# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by:

Derrick L. Brown Chief Financial Officer

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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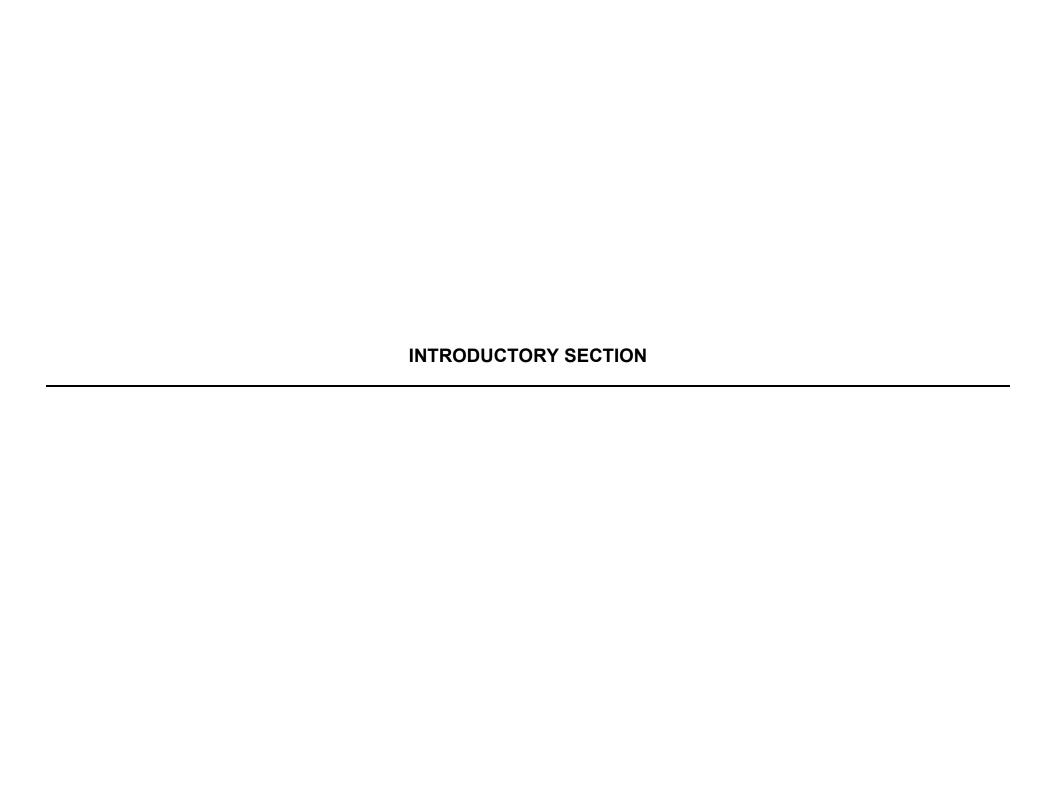
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City of Albany
Post Office Box 447
Albany, Georgia
31702-0447

December 28, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

I am pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Finance Department is responsible for preparing this report. Management is responsible for the content of the report, accuracy of the presented data, and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects. This belief is based on a comprehensive system of internal controls for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable, rather that absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Therefore, it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A will complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

Situated in the Plantation Trace region, Albany is the primary trade center for Southwest Georgia. It is the county seat for Dougherty County, Georgia. Incorporated in 1853, the City lies at the head of the Flint River, 182 miles south of Atlanta and 95 miles north of Tallahassee, Florida. The City was laid out in 1836 by Alexander Shotwell and named for Albany, New York. As of the 2021 Census projections, the population of Albany was estimated at 69,952.<sup>1</sup>

The City has developed a diversified industrial economy, which includes companies such as Proctor & Gamble, MolsonCoors, Coats & Clark, Tara Foods, and Mars Chocolate North America. Also, the Marine Corps Logistics Base ("MCLB") has established itself as a leader in the adoption of private sector business strategies to accomplish its mission. The chief farm products are cotton, peanuts, corn, and tobacco, and to a lesser extent, paper-shell pecans and forest products.

The City was originally incorporated by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia on December 27, 1838 and has operated under the Commission-Manager form of government since January 14, 1924. The seven-member commission consists of a Mayor elected at large and six Commissioners elected on a ward basis. The Commission appoints the City Manager, City Clerk, Assistant City Clerk, City Attorney, Assistant City Attorney, Municipal Court Judge, City Solicitor, and Public Defender. The City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer charged with the enforcement of the laws and ordinances passed by the Commission. The Commission also appoints members to various Boards, Authorities and other Commissions.

This report includes all funds and account groups of the primary government (the "City of Albany"), as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Chehaw Park Authority is an independent entity whose financial stability relates to the City's financial health and, accordingly, it has been included as part of the City's reporting entity. The Albany Utility Board provides oversight and recommendations for utility services including solid waste, sanitary sewers, storm water, water, gas, light and telecommunications. The City also provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, road maintenance, streets, recreational activities, and cultural events. In addition to these general governmental activities, the City has a transit system, cemetery, airport, civic center, municipal auditorium, and golf course.

<sup>1</sup>Source: Census Bureau (www.census.gov)

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The City of Albany serves as the distribution, retail and wholesale trade, communication, and medical center for southwest Georgia, a seven-county area. The City of Albany is served by 14 public elementary schools, 7 public secondary schools, 1 career academy, 1 public alternative school, and several private schools.<sup>2</sup> The City also offers a range of post-secondary education and adult-learning opportunities:

- 1. Albany State University is a proud member institution of the University System of Georgia, offering a broad array of graduate, baccalaureate, associate, and specialist programs at its main campuses in Albany as well as strategically placed branch sites and online. The university prepares students to be effective contributors to a globally diverse society, where knowledge and technology create opportunities for personal and professional success.<sup>2</sup>
- 2. Albany Technical College is a unit of the Technical College System of Georgia, offering technical certificates of credit, diplomas and associate degrees to students who meet program completion criteria. The college is committed to providing higher education and life-long learning opportunities that promote self-sufficiency, economic development, and community growth and sustainability.<sup>2</sup>
- 3. Turner Job Corps Center serves the City of Albany as a tuition-free education and career technical training program to teach eligible young people the skills they need to become employable and independent and place them in meaningful jobs or further education.<sup>3</sup>

The lingering effects of COVID-19 have slowly begun to relinquish its grasp on the economy in the City of Albany. The ongoing construction of the Outdoor Network expansion, a \$22 million capital investment with 92 new jobs, is one example. The construction and opening of a Love's Truck Stop is another. The City also broke ground on two of its own projects in recent months: a new transit center, with a cost of \$13.6 million, and a new general aviation terminal and corporate hangar at a cost of \$15.3 million. Downtown redevelopment continues to be a high priority. Planning and architectural work has resumed on a \$13.6 million boutique hotel project downtown, with construction to begin in early 2022. The completed development will create 43 jobs with an annual payroll impact of over \$2.1 million. White boxing activities and marketing of vacant buildings are underway to maximize the City's downtown development opportunities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Source: Albany Chamber of Commerce (www.albanyga.com)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Source: Turner Job Corps Center (www.turner.jobcorps.gov)

The City continues to work toward identifying and implementing innovative ways to continue the momentum for restoring the community's economic condition. To inspire economic growth, the City of Albany has an attractive public-private partnership program to promote the growth of new businesses in the area. The City's Long-Term Financial Planning Committee ("LTFPC") and the Albany-Dougherty Economic Development Commission ("EDC") work closely together to implement this program. Revolving Loan Funds and federal grants have also been established to further encourage growth.

#### FIVE-YEAR STRATEGIC AND FINANCIAL PLAN

The City of Albany is committed to continually improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the organization. Strategic Planning includes developing a vision and mission, identifying the organization's external opportunities and threats, determining internal strengths and weaknesses, establishing both long-term and annual objectives, and choosing strategies to pursue. This phase of strategic management is accomplished through the development of a strategic plan. The City has adopted the following vision and mission statements:

#### **Vision Statement**

The City of Albany is a collaborative regional leader delivering exceptional services and enhancing quality of life, while fostering an atmosphere where citizens and businesses can thrive.

#### **Mission Statement**

The City of Albany delivers fiscally responsible, highly dependable services to the citizens in the community and the region with integrity and professionalism.

The City Commission also outlined six priorities during its strategic plan update:

- Safe, Sustainable and Business Friendly
- Economic Development and Jobs
- Infrastructure and Asset Management
- Fiscal Responsibility
- Effective and Excellent Service Delivery
- Promotion of the City of Albany as a great place to live, work and play

One of the practices that has continued from the past strategic plan is staff performance measurement. The City Manager, as well as senior management, believes that every employee should know how their employer rates their performance. The City also affirms that every employee should make a positive contribution to the organization. Each staff member's performance is documented and reviewed on an annual basis. The City is in the fourth year of its five-year strategic plan.

SPLOST V – The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement, and in November 2004, voters approved the referendum to continue the 1% SPLOST. The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between April 1, 2005 and March 31, 2011 was estimated to be \$108 million. Sixty-two percent, or \$65.9 million, of those funds was allocated for City administered projects and non-profit organizations. The City of Albany projects funded through SPLOST V included: \$6.7 million Civic Center debt retirement, \$2.5 million Civic Center infrastructure improvements, \$1.7 million airport improvements, \$6.6 million upgrade to the 800 MHz radio and tower, \$6.7 million for road improvements, \$3.4 million Public Safety equipment and training facility, \$5.1 million for the Recreation Master Plan and facility renovations, \$2.5 million traffic improvements and GIS aerial photography, and disparity study for \$350,000. Also included are projects for community organizations and other capital purchases and improvements: \$2 million to the Chehaw Wild Animal Park Authority, \$3.9 million for the Thronateeska Heritage Center improvements, \$4.0 million to the Albany Civil Rights Institute, and \$5.1 million for Riverfront Park. Most projects for this SPLOST series are complete. Therefore, spending should decrease until the end of this SPLOST series.

SPLOST VI – The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement, and in November 2010, voters approved the referendum to continue the 1% SPLOST. The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between April 1, 2011 and March 31, 2017 was estimated to be \$98 million. Sixty-four percent, or \$62.7 million, of those funds was to be used for City administered projects and non-profit organizations. The City of Albany projects to be funded through SPLOST VI included: \$4.3 million airport improvements, \$8.5 million sewer and stormwater improvements, \$13 million roadway and traffic improvements, \$1 million sidewalk replacements, \$3.2 million alley paving and improvements, \$11.9 million public safety equipment and upgrades, \$4.4 million transit improvements, and \$4.4 million recreational improvements. Also included are projects for community organizations and other capital purchases and improvements: \$2.1 million to the Chehaw Wild Animal Park Authority, \$2.1 million for the Thronateeska Heritage Center improvements, and \$3.3 million for the Senior Citizens Center.

SPLOST VII – The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement, and in November 2016, voters approved the referendum to continue the 1% SPLOST. The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between April 1, 2017 and March 31, 2023 is estimated to be \$92.5 million. Sixty-four percent, or \$59.2 million, of those funds are to be used for City administered projects and non-profit organizations. The City of Albany projects to be funded through SPLOST VII include: \$10 million street resurfacing, \$4.5 million alley paving, \$2.5 million sidewalks and streetscape, \$5.9 million sewer and stormwater improvements, \$6 million underground cable installation and street light upgrades, \$5.9 million public safety equipment and fire station, \$4.7 million recreational renovations, and \$4.8 million Aviation Terminal Building and Transportation Center. Also included are projects for community organizations and other capital purchases and improvements: \$1 million Chehaw Park Authority, \$650,000 Jefferson Street pool renovations, and \$425,00 for Thronateeska Heritage Center improvements.

Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("TSPLOST") – The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement, and in March 2019, voters approved the referendum to add the 1% TSPLOST. The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2024 is estimated to be \$80 million. Sixty-seven percent, or \$53.6 million, of those funds are to be used for City administered projects and non-profit organizations. The City of Albany projects to be funded through TSPLOST include: \$20.9 million roadway improvements, \$5 million sidewalk installation, \$5 million alley paving, \$4.2 million multi-purpose trails, \$3.5 million airport improvements, \$700 thousand unpaved streets, \$265 thousand railroad crossing improvements, \$5 million intersection improvements, \$2.3 million roadway widening, \$500 thousand traffic calming devices, \$4.7 million traffic signals and pedestrian upgrades, \$550 thousand Traffic Control Center upgrades, and \$1 million downtown sidewalk improvements.

Total revenue generated in fiscal year 2021 for SPLOST programs was \$11.9 million with expenditures totaling \$12.0 million.

Total revenue generated in fiscal year 2021 for TSPLOST programs was \$11.0 million with expenditures totaling \$3.2 million.

A complete list of the projects and further details regarding the programs are available at www.albanyga.gov.

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

### **BUDGETARY CONTROL**

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objectives of which are to ensure compliance with Georgia law and administrative policy embodied in the annual appropriated budget duly approved by the City Commission in June of each year. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Proprietary Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Long-range capital projects funded by SPLOST are included in the formal operating budget. Encumbrance accounting is used to maintain adequate cost controls, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded.

#### **CASH MANAGEMENT**

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in interest-bearing demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and U.S. Government securities with the assistance of board-approved, certified investment advisors. All investments are collateralized as required by law. The Pension Fund assets are invested in common stocks, corporate bonds, and U.S. Government securities. The City's investments, exclusive of the Pension Fund investments, are classified in the categories of lower credit risk as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and as required by the State of Georgia. All the Pension Fund investments are held in the name of the City's agents for the beneficial ownership of the City of Albany's Pension Plan.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Henry Gortatowsky willed to the City various properties from his estate in 1996. The funds remaining in the trust will go towards maintenance of these properties. The financial activity related to the Gortatowsky trust is reported as a special revenue fund.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with governmental financial reporting guidelines issued by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") and generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. The City requires an annual audit of all financial records and transactions of the City by an independent certified public accountant selected by the City's Mayor and Board of Commissioners. The accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC and their report on the basic financial statements and combined and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can also be found in this report.

## **AWARDS**

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Albany, Georgia for its annual comprehensive financial reports for 29 consecutive fiscal years from 1991 to 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such an annual comprehensive financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate award.

In addition, the City received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Award for the 29th consecutive year. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, an operations guide, a financial plan, and a communications device.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

We wish to acknowledge the accomplishments of the Finance Department staff in the preparation of this report. This document is the culmination of months of hard work and dedication. Additionally, we would like to thank all City departments for their positive attitudes toward budgetary responsibility, as well as other related entities who maintain the daily financial records upon which this report is based. Finally, we would like to thank the Mayor and Board of City Commissioners for their valuable contribution in its guidance of the fiscal affairs and support of the financial operations of the City.

Most of all, we thank the citizens of Albany for their trust, unselfish community involvement, and belief in making Albany a great place to live, work and play. The accomplishments in the face of unrelenting challenges prove that we are forging "a strong path forward".

Respectfully submitted,

Steven Carter, MBA, CGCIO

City Manager

Derrick L. Brown

Chief Financial Officer



# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Albany Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2021

# **ELECTED**

Bo Dorough At Large Mayor

Jon B. Howard Ward I Commissioner

Matt Fuller Ward II Mayor Pro Tem/Commissioner

BJ Fletcher Ward III Commissioner

Chad E. Warbington Ward IV Commissioner

Robert B. Langstaff, Jr. Ward V Commissioner

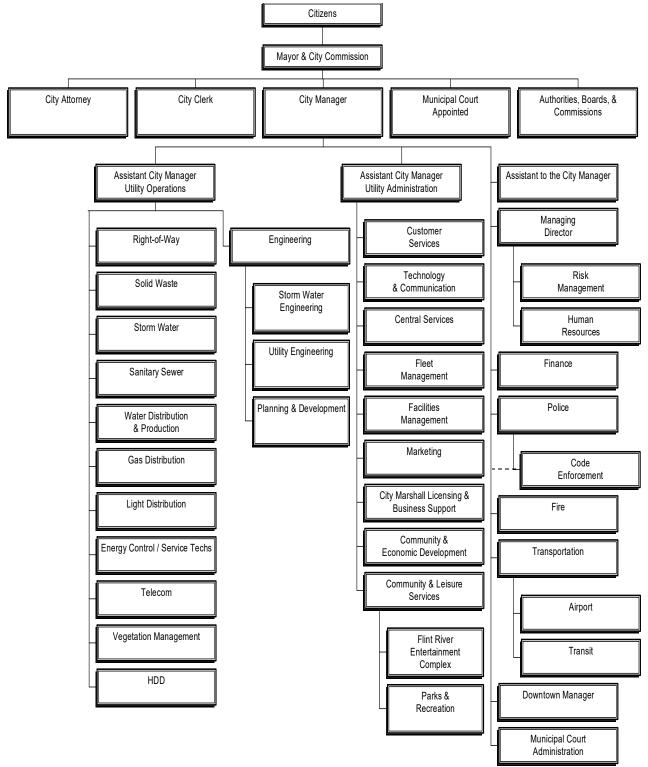
Demetrius Young Ward VI Commissioner

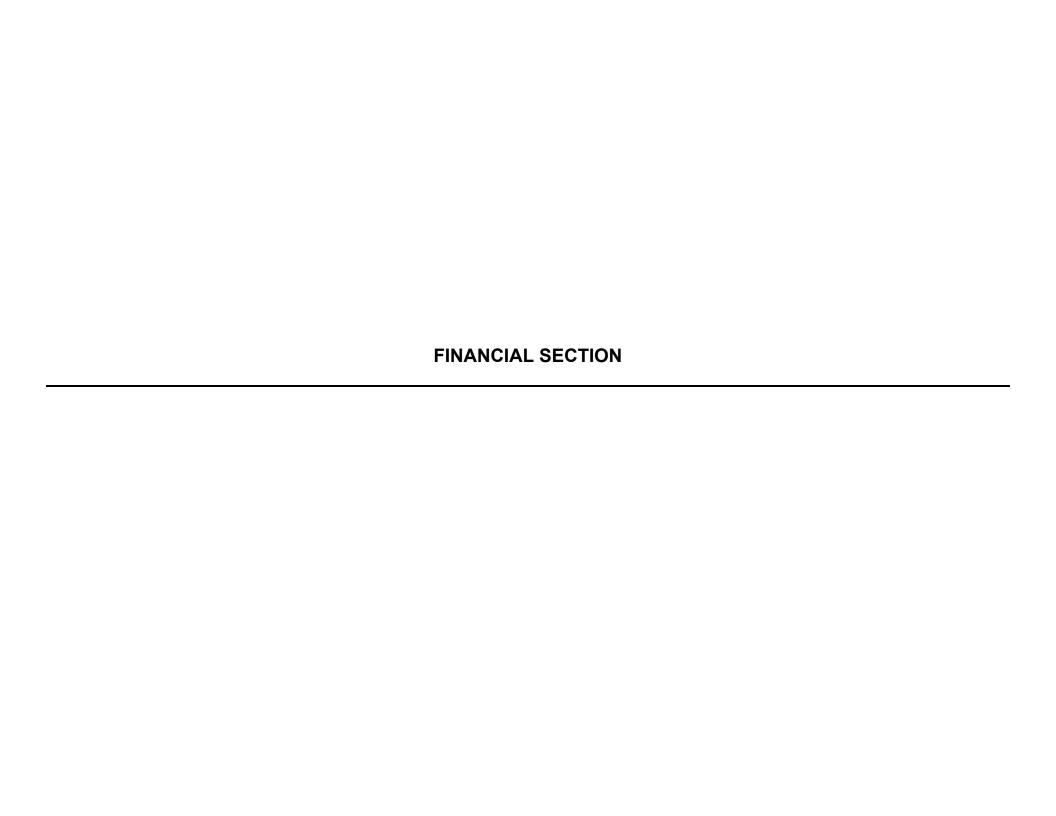
# **STAFF**

Steven Carter City Manager

Derrick L. Brown Chief Financial Officer









#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Albany**, **Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Albany, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albany, Georgia as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, the Community Development Fund, and the Job Investment Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") (on pages 5 – 25), the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Investment Returns, and the Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 105 – 108) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("TSPLOST") proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated §48-8-121, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of expenditures of SPLOST and TSPLOST proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of expenditures of SPLOST and TSPLOST proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 28, 2021

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City of Albany, Georgia's ("the City") Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to: (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity; (c) identify changes in the City's financial position; (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget); and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$412,707,125. Of this amount, \$66,882,814 (16.2%) represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the net position of the City's *business-type activities* was \$279,264,040. This represented an increase of \$20,568,924 (8.0%) over the prior year's net position for business-type activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the net position of the City's *governmental activities* was \$133,443,085. This represented an increase of \$6,427,635 (5.1%) from the prior year's net position for governmental activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

- □ The General Fund, the chief operating fund of the City, had a total fund balance of \$34,810,834 as of June 30, 2021. Of this amount, \$28,628,324 (82.2%) was unassigned.
- The General Fund had revenues of \$58,371,221 for the current fiscal year. Of this amount, \$17,242,515 (29.5%) was from property taxes, \$11,737,847 (20.1%) was from other taxes, and \$11,744,878 (20.1%) was from sales taxes.

### **Debt Obligations**

- □ Long-term debt obligations from primary governmental activities increased \$1,416,469 (1.2%) from \$117,495,900 at June 30, 2020, to \$118,912,369 at June 30, 2021.
- □ Long-term debt obligations from business type activities decreased \$9,159,729 (15.4%), from \$59,606,597 at June 30, 2020, to \$50,446,868 at June 30, 2021.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: (1) Government-wide financial statements; (2) Fund financial statements; and (3) Notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements**. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include sanitary sewer, solid waste, airport, water, gas, light, telecommunication, transit, stormwater, and Flint River Entertainment Complex. The government-wide statements split the internal service funds (workers' compensation, utility internal service fund, R3M fund, self-administered insurance fund, public employees' group health plan, and fleet management) into their share of functions in which they serve, either governmental or business-type.

Component units are included in the basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable and that have either the same governing board as the City or a governing board appointed by the City of Albany. The City has one discreetly presented component unit: the Chehaw Park Authority. This unit is excluded from any activities or amounts presented in the "Primary Government".

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26 – 30 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows* of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four major governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Development Fund, Job Investment Fund, and SPLOST Fund.

Other *nonmajor* governmental funds include: Nine Special Revenue Funds (Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Grant Fund, Downtown Development Authority, Computer Aided Dispatch, Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority, Gortatowsky Fund, and Tax Allocation District Fund); and two (2) of which are Capital Projects Funds (Public Improvement Fund and TSPLOST). Data on these nine nonmajor governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the nonmajor funds supplementary section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and enterprise funds. The report contains a "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget Basis and Actual" for the General and Major Special Revenue Funds. However, additional budget information on the nonmajor funds is contained in the supplementary information. Note that capital additions that are not a part of a separate fund are budgeted for in the General Fund.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 31 – 37 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for major proprietary funds: Sanitary Sewer, Stormwater, Airport, Water, Light, Gas, and Transit.

The City maintains nine nonmajor proprietary funds. Three of the nonmajor proprietary funds are enterprise funds (Flint River Entertainment Complex, Solid Waste, and Telecommunications). These three enterprise funds collectively are reflected as "Nonmajor Enterprise Funds" on the Proprietary Funds financial statements. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

The remaining six nonmajor proprietary funds are internal service funds (Self-Administered Insurance Fund, Public Employees' Group Health Plan ("PEGHP") Fund, Workers' Compensation Fund, R3M Fund, Utility Internal Service Fund, and the Fleet Management Fund). These six internal service funds collectively are reflected as "Internal Service Funds" on the Proprietary Funds financial statements. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Individual fund data for both the enterprise funds and the internal service funds is provided in the supplementary information section of this report.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found at pages 38 – 43 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds, which consist solely of trust and agency funds, are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are *not* available to support the City's operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Details of the City's Pension Fund, a fiduciary fund, can be found on pages 44 and 45 of the report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 46 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

A comparative analysis of government-wide information for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, are included in the MD&A.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$412,707,125 as of June 30, 2021.

As shown on Table 1, the largest portion of the City's net position, \$296.2 Million (71.8%), reflects its investment in capital assets less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position, \$49.6 Million (12.0%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The major restrictions on net position are funding source restrictions. The remaining balance of total net position of \$66.9 Million (16.2%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the finance-related legal requirements reflected in the City's fund structure.

At the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the City as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

TABLE 1

City of Albany
Statement of Net Position - Primary Government

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2020	
		<b>.</b>				<b>.</b>	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 152,557,842	\$ 140,478,130	\$ 134,045,111	\$ 106,040,821	\$ 286,602,953	\$ 246,518,951	
Capital Assets	113,053,063	110,464,239	219,458,034	222,671,219	332,511,097	333,135,458	
TOTAL ASSETS	265,610,905	250,942,369	353,503,145	328,712,040	619,114,050	579,654,409	
TOTAL DEFERED OUTFLOWS	14,036,556	14,130,276	4,434,118	7,082,001	18,470,674	21,212,277	
Current and Other Liabilities	69,082,683	18,331,384	29,726,193	23,044,933	98,808,876	41,376,317	
Long-term Liabilities	65,623,274	113,424,748	44,134,148	53,193,435	109,757,422	166,618,183	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	134,705,957	131,756,132	73,860,341	76,238,368	208,566,298	207,994,500	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	11,498,419	7,771,000	4,812,882	860,557	16,311,301	8,631,557	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	94,138,901	94,827,694	202,081,561	200,711,916	296,220,462	295,539,610	
Restricted	46,807,746	33,425,202	2,796,103	2,796,103	49,603,849	36,221,305	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,503,562)	(1,237,446)	74,386,376	55,187,097	66,882,814	53,949,651	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 133,443,085	\$ 127,015,450	\$ 279,264,040	\$ 258,695,116	\$ 412,707,125	\$ 385,710,566	
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In Table 1(a), the 2021 Statement of Net Position is compared to the results for the prior fiscal year. In Table 2(a), the 2020 and 2021 Statement of Activities for the primary government is compared. Revenues decreased by \$3.9 Million from 2020 to 2021, the total expenses for the same period decreased by \$1.5 Million.

