ 00	\$	00	\$ (347,556)	S	\$	\$				
Public safety	1,269,195	71,092	00	Ψ	00	(1,198,103)	•	Ψ	•				
Highways and streets	341,362	00	00		00	(341,362)							
Recreation and culture	487,065	87,085	00		00	(399,980)							
Total governmental			4										
activities	2,500,271	213,270	00		00	(2,287,001)							
Business-type activities:													
Water and sewer	1,446,975	1,303,151	00		276,641		132,817						
Gas	1,078,437	1,222,392	00		00		143,955						
Golf	673,155	319,280	00		00		(353,875)						
Sanitation	212,077	242,088	00		00		30,011	•					
Total business-type													
activities	3,410,644	3,086,911	00		276,641		(47,092)						
Total primary							•						
government	<u>\$ 5,910,915</u>	\$ 3,300,181	<u>\$ 00</u>	\$	276,641	(2,287,001)	(47,092)	(2,334,093)					
Comment III in	٠	•											
Component Units:	Ф 90 000	ф 505 00 0	е оо	ď	00				445 000				
Development Authority		\$ 525,000	\$ 00	3	00		•		445,000				
Downtown Development Authority	ι 8,741	00	11,338						2,597				
Recreation Authority	19,063	<u>178,434</u>	11,536		00				159,371				
•				_									
Total component units	<u>\$ 107,804</u>	<u>\$ 703,434</u>	<u>\$ 11,338</u>	\$	00				606,968				
• .	•	General revenue	s:										
		Taxes:	una lauiad fau			es 773,791	00	773,791	00				
-		Franchise t	xes levied for	Rene	rai purpos	356,478	00	356,478	00				
		Sales taxes				1,190,771	00	1,190,771	00				
			remium taxes			158,806	00	158,806	00				
•		Hotel/mote				15,532	00	15,532	00				
•		Malt bever				86,476	00	86,476	00				
•			ivestment earn	ings		24,187	13,311	37,498	5,043				
		Miscellaneous		55		100,523	9,170	109,693	00				
			neral revenues			2,706,564	22,481	2,729,045	5,043				
1.						((25.444)	<i>(05.44)</i>	0.0	00				
•		Fransfers .				(635,666)	635,666	00	00				
•		Total ger	neral revenues	and	transfers	2,070,898	658,147	2,729,045	5,043				
		Chena	e in net assets			(216,103)	611,055	394,952	612,011				
•	٠	Vet assets-begin				4,672,036	9,940,769	14,612,805	2,880,968				
		_	_		•			, i					
	ſ	Net assets-endin	g			<u> </u>	<u>\$ 10,551,824</u>	<u>3 13,007,737</u>	<u>\$ 3,492,979</u>				

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds August 31, 2012

	(General <u>Fund</u>	;	SPLOST <u>Fund</u>		UDAG (Fund	ove	her rnmental nds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and equivalents	\$	322,744	\$	00	\$	764,305	\$	12,753	\$ 1	,099,802
Receivables, net		161,028		00		00		00		161,028
Due from other funds		92,805		00		00		00		92,805
Receivables from other governments	_	00	_	138,184	_	00	_	00		138,184
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>576,577</u>	<u>\$_</u>	138,184	\$	764,305	<u>\$</u>	12,753	<u>\$ 1</u>	,491,819
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	30,463	\$	00	\$	00	\$	00	\$	30,463
Accrued liabilities		12,253		00		00		00		12,253
Due to other funds		00		00		92,805		00		92,805
Deferred revenue		94,011		00		00		00		94,011
Due to other governments		17,805	_	00	_	00		00		17,805
Total liabilities	_	154,532	_	00	_	92,805		00		247,337
Fund Balances										
Unassigned		329,240		00		00		00		329,240
Nonspendable		92,805		00		00		00		92,805
Restricted		00		138,184		671,500		61		809,745
Committed	_	00	_	00		00	_	12,692	_	12,692
Total fund balance		422,045	_	138,184	_	671,500		12,753	1	1,244,482
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	<u>576,577</u>	<u>\$</u>	138,184	<u>\$</u>	764,305	\$	12,753		
										:
Amounts reported for governmental a	ctiv	ities in t	he	Statement	t o	of Net As	sets	are		
different because:										
Capital assets used in governmenta	1 a	ctivities :	are	not fina	nci	ial resour	es	and		
therefore are not reported in the fund		011711105	ui	1101 11114	1101	idi Tobodi.			. 2	,802,969
Some receivables are not available		nay for	CH	rrent_neric	Ā	evnenditu	rec	and	_	,,002,,505
therefore are deferred in the funds	ω	pay 101	ca	nom-pone	,u	схронани	103	unu		254,134
Prepaid items are not reported in the fu	m d c									60,337
				ia talean	:	ta inaama	040	tho.		00,557
Earned revenue deferred due to ava accrual basis government wide states			11a	is taken	1111	io meome	OII	uic		94,011
Net assets of governmental activities				•					\$ 4	1,455,9 <u>33</u>
1.11 HEBOOK OF BO COMMISSION MOTIVITIES									25	-7X7

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	General <u>Fund</u>	SPLOST Fund	UDAG (Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 2,050,492	\$ 00	\$ 00		\$ 2,066,024
Fees and fines	75,842	00	00	00	,
Licenses and permits	43,058	. 00	00	00	,
Charges for services	99,120	00	00	00	,
Intergovernmental	00	524,821	00	00	•
Interest	6,492	00	6,886	9	,
Miscellaneous	94,020	00	00	6,503	100,523
Total revenues	2,369,024	524,821	6,886	22,044	2,922,775
Expenditures				•	
Current operating:	4				
General government	333,209	00	00	5,344	
Public safety	1,233,485	. 00	00	1,855	
Highways and streets	296,337	00	00	00	,
Recreation and culture	463,011	00	00	2,685	
Capital outlay	00	239,235	00	00	239,235
Total expenditures	2,326,042	239,235	00	9,884	2,575,161
Excess (deficit) of revenues					•
over expenditures	42,982	285,586	6,886	12,160	347,614
Other financing sources (uses)	(247.290)	(279 190)	00	(10,188	(6 <u>35,666</u>)
Transfers in (out)	(347,289)	(278,189)	00	(10,100) <u>(023,000</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(347,289)	(278,189)	00	(10,188	(635,666)
Net change in fund balance	(304,307)	7,397	6,886	1,972	(288,052)
Fund balances – beginning	726,352	130,787	664,614	10,781	1,532,534
Fund balances – ending	<u>\$ 422,045</u>	<u>\$ 138,184</u>	<u>\$ 671,500</u>	<u>\$ 12,753</u>	<u>\$1,244,482</u>

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

Net change in fund balances – total government funds	\$ (288,052)						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:							
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	(2,941)						
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital additions in the current period.							
Capital additions \$ 239,235 Depreciation 180,534	58,701						
Expenditures in the governmental funds that benefit periods beyond August 31, 2012 are reported as prepaid items in the statement of net assets.	16,189						
Change in net assets of governmental activities.	<u>\$ (216,103)</u>						

