

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COLQUITT, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

		<u>Page</u>
	SECTION I	
	FINANCIAL	
INDEPE	ENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
EXHIBI	TS	
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
А В	GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	1 2
С	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
D	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	5
Е	STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	5
F	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND	6
G	BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	7
Н	FIDUCIARY FUNDS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8 10
SCHED	ULES	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
1		22
2	TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	33
3	PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY	34
4	SCHOOL OPEB FUND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	35 36
5	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - SCHOOL OPEB FUND	37
6	NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	38
7	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
	GENERAL FUND	39



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

		<u>Page</u>
	SECTION I	
	FINANCIAL	
SCHEDU	JLES	
	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
8	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	40
9 10	SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS	41 43
	SECTION II	
	COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS	
AND ON	NDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL ENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <i>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</i>	
	NDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AN AL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	D ON
	SECTION III	
	AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
SUMMAI	RY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
	SECTION IV	
	FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
SCHEDU	ILE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
	SECTION V	
	MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS	

SCHEDULE OF MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION



SECTION I

FINANCIAL



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

September 11, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Miller County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Miller County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also



includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2018, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. The School District restated beginning net postion for the effect of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 11, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lluff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor







MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 4,223,419.22 142,890.54
Receivables, Net Taxes State Government Federal Government	508,697.83 780,755.61 147,686.25
Other Inventories Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	39.59 7,260.80 1,058,171.95 20,444,514.97
Total Assets	27,313,436.76
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan Related to OPEB Plan	1,499,602.00 349,935.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,849,537.00
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits and Unearned Revenues Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Long-Term Liabilities	249,504.15 983,050.52 78,215.63 77,220.00 8,200,581.00 9,771,466.00
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	520,000.00 4,192,900.00
Total Liabilities	24,072,937.30
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan Related to OPEB Plan	802,522.00 1,133,216.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,935,738.00
<u>NET POSITION</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for	16,967,314.00
Continuation of Federal Programs Debt Service Capital Projects Unrestricted (Deficit)	17,518.94 32,010.63 6,449.90 (13,868,995.01)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,154,298.46

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	6,391,570.19	\$ 35,022.07
Support Services			
Pupil Services		522,374.31	136,163.14
Improvement of Instructional Services		394,332.08	-
Educational Media Services		86,717.66	-
General Administration		541,872.95	-
School Administration		664,864.70	22,934.69
Business Administration		233,824.10	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,009,734.20	2,065.15
Student Transportation Services		774,223.97	-
Other Support Services		58,400.08	-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Food Services		813,040.45	43,298.43
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	-	200,060.35	<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,691,015.04	\$ 239,483.48

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

For Debt Services

Railroad Cars

Sales Taxes

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Debt Services

For Capital Projects

Other Sales Tax

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Special Items

Sale of Land and Building

Total General Revenues and Special Items

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)

Net Position - End of Year

3,154,298.46

	PROGRAM REVENUE	S	CARITAL		NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING GRANTS AND		CAPITAL GRANTS AND		REVENUES AND CHANGES IN
-	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS	_	NET POSITION
\$	5,082,494.74	\$	-	\$	(1,274,053.38)
	323,876.93		-		(62,334.24)
	403,219.85		-		8,887.77
	121,396.00		-		34,678.34
	279,718.02		-		(262,154.93)
	371,221.84		-		(270,708.17)
	120,634.53		-		(113,189.57)
	304,491.86		-		(703,177.19)
	325,965.75		77,319.58		(370,938.64)
	-		27,579.95		(30,820.13)
	746,775.77		-		(22,966.25)
-	-	-	-	_	(200,060.35)
\$	8,079,795.29	\$	104,899.53	_	(3,266,836.74)
					3,998,221.10 138,649.11 15,327.81 468,945.92
					51,034.31
					23,873.08
					514,882.00
					6,474.77
					90,869.88
				_	(180,862.91)
				_	5,127,415.07
					1,860,578.33
				-	1,293,720.13