TABLE 1 (a)

# City of Albany Comparison of Net Position for Primary Government Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020

	otal Primary Government FY 2021	otal Primary Sovernment FY 2020	Increase (Decrease)		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 286,602,953	\$ 246,518,951	\$	40,084,002	
Capital Assets	332,511,097	333,135,458		(624,361)	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 619,114,050	\$ 579,654,409	\$	39,459,641	
TOTAL DEFERED OUTFLOWS	\$ 18,470,674	\$ 21,212,277	\$	(2,741,603)	
Current and Other Liabilities	\$ 98,808,876	\$ 41,376,317	\$	57,432,559	
Long-term Liabilities	 109,757,422	 166,618,183		(56,860,761)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 208,566,298	\$ 207,994,500	\$	571,798	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$ 16,311,301	\$ 8,631,557	\$	7,679,744	
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 296,220,462	\$ 295,539,610	\$	680,852	
Restricted	49,603,849	36,221,305		13,382,544	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 66,882,814	 53,949,651		12,933,163	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 412,707,125	\$ 385,710,566	\$	26,996,559	

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government						
	FY 2021	FY 2020	Business-Type Activities FY 2021 FY 2020		FY 2021	FY 2020	
Revenues	F1 2021	1 1 2020	F1 2021	1 1 2020	F1 2021	1 1 2020	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 6,690,564	\$ 7,002,061	\$ 168,586,059	\$ 163,246,633	\$ 175,276,623	\$ 170,248,694	
Operating Grants and Contributions	17,352,634	12,891,508	5,212,868	6,053,256	22,565,502	18,944,764	
Capital Grants and Contributions	23,777,949	22,019,328	5,075,481	18,766,213	28,853,430	40,785,541	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	17,635,505	16,293,710	-	-	17,635,505	16,293,710	
Sales Taxes	11,033,618	10,982,040	-	-	11,033,618	10,982,040	
Other Taxes	13,819,254	12,997,922	-	-	13,819,254	12,997,922	
Investment Income	85,369	2,191,213	342,485	1,040,711	427,854	3,231,924	
Gain on Sale or Disposal							
of Capital Assets			219,335	267,586	219,335	267,586	
TOTAL REVENUES	90,394,893	84,377,782	179,436,228	189,374,399	269,831,121	273,752,181	
Expenses							
General Government	22,605,390	21,577,043	-	-	22,605,390	21,577,043	
Judicial	1,332,921	1,265,512	-	-	1,332,921	1,265,512	
Public Safety	45,934,096	38,635,968	-	-	45,934,096	38,635,968	
Public Works	10,061,742	12,068,924	-	-	10,061,742	12,068,924	
Parks and Recreation	8,562,860	7,718,895	-	-	8,562,860	7,718,895	
Community Development	7,396,675	6,487,192	-	-	7,396,675	6,487,192	
Community Service	454,521	482,403	-	-	454,521	482,403	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	664,294	572,980	-	-	664,294	572,980	
Sewer	-	-	12,821,898	15,126,247	12,821,898	15,126,247	
Solid Waste	-	-	9,592,518	10,393,972	9,592,518	10,393,972	
Airport	-	-	3,734,791	3,468,943	3,734,791	3,468,943	
Water	-	-	10,370,117	11,478,768	10,370,117	11,478,768	
Gas	-	-	12,967,660	12,362,981	12,967,660	12,362,981	
Light	-	-	78,586,950	84,723,184	78,586,950	84,723,184	
Telecommunications	-	-	3,110,467	3,300,730	3,110,467	3,300,730	
Transit	-	-	7,082,565	6,122,921	7,082,565	6,122,921	
Storm Water	-	-	4,749,578	5,642,321	4,749,578	5,642,321	
Civic Center			2,805,519	2,920,522	2,805,519	2,920,522	
TOTAL EXPENSES	97,012,499	88,808,917	145,822,063	155,540,589	242,834,562	244,349,506	
Increase/(decrease) Before Transfers	(6,617,606)	(4,431,135)	33,614,165	33,833,810	26,996,559	29,402,675	
Transfers	13,045,241	1,997,910	(13,045,241)	(1,997,910)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	6,427,635	(2,433,225)	20,568,924	31,835,900	26,996,559	29,402,675	
Net Position - Beg. of Year	127,015,450	129,448,675	258,695,116	226,859,216	385,710,566	356,307,891	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 133,443,085	\$ 127,015,450	\$ 279,264,040	\$ 258,695,116	\$ 412,707,125	\$ 385,710,566	

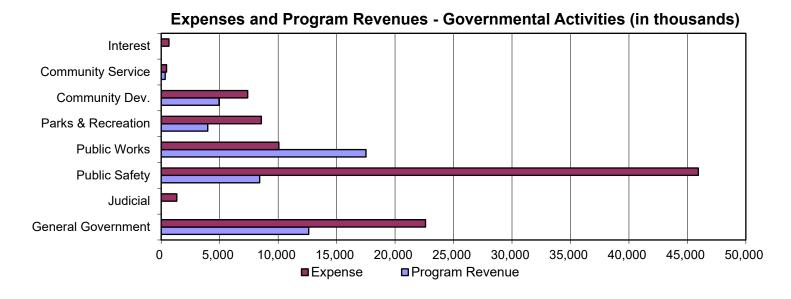
TABLE 2 (a)

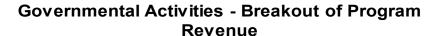
# City of Albany Comparison of Statement of Activities for Primary Government Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020

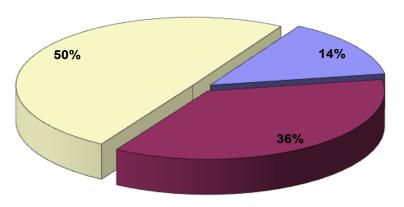
Revenues	G	otal Primary Sovernment tivities - 2021	Total Primary Government Activities - 2020		Increase (Decrease)	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	175,276,623	\$	170,248,694	\$	5,027,929
Operating Grants and Contributions		22,565,502		18,944,764		3,620,738
Capital Grants and Contributions		28,853,430		40,785,541		(11,932,111)
General Revenues:						
Property taxes		17,635,505		16,293,710		1,341,795
Sales taxes		11,033,618		10,982,040		51,578
Other taxes		13,819,254		12,997,922		821,332
Investment income		427,854		3,231,924		(2,804,070)
Gain on Sale or Disposal						
of Capital Assets		219,335		267,586		(48,251)
TOTAL REVENUES		269,831,121		273,752,181		(3,921,060)
Expenses						
General government		22,605,390		21,577,043		1,028,347
Judicial		1,332,921		1,265,512		67,409
Public safety		45,934,096		38,635,968		7,298,128
Public works		10,061,742		12,068,924		(2,007,182)
Parks and recreation		8,562,860		7,718,895		843,965
Community development		7,396,675		6,487,192		909,483
Community service		454,521		482,403		(27,882)
Interest on long-term debt		664,294		572,980		91,314
Sewer		12,821,898		15,126,247		(2,304,349)
Solid waste		9,592,518		10,393,972		(801,454)
Airport		3,734,791		3,468,943		265,848
Water		10,370,117		11,478,768		(1,108,651)
Gas		12,967,660		12,362,981		604,679
Light		78,586,950		84,723,184		(6,136,234)
Telecommunications		3,110,467		3,300,730		(190,263)
Transit		7,082,565		6,122,921		959,644
Storm water		4,749,578		5,642,321		(892,743)
Civic Center		2,805,519		2,920,522		(115,003)
TOTAL EXPENSES		242,834,562		244,349,506		(1,514,944)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	26,996,559	\$	29,402,675	\$	(2,406,116)

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental Activities increased the City's net position by \$6,427,635. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$90,394,893; with operating grants (19.2%), capital grants and contributions (26.3%), property taxes (19.5%), other taxes (15.3%), sales taxes (12.2%), and charges for services (7.4%) contributing to the City's revenues. Expenses for governmental activities were \$97,012,499, of which 49.3% was supported from program revenues and 43.9% from general revenues. Expenses for Public Safety (47.3%), General Government (23.3%), Public Works Admin and Streets (10.4%) make-up 81.0% of the total expense for governmental activities.







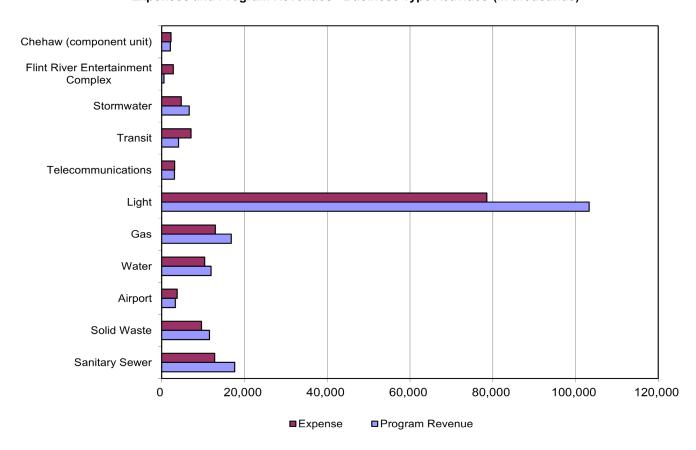
- **■Charges for Services**
- **■**Operating Grants and Contributions
- □ Capital Grants and Contributions

### **Business-type Activities**

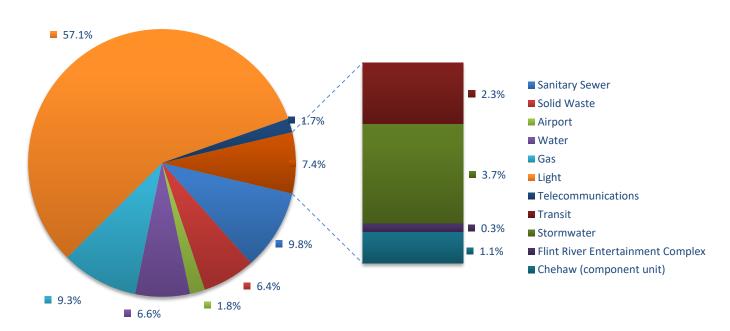
Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$20,568,924. As of June 30, 2021, total business-type net assets were \$279,264,040 of which \$202,081,561 was invested in capital assets; \$2,796,103 was restricted; and \$74,386,376 was unrestricted.

Revenues totaled \$179,436,228 with 99.7% of revenues coming from Program Revenues. (See chart "Business-Type Activities – Breakout by Revenues"). Total expenses were \$145,822,063. The largest expenses were Light (53.9%) and Gas (8.9%).

### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business Type Activities (in thousands)**



# **Business Type Activity - Breakout by Revenues**



### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$128,150,117 an increase of \$16,563,788 in comparison from the prior year. \$26,001,147 (20.3%) constituted unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remaining \$102,148,970 of the fund balance (79.7%) is divided as follows: \$222,949 is non-spendable due to being in a form such as, inventory or prepaid items; \$55,068,470 is legally restricted by an outside authority or a legal agreement, such as SPLOST or loans; and a combined total of \$46,857,551 is either assigned or committed for future use by the government.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2021, the *unassigned* fund balance in the general fund was \$28,628,324; the total fund balance was \$34,810,834, an increase of \$4,309,381 compared to 2020.

The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing both the *fund balance available for spending (committed, assigned, and unassigned)* and total fund balance to *total fund expenditures*. Available fund balance represents 58.4% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 58.8% of that same amount. When *transfers out* are added to *expenditures*, the available fund balance represents 49.6% of expenditures plus transfers, while the total fund balance represents 49.9% of this amount.

The general fund had the following transfers in (increases) and transfers out (decreases):

Transfers in From Other Funds (\$15,591,086) represent transfers from the sewer, stormwater, solid waste, water, gas, telecommunications, and light funds.

Funding for component units (\$882,000) represents an agreed payment to Chehaw Park Authority, a separate component unit of the City. The funds are used by Chehaw Park Authority to subsidize the operation of the park. This amount is included as parks and recreation expenditures.

Other transfers out represent General Fund support of the following funds during the fiscal year: transit, grant, R3M, computer-aided dispatch, Flint River Entertainment Complex, DDA, public improvement, sewer, risk, hotel/motel, and fleet funds.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's General Fund balance increased by \$4,309,381. The following contributed to the change:

- □ Actual revenues were \$7,798,559 over budget, while expenditures were \$4,532,218 under budget.
- □ The General Fund transferred an additional \$1.1 Million into the Transit Fund to reduce its interfund receivable.
- □ The General Fund transferred \$2.4 Million into the Capital Improvement Fund for the future repayment of capital needs.
- □ The General Fund transferred \$500 Thousand into the Telecom Fund to reduce its interfund receivable.

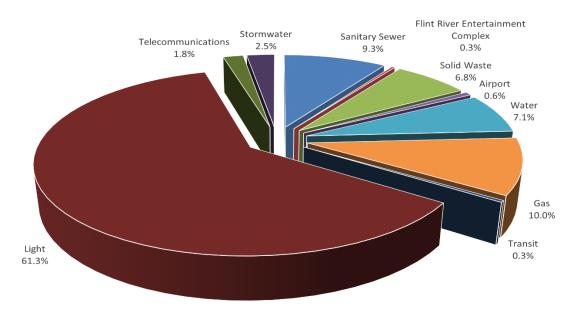
- The General Fund transferred \$430 Thousand into the Fleet Fund to reduce its interfund receivable.
- The General Fund transferred \$2 Million into the Risk Fund to reduce its interfund receivable.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's Community Development and SPLOST Fund balances increased by \$275,350 and \$3,624,323, respectively.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the proprietary funds had total operating revenues of \$180.9 Million. Based on revenues, the largest proprietary fund is the Light Fund (61.3%) followed by the Gas Fund (10.0%). See chart below for an overview of revenue by proprietary fund.

Proprietary Funds - Analysis of Operating Revenue by Fund



The change in net position for Proprietary Funds was \$20,568,924 representing an 8.0% increase from the prior year's adjusted net position balance of \$258,695,116. The net change was the result of the following:

Proprietary funds	<u>Chang</u>	ge in Net Position
Sanitary sewer fund	\$	1,904,624
Stormwater		1,532,409
Airport fund		(461,857)
Water		287,416
Light		14,890,218
Gas		1,773,890
Transit		(2,569,204)
Nonmajor enerprise funds		(459,767)
GASB adjustment		3,671,195
		_
Total Change in Net Position	\$	20,568,924

The Light Fund received a large MEAG refund during fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$3 Million. This refund is due to savings that the power supplier incurred throughout the year, as well as debt restructuring. This was not shown as a reduction in cost of goods sold, but instead was presented as unbudgeted revenue. In addition, the City also received FEMA and GEMA funding from the Hurricane Michael disaster reimbursement at the end of the fiscal year in the amount of \$4.8 Million. There was a total of \$8 Million in non-operating revenue that was not budgeted or incurred from operations. The power supply costs came in \$6.6 Million under budget due to the decrease in consumption and the off-system sales.

The Sewer Fund received the final reimbursement of the GEFA-financed, SPLOST-funded east and westside interceptor project that has a total overall cost of \$15 Million. The portion of the capital contribution recognized in fiscal year 2021 was nearly \$2 Million.

Stormwater Fund was also the recipient of prior year expense disaster recovery money during fiscal year 2021. The total amount received and recognized was \$2.4 Million.

The Gas Fund had an increase in fund balance due to a variety of factors, but one major contributor was the \$700 Thousand refund from MGAG's year-end settlement. The Gas Fund budgeted to have an increase in fund balance of \$1.4 Million during fiscal year 2021 in order to invest in future capital needs.

Transit Fund traditionally budgets to lose the depreciation expense for the fiscal year (\$898 Thousand). With the pension adjustment of over \$700 Thousand, depreciation exceeding budget by \$283 Thousand, and a net loss on the sale of transit buses of \$600 Thousand, all of these factors led to the larger than expected loss during fiscal year 2021.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The difference between the budgeted revenues and expenditures equal the net effect of the transfers in and out between other funds. Because of the many unknown impacts related to the COVID-19 pandemic, the City was conservative in estimating sales tax revenues. The City's overall revenues were 15.4% over the budgeted amount due to sale tax revenue recovery and Coronavirus Relief Funding of \$3.7 Million. The City's expenditures were 7.1% under budget. This was the result of the City aggressively monitoring costs and a higher than usual amount of vacant positions that remained unfilled during the year.

**General Fund** 

TABLE 3

City of Albany
General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Orio	ninal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual	,	Variance
•	,			_			
\$	15,695,529	\$	15,695,529	\$	17,242,515	\$	1,546,986
	9,186,247		9,186,247		11,744,878		2,558,631
	10,730,510		10,730,510		11,737,847		1,007,337
	1,138,543		1,138,543		1,101,617		(36,926)
	12,281,861		12,281,861		15,787,677		3,505,816
	350,500		350,500		439,644		89,144
	1,033,578		1,033,578		782,618		(250,960)
	_		_		(805,834)		(805,834)
	155,894		155,894		340,259		184,365
\$	50,572,662	\$	50,572,662	\$	58,371,221	\$	7,798,559
\$	13,568,378	\$	13,568,378	\$	11,982,196	\$	1,586,182
	1,572,128		1,572,128		1,322,625		249,503
	36,288,500		36,288,500		34,542,243		1,746,257
	4,663,172		4,663,172		4,304,688		358,484
	7,169,647		7,169,647		6,580,334		589,313
_	457,000		457,000		454,521		2,479
ŧ.	63 718 825	\$	63 718 825	\$	59 186 607	\$	4,532,218
\$	;	9,186,247 10,730,510 1,138,543 12,281,861 350,500 1,033,578 155,894 50,572,662 13,568,378 1,572,128 36,288,500 4,663,172 7,169,647	\$ 15,695,529 9,186,247 10,730,510 1,138,543 12,281,861 350,500 1,033,578 155,894 \$ 50,572,662 \$ 13,568,378 1,572,128 36,288,500 4,663,172 7,169,647 457,000	\$ 15,695,529 9,186,247 10,730,510 1,138,543 12,281,861 350,500 350,500 1,033,578 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 1572,128 36,288,500 4,663,172 7,169,647 457,000	\$ 15,695,529 \$ 15,695,529 \$ 9,186,247 10,730,510 10,730,510 1,138,543 12,281,861 350,500 350,500 1,033,578 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 155,894 \$ 13,568,378 \$ 1,572,128 36,288,500 4,663,172 7,169,647 457,000 \$ 15,695,529 \$ 15,000 1	15,695,529       \$ 15,695,529       \$ 17,242,515         9,186,247       9,186,247       11,744,878         10,730,510       10,730,510       11,737,847         1,138,543       1,138,543       1,101,617         12,281,861       12,281,861       15,787,677         350,500       350,500       439,644         1,033,578       1,033,578       782,618         155,894       155,894       340,259         5 50,572,662       \$ 50,572,662       \$ 58,371,221         5 13,568,378       \$ 13,568,378       \$ 11,982,196         1,572,128       1,572,128       1,322,625         36,288,500       36,288,500       34,542,243         4,663,172       4,663,172       4,304,688         7,169,647       7,169,647       6,580,334         457,000       457,000       454,521	\$ 15,695,529 \$ 15,695,529 \$ 17,242,515 \$ 9,186,247 9,186,247 11,744,878 10,730,510 10,730,510 11,737,847 1,138,543 1,101,617 12,281,861 12,281,861 15,787,677 350,500 350,500 439,644 1,033,578 1,033,578 782,618 (805,834) 155,894 155,894 340,259 \$ 50,572,662 \$ 50,572,662 \$ 58,371,221 \$ \$ 13,568,378 \$ 13,568,378 \$ 11,982,196 \$ 1,572,128 1,572,128 1,322,625 36,288,500 36,288,500 34,542,243 4,663,172 4,663,172 4,304,688 7,169,647 7,169,647 6,580,334 457,000 457,000 454,521

### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital Assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$332,511,097, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 68 – 70 of this report.

TABLE 4

City of Albany

Capital assets (net of depreciation)

June 30, 2021

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	15,617,807	\$	14,294,298	\$ 29,912,105
Construction in Progress		15,281,048		10,513,281	25,794,329
Total assets not depreciated		30,898,855		24,807,579	55,706,434
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		78,115,947		172,992,923	251,108,870
Equipment and vehicles		33,672,951		73,380,694	107,053,645
Infrastructure		88,351,422		177,282,350	265,633,772
Total assets depreciated		200,140,320		423,655,967	623,796,287
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		36,218,098		85,312,148	121,530,246
Equipment and vehicles		21,502,548		47,986,999	69,489,547
Infrastructure		60,265,466		95,706,365	155,971,831
Total accumulated depreciation		117,986,112		229,005,512	 346,991,624
Total assets depreciated, net		82,154,208		194,650,455	276,804,663
Capital assets, net	\$	113,053,063	\$	219,458,034	\$ 332,511,097

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's total long-term debt outstanding is \$169.4 Million – a decrease of \$7.7 Million over the previous year. Of this amount, \$11.5 Million is due within one year. Net Pension Liability (45.8%), OPEB Liabilities (23.6%), Certificates of Participation (5.9%) and Revenue Bonds (1.9%) make up \$131 Million of the total. The remaining \$38.4 Million is comprised of notes payable, general obligation bonds, manufactured gas plant, and compensated absences. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 pages 71 – 83.

TABLE 5

City of Albany

Long-term Debt Obligations

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Balance at une 30, 2021	Percentage of Total	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities			
Bonds payable	\$ 960,000	0.6%	\$ 310,000
Notes payable	1,100,000	0.6%	344,000
Notes from direct borrowings	14,761,795	8.7%	956,708
Certificates of participation	10,000,000	5.9%	-
OPEB Liability	40,016,829	23.6%	-
Net Pension Liability	48,120,179	28.4%	-
Compensated absences	 3,953,566	2.3%	3,558,208
Governmental long-term liabilities	\$ 118,912,369		\$ 5,168,916
Business-Type Activities Bonds Payable:			
Revenue bonds	\$ 3,295,000		\$ 1,230,000
Add deferred amounts Unamoritized premium			_
Total bonds payable	3,295,000	1.9%	 1,230,000
Financed purchase from direct borrowing	12,725,000	7.5%	3,043,000
Notes from direct borrowing	1,351,918	0.8%	79,604
Manufactured gas plant	1,383,888	0.8%	-
Net pension liability	29,513,712	17.4%	-
Compensated absences	2,177,350	1.3%	1,960,116
Business-Type long-term liabilities	50,446,868		6,312,720
Total primary government liabilities	\$ 169,359,237		\$ 11,481,636

The General Obligation Bonds relate to bonds issued for the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority ("ADICA"). The Revenue Bonds relate to sewer system revenue bonds issued in 2007 and 2011 and Water Revenue Bonds issued in 2005. The Certificates of Participation represent the City's purchase of equipment and vehicles from the Georgia Municipal Association Pooled Bond Funds. The Notes Payable represents the City's obligations to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for the development of the Hilton Garden Inn and Conference Center. Compensated absences represent the City's obligation for accrued vacation and sick leave.

### **Bond Ratings**

The following are the financial strength ratings the City has received from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and S&P (if available):

	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&amp;P</u>
ADICA Bonds	A-3	-
Water Revenue Bonds	A-3	_

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The attached report provides a variety of economic data that can be used to assess the current and long-term expected economic health of the City. Specifically, the report includes data related to property tax values; property tax rates; property tax levies and collections; special assessment billings and collections; commercial and residential construction activity; bank deposits; principal manufacturing and non-manufacturing employers; assessed and actual real property values; and similar information.

The City is affected by the same economic conditions that influence the State of Georgia and the nation as a whole. The long-term impacts of the pandemic on local businesses and consumer habits are yet to be determined. These factors and economic conditions were taken into account in developing the City's prior year budget. However, a review of the detailed economic information is useful in assessing specific aspects of the City's economy.

With the opening of the economy as COVID-19 vaccines are distributed on a widescale basis, there have been small signs of economic recovery and reasons for cautious optimism. Different variants of the virus have the potential to up-end the progress that's been seen, but the City is poised to address any slowdown with utility expansion and continued economies of scale.

The City adopted a five-year strategic plan in 2018 and updated its financial policies in 2021 to assist with its long-term success. The adoption of the TSPLOST referendum and seeking non-traditional revenue sources, such as grants, continues to assist the City in the investment into infrastructure.

### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Albany's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Albany, Chief Financial Officer, 222 Pine Avenue, Room 460, Albany, Georgia 31701.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		<b>Primary Government</b>		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Chehaw Park Authority
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,683,508	\$ 82,585,994	\$ 123,269,502	\$ 434,352
Investments	82,848,816	24,513,410	107,362,226	-
Taxes receivable	279,075	-	279,075	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	5,873,779	25,931,779	31,805,558	819
Notes receivable	7,182,294	-	7,182,294	-
Inventories	216,069	4,241,386	4,457,455	9,919
Internal balances	8,259,637	(8,259,637)	-	-
Due from other governments	4,746,196	1,651,337	6,397,533	134,653
Prepaid items	6,880	25,551	32,431	-
Restricted assets:				
Investments	-	3,355,291	3,355,291	-
Fair value of interest rate swap agreement	2,461,588	-	2,461,588	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	30,898,855	24,807,579	55,706,434	1,283,104
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	82,154,208	194,650,455	276,804,663	6,763,424
Total assets	265,610,905	353,503,145	619,114,050	8,626,271
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	18,312	-	18,312	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments - pension	957,624	587,343	1,544,967	-
Differences between expected and actual experience of				
economic/demographic (gains) losses - pension	170,248	104,419	274,667	-
Differences between expected and actual experience of				
economic/demographic (gains) losses - OPEB	193,423	-	193,423	-
Change in assumptions - pension	2,363,373	1,449,536	3,812,909	-
Change in assumptions - OPEB	6,595,280	-	6,595,280	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date - pension	3,738,296_	2,292,820	6,031,116	
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,036,556	4,434,118	18,470,674	-

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Chehaw Park Authority
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,903,515	\$ 9,019,164	\$ 16,922,679	\$ 83,362
Retainage payable	371,403	4,555	375,958	-
Accrued expenses	3,764,241	366,793	4,131,034	47,678
Claims payable	3,229,067	-	3,229,067	-
Due to other governments	74,893	-	74,893	-
Unearned revenues	450,469	10,897,196	11,347,665	-
Line of credit	-	-	-	50,729
Advance payments and customer deposits	-	388,943	388,943	20,163
Payable from restricted assets:				
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	1,230,000	1,230,000	-
Customer deposits	-	2,736,822	2,736,822	-
Certificates of participation, due in more than one year	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
Bonds payable, due within one year	310,000	-	310,000	-
Bonds payable, due in more than one year	650,000	2,065,000	2,715,000	-
Notes payable, due within one year	1,300,708	79,604	1,380,312	-
Notes payable, due in more than one year	14,561,087	1,272,314	15,833,401	202,020
Capital leases payable, due within one year	-	3,043,000	3,043,000	-
Capital leases payable, due in more than one year	-	9,682,000	9,682,000	-
Compensated absences payable, due within one year	3,558,208	1,960,116	5,518,324	-
Compensated absences payable, due in more than one year	395,358	217,234	612,592	-
Net pension liability, due in more than one year	48,120,179	29,513,712	77,633,891	-
Total OPEB liability, due in more than one year	40,016,829	-	40,016,829	-
Other long-term liabilities - manufactured gas plant		1,383,888	1,383,888	
Total liabilities	134,705,957	73,860,341	208,566,298	403,952

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Prim	ary Government		Component Unit		
	 overnmental Activities	Business-typeActivities		Total	Chehaw Park Authority		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_			 			
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivative Differences between expected and actual experience of	\$ 2,461,588	\$	-	\$ 2,461,588	\$	-	
economic/demographic (gains)/losses - pension	7,847,091		4,812,882	12,659,973		-	
Change in assumptions - OPEB	1,189,740		-	1,189,740		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,498,419		4,812,882	16,311,301		-	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	94,138,901		202,081,561	296,220,462		8,046,528	
Federal programs	2,024,276		-	2,024,276		_	
Promotion of tourism	78,352		_	78,352		_	
Public safety	, -		-	· -		-	
Gortatowsky endowment	9,925		-	9,925		-	
Capital projects	44,695,193		-	44,695,193		-	
Debt service	-		2,796,103	2,796,103		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,619,429)		74,386,376	66,766,947		175,791	
Total net position	\$ 133,327,218	\$	279,264,040	\$ 412,591,258	\$	8,222,319	

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Prog	gram Revenues	;					nses) Revenue an		anges in Net F	
					Operating		Capital			Prir	nary Government			Component Unit
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental		Business-type		Chehaw Park	
	Expenses		Services	ices Contributions		Contributions			Activities		Activities		Total	Authority
Functions/Programs														
Primary Government														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$ 22,605,390		1,447,415	\$	11,037,199	\$	131,940	\$	(9,988,836)	\$	-	\$	(9,988,836)	\$ -
Judicial	1,332,921		-		-		-		(1,332,921)		-		(1,332,921)	-
Public safety	46,115,280		2,519,671		4,785,867		1,115,496		(37,694,246)		-		(37,694,246)	-
Public works	9,919,575		1,253,588		512,352		15,634,905		7,481,270		-		7,481,270	-
Parks and recreation	8,562,860		278,433		180,700		3,520,387		(4,583,340)		-		(4,583,340)	-
Community development	7,357,658		1,191,457		720,649		3,036,732		(2,408,820)		-		(2,408,820)	-
Community service	454,521		-		-		338,489		(116,032)		-		(116,032)	-
Interest on long-term debt	664,294								(664,294)				(664,294)	
Total governmental activities	97,012,499		6,690,564	_	17,236,767		23,777,949		(49,307,219)				(49,307,219)	
Business-type Activities:														
Sanitary sewer	12,821,898		15,660,522		-		1,988,104		-		4,826,728		4,826,728	-
Solid waste	9,592,518		11,526,728		-		-		-		1,934,210		1,934,210	_
Airport	3,734,791		1,039,835		-		2,250,158		-		(444,798)		(444,798)	-
Water	10,370,117		11,934,273		-		-		-		1,564,156		1,564,156	-
Gas	12,967,660		16,835,323		-		-		-		3,867,663		3,867,663	-
Light	78,586,950		103,295,038		-		9,561		-		24,717,649		24,717,649	-
Telecommunication	3,110,467		3,057,456		-		-		-		(53,011)		(53,011)	-
Transit	7,082,565		545,708		2,798,844		743,846		-		(2,994,167)		(2,994,167)	-
Storm water	4,749,578		4,216,105		2,414,024		8,900		=		1,889,451		1,889,451	-
Civic center	2,805,519		475,071				74,912		=		(2,255,536)		(2,255,536)	
Total business-type activities	145,822,063		168,586,059		5,212,868		5,075,481		-		33,052,345		33,052,345	
Total primary government	\$ 242,834,562	\$	175,276,623	\$	22,449,635	\$	28,853,430		(49,307,219)		33,052,345		(16,254,874)	
Component Unit:														
Chehaw Park Authority	\$ 2,247,487	\$	954,460	\$	1,106,178	\$	16,600			_	-		-	(170,249
Total component unit	\$ 2,247,487	\$	954,460	\$	1,106,178	\$	16,600							(170,249

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Net (Ex	penses) Revenue ai	nd Changes in Net I	Position
		Primary Governmen	t	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		Chehaw Park
	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
General revenues:				
Property taxes	17,635,505	-	17,635,505	=
Sales taxes	11,033,618	-	11,033,618	=
Franchise taxes	1,674,610	-	1,674,610	=
Business taxes	1,782,967	-	1,782,967	=
Insurance premium tax	6,218,999	-	6,218,999	-
Alcoholic beverage tax	1,395,230	-	1,395,230	-
Hotel/Motel tax	2,081,407	_	2,081,407	-
Other taxes	666,041	-	666,041	-
Investment income	85,369	342,485	427,854	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	219,335	219,335	12,662
Transfers	13,045,241	(13,045,241)	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers	55,618,987	(12,483,421)	43,135,566	12,662
Change in net position	6,311,768	20,568,924	26,880,692	(157,587)
Net position, beginning of year	127,015,450	258,695,116	385,710,566	8,379,906
Net position, end of year	\$ 133,327,218	\$ 279,264,040	\$ 412,591,258	\$ 8,222,319