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds August 31, 2012

Business-Type Activities

Assets	Water and Sewer	er and Sewer Gas		Golf	<u>Totals</u>		
Current assets:							
Non-restricted assets:							
Cash	\$ 1,315,789	\$ 322,986	\$ 00	\$ 200	\$ 1,638,975		
Accounts receivable (net of	124.000	51.26Ô	20.717	0.461	206,338		
allowance)	124,900	51,260	20,717 00	9,461 00	8,635		
Inventory Prepaid insurance	5,000 6,917	3,635 5,971	00	4,618	17,506		
Due from Tallapoosa Recreation		3,971		7,010	17,500		
Authority	00	00	00	95,914	95,914		
Total non-restricted current							
assets	1,452,606	383,852	20,717	110,193	<u>1,967,368</u>		
Restricted assets:		0.0	0.0	00	175 270		
Cash	175,278	00	00	00	175,278		
Total restricted current							
assets	<u>175,278</u>	00	00	00	<u>175,278</u>		
Total current assets	1,627,884	383,852	20,717	110,193	2,142,646		
Capital assets:							
Property, plant and equipment	12,439,253	1,811,410	21,410	729,273	15,001,346		
Accumulated depreciation	2,746,193	615,361	21,410	422,867	3,805,831		
Total capital assets	9,693,060	1,196,049	00	306,406	11,195,515		
•							
Other non-current assets:							
Unamortized loan costs	1,701	00	00	00	1,701		
Total non-current assets	1,701	00	00	00	1,701		
Total assets	<u>\$ 11,322,645</u>	<u>\$ 1,579,901</u>	\$ 20,717	<u>\$ 416,599</u>	<u>\$ 13,339,862</u>		

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds August 31, 2012

Business-Type Activities

<u>Liabilities</u>	•				•	on-major)				m . 1	
	Water and Sew	<u>er</u>		Gas	<u>S</u> :	<u>anitation</u>		<u>Golf</u>		<u>Totals</u>	
Liabilities: Current liabilities payable from											
non-restricted current assets:											
Accounts payable	\$ 57,268		\$	13,843	\$	16,715	\$	15,110	\$	102,936	
Accrued expenses	00			393		00		2,488		2,881	
Customer deposits	31,445			60,145		00		00		91,590	
Current portion of capital										10.000	
lease payable and note payable	00			00		00		48,229	_	48,229	
Total current liabilities	. ا										
payable from non-restricted current assets	ea 88,713			74,381		16,715		65,827		245,636	
current assets	00,713			74,301		10,713		03,021		213,030	
Current liabilities payable from											
restricted current assets:											
Current portion of notes payable				00		00	_	00	_	126,292	
Total current liabilities payable				00		00		00		127.202	
from restricted current asset	s <u>126,292</u>			.00		00		00	_	126,292	
Total current liabilities	215,005			74,381		16,715	_	65,827		371,928	
Long-term liabilities:										•	
Notes payable (less current											
portion)	2,302,628			00		00		9,730		2,312,358	
Capital lease payable (less current											
portion)	00			00		00		103,752		103,752	
Total long-term liabilities	2,302,628			00		00		113,482	_	2,416,110	
Total liabilities	2,517,633			74,381		16,715		179,309		2,788,038	
rotar nadmities	2,317,033	ž.		74,361		10,713	_	179,303	_	<u>_Z,760,036</u>	
Net Assets											
Invested in capital assets,				•							
net of related debt	7,264,140		1	,196,049		00		144,695		8,604,884	
Unrestricted	1,540,872		1	309,471		4,002 4,002		92,595	_	1,946,940 10,551,824	
Total net assets	8,805,012		1	,505,520		4,002		237,290	_	10,331,624	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 11,322,645		<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,579,901</u>	\$	20,717	\$	416,599	<u>\$</u>	13,339,862	

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	Water and Sewe	er <u>Gas</u>	(Non-major) Sanitation	Golf	<u>Totals</u>
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,303,151	\$ 1,222,392	\$ 242,088	\$ 319,280	\$ 3,086,911
Miscellaneous	3,450	<u>113</u>	38	5,569	9,170
Total operating revenues	_1,306,601	1,222,505	242,126	324,849	3,096,081
Operating expenses:			•		
Salaries	243,453	288,021	00	163,330	694,804
Payroll taxes	18,193	21,283	00	12,243	51,719
Group medical insurance	30,588	38,421	00	17,800	86,809
Municipal insurance	22,182	12,022	6,583	10,516	51,303
Employee retirement	33,697	43,325	00	16,849	93,871
Telephone	5,302	3,876	1,651	1,720	12,549
Utilities	118,870	4,189	00	50,880	173,939
Office supplies	8,321	5,104	3,200	7,149	23,774
Software and data processing	3,360	1,290	955	4,674	10,279
Water purchases	521,115	00	00	00	521,115
Natural gas purchases	00	536,264	00	00	536,264
Materials	22,856	50,610	00	00	73,466
Repairs and maintenance	60,120	7,449	00	26,561	94,130
Bad debts	16,029	00	00	00	16,029
Travel and training	2,286	4,958	00	594	7,838
Cathodic protection	00	8,972	00	00	8,972
Samples and testing	21,726	00	00	00	21,726
Garbage contract	00	00	197,912	00	197,912
Professional fees	3,697	12,525	1,715	1,715	19,652
Vehicle gas and oil	20,939	8,123	00	31,845	60,907
Miscellaneous	13,872	2,542	61	3,416	19,891
Depreciation	136,852	23,274	00	52,277	212,403
Tools and small equipment	3,835	1,456	00	6,098	11,389
Chemicals	43,022	00	00	2,172	45,194
Greens expense	00	00	. 00	20,805	20,805
Concessions	00	00	00	22,861	22,861
Rent - Recreation Authority	00	00	00	166,425	166,425
Contract labor – Department				,	,
of Corrections	7,182	3,890	00	39,500	50,572
Planning & development	1,075	843	00	243	2,161
Total operating expenses	1,358,572	1,078,437	212,077	659,673	_3,308,759
Operating income (loss)	(51,971)	144,068	30,049	(334,824)	(212,678)

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - continued Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	Wate	er and Sewe	<u>er</u>	Gas	•	on-major) anitation		<u>Golf</u>	Totals
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								4	
Interest revenue	\$	11,016	\$	2,294	\$	00	\$	1 \$,
Interest expense		(88,403)		00		00		(13,482)	(101,885)
Grant income		<u>276,641</u>		00		00	_	00	276,641
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		199,254		2,294		00	_	(13,481)	188,067
Income (loss) before transfers		147,283		146,362		30,049	_	(348,305)	(24,611)
Transfer in		397,386		57,113		00		367,536	822,035
Transfer out		00		(133,170)		(37,689)		(15,510)_	(186,369)
Transfer out				(133,170)		(37,009)		(13,310)	(100,505)
Total transfers in (out)		397,386		(76,057)		(37,689)	_	352,026	635,666
Change in net assets		544,669		70,305		(7,640)		3,721	611,055
Net assets beginning of year	8	,260,343		1,435,215		11,642	_	233,569	9,940,769
Net assets end of year	<u>\$ 8</u>	,805,012	<u>\$</u>	1,505,520	\$	4,002	<u>\$</u>	237,290 \$	10,551,824