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net	\$	4,175,761.27 \$ 142,890.54	48,626.31 \$	- \$	4,224,387.58 142,890.54
Taxes State Government Federal Government		439,679.62 780,755.61 147,686.25	50,697.87 - -	18,320.34 - -	508,697.83 780,755.61 147,686.25
Other Inventories	_	39.59 7,260.80	-	<u>-</u>	39.59 7,260.80
Total Assets	\$_	5,694,073.68	99,324.18 \$	18,320.34 \$	5,811,718.20
LIABILITIES					
Cash Overdraft Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Deposits and Unearned Revenue	\$	- \$ 249,504.15 983,050.52 77,220.00	; - \$ - -	968.36 \$ - - -	968.36 249,504.15 983,050.52 77,220.00
Total Liabilities	_	1,309,774.67	-	968.36	1,310,743.03
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	350,383.40		16,367.51	366,750.91
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		7,260.80 10,258.14 62,648.68 3,953,747.99	99,324.18 - -	- 984.47 - -	7,260.80 110,566.79 62,648.68 3,953,747.99
Total Fund Balances	_	4,033,915.61	99,324.18	984.47	4,134,224.26
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	5,694,073.68	99,324.18	18,320.34 \$	5,811,718.20

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")

\$ 4,134,224.26

21,502,686.92

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

 Land
 \$ 1,058,171.95

 Buildings and improvements
 24,706,875.75

 Equipment
 3,773,405.52

 Land improvements
 632,486.65

 Accumulated depreciation
 (8,668,252.95)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,

therefore, are not reported in the funds.

 Net pension liability
 \$ (8,200,581.00)

 Net OPEB liability
 (9,771,466.00)
 (17,972,047.00)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

 Related to pensions
 \$ 697,080.00

 Related to OPEB
 (783,281.00)
 (86,201.00)

Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 366,750.91

Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

 Bonds payable
 \$ (4,635,000.00)

 Accrued interest payable
 (78,215.63)

 Promissory note payable
 (77,900.00)
 (4,791,115.63)

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A") \$ 3,154,298.46

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$	3,719,797.26 \$ 23,088.96 6,655,979.96 2,016,184.91 239,483.48 3,079.92 90,869.88	51,034.31 - - - 3,026.71	122,859.88 \$ 469,730.04	3,842,657.14 543,853.31 6,655,979.96 2,016,184.91 239,483.48 6,474.77 90,869.88
Total Revenues	_	12,748,484.37	54,061.02	592,958.06	13,395,503.45
EXPENDITURES					
Current Instruction		5,873,377.71	-	-	5,873,377.71
Support Services Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services		525,318.58 394,860.35	-	- -	525,318.58 394,860.35
Educational Media Services General Administration School Administration		87,041.39 544,333.11 666,119.32	- - -	- - -	87,041.39 544,333.11 666,119.32
Business Administration Maintenance and Operation of Plant Student Transportation Services		232,370.57 999,474.35 783,383.13	- - -	- - -	232,370.57 999,474.35 783,383.13
Other Support Services Food Services Operation Debt Services		2,592.91 777,335.02	-	-	2,592.91 777,335.02
Principal Dues and Fees Interest	_	29,234.96 - 272.72	- - -	485,000.00 612.00 207,360.00	514,234.96 612.00 207,632.72
Total Expenditures	_	10,915,714.12	<u> </u>	692,972.00	11,608,686.12
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	1,832,770.25	54,061.02	(100,013.94)	1,786,817.33
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers Out	-	(93,771.00)	<u> </u>	93,771.00	93,771.00 (93,771.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(93,771.00)		93,771.00	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,738,999.25	54,061.02	(6,242.94)	1,786,817.33
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	2,294,916.36	45,263.16	7,227.41	2,347,406.93
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u></u>	4,033,915.61 \$	99,324.18 \$	984.47 \$	4,134,224.26

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")

\$ 1,786,817.33

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 91,804.65 (641,338.24)	(549,533.59)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.		(184,035.17)
Capital assets purchased with Universal Service Fund (e-rate) proceeds are not reported in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the e-rate proceeds are shown as capital grants and		
contributions.		27,579.95
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		309,540.88
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Bond principal retirements	\$ 485,000.00	
Capital lease payments Promissory note payments	 14,234.96 15,000.00	514,234.96
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$ 98,819.60 (151,030.00)	(52,210.40)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")

Accrued interest on issuance of bonds

governmental funds.