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

100570		General Fund		Community evelopment Fund		Job Investment Fund		SPLOST Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,121,628	\$	1,980,142	\$		\$	12,192,641	\$	17,834,522	\$	39,128,933
Investments	φ	14,116,619	φ	1,900,142	φ	22,705,644	φ	22,173,820	φ	14,731,605	φ	73,727,688
Receivables, net of allowance:		14,110,019		-		22,703,044		22,173,020		14,731,003		13,121,000
Taxes		270,004						_		9,071		279,075
Accounts		1,199,637		161,851						231,627		1,593,115
Notes		1,199,007		6,455,963		500,000		_		231,027		6,955,963
Interest		107,670		0,433,303		118,661		_		_		226,331
Due from other funds		14,492,625		_		102,875		_		9,360		14,604,860
Due from other governments		1,211,714		117,058		102,073		2,140,340		1,277,084		4,746,196
Inventories		216,069		117,030		-		2, 140,340		1,277,004		216,069
Prepaid items		5,581		-		-		-		1,299		6,880
Advance to other funds		5,043,603		-		1,630,925		-		1,299		6,674,528
Total assets	\$	43,785,150	\$	8,715,014	\$	25,058,105	\$	36,506,801	\$	34,094,568	\$	148,159,638
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		.,,		-7 -7-		.,,		,,		. ,		-,,
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	2,798,679	\$	123,375	\$	_	\$	320,408	\$	450.509	\$	3,692,971
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	3,529,490	Ψ	81,132	Ψ	_	Ψ	320,400	Ψ	119,760	Ψ	3,730,382
Retainage payable		3,323,430		3,847		_		345,089		113,700		348.936
Due to other funds		2,179,145		26,421				343,003		635,629		2,841,195
Due to other governments		62,219		20,721						12,674		74,893
Unearned revenues		404,783		6,455,963						45,686		6,906,432
Advances from other funds		404,703		0,433,303		_		_		2,414,712		2,414,712
Total liabilities		8,974,316		6,690,738		<del></del> _		665,497		3,678,970		20,009,521
Total habilities		0,074,010		0,000,700				000,407		0,070,070		20,000,021

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General Fund	eneral Development Investment SPLOST Gover		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds					
FUND BALANCES												
Non-spendable:												
Inventories	\$	216,069	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	216,069
Prepaid items		5,581		-		-		-		1,299		6,880
Restricted												
Federal community development programs		-		2,024,276		-		-		-		2,024,276
Promotion of tourism		-		-		-		-		78,352		78,352
Gortatowsky endowment		-		-		-		-		9,925		9,925
Capital projects		-		-		-		35,841,304		17,114,613		52,955,917
Committed												
Advance to other funds		5,043,603		-		1,630,925		-		-		6,674,528
Inner city development		-		-		-		-		286,508		286,508
Economic development		-		-		23,427,180		-		-		23,427,180
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		15,552,078		15,552,078
Assigned												
City cemetery		707,301		-		-		-		-		707,301
Keep Albany-Dougherty Beautiful		209,956		-		-		-		-		209,956
Unassigned		28,628,324						_		(2,627,177)		26,001,147
Total fund balances		34,810,834		2,024,276		25,058,105		35,841,304		30,415,598		128,150,117
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	43,785,150	\$	8,715,014	\$	25,058,105	\$	36,506,801	\$	34,094,568		
								ported in the gove	ernmer	ntal		
funds.					_		_					113,053,063
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		are not availabl	e to pay	y for current perio	d exper	nditures and, ther	efore, a	re deferred in the				
governmental												6,455,963
pererred outflow governmental		irces are not ava	allable t	o pay for current p	period e	expenditures and	inereioi	re, are not reporte	a in			14,018,244
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		used by manage	ment to	charge the costs	of rick	management to i	ndividu	al funds. The ass	ote			14,010,244
				cluded in governn					CIS			(269,555)
Long-term liabilit	ies are no	ot due and pavab	le in th	e current period a	nd. the	refore, are not rer	orted in	n the governmenta	al fund	S.		(118,927,916)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				vable in the currer				•				( '-,-=-,')
governmental			٠.	,	•	,		•				(9,036,831)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 133,443,085

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Community Development Fund	Job Investment Fund	SPLOST Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 17,242,515	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 392,990	\$ 17,635,505
Sales taxes	11,744,878	-	-	-	-	11,744,878
Other taxes	11,737,847	-	-	-	2,081,407	13,819,254
Licenses and permits	1,101,617	-	-	-	-	1,101,617
Intergovernmental	15,787,677	2,086,063	-	11,940,576	11,725,827	41,540,143
Charges for services	439,644	770,311	-	-	1,705,675	2,915,630
Fines and forfeitures	782,618	-	-	-	-	782,618
Investment income (loss)	(805,834)	890	218,874	199,442	616,089	229,461
Other	340,259	996,219		1,106,129	234,107	2,676,714
Total revenues	58,371,221	3,853,483	218,874	13,246,147	16,756,095	92,445,820
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	11,982,196	-	-	-	-	11,982,196
Judicial	1,322,625	-	-	-	-	1,322,625
Public safety	34,542,243	-	-	-	2,394,076	36,936,319
Public works	4,304,688	-	-	-	-	4,304,688
Parks and recreation	6,580,334	-	_	-	10,697	6,591,031
Community development	· · · -	4,155,107	200,000	-	2,459,196	6,814,303
Community service	454,521	, , , <u>-</u>	· -	-	-	454,521
Capital outlay	-	_	_	11,974,772	7,625,898	19,600,670
Debt service:				,- ,	,,	-,,-
Principal	_	25,000	_	238,207	300,000	563,207
Interest	_	24,871	-	83,201	522,695	630,767
Total expenditures	59,186,607	4,204,978	200,000	12,296,180	13,312,562	89,200,327
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	,:,001	.,,		, ,	, ,	,,0=.
over (under) expenditures	(815,386)	(351,495)	18,874	949,967	3,443,533	3,245,493

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 General Fund	ommunity velopment Fund	 Job Investment Fund	 SPLOST Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Other financing sources (uses):  Proceeds from sale of capital assets Issuance of note payable Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources, net	\$ 118,948 - 15,591,086 (10,585,267) 5,124,767	\$ 236,848 - 389,997 - 626,845	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,674,356 - - 2,674,356	\$ 5,215,328 (323,000) 4,892,328	\$	355,796 2,674,356 21,196,411 (10,908,267) 13,318,296
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year	 4,309,381 30,501,453	275,350 1,748,926	 18,874 25,039,231	 3,624,323 32,216,981	 8,335,861 22,079,737		16,563,789 111,586,328
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 34,810,834	\$ 2,024,276	\$ 25,058,105	\$ 35,841,304	\$ 30,415,598	\$	128,150,117

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 16,563,789
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	2,140,765
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(389,109)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(2,101,408)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(2,122,502)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(5,257,158)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net revenue or loss of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (2,406,742)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,427,635

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Genera	l Fund			Community De	velopment Fund			Job Investment Fun	d
-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:	Buuget	Duaget	Actual	Variance	Buuget	Buuget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
	\$ 15,695,529	\$ 15,695,529	\$ 17,242,515	\$ 1,546,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Sales taxes	9,186,247	9,186,247	11,744,878	2,558,631	-	-	-	· -	-	-	
Other taxes	10,730,510	10,730,510	11,737,847	1,007,337	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Licenses and permits	1,138,543	1,138,543	1,101,617	(36,926)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	12,281,861	12,281,861	15,787,677	3,505,816	1,854,130	2,377,367	2,086,063	(291,304)	-	-	
Charges for services	350,500	350,500	439,644	89,144	911,813	911,813	770,311	(141,502)	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	1,033,578	1,033,578	782,618	(250,960)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment income (loss)	-	-	(805,834)	(805,834)	-	-	890	890	-	218,874	218,87
Other	155,894	155,894	340,259	184,365	942,975	942,975	996,219	53,244	-	-	
Total revenues	50,572,662	50,572,662	58,371,221	7,798,559	3,708,918	4,232,155	3,853,483	(378,672)		218,874	218,87
Expenditures:											
Current											
General government:											
Legislative	721,675	721,675	715,701	5,974	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Administrative	1,391,278	1,391,278	1,120,019	271,259	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Human resources	1,776,670	1,776,670	1,680,570	96,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Procurement and materials	567,847	567,847	546,902	20,945	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Materials management	334,299	334,299	272,791	61,508	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Finance	2,832,016	2,832,016	2,653,289	178,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Treasury	319,095	319,095	314,103	4,992	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Information technology	3,500,294	3,500,294	2,874,915	625,379	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Risk management	562,814	562,814	530,630	32,184	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Planning and development services	1,562,390	1,562,390	1,273,276	289,114	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total general government	13,568,378	13,568,378	11,982,196	1,586,182		_		_	-		
Judicial:											
Municipal court	919,133	919,133	811,387	107,746	_	-	-	_	-	_	
City attorney	652,995	652,995	511,238	141,757	_	-	-	_	-	_	
Total judicial	1,572,128	1,572,128	1,322,625	249,503							
Public safety:									<u> </u>		
Police	21,193,792	21,193,792	19,521,965	1,671,827	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Fire	14,689,963	14,689,963	14,622,736	67,227	_	_	-	_	-	_	
Marshal division	365,681	365,681	363,679	2,002	_	_	-	_	-	_	
SWAT Team	39,064	39,064	33,863	5,201	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total public safety	36,288,500	36,288,500	34,542,243	1,746,257							

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

_		Genera	ai Fund			Community De	evelopment Fund			lob Investment Fur	na
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures (Continued):			7.0000				7101001			7.0000	
Current											
Public works:											
Engineering \$	3,672,817	\$ 3,672,817	\$ 3,346,986	\$ 325,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Street maintenance	990,355	990,355	957,702	32,653	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total public works	4,663,172	4,663,172	4,304,688	358,484	-	-		-	-		
Parks and recreation:											
Administration	733,533	733,533	515,917	217,616	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Parks	2,591,496	2,591,496	2,394,326	197,170	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Park development and management	3,002,651	3,002,651	2,897,341	105,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Turner Golf Course	841,967	841,967	772,750	69,217							
Total parks and recreation	7,169,647	7,169,647	6,580,334	589,313	-				-		
Community development	-				4,501,889	5,620,431	4,155,107	1,465,324	200,000	200,000	
Community service, various											
subsidized agencies	457,000	457,000	454,521	2,479	. <u>-</u>	. <u>-</u>		. <u>-</u>			-
Debt service:											
Principal	-	-	-	-	300,000	25,070	25,000	70	-	-	
Interest	-				23,929	24,929	24,871	58			
Total debt service	-			-	323,929	49,999	49,871	128			-
Total expenditures	63,718,825	63,718,825	59,186,607	4,532,218	4,825,818	5,670,430	4,204,978	1,465,452	200,000	200,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	(13,146,163)	(13,146,163)	(815,386)	12,330,777	(1,116,900)	(1,438,275)	(351,495)	1,086,780	(200,000)	18,874	218,874
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	118,948	118,948	5,000	5,000	236,848	231,848	_	_	
Appropriation of fund balance	_	_	-	-	1,111,900	1,433,275	-	(1,433,275)	200,000	_	(200,000
Transfers in	16,380,261	16,380,261	15,591,086	(789,175)		-	389,997	389,997	-	_	(,
Transfers out	(3,234,098)	(3,234,098)	(10,585,267)	(7,351,169)	_	_	_	-	-	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,146,163	13,146,163	5,124,767	(8,021,396)	1,116,900	1,438,275	626,845	(811,430)	200,000		(200,000
Net change in fund balances \$		\$ -	4,309,381	\$ 4,309,381	· <del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>	\$ -	275,350		\$ -	18,874	\$ 18,874
= Fund balance, beginning of year			30,501,453				1,748,926			25,039,231	
								•			
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 34,810,834				\$ 2,024,276			\$ 25,058,105	

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS		Sanitary Sewer	Stormwater	Airport	Water	Light	Gas	Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service
Current Asserts		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	Funds
Cash   S	ASSETS										
Nestments   2,092,860   -   684,945   12,046,571   2,948,725   -   1,072,960   18,846,061   14,788,477   Restricted investments   2,796,103   712,962   799,677   2,200,953   15,256,162   998,165   -   2,590,217   2,590,217   2,524,1272   4,971,171   Inventories   14,144   -     -     551,850   1,930,887   128,622   -   310,669   2,936,172   1,305,214   7,976   1,072,960   1,072,960   1,072,960   1,072,960   1,072,960   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,961   1,072,971   1,072,141   1	CURRENT ASSETS										
Restricted investments 2,796,103 - 559,188 - 52,000,000 - 3,355,291 - 2,200,000,000 - 2,200,000 - 2,000,00	Cash	\$ 14,012,044	\$ 2,170,584	\$ 641,760	\$ 5,237,406	\$ 44,401,364	\$ 7,290,756	\$ 55	\$ 4,331,809	\$ 78,085,778	\$ 6,054,791
Accounts receivable, net of allowances 2,693,736 712,362 799,677 2,200,953 15,256,162 988,165 - 2,590,217 25,241,272 4,971,171 Inventories 14,144 - 5.51,850 1,930,887 128,622 - 310,669 2,936,172 1,305,214 1,305,314 1	Investments	2,092,860	-	-	684,945	12,046,571	2,948,725	-	1,072,960	18,846,061	14,788,477
Inventories   14,144   1	Restricted investments	2,796,103	-	-	559,188	-	-	-	-	3,355,291	-
Prepaid Items	Accounts receivable, net of allowances	2,693,736	712,362	799,677	2,200,953	15,256,162	988,165	-	2,590,217	25,241,272	4,971,171
Due from other governments	Inventories	14,144	-	-	551,850	1,930,887	128,622	-	310,669	2,936,172	1,305,214
Due from other funds	Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,551
Total current assets   21,608.887   2,884,754   2,241,367   9,234,342   73,634,984   11,424,814   1,649,584   8,665,139   131,343,871   28,886,926	Due from other governments	-	1,808	-	-	-	-	1,649,529	-	1,651,337	-
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Capital assets: Non-depreciable 80,300 6,966,745 3,501,787 799,761 5,770,208 133,012 2,260,435 4,866,831 24,379,079 1,265,668 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 57,706,884 15,302,698 42,799,312 20,865,978 20,900,676 3,978,124 8,644,825 13,808,509 184,007,006 10,643,449 Total non-current assets 57,787,184 22,269,443 46,301,099 21,665,739 26,670,884 4,111,136 10,905,260 18,675,340 208,386,085 11,909,117 Total assets 79,396,071 25,154,197 48,542,466 30,900,081 100,305,868 15,535,950 12,554,844 27,340,479 339,729,956 40,796,043 Perference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465 Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306 Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 133,145 1,457,934 841,116	Due from other funds			799,930			68,546		359,484	1,227,960	1,741,722
Capital assets:  Non-depreciable 80,300 6,966,745 3,501,787 799,761 5,770,208 133,012 2,260,435 4,866,831 24,379,079 1,265,668 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 57,706,884 15,302,698 42,799,312 20,865,978 20,900,676 3,978,124 8,644,825 13,808,509 184,007,006 10,643,449  Total non-current assets 57,787,184 22,269,443 46,301,099 21,665,739 26,670,884 4,111,136 10,905,260 18,675,340 208,386,085 11,909,117  Total assets 79,396,071 25,154,197 48,542,466 30,900,081 100,305,868 15,535,950 12,554,844 27,340,479 339,729,956 40,796,043  **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES**  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465  **Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Total current assets	21,608,887	2,884,754	2,241,367	9,234,342	73,634,984	11,424,814	1,649,584	8,665,139	131,343,871	28,886,926
Non-depreciable Non-depreciabl	NON-CURRENT ASSETS										
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 57,706,884 15,302,698 42,799,312 20,865,978 20,900,676 3,978,124 8,644,825 13,808,509 184,007,006 10,643,449  Total non-current assets 57,787,184 22,269,443 46,301,099 21,665,739 26,670,884 4,111,136 10,905,260 18,675,340 208,386,085 11,909,117  Total assets 79,396,071 25,154,197 48,542,466 30,900,081 100,305,868 15,535,950 12,554,844 27,340,479 339,729,956 40,796,043  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Capital assets:										
Total non-current assets 57,787,184 22,269,443 46,301,099 21,665,739 26,670,884 4,111,136 10,905,260 18,675,340 208,386,085 11,909,117 Total assets 79,396,071 25,154,197 48,542,466 30,900,081 100,305,868 15,535,950 12,554,844 27,340,479 339,729,956 40,796,043  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Non-depreciable	80,300	6,966,745	3,501,787	799,761	5,770,208	133,012	2,260,435	4,866,831	24,379,079	1,265,668
Total assets   79,396,071   25,154,197   48,542,466   30,900,081   100,305,868   15,535,950   12,554,844   27,340,479   339,729,956   40,796,043	Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	57,706,884	15,302,698	42,799,312	20,865,978	20,900,676	3,978,124	8,644,825	13,808,509	184,007,006	10,643,449
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465  Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains  12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Total non-current assets	57,787,184	22,269,443	46,301,099	21,665,739	26,670,884	4,111,136	10,905,260	18,675,340	208,386,085	11,909,117
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465 Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306 Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Total assets	79,396,071	25,154,197	48,542,466	30,900,081	100,305,868	15,535,950	12,554,844	27,340,479	339,729,956	40,796,043
pension plan investments 71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465  Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
pension plan investments 71,822 46,285 20,749 47,881 44,689 30,325 62,246 49,477 373,474 215,465  Differences between expected and actual experience of economic/demographic gains 12,769 8,229 3,689 8,512 7,945 5,391 11,066 8,796 66,397 38,306  Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759  City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Net difference between projected and actual earnings on										
economic/demographic gains         12,769         8,229         3,689         8,512         7,945         5,391         11,066         8,796         66,397         38,306           Assumption changes         177,253         114,230         51,206         118,169         110,291         74,840         153,619         122,108         921,716         531,759           City contributions subsequent to the measurement date         280,372         180,684         80,996         186,915         174,454         118,379         242,989         193,145         1,457,934         841,116		71,822	46,285	20,749	47,881	44,689	30,325	62,246	49,477	373,474	215,465
Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	Differences between expected and actual experience of		•		•		·	•	•		·
Assumption changes 177,253 114,230 51,206 118,169 110,291 74,840 153,619 122,108 921,716 531,759 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 280,372 180,684 80,996 186,915 174,454 118,379 242,989 193,145 1,457,934 841,116	economic/demographic gains	12,769	8,229	3,689	8,512	7,945	5,391	11,066	8,796	66,397	38,306
		177,253	114,230	51,206	118,169	110,291	74,840	153,619	122,108	921,716	531,759
Total deferred outflows of resources 542,216 349,428 156,640 361,477 337,379 228,935 469,920 373,526 2,819,521 1,626,646	City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	280,372	180,684	80,996	186,915	174,454	118,379	242,989	193,145	1,457,934	841,116
	Total deferred outflows of resources	542,216	349,428	156,640	361,477	337,379	228,935	469,920	373,526	2,819,521	1,626,646

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Sanitary Sewer	Stormwater	Airport	Water	Light	Gas	Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	Funds
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Payable from current assets:										
Accounts payable	\$ 319,579	\$ 67,567	\$ 78,634	\$ 411,824	\$ 5,906,250	\$ 633,256	\$ 38,094	\$ 1,031,587	\$ 8,486,791	\$ 4,742,917
Retainage payable	4,555	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,555	22,467
Accrued liabilities	13,052	-	-	8,354	-	-	-	-	21,406	345,387
Due to other funds	4,936,895	1,315,458	-	192,229	266,146	128,718	2,389,246	2,697,949	11,926,641	2,806,706
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,229,067
Current portion - notes payable	-	-	-	79,604	-	-	-	-	79,604	-
Current portion - capital lease payable	-	-	-	-	3,043,000	-	-	-	3,043,000	-
Current portion - compensated absences	291,932	184,583	71,909	157,209	185,563	92,711	101,655	125,014	1,210,576	749,540
Advance payments and customer deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	388,943	388,943	-
Unearned revenue	10,199,253		641,760				56,183		10,897,196	
	15,765,266	1,567,608	792,303	849,220	9,400,959	854,685	2,585,178	4,243,493	36,058,712	11,896,084
Payable from restricted assets:										
Revenue bonds payable, current	770,000	-	-	460,000	-	-	-	-	1,230,000	-
Total current liabilities	16,535,266	1,567,608	792,303	1,309,220	9,400,959	854,685	2,585,178	4,243,493	37,288,712	11,896,084
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion	_	-	-	2,065,000	-	-	-	_	2,065,000	-
Capital lease payable, net of current portion	-	-	-	-	9,682,000	-	-	-	9,682,000	-
Compensated absences, net of current portion	32,067	20,509	7,804	17,468	20,618	10,301	11,295	13,890	133,952	83,282
Customer deposits	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	2,736,822
Notes payable	_	-	-	1,272,314	-	-	-	_	1,272,314	-
Other long-term liabilities	_	-	-	-	-	1,383,888		_	1,383,888	-
Advance from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,259,816	4,259,816	-
Net pension liability	3,609,014	2,325,809	1,042,604	2,406,010	2,245,608	1,523,806	3,127,812	2,486,209	18,766,872	10,827,040
Total non-current liabilities	3,641,081	2,346,318	1,050,408	5,760,792	11,948,226	2,917,995	3,139,107	6,759,915	37,563,842	13,647,144
Total liabilities	20,176,347	3,913,926	1,842,711	7,070,012	21,349,185	3,772,680	5,724,285	11,003,408	74,852,554	25,543,228
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Differences between expected and actual experience of										
economic/demographic losses	588,532	379,276	170,021	392,354	366,198	248,491	510,061	405,432	3,060,365	1,765,596
Total deferred inflows of resources	588,532	379,276	170,021	392,354	366,198	248,491	510,061	405,432	3,060,365	1,765,596

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	 Sanitary Sewer Fund		rmwater Fund	Airport Fund	Water Fund	 Light Fund	 Gas Fund	Transit Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 Total	Internal Service Funds
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 57,012,629	\$ 22	2,269,443	\$ 46,301,099	\$ 17,788,821	\$ 13,945,884	\$ 4,111,136	\$ 10,905,260	\$ 18,675,340	\$ 191,009,612	\$ 11,909,117
Restricted for:											
Debt service	2,796,103		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,796,103	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (635,324)	(	1,059,020)	385,275	6,010,371	64,981,980	7,632,578	 (4,114,842)	 (2,370,175)	 70,830,843	 3,204,748
Total net position	\$ 59,173,408	\$ 2	1,210,423	\$ 46,686,374	\$ 23,799,192	\$ 78,927,864	\$ 11,743,714	\$ 6,790,418	\$ 16,305,165	 264,636,558	\$ 15,113,865

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities

related to enterprise funds

Net position of business type activities

14,627,482 \$ 279,264,040

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Airport Fund	Water Fund	Light Fund	Gas Fund	Transit Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 15,658,377	\$ 4,216,105	\$ 1,039,835	\$ 11,934,273	\$ 94,916,511	\$ 16,081,119	\$ 537,260	\$ 15,055,663	\$ 159,439,143	\$ 38,012,538
Other	2,145				8,378,527	754,204	8,448	3,592	9,146,916	599,646
Total operating revenues	15,660,522	4,216,105	1,039,835	11,934,273	103,295,038	16,835,323	545,708	15,059,255	168,586,059	38,612,184
Operating expenses:										
Personnel costs	3,636,670	1,862,400	1,193,229	2,004,058	3,116,679	1,539,420	3,101,457	2,179,477	18,633,390	10,272,777
General and administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,807,599
Supplies	389,962	150,463	14,498	957,063	1,120,559	212,061	7,952	210,735	3,063,293	687,834
Operating services and charges	4,981,811	1,852,080	569,662	5,196,623	71,830,194	11,258,938	2,040,952	10,944,627	108,674,887	3,813,315
Maintenance and repairs	1,495,747	823,542	280,385	135,229	357,138	66,171	827,229	1,106,030	5,091,471	718,702
Depreciation and amortization	2,738,263	1,184,543	1,697,749	2,256,215	1,859,729	338,959	1,182,145	1,411,213	12,668,816	544,615
Claims and damages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,470,087
Total operating expenses	13,242,453	5,873,028	3,755,523	10,549,188	78,284,299	13,415,549	7,159,735	15,852,082	148,131,857	40,314,929
Operating income (loss)	2,418,069	(1,656,923)	(2,715,688)	1,385,085	25,010,739	3,419,774	(6,614,027)	(792,827)	20,454,202	(1,702,745)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):										
Investment income	-	-	1,096	37,471	229,273	29,104	-	18,069	315,013	82,822
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(47,297)	-	-	(129,998)	(416,133)	-	-	-	(593,428)	-
Intergovernmental - operating grants	-	2,414,024	-	-	-	-	2,798,844	-	5,212,868	-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	28,305	(24,896)	2,577	8,142	23,012	6,101	(597,867)	53,132	(501,494)	87,936
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(18,992)	2,389,128	3,673	(84,385)	(163,848)	35,205	2,200,977	71,201	4,432,959	170,758
Income (loss) before capital contributions										
and transfers	2,399,077	732,205	(2,712,015)	1,300,700	24,846,891	3,454,979	(4,413,050)	(721,626)	24,887,161	(1,531,987)
Capital contributions:										
Intergovernmental - capital grants	-	-	2,250,158	-	-	-	690,246	-	2,940,404	-
Other capital contributions	1,988,104	8,900	-	-	9,561	-	53,600	74,912	2,135,077	19,671
Total capital contributions	1,988,104	8,900	2,250,158		9,561		743,846	74,912	5,075,481	19,671
Transfers:										
Transfers in	-	1,256,473	-	-	-	-	1,100,000	1,426,173	3,782,646	2,979,501
Transfers out	(2,482,557)	(465,169)		(1,013,284)	(9,966,234)	(1,681,089)		(1,239,226)	(16,847,559)	(202,732)
Total transfers	(2,482,557)	791,304		(1,013,284)	(9,966,234)	(1,681,089)	1,100,000	186,947	(13,064,913)	2,776,769
Change in net position	1,904,624	1,532,409	(461,857)	287,416	14,890,218	1,773,890	(2,569,204)	(459,767)	16,897,729	1,264,453
Net position, beginning of year	57,268,784	19,678,014	47,148,231	23,511,776	64,037,646	9,969,824	9,359,622	16,764,932		13,849,412
Net position, end of year	\$ 59,173,408	\$ 21,210,423	\$ 46,686,374	\$ 23,799,192	\$ 78,927,864	\$ 11,743,714	\$ 6,790,418	\$ 16,305,165		\$ 15,113,865

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Change in net position of business-type activities

3,671,195 20,568,924

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Airport Fund	Water Fund	Light Fund	Gas Fund	Transit Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts from customers	\$ 25,097,866	\$ 5,033,509	\$ 1,348,682	\$ 11,392,554	\$ 102,249,301	\$ 17,059,980	\$ 545,708	\$ 14,974,697	\$ 177,702,297	\$ 12,604,349
Receipts from other funds	-	· · · · · -	· · · · · -	-	-	-	· -	-	-	21,689,675
Payments to suppliers	(9,220,980)	(4,068,484)	(2,191,288)	(4,883,548)	(71,977,481)	(9,226,490)	(2,754,783)	(10,666,842)	(114,989,896)	(2,046,029)
Payments to employees	(3,547,353)	(1,782,921)	(1,033,849)	(1,995,096)	(2,966,684)	(1,361,766)	(2,282,164)	(2,452,153)	(17,421,986)	(9,521,094)
Claims paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,062,922)
Premiums paid	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	219,748
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	12,329,533	(817,896)	(1,876,455)	4,513,910	27,305,136	6,471,724	(4,491,239)	1,855,702	45,290,415	2,883,727
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL										'
FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Advance from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(473,426)	(473,426)	-
Transfers in	-	1,256,473	-	-	-	-	1,100,000	1,426,173	3,782,646	2,979,501
Transfers out	(2,482,557)	(465,169)	-	(1,013,284)	(9,966,234)	(1,681,089)	-	(1,239,226)	(16,847,559)	(202,732)
Payments for environmental remediation obligation	-	-	-	-	-	(139,112)	-	-	(139,112)	-
Operating grants received		2,414,024					2,798,844		5,212,868	
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(2,482,557)	3,205,328		(1,013,284)	(9,966,234)	(1,820,201)	3,898,844	(286,479)	(8,464,583)	2,776,769
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,443,983)	(2,091,117)	(374,073)	(1,193,519)	(2,175,050)	(86,978)	(104,238)	(1,004,215)	(8,473,173)	(1,235,535)
Principal paid on bonds	(745,000)	(2,031,117)	(574,075)	(440,000)	(2,173,030)	(00,370)	(104,230)	(1,004,213)	(1,185,000)	(1,233,333)
Principal paid on notes payable	(743,000)			(78,499)					(78,499)	
Principal paid on capital leases	_	_	_	(10,433)	(2,955,000)	_	-	_	(2,955,000)	_
Interest paid	(48,447)	-	-	(131,452)	(416,133)	-	-	-	(596,032)	-
Capital grants received	(40,447)	-	2,250,158	(131,432)	(410,133)	-	690,246	-	2,940,404	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	69,396	278,931	17,877	5,189	14,851	6,101	6,387	99,394	498,126	114,358
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and	-									
related financing activities	(2,168,034)	(1,812,186)	1,893,962	(1,838,281)	(5,531,332)	(80,877)	592,395	(904,821)	(9,849,174)	(1,121,177)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Proceeds from sales of investments	15,451,748	-	-	4,621,288	2,921,949	19,011,714	-	-	42,006,699	-
Purchases of investments	(11,414,551)	-	-	(4,237,947)	-	(18,817,853)	-	404,921	(34,065,430)	(1,913,288)
Interest on investments	<u>-</u> _		1,096	37,471	229,273	29,104		18,069	315,013	82,822
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,037,197		1,096	420,812	3,151,222	222,965		422,990	8,256,282	(1,830,466)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,716,139	575,246	18,603	2,083,157	14,958,792	4,793,611	-	1,087,392	35,232,940	2,708,853
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Beginning of year	2,295,905	1,595,338	623,157	3,154,249	29,442,572	2,497,145	55	3,244,417	42,852,838	3,345,938
End of year	\$ 14,012,044	\$ 2,170,584	\$ 641,760	\$ 5,237,406	\$ 44,401,364	\$ 7,290,756	\$ 55	\$ 4,331,809	\$ 78,085,778	\$ 6,054,791
Classified as:										
Cash	\$ 14,012,044	\$ 2,170,584	\$ 641,760	\$ 5,237,406	\$ 44,401,364	\$ 7,290,756	\$ 55	\$ 4,331,809	\$ 78,085,778	\$ 6,054,791
	\$ 14.012.044	\$ 2,170,584	\$ 641,760	\$ 5,237,406	\$ 44,401,364	\$ 7,290,756	\$ 55	\$ 4,331,809	\$ 78,085,778	\$ 6,054,791