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	Water	Gas	(Non-major) Sanitation	<u>Golf</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* *40.600	0.000.000	A 2 105 100
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,301,990	\$ 1,227,299	\$ 249,628	\$ 326,275	\$ 3,105,192
Payments for suppliers	(907,708)	(659,577)	(211,939)	(401,607)	(2,180,831)
Payments to employees	(325,931)	(391,050)	(00)	(210,223)	(927,204)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	68,351	<u>176,672</u>	37,689	(285,555)	(2,843)
Cash flows from noncapital					
financing activities:	•				
Operating subsidies and transfers to/from		(0.0 = ===)	(25 (22)	252.025	400 104
other funds	204,325	<u>(98,557</u>)	(37,689)	<u>352,025</u>	420,104
Net cash provided (used) by			((00)	252 225	. 100 101
noncapital financing activities	<u>204,325</u>	(98,557)	(37,689)	<u>352,025</u>	420,104
Cash flows from capital and					
related financing activities:					
SPLOST transfers	193,061	22,500	00	00	215,561
Loan proceeds	328,173	00	00	148,500	476,673
Capital grants	276,641	00	00	00	276,641
Purchases of capital assets	(649,193)	(100,081)	00	(136,637)	(885,911)
Principal paid on capital debt	(115,890)	00	00	(64,852)	(180,742)
Interest paid on capital debt	(88,403)	00	00	(13,482)	(101,885)
Net cash used by capital	(00,100)	,		(12,1.0=)	
and related financing activities	(55,611)	(77,581)	00	(66,471)	(199,663)
Cash flows from investing activities:	(30,011)				
Interest	11,016	2,294	00	1	13,311
Net cash provided by					
investing activities	11,016	2,294	00	1	13,311
Net (decrease) increase in cash and			<u>~~</u>		
cash equivalents	228,081	2,828	00	00	230,909
Balances – beginning of year	1,262,986	320,158	00	200	1,583,344
Balances – end of year	\$ 1,491,067	\$ 322,986	\$ 00	\$ 200	\$ 1,814,253
·		-	. ———		
Reconciliation of operating income					
to net cash provided by operating activitie		e 144.0C0	e 20.040	e (224.924)	e (212.679)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (51,971)	\$ 144,068	\$ 30,049	\$ (334,824)	\$ (212,678)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	10				
net cash provided by operating activities:	126.050	02.054	00	50.077	212 402
Depreciation expense	136,852	23,274	00	52,277	212,403
Amortization expense	851	. 00	00	00	851
Change in assets and liabilities:	(0.041)	2.444	7.500	1.406	4 121
Receivables, net	(8,241)	3,444	7,502	1,426	4,131
Prepaid expense	2,315	(2,498)	00	5,352	5,169
Inventory	00	39,295	00	00	39,295
Customer deposits	3,630	1,350	00	00	4,980
Accounts and other payables	(15,085)	(31,710)	138	(10,146)	(56,803)
Accrued expenses	00	(551)	00	360	(191)
Net cash provided (used) by	a	A 1511-5	0 27 400	A (005.555)	Φ (0.040)
operating activities	<u>\$ 68,351</u>	<u>\$ 176,672</u>	<u>\$ 37,689</u>	<u>\$ (285,555)</u>	<u>\$ (2,843)</u>

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. For enterprise funds, GASB Statement Nos. 20 and 34 provide the City the option of electing to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The City has elected not to apply those pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

City of Tallapoosa

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Tallapoosa Development Authority Downtown Development Authority Tallapoosa Recreation Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The City Council appoints all the board members of the component units. The City's discretely presented component units do not issue separate component unit financial statements. City employees provide management and accounting assistance to all of the component units.

Both the Tallapoosa Development Authority and the Downtown Development Authority were created to promote and expand industry, welfare, and trade for the public good and welfare of the City of Tallapoosa.

The Recreation Authority was created to assist the City in providing quality recreation programs for the citizens. As discussed in Note 15 the Authority was involved in a project that expanded the public golf course of the City.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity - continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides service entirely to the City. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Excluded from the reporting entity: Related Organizations

<u>Tallapoosa Housing Authority</u> – Is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement No. 14. This organization has separately appointed boards and provides services to residents, generally within the geographic boundaries of the City. The City does not have the ability to exercise influences or control over their daily operations, approve budgets or provide funding and a financial benefit/burden does not exist between them. Therefore, based on the criteria above, the Tallapoosa Housing Authority is a related organization.

1.B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. If applicable, funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.B. Basis of Presentation – continued

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund	Brief Description
Major	

Governmental Funds:

General See above for description.

SPLOST Fund:

Capital projects

Accounts for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects from the Special Purpose Local

Option Sales Tax.

Urban Development Action Grant Fund (UDAG):

Special revenue

Accounts for revenues and expenditures of promoting urban economic development.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.B. Basis of Presentation - continued

Proprietary Fund:

Water and Sewer Fund

Accounts for activities in providing water

and sewer services to the public.

Gas Fund

Accounts for activities in providing gas

utilities to the public.

Golf Fund

Accounts for the activities in operating the

Municipal Golf Course.

Nonmajor:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

hotel/motel tax restricted by local ordinance for the promotion of tourism and

downtown development.

Drug Forfeiture Fund

Accounts for revenues and expenditures

from drug seizure activity.

Museum Fund

Accounts for specific revenue sources

restricted for the museum.

Tallapoosa Community Planning Committee

Accounts for activities of the Planning

Committee.

Capital Projects Funds:

CDBG

Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

Community Development Block Grant

Funds.

Proprietary Fund:

Sanitation Fund

Accounts for activities in providing

sanitation service to the public.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property tax, sales tax, interest and grants. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Assets, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

If any, investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price.

Interfund Receivable and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants and police fines. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - continued

Inventories

Inventories maintained by the Water and Sewer and the Gas Funds are recorded at average cost. The cost of other consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the City has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

Prepaid Items

On the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year end, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as an expenditure in the year of payment.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements all capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

GASB No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets constructed after September 1, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The City is a Phase 3 entity and is not required to record infrastructure from years prior to implementation to the reporting model.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Buildings & improvements	25-40 years
- Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	3-10 years
- Infrastructure	15-50 years
- Water and sewer distribution system	50-75 years
- Gas distribution system	50-75 years

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond trustee accounts and utility meter deposits. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, City management determines when to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes and bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as accrued expenses in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - continued

Equity Classifications

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net assets."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because
 they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or
 (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use
 either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by
 creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution or motion. The City Council also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Council has authorized the City's Finance committee to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions — When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Assets – Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

1.E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating in the financial statements.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character:

Current (future classified by function)

Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund – By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

1.F. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

At August 31, 2012, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,914,055 and the bank balances were \$3,069,377. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits might not be recovered. The state requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an account equal to 110% of uninsured deposits. The City's deposits are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the governments' name.

Note 3. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes were levied on October 18, 2011, and payable on December 31, 2011. The assessed value at January 1, 2011, upon which the 2011 levy was based, was \$92,168,386 (Estimated market value of \$113,798,418). The rate was 7.348 mills.

Note 4. Interfund Transfers and Balances

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in order for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

	Transfer To					
Transfers from:	General <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Gas <u>Fund</u>	Golf <u>Fund</u>	Sanitation <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Golf	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 15,511	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 15,511
Hotel-Motel Tax Fund	10,188	00	00	00	00	10,188
Sanitation Fund	18,587	00	19,102	00	00	37,689
Gas Fund	133,170	00	00	00	00	133,170
SPLOST Fund	62,628	193,061	22,500	00	-00	278,189
General Fund	00	204,325	00	<u>367,536</u>	00	571,861
Totals	<u>\$ 224,573</u>	<u>\$ 397,386</u>	<u>\$ 57,113</u>	<u>\$ 367,536</u>	<u>\$ 00</u>	

Interfund balances at August 31, 2012, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City does not expect to repay interfund balances within one year.

. -	Payable From:
	UDAG <u>Fund</u>
Payable to: General Fund	<u>\$ 92,805</u>

Note 4. Interfund Transfers and Balances - continued

4.A. Fund Equity

Fund Balances:

• *Nonspendable* – The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are allocated to:

	General Fund: Long-term interfund receivable	<u>\$ 92,805</u>
•	Restricted – The following fund balances are restricted for:	
	Special Revenue Funds: Confiscated Asset Fund – used to account for drug related expenditures. UDAG – accounts for grant promoting urban economic development	\$ 61 <u>671,500</u> \$ 671,561
	Capital Projects Fund: Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund (SPLOST) – used to account for capital projects financed with SPLOST.	<u>\$ 138,184</u>
	Total restricted	<u>\$ 809,745</u>
•	Committed – The following fund balances are committed to:	
	Special Revenue Funds: Museum Planning committee	\$ 11,259 1,433
٠		<u>\$ 12,692</u>