1,860,578.33

8,184.37

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	-	AGENCY FUNDS
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Other	\$ -	47,937.31 10,054.54
Total Assets	\$	57,991.85
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Funds Held for Others	\$_	57,991.85



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Miller County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- Restricted net position consists of resources for which the School District is legally or
 contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third
 parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all
 financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the School District's financial statements. As noted in the Restatement of Net Position note disclosure, the School District restated beginning net position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
	Policy		Useful Life
Land		Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	5,000.00	15 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvement	\$	5,000.00	up to 80 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	5 to 30 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	5 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Miller County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2017 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 24, 2017 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2017. Taxes were due on December 20, 2017 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2017 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2018. The Miller County Board of Commissioners bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$3,528,840.48 and for school bonds amounted to \$122,859.88.

Tax millage rates levied for the 2017 tax year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 19.656 mills
School Bonds 0.668 mills

20.324 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$175,628.97 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$519,980.23 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,

- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$4,414,247.07, and a bank balance of \$4,509,217.24. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$751,320.15 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$461,567.51.

At June 30, 2018, \$3,296,329.58 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized \$
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging

financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name

3,296,329.58

Total \$ 3,296,329.58

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents

Statement of Net Position \$ 4,223,419.22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position \$ 47,937.31

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,271,356.53

Add:

Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments 142,890.54

Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2018 \$ 4,414,247.07

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	_	Balances July 1, 2017		Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$_	1,113,024.39	\$	\$	54,852.44 \$	1,058,171.95
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements		25,570,332.15		-	863,456.40	24,706,875.75
Equipment		3,654,020.92		119,384.60	-	3,773,405.52
Land Improvements		632,486.65		-	-	632,486.65
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements		5,660,007.18		442,974.48	734,273.67	5,368,707.99
Equipment		2,533,980.21		192,686.74	-	2,726,666.95
Land Improvements	_	567,200.99		5,677.02	<u> </u>	572,878.01
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	-	21,095,651.34		(521,953.64)	129,182.73	20,444,514.97
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	22,208,675.73	\$	(521,953.64) \$	184,035.17 \$	21,502,686.92
Current year depreciation expense by	fun	ction is as follow	vs:			
Instruction Support Services				\$	521,847.94	
Maintenance and Operation	n of	Plant \$		1,896.10		
Student Transportation Sen			5	9,459.38		
Other Support Services	7100.	,		0,409.46	91,764.94	
Food Services					27,725.36	
1 000 Services					21,120.30	_
				\$	641,338.24	

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	-	Transfers From
Transfers to		General Fund
Debt Service Fund	\$	93,771.00

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the debt service fund to meet debt service payment requirements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	_	Balance						Balance		Due Within One
		July 1, 2017		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2018	_	Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$	5,120,000.00	\$	-	\$	485,000.00	\$	4,635,000.00	\$	505,000.00
Promissory Notes		92,900.00		-		15,000.00		77,900.00		15,000.00
Capital Leases		14,234.96		-		14,234.96		-		-
	\$_	5,227,134.96	\$	-	_\$_	514,234.96	\$	4,712,900.00	\$	520,000.00

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property and sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$3,600,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest						Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	_	Outstanding
General Government - Series 2006	4.05%	6/8/2006	2/1/2026	\$_	9,100,000.00	\$_	4,635,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	General Obligation Debt					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Interest			
2019	\$ 505,000.00	\$	187,717.50			
2020	525,000.00		167,265.00			
2021	545,000.00		146,002.50			
2022	565,000.00		123,930.00			
2023	590,000.00		101,047.50			
2024 - 2026	1,905,000.00		156,330.00			
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 4,635,000.00	\$	882,292.50			