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Se	itary wer und	Stormwater Fund		Airport Fund	Water Fund	Light Fund	Gas Fund	ransit Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND													
FINANCING ACTIVITIES													
Contributions of capital assets from outside sources	\$	-	8,900	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 18,461	\$ -
Contributions of capital assets from													
governmental activities	1,	,988,104	-		-	-	-	-	53,600		74,912	2,116,616	19,671
Contributions of capital assets (to) from other													
proprietary funds		(8,614)			15,000	 2,953		-	 -		-	 9,339	 -
	\$ 1,	,979,490	\$ 8,900	\$	15,000	\$ 2,953	\$ 9,561	\$ -	\$ 53,600	\$	74,912	\$ 2,144,416	\$ 19,671
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NE	т												
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:													
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2.	,418,069	\$ (1,656,923	) \$	(2,715,688)	\$ 1,385,085	\$ 25,010,739	\$ 3,419,774	\$ (6,614,027)	\$	(792,827)	\$ 20,454,202	\$ (1,702,745
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			, (,,,,,,,,	, .	( , -,,	,,		-, -,	(-/- /- /	•	( - , - ,	., . , .	( , . , .
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)													
operating activities:													
Depreciation	2.	,738,263	1,184,543		1,697,749	2,256,215	1,859,729	338,959	1,182,145		1,411,213	12,668,816	544,615
Increase in internal investment pool		-			· · · · -	-	-	-			-	-	(2,125,925
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(	(761,909)	(131,567	)	2,168,065	(541,719)	(1,045,737)	224,657	-		(905,085)	(993,295)	(3,361,709
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(2,060)	` -		· · · · -	(18,639)	71,507	(24,555)	-		(19,876)	6,377	(394,259
Decrease in due from other governments		-	948,971		-	-	-	-	4,158,489			5,107,460	` -
Decrease in due from other funds		-	-		-	-	_	2,188,487	_		740,848	2,929,335	3,921,668
Decrease in net difference between expected and													
actual experience of economic/demographic (gains)/loss		494,950	319,464		3,816	328,820	310,109	212,150	445,692		334,736	2,449,737	1,498,606
Decrease in contributions subsequent to the													
measurement date		123,769	77,278		22,189	88,245	66,311	36,398	112,942		116,409	643,541	302,517
Decrease in assumption changes		203,746	128,961		46,070	141,234	116,687	71,074	8,308		169,721	885,801	546,385
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	(	(146,656)	(117,426	)	(1,312,877)	(5,594)	(238,233)	170,987	(170,056)		(217,364)	(2,037,219)	3,322,343
Increase in retainage payable		4,555	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	4,555	22,467
Increase in claims payable		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	553,203
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(2,	,209,299)	(1,124,973	)	(1,854,123)	1,429,600	1,497,136	(24,239)	(3,863,691)		1,772,414	(4,377,175)	1,229,137
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	10,	,199,253	-		(5,095)	-	-	-	-		79,679	10,273,837	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(	(752,282)	(457,996	)	(70,918)	(563,383)	(352,610)	(146,477)	251,213		(854,357)	(2,946,810)	(1,514,497
Increase (decrease) in net difference between projected													
and actual earnings on pension plan investments		19,134	11,772		144,357	 14,046	 9,498	 4,509	 (2,254)		20,191	 221,253	 41,921
Net cash provided by (used in)						 							
operating activities	\$ 12,	,329,533	\$ (817,896	) \$	(1,876,455)	\$ 4,513,910	\$ 27,305,136	\$ 6,471,724	\$ (4,491,239)	\$	1,855,702	\$ 45,290,415	\$ 2,883,727

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 2,487,191
Investments at fair value:	
Equity securities	48,263,433
Government securities	14,269,066
Corporate bonds	19,625,630
Other	50,967,830
Total investments	133,125,959
Interest receivable	313,240
Total assets	135,926,390
NET POSITION Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 135,926,390

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Employer contributions	\$ 6,031,119
Employee contributions	2,363,325
Total contributions	8,394,444
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	5,516,411
Net increase in fair value of investments	23,112,597_
	28,629,008
Less investment expense	656,052_
Net investment income	27,972,956
Total additions	36,367,400
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefit payments	15,031,806
Administrative expense	106,518
Total deductions	15,138,324
Change in net position	21,229,076
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	114,697,314
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 135,926,390</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

# A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City was created by a legislative act of the State of Georgia in 1838. The City is a municipal corporation which operates under the mayor-commission form of government with an appointed City Manager. The City provides the following services and operations as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire); public works; airport; civic center, municipal auditorium; transit system; recreation; parks; cemetery; animal control; emergency management; sanitary sewer; water; gas and light; stormwater; telecommunications; and solid waste.

The City is authorized to own, use and operate a system of water works, electric lights and gas works. The City, through an act of the Georgia Legislature, provides for a Utility Board (the "Board") answerable to and directly supervised by the City Manager. The Mayor of the City of Albany has a voice in all proceedings before the Board, and has a vote in all matters and proceedings, but no veto. The Board consists of four members appointed by the City of Albany Commission from the citizens of the City of Albany. Citizen members of the Board are appointed for a term of two years.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the City.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## A. The Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

### **Blended Component Units**

Albany Dougherty Inner City Authority ("ADICA") – ADICA's public purpose is to finance and provide capital projects and services to promote improvements and redevelopment of the City of Albany and Dougherty County. The City Commission appoints the seven members of ADICA's Board of Directors. Budget requests for ADICA are submitted to the Commission for approval, with the City Commission possessing authority to revise ADICA's budget. ADICA's primary purpose is to provide financing for the City's construction projects. The City, however, does not participate in the selection or monitoring of management. Separate financial statements are not prepared for ADICA.

Albany Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") – The DDA is charged with the responsibility of revitalizing and redeveloping the Central Business District by financing projects to promote trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities. The City Commission appoints the seven members of the DDA's Board of Directors and the members of the Board must be taxpayers residing in Dougherty County and at least four directors must be owners or operators of downtown businesses. A member of the County Board of Commissioners can also be appointed to serve on the DDA. The City is able impose its will on the DDA by influencing its programs and activities and the debt of the DDA is expected to be repaid by the City. The DDA is bound on the north by Roosevelt Avenue, the western bank of the Flint River, on the south by Whitney Avenue, and on the west by Madison Street. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the DDA.

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Chehaw Park Authority ("Chehaw Park") – Chehaw Park provides a variety of family oriented activities including a wild animal park and other exhibits to the citizens of Albany, Georgia. The City Commission appoints all members of the Chehaw Park Board of Directors. The City provides a significant operating subsidy to Chehaw Park, primarily to finance the operations of the park. Complete financial statements for the Chehaw Park Authority can be obtained from Chehaw Park, 105 Chehaw Park Road, Albany, Georgia 31701.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the *discretely presented component unit*.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of grant revenues, for which the revenue recognition period is extended to 180 days. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Community Development Fund** (special revenue fund) accounts for the financial resources received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development and loan programs which are restricted and committed to be used for the operations of various community development grant programs.

The **Job Investment Fund** (special revenue fund) accounts for revenues received from Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia committed for expenditures related to economic development.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The **SPLOST Fund** (capital projects fund) accounts for construction or acquisition of major capital facilities financed by Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sanitary Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City.

The **Stormwater Fund** accounts for the provision of stormwater services to the residents of the City.

The **Airport Fund** accounts for the construction, operations, and maintenance of the Albany-Dougherty County Airport and runways.

The **Water Fund** accounts for the water utility operations provided to the residents of the City.

The **Light Fund** accounts for the electricity operations provided to the residents of the City.

The **Gas Fund** accounts for the gas operations provided to the residents of the City.

The **Transit Fund** accounts for the transit service provided to the residents of the City.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Funds account for resources provided for acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities.

*Internal Service Funds* account for general liability, group health, workers' compensation claims, maintenance and long-term care of buildings and infrastructure, fleet management, and utility activities.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The **Pension Trust Fund** accounts for the activities of the City of Albany Pension Plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Budget requests are completed in March of each year.
- 2. Proposed budgets are reviewed and prepared by the City Manager and the Finance Committee for submission to the Mayor and the City Commission in May.
- 3. Public hearings on the proposed budget are held in June. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.
- 4. The budget is legally adopted by the Mayor and City Commission in June of each year.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 5. The City's budget amendment/budget transfer process is regulated by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") and local policies. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) for annual budgets is at the fund/department level. Any increase in appropriation in any fund or department, whether accomplished through a change in anticipated revenues in any fund or through a transfer of appropriations among departments, shall require the approval of the Board of Commissioners. The City Commission made no supplemental budget appropriations during the year.
- 6. The City's Budget Officer can approve budget transfers up to \$10,000 without the City Manager's approval, except that no transfers can be made between the salaries budget and the operations budget. Budget transfers in excess of \$10,000 must be approved by the City Manager.
- 7. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Sufficient budgetary control is achieved through restrictions included in the various grant agreements. Annual operating budgets are prepared for each Enterprise and Internal Service Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes.
- 8. Revenues and expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project basis and are, therefore, excluded from presentation in the financial statements.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Encumbrances are reappropriated in the following year, except for encumbrances in the Capital Project Funds, which are continuing. Encumbrances do not represent GAAP expenditures. At June 30, 2021, there were no encumbrances outstanding.

The Tax Allocation District Fund reported deficit fund balance of \$2,627,177 at June 30, 2021. This deficit is intended to be eliminated through future tax revenues and PILOT payments.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition. All cash and investments reported in the proprietary funds, including restricted cash and investments, meet this definition and are therefore considered to be cash equivalents.

### F. Investments

The City only invests in repurchase agreements when collateralized by U.S. government or agency obligations.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national securities market are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the City's fiscal year. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

In accordance with authorized investment laws, investments in the Pension Trust Fund consist of common stocks, mutual funds, corporate bonds, and U.S. government securities. Investments in the Pension Trust Fund are reported at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

# G. Inventory

Inventory in Proprietary Funds is valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out method). Inventory in the General Fund, which is valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## H. Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

## J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, dams, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB 34, the City has elected to include infrastructure acquired or constructed prior to June 30, 1980. Governmental (general) capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized at cost in the government-wide statement of net position. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for all assets other than infrastructure. The capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, etc.) is \$100,000.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## J. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of the donation. Donated works of art and similar items, as well as capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government and component units are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements20 - 50 yearsInfrastructure15 - 50 yearsPlant facilities20 - 50 yearsEquipment and vehicles5 - 20 years

## K. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue vacation in different amounts, according to whether they work 40-hour weeks or 56-hour weeks. Employees can accrue a maximum of 552 hours of vacation, depending on whether the employee works a 40-hour or 56-hour week and whether the employee is exempt or nonexempt. These days can be taken either through time off or by payment upon termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Employees earn sick leave in proportion to actual hours worked. Sick leave, however, is not paid upon termination if termination is by manner other than death or retirement. Maximum accumulation of sick leave is 1,008 hours.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on the issue are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category other than pension related items discussed below. The item, a deferred charge on refunding, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category other than pension related items discussed below. The item, an effective hedge, is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide statement of net position. The effective hedge results from the change in fair value of a swap agreement related to the certificates of participation. The amount is deferred and will mature on June 1, 2028, at the same time as the certificates of participation.

The City also has items related to the recording of changes in its net pension and total OPEB liabilities, which are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Certain changes in the net pension and total OPEB liability are recognized as pension and OPEB expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary which adjust the net pension liability and total OPEB liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into plan expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability and the total OPEB liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into plan expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against plan expense over a five year period. Finally, any contribution made by the City to the pension or OPEB plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability or total OPEB liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## N. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Commission has authorized the City Manager to assign fund balances.
- **Unassigned** Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## N. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Flow Assumptions** – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

## O. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## P. Tax Abatement Agreements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* requires the City to disclose information for any tax abatement agreements either entered into by the City, or agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenues. As of June 30, 2021, the City did not have any such agreements, either entered into by the City or by other governments that exceeded the quantitative threshold for disclosure.

### NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Notes payable	\$ (15,861,795)
Bonds payable	(960,000)
Unamortized refunding charge	18,312
Certificates of participation	(10,000,000)
Compensated absences	(3,953,566)
Net pension liability	(48, 120, 179)
Other post-employment benefit obligation	(40,016,829)
Accrued interest payable	(33,859)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at <i>net position - governmental activities</i>	\$ (118,927,916)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds". The details of this difference are as follows:

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 3,738,296
Differences between expected and actual experience - Pension	170,248
Difference in expected and actual earnings on investments - Pension	957,624
Assumption changes - Pension	2,363,373
Assumption changes - OPEB	6,595,280
Differences between expected and actual experience - OPEB	193,423
Net adjustment to increase fund balances - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position of governmental activities	\$ 14,018,244

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 8,029,969
Depreciation expense	(5,889,204)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 2,140,765

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of this differences are as follows:

Transfers of capital assets to business-type activities	\$ (19,672)
Disposals of capital assets	(369,437)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	 
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (389,109)

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Issuance of note payable	\$ (2,674,356)
Principal repayment - general obligation bonds	300,000
Principal repayment - notes payable	263,207
Amortization of loss on defeasance of bonds	(11,353)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (2,122,502)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (96,731)
Accrued interest	(22,174)
Change in other post-employment benefit obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources	(1,625,962)
Change in net pension and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources	(3,512,291)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (5,257,158)

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

**Credit risk** – State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City has no formal credit risk policy other than to only invest in obligations authorized by state statutes.

**Interest rate risk –** The City has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as to not exceed a portfolio average of four years to stated maturity.

**Custodial credit risk (deposits)** – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. At June 30, 2021, the City did not have any balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

**Custodial credit risk (investments)** – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

**Fair Value Measurements** – The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using process quoted in active markets for those investments. Investments classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

## NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements at June 30, 2021:

	 Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3		Fair Value
U.S. treasuries and agencies	\$ 11,397,525	\$ 91,059,268	\$ -	\$	102,456,793
	\$ 11,397,525	\$ 91,059,268	\$ -		
Investments recorded at cost: Guaranteed Investment Contract				•	8,260,724
				\$	110,717,517

The City's pension plan has the following recurring fair value measurements at June 30, 2021:

	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3			Fair Value		
U.S. treasuries and agencies	\$	7,957,476	\$	6,311,590	\$	-	\$	14,269,066		
Equity securities		48,263,433		-		-		48,263,433		
Mutual funds		50,967,830		-		-		50,967,830		
Corporate bonds		-		19,625,630		-		19,625,630		
	\$	107,188,739	\$	25,937,220	\$	-	\$	133,125,959		

## NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following investments (in thousands):

						Investme	nt N	laturities (	in Ye	ears)					
Investment Type	F	air Value	Le	ss than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10		11 - 15	•	16 - 20	2	21 - 25	2	26 - 30	Rating
Entity wide:	· '														
Government securities	\$	1,942	\$	304	\$ 1,354	\$ _	\$	-	\$	284	\$	-	\$	_	AAA
Government securities		100,515		8,412	91,893	210		-		-		-		_	AA+
Guaranteed Inv. Contract		8,261		-	-	8,261		-		-		-		_	AA-
		110,718		8,716	93,247	8,471				284		-		-	
Pension Trust Fund:															
Government securities		9,210		-	2,280	5,530		-		-		658		742	AAA
Government securities		5,059		80	-	539		159		106		903		3,272	AA+
Common stock		46,638		46,638	-	-		-		-		-		-	N/A
Preferred stock		1,625		1,625	_	_		-		_		-		_	N/A
Mutual funds		50,968		50,968	_	_		-		_		_		_	N/A
Corporate bonds		297		-	_	_		_		_		297		_	Α
Corporate bonds		1,672		_	1,672	_		_		_		_		_	AA
Corporate bonds		1,599		-	1,599	_		_		_		-		_	AAA
Corporate bonds		548		_	548	_		_		_		_		_	B-
Corporate bonds		797		-	338	459		-		-		-		-	В
Corporate bonds		696		-	696	-		-		-		-		_	B+
Corporate bonds		2,250		-	2,250	_		-		-		-		_	BB
Corporate bonds		178		-	178	-		-		-		-		-	BB+
Corporate bonds		3,738		663	3,075	-		-		-		-		-	BBB
Corporate bonds		653		-	-	-		-		653		-		-	BBB-
Corporate bonds		7,198		-	4,475	2,723									NR
		133,126		99,974	17,111	9,251		159		759		1,858		4,014	
	\$	243,844	\$	108,690	\$ 110,358	\$ 17,722	\$	159	\$	1,043	\$	1,858	\$	4,014	

#### NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

## A. Property Taxes

Property taxes were levied on September 18, 2020 on the January 1, 2020 assessed value of all real and personal property including mobile homes and motor vehicles located within the City. Tax bills were mailed on October 18, 2020, and payable before December 20, 2020. The lien date for unpaid taxes was March 19, 2021. After that date, an interest penalty of 18% applies. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they result in current receivables.

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the state to levy taxes up to \$20.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general government services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. A tax rate of 9.688 mills was levied during fiscal year 2021 for the City (mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value).

Gross property taxes receivable at June 30, 2021 in the General Fund and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds were \$1,428,894 and \$12,631, respectively. An allowance of \$1,158,890 and \$3,560 in the General Fund and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, respectively, has been established for taxes in dispute and taxes that will not be collected for the year ended June 30, 2021, resulting in a net receivable for property taxes of \$270,004 and \$9,071, respectively.

#### B. Sales Taxes

The City and Dougherty County jointly levy a 1% local option sales tax, of which the proceeds are split, 60% City and 40% Dougherty County. The proceeds are collected by the State of Georgia and remitted to the City. The tax law requires an offsetting reduction in property tax during each subsequent year of assessment equal to the amount of sales tax revenue received in the prior year. In addition, there is an additional 1% SPLOST and TSPLOST which was passed by referendums in 2004 (SPLOST V), 2010 (SPLOST VI), 2016 (SPLOST VII), and 2019 (TSPLOST). The proceeds are split 64% City and 36% Dougherty County for SPLOST and 67% City and 33% Dougherty County for TSPLOST. The proceeds from these sales tax programs are used to finance various capital projects. The City administers its own programs. LOST, SPLOST and TSPLOST taxes due from other governments at June 30, 2021, were \$953,470, \$2,140,340 and \$977,478, respectively.

## NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

## C. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the primary government consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	General Fund	Community evelopment Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Sanitary Sewer Fund	;	Stormwater Fund	 Airport Fund
Gross receivables Less allowance for	\$ 1,233,003	\$ 161,851	\$ 270,186	\$	2,880,988	\$	826,191	\$ 799,677
doubtful accounts	 (33,366)	 	 (38,559)		(187,252)		(113,829)	 
Net receivables	\$ 1,199,637	\$ 161,851	\$ 231,627	\$	2,693,736	\$	712,362	\$ 799,677
	Water Fund	 Light Fund	 Gas Fund		Nonmajor isiness-type Funds		Internal Service Funds	
Gross receivables Less allowance for	\$ 	\$ •	\$ 	Вı	siness-type	\$	Service	
•	\$ Fund	\$ Fund	\$ Fund	Вı	siness-type Funds	\$	Service Funds	

## D. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable of the primary government consist of community development loans to individuals and businesses, where financing has been provided by various federal and state grants. Notes receivable in the Job Investment Fund consist of loans to businesses as incentives to revitalize the downtown area of the City.

## NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance	
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2021	
Governmental activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 15,617,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,617,807	
Construction in progress	13,074,149	4,104,317	(119,529)	(1,777,889)	15,281,048	
Total assets not depreciated	28,691,956	4,104,317	(119,529)	(1,777,889)	30,898,855	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	78,035,446	374,486	(293,985)	-	78,115,947	
Equipment and vehicles	31,275,340	3,724,479	(1,360,863)	33,995	33,672,951	
Infrastructure	86,265,394	283,492	(81,344)	1,883,880	88,351,422	
Total assets depreciated	195,576,180	4,382,457	(1,736,192)	1,917,875	200,140,320	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	(34,136,256)	(2,231,598)	149,756	-	(36,218,098)	
Equipment and vehicles	(20,347,375)	(2,636,481)	1,260,603	220,705	(21,502,548)	
Infrastructure	(59,320,266)	(1,021,125)	75,925		(60,265,466)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(113,803,897)	(5,889,204)	1,486,284	220,705	(117,986,112)	
Total assets depreciated, net	81,772,283	(1,506,747)	(249,908)	2,138,580	82,154,208	
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 110,464,239	\$ 2,597,570	\$ (369,437)	\$ 360,691	\$ 113,053,063	

## NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021		
Business-type activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 14,294,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,294,298		
Construction in progress	25,170,229	5,514,861		(20,171,809)	10,513,281		
Total assets not depreciated	39,464,527	5,514,861		(20,171,809)	24,807,579		
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	157,420,936	423,410	(6,014)	15,154,591	172,992,923		
Equipment and vehicles	73,357,062	4,613,385	(5,669,481)	1,079,728	73,380,694		
Infrastructure	172,667,021	1,053,500	-	3,561,829	177,282,350		
Total assets depreciated	403,445,019	6,090,295	(5,675,495)	19,796,148	423,655,967		
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	(81,579,938)	(3,732,962)	752	-	(85,312,148)		
Equipment and vehicles	(48,604,678)	(3,827,815)	4,666,199	(220,705)	(47,986,999)		
Infrastructure	(90,053,711)	(5,652,654)	-	-	(95,706,365)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(220,238,327)	(13,213,431)	4,666,951	(220,705)	(229,005,512)		
Total assets depreciated, net	183,206,692	(7,123,136)	(1,008,544)	19,575,443	194,650,455		
Business-type activities							
capital assets, net	\$ 222,671,219	\$ (1,608,275)	\$ (1,008,544)	\$ (596,366)	\$ 219,458,034		

## NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	578,694
Public safety		2,583,173
Public works		1,400,313
Culture and recreation		879,974
Community development		447,050
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	5,889,204
Duainaga tura activitica		
Business-type activities:	•	0.700.000
Sanitary sewer	\$	2,738,263
Stormwater		1,184,543
Airport		1,697,749
Water		2,256,215
Light		1,859,729
Gas		338,959
Transit		1,182,145
Civic Center		486,650
Solid waste		420,786
Telecommunication		503,777
Utility Internal Service Fund		355,982
Fleet Management Fund		188,633
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	13,213,431

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance, June 30, 2020 Additions		Balance, Reductions June 30, 202		,		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities							
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,260,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 960,000	\$ 310,000		
Notes payable	1,125,000	-	25,000	1,100,000	344,000		
Notes from direct borrowings	12,325,646	2,674,356	238,207	14,761,795	956,708		
Certificates of participation	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000	-		
OPEB liability	33,716,278	7,788,724	1,488,173	40,016,829	-		
Compensated absences	3,856,835	3,580,817	3,484,086	3,953,566	3,558,208		
Net pension liability	55,212,141	11,252,306	18,344,268	48,120,179	_		
Governmental activity							
long-term liabilities	\$ 117,495,900	\$ 25,296,203	\$ 23,879,734	\$ 118,912,369	\$ 5,168,916		
Business-type activities							
Revenue bonds	\$ 4,480,000	\$ -	\$ 1,185,000	\$ 3,295,000	\$ 1,230,000		
Financed purchases from direct							
borrowings	15,680,000	-	2,955,000	12,725,000	3,043,000		
Notes from direct borrowings	1,430,417	-	78,499	1,351,918	79,604		
Manufactured gas plant liability	1,523,000	-	139,112	1,383,888	-		
Compensated absences	2,437,961	1,931,304	2,191,915	2,177,350	1,960,116		
Net pension liability	34,055,219	6,882,315	11,423,822	29,513,712	-		
Business-type activity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
long-term liabilities	\$ 59,606,597	\$ 8,813,619	\$ 17,973,348	\$ 50,446,868	\$ 6,312,720		

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The government-wide statement of net position includes \$1,230,000 of bonds payable due within one year for business-type activities in liabilities payable from restricted assets. The remaining amount of \$2,065,000 is displayed as bonds payable, due in more than one year, on that same statement.

For governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the General, Computer Aided Dispatch, Community Development and Grant Funds. For governmental activities, the net pension liability and other post-employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

For business-type activities, compensated absences and the net pension liability are liquidated by the Water, Gas, Stormwater, Telecommunications, Light, Solid Waste, Transit, Sanitary Sewer, and Airport Funds.

#### A. Governmental Activities

## **General Obligation Bonds**

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct and general obligations of the City either directly or through leases and/or intergovernmental agreements with ADICA. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities and are reported in the governmental column of the government-wide statements. The outstanding issue was as follows:

	Interest Rates		Balance June 30, 202		
2012 ADICA Refunding Revenue Issue	2.00% - 3.125%	\$	960,000		

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### **General Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City issued bonds through the ADICA in the amount of \$3,440,000. The bonds bear interest ranging from 2.00% to 3.125% with final maturity in 2024.

The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used for the purpose of: i) refunding all of the outstanding ADICA Revenue Bonds, Series 2009,(ii) the cost of acquiring, constructing, developing, and equipping various capital outlay projects located within the City, and iii) paying all or a portion of the costs of issuance of the bonds.

The bonds are limited obligations of ADICA, payable solely from payments to be made by the City pursuant to an intergovernmental contract between ADICA and the City. The City's obligation under the contract to make payments to ADICA, at times and in amounts sufficient to enable ADICA to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds, is absolute and unconditional, is secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. The City intends to make its payments under the contract from the General Fund of the City and, to the extent such funds are insufficient, will levy an ad valorem tax on all property in the City subject to such tax in order to make such payments to ADICA; provided, however, that the tax for such purpose does not exceed three mills per dollar upon the assessed value of the taxable property of the City.

The difference between the requisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt amounted to \$181,366. The advance refunding charge was deferred and is being amortized over the shorter life of the new debt as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2021, the unamortized balance was \$18,312.

The ADICA Series 2012 bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2016 may be redeemed prior to maturity, at ADICA's option in whole or in part on or after March 1, 2015, at a redemption price equal to the outstanding principal amount of the bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

## **General Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

General obligation bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	 nterest	Total
2022	\$	310,000	\$ 28,593	\$ 338,593
2023		320,000	19,913	339,913
2024		330,000	10,313	340,313
	\$	960,000	\$ 58,819	\$ 1,018,819

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

## **Notes Payable**

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has issued to the City, a Section 108 Guaranteed Loan for the purpose of providing subordinated debt financing for the development of the Albany Hilton Garden Inn Hotel and Conference Center. The City's Section 108 Guaranteed Loan outstanding at June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Original	Interest	Balance	
	Amount	Rates	June 30, 2021	
HUD Section 108 Loan, B-02-MC-13-0001 Total	\$ 5,500,000	2.00% - 5.00%	\$ 1,100,000 \$ 1,100,000	

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 nterest	 Total
2022	\$ 344,000	\$ 40,769	\$ 384,769
2023	344,000	24,557	368,557
2024	344,000	8,209	352,209
2025	 68,000	-	68,000
	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 73,535	\$ 1,173,535
2025	\$ ,	\$	\$ 

## **Notes from Direct Borrowings**

In March 2018, the City entered into an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority to finance a project to rehabilitate the west side and east side interceptor sewers and related appurtenances in the amount of \$15,000,000. The loan has an interest rate of .65%. Payments of \$87,484 are made each month beginning April 1, 2021 through March 1, 2036. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$14,761,795.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### **Notes from Direct Borrowings (Continued)**

Debt service requirements to maturity, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2022	\$	956,708	\$	93,105	\$	1,049,813	
2023		962,945		86,868		1,049,813	
2024		969,223		80,590		1,049,813	
2025		975,542		74,271		1,049,813	
2026		981,902		67,911		1,049,813	
2027 – 2031		5,006,368		242,696		5,249,064	
2032 – 2036		4,909,107		77,504		4,986,611	
	\$	14,761,795	\$	722,945	\$	15,484,740	

#### **Certificates of Participation**

In June 1998, the City entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "Association"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the Association. The Association passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the City's participation totaling \$10,000,000. The lease pool agreement with the Association provides that the City owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The City draws from the investment to lease equipment from the Association. The lease pool agreement requires the City to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

## **Certificates of Participation (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Principal		Interest		Total	
\$	-	\$	475,000	\$	475,000
	-		475,000		475,000
	-		475,000		475,000
	-		475,000		475,000
	-		475,000		475,000
10,	000,000		475,000	1	0,475,000
\$ 10,	000,000	\$	2,850,000	\$ 1	2,850,000
	\$ 10,	\$ - - - - 10,000,000	\$ - \$   10,000,000	\$ - \$ 475,000 - 475,000 - 475,000 - 475,000 - 475,000 10,000,000 475,000	\$ - \$ 475,000 \$ - 475,000 - 475,000 - 475,000 - 475,000 10,000,000 475,000

As part of the issuance of the certificates of participation, the City entered into an interest rate swap agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City is required to pay: i) a semi-annual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the City a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the certificates of participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such Contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the Contract, and ii) a one-time Swap Premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semi-annual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the City are structured, and expected, to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the Contract, and related distributions of interest on the Certificates.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### **Certificates of Participation (Continued)**

Monthly interest payments between the City, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the certificates of participation. This derivative qualifies as a market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the City executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa1 by Moody's. At June 30, 2021, the floating rate being paid by the City is 0.30%, and the fair value of this agreement was \$2,461,588, a decrease of \$731,170 from the fair value at the end of the previous fiscal year. The fair value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on June 30, 2021 based on the derivative contract.