• *Unassigned* – The City's policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance at September 1, 2011	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance at August 31, 2012
Governmental activities:				
Non-depreciable:				
Land	<u>\$ 456,132</u>	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 456,132</u>
Depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,360,579	\$ 151,182	\$ 00	\$ 2,511,761
Machinery and equipment	793,567	21,851	00	815,418
Vehicles	478,076	37,491	00	515,567
Infrastructure	1,047,421	28,711	00	1,076,132
Totals at historical cost	4,679,643	239,235	00	4,918,878
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	1,009,531	70,479	. 00	\$ 1,080,010
Machinery and equipment	693,951	42,542	00	736,493
Vehicles	455,886	21,978	00	477,864
Infrastructure	232,139	45,535	00	277,674
Total accumulated depreciation	2,391,507	180,534	00	2,572,041
Governmental activities capital assets				
(depreciable), net	<u>\$ 2,288,136</u>	<u>\$ 58,701</u>	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 2,346,837</u>
Business-type activities:				
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 142,816	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 142,816
Construction in progress	306,214	247,067	00	553,281
•	<u>\$ 449,030</u>	<u>\$ 247,067</u>	<u>\$00</u>	<u>\$ 696,097</u>
Depreciable:				
Land improvements	\$ 15,656	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 15,656
Water and sewer distribution system	11,373,393	402,126	. 00	11,775,519
Gas distribution system	1,475,527	100,082	00	1,575,609
Buildings	205,008	00	00	205,008
Vehicles, machinery & equipment	1,101,293	164,000	531,835	<u>733,458</u>
Totals at historical costs	14,170,877	666,208	531,835	14,305,250
Less accumulated depreciation:		•		
Land improvements	15,657	00	00	15,657
Water and sewer distribution system	2,496,831	138,909	00	2,635,740
Gas distribution system	. 367,899	20,334	00	388,233
Buildings	199,088	496	00	199,584
Vehicles, machinery & equipment	1,018,424	52,664	504,471	566,617
	<u>4,097,899</u>	212,403	504,471	3,805,831
Business-type capital assets				
(depreciable), net	<u>\$ 10,072,978</u>	<u>\$ 453,805</u>	<u>\$ 27,364</u>	<u>\$ 10,499,419</u>

Note 5. Capital Assets - continued

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government Public safety	\$	67,451 41,567
Highways and streets		46,532
Recreation and culture	_	24,984
Total	\$_	180,534

Note 6. Restricted Assets

The use of the proceeds from the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax is restricted as to use.

Note 7. Long-Term Debt - Proprietary Activities

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt of the proprietary funds of the City for the year ended August 31, 2012:

	Balance Sept. 1, 2011	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>P</u> 2	ryments		alance . 31, 2012	I W	ount Due Vithin Se Year
GEFA Loan #DW10-029	\$ 00	\$	276,640	\$	00	\$	276,640*	\$	00
GEFA Loan #92-025	96,341		00		24,302		72,039		25,289
GEFA Loan #2000-L58-WJ	332,510		00		29,276		303,234		30,284
GEFA Loan #2005-L30-WJ	1,634,678		00		61,219		1,573,459		63,998
GEFA Loan #2005-L30-WJA	153,109		51,533		1,094		203,548		6,720
Bank Loan - Mower	34,504		00		12,178		22,326		12,596
Capital lease – golf carts	43,560		148,500	_	52,675	_	139,385		35,633
	<u>\$ 2,294,702</u>	\$	476,673	<u>\$</u>	180,744	<u>\$</u>	2,590,631	<u>\$</u>	174,520

The following is a schedule of principal and interest requirements:

	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013 2014	\$ 174,520 177,771	\$ 89,992 83,451	\$ 264,512 261,222
2015	167,526 142,728	76,882 70,978	244,408 213,706
2016 2017	118,282	65,857	184,139
2018 to 2022 2023 to 2027	615,548 585,203	254,885 134,436	870,433 719,639
2028 to 2032	332,414	<u>19,807</u>	352,221
	\$ 2,313,992	<u>\$ 796,288</u>	<u>\$3,110,280</u>

^{*} Not included in schedule because no amortization period has been established.

Note 7. Long-Term Debt - Proprietary Activities - continued

Interest expensed in the current year was \$101,885.

The various bond indentures and loan agreements contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirement maintenance of and flow of moneys through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and other covenants. The debt covenant requires that net income and transfers be at least 110% of debt service requirements annually. However, the City has chosen to fund debt service accounts to compensate for the years in which the requirements are not met.

Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA)

The City has obtained GEFA loans for various water projects.

GEFA Loan #DW10-029

During the year, the City entered into a loan with GEFA. The original amount of the loan is \$287,250 of which there was \$276,640 drawn during the year. The construction rate and permanent rate is 3%. There will be no payments until the loan is complete. This is a loan and grant in which the total project is \$574,000 of which \$287,250 is forgiven as grant income. The remaining 50% of the project will be paid back as a loan from GEFA.

GEFA Loan #92-025

The original amount of the loan was \$381,393 with a 4% interest rate. The following is a schedule of debt service requirements for the next three years and to maturity:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013 2014	\$ 25,289 26,315	\$ 2,505 1,479	\$ 27,794 27,794
2015	20,435	412	20,847
•	<u>\$ 72,039</u>	<u>\$ 4,396</u>	<u>\$ 76,435</u>

GEFA Loan # 2000-L58-WJ

The original amount of the loan was \$581,790 with a 3.4% interest rate. The following is a schedule of debt service requirements for the next five years and to maturity:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 30,284	\$ 9,927	\$ 40,211
2014	31,327	8,884	40,211
2015	32,406	7,805	40,211
2016	33,522	6,689	40,211
2017	34,677	5,534	40,211
2018 to 2021	141,018	<u>9,776</u>	<u>150,794</u>
A Company of the Comp	\$ 303,234 -36-	<u>\$ 48,615</u>	<u>\$ 351,849</u>

Note 7. Long-Term Debt - Proprietary Activities - continued

GEFA Loan # 2005-L30-WJ

The City has entered into a loan agreement with GEFA to finance construction of water lines and to build a storage tank. The loan allows the City to borrow up to \$2,207,000. The loan may be disbursed in one or more advances. The principal balance of the note shall bear interest at 4% until the amortization commencement date and 4.2% thereafter. After the amortization commencement date the loan shall be payable in 240 monthly installments. As of August 31, 2012 the City had borrowed \$1,740,632 under the loan agreement which is being amortized as indicated below.

Year Ending							
August 31,	<u>P</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2013	\$	63,998	\$	64,789	\$	128,787	
2014	Φ	66,661	Ψ	62,126	Ψ	128,787	
2015		69,515		59,272		128,787	
2016		72,425		56,362		128,787	
2017		75,657		53,130		128,787	
2018 to 2022		429,387		214,547	-	643,934	
2023 to 2027		529,531		114,403		643,934	
2028 to 2030	-	266,285		12,754	_	279,039	
	<u>\$ 1</u>	,573,459	\$	637,383	<u>\$.2</u>	2,210,842	

GEFA Loan #2005-L30-WJA

The City has entered into a promissory note for \$647,866 under the same loan provisions as above. At August 31, 2012 there had been \$203,548 drawn to date. The amortization of the loan began in June 2012 and is payable in 240 monthly installments.

Based on the amount drawn to August 31, 2012, the following is a schedule of debt service requirements for the next five years and to maturity.

Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 6,720	\$ 8,421	\$ 15,141
2014	7,008	8,133	15,141
2015	7,308	7,833	15,141
2016	7,621	7,520	15,141
2017	7,948	7,193	15,141
2018 to 2022	45,143	30,562	75,705
2023 to 2027	55,672	20,033	75,705
2028 to 2032	66,128	<u>7,053</u>	<u>73,181</u>
	\$ 203,548	\$ 96,748	<u>\$ 300,296</u>

Note 7. Long-Term Debt - Proprietary Activities - continued

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of various equipment. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013 2014	\$ 35,633 36,730	\$ 3,789 2,692	\$ 39,422 39,422
2015	37,862	1,560	39,422
2016	29,160	407	29,567
	<u>\$ 139,385</u>	<u>\$ 8,448</u>	<u>\$ 147,833</u>

Equipment held under the capital leases at August 31, 2012 totaled \$148,500. The interest rate is 3%.