PROMISSORY NOTES

The School District has entered into a lending agreement with Three Notch Electric Membership Corporation. The debt currently outstanding, associated with this agreement is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	_	Amount Outstanding
Improvements to Baseball and Softball Fields and Construction of a Concession Building	0.00%	2/25/2014	3/1/2024	\$_	150,000.00	\$_	77,900.00

The following is a schedule of total promissory note payments:

		Promissory Note				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest		
	_					
2019	\$	15,000.00	\$	-		
2020		15,000.00		-		
2021		15,000.00		-		
2022		15,000.00		-		
2023		15,000.00		-		
2024	_	2,900.00				
Total Principal and Interest	\$	77,900.00	\$	-		

CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired technology equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The following assets were acquired through capital leases and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

		Governmental
		Activities
	•	
Equipment	\$	91,915.53
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		91,915.53
	\$	-

Capital leases were paid in full as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District carries commercial insurance for risk of loss associated with assets (vehicles only). Settled claims resulting from this insured risk has not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including

coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 110% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. There have been no claims incurred in the past two years.

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2018:

Nonspendable Inventories Restricted			\$	7,260.80
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	10,258.14		
Capital Projects		6,449.90		
Debt Service		93,858.75	_	110,566.79
Assigned	_		_	
School Activity Accounts				62,648.68
Unassigned				3,953,747.99
Fund Balance, June 30, 2018			\$	4,134,224.26

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 10% of revenues, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases copiers under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases(s) totaled \$20,340.00 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2018:

	(Governmental
Year Ending		Funds
2019	\$ _	6,780.00

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$347,077.00 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$9,771,466.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District's proportion was .069548%, which was an decrease of 0.003098% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$498,107.00. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB			
	•	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	744,073.00	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		2,858.00		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		389,143.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		347,077.00			
Total	\$	349,935.00	\$	1,133,216.00	

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$347,077.00 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB		
	_		
2019	\$	(203,101.00)	
2020	\$	(203,101.00)	
2021	\$	(203,101.00)	
2022	\$	(203,101.00)	
2023	\$	(203,815.00)	
2024	\$	(114,139.00)	

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%				
Salary increases					
ERS	3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation				
JRS	4.50%, including inflation				
LRS	None				
TRS	3.25-9.00%, including inflation				
PSERS	N/A				
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including				
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation				
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%				
Medicare Eligible	5.75%				
Ultimate trend rate					
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%				
Medicare Eligible	5.00%				
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022				

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For ERS, JRS and LRS members: The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan

members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change of assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation. In addition, the discount rate increased from 3.07% to 3.58%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Local Government Investment Pool	100.00%	1.13%

^{*} Rate shown is net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(2.58%)		(3.58%)	_	(4.58%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,601,866.00	\$	9,771,466.00	\$	8,326,911.00

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare				
		1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,099,432.00	\$	9,771,466.00	\$	11,948,452.00

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$875,871.00 from the School District.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$27,332.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$8,200,581.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.044124%, which was a decrease of 0.001792% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$134,781.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of \$776,757.00 for TRS and \$27,164.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$27,164.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS				
	Deferred Defer			Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	306,752.00	\$	30,948.00	
Changes of assumptions		179,767.00		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		56,434.00	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		137,212.00		715,140.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	875,871.00			
Total	\$	1,499,602.00	\$	802,522.00	

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$875,871.00 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS		
2019	\$	(174,719.00)	
2020	\$	275,679.00	
2021	\$	20,753.00	
2022	\$	(299,392.00)	
2023	\$	(1,112.00)	

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% - 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inflation} & 2.75\% \\ \text{Salary increases} & \text{N/A} \end{array}$

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	TRS Target	PSERS Target	Long-term expected real
Asset class	allocation	allocation	rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative	-	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
Teachers Retirement System:	_	(6.50%)	 Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$	13,458,116.00	\$ 8,200,581.00	\$ 3,869,554.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and https://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html.