This fair value is reported as an asset in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until fiscal year end) is deferred and reported as deferred revenue in the statement of net position.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## B. Business-type Activities

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The City also issues revenue bonds where the City pledges sanitary sewer and water revenues derived from acquired or constructed assets to pay for operations of the related activity and debt service. These revenues are pledged for to satisfy the debt service of the related obligation for the length of the outstanding balance. Revenue bonds have been issued for business-like activities and are reported in the business-type column of the government-wide statements. Principal and interest are payable from enterprise fund revenue. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Balance June 30, 2021
2011 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds 2005 Water Revenue Bonds	3.39% 3.97%	\$ 770,000 2,525,000
		\$ 3,295,000

#### \$6,730,000 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011

On April 8, 2011, the City issued \$6,730,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 with an interest rate of 3.39% and final maturity in 2022. Proceeds of the bonds were used to 1) effect a current refunding of Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, and 2) pay expenses related to the issuance and sale of the Series 2011 bonds.

The difference between the requisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt amounted to \$591,331. The advance refunding charge was deferred and is being amortized over the shorter life of the new debt as a component of interest expense.

Interest expense related to the Series 2011 Bonds for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$26,103. All interest incurred was expensed.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

### **Note from Direct Borrowing (Continued)**

Future minimum payments on the GEFA loan as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2022	\$	79,604	\$	18,417	\$	98,021
2023		80,725		17,297		98,022
2024		81,863		16,158		98,021
2025		83,017		15,005		98,022
2026		84,186		13,835		98,021
2027 – 2031		439,063		51,045		490,108
2032 – 2036		470,879		19,228		490,107
2037		32,581		95		32,676
	\$	1,351,918	\$	151,080	\$	1,502,997

## **Environmental Corrective Action Liability**

The City controls a real estate site formerly known as the Albany Manufactured Gas Plant (the "Plant"). The Plant previously used a method of manufacturing gas from coal that interfered with the environment. The City is therefore subject to environmental laws and regulations and is exposed to liabilities and compliance costs arising from the past disposal of hazardous waste from the past manufacturing of gas. The City has contracted with an engineering and construction firm to prepare a compliance status report for the Georgia Environmental Protection Division. The compliance status report was completed and filed with the Georgia Environmental Protection Division in June 2008.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

#### **Financed Purchase from Direct Borrowing**

In December 2018, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$18,300,000 to finance the purchase of advanced meter infrastructure equipment for the utility system. Annual principal and interest payments began December 1, 2019 and are required until maturity on December 1, 2024 at an interest rate of \$2.93%. Interest only payments are due June 1st of each year.

Future minimum payments on the financed purchase agreement as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

2022 \$ 3,043,000 \$ 328,263 \$ 3,371,2	263
2023 3,133,000 237,784 3,370,	784
2024 3,227,000 144,610 3,371,	310
20253,322,00048,6673,370,0	367
\$ 12,725,000 \$ 759,324 \$ 13,484,5	324

#### **Note from Direct Borrowing**

In October 2016, the City entered into an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority to finance improvements to Water Tank #12 in the amount of \$1,709,026. The loan has an interest rate of 1.40%. Payments of \$8,168 are made each month beginning November 1, 2016 through October 1, 2036. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding principal balance was \$1,351,918. This GEFA loan was for the Water Tank #12, not the sewer lines (which were described in the other direct borrowings in the amount of \$15 million).

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

#### **Note from Direct Borrowing (Continued)**

Future minimum payments on the GEFA loan as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Principal		Interest		Total	
\$	79,604	\$	18,417	\$	98,021
	80,725		17,297		98,022
	81,863		16,158		98,021
	83,017		15,005		98,022
	84,186		13,835		98,021
	439,063		51,045		490,108
	470,879		19,228		490,107
	32,581		95		32,676
\$	1,351,918	\$	151,080	\$	1,502,997
	\$	\$ 79,604 80,725 81,863 83,017 84,186 439,063 470,879 32,581	\$ 79,604 \$ 80,725 81,863 83,017 84,186 439,063 470,879 32,581	\$ 79,604 \$ 18,417 80,725 17,297 81,863 16,158 83,017 15,005 84,186 13,835 439,063 51,045 470,879 19,228 32,581 95	\$ 79,604 \$ 18,417 \$ 80,725 17,297 81,863 16,158 83,017 15,005 84,186 13,835 439,063 51,045 470,879 19,228 32,581 95

## **Environmental Corrective Action Liability**

The City controls a real estate site formerly known as the Albany Manufactured Gas Plant (the "Plant"). The Plant previously used a method of manufacturing gas from coal that interfered with the environment. The City is therefore subject to environmental laws and regulations and is exposed to liabilities and compliance costs arising from the past disposal of hazardous waste from the past manufacturing of gas. The City has contracted with an engineering and construction firm to prepare a compliance status report for the Georgia Environmental Protection Division. The compliance status report was completed and filed with the Georgia Environmental Protection Division in June 2008.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

#### **Environmental Corrective Action Liability (Continued)**

The Georgia Environmental Protection Division approved the compliance status report and recommended corrective action to bring the Plant into compliance. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City completed the requirements of the corrective action plan. The total cost of this corrective action plan was anticipated to range from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000. This estimate was subject to revision due to price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. Costs incurred during the current fiscal year were \$139,112, with total incurred costs to date of \$1,489,675. The liability has been reduced by these costs, resulting in a liability of \$1,383,888 recorded on the statement of net position, reported as an other long-term liability. The City has recovered approximately \$874,000 from insurance to offset the liability. Additional recovery amounts, if any, are unknown.

## C. Blended Component Unit – Albany Dougherty Inner City Authority ("ADICA")

#### **Conduit Debt**

From time to time, ADICA has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to both private and public sector entities for the acquisition and construction of commercial facilities deemed to be of public interest. ADICA is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Four series of bond issuances have occurred from November 1, 2003 to June 30, 2021, totaling \$73,346,505. The total amount of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 was \$68,741,530.

## NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Community Development Fund	\$ 26,421			
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	532,754			
General Fund	Sanitary Sewer Fund	4,907,321			
General Fund	Stormwater Fund	1,287,335			
General Fund	Transit	2,389,246			
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2,611,388			
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Fleet Management	949,157			
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Utility	1,789,003			
Job Investment Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	102,875			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	9,360			
Airport Fund	General Fund	799,930			
Gas Fund	Internal Service Fund - Fleet Management	68,546			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	359,484			
Internal Service Fund - Public Emp Group Health Fund	General Fund	1,010,371			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Sanitary Sewer Fund	29,574			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Stormwater Fund	28,123			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Water Fund	192,229			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Light Fund	266,146			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Gas Fund	128,718			
Internal Service Fund - Utility	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	86,561			
		\$ 17,574,542			

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Job Investment Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,630,925
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	4,259,816
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	783,787
		\$ 6,674,528

## NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time-lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and 3) payments between funds are made. Advances to/from other funds represent amounts not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

The composition of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

		Transfers In														
Transfers Out	_	General Fund		ommunity velopment Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_s	stormwater Fund		Transit Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	. <u>-</u>	Internal Service Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	187,265	\$	5,215,328	\$	-	\$	1,100,000	\$	1,103,173	\$	2,979,501	\$	10,585,267
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		-		-		-		-		323,000		-		323,000
Sanitary Sewer Fund		1,226,084		-		-		1,256,473		-		-		-		2,482,557
Water Fund		1,013,284		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,013,284
Light Fund		9,966,234		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,966,234
Gas Fund		1,681,089		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,681,089
Stormwater Fund		465,169		-		-						-		-		465,169
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		1,239,226		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,239,226
Internal Service Funds		-		202,732		-		-		-		-		-		202,732
Total	\$	15,591,086	\$	389,997	\$	5,215,328	\$	1,256,473	\$	1,100,000	\$	1,426,173	\$	2,979,501	\$	27,958,558

Interfund transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### A. Defined Contribution Plan

The City maintains a defined contribution pension plan, the City of Albany Retirement Savings Plan (the "Savings Plan"), which was established by the City on January 1, 1998 to provide reasonable retirement security for its "Senior Management Employees". The Savings Plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions. At June 30, 2021, there were 14 active participants. The City is required to contribute 12% of each Savings Plan participant's compensation. Savings Plan participants may contribute 5% of their compensation. Savings Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by and may be amended by the City of Albany Board of Commissioners. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$175,509 and there were no employee contributions.

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan

## Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, the City of Albany Pension Plan (the "Plan"). The funding methods and determination of benefits payable were established by the legislative acts creating the Plans, as amended, and in general, provide that pension funds are to be accumulated from City contributions and income from the investment of accumulated funds. The Plan is administered by a board of trustees, which includes the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, two members appointed by the Board of Commissioners, four members elected from active and retired employees, and two members selected from the metropolitan Albany area. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

Individuals who were employed by the City prior to January 1, 1982, and who elected to remain in the Plan as then constituted are covered under the "old plan rules". All employees hired on or after January 1, 1982, are covered by the provisions of the "new plan rules". The Plan provides pension, death and disability benefits.

Under the "old plan rules", members may normally retire after obtaining 25 years of service or age 65 with at least five years of service. Early retirement is possible if the member is within five years of his or her normal retirement date and has completed at least five years of service. For employees hired after April 1, 2010, the five years of service is replaced with ten years of service. Benefits are calculated at 1.75% of the member's average monthly salary multiplied by the employee's years of service at normal retirement date. Additionally, the members received a 1.50% per year cost-of-living increase in their pensions each year through June 30, 2012.

## NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The Plan has been amended to discontinue the automatic annual post-retirement cost of living adjustment payment for all future and current retirees in the Plan. The change was effective for benefit payments commencing July 1, 2012. The Board may, in its discretion, grant ad hoc increases in the future if specific funding parameters are met.

The average monthly salary is defined as the sum of the participants' reported total compensation in the three years of employment out of the last five years of employment that produce the highest average, divided by 36. Unless a joint and survivor annuity option is elected by the member, the pension benefits will continue for the lifetime of the member with no residual payments to any beneficiaries. For early retirement, the pension payment is reduced by 5% for each year early retirement precedes normal retirement. Vesting changes from 100% after ten years to 50% after five years, increasing 10% per year to 100% after ten years of participation.

Under the "new plan rules", members may retire after obtaining 30 years of service or the attainment of age 60 with five years of service. Early retirement is possible if members are within five years of their normal retirement date, and have completed at least five years of service. For employees hired after April 1, 2010, the five years of service is replaced with ten years of service. Benefits are calculated in the same manner as under the old plan, but at 1.5%. Additionally, the members can receive a cost-of-living increase, subject to Pension Board approval. All other provisions of the old plan are applicable to the new plan. All modifications to the Plan must be supported by actuarial analysis and must be adopted by at least five members of the Board of Trustees.

#### Participant Data

Membership in the Plan as of July 1, 2020, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Inactive plan members (or beneficiary) currently receiving benefits	975
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	213
Active plan members	947
Total membership	2,135

## NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investment income is recognized by the Plan when earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges are recognized on the trade date.

There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the Plan.

## **Contribution Requirements**

The City's funding policy is to contribute a percentage of covered employee payroll as developed in the actuarial valuation for the Plan. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local government pension plans. Effective July 1, 2007, employees were required to make contributions to the Plan as follows: General Employees – 4% of annual covered payroll; Public Safety Employees – 7% of annual covered payroll. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the coverage of their employees through periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates. The actuarial determined contribution amount is the sum of the annual normal cost (determined under the entry age normal method) and the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of future payroll. Effective July 1, 2019 the City made contributions to the Plan as follows: General Employees – 15% of annual covered payroll; Public Safety Employees – 12% of annual covered payroll. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment income. Actual contributions to the Plan were \$8,394,444.

## NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the Employee Pension Trust Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below.

	Employee Pension Trust		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 2,487,191		
Investments:			
Equity securities	48,263,433		
Government securities	14,269,066		
Corporate bonds	19,625,630		
Other	50,967,830		
Interest receivable	313,240		
Total assets	 135,926,390		
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 135,926,390		

## NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Employee Pension Trust Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented below.

	Employee Pension Trust
ADDITIONS	_
Contributions: Employer Employee	\$ 6,031,119 2,363,325
Total contrbutions	8,394,444
Investment earnings: Interest and dividends Net increase in fair value of investments	5,516,411 23,112,597
Less investment expense	656,052
Net investment income	 27,972,956
Total additions	 36,367,400
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits payments	15,031,806
Administrative expenses	 106,518
Total deductions	 15,138,324
Change in net position	21,229,076
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	114,697,314
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 135,926,390

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the GAM 1994 Mortality Table for Annuitants and beneficiaries of Annuitants, set forward two years for males and females for the period after service retirement. For disabled annuitants, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward three years for males and females.

**Long-term expected rate of return** – The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The target asset allocation and most recent best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

L --- T ----

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth Equity Managers	14.5%	6.9%
Core Equity Managers	14.5%	6.6%
Value Equity Managers	14.5%	6.5%
International Equity Managers	11.5%	6.7%
Convertible Securities	22.5%	4.3%
Investment Grade Fixed Income	22.5%	1.3%
Total	100.0%	

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that both the City's and the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through the year 2112. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plan was projected to be sufficient in all future years to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

**Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following table presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1%			Current	1%		
		Decrease 6.75%	Di	scount Rate 7.75%		Increase 8.75%	•
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	96,940,871	\$	77,633,891	\$	61,132,338	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

**Changes in the net pension liability of the City** – The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	 otal Pension Liability (TPL)	Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)		Net Pension Liability (NPL)		
Balances at July 1, 2020	\$ 203,617,422	\$	114,350,062	\$	89,267,360	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	2,784,337		-		2,784,337	
Interest	15,209,475		-		15,209,475	
Difference between expected						
and actual experience	(14,547,786)		-		(14,547,786)	
Contributions - employer	-		5,972,962		(5,972,962)	
Contributions - employee	-		2,299,031		(2,299,031)	
Net investment income	-		6,868,111		(6,868,111)	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	(14,732,243)		(14,732,243)		-	
Administrative expense	 -		(60,609)		60,609	
Net changes	(11,286,217)		347,252		(11,633,469)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 192,331,205	\$	114,697,314	\$	77,633,891	

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of the Plan's assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,372,832. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 1,544,967	\$ 
Changes of assumptions	3,812,909	-
Difference in projected and actual experience	274,667	12,659,973
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 6,031,116	
Total	\$ 11,663,659	\$ 12,659,973

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,031,116 for the Plan are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2022	\$ (452,807	7)
2023	(2,518,60	5)
2024	(2,702,23	1)
2025	(1,353,78	7)
Total	\$ (7,027,430	<u>)</u>

#### NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. The projects include street construction and resurfacing, building renovations, and street light upgrades. As of June 30, 2021, the City has contractual commitments on uncompleted construction contracts of approximately \$8,070,000.

The City is involved in a number of legal matters, which either have or could result in litigation. The nature of the lawsuits varies considerably. The City has accrued amounts related to litigation where an outcome unfavorable to the City is probable and the amount can be estimated.

The City is contingently liable for a \$1,300,000 loan from a local financial institution to the Payroll Development Authority. The loan was paid off during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Additionally, the City is an electric utility participant in the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia ("MEAG"). MEAG is a public corporation and an instrumentality of the State of Georgia created to supply electricity to local government electric distribution systems. As provided by state law, MEAG establishes rates and charges so as to produce revenues sufficient to cover its costs, including debt service, but it may not operate any of its projects for profit unless any such profits inure to the benefit of the public.

As of June 30, 2021, the City is obligated to purchase all of its bulk power supply requirements from MEAG for a period not to exceed 50 years. The City has agreed to purchase all of its future power and energy requirements in excess of that received by the City through the Southeastern Power Administration at prices intended to cover the operating costs of the systems and to retire any debt incurred by MEAG. In the event that revenues are insufficient to cover all costs and retire the outstanding debt, the participants have guaranteed a portion of the unpaid debt based on their individual entitlement shares of the output and services of generating units acquired or constructed by MEAG. In addition, in the event of discontinued service to a participant in default, the City would be obligated to purchase additional power subject to contractual limitations. Payments to MEAG are made monthly based on KWH usage. The total payments under these contracts amounted to \$60,559,347 in 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding debt of MEAG was approximately \$7.2 billion. The City's guarantee varies by individual projects undertaken by MEAG and totals approximately \$422 million at June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed for long-term disability claims. The City does purchase commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by its self-insurance for risks of losses to which it is exposed for workmen's compensation and group accident, health, dental and major medical coverage. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

The Workers' Compensation Fund (an Internal Service Fund) was established to account for and finance uninsured risks of loss for workers' compensation. This fund provides coverage for up to a maximum claim of \$400,000. The City purchases commercial coinsurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss up to \$3,000,000. Unpaid claims are expected to be paid within one year, therefore, considered current obligations of the City.

Changes in the balances of workers' compensation claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		une 30, 2020
\$ 537,592	\$	640,260
864,692		1,152,008
(1,209,959)		(1,254,676)
\$ 192,325	\$	537,592
	864,692 (1,209,959)	\$ 537,592 \$ 864,692 (1,209,959)

The Public Employees Group Health Fund (an Internal Service Fund) was established to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for group health and major medical insurance. Participants include the primary government. The Public Employee Group Health Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum claim of \$200,000. The City purchases commercial coinsurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by this fund and for all other risks of loss. Unpaid claims are expected to be paid within one year and, therefore, the entire balance is considered a current liability.

#### NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the balances of the group health and major medical claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	_June 30, 2021_	June 30, 2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 982,272	\$ 580,000
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	12,234,535	13,504,356
Claim payments	(12,008,565)	(13,102,084)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,208,242	\$ 982,272

The City is accounting for and financing its uninsured risks of loss for all claims liability for which the City is exposed through the Self-Administered Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund). Changes in the balances of the claims liability during the past two years are as follows:

	June 30, 2021	<u>J</u> t	ıne 30, 2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 1,156,000	\$	1,783,500
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	7,861,293		3,413,200
Claim payments	(7,188,793)		(4,040,700)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,828,500	\$	1,156,000

Operations are charged for estimated claims as incurred for medical insurance. Estimated losses on claims of other self-insurance are charged to expense in the period the loss is determinable. The City does not currently utilize an actuary in estimating claims in the areas of general liability or long-term disability. Actual estimates for incurred but not reported claims are recorded as expenses in the Public Employee Group Health Fund, Self-Administered Insurance Fund, and Workers' Compensation Fund. These are the only areas in which the City feels claims can be reasonably estimated. Unpaid claims are expected to be paid within one year, therefore, considered current obligations of the City.

#### NOTE 11. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The City's governing board is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Albany Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for this organization.

#### NOTE 12. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied an 8% lodging tax. The City allocates funding to the Convention & Visitors Bureau for the use of promotion of the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, \$2,081,407 of hotel/motel tax was collected, and \$2,027,000, was remitted to the Convention & Visitors Bureau.

#### NOTE 13. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eight-county west central Georgia area, is a member of the Southwest Georgia Regional Commission ("RC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$43,538 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the O.C.G.A. § 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A. § 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southwest Georgia Regional Commission
P. O. Box 346
Camilla, Georgia 31730

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description**

The City maintains a single employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan. The City of Albany Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the "OPEB Plan"), which includes retirees from the City, is administered by a board of trustees, which includes the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, two members appointed by the Board of Commissioners, four members elected from active and retired employees, and two members selected from the metropolitan Albany area. In accordance with a City ordinance, the City's personnel policy provides that all employees who retire under early, normal or disability retirement provisions are eligible for confirmed health care benefits provided by the City. A separate, audited GAAP-basis post-employment benefit plan report is not available for the OPEB Plan.

Retirees under age 65 participate in the self-insured, Pre-65 Retiree Plan. Retirees pay 50% of the rate which is set by the City. At age 65, retired employees are removed from the City's group health plan. Retirees who retired before January 1, 2013, became Medicare eligible before January 1, 2013, and provide evidence of Part B enrollment will be reimbursed a portion of their Medicare Part B premium (known as the "Medicare Part B Stipend"). Retirees who cover their dependents will pay 50% of the rate which is set by the City for the dependent coverage. Spouse coverage in the Pre-65 Retiree Plan ends when the spouse attains age 65. Spouses covered as dependents during the retiree's lifetime are not eligible for the Medicare Part B Stipend. Upon the retiree's death, a surviving spouse may continue coverage in the Pre-65 Retiree Plan until age 65. Upon the death of a retiree who was receiving the Medicare Part B Stipend, the surviving spouse will receive the Medicare Part B Stipend after the retiree's death.

Retirees also receive life insurance benefits from the City. Effective January 1, 2009, retirees receive life insurance coverage equal to the amount provided to them by the City as an active employee. This amount remains in effect until the retiree reaches age 65. At age 65, the amount is reduced to 65% of the pre-65 amount and is further reduced at age 70 to 50% of the pre-65 amount. For retirees who retired prior to January 1, 2009, the amount of coverage in effect at the time of the plan change was grandfathered and does not change as the retiree ages. Spouses of retirees receive \$10,000 of life insurance from the City. This amount remains in effect until the retiree reaches age 65. At age 65, the amount is reduced to \$6,500 and is further reduced at age 70 to \$5,000. For the surviving spouses of retirees who retired prior to January 1, 2009, the amount of coverage in effect at the time of the plan change was grandfathered. The amount of coverage provided to the spouse does not change and remains in effect after the retiree's death.

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

Membership in the OPEB Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date, June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Active employees	939
Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	745
Total membership	1,684

#### **Contributions**

The City has elected to fund the OPEB Plan on a "pay as you go" basis. Plan members, once retired, pay a portion of the group insurance rate which is set by the City. The City contributes the current year benefit costs of the Plan which are not paid by the retiree. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$776,887 for the pay as you go benefits for the OPEB Plan.

#### **Total OPEB Liability of the City**

The City's total OPEB liability ("TOL") is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. An expected TOL is determined as of June 30, 2019, the prior measurement date, using standard roll back techniques. The roll back calculation begins with the TOL, as of the measurement date, adds the actual benefit payments for the year, deducts interest at the discount rate for the year, and then subtracts the annual normal cost (also called the service cost).

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The TOL in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate 2.21%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 7.00% for 2019 decreasing

to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

by 2026

Medicare Part B Stipend0.00%Inflation Rate2.75%Real wage growth0.50%Wage inflation3.25%

Participation rate Pre-65, non-disabled - 50%;

Pre-65, disabled - 100%; Life insurance - 100%; Spouse

Health Plan - 35%

The mortality table for active and healthy annuitants is the GAM-1994 gender-distinct table, set forward two years. The mortality table for disabled retirees is the RP-2000 Disabled gender-distinct, set forward three years.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 2.21%. This rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published the last week of June 2020.

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the City**

The changes in the TOL of the City for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	33,716,278	
Changes for the year:		_	
Service cost		893,986	
Interest on TOL and cash flow		1,154,251	
Changes of assumptions		5,740,487	
Benefits paid		(1,488,173)	
Net changes		6,300,551	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	40,016,829	

The required schedule of changes in the City's TOL and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about the TOL.

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the TOL of the City, as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%		
	Decrease 1.21%	Discount Rate 2.21%	Increase 3.21%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 45,449,757	\$ 40,016,829	\$ 35,458,989		

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the TOL of the City, as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	De	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3	6,603,781	\$	40,016,829	\$	44,105,145	

#### NOTE 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,114,135. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Resources	 Deferred Resources
Difference in projected and actual experience	\$ 193,423	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions	 6,595,280	 1,189,740
Total	\$ 6,788,703	\$ 1,189,740

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,065,898
2023	1,089,959
2024	1,422,234
2025	1,378,510
2026	642,362
	\$ 5,598,963



### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	2021 \$ 203,617,422	\$ <b>2020</b> 200,729,602	\$ <b>2019</b> 198,119,376	\$ <b>2018</b> 178,257,598	\$ <b>2017</b> 175,702,339	\$ <b>2016</b> 169,373,602	\$ <b>2015</b> 165,074,003
Service Cost	2,784,337	2,584,071	2,410,521	2,231,964	2,072,533	2,012,167	2,215,323
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	15,209,475	14,987,547	15,269,752	14,405,323	14,514,514	14,016,505	13,724,868
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(14,547,786)	-	(4,119,996)	1,582,590	-	3,271,492	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	3,544,902	15,407,604	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(14,002,151)	(13,916,857)	(13,626,011)	(13,215,951)	(13,312,191)	(12,142,282)	(11,114,494)
Refunds of Contributions	(730,092)	 (766,941)	 (868,942)	(549,752)	(719,597)	 (829,146)	(526,098)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(11,286,217)	2,887,820	2,610,226	19,861,778	2,555,259	6,328,736	4,299,599
(a) Total Pension Liability - End of Year	192,331,205	203,617,422	200,729,602	198,119,376	178,257,598	175,702,338	169,373,602
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	114,350,062	113,740,163	113,181,642	106,372,752	114,837,182	118,681,219	104,280,508
Contributions - Employer	5,972,962	5,350,424	5,230,307	5,437,013	4,481,018	4,413,592	4,714,664
Contributions - Employee	2,299,031	2,311,564	2,265,807	2,342,732	2,295,605	2,270,553	2,332,768
Net Investment Income	6,868,111	7,734,121	7,582,229	12,823,332	(1,140,321)	2,471,086	19,395,817
Benefit Payments, including refund of contributions	(14,732,243)	(14,683,798)	(14,494,953)	(13,765,703)	(14,031,788)	(12,971,428)	(11,990,923)
Administrative Expenses	(60,609)	(102,412)	(24,869)	(28,460)	(68,944)	(28,956)	(51,615)
Other	-	-	-	(24)	-	39,161	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	347,252	 609,899	558,521	6,808,890	(8,464,430)	(3,805,992)	14,400,711
(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	114,697,314	114,350,062	113,740,163	113,181,642	106,372,752	114,875,227	118,681,219
City's Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	\$ 77,633,891	\$ 89,267,360	\$ 86,989,439	\$ 84,937,734	\$ 71,884,846	\$ 60,827,111	\$ 50,692,383
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	59.64%	56.16%	56.66%	57.13%	59.67%	65.38%	70.07%
Covered Payroll	\$ 44,314,760	\$ 45,800,527	\$ 44,683,441	\$ 43,894,718	\$ 44,071,111	\$ 44,376,707	\$ 43,658,122
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of the Covered Payroll	175.19%	194.90%	194.68%	193.50%	163.11%	137.07%	116.11%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially determined employer contribution Actual employer contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 6,031,119 6,031,119 \$ -	\$ 5,972,962 5,972,962 \$ -	\$ 5,350,424 5,350,424 \$ -	\$ 5,230,307 5,230,307 \$ -	\$ 5,437,013 5,437,013 \$ -	\$ 4,481,018 4,481,018 \$ -	\$ 4,413,592 4,413,592 \$ -	\$ 4,339,414 4,339,414 \$ -	\$ 4,520,878 4,520,878 \$ -	\$ 4,372,222 4,372,222 \$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 46,154,562	\$ 44,314,760	\$ 45,800,527	\$ 44,683,441	\$ 43,894,718	\$ 44,071,111	\$ 44,376,707	\$ 43,658,122	\$ 43,647,641	\$ 43,482,571
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.07%	13.48%	11.68%	11.71%	12.39%	10.17%	9.95%	9.94%	10.36%	10.06%

#### Methods and Assumptions for Actuarially Determined Contribution:

Valuation Date July 1, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 25-Year Closed Period

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.75% net of investment expenses

Projected salary increases 3.25% including inflation

Expected annual inflation 2.75%

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

None

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	Annual
Fiscal	Money-Weighted
Year	Rate of Return
2021	25.04%
2020	6.78%
2019	6.68%
2018	12.29%
2017	-1.03%
2016	2.13%
2015	18.60%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 33,716,278	\$ 29,943,480	\$ 29,754,318	\$ 31,787,147
Service Cost	893,986	736,065	761,134	834,413
Interest	1,154,251	1,133,815	1,049,439	930,513
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	-	299,991	-	-
Changes of Assumptions	5,740,487	2,907,154	(1,065,138)	(2,038,499)
Benefit Payments	(1,488,173)	(1,304,227)	(556,273)	(1,759,256)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	6,300,551	3,772,798	189,162	(2,032,829)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 40,016,829	\$ 33,716,278	\$ 29,943,480	\$ 29,754,318
Covered Payroll	40,850,567	40,850,567	43,894,718	43,894,718
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	97.96%	82.54%	68.22%	67.79%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	- To account for the collection and disbursement of hotel-motel tax revenue.
Grant Fund	- To account for grant revenues and expenditures related to various short lived projects.
Downtown Development Authority	- To account for the activities of the Albany Downtown Development Authority related to downtown projects in the central business district.
Computer Aided Dispatch Fund	- To account for activities related to enhanced "911" services. Financing is provided from program charges. Revenues are expended for capital assets and system operations.
ADICA	- To account for the activities of the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority related to inner city development.
Gortatowsky Fund	- To account for resources provided by the estate of Henry Gortatowsky which are to be used for permanent improvements of a municipal park and/or recreation center.
Tax Allocation District Fund	- To account for revenues and expenditures related to the City tax allocation district.
	Capital Projects Funds

TSPLOST Fund	<ul> <li>To account for the construction and acquisition of major capital facilities financed by the Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds.</li> </ul>
Public Improvement Fund	- To account for the construction and financing of public improvements and services from general

governmental resources and GMA Lease activity.