Bank Loan

the

The City has entered into a loan agreement with a local bank for the acquisition of equipment for \$37,484. The loan is for 36 months with a nominal interest rate of 3.38%. The equipment serves as collateral. The following is a schedule of debt service requirements for the next three years, which is tern of the loan.

Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013 2014	\$ 12,596 <u>9,730</u>	\$ 561 137	\$ 13,157
	<u>\$ 22,326</u>	<u>\$ 698</u>	<u>\$ 23,024</u>

Note 8. Budget Violations/Deficit Fund Balances

The general fund expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by \$22,801. There were no department's expenditures exceeding its budget appropriations by more than three percent.

Note 9. Economic Dependency

A significant portion of the water and gas funds service revenues are dependent on the business activity levels of commercial users.

Note 10. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia. This is a defined benefit pension plan. This plan has a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing Georgia Municipal Association, Inc. at 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303. The City's payroll for employees participating in the Plan for the year ended August 31, 2012, was \$1,654,237; the City's total payroll for the year ended August 31, 2012, was \$1,859,274.

All full-time City employees with one year of service are eligible to participate in the system. Benefits vest after 10 years of credited service. City employees can retire at or after age 65 with five years of credited service or after age 55 with 10 years of credited service. There is no maximum employee entry age. The benefit formula ranges from 1.25% to 2.00% of annual salary based on year of birth of the employee. An extra credit is earned for years of service. The system also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System and the adoption agreement executed by the City.

City employees are not required to contribute to the Plan, rather the City contributed the amount necessary to fund the system, using the actuarial basis specified by the adoption agreement.

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period bases, with a net effective amortization Asset Valuation Method

Actuarial Assumptions:
Net Investment Rate of Return
Projected Salary Increases

Cost of Living Adjustments Inflation

Membership of the plan
Retirees and beneficiaries
Terminated plan members entitled to, but
not yet receiving benefits
Active plan members
Total

Projected Unit Credit

Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period varies for the period of 10 years

Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 50% of market value for 2019, 38% of market value for 2011, 32% of market value for 2012, 26% of market value for 2013, and 20% of market value for 2014 and later years.

7.75% 11%, 7%, 6.5% and 6% for the first through fifth years of service 2.50% 3.5%

Note 10. Retirement Plan - continued

Plan Asset Matters and Accounting Policies

Asset Data: The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System has supplied all asset data used in the valuation. The market value is based on information provided by GMEBS as of two months preceding the valuation date of January 1, 2012.

Participant Data: The primary source of participant data for the current valuation is a census of all participants which was prepared by the City through GMEBS.

The System assets do not include any loans, notes, or bonds or other instruments or securities of the City or related parties.

Funding Status and Progress

The amount shown as the "actuarial accrued liability" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the plan on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the Plan.

The "actuarial accrued liability" was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2012.

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contribution Made

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution in each year. These contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The period, and related method, for amortizing the unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from October 1, 1985, and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

Contributions to the plan for 2012 of \$255,727 are made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements computed through an actuarial valuation performed as of August 31, 2012. Contributions consist of (a) \$123,456 normal cost and (b) \$119,857 payment on unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities and (c) \$12,414 adjustment to fiscal year. The City contributes the entire amount (15.11 percent of covered payroll).

Note 10. Retirement Plan - continued

Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Historical trend information, to the extent available, is presented below:

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (<u>b - a)</u>	Funded Ratio (a / b)	(c) Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b - a)/ c]
01/01/12	\$ 2,631,404	\$ 3,486,731 \$,	75.5%		51.7%
01/01/11	2,409,061	3,230,880	821,819	74.6%	1,702,556	48.2%
01/01/10	2,208,161	3,031,884	823,723	72.8%	1,583,263	52.0%
10/01/09	2,097,857	3,013,063	915,206	69.6%	1,583,263	57.8%
09/01/08	1,966,858	2,844,539	877,681	69.2%	1,620,166	54.2%
09/01/07	1,757,432	2,564,314	806,882	68.5%	1,467,701	55.0%

		Percentage	
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	of APC	Net Pension
<u>Ending</u>	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
8/31/12	\$ 255,727	100%	0
8/31/11	240,696	100%	0
8/31/10	228,656	100%	0
8/31/09	226,703	100%	0
8/31/08	222,306	100%	0
8/31/07	196,239	100%	0

Note 11. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, the City is involved in various lawsuits. Management is of the opinion that any liability or loss in excess of insurance coverage resulting from such litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Note 12. Commitments

The City has agreed to purchase a minimum of 13,690,000 gallons of water each month from the Haralson County Water Authority. At current rates, this approximates \$425,000 each year. The agreement expires in 2025. Also, as discussed in Note 14, the City has entered into a contract with the Tallapoosa Recreation Authority which requires the City to make certain payments to the Authority until 2012.

Note 13. Risk Management

The City of Tallapoosa is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City joined the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency on December 31, 1988. This membership allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities – GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City of Tallapoosa participates at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. Other responsibilities of the City are as follows:

To pay all contributions, assessments or other sums due to GIRMA at such times and in such amounts as shall be established by GIRMA.

To select a person to serve as a Member representative.

To allow GIRMA and its agents reasonable access to all facilities of the City and all records, including but not limited to financial records, which relate to the purposes of GIRMA.

To allow attorneys appointed by GIRMA to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the Fund or Funds established by GIRMA.

To assist and cooperate in the defense and settlement of claims against the City.

To furnish full cooperation to GIRMA'S attorneys, claims adjusters, Service Company, and any agent, employee, officer or independent contractor of GIRMA relating to the purposes of GIRMA.

Note 13. Risk Management - continued

To follow all loss reduction and prevention procedures established by GIRMA.

To furnish to GIRMA such budget, operating and underwriting information as may be requested.

To report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any Coverage Descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in GIRMA or any Fund established by GIRMA being required to pay claim for loss or injuries to municipal property or injuries to persons or property when such loss or injury is within the scope of the protection of a Fund or Funds in which the City participates.

The City of Tallapoosa retains the first \$1,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$1,000 deductible.

The City of Tallapoosa, Georgia, has joined together with other municipalities in the State as part of the Georgia Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. The pool is administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA).

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the fund being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the Fund.

The Fund is to defend and protect the members of the Fund against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government's contracts, and in accordance with the worker's compensation laws of Georgia. The Fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Note 14. Component Unit Disclosures

Tallapoosa Development Authority

In 1993, the Tallapoosa Development Authority purchased an industrial building, land and improvements for \$1,677,500 with grant funds from the Economic Development Administration and note proceeds from a bank.

The Development Authority had leased the building with monthly rent payments set so as to equal the amount owed as monthly payments on the bank note. At August 31, 2007, the note payable had been paid in full. The building has been vacant during the year and thus no depreciation has been added for the year.

Note 14. Component Unit Disclosures - continued

Tallapoosa Development Authority - continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 9-01-11	Addi	itions	Retire	ements	Balance 8-31-12
Building	\$ 1,677,500	\$	00	\$	00	\$ 1,677,500
Land (non-depreciable)	142,083		00		00	142,083
	1,819,583		00		00	1,819,583
Less accumulated depreciation:	,					
Building	671,008		00		00	671,008
-	\$ 1,148,575	\$	00	\$	00	<u>\$ 1,148,575</u>

Conduit Debt

The Tallapoosa Development Authority agreed to issue revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to Honda Precision Parts of Georgia, LLC for economic development. Under the arrangement, the Authority is not responsible for the payment of the debt. The debt is secured only by the cash payments agreed to be paid by Precision Parts of Georgia, LLC under a lease agreement.