NOTE 14: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2018, the School District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements", which require the restatement of the June 30, 2017, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at July 1, 2017 of \$10,403,717.00. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Net Position, July 1, 2017 as previously reported	\$ 11,697,437.13
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75: Net OPEB Liability (measurement date)	(10,766,344.00)
Deferred Outflows - School District's Contributions made during fiscal year 2017	362,627.00
Net Position, July 1, 2017, as restated	\$ 1,293,720.13

NOTE 15: SPECIAL ITEMS

The School District sold a vacant building and associated land, referred to as the old Elementary School, and another parcel of land, referred to as the old Bus Shop, at a combined net loss of \$180,862.91. The land had been acquired in 1931 and 1953 respectively, and the most recent renovation to the building had occurred in 1990. The activity has been reported as a special item on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 16: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year under review, the School District conducted business with one related party, City of Colquitt. The Superintendent of the Miller County Board of Education is also the Mayor of the City of Colquitt. Current year expenditures for City of Colquitt for utilities totaled \$45,277.46. In addition, the School District conveyed real property known as the old elementary school to the City of Colquitt through an intergovernmental transfer for the nominal consideration of \$10.00 and the bus shop for the consideration of \$20,000.00. The net value of these assets are estimated at \$129,182.74 and \$51,680.17, respectively.



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	prop	School District's portionate share of net pension liability	pro the as	tate of Georgia's portionate share of net pension liability sociated with the School District		Total	School District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.044124%	\$	8,200,581.00	\$	- \$;	8,200,581.00	\$ 5,068,573.26	161.79%	79.33%
2017	0.045916%	\$	9,472,983.00	\$	- \$;	9,472,983.00	\$ 5,029,154.41	188.36%	76.06%
2016	0.050468%	\$	7,683,252.00	\$	- \$;	7,683,252.00	\$ 5,321,369.18	144.38%	81.44%
2015	0.049712%	\$	6,280,455.00	\$	- \$;	6,280,455.00	\$ 5,071,601.30	123.84%	84.03%

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	pro	chool District's portionate share the net pension liability	prop n	State of Georgia's ortionate share of the et pension liability ciated with the School District			chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	134,781.00	\$	134,781.00	\$ 340,578.13	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	183,834.00	\$	183,834.00	\$ 368,655.41	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	121,368.00	\$	121,368.00	\$ 387,890.43	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	107,832.00	\$	107,832.00	\$ 373,761.38	N/A	88.29%

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	prop	School District's portionate share of net OPEB liability	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	Total	School District's evered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2018	0.069548%	\$	9,771,466.00	\$ -	\$ 9,771,466.00	\$ 4,505,198.27	N/A	1.61%

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	ractually required contribution	outions in relation to ntractually required contribution	Conti	ribution deficiency (excess)	chool District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2018	\$ 875,871.00	\$ 875,871.00	\$	-	\$ 5,210,419.42	16.81%	
2017	\$ 723,285.40	\$ 723,285.40	\$	-	\$ 5,068,573.26	14.27%	
2016	\$ 717,660.33	\$ 717,660.33	\$	-	\$ 5,029,154.41	14.27%	
2015	\$ 699,760.06	\$ 699,760.06	\$	-	\$ 5,321,369.18	13.15%	

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Cont	ractually required contribution	ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Cont	ribution deficiency (excess)	School District's evered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2018	\$	347,077.00	\$ -	\$	347,077.00	\$ 4,534,794.59	7.65%