#### **BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE**

Spec	ial	Re۱	/en	HE	Fur	2hr

- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds							Capital Projects Funds									
	Hotel/ Motel	Grant		owntown velopment		Computer Aided			G	ortatowsky	Ta	x Allocation District		TSPLOST	In	Public nprovement		
ASSETS	 ax Fund	 Fund		Authority		Dispatch		ADICA		Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash	\$ -	\$ 42,434	\$	135,369	\$	1,149,819	\$	152,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,258,292	\$	96,370	\$	17,834,522
Investments	-	-		-		414,390		-		20,622		-		-		14,296,593		14,731,605
Receivables, net of allowance:																		
Taxes	-	-		-		-		-		-		9,071		-		-		9,071
Accounts	231,627	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		231,627
Due from other funds	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		9,360		-		9,360
Due from other governments	-	299,606				-		-		-		-		977,478		-		1,277,084
Prepaid items	 -	 -		1,299		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,299
Total assets	\$ 231,627	\$ 342,040	\$	136,668	\$	1,564,209	\$	152,238	\$	20,622	\$	9,071	\$	17,245,130	\$	14,392,963	\$	34,094,568
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 79,904	\$	-	\$	1,213	\$	-	\$	10,697	\$	-	\$	-	\$	358,695	\$	450,509
Accrued liabilities	-	-		1,099		-		-		-		118,661		-		-		119,760
Advances from other funds	-	-		-		-		-		-		2,414,712		-		-		2,414,712
Due to other funds	153,275	248,962		-		-		-		-		102,875		130,517		-		635,629
Due to other governments	-	12,674		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		12,674
Unearned revenues	 	 500		<u> </u>										<u> </u>		45,186		45,686
Total liabilities	 153,275	 342,040		1,099		1,213				10,697		2,636,248		130,517		403,881		3,678,970
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)																		
Nonspendable - prepaid items Restricted:	-	-		1,299		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,299
Promotion of tourism	78,352	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		78,352
Gortatowsky endowment	-	-		-		-		-		9,925		-		-		-		9,925
Capital projects	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		17,114,613		-		17,114,613
Committed:																		
Inner city projects	-	-		134,270		-		152,238		-		-		-		-		286,508
Capital projects	-	-		-		1,562,996		-		-		-		-		13,989,082		15,552,078
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	 		-		-						(2,627,177)						(2,627,177
Total fund balances (deficit)	78,352	 		135,569		1,562,996		152,238		9,925		(2,627,177)		17,114,613		13,989,082		30,415,598
Total liabilities and fund balances	231,627	\$ 342,040	\$	136,668	\$	1,564,209	\$	152,238	\$	20,622	\$	9,071	\$	17,245,130	\$	14,392,963	\$	34,094,568

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				ecial Revenue Fur	ids	Capital Projects Funds								
	Hotel/		Downtown	Computer			Tax Allocation		Public					
	Motel	Grant	Development	Aided		Gortatowsky	District	TSPLOST	Improvement					
	Tax Fund	Fund	Authority	Dispatch	ADICA	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total				
Revenues:			-	· ·					· ·					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 392,990	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 392,990				
Other taxes	2,081,407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,081,407				
Intergovernmental	-	487,490	-	235,962	-	-	-	11,002,375	-	11,725,827				
Charges for services	-	-	-	1,674,465	31,210	-	-	-	-	1,705,675				
Other revenues:														
Investment income	-	-	-	7,058	24	179	-	44,894	563,934	616,089				
Other income			25,187		59,244			149,676		234,107				
Total revenues	2,081,407	487,490	25,187	1,917,485	90,478	179	392,990	11,196,945	563,934	16,756,095				
Expenditures:														
Current:														
Public safety	-	272,912	-	2,121,164	-	-	-	-	-	2,394,076				
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	10,697	-	-	-	10,697				
Community development	2,027,000	355,130	29,265	-	27,366	-	20,435	-	-	2,459,196				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,225,334	4,400,564	7,625,898				
Debt service:														
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	-	-	300,000				
Interest							36,550	653	485,492	522,695				
Total expenditures	2,027,000	628,042	29,265	2,121,164	27,366	10,697	356,985	3,225,987	4,886,056	13,312,562				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over (under) expenditures	54,407	(140,552)	(4,078)	(203,679)	63,112	(10,518)	36,005	7,970,958	(4,322,122)	3,443,533				
Other financian course (vess):						· · · · · · ·								
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	268,593	140,552	50,000	211,195					4,544,988	5,215,328				
Transfers out	(323,000		50,000	211,195	-	-	-	-	4,344,900	(323,000				
Total other financing	(323,000	<u>,                                      </u>							· <del></del>	(323,000				
sources (uses)	(54,407	) 140,552	50,000	211,195					4,544,988	4,892,328				
sources (uses)	(34,407	140,332	30,000	211,195					4,544,300	4,092,320				
Net change in fund balances	-	-	45,922	7,516	63,112	(10,518)	36,005	7,970,958	222,866	8,335,861				
Fund balances (deficit),														
beginning of year	78,352	-	89,647	1,555,480	89,126	20,443	(2,663,182)	9,143,655	13,766,216	22,079,737				
										,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 78,352	\$ -	\$ 135,569	\$ 1,562,996	\$ 152,238	\$ 9,925	\$ (2,627,177)	\$ 17,114,613	\$ 13,989,082	\$ 30,415,598				

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						Special Rev	enue	Funds				
			Hotel	Motel Tax Fund	t	-		Com	puter	Aided Dispatch	Fund	
		riginal and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	C	Priginal and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues	•			0.004.40=		(000 500)	_					
Taxes	\$	2,350,000	\$	2,081,407	\$	(268,593)	\$	- 4 470 400	\$	-	\$	- (4.0.40.004)
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		1,479,183		235,962		(1,243,221)
Charges for services Investment income		-		-		-		400,000		1,674,465		1,274,465
Other income		-		-		-		-		7,058		7,058
Total revenues		2,350,000		2,081,407	_	(268,593)	_	1,879,183		1,917,485		38,302
Expenditures						<u> </u>						
Current:												
Public safety		_						2,592,877		2,121,164		471,713
Public works		_		_		_		2,392,011		2,121,104		471,713
Parks and recreation		_		_		_		_		_		_
Community development		2,027,000		2,027,000		_		_		_		_
Debt service		2,027,000		2,021,000		_		_		_		_
Total expenditures		2,027,000		2,027,000	_	-		2,592,877		2,121,164		471,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures		323,000		54,407		(268,593)		(713,694)		(203,679)		510,015
Other financing sources (uses)												
Appropriation of fund balance		-		-		-		502,499		-		502,499
Transfers in		-		268,593		268,593		211,195		211,195		-
Transfers out		(323,000)		(323,000)				-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(323,000)		(54,407)		268,593		713,694		211,195		502,499
Net change in fund balances	\$			-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			7,516	\$	7,516
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year				78,352						1,555,480		
Fund balances (deficit), end of year			\$	78,352					\$	1,562,996		

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Special Rev	venue Funds							
		Grant Fund	•	Downtown Development Authority							
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance					
Revenues	•	•	•	•	•	•					
Taxes	\$ - 878,218	\$ - 497.400	(200.728)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental Charges for services	0/0,210	487,490	(390,728)	-	-	-					
Investment income	-	-	-	_	-	-					
Other income	_	-	-	28,897	25,187	(3,710)					
Total revenues	878,218	487,490	(390,728)	28,897	25,187	(3,710)					
Expenditures											
Current:											
Public safety	342,680	272,912	69,768	-	-	-					
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Community development	611,429	355,130	256,299	78,897	29,265	49,632					
Debt service	054 100	620.042	326,067	78,897	20.265	49,632					
Total expenditures	954,109	628,042	320,007	70,097	29,265	49,632					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	(75,891)	(140,552)	(64,661)	(50,000)	(4,078)	45,922					
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriation of fund balance	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Transfers in	75,891	140,552	64,661	50,000	50,000	-					
Transfers out	, <u>-</u>	-	-	· -	· -	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)	75,891	140,552	64,661	50,000	50,000						
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	-	\$ -	\$ -	45,922	\$ 45,922					
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year					89,647						
Fund balances (deficit), end of year		\$ -			\$ 135,569						

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Special Rev	enue F	unds				
	 Ta	x Alloc	ation District F	und				Gorta	atowsky Fund		
	iginal and Final Budget		Actual	,	/ariance	Oı	riginal and Final Budget		Actual	\	/ariance
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ 422,135	\$	392,990	\$	(29,145)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-		470
Investment income	-		-		-		-		179		179
Other income Total revenues	 400 405		202.000		(20.145)			-	179		179
i otal revenues	 422,135		392,990		(29,145)		<u>-</u>		179		179
Expenditures											
Current:											
Public safety	_		_		_		_		_		_
Public works	_		-		-		_		-		-
Parks and recreation	-		-		-		20,500		10,697		9,803
Community development	56,172		20,435		35,737		-		-		-
Debt service	336,468		336,550		(82)		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 392,640		356,985		35,655		20,500		10,697		9,803
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	 29,495		36,005		6,510		(20,500)		(10,518)		9,982
Other financing sources (uses)											
Appropriation of fund balance	(29,495)		-		29,495		20,500		-		(20,500)
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (29,495)		-		29,495		20,500		-		(20,500)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 		36,005	\$	36,005	\$			(10,518)	\$	(10,518)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year			(2,663,182)						20,443		
Fund balances (deficit), end of year		\$	(2,627,177)					\$	9,925		

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Fund ADICA					
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance				
Revenues Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ - -				
Charges for services	34,897	31,210	(3,687)				
Investment income	-	24	24				
Other income	-	59,244	59,244				
Total revenues	34,897	90,478	55,581				
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-				
Parks and recreation	-	- 07.000	- 00.504				
Community development	49,897	27,366	22,531				
Debt service Total expenditures	49,897	27,366	22,531				
Total opportunities							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(15,000)	63,112	78,112				
Other financing sources (uses)							
Appropriation of fund balance	15,000	-	(15,000)				
Transfers in	-	-	-				
Transfers out							
Total other financing sources	15,000	<del>-</del> _	(15,000)				
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$</u>	63,112	\$ 63,112				
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		89,126					
Fund balances (deficit), end of year		\$ 152,238					

#### **NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Flint River Entertainment	
Complex Fund	

- To account for the operations of the James H. Gray Civic Center and the City's municipal auditorium. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

#### **Solid Waste Fund**

- To account for the provisions of solid waste collection and disposal services to the residents of the City.

#### **Telecommunications Fund**

- To finance and account for the cost of providing telecommunication services to customers of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Entert Coi	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund		Solid Waste Fund		communications Fund	Totals	
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash	\$	258,534	\$	2,935,170	\$	1,138,105	\$ 4,331,809	
Investments		-		1,072,960		-	1,072,960	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		119,422		2,347,130		123,665	2,590,217	
Inventories		-		-		310,669	310,669	
Due from other funds		359,484		<u> </u>		-	359,484	
Total current assets		737,440		6,355,260		1,572,439	 8,665,139	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Capital assets								
Non-depreciable	:	2,849,761		907,035		1,110,035	4,866,831	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	:	5,691,495		2,096,997		6,020,017	13,808,509	
Total non-current assets		8,541,256		3,004,032		7,130,052	18,675,340	
Total assets		9,278,696		9,359,292		8,702,491	27,340,479	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on								
pension plan investments		-		39,901		9,576	49,477	
Differences between expected and actual experience of								
economic/demographic gains		-		7,094		1,702	8,796	
Assumption Changes		-		98,474		23,634	122,108	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date				155,762		37,383	 193,145	
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		301,231		72,295	 373,526	

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Telecommunications Fund		 Totals	
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 347,443	\$	647,100	\$	37,044	\$ 1,031,587	
Current portion - compensated absences	-		99,138		25,876	125,014	
Due to other funds	-		2,238,304		459,645	2,697,949	
Advanced payments and customer deposits	388,943				-	 388,943	
Total current liabilities	736,386		2,984,542		522,565	 4,243,493	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Compensated absences, net of current portion	-		11,015		2,875	13,890	
Advance from other funds	-		-		4,259,816	4,259,816	
Net pension liability	-		2,005,007		481,202	2,486,209	
Total long-term liabilities	-		2,016,022		4,743,893	 6,759,915	
Total liabilities	736,386		5,000,564	-	5,266,458	11,003,408	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Differences between expected and actual experience of							
economic/demographic gains	-		326,962		78,470	405,432	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		326,962	-	78,470	405,432	
NET POSITION							
Investment in capital assets	8,541,256		3,004,032		7,130,052	18,675,340	
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,054		1,328,965		(3,700,194)	(2,370,175)	
Total net position	\$ 8,542,310	\$	4,332,997	\$	3,429,858	\$ 16,305,165	

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Telecommunications Fund	Totals
Charges for services	\$ 475,071	\$ 11,523,136	\$ 3,057,456	\$ 15,055,663
Other		3,592		3,592
Total operating revenues	475,071	11,526,728	3,057,456	15,059,255
Operating expenses				
Personnel costs	-	1,729,572	449,905	2,179,477
Supplies	-	114,801	95,934	210,735
Operating services and charges	2,311,901	6,665,643	1,967,083	10,944,627
Maintenance and repairs	670	1,085,528	19,832	1,106,030
Depreciation	486,650	420,786	503,777	1,411,213
Total operating expenses	2,799,221	10,016,330	3,036,531	15,852,082
Operating income (loss)	(2,324,150)	1,510,398	20,925	(792,827)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income	86	17,983	-	18,069
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(5,261)	44,460	13,933	53,132
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(5,175)	62,443	13,933	71,201
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(2,329,325)	1,572,841	34,858	(721,626)

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Telecommunications Fund			Totals
Capital contributions Other capital contributions	\$	74,912	\$		\$	_	¢	74,912
Total capital contributions	Φ	74,912	Ψ	<u> </u>	φ	<u> </u>	Ψ	74,912
Transfers								
Transfers in		926,173		-		500,000		1,426,173
Transfers out		-		(979,693)		(259,533)		(1,239,226)
Total transfers		926,173		(979,693)		240,467		186,947
Change in net position		(1,328,240)		593,148		275,325		(459,767)
Total net position, beginning of year		9,870,550		3,739,849		3,154,533		16,764,932
Total net position, end of year	\$	8,542,310	\$	4,332,997	\$	3,429,858	\$	16,305,165

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund			Solid Waste Fund		communications Fund	 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$	1,218,862	\$	10,776,098	\$	2,979,737	\$ 14,974,697
Payments to suppliers		(2,693,076)		(5,952,634)		(2,021,132)	(10,666,842)
Payments to employees		<del></del>		(2,034,388)		(417,765)	 (2,452,153)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,474,214)		2,789,076		540,840	 1,855,702
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Advance from other funds		-		-		(473,426)	(473,426)
Transfers in		926,173		-		500,000	1,426,173
Transfers out		-		(979,693)		(259,533)	(1,239,226)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital						_	 
financing activities		926,173		(979,693)		(232,959)	 (286,479)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		(765,721)		(238,494)	(1,004,215)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		85,461		13,933	99,394
Net cash used in capital and related				00,401	-	10,900	 33,334
financing activities				(680,260)		(224,561)	 (904,821)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Sale of investments		-		404,921		_	404,921
Interest on investments		86		17,983		_	18,069
Net cash provided by investing activities		86		422,904		-	422,990
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(547,955)		1,552,027		83,320	1,087,392
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning of year		806,489		1,383,143		1,054,785	 3,244,417
End of year	\$	258,534	\$	2,935,170	\$	1,138,105	\$ 4,331,809

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DECOMOUNTION OF ODEDATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	Flint River Entertainment Complex Fund		Entertainment Solid Complex Waste		Telecommunications Fund			Totals	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,324,150)	\$	1,510,398	\$	20,925	\$	(792,827)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ	(2,021,100)	Ψ	1,010,000	Ψ	20,020	Ψ	(102,021)	
provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		486,650		420.786		503,777		1,411,213	
Increase in account receivable		(76,736)		(750,630)		(77,719)		(905,085)	
Increase in inventories		-		-		(19,876)		(19,876)	
Decrease in due from other funds		740,848		_		-		740,848	
Decrease in contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		102,200		14,209		116,409	
Decrease in net difference between expected and actual									
experience of economic/demographic (gains) losses		-		268,285		66,451		334,736	
Decrease in assumption changes		-		144,717		25,004		169,721	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities		(380,505)		241,193		(78,052)		(217,364)	
Increase in due to other funds		-		1,612,769		159,645		1,772,414	
Increase in advanced payments and customer deposits		79,679		-		-		79,679	
Decrease in net pension liablity		-		(778,798)		(75,559)		(854,357)	
Increase in net difference between projected and									
actual earnings on pension plan investments				18,156		2,035		20,191	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(1,474,214)	\$	2,789,076	\$	540,840	\$	1,855,702	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Contributions of captial assets from outside sources	\$	74,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	74,912	
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	74,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	74,912	

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self-Administered Insurance Fund	- To account for the funding of self-insurance and payment of claims and judgments against the City.
Public Employees' Deposit Fund	- To account for employer and employee contributions to be used for the payment of employee health claims.
Workers' Compensation Fund	- To account for the accumulation of resources for future workers' compensation claims.
R3M (Repair, Renovate, and Replace) Fund	- To account for the maintenance and long-term care of City-owned buildings and infrastructure that do not qualify as capital expenses.
Utility Fund	- To account for the accumulation of resources for administrative services related to utility activities of the City.
Fleet Management Fund	- To account for the fleet management by providing maintenance and repairs for the City-owned vehicles and equipment.

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Self-Administered Insurance Fund		Public Employees' Deposit Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	 R3M Fund	Utility Fund		Fleet Management Fund	 Totals
ASSETS									
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash	\$ 42,687	\$	1,458,769	\$ 53,119	\$ -	\$	4,500,216	\$ -	\$ 6,054,791
Investments	4,803,096		386,230	3,931,802	2,739,119		2,928,230	-	14,788,477
Accounts receivable	3,387,289		771,360	122,015	-		690,507	-	4,971,171
Inventory			-	-	-		-	1,305,214	1,305,214
Prepaid items			-	-	-		-	25,551	25,551
Due from other funds			1,010,371	-	-		731,351	-	1,741,722
	8,233,072		3,626,730	4,106,936	2,739,119	'	8,850,304	1,330,765	28,886,926
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						'			
Capital assets									
Non-depreciable			837,168	-	-		428,500	-	1,265,668
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation			-	-	-		5,884,984	4,758,465	10,643,449
Total non-current assets			837,168		-		6,313,484	4,758,465	11,909,117
Total assets	8,233,072	_	4,463,898	4,106,936	2,739,119		15,163,788	6,089,230	40,796,043
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Net difference between projected and actual earnings									
on pension plan investments			1,596	-	_		172,372	41,497	215,465
Differences between expected and actual experience of									
economic/demographic gains			284	_	-		30,645	7,377	38,306
Assumption changes			3,939	-	-		425,407	102,413	531,759
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date			6,230	-	-		672,893	161,993	841,116
Total deferred outflows of resources			12,049	-	 -		1,301,317	313,280	 1,626,646

(Continued)

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Ins	dministered surance Fund	Public nployees' posit Fund	Workers Compensa Fund		R3M Fund	Utility Fund	M	Fleet anagement Fund	Totals
LIABILITIES						 	 			
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	3,642,703	\$ 567,841	\$	-	\$ 262,467	\$ 252,677	\$	17,229	\$ 4,742,917
Retainage payable		-	22,467		-	-	-		-	22,467
Accrued liabilities		-	-		-	-	333,097		12,290	345,387
Claims payable		1,828,500	1,208,242	19	2,325	-	-		-	3,229,067
Current portion - compensated absences		-	-		-	-	620,487		129,053	749,540
Due to other funds		<u>-</u>			_	-	 1,789,003		1,017,703	2,806,706
Total current liabilities	-	5,471,203	1,798,550	19	2,325	262,467	2,995,264		1,176,275	 11,896,084
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Compensated absences, net of current portion		-	-		-	-	68,943		14,339	83,282
Customer deposits		-	-		-	-	2,736,822		-	2,736,822
Net pension liability		-	80,200		-	-	8,661,632		2,085,208	10,827,040
Total long-term liabilities		-	80,200		-	-	11,467,397		2,099,547	13,647,144
Total liabilities		5,471,203	 1,878,750	19	2,325	 262,467	 14,462,661		3,275,822	 25,543,228
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Differences between expected and actual experience of										
economic/demographic losses		-	13,079		-	-	1,412,477		340,040	1,765,596
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	13,079			-	1,412,477		340,040	1,765,596
NET POSITION										
nvestment in capital assets		-	837,168		-	-	6,313,484		4,758,465	11,909,117
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,761,869	 1,746,950	3,91	4,611	2,476,652	 (5,723,517)		(1,971,817)	 3,204,748
Total net position	¢	2,761,869	\$ 2,584,118	\$ 3.91	4,611	\$ 2,476,652	\$ 589,967	¢	2,786,648	\$ 15,113,865

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Self-Administered Insurance Fund	Public mployees' posit Fund	Comp	orkers' pensation - und	R3M Fund	 Utility Fund	Ma	Fleet anagement Fund	 Totals
Operating revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 6,265,215	\$ 14,934,898	\$	1,477,293	\$ -	\$ 12,538,343	\$	2,796,789	\$ 38,012,538
Other	26,128	 		406,146	 	 -		167,372	 599,646
Total operating revenues	6,291,343	 14,934,898		1,883,439	 <u> </u>	 12,538,343		2,964,161	 38,612,184
Operating expenses									
Personnel costs	-	-		-	-	8,335,395		1,937,382	10,272,777
General and administrative	508,460	2,750,023		490,432	-	-		58,684	3,807,599
Supplies	-	-		-	-	419,828		268,006	687,834
Operating services and charges	-	-		-	869,624	2,943,691		-	3,813,315
Maintenance and repairs	-	-		-	-	499,915		218,787	718,702
Depreciation	-	-		-	-	355,982		188,633	544,615
Claims and damages	7,861,293	 12,234,535		374,259	 	 <u> </u>			 20,470,087
Total operating expenses	8,369,753	 14,984,558		864,691	869,624	12,554,811		2,671,492	40,314,929
Operating income (loss)	(2,078,410)	(49,660)		1,018,748	(869,624)	(16,468)		292,669	(1,702,745
Non-operating revenues (expenses)									
Investment income (loss)	28,909	(1,408)		27,849	(2,180)	29,652		-	82,822
Gain on sale of capital assets		 			 	 92,805		(4,869)	 87,936
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	28,909	 (1,408)		27,849	 (2,180)	 122,457		(4,869)	 170,758
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(2,049,501)	 (51,068)		1,046,597	 (871,804)	 105,989		287,800	 (1,531,987
Capital contributions									
Other capital contributions	-	-		-	-	1,500		18,171	19,671
Total capital contributions	-	 			-	1,500		18,171	19,671
Transfers									
Transfers in	2,049,501	-		-	500,000	-		430,000	2,979,501
Transfers out	-	-		-	(202,732)	-		-	(202,732
Total transfers	2,049,501	 -		-	 297,268	 -		430,000	2,776,769
Change in net position	-	(51,068)		1,046,597	(574,536)	107,489		735,971	1,264,453
Net position, beginning of year	2,761,869	 2,635,186		2,868,014	 3,051,188	 482,478		2,050,677	 13,849,412
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,761,869	\$ 2,584,118		3,914,611	2,476,652	589,967		2,786,648	15,113,865

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Self-Administered Insurance Fund	Public Employees' Deposit Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	R3M Fund	Utility Fund	Fleet Management Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from other funds	\$ 2,020,361	\$ 15,949,143	\$ 1,168,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,551,980	\$ 21,689,675
Receipts from customers	-	-	-	-	12,604,349	-	12,604,349
Payments to suppliers	-	-	-	1,379,865	(2,351,957)	(1,073,937)	(2,046,029)
Payments to employees	-	-	-	-	(7,727,701)	(1,793,393)	(9,521,094)
Claims paid	(7,188,793)	(11,664,171)	(1,209,958)	-	-	-	(20,062,922)
Premiums paid	2,969,771	(2,750,023)					219,748
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,198,661)	1,534,949	(41,767)	1,379,865	2,524,691	(315,350)	2,883,727
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers in	2,049,501	-	-	500,000	-	430,000	2,979,501
Transfers out				(202,732)		<u> </u>	(202,732)
Net cash provided by non-capital							
financing activities	2,049,501			297,268		430,000	2,776,769
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(456,805)			(659,147)	(119,583)	(1,235,535)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	(450,005)	-	-	109,425	4,933	114,358
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					109,425	4,933	114,336
Net cash used in capital and related		//			(= .= ===)		
financing activities		(456,805)			(549,722)	(114,650)	(1,121,177)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Purchases of investments	-		-	(1,674,953)	(238,335)	-	(1,913,288)
Investment income (loss)	28,909	(1,408)	27,849	(2,180)	29,652		82,822
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	28,909	(1,408)	27,849	(1,677,133)	(208,683)	<u> </u>	(1,830,466)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(120,251)	1,076,736	(13,918)	-	1,766,286	-	2,708,853
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning of year	162,938	382,033	67,037		2,733,930		3,345,938
End of year	\$ 42,687	\$ 1,458,769	\$ 53,119	\$ -	\$ 4,500,216	_	\$ 6,054,791

(Continued)

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Self-Administered Insurance Fund	Public Employees' Deposit Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	R3M Fund	Utility Fund	Fleet Management Fund	Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,078,410)	\$ (49,660)	\$ 1,018,748	\$ (869,624)	\$ (16,468)	\$ 292,669	\$ (1,702,745)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	, , ,	, , ,		, , ,	. , ,		, , , ,
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	355,982	188,633	544,615
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Increase in investment pool	(1,073,751)	(386,230)	(665,944)	-	-	-	(2,125,925)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(3,197,231)	(181,180)	(49,304)	-	66,006	-	(3,361,709)
Increase in prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	-	(394,259)	(394,259)
Decrease in due from other funds	-	1,581,655	-	2,206,636	133,377	-	3,921,668
Decrease in net difference between expected and							
actual experience of economic/demographic (gains) losses	-	11,076	-	-	1,199,572	287,958	1,498,606
Decrease in contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date	-	2,369	-	-	238,574	61,574	302,517
Decrease in assumption changes	-	4,167	-	-	433,866	108,352	546,385
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	3,478,231	316,570	-	42,853	(385,819)	(129,492)	3,322,343
Increase in retainage payable	-	22,467	-	-	-	-	22,467
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	672,500	225,970	(345,267)	-	-	-	553,203
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds	-	-	-	-	1,641,318	(412,181)	1,229,137
Decrease in net pension liability	-	(12,594)	-	-	(1,174,480)	(327,423)	(1,514,497)
Increase in net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		339			32,763	8,819	41,921
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,198,661)	\$ 1,534,949	\$ (41,767)	\$ 1,379,865	\$ 2,524,691	\$ (315,350)	\$ 2,883,727
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,500	\$ 18,171	\$ 19,671
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,500	\$ 18,171	\$ 19,671

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 2019 SPECIAL CITY SALES TAX

	Estima	ted Co	ost	Expen		
Project	 Original		Current	Prior Years	Current Year	 Cumulative Total
Roadway Improvements	\$ 20,949,000	\$	20,949,000	\$ -	\$ 2,707,731	\$ 2,707,731
Sidewalk Installation						
Sidewalk Installation	5,000,000		5,000,000	-	-	-
Alley Paving Program	5,000,000		5,000,000	-	-	-
Multi-Purpose Trails	4,200,000		4,200,000	900,000	20,360	920,360
Airport Improvements	3,500,000		3,500,000	-	-	-
Unpaved Streets	700,000		700,000	-	42,454	42,454
Railroad Crossing Improvements	265,000		265,000	85,106	-	85,106
Intersection Improvements	5,000,000		5,000,000	-	-	-
Roadway Widening	2,250,000		2,250,000	-	4,674	4,674
Traffic Calming Devices	500,000		500,000	-	79,815	79,815
Traiffic Signals and Pedestrian Upgrades	4,686,000		4,686,000	1,234	370,300	371,534
Traffic Control Center Tech. Upgrades	550,000		550,000	-	-	-
Downtown Sidewalk Improvements	1,000,000		1,000,000	-	-	-
Other Administrative Expense	 			 775		775
Total	\$ 53,600,000	\$	53,600,000	\$ 987,115	\$ 3,225,334	\$ 4,212,449