The Authority has made available to the Company conduit taxable revenue bond financing in an amount not to exceed \$200,000,000.

Tallapoosa Recreation Authority

The Tallapoosa Recreation Authority is involved in a project that expanded the public golf course of the City. The Authority and the City entered into a contract that required the Authority to obtain financing for the project, acquire title to land on which the project is located, and to coordinate with the City and its agencies on the acquisition and installation of the project.

Under the contract, the City will operate the existing golf facility and the project with the assistance of the Authority as a public recreational facility. The City will collect all revenues from the existing golf facility and the project and may use such revenues for any lawful purpose. In payment of the Authority's facilities and services furnished, the City covenants and agrees that it will, to the extent necessary, levy an annual tax on all taxable property located within the boundaries of the City, at such rate or rates, as may be necessary to make the payments to the Authority for its services as called for by the contract.

The City has the right to make the payments called for by the contract from available golf course revenues or from general funds or any other lawfully available sources. The payments will equal the debt service requirements of the Authority.

Note 14. Component Unit Disclosures- continued

Tallapoosa Recreation Authority - continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 9-01-11	Additions		Retire	ments	Balance 8-31-12
Land – non depreciable	<u>\$ 1,733,846</u>	\$	00	<u>\$</u>	00	\$ 1,733,846

Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt of the Tallapoosa Recreation Authority for the year ended August 31, 2012:

	•	•				nount
	Balance <u>9-01-11</u>	Add	itions	<u>Retirements</u>	Balance 8-31-12	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds payable	<u>\$ 340,000</u>	\$	00	<u>\$ 165,000</u>	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	<u>\$ 175,000</u>

Bonds Payable

In 1996, the Authority issued \$1,745,000 in revenue bonds to finance the project. The 2003 Tallapoosa Recreational Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$1,355,000 were issued in August, 2003 to finance the refunding of the 1996 bond issue. The following is a schedule of principal and interest requirements:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,612</u>	<u>\$ 182,612</u>

Note 15. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area, is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended August 31, 2012, the City paid \$3,155 in such dues. Membership is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the NWGRC in Georgia. The Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations. Separate financial statements of the Commission are available at the offices located in Rome, Georgia.

Note 16. Hotel/Motel Tax

Beginning in February, 1998, the City began collecting a hotel/motel tax in accordance with the provisions of OCGA 48-13-51. The initial rate of 3% was increased to 5% in September, 1998. A summary of the transactions for the year ended August 31, 2012 follows:

Hotel/Motel tax collected	\$ 15,532
Disbursements and transfers	\$ 15,532

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Taxes:	A 7/0 400	ф см п ооо	ф. 750 1 25	A 4 4 4 5	
Property	\$ 740,533	\$ 675,090	\$ 679,437	\$ 4,347	
Mobile home	560	500	500	00	
Vehicle	6,100	57,720	57,720	00	
Intangible	4,200	4,705	4,705	00	
P.I.L.O.T. (Housing Authority)	14,055	28,108	28,108	00	
Franchise	329,852	356,478	356,478	00	
Local option sales	642,029	666,775	665,950	(825)	
Railroad equipment	1,325	1,512	1,512	00	
Malt beverage	85,131	86,476	86,476	00	
Insurance premium tax	160,307	158,806	158,806	00	
Interest and penalties	11,065	10,800	10,800	00	
	1,995,157	2,046,970	2,050,492	3,522	
Licenses and permits:	•				
Business licenses	29,000	28,195	28,195	00	
Insurance licenses	6,201	1,760	1,760	00	
Alcoholic and beverage licenses	7,800	10,400	10,400	00	
Building permits	5,001	2,703	2,703	00	
Rezoning applications	1,200	00	00	00	
	49,202	43,058	43,058	00	
Charges for services:					
Recreation programs	81,798	87,085	87,085	. 00	
Transportation trips – GA DHR	14,190	12,035	12,035	00	
Cemetery sales and fees	6,400	00	00	00	
Cemetery sales and fees	0,400	00	00		
	102,388	99,120	99,120	00	
Fines and forfeitures	91,581	76,214	75,842	(372)	
Interest	<u>7,135</u>	4,679	6,492	1,813	
Other:					
Miscellaneous	16,825	91,931	94,020	2,089	
	16,825	91,931	94,020	2,089	
Total revenues	2,262,288	2,361,972	2,369,024	7,052	

	Original A Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
General Government:		<u>Budget</u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Administration:				•	
Salaries	\$ 126,700	\$ 126,816	\$ 126,816	\$ 00	
Payroll taxes	9,865	10,556	10,556	00	
Group medical insurance	21,400	20,694	20,694	00	
Employee retirement	19,275	16,849	16,849	00	
Travel	3,000	1,216	1,216	00	
Training	1,000	598	598	00	
Supplies	7,100	7,091	6,934	157	
Public announcements	3,000	1,912	1,596	316	
Insurance	7,500	7,817	7,780	37	
Special events	2,000	25	72	(47)	
Legal services	10,000	7,895	3,681	4,214	
Audit	2,000	1,686	1,914	(228)	
Planning and development	3,000	3,839	3,839	00	
Repairs and maintenance	12,000	5,491	4,908	583	
Vehicle gas and oil	1,000	424	321	103	
Data processing and software	3,000	1,682	1,668	14	
Rent	200	200	200	00	
Membership fees	4,700	2,642	2,642	00	
Professional fees	600	00	00	00	
Telephone	1,000	1,939	2,243	(304)	
Utilities - gas and water	5,000	6,357	6,357	00	
Utilities - electricity	12,000	12,837	12,164	673	
Miscellaneous	00	124	297	(173)	
Contract labor	3,900	3,292	7,781	(4,489)	
Capital outlay	2,000	00	00	00	
	261,240	241,982	241,126	856	
Mayor and Council:					
Salaries and fees	22,800	22,800	22,800	00	
Insurance	4,900	6,837	6,800	37	
Special events	6,000	5,966	5,966	00	
Public announcements	00	1,449	693	756	
Legal services	00	1,130	1,130	00	
Audit	1,800	1,686	1,686	00	
Election	3,800	3,135	3,135	00	
Planning and development	500	243	243	00	
Membership fees	400	00	00	00	
Payroll taxes	1,745	1,744	1,744	00	
Travel and training	10,500	14,363	14,363	00	
	52,445	59,353	58,560	793	

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government - continued:				<u> </u>
Other:				
Salary – janitor	\$ 12,000	\$ 15,324	\$ 15,324	\$ 00
Payroll taxes - janitor	918	1,172	1,172	00
Cemetery maintenance	1,500	364	364	00
Utilities – gas, water, electricity	700	276	276	00
Membership fees	425	00	00	00
Contract labor	3,900	3,292	2,992	300
Insurance	9,500	13,421	13,383	38
Equipment repair	1,000	13, 121	12,333	00
Capital outlay	00	00	00	00
Capital outlay				
	29,943	33,861	33,523	338
Total general government	343,628	335,196	333,209	1,987
Public Safety:				
Police Department:			•	
Salaries	580,000	598,077	598,077	00
Payroll taxes	44,370	44,314	44,314	00
Group medical insurance	85,000	85,022	85,022	00
Employee retirement	85,000	84,244	84,244	00
Travel	1,500	370	370	00
Training	2,000	1,794	1,900	(106)
Supplies	5,600	6,360	6,488	(128)
Miscellaneous	600	1,541	1,541	00
Insurance	30,000	28,648	28,611	37
Legal services	15,000	18,468	18,386	82
Audit	2,000	1,686	1,686	00
Repairs and maintenance	20,500	28,111	27,085	1,026
Vehicle gas and oil	45,000	49,239	50,828	(1,589)
Data processing and software	3,800	13,286	13,046	240
Planning and development	150	243	243	00
Uniforms	2,500	2,879	2,786	93
Service contracts	2,600	1,897	1,778	119
Contract labor	3,900	3,292	2,992	300
Witness fees	200	00	00	00
Membership fees	500	138	138	00
•			4,097	155
Telephone	6,400	4,252		. 00
Utilities - gas and water	2,600	2,015	2,015	1,002
Utilities - electricity	8,100	8,437	7,435	and the second s
Capital outlay	6,000	00	00	00
	953,320	984,313	983,082	1,231