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: In June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes in assumptions: In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location. Additionally, there were changes to the discount rate and an increase in the investment rate of return due to a longer-term investment strategy.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		NONAPPROPE	RIATE	D BUDGETS		ACTUAL		VARIANCE
	_	ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)		AMOUNTS		OVER/UNDER
			_		_		_	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	3,584,159.00	\$	3,584,159.00	\$	3,719,797.26	\$	135,638.26
Sales Taxes		-		-		23,088.96		23,088.96
State Funds		6,490,304.00		6,492,836.00		6,655,979.96		163,143.96
Federal Funds		1,966,689.00		1,966,689.00		2,016,184.91		49,495.91
Charges for Services		37,000.00		37,000.00		239,483.48		202,483.48
Investment Earnings		1,500.00		1,500.00		3,079.92		1,579.92
Miscellaneous	_	1,700.00	_	1,700.00	_	90,869.88	_	89,169.88
Total Revenues	_	12,081,352.00	_	12,083,884.00	_	12,748,484.37	_	664,600.37
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		6,390,171.94		6,559,826.10		5,873,377.71		686,448.39
Support Services								
Pupil Services		375,667.10		451,442.10		525,318.58		(73,876.48)
Improvement of Instructional Services		441,107.00		472,865.00		394,860.35		78,004.65
Educational Media Services		116,381.00		116,381.00		87,041.39		29,339.61
General Administration		577,873.00		578,697.00		544,333.11		34,363.89
School Administration		712,977.00		712,977.00		666,119.32		46,857.68
Business Administration		271,137.00		268,984.00		232,370.57		36,613.43
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,279,037.00		1,278,619.02		999,474.35		279,144.67
Student Transportation Services		764,260.00		774,336.72		783,383.13		(9,046.41)
Other Support Services		105,838.00		63,798.00		2,592.91		61,205.09
Food Services Operation		695,900.00		695,900.00		777,335.02		(81,435.02)
Capital Outlay		10,000.00		10,000.00		· <u>-</u>		10,000.00
Debt Service	_	-	_	<u> </u>	_	29,507.68	_	(29,507.68)
Total Expenditures	_	11,740,349.04	_	11,983,825.94	_	10,915,714.12	_	1,068,111.82
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		341,002.96		100,058.06		1,832,770.25		1,732,712.19
OTHER FINANCING								
Other Uses	_	-	_	-		(93,771.00)	_	(93,771.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances		341,002.96		100,058.06		1,738,999.25		1,638,941.19
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,184,309.08		2,184,309.08		2,294,916.36		110,607.28
Adjustments	_	8,525.58	_	(91,958.22)	_	-	_	91,958.22
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	2,533,837.62	\$_	2,192,408.92	\$_	4,033,915.61	\$_	1,841,506.69

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$205,739.33 and \$189,709.93, respectively.

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		PASS- THROUGH ENTITY	
FUNDING AGENCY	CFDA	ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099 \$	194,045.42
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	532,816.33
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			726,861.75
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	4999221	28,807.07
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			755,668.82
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	86,875.29
Grants to States	84.027	H027A170073	154,833.67
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170081	143.14
Total Special Education Cluster			241,852.10
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010	13,604.57
Rural Education	84.358	S358B160010	8,768.60
Rural Education	84.358	S365B170010	13,988.90
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011	10,245.16
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	55,813.89
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	14,928.47
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	174,627.77
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010	433,500.73
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	S287C160010	26,416.00
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	S287C170010	254,663.60
Total Other Programs			1,006,557.69
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,248,409.79
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	2,004,078.61

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Miller County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

	GOVERNMENT FUND TYPE
	GENERAL
NCY/FUNDING	FUND
RANTS	
Bright From the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 234,831.
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	267,776.
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	92,829.
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	608,908.
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	181,224
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	302,213.
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	183,526.
Middle School (6-8) Program	455,297.
High School General Education (9-12) Program	468,708.
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	182,565.
Students with Disabilities	1,040,984.
Gifted Student - Category VI	286,596.
Remedial Education Program	101,980.
Alternative Education Program	40,709.
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	27,853.
Media Center Program	105,441.
20 Days Additional Instruction	30,357.
Staff and Professional Development	20,080
Principal Staff and Professional Development	793.
Indirect Cost	
Central Administration	351,332.
School Administration	320,968.
Facility Maintenance and Operations	245,481.
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	37,703.
Amended Formula Adjustment	(88,200.
Categorical Grants	, ,
Pupil Transportation	
Regular	234,803.
Nursing Services	45,000.
Sparsity	106,689.
Education Equalization Funding Grant	514,882
Other State Programs	014,002.
Food Services	17,546.
	•
Math and Science Supplements	11,720.
Preschool Disability Services	35,547.
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds Vocational Education	77,319. 85,186.
Office of the Chate Transporter	
Office of the State Treasurer Public School Employees Retirement	27,332.
r doile Seriour Employees neurement	