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS 2016 SPECIAL CITY SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Estima	ted Co	st		Exper	nditures	S		
						Prior		Current		Cumulative
Project		Original		Current		Years		Year		Total
City Street Resurfacing	\$	10,000,000	\$	13,351,447	\$	10,471,040	\$	2,880,406	\$	13,351,446
Barkley Blvd Extension	·	1,000,000	·	1,000,000	·	22,915	·	7,731	·	30,646
Railroad Crossing Improvements		1,600,000		1,600,000		538,907		, -		538,907
Alley Paving Program		2,000,000		2,000,000		125,215		483,724		608,939
City Paved Alley Reconstruction		1,500,000		1,500,000		6,769		9,514		16,283
City Alley Crushed Asphalt Application		1,000,000		1,000,000		402,757		208,460		611,217
City Sidewalks & Streetscape		2,500,000		2,500,000		419,008		322,402		741,410
Extention of N. Washington St.		1,900,000		1,900,000		-		2,221		2,221
Traffic Signal Upgrades		1,080,000		1,080,000		17,348		212		17,560
Federal Mandate Sign Upgrades		500,000		500,000		-		-		-
Underground Utility Installation		3,500,000		3,500,000		512,279		251,892		764,171
Street Light Upgrades		2,500,000		2,500,000		1,193,211		554,867		1,748,078
Interceptor Sewer Improvements		535,000		535,000		-		-		-
Storm Sewer Outfall Improvements		4,000,000		4,000,000		-		-		-
Storm Pumping Stations for Minor Ponds		700,000		700,000		18,435		4,768		23,203
Holloway-Mercer Drainage		615,000		615,000		-		-		-
SCADA System Upgrades		250,000		250,000		256,737		-		256,737
IT Hardware Upgrades		1,545,000		1,545,000		578,593		497,028		1,075,621
GPS/GIS Infrastructure Mapping		1,000,000		1,000,000		299,959		108,970		408,929
IT Software Upgrades		4,100,000		4,100,000		764,229		1,635,651		2,399,880
P25 Radio Project		4,600,000		6,383,131		4,752,624		1,630,508		6,383,132
Fire Station Relocation		1,250,000		1,250,000		-		-		-
General Recreational Improvements		3,900,000		3,900,000		1,802,037		97,957		1,899,994
Carver Pool Renovations/Improvements		750,000		750,000		-		-		-
Chehaw Park Improvements		1,000,000		1,000,000		565,555		58,461		624,016
Jefferson St. Pool Renovations		650,000		650,000		733,438		110,776		844,214
New General Aviation Terminal Bldg		2,300,000		2,300,000		-		-		-
New Transportation Center		2,500,000		2,500,000		1,742,435		53,600		1,796,035
Thronateeska Heritage Cntr Improvements		425,000		425,000		349,536		41,594		391,130
Total	\$	59,200,000	\$	64,334,578	\$	25,573,027	\$	8,960,742	\$	34,533,769

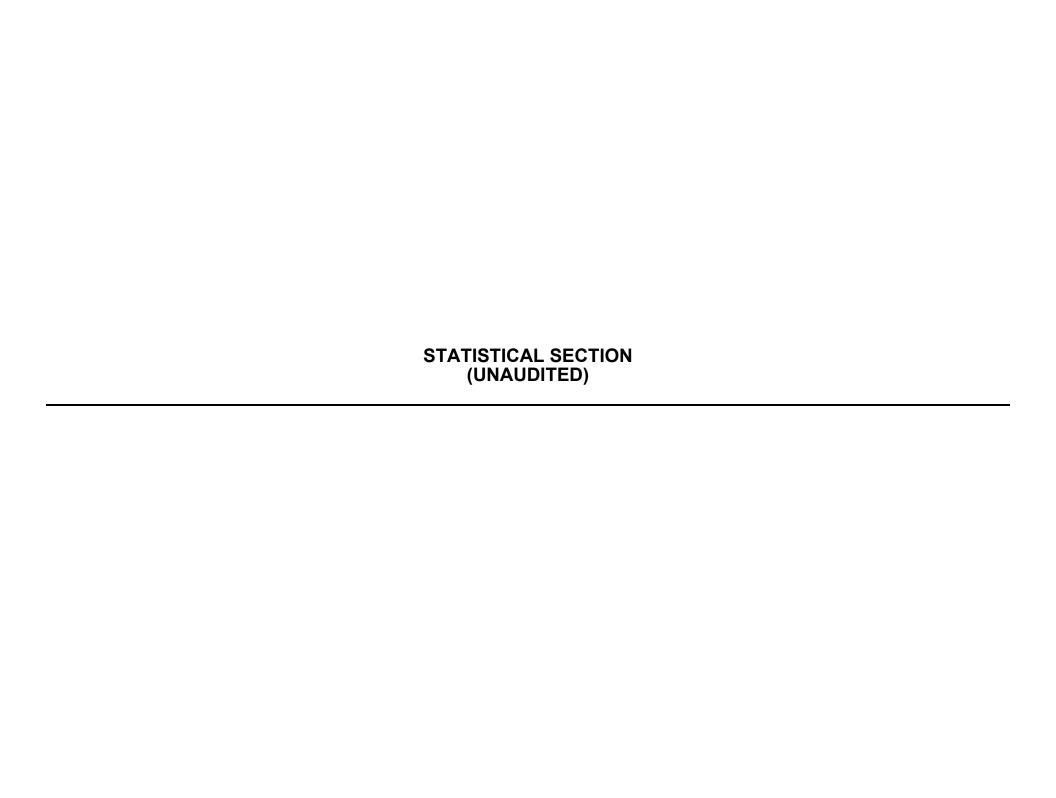
# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS 2010 SPECIAL CITY SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

•		Estimat	ed Co	st	Exper	nditures		
Project	Ori	ginal		Current	 Prior Years		Current Year	 Cumulative Total
Airport Improvements	\$	3,992,000	\$	4,272,378	\$ 4,272,378	\$	-	\$ 4,272,378
Civic Center Improvements		350,000		350,000	15,834		74,912	90,746
Sanitary and Storm Drainage Improvements		9,000,000		22,262,742	15,120,141		2,022,956	17,143,097
Broad Avenue Bridge		7,000,000		365,280	40,764		-	40,764
Roadway, Traffic Safety, and Sidewalk Improvements	1	1,501,500		14,079,050	10,475,718		187,866	10,663,584
Fire Department Improvements		3,198,184		5,341,291	5,409,341		-	5,409,341
911 Center Upgrade		2,850,000		2,281,074	2,212,893		-	2,212,893
Public Safety Improvements		487,100		1,942,592	2,401,464		238,326	2,639,790
APD Technology Project		2,551,000		2,380,542	1,499,474		-	1,499,474
Alley Paving Improvements		3,684,216		3,243,366	4,322,996		103,034	4,426,030
Technology and Communications Improvements		1,500,000		1,100,000	1,100,438		-	1,100,438
Riverfront Development Improvements		250,000		250,000	35,422		=	35,422
Transit System Improvements		4,380,000		4,380,000	4,593,438		1,339	4,594,777
Solid Waste Improvements		615,000		615,000	609,407		=	609,407
Historical and Cultural Improvements		276,000		250,000	3,250		=	3,250
Recreational Facility Improvements		2,750,000		2,977,880	1,845,716		129,864	1,975,580
City-Owned Facility Improvements		500,000		6,728	6,728		=	6,728
New Senior Center		3,000,000		3,292,382	3,292,382		-	3,292,382
Chehaw Park Improvements		1,750,000		2,080,078	1,617,712		=	1,617,712
Community Swimming Pool - East Albany		1,000,000		1,442,859	1,442,859		=	1,442,859
Thronateeska Improvements		2,000,000		2,099,377	2,099,378		-	2,099,378
Chamber of Commerce Improvements		85,000		85,000	85,000		-	85,000
Debt Service - Interest on SPLOST bonds				991,000	 1,656,038		83,201	1,739,239
Total	\$ 6	2,720,000	\$	76,088,619	\$ 64,158,771	\$	2,841,498	\$ 67,000,269

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS 2004 SPECIAL CITY SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		<b>Estimated</b>	Cost	Exper	nditures			
Project	Origin	nal	Current	Prior ears		Current Year		Cumulative Total
Airport Improvements	\$ 1,7	703,200 \$	1,703,018	\$ 1,703,018	\$	-	\$	1,703,018
Civic Center Improvements	2,5	560,000	2,523,271	2,523,271		-		2,523,271
Engineering	13,8	350,000	14,092,496	6,595,853		253,932		6,849,785
Civic Center Debt Retirement	5,5	500,000	6,669,376	6,669,376		-		6,669,376
Fire Department Equipment	1,	500,000	1,497,428	1,497,428		-		1,497,428
Public Safety Communications and Equipment		150,000	145,757	145,756		-		145,756
Public Works	6,8	310,000	6,683,856	6,683,857		-		6,683,857
Recreation	5,0	000,000	5,091,062	5,091,062		-		5,091,062
800 MHZ Radio Upgrade, Tower	6,8	300,000	6,572,933	6,572,933		=		6,572,933
GPS/GIS Information Infrastructure Mapping	1,	500,000	1,500,148	1,500,148		-		1,500,148
Fire Training Facility	1,	500,000	1,727,629	1,727,629		=		1,727,629
GIS/Color Infrared Photos	7	750,000	750,000	718,686		-		718,686
Disparity Study	;	350,000	339,871	339,871		-		339,871
Riverfront Development Projects	8,6	650,000	5,054,082	5,054,082		-		5,054,082
Thronateeska Improvements	3,5	500,000	3,927,802	3,927,801		-		3,927,801
Civil Rights Museum Expansion	3,7	750,000	4,035,383	4,035,383		-		4,035,383
Chehaw Park Improvements	2,0	000,000	1,999,341	1,999,341		=		1,999,341
East Broad Lead Clean-up		-	1,559,747	1,509,711		1,752		1,511,463
Debt Service - Principal on SPLOST bonds		-	-	14,000,000		-		14,000,000
Debt Service - Interest on SPLOST bonds		-	-	2,220,446		49		2,220,495
Total	\$ 65,8	373,200 \$	65,873,200	\$ 74,515,652	\$	255,733	\$	74,771,385

Expenditures per above schedules:	
2019 Special City Sales Tax	\$ 3,225,334
2015 Special City Sales Tax	8,960,742
2010 Special City Sales Tax	2,841,498
2004 Special City Sales Tax	255,733
	\$ 12,057,973
Expenditures per Statemement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Principal on debt obligations Expenditures per SPLOST Fund:	\$ 12,296,180 (238,207) 12,057,973



## STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Albany's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	131 –135
Revenue Capacity	136 – 144
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	145 – 149
Demographic and Economic Information.  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	150 and 151
Operating Information	152 – 154

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's financial reports for the relevant year.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the financial information in these schedules do not include the City's discretely presented component units.

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

										Fisca	al Ye	ar								
	_	2012	_	2013		2014		2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019		2020		2021
Governmental activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,083,652	\$	78,515,796	\$	78,550,845	\$	71,425,125	\$	71,425,125	\$	97,680,943	\$	96,269,861	\$	99,138,138	\$	94,827,694	\$	94,138,901
Restricted		47,176,694		38,807,274		38,366,853		36,560,923		36,560,923		22,747,421		25,715,167		27,403,396		33,425,202		46,807,746
Unrestricted	_	35,240,562		40,806,398		43,484,743		22,864,246		22,864,246	_	38,745,532		19,574,711	_	2,907,141		(1,237,446)		(7,619,429)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	155,500,908	\$	158,129,468	\$	160,402,441	\$	130,850,294	\$	130,850,294	\$	159,173,896	\$	130,850,294	\$	129,448,675	\$	127,015,450	\$	133,327,218
Business-type activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	99,376,889	\$	165,888,018	\$	169,002,698	\$	172,427,764	\$	172,427,764	\$	176,006,160	\$	177,969,653	\$	168,121,755	\$	200,711,916	\$	202,081,561
Restricted		8,768,406		9,593,844		6,077,401		8,944,173		8,944,173		9,068,681		8,789,909		9,010,097		2,796,103		2,796,103
Unrestricted	_	10,043,897	_	14,979,263	_	21,348,097	_	15,870,320	_	15,870,320	_	26,780,667	_	34,456,676	_	49,727,364	_	55,187,097	_	74,386,376
Total business-type activities net position	\$	118,189,192	\$	190,461,125	\$	196,428,196	\$	197,242,257	\$	197,242,257	\$	211,855,508	\$	197,242,257	\$	226,859,216	\$	258,695,116	\$	279,264,040
Primary government:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	172,460,541	\$	244,403,814	\$	247,553,543	\$	243,852,889	\$	243,852,889	\$	273,687,103	\$	274,239,514	\$	267,259,893	\$	295,539,610	\$	296,220,462
Restricted		55,945,100		48,401,118		44,444,254		45,505,096		45,505,096		31,816,102		34,505,076		36,413,493		36,221,305		49,603,849
Unrestricted	_	45,284,459	_	55,785,661	_	64,832,840	_	38,734,566	_	38,734,566	_	65,526,199	_	54,031,387	_	52,634,505	_	53,949,651	_	66,766,947
Total primary government net position	\$	273.690.100	\$	348.590.593	\$	356.830.637	\$	328.092.551	\$	328.092.551	\$	371.029.404	\$	362.775.977	\$	356.307.891	\$	385,710,566	\$	412,591,258

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							Fisca	Yea	ar								
	20	12		2013	2014	 2015	 2016		2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021
Expenses																	
Primary government																	
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$ 15,6	59,577	\$	11,850,540	\$ 11,676,280	\$ 7,580,735	\$ 13,149,259	\$	13,907,384	\$	10,182,547	\$	25,163,491	\$	21,577,043	\$	22,605,390
Judicial	1,0	92,438		1,105,206	1,161,891	1,114,238	1,142,848		1,150,395		1,207,165		1,216,573		1,265,512		1,332,921
Public safety	36,2	74,636		34,446,708	35,504,804	34,819,323	33,992,566		36,434,952		34,632,491		37,619,568		38,635,968		46,115,280
Public works	8,5	62,916		11,763,774	12,075,120	8,154,192	9,022,331		9,360,884		11,225,072		12,857,791		12,068,924		9,919,575
Parks and recreation	6,5	72,226		9,134,107	7,174,684	5,796,910	7,750,411		7,578,570		7,473,268		9,426,349		7,718,895		8,562,860
Community development	8,8	66,465		4,788,597	5,680,377	7,202,674	3,743,861		6,999,183		6,301,517		6,748,327		6,487,192		7,357,658
Community service	4	13,150		383,794	434,420	232,364	379,747		493,093		495,647		494,888		482,403		454,521
Interest and fiscal changes	7	37,496		908,094	914,022	901,640	648,357		682,044		627,757		609,239		572,980		664,294
Total governmental activities expenses	78,1	78,904		74,380,820	74,621,598	65,802,076	69,829,380		76,606,505		72,145,464		94,136,226		88,808,917	_	97,012,499
Business-type activities:																	
Sanitary sewer	13,8	02,498		13,510,612	12,822,696	12,268,460	12,094,253		13,478,400		12,874,269		13,929,469		15,126,247		12,821,898
Solid waste	8,3	36,517		8,303,044	8,116,940	8,946,091	8,908,087		10,079,015		11,290,932		7,651,569		10,393,972		9,592,518
Airport	2,6	32,485		2,873,052	2,626,374	2,966,447	3,494,862		3,635,803		3,993,128		4,053,762		3,468,943		3,734,791
Water, gas and light		_	1	03,961,719	106,533,670	_	_		-		_		_		-		_
Water		-		-	-	10,223,707	9,511,549		11,350,093		11,156,709		10,752,410		11,478,768		10,370,117
Light		-		-	-	96,684,785	88,893,351		95,011,447		86,150,688		90,712,268		84,723,184		78,586,950
Gas		_		-	-	11,112,701	11,191,545		15,726,147		14,822,635		11,201,256		12,362,981		12,967,660
Telecommunications		-		-	-	3,621,346	3,101,115		3,212,149		2,973,103		3,099,818		3,300,730		3,110,467
Storm water		-		-	-	5,470,230	5,477,062		13,389,437		5,791,487		14,553,068		5,642,321		4,749,578
Public employees' deposit	14,4	35,555		13,561,049	-	_	_		_		_		_		-		_
Transit	3,5	11,901		3,608,070	3,717,068	4,534,919	3,822,213		4,074,127		6,416,909		5,752,566		6,122,921		7,082,565
Civic Center	2,1	97,236		2,079,981	1,779,313	2,308,789	1,813,508		2,214,111		1,481,977		3,268,521		2,920,522		2,805,519
Total business-type activities expenses	44,9	16,192	1	47,897,527	135,596,061	158,137,475	148,307,545		172,170,729		156,951,838		164,974,707		155,540,589	_	145,822,063
Total primary government expenses		95,096		22,278,347	210,217,659	223,939,551									244,349,506		242,834,562

(Continued)

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

									Fisca	l Ye	ar						
	_	2012		2013		2014		2015	2016		2017		2018	2019		2020	2021
Program revenues																	
Primary government																	
Governmental activities																	
Charges for services:																	
General government	\$	2,640,527	\$	931,310	\$	1,082,203	\$	1,188,303	\$ 1,192,066	\$	978,011	\$	1,968,719	\$ 1,691,373	\$	1,877,940	\$ 1,447,415
Judicial		1,203,831		22,784		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Public safety		1,520,217		3,037,017		3,135,111		2,966,355	3,130,513		3,051,168		2,596,832	2,616,957		2,312,552	2,519,671
Public works		981,413		995,027		793,518		775,990	710,838		986,544		1,113,623	2,202,890		1,238,078	1,253,588
Parks and recreation		203,342		180,876		148,160		130,937	114,769		125,869		221,683	258,437		215,773	278,433
Community development		1,097,442		1,579,390		(978,163)		1,383,430	1,394,517		1,263,426		1,072,640	822,119		1,357,718	1,191,457
Operating grants and contributions		23,495,445		8,219,946		7,789,779		11,377,521	12,658,215		13,190,186		12,963,827	12,553,452		12,891,508	17,236,767
Capital grants and contributions		17,027,629		16,646,062		12,863,878		12,565,452	12,356,837		23,981,989		11,476,443	12,031,619		22,019,328	23,777,949
Total governmental activities																	
program revenues	_	48,169,846		31,612,412		24,834,486	_	30,387,988	31,557,755		43,577,193		31,413,767	 32,176,847	_	41,912,897	 47,705,280
Business-type activities																	
Charges for services:																	
Sanitary sewer		14,554,746		14,303,532		14,311,708		12,873,459	14,429,200		14,844,008		14,681,041	15,252,213		14,750,327	15,660,522
Solid waste		9,105,594		9,135,850		9,454,958		9,854,717	9,647,082		9,875,694		9,958,217	10,213,739		10,397,096	11,526,728
Airport		834,146		841,426		822,283		835,299	832,128		1,055,894		1,070,668	1,134,942		1,008,322	1,039,835
Water, gas and light		-		118,441,492		124,653,672		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Water		-		-		-		11,934,909	11,313,068		12,535,266		11,768,730	12,246,394		12,221,701	11,934,273
Light		-		-		-		116,439,184	110,012,176		107,560,618		107,846,750	102,051,612		100,127,774	103,295,038
Gas		-		-		-		15,453,714	15,463,910		15,765,267		17,661,084	17,879,460		15,849,064	16,835,323
Telecommuications		-		-		-		2,737,692	2,254,568		2,630,955		2,996,914	3,234,427		3,063,942	3,057,456
Public employees' deposit		13,971,380		13,540,775		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Transit		557,583		559,691		577,991		581,488	522,454		493,657		810,498	793,385		586,720	545,708
Storm water		-		-		723,807		3,606,753	2,824,693		4,281,447		4,267,102	7,586,623		4,202,888	4,216,105
Civic Center		444,135		342,773		311,474		307,969	315,437		337,174		271,409	1,285,296		1,038,799	475,071
Operating grants and contributions		1,228,886		871,411		1,023,046		1,049,408	1,239,904		15,709,353		2,638,205	1,095,785		6,053,256	5,212,868
Capital grants and contributions		3,790,551		7,724,576	_	2,691,726		3,673,081	1,989,102		965,708		3,149,058	2,859,625		18,766,213	5,075,481
Total business-type activities																	
program revenues	_	44,487,021		165,761,526		154,570,665		179,347,673	 170,843,722		186,055,041		177,119,676	 175,633,501		188,066,102	178,874,408
Total primary government program																	
revenues		92,656,867		197,373,938		179,405,151		209,735,661	202,401,477		229,632,234		208,533,443	207,810,348		229,978,999	226,579,688
		,000,001	-	, ,	-	5, 155, 161	_		 , ,			_		 		,	 ,0.0,000

(Continued)

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Fisca	l Ye	ar					
		2012		2013	2014		2015	 2016		2017	_	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
General revenues and other changes in net position Primary government															
Governmental activities: Taxes Investment earnings Gain on sale of assets	\$	31,839,278 1,750,706	\$	35,568,965 356,766	\$ 36,525,275 1,649,063	\$	37,984,905 770,805 215,122	\$ 37,841,772 1,331,409	\$	37,968,441 38,620	\$	38,021,997 55,045	\$ 40,370,706 3,513,176	\$ 40,273,672 2,191,213	\$ 42,488,377 85,369
Transfers		(4,680,629)		13,338,381	13,885,747		3,142,238	12,064,620		10,379,677		11,114,425	5,964,433	1,997,910	13,045,241
Total governmental activities general revenues and other changes in net					 · · ·			, ,					 , ,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, ,
position		28,909,355		49,264,112	 52,060,085		42,113,070	 51,237,801		48,386,738		49,191,467	 49,848,315	 44,462,795	 55,618,987
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers		1,096,090 - 4,680,629		(129,346) 82,871 (13,338,381)	657,412 220,802 (13,885,747)		118,782 122,251 (3,142,238)	401,121 52,237 (12,064,620)		63,633 120,068 (10,379,677)		193,373 113,944 (11,114,425)	822,611 126,006 (5,964,433)	1,040,711 267,586 (1,997,910)	342,485 219,335 (13,045,241)
Total business-type activities general revenues and other changes in net position	_	5,776,719	_	(13,384,856)	(13,007,533)	_	(2,901,205)	 (11,611,262)		(10,195,976)		(10,807,108)	 (5,015,816)	 (689,613)	(12,483,421)
Total primary government general revenues and other changes in net assets	_	34,686,074		35,879,256	39,052,552	_	39,211,865	 39,626,539		38,190,762		38,384,359	 44,832,499	 38,190,762	43,135,566
Change in net position: Governmental activities		(1,099,703)		6,495,704	2,272,973		6,698,982	12,966,176		15,357,426		8,459,770	(12,111,064)	(2,433,225)	6,311,768
Business-type activities	_	5,347,548		4,479,143	5,967,071		18,308,993	10,924,915		3,688,336		9,360,730	 5,642,978	31,835,900	 20,568,924
Total primary government change in net position	\$	4,247,845	\$	10,974,847	\$ 8,240,044	\$	25,007,975	\$ 23,891,091	\$	19,045,762	\$	17,820,500	\$ (6,468,086)	\$ 29,402,675	\$ 26,880,692

#### NOTES

Effective July 1, 2012, the activities of the water, gas and light are accounted for in the primary government. Previously, the Commission was reported as a discretely presented component unit.

Effective July 1, 2013, the activities of the Public Employees' Deposit are accounted for as an Internal Service Fund.

#### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Accidal be	asis of Acce	ounting)	

Fiscal Year	. <u></u>	Property Tax	 Sales Tax	H	Hotel/Motel Tax	Franchise Tax	nsurance remium Tax	Alcoholic verage Taxes	 Other Taxes	 Total
2012	\$	13,932,138	\$ 8,874,041	\$	1,445,522	\$ 2,318,244	\$ 3,645,630	\$ 1,421,037	\$ 202,666	\$ 31,839,278
2013		16,473,385	8,176,320		1,508,950	2,073,111	3,870,670	1,411,557	2,054,972	35,568,965
2014		16,761,694	8,658,079		1,727,832	1,891,363	3,994,353	1,347,638	2,144,316	36,525,275
2015		16,875,088	9,572,282		1,936,155	1,884,155	4,176,385	1,365,006	2,175,834	37,984,905
2016		16,315,586	9,683,370		1,994,981	1,915,178	4,461,781	1,339,383	2,131,493	37,841,772
2017		16,085,219	9,399,871		2,335,898	1,786,847	4,832,976	1,361,278	2,166,352	37,968,441
2018		16,202,550	9,271,522		2,270,461	1,675,797	5,146,339	1,310,153	2,145,175	38,021,997
2019		16,303,721	10,717,485		2,609,321	1,737,194	5,550,079	1,316,709	2,136,197	40,370,706
2020		17,004,970	10,270,780		2,092,826	1,642,295	5,895,190	1,265,596	2,102,015	40,273,672
2021		17,635,505	11,033,618		2,081,407	1,674,610	6,218,999	1,395,230	2,449,008	42,488,377

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fis	cal '	Year					 
	2012	 2013	 2014	_	2015	 2016	_	2017	_	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
General Fund:													
Nonspendable	\$ 752,155	\$ 259,934	\$ 235,771	\$	239,125	\$ 418,534	\$	478,845	\$	137,298	\$ 6,589,437	\$ 4,757,163	\$ 221,650
Restricted	-	-	38,470		72,016	142,319		37,996		12,599	15,510	13,120	-
Committed	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	5,043,603
Assigned	724,897	741,304	755,119		764,879	792,672		817,258		840,253	863,339	888,636	917,257
Unassigned	 20,869,545	13,568,156	 16,461,430		20,403,856	 26,046,316		28,922,087		31,482,500	25,037,962	 24,842,534	28,628,324
Total General Fund	\$ 22,346,597	\$ 14,569,394	\$ 17,490,790	\$	21,479,876	\$ 27,399,841	\$	30,256,186	\$	32,472,650	\$ 32,506,248	\$ 30,501,453	\$ 34,810,834
All Other Governmental Funds													
Nonspendable, reported in:													
Capital projects funds	\$ 1,765,798	\$ 1,152,423	\$ 666,092	\$	436,596	\$ 71,942	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	200	746	1,299
Restricted, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	7,724,921	5,935,517	4,593,080		3,625,897	1,747,032		3,046,206		2,497,042	2,097,986	1,847,721	2,112,553
Capital projects funds	39,451,773	38,693,602	40,803,181		40,811,186	38,543,270		29,074,158		32,621,800	33,183,596	41,360,636	52,955,917
Committed, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	75,241	12,665,396	16,003,179		19,220,954	21,784,820		23,064,621		23,801,400	24,674,308	25,217,258	23,713,688
Capital projects funds	-	6,260,070	6,484,444		6,656,593	8,631,796		18,692,544		19,631,650	15,632,552	15,321,696	15,552,078
Assigned, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	-	-	26,214		-	920,791		-		-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	3,653,585	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	(58,726)	(175,948)	(289,994)		(346,297)	(622,493)		(1,948,552)		(1,975,427)	(2,623,905)	(2,663,182)	(2,627,177)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 52,612,592	\$ 64,531,060	\$ 68,286,196	\$	70,404,929	\$ 71,077,158	\$	71,928,977	\$	76,576,465	\$ 72,964,737	\$ 81,084,875	\$ 91,708,358
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 74,959,189	\$ 79,100,454	\$ 85,776,986	\$	91,884,805	\$ 98,476,999	\$	102,185,163	\$	109,049,115	\$ 105,470,985	\$ 111,586,328	\$ 126,519,192

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Fisc	al Ye	ear				
	2012			2013	2014		2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues:											 			
Taxes	\$ 31,839,	278	\$	35,568,965	\$ 36,525,275	\$	37,984,905	\$ 37,841,772	\$	37,968,441	\$ 38,021,996	\$ 40,370,706	\$ 39,562,412	\$ 43,199,637
Licenses and permits	2,191,	504		857,746	783,927		1,077,712	926,040		848,971	889,910	1,250,806	1,067,313	1,101,617
Intergovernmental	40,104,	059		22,879,021	20,363,265		23,637,097	24,600,285		24,648,602	24,100,384	24,279,397	33,758,761	41,540,143
Charges for services	2,713,	766		3,664,906	3,263,308		3,134,717	3,032,948		3,325,985	2,372,064	2,766,369	2,726,362	2,915,630
Fines and forfeitures	1,203,	831		1,486,133	1,579,801		1,493,362	1,425,005		1,538,831	1,163,545	931,776	708,259	782,618
Interest revenues	1,973,	131		462,117	1,895,678		1,012,185	1,523,845		273,965	298,954	3,748,605	2,458,506	229,461
Other revenues	2,374,	099		1,521,086	 1,610,391		1,049,143	1,694,374		1,269,818	 3,179,070	3,657,195	3,331,361	2,676,714
Total revenues	82,399,	668		66,439,974	66,021,645	_	69,389,121	71,044,269	_	69,874,613	 70,025,923	77,004,854	 83,612,974	92,445,820
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government	10,485,	134		9,341,745	8,894,145		9,986,311	11,160,530		11,696,791	10,627,987	12,186,679	12,564,728	11,982,196
Judicial	1,100,	137		1,104,040	1,161,195		1,133,837	1,144,699		1,147,243	1,205,406	1,156,564	1,256,374	1,322,625
Public safety	32,883,	304		31,683,702	33,231,203		33,290,879	32,054,789		32,873,477	33,936,567	34,252,123	36,104,995	36,936,319
Public works	8,780,	714		8,501,889	7,917,956		5,168,600	4,485,266		5,986,409	6,155,568	5,422,379	5,315,017	4,304,688
Parks and recreation	5,547,	493		4,980,249	4,938,351		5,175,991	7,316,238		6,666,921	6,310,929	7,398,550	6,685,307	6,591,031
Community development	8,237,	696		5,407,316	5,956,369		6,107,922	5,025,042		6,795,980	6,216,592	6,213,211	5,939,949	6,814,303
Community service	413,	150		383,794	433,840		416,319	379,747		493,093	495,647	494,888	482,403	454,521
Capital outlay	6,082,	301		15,132,363	10,466,590		8,539,367	10,057,359		7,726,815	9,352,345	30,532,235	23,205,998	19,600,670
Debt service:														
Principal	905,	409		600,000	585,000		4,391,250	5,640,000		5,215,000	580,000	580,000	590,000	563,207
Interest and fiscal charges	1,045,	416		1,119,453	1,127,246		1,097,687	897,328		764,756	608,804	599,065	561,699	630,767
Total expenditures	75,480,	754	_	78,254,551	74,711,895		75,308,163	78,160,998	_	79,366,485	75,489,845	98,835,694	92,706,470	89,200,327
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over (under) expenditures	6,918,	914		(11,814,577)	 (8,690,250)		(5,919,042)	 (7,116,729)		(9,491,872)	 (5,463,922)	 (21,830,840)	 (9,093,496)	 3,245,493