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public Safety - continued:	Dudget	Dudger	1 TOTALL	(2.00,000)
Fire Department:				
Salaries	\$ 165,000	\$ 158,063	\$ 158,063	\$ 00
Payroll taxes	12,622	11,554	11,554	00
Group medical insurance	26,658	23,279	23,279	00
Employee retirement	20,000	26,477	26,477	00
Travel	100	00	00	00
Training	500	00	00	00
Supplies	1,650	2,055	1,928	127
Municipal insurance	9,800	10,966	10,929	37
Audit and legal	2,000	1,686	1,686	00
Repairs and maintenance	4,500	5,621	5,593	28
Vehicle gas and oil	8,100	6,167	5,350	817
Uniforms	800	146	146	00
Service contracts	500	189	308	(119)
Telephone	1,700	1,720	1,651	69
Utilities - gas and water	3,600	2,103	2,103	00
Utilities - electricity	600	00	00	00
Software and data processing	1,000	955	955	00
Miscellaneous	402	138	138	00
Planning and development	. 00	243	243	00
Capital outlay	2,000	00	00	00
	261,532	251,362	250,403	959
Total public safety	1,214,852	1,235,675	1,233,485	2,190
77.1		·		
Highways and Streets:	CO 000	(1.542	61 542	00
Salaries	60,000	61,543	61,543 2,992	300
Contract labor - Department of Corrections	3,900 4,600	3,292 4,400	2,992 4,400	00
Payroll taxes	4,600 16,789	16,971	16,971	00
Group medical insurance	7,000	7,221	7,221	00
Employee retirement Supplies	1,850	2,711	2,561	150
Insurance	11,000	12,538	12,501	37
Audit and legal	1,800	1,686	1,686	00
Repairs and maintenance	6,500	4,744	4,220	524
Street maintenance	20,000	57,432	55,187	2,245
Lawn maintenance	700	30	30	00
Park beautification	900	159	159	00
Vehicle gas and oil	8,500	8,955	7,489	1,466
Paving and resurfacing	00	00	1,245	(1,245)
Signs and signals	2,100	2,249	2,037	212
Pipe and brick	2,000	00	00	00
Chemicals	5,800	8,451	8,451	00

	Original Amended Budget Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			
Highways and Streets - continued:		-				···		
Software and data processing	\$ 1,	000	\$	955	\$.	955	\$	00
Telephone	,	800		1,803		2,238		(435)
Utilities - electricity and gas		000		98,840		103,824		(4,984)
Uniforms		200		76		76		00
Miscellaneous		910		551		551		00
Capital outlays		000		00		00		00
Total highways and streets	261,	<u>349</u>	2	294,607	<u></u>	296,337		(1,730)
Culture and Recreation:								
Library:								
Salaries	58,	620		60,061		60,061		00
Payroll taxes	4,	400		4,417		4,417		00
Group medical insurance	7,	000		6,908		6,908		00
Employee retirement		600		7,221		7,221		00
Supplies		400		2,073		1,982		91
Insurance		900		7,513		6,800		713
Audit and legal		800		1,686		1,686		00
Repairs and maintenance		100		1,149		1,149	•	00
Contract labor	í	900		3,292		2,993		299
Telephone		500		5,385		5,315		70
Utilities - gas and water		500		2,037		2,037		00
Utilities - electricity		200		10,110		9,038		1,072
Miscellaneous		200		1,336		1,336		00
Capital outlay		<u>500</u>		00		00		00
	104,	620	1	113,188		110,94 <u>3</u>		2,245
		<u> </u>		,			-	
Museum:								
Salaries	15	600		13,964		13,964		00
Payroll taxes		194		1,066		1,066		00
Supplies		650		1,343		1,221		122
Insurance		750		8,760		8,726		34
Audit		800		1,686		1,686		00
Repairs and maintenance		000		952		952		00
Data processing and software		800		955		955		00
Telephone		600		1,720		1,651		69
Utilities - gas and water	-	200		3,315		3,315		00
		200		9,608		8,339		1,269
Utilities - electricity				569		569		00
Miscellaneous		800				2,993		299
Contract labor – DOC	3,	900		3,292		•		00
Capital outlays		_00		00		00		00
	48,	<u>494</u>		47,230		45,437		1,793

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Culture and Recreation - continued:		•		
Recreation:				
Salaries	\$ 85,500	\$ 79,403	\$ 79,403	\$ 00
Payroll taxes	6,541	6,087	6,087	00
Group medical insurance	6,200	8,273	8,273	00
Employee retirement	00	6,290	6,290	00
Travel and training	1,300	4,986	3,712	1,274
Supplies	2,400	2,502	2,380	122
Public announcements	300	32	32	00
Insurance	9,700	10,422	10,385	37
Audit and legal	2,000	1,686	1,686	00
Repairs and maintenance	4,800	23,178	15,449	7,729
Field maintenance	2,500	2,086	1,392	694
Swimming pool maintenance	1,000	1,000	1,000	00
Vehicle gas and oil	3,000	4,914	4,395	519
Chemicals	1,800	1,422	840	582
Software and data processing	1,000	955	955	00 847
Uniforms - athletic	18,800	38,405	37,558	00
Umpire fees	14,000	14,404	14,404	00
Tournament fees	3,600	6,668	6,668 650	00
League fees	650	. 650	688	00
Membership fees	1,000	688 3,056	2,911	145
Telephone	2,900	,	13,640	00
Utilities - gas and water	8,500 · 10,000	13,640 10,046	8,974	1,072
Utilities - electricity Concessions	16,000	14,325	13,695	630
	10,000	243	243	00
Planning and development	1,000	775	00	775
Trophies Miscellaneous	00	1,013	1,013	00
Contract services	3,800	3,292	2,992	300
Capital outlays	3,500	00	00	00
Capital outlays		00	00	
	211,791	260,441	<u>245,715</u>	14,726
Senior Center:			·	
Salaries	27,144	29,243	29,243	00
Payroll taxes	2,077	2,237	2,237	00
Supplies	1,250	1,616	1,494	122
Insurance	6,000	7,706	7,670	36
Repairs and maintenance	2,500	2,841	2,914	(73)
Vehicle gas and oil	3,000	3,439	3,231	208
Software and data processing	1,000	955	955	00
Membership fees	400	138	138	00

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Culture and Recreation – continued: Senior Center – continued:					
Utilities – telephone	\$ 450	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,265	\$ 70	
Utilities - electricity	6,200	7,461	6,534	927	
Utilities – gas and water	1,500	1,246	1,246	. 00	
Miscellaneous	00	[^] 997	997	00	
Contract labor	3,900	3,292	2,992	300	
Capital outlays	00	00	00	00	
	55,421	62,506	60,916	1,590	
Total culture and recreation	420,326	483,365	463,011	20,354	
Total expenditures	2,240,155	2,348,843	2,326,042	22,801	
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	22,133	13,129	42,982	29,853	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in (out)	(22,133)	(13,129)	(347,289)	(334,160)	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and			-	•	
other financing uses	00	00	(304,307)	(304,307)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	726,352	726,352	726,352	00	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 726,352</u>	<u>\$ 726,352</u>	<u>\$ 422,045</u>	<u>\$ (304,307)</u>	

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance
Revenues: Interest and other	\$ 11,566	\$ 6,886	\$ 6,886	\$ 00
Expenditures	00	00	00	00
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 11,566</u>	<u>\$ 6,886</u>	<u>\$ 6,886</u>	\$ 00

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Annual budgets are prepared by the City Manager and Finance Officer for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Proprietary Funds based on requests made by various department heads and are approved by the Mayor and City Council. Prior to the budget being legally enacted through passage of an ordinance, a public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Project-length budgets are prepared for capital project funds.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet August 31, 2012

<u>Assets</u>	<u>M</u>	luseum	Comi Pla	npoosa munity nning mittee	Dru Forfe <u>Fur</u>	iture	Hote Mot Tax <u>Fur</u>	tel c	<u>Tc</u>	otals
Cash	\$	11,259	\$	1,433	\$	61	\$	00	<u>\$</u>	12,753
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	11,259	\$	1,433	\$	61	<u>\$</u>	00	<u>\$</u>	12,753
Liabilities and Fund Balance										
Liabilities	\$	00	\$	00	\$	00	\$	00	\$	00
Fund balance Restricted Committed		00 11,259		00 1,433		61 00		00		61 12,692
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>11,259</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,433	<u>\$</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>\$</u>	00	<u>\$</u> _	12,753

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances August 31, 2012

	<u>Museum</u>		Drug Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>	Hotel/ Motel Tax <u>Fund</u>	Totals	
Revenues:					•	
Taxes	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 00	\$ 15,532	\$ 15,532	
Miscellaneous	6,503	00	00	00	6,503	
Interest	00	9	00	00	9	
Total revenues	<u>6,503</u>	9	00	<u> 15,532</u>	22,044	
Expenditures: Current						
General government	00	00	00	5,344	5,344	
Public safety	00	00	1,855	00	1,855	
Culture and			•			
recreation	2,685	00	00	00	2,685	
Capital outlay	00	00	00	00	00	
Total expenditures	2,685	00	1,855	5,344	9,884	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	s					
over expenditures	3,818	9	(1,855)	10,188	12,160	
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	00	00	00	(10,188)	(10,188)	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures and other uses	3,818	9	(1.955)	00	1,972	
and other uses	3,818	9	(1,855)	00	1,972	
Fund balance,			4.04.0	^^	10.70*	
beginning of year	<u>7,441</u>	1,424	1,916	00	<u>10,781</u>	
Fund balance,						
end of year	<u>\$ 11,259</u>	<u>\$ 1,433</u>	<u>\$ 61</u>	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 12,753</u>	

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Revenue: Miscellaneous	\$ 6,503	\$ 6,503
Expenditures: Culture and recreation	2,685	2,685
Eccess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 3,818</u>	<u>\$ 3,818</u>

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Budgetary Comparison Schedule Tallapoosa Community Planning Committee Fund For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	Budget	<u>Actual</u>
Revenue	\$ 9	\$ 9
Expenditures	00	00
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$9</u>

	Budget	<u>Actual</u>
Revenues: Interest and other	\$ 00	\$ 00
Expenditures	1,855	1,855
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ (1,855</u>	§ (1,855)

	<u>Budget</u>	Actual
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 15,532	\$ 15,532
Expenditures: Haralson County Chamber of Commerce	5,344	5,344
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,188	10,188
Other financing uses: Transfer to General Fund	(10,188)	(10,188)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 00	\$ 00

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia – Component Units Combining Statement of Net Assets August 31, 2012

<u>Assets</u>	Development <u>Authority</u>	Recreation Authority	Downtown Development Authority	Total Component <u>Units</u>	
Cash	\$ 690,983	\$ 156,459	\$ 5,721	\$ 853,163	
Accounts receivable	17,805	00	00	17,805	
Capital assets, net	1,148,575	1,733,846	10,504	2,892,925	
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,857,363</u>	<u>\$1,890,305</u>	<u>\$ 16,225</u>	\$ 3,763,893	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 00	\$ 95,914	\$ 00	\$ 95,914	
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	00	175,000	00	175,000	
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 00</u>	\$ 270,914	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 270,914</u>	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 1,148,575 708,788	\$ 1,558,846 60,545	\$ 10,504 5,721	775,054	
Total net assets	<u>\$1,857,363</u>	<u>\$ 1,619,391</u>	<u>\$ 16,225</u>	<u>\$ 3,492,979</u>	

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia — Component Units Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

Program Revenues

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

			Operating	Capital	Governmental Activities			
Functions/Programs Development Authority:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Development <u>Authority</u>	Recreation Authority	Downtown Development	Total
Governmental activities: General government \$\square\$	80,000	\$ 525,000	\$ 00	<u>\$ 00</u>	<u>\$ 445,000</u>	\$.	\$ \$	
Total governmental activities	80,000	525,000	00	00	445,000			
Recreation Authority:								
Governmental activities: Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt_	4,181 14,882	178,434 00	00		·	174,253 (14,882)		
Total governmental activities	19,063	178,434	00	00		159,371		
Downtown Development Autl	hority:							
Governmental activities: General government	8,741	00	11,338	00			2,597	
Total governmental activities	8,741	00	11,338	00			2,597	
Total					445,000	<u>159,371</u>	2,597	606,9
	.(General revenue Interest and i	es: nvestment earr	nings	4,717	324	2	5,0
		Total gene	ral revenues		4,717	324	2	5,0
		Change	in net assets		449,717	159,695	2,599	612,0
	N	Vet assets-begin	nning		1,407,646	1,459,696	13,626	2,880,9
	N	Vet assets-endin	ng		<u>\$ 1,857,363</u>	<u>\$ 1,619,391</u>	<u>\$ 16,225</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>3,492,9</u>

City of Tallapoosa, Georgia Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended August 31, 2012

	Original	Expe	Expenditures		
2010	Estimated	Prior	Current		
Project Activity	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Old high school – Art Center	\$ 250,000	\$ 171,870	\$ 475	\$ 172,345	
Street paving, storm drainage,					
signs and sidewalks	100,000	14,779	4,225	19,004	
Cemetery – paving, clean-up					
and new lay-out	40,000	00	00	00	
Fire department	200,000	00	00	00	
Recreation complex	250,000	140,311	150,708	291,019	
Library - match (grant to expand)	65,000	. 00	00	00	
Senior property – bank renovation					
and paving	40,000	00	00	00	
Police department	260,000	00	37,490	37,490	
Water and Sewer debt	780,000	323,082	233,528	556,610	
Administrative buildings – Police/City		•			
Hall area	425,000	00	00	00	
Recreation equipment	100,000	00	4,203	4,203	
Data processing	80,000	00	9,699	9,699	
Public works – vehicles	100,000	00	00	00	
Equipment purchase PW (backhoe)	75,000	00	4,977	4,977	
Utility expenses - water, gas and sewer	150,000	38,243	25,330	63,573	
Grant match – TEA, ARC, CDBG	150,000	00	43,816	43,816	
Municipal building repairs	40,000	31,252	00	31,252	
Helton-Howland Park and drain					
pipes for lake	20,000	00	. 00	00	
Economic projects	100,000	00	00	00	
Capital outlay projects	100,000	00	2,972	2,972	
Acquisition of property	100,000	00	00	00	
Scientific and planning studies	50,000	00	00	00	
	\$ 3,475,000	<u>\$ 719,537</u>	<u>\$ 517,423</u>	\$ 1,236,960	

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards



Ann M. Fazio Frederick G. Thomas Deborah W. Cooke Johanna H. Tallent CPA Julie M. George CPA Amber E. Ash CPA Kevin G. Bush

Shari L. Reid

CPA CPA CPA

Members of Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Members of Private Companies Practice Section, Division for CPA Firms

CPA

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tallapoosa, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallapoosa, Georgia, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Tallapoosa Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of City of Tallapoosa, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Tallapoosa, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Tallapoosa, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions, was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 21, 2013

Sanett, Shomas & Fazio, F.C.