\$ 6,655,979.96



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PROJECT	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
Payment of and retirement of previously incurred General obligation Debt used to construct and acquire a new school facility, acquiring, constructing and equipping new school facilities, to include a new school for Kindergarten through grade 12;	\$	3,500,000.00 \$	3,500,000.00 \$	692,972.00 \$	1,396,819.50 \$	- \$	-	June 2020
constructing infrastructure to provide access and services to the new school facilities;		-	-	-	-	-	-	June 2020
renovations and improvements to facilities throughout the School District;		-	-	-	-	-	-	June 2020
transporation and maintenance facilities;		-	-	-	-	-	-	June 2020
physical education and athletic facilities;		-	-	-	-	-	-	June 2020
technology upgrades;		-	-	-	-	-	-	June 2020
and related educational facilities useful or desirable in connection with the foregoing.	-	- -	<u>-</u>	 -	<u>-</u>	-	-	June 2020
	\$	3,500,000.00 \$	3,500,000.00 \$	692,972.00 \$	1,396,819.50 \$	- 4	; <u>-</u>	

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Miller County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.



SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS





270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

September 11, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Miller County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Miller County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Huff.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

September 11, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Miller County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Miller County Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2018-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2018-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



The School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thiff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.



SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?

No

Significant deficiency identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

No

Significant deficiency identified?

Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

10.553, 10.555

Child Nutrition Cluster

84.010

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2018-001 Excessive Cash Balances
Compliance Requirement: Cash Management
Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies

Federal Award Numbers: S010A160010, S010A170010

Questioned Costs: None Identified

Description:

The School District made cash drawdowns in excess of immediate cash needs for the Title I program.

Criteria:

2 CFR 200.305(b) states, "For non-Federal entities other than states, payment methods must minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds from...the pass-through entity and the disbursement by the non-Federal entity". In addition, 2 CFR 200.302(b)(6) requires that the entity development written cash management procedures.

Condition:

Upon review of cash drawdowns and disbursements related to the Title I program, excessive cash balances were noted for 106 days in the fiscal year.

Cause:

In discussing the deficiency with management, they indicated that the duplication of accruals on the prior year completion report and a calculation error caused overpayments in two reimbursement requests and the resulting excessive cash balances.

Effect or Potential Effect:

The School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and Georgia Department of Education guidance. In addition, the School District could potentially accrue a Federal interest liability that would be owed to the Federal government.

Recommendation:

The School District should develop and implement procedures to accurately forecast the cash needs of the Title I program and minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds from the Georgia Department of Education and disbursements of such funds by the School District. These procedures should be documented in accordance with 2 CFR 200.302(b)(6). In addition, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that these procedures are followed.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

SECTION V MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION



Miller County Board of Education

Vic Fleet, Board Chair Rick Little, Vice-Chair Mr. Shane Miller, Superintendent Sheila Allen Leroy Bush Jarrott Mock

96 Perry Street Colquitt, GA 39837 Phone: (229) 758-5592 Fax: (229) 758-3255

MILLER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SCHEDULE OF MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

FA 2018-001

Excessive Cash Balance

Compliance Requirement:

Cash Management

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Compliance Impact:

U.S. Department of Education

Federal Awarding Agency: Pass-Through Entity:

Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title:

CFDA 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies

Federal Award Number:

S010A160010, S010A170010

Questioned Costs:

None Identified

The School District made cash drawdowns in excess of immediate cash needs for the Title I program.

Corrective Action Plans:

The School District has put in place procedures and documentation in order to prevent the System Bookkeeper from drawing down excessive funds in any Federal Program. During the monthly drawdown process, the Federal Programs Director and the Finance Director, as well as the Superintendent will verify and sign-off on any expenditures claimed for reimbursement before the actual drawdown occurs.

Estimated Completion Date: July 1, 2019

Contact Person: Cindy Spears, Finance Director

Telephone: 229-758-5592, ext. 5006 E-mail: cspears@miller.k12.ga.us

Superintendent's Signature

Date

8-15-19