(Continued)

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisc	al Y	ear							
		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017	2018		2019		2020		2021
Other financing sources (uses)	)			 _		 _		_	 		_		_		
Transfers in	\$	2,059,524	\$ 32,456,832	\$ 19,936,864	\$ 20,056,046	\$ 24,018,135	\$	23,912,309	\$ 24,418,484	\$	27,379,953	\$	18,448,195	\$	21,196,411
Transfers out		(4,707,660)	(16,539,382)	(5,210,378)	(8,484,926)	(10,410,077)		(11,888,876)	(12,168,702)		(14,703,149)		(10,924,418)		(10,908,267)
Investment fees		-	-	-	-	-		(456)	-		5,316,250		7,009,396		2,674,356
Issuance of debt		17,625,914	-	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		669,189	 38,392	 640,296	 455,741	 100,865		1,177,059	 78,092		259,656		675,666		355,796
Total other financing sources, net	_	15,646,967	 15,955,842	 15,366,782	 12,026,861	 13,708,923		13,200,036	 12,327,874	_	18,252,710	_	15,208,839	_	13,318,296
Net change in fund balances	\$	22,565,881	\$ 4,141,265	\$ 6,676,532	\$ 6,107,819	\$ 6,592,194	\$	3,708,164	\$ 6,863,952	\$	(3,578,130)	\$	6,115,343	\$	16,563,789
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		2.81%	2.72%	2.67%	8.22%	9.60%		8.35%	1.80%		1.73%		1.66%		1.72%

### GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	 Sales Tax	 Hotel/Motel Tax	 Franchise Tax	 Insurance Premium Tax	 Alcoholic Beverage Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2012	\$ 13,932,138	\$ 8,874,041	\$ 1,445,522	\$ 2,318,244	\$ 3,645,630	\$ 1,421,037	\$ 202,666	\$ 31,839,278
2013	16,473,385	8,176,320	1,508,950	2,073,111	3,870,670	1,411,557	2,054,972	35,568,965
2014	16,761,694	8,658,079	1,727,832	1,891,363	3,994,353	1,347,638	2,144,316	36,525,275
2015	16,875,088	9,572,282	1,936,155	1,884,155	4,176,385	1,365,006	2,175,834	37,984,905
2016	16,315,585	9,683,370	1,994,981	1,915,178	4,461,781	1,339,383	2,131,493	37,841,771
2017	16,085,220	9,399,871	2,335,898	1,786,847	4,832,976	1,361,278	2,166,352	37,968,442
2018	16,202,551	9,271,522	2,270,461	1,675,797	5,146,339	1,310,153	2,145,175	38,021,998
2019	16,303,721	10,717,485	2,609,321	1,737,194	5,550,079	1,316,709	2,136,197	40,370,706
2020	16,293,710	10,270,780	2,092,826	1,642,295	5,895,190	1,265,596	2,102,015	39,562,412
2021	17,635,505	11,744,878	2,081,407	1,674,610	6,218,999	1,395,230	2,449,008	43,199,637

### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	 Real F	roperty			Persona	l Prope	rty				To	tal		
			Estimated				Estimated						Estimated	Total
Fiscal	Assessed		Actual	4	Assessed		Actual			4	Assessed		Actual	Direct
Year	 Value		Value		Value		Value	E	remptions		Value		Value	Tax Rate
2012	\$ 1,197,135	\$	2,987,528	\$	396,685	\$	1,327,833	\$	106,590	\$	1,487,230	\$	4,063,003	9.16
2013	1,202,887		3,007,218		448,969		1,122,423		133,086		1,518,770		3,796,925	9.16
2014	1,185,778		2,964,445		472,394		1,180,985		133,147		1,525,025		3,812,563	8.66
2015	1,178,638		2,946,595		473,333		1,183,333		133,575		1,518,396		3,795,990	9.99
2016	1,205,452		3,013,630		434,038		1,085,095		114,956		1,524,534		3,811,335	9.99
2017	1,196,942		2,992,355		311,787		779,468		108,671		1,400,058		3,500,145	9.85
2018	1,165,269		2,913,173		331,274		828,185		118,515		1,378,028		3,445,070	9.81
2019	1,153,131		2,882,828		374,461		936,153		261,957		1,265,635		3,164,088	9.80
2020	1,166,845		2,917,113		380,384		950,960		179,495		1,367,734		3,419,335	9.80
2021	1,198,181		2,995,453		344,165		860,413		118,828		1,423,518		3,558,795	9.69

#### SOURCE

**Dougherty County Tax Department** 

#### NOTES

Property is assessed at 40% of actual value. Actual taxable value is calculated by dividing assessed value by 40%. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

# PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Cit	y of Albany Millage		Doug	herty County Milla	ge	Board	of Education Milla	ige	Other	
Fiscal		Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Total	(State of	
Year	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	School	Georgia)	Total
2012	8.660	0.000	8.660	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.25	39.249
2013	8.660	0.000	8.660	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.2	39.199
2014	9.990	0.000	9.990	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.15	40.479
2015	9.990	0.000	9.990	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.1	40.429
2016	9.853	0.000	9.853	12.594	0.000	12.594	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.05	40.942
2017	9.808	0.000	9.808	12.577	0.000	12.577	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.00	40.830
2018	9.804	0.000	9.804	15.644	0.000	15.644	18.433	0.000	18.433	0.00	43.881
2019	9.804	0.000	9.804	15.569	0.000	15.569	18.433	0.000	18.433	0.00	43.806
2020	9.729	0.000	9.729	15.569	0.000	15.569	18.323	0.000	18.323	0.00	43.621
2021	9.688	0.000	9.688	15.569	0.000	15.569	18.219	0.000	18.219	0.00	43.476

#### SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

#### NOTE

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

### TAXABLE SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (1)

By Category	 2012	 2013	 2014	_	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	2020	 2021
Accommodations	\$ 178,114	\$ 175,258	\$ 150,647	\$	212,981	\$ 252,666	\$ 254,119	\$ 293,483	\$ 278,598	\$ 309,249	\$ 215,918
Auto	1,532,212	1,584,304	809,709		405,402	457,114	492,916	497,317	477,652	507,963	526,461
Construction	84,097	81,167	111,938		124,959	124,552	141,705	122,538	195,634	158,844	128,596
Food/bars	2,704,550	2,657,049	2,635,805		2,728,280	2,752,437	2,802,077	2,769,641	2,619,736	2,798,393	2,704,157
General Merch	2,686,581	2,885,661	2,813,640		2,706,866	2,908,392	2,683,989	2,682,038	2,661,464	3,881,593	4,313,621
Home Furnishing	945,631	909,372	882,216		905,995	894,054	848,016	974,369	967,545	977,462	1,010,309
Manufacturing	1,515,298	1,267,861	1,291,861		1,109,267	827,389	765,754	807,956	863,709	930,456	850,290
Miscellaneous Service	1,188,675	1,109,417	1,142,772		1,502,431	2,382,097	2,363,478	1,337,558	2,368,885	2,417,464	2,172,310
Other Retail	2,478,609	2,428,037	2,496,712		2,536,673	2,341,056	2,352,372	2,364,953	2,443,308	2,667,563	2,725,024
Other Services	527,492	711,202	484,220		480,088	418,623	489,180	504,120	796,376	920,755	898,051
Utility	1,177,576	1,121,740	1,174,936		852,254	347,382	345,023	336,978	348,097	497,312	348,093
Wholesale	2,235,969	2,177,739	2,035,087		2,115,907	1,793,744	1,513,759	1,508,541	1,544,592	1,574,090	1,310,323
	\$ 17,254,804	\$ 17,108,807	\$ 16,029,543	\$	15,681,103	\$ 15,499,506	\$ 15,052,388	\$ 14,199,492	\$ 15,565,596	\$ 17,641,146	\$ 17,203,153

#### SOURCE

Georgia Department of Revenue, Local Government Services Division

#### NOTE

(1) Information only available for Dougherty County

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			Fiscal Year 2021			Fiscal Year 2012	:
Taxpayer	Type of Business	2020 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	2011 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Mars Confectionary US LLC	Confectioner	\$ 17,565,705	1	1.11 %	\$ 11,630,664	5	0.78 %
Georgia Power Co	Utility	14,554,708	2	0.92	6,249,938	9	0.42
Strategic Equipment Inc	Equipment Wholesaler	7,643,637	3	0.49	-		-
F M C Corp A P G	Farm Product Material Whoesaler	6,923,080	4	0.44	-		-
Albany Mall HP LLC	Mall developer	6,800,000	5	0.43	14,472,465	3	0.97
Princeton Place GR LLC	Real Estate/Leasing/Rental	6,651,640	6	0.42	-		-
Flint River Albany RE LLC	Warehousing	6,306,560	7	0.40	-		-
Phoebe Putney Health System	Hospital/Medical	6,238,679	8	0.40	-		-
Yancey Bros Co	Machinery Retailer	5,949,067	9	0.38	-		-
DOW Argosciences LLC	Chemical Products	5,639,195	10	0.36	-		-
Mediacom	Cable distributor	-		-	6,413,503	8	0.43
MillerCoors (1)	Brewery	-		-	56,977,428	1	3.83
BellSouth Communications	Telecommunications	-		-	14,110,932	4	0.95
Palmyra Medical Center (2)	Hospital	-		-	15,161,549	2	1.02
AllTel	Communications	-		-	7,454,877	6	0.50
Lowe's Home Center	Building Supplies/Retailer	-		-	6,162,985	10	0.41
Appliance PP2 FX 4 LTD	Apartments				6,993,560	7	0.47
		\$ 84,272,271		5.35 %	\$ 145,627,901		9.78 %

#### SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

#### NOTES

2012 from City of Albany Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	T	otal Tax	Collected V Fiscal Year o		Coll	ections in	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Levy for Year Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	\$	12,428	\$ 12,131	97.61 %	\$	277	\$ 12,408	99.84 %	
2013		13,758	13,494	98.08		234	13,728	99.78	
2014		13,745	13,480	98.07		233	13,713	99.77	
2015		13,834	13,496	97.56		295	13,791	99.69	
2016		13,741	13,495	98.39		202	13,698	99.69	
2017		13,740	13,273	98.39		418	13,691	99.64	
2018		13,721	13,281	97.98		360	13,642	99.42	
2019		13,783	13,231	96.00		481	13,712	99.49	
2020		13,731	13,148	95.75		479	13,627	99.25	
2021		13,763	13,216	96.03		-	13,216	96.03	

#### SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

#### RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	G	overnmental Activiti	ies		Busine	ss-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Intergovernmental Agreement	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	\$ 16,585,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 3,981,250	\$ 28,575,0	00 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,017,111	\$ 60,158,361	3.54%	776.90
2013	16,310,000	10,000,000	3,656,250	26,315,0	- 00	1,682,591	299,150	58,262,991	3.89%	752.45
2014	16,578,912	10,000,000	3,331,250	35,332,3	- 48	412,137	-	65,654,647	4.24%	861.78
2015	12,276,044	10,000,000	3,000,000	26,880,1	35 -	-	-	52,156,179	3.18%	688.36
2016	7,119,973	10,000,000	2,325,000	22,401,6	56 1,412,533	-	-	43,259,162	2.55%	578.00
2017	2,110,000	10,000,000	2,025,000	17,747,4	1,659,427	-	-	33,541,891	2.01%	454.49
2018	1,830,000	10,000,000	1,725,000	12,932,6	1,584,156	-	-	28,071,836	1.69%	383.61
2019	1,550,000	10,000,000	6,741,250	8,263,2	03 1,507,824	18,300,000	-	46,362,277	2.78%	616.12
2020	1,260,000	10,000,000	13,450,646	4,480,0	00 1,430,417	15,680,000	-	46,301,063	2.77%	641.91
2021	960,000	10,000,000	15,861,795	3,295,0	00 1,351,918	12,725,000	-	44,193,713	2.72%	634.54

#### NOTES

Details regarding the City of Albany's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

#### RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Obligation		Obligation Debt Service		 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2012	\$	16,585,000	\$	6,814	\$ 16,578,186	0.41%	214		
2013		16,310,000		-	16,310,000	0.43	211		
2014		16,578,912		-	16,578,912	0.43	218		
2015		12,276,044		-	12,276,044	0.32	162		
2016		7,119,973		-	7,119,973	0.19	95		
2017		2,110,000		-	2,110,000	0.06	29		
2018		1,830,000		-	1,830,000	0.05	25		
2019		1,550,000		-	1,550,000	0.05	21		
2020		1,260,000		-	1,260,000	0.04	17		
2021		960,000		-	960,000	0.02	14		

#### NOTES

Details regarding the City of Albany's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

In fiscal year 2012, the City issued \$13,145,000 of SPLOST bonds, and \$3,440,000 of revenue refunding bonds were issued by ADICA.

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2021

Jurisdiction	0	Debt utstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Albany	Amount pplicable to ty of Albany
Direct, City of Albany	\$	960,000	100 %	\$ 960,000
Overlapping, Dougherty County Board of Education	\$	18,491,000 19,451,000	81	\$ 14,977,710 15,937,710

#### SOURCE

Dougherty County Board of Education information provided by the Dougherty County Board of Education.

#### NOTES

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Albany. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN										
Debt limit	\$ 159,382	\$ 165,186	\$ 159,382	\$ 165,186	\$ 165,817	\$ 163,949	\$ 149,654	\$ 152,759	\$ 154,723	\$ 154,235
Total net debt applicable to limit	16,585	16,310	16,579	12,276	7,120	7,120	1,830	1,550	1,260	960
Legal debt margin	\$ 142,797	\$ 148,876	\$ 142,803	\$ 152,910	\$ 158,697	\$ 156,829	\$ 147,824	\$ 151,209	\$ 153,463	\$ 153,275
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.41%	9.87%	10.40%	7.43%	4.29%	4.34%	1.22%	1.01%	0.81%	0.62%
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN CALCULATION										
Assessed value	\$ 1,487,230	\$ 1,518,770	\$ 1,525,025	\$ 1,518,396	\$ 1,524,534	\$ 1,400,058	\$ 1,378,028	\$ 1,265,635	\$ 1,367,734	\$ 1,423,518
Add back exempt property	106,590	133,086	133,147	133,575	114,956	108,671	118,515	261,957	179,495	118,828
Total assessed value	1,593,820	1,651,856	1,658,172	1,651,971	1,639,490	1,508,729	1,496,543	1,527,592	1,547,229	1,542,346
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	159,382	165,186	165,817	165,197	163,949	150,873	149,654	152,759	154,723	154,235
Debt applicable to limit										
General obligation bonds	16,585	16,310	16,579	12,276	7,120	2,110	1,830	1,550	1,260	960
Less amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total net debt applicable to limit	16,585	16,310	16,579	12,276	7,120	2,110	1,830	1,550	1,260	960
Legal debt margin	\$ 142,797	\$ 148,876	\$ 149,238	\$ 152,921	\$ 156,829	\$ 148,763	\$ 147,824	\$ 151,209	\$ 153,463	\$ 153,275

#### NOTES

Under State of Georgia law, the City of Albany's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value.

The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the City's net general obligation debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the City's legal borrowing authority.

#### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		Vater, Sewer Charges and Other	Charges Operating		Operating Available		Debt Service Principal Interest				Coverage
2012	\$	15,648,637	\$	8,897,425	\$	6,751,212	\$	2,745,000	\$	1,204,413	1.71 %
2013	Ψ	132,612,979	Ψ	106,301,246	Ψ	26,311,733	¥	3,970,000	Ψ	1,045,428	5.25
2014		139,614,025		109,790,886		29,823,139		7,085,000		1,313,021	3.55
2015		24,653,467		16,250,850		8,402,617		4,455,000		1,023,688	1.53
2016		26,051,295		16,718,819		9,332,476		4,635,000		849,507	1.70
2017		27,327,241		19,125,526		8,201,715		4,800,000		656,493	1.50
2018		26,459,201		18,226,472		8,232,729		4,660,000		445,630	1.61
2019		27,989,480		20,733,359		7,256,121		3,780,000		255,625	1.80
2020		27,253,382		21,361,696		5,891,686		1,185,000		147,707	4.42
2021		27,632,266		18,797,163		8,835,103		1,230,000		104,163	6.62

#### NOTES

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Water/Sewer Charges and Other includes investment earnings.

Operating expenses do not include depreciation and amortization.

The increase in 2013 is due to the City changing the reporting entity to include Water, Gas and Light, which had been previously reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The decrease in 2015 is due to the City separating Water, Gas and Light into individual funds. The above amounts include only those funds with bonded obligations.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Inc (am expr	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)		Income Per (amounts Capita expressed Personal		Capita Personal	Median Age (1)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling (1)	School Enrollment (2)	(%) Unemployment Rate (3)
2012	77,434	\$	1,701,380	\$	21,972 (1)	31.5	12.0	15,765	10.1%		
2013	77,431		1,499,606		19,367 (1)	31.4	12.6	15,676	10.2		
2014	76,185		1,550,060		20,346 (1)	31.1	12.8	15,439	8.4		
2015	75,769		1,641,384		21,663 (1)	31.4	12.8	15,157	7.8		
2016	74,843		1,694,071		22,635 (1)	31.4	12.7	15,001	6.5		
2017	73,801		1,670,486		22,635 (1)	31.4	12.7	14,818	6.1		
2018	73,179		1,656,407		22,635 (1)	33.9	12.7	14,479	5.1		
2019	75,249		1,669,926		22,192 (1)	35.6	12.8	14,078	4.6		
2020	72,130		1,669,016		23,139 (1)	35.6	12.8	13,776	5.5		
2021	69,647		1,624,934		23,331 (1)	34.1	12.8	13,454	6.6		

#### SOURCES

<sup>(1)</sup> Bureau of Census, Bureau of Economic Analysis - Per Capita from deptofnumbers.com - USA.com for Education Level

<sup>(2)</sup> Georgia Department of Education website

<sup>(3)</sup> Bureau of Labor Statistics/State of Georgia - Department of Human Resources

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		F	iscal Year 20	12 (3)		
Employer (1)	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Marine Depot Maintenance Command/ USMC Logistic Base	4,016	1	6.50 %	4,900	1	8.35 %
Dougherty County School System (DCSS)	2,103	2	3.40	2,934	3	5.00
Phoebe Putney Health System	1,961	3	3.17	3,804	2	6.48
City of Albany	1,174	4	1.90	930	5	1.58
Albany State University	1,072	5	1.73	550	8	0.94
Dougherty County Government	650	6	1.05	669	6	1.14
Proctor and Gamble	642	7	1.04	1,394	4	2.38
MolsonCoors (Previously named MillerCoors)	586	8	0.95	650	7	1.11
Metro Power	512	9	0.83	-		-
WebstaurantStore	370	10	0.60	-		-
Teleperformance USA (Formerly CallTech Communications)	-		-	474	9	0.81
Palmyra Medical Center				454	10	0.77
Totals	13,086		21.17 %	16,759		28.56 %
Average number of employees (2)	61,800			61,100		

#### SOURCES

- (1) Albany Chamber of Commerce/Economic Development Commission
- (2) Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (3) 2012 from City of Albany Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,											
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
General government	147	147	136	141	165	165	161	157	161	166		
Judicial	12	12	12	14	17	17	17	18	17	18		
Public safety	479	479	478	480	463	463	463	468	475	478		
Public works	45	45	49	80	63	60	60	60	55	55		
Parks and recreation	63	63	55	55	52	52	51	49	31	31		
Community development	12	12	15	13	12	12	12	14	13	13		
Sanitary sewer	60	60	68	61	61	61	61	61	61	61		
Solid waste	49	49	45	43	34	34	34	34	34	34		
Airport	17	17	15	15	11	11	16	16	16	16		
Transit	30	30	32	33	32	32	36	36	36	37		
Civic Center	16	16	16	16	13	13	13	-	-	-		
Albany Utility Board	295 1,225	286 1,216	251 1,172	233 1,184	252 1,175	252 1,172	256 1,180	255 1,168	269 1,168	267 1,176		

#### SOURCE

City of Albany Finance Department

#### NOTE

Albany Utility Board - formerly known as Water, Gas and Light was merged into the City of Albany by charter during fiscal year 2014.

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,												
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021					
Sanitary sewer															
Average daily treatment															
(thousands of gallons)	14,128	15,799	17,476	16,305	17,300	13,856	13,856	15,884	17,712	16,535					
Airport															
Daily flights	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3					
Enplaned passengers	35,770	34,665	32,305	34,977	35,066	37,757	40,112	41,747	30,212	22,292					
Deplaned passengers	34,617	33,682	31,888	34,018	34,040	36,983	39,364	40,919	29,550	21,518					
Based aircraft	32	30	29	30	32	34	34	32	31	31					
Police															
Citations issued	N/A	10,564	10,827	12,365	18,399	18,969	12,571	11,657	9,974	11,416					
DUI citations issued	N/A	138	37	74	119	213	128	108	124	142					
Warnings issued	N/A	2,974	3,121	4,139	10,222	10,376	5,916	8,025	5,659	4,926					
Crime statistics:															
Aggravated assault	476	532	536	603	555	466	669	653	451	594					
Auto theft	240	188	193	168	156	147	187	297	326	413					
Murder	7	7	6	13	13	20	17	13	12	21					
Rape	28	27	26	28	30	24	28	39	26	36					
Robbery	205	193	186	167	207	113	137	140	167	106					
Burglary	1,382	1,252	1,391	1,121	1,070	864	796	771	703	504					
Theft	3,360	3,328	3,005	2,706	2,558	2,090	3,011	2,550	1,842	2,345					
Fire															
Incident responses	3,673	3,465	3,392	3,529	3,834	4,704	3,871	5,117	4,574	5,522					
Public Safety Education															
Events	205	553	161	207	226	191	186	291	167	26					
Persons contacted	37,103	42,019	20,138	20,960	26,400	22,318	16,241	24,054	15,518	483					

#### SOURCE

Various City departments.

#### NOTE

Beginning FY21 - APD Crime Stats are being reported under a full year of the new NIBRES Data/Reporting categories - Previously reported under UCR Codes/Categories

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

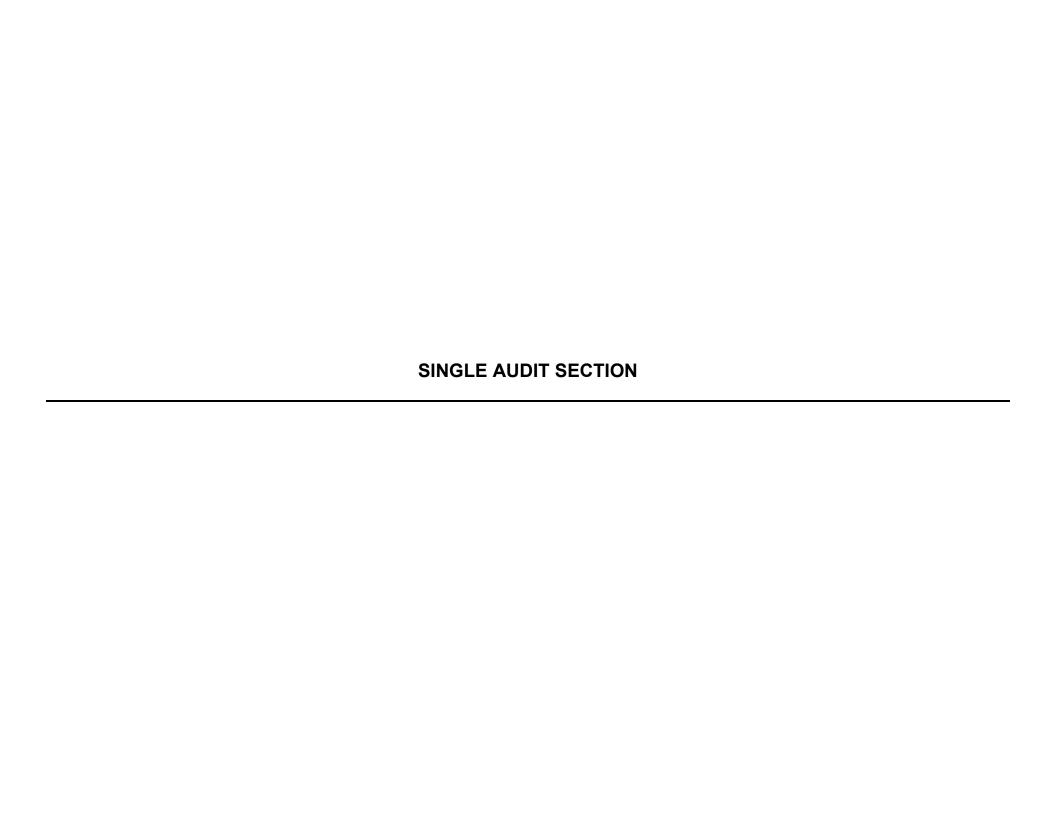
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,												
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021			
Public Safety													
Police													
Fleet size	171	165	219	211	222	222	247	269	214	214			
Fire stations	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11			
Public Works													
Miles of streets	559	597	597	575	571	571	571	433	433	433			
Number of street lights	11,279	11,285	11,285	11,285	11,295	11,295	11,432	11,989	11,989	11,989			
Culture and Recreation													
Park acreage	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400			
Parks	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75			
Golf course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Tennis courts	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7			
Sewerage System													
Miles of sanitary sewer	350	350	351	351	351	351	351	351	351	351			
Miles of storm sewer	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400			
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

#### SOURCE

Various City departments.

#### NOTE

Capital asset indicators are not available for the general government function.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Albany, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 28, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Albany, Georgia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Albany, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial statement audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia December 28, 2021 Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Healthy Food Financing	10.872	N/A	\$ 150,000	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			150,000	
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Passed-Through State of Georgia				
Economic Development Cluster - Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	N/A	327,425	
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			327,425	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Awards				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0001	460,103	\$ 111,209
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0001	278,241	-
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-18-MC-13-0001	11,187	-
COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MW-13-0001	496,096	-
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			1,245,627	111,209
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-16-MC-13-0205	119,787	-
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-17-MC-13-0205	22,421	-
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-18-MC-13-0205	98,460	-
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-19-MC-13-0205	234,013	-
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-20-MC-13-0205	183,793	59,757
Total HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program			658,474	59,757

(Continued)

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (Continued)				
Passed-Through State of Georgia Supportive Housing Program	14.231	2019 ER 19C016	\$ 22,532	\$ -
Supportive Housing Program  Supportive Housing Program	14.231	2019 ER 19C016 2020 ER 19C016	9,430	τ - 1,475
Total Supportive Housing Program	14.231	2020 ER 190010	31,962	1,475
Total Supportive Housing Frogram			31,902	1,475
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,936,063	172,441
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Awards				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Spending Funding	16.304	2020-VD-BX-1409	113,347	-
2020 Albany Works! Community Court Grant	16.585	2020-MU-BX-0039	2,520	-
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2003-BU-BX-6439	11,040	-
2017 Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0403	151	-
2018 Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0882	5,567	-
2019 Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0701	14,363	-
2020 Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0471	47,750	-
Total JAG Program			67,831	
Project Safe Neighborhood Program	16.609	2018-GP-BX-0070	41,318	-
Project Safe Neighborhood Program	16.609	2018-GP-BX-0070	4,875	
			46,193	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice			240,931	

(Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through State of Georgia				
Federal Transit-Urbanized Area Formula Program - Capital	20.507	T006098	\$ 22,372	\$ -
Federal Transit-Urbanized Area Formula Program - Capital	20.509	T006110 *CAF	595,478	-
COVID-19 - Federal Transit-Urbanized Area Formula Program - Operating	20.509	T006110 *CAF (Op)	2,798,844	
Total Federal Transit Cluster			3,416,694	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	0017150-PLN	117,077	-
Downtown Albany Revitalization - TAP Streetscapes (Planning Dept.)	20.205	PI #0015401	118,384	-
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and				
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.205	FTA 5303 T006010	63,960	
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			299,421	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			3,716,115	
Federal Aviation Administration				
Direct Awards				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-13-0002-050-2020	280,348	-
COVID-19 - Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-13-0002-051-2020	1,881,690	
Total Federal Aviation Administration			2,162,038	
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed through State of Georgia				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	14387-CRF	3,775,839	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			3,775,839	_

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Awards				
Brownsfield Assessment and Clean-up Program	66.818	ATLBF EPA	\$ 3,823	\$ -
EPA Brownfields Revolving Loan Funds Program (RLF)	66.818	EPA-OLEM-OBLR	22,301	
			26,124	
Passed-Through Georgia Environmental Finance Authority				
Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State Revolving Fund	66.458	CW2016015	1,988,104	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			2,014,228	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed-Through State of Georgia				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	7,251,613	-
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	OEM20-20049	28,820	-
2019 GEMA Bomb Dog Grant	97.067	SH019-057	2,082	-
2020 GEMA Bomb Dog Grant	97.067	SH020-037	500	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			7,283,015	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 21,605,654	\$ 172,441

N/A - not applicable/not assigned

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### NOTE 2. MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

#### NOTE 3. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The City chose not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 4. LOANS OUTSTANDING

The City previously used funds available under the EDA Program (Federal CFDA #11.307) to provide low-interest loans to eligible persons. Principal payments received are used to make additional loans as part of the revolving loan program. Disbursements of such loans are included as expenditures in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards in the year of disbursement. The outstanding balance of revolving loans under the EDA Program at June 30, 2021, was \$327,425.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the	
financial statements audited were prepared	
in accordance with GAAP	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes _X_ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes _ <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs	Unmodified

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (CONTINUED)

reported in accordance with the 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
20.106	Airport Improvement Program			
20.507	Federal Transit Cluster			
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between				
Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Y Yes No			

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported

SECTION III
FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported