CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barwick, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Barwick, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Barwick, Georgia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The City of Barwick, Georgia has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Barwick, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Barwick, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Simmons, Mills & Simmons P.C.
Thomasville, Georgia

Simmons, Mills & Simmons P.C.

January 9, 2015



CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental		Bus	siness-type	
	Ad	ctivities	F	Activities	Total
Assets:	i				
Cash and cash investments	\$	274,758	\$	47,538	\$ 322,296
Time deposits		26,755		7,379	34,134
Restricted cash		18,233		10,365	28,598
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts):					
Taxes		13,727		-	13,727
Accounts		-		12,051	12,051
Intergovernmental receivable		9,759		-	9,759
Internal balances		1,194		(1,194)	-
Prepaid items		7,237		3,147	10,384
Capital assets:		40.40		4 000	4440
Land		43,165		1,000	44,165
Improvements		23,410		44.450	23,410
Buildings		43,512		14,450	57,962
Equipment		187,746		80,127	267,873
Infrastructure		- (400 700)		996,919	996,919
Accumulated depreciation		(168,763)		(440,747)	 (609,510)
Total assets	-	480,733		731,035	1,211,768
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		15,746		2,583	18,329
Accrued liabilities		1,420			1,420
Customer deposits		-		10,365	10,365
Unearned revenue		7,396		-	7,396
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		-		-	-
Due in more than one year				-	 -
Total liabilities		24,562		12,948	 37,510
Net position:					
Investment in capital assets		129,070		651,749	780,819
Unrestricted (deficit)		75,354		66,338	141,692
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		233,760		-	233,760
Volunteer fire department		10,837		-	10,837
Housing and Development		7,150			 7,150
Total net position	\$	456,171	\$	718,087	\$ 1,174,258

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Government-wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net (Expenses) Revenues

Program Revenues and changes in Net Position Fees, Fines and Operating **Capital Grants** Charges for Grants and and Governmental Business-type Services **Program Activities Expenses** Contributions Contributions **Activities Activities** Total Governmental activities: General government \$ 56,775 2,955 \$ 62,087 8,267 \$ 8,267 Judicial 720 (720)(720)27,391 Public safety 3.472 6,521 (17,398)(17,398)Public works 53,936 6.873 (47,063)(47,063)Cultural and recreational 2,100 982 982 1,118 Housing and development 1,237 1.237 1.237 Interest on long-term debt 84 (84)(84)6,427 Total governmental activities 140,024 16,731 62,087 (54,779)(54,779)Business-type activities: 88,172 Water 109,797 (21,625)(21,625)Solid waste 26,520 37,010 10,490 10,490 Total business-type activities 136,317 125,182 (11,135) (11, 135)Total government 276,341 131,609 16,731 62,087 (54,779) \$ (11, 135)(65,914)General revenues: Taxes: \$ 70,600 70,600 Property taxes \$ Sales taxes 30,971 30,971 Alcohol beverage excise 1,126 1,126 Other taxes 21,733 21,733 Franchise fees 17,348 17,348 Investment earnings 122 133 255 Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous 835 8,684 9,519 Transfers Total general revenues and transfers 142,735 8,817 151,552 Change in net position 87,956 (2,318)85,638 Net position - beginning 368,215 720,405 1,088,620 Net position - ending 456,171 718,087 \$ 1,174,258

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Gei	neral Fund	SP	LOST Fund	Hot	tel/Motel Tax Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Cash	\$	64,081	\$	203,857	\$	6,820	\$	274,758
Restricted cash	Ψ	18,233	Ψ	200,007	Ψ	0,020	Ψ	18,233
Time deposits		3,689		23,066		_		26,755
Receivables (net of allowance		0,000		20,000				20,700
for doubtful accounts):								
Taxes		13,727		-		-		13,727
Interfund receivables		1,194		_		_		1,194
Intergovernmental receivables		2,593		6,836		330		9,759
Prepaid items		7,237		-		-		7,237
Total assets	\$	110,754	\$	233,759	\$	7,150	\$	351,663
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,042	\$	11,705	\$	_	\$	15,747
Accrued liabilities	•	1,419	•	-		_	,	1,419
Unearned revenue		7,396		-		-		7,396
Interfund payables		<u> </u>		_				· <u>-</u>
Total liabilities		12,857		11,705		-		24,562
Deferred inflows - property taxes		13,445	BORNING	_		-		13,445
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		26,302		11,705				38,007
Fund balances: Nonspendable:								_
Prepaid items Restricted for:		7,237		-		-		7,237
Special revenue funds		-		-		7,150		7,150
Volunteer fire department		10,837		-		-		10,837
Capital projects funds		-		222,054		_		222,054
Unassigned		66,378						66,378
Total fund balances		84,452		222,054		7,150		313,656
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,				-				
and fund balances	\$	110,754	<u>\$</u>	233,759	\$	7,150	\$	351,663

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 313,656
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 297,833 (168,763)	129,070
Deferred revenues for delinquent property taxes deferred in the governmental funds because they will not be received within sixty days of the City's year end.		13,445
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		 _
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 456,171

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Total
			Hotel/Motel Tax	Governmental
	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 85,889	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,889
Sales and use taxes	30,971	-	-	30,971
Alcoholic beverage excise	1,126	-	-	1,126
Other taxes	21,733	-	-	21,733
Licenses and permits	2,955	-	-	2,955
Intergovernmental revenues	15,494	61,431	1,237	78,162
Other charges for services	57	· -	-	57
Fines and forfeitures	3,472	-	-	3,472
Interest income	113	656	9	778
Miscellaneous revenues	778	-		778
Total revenues	162,588	62,087	1,246	225,921
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	45,126	-	-	45,126
Judicial	720	-		720
Public safety	21,144	-	-	21,144
Public works	51,725	-		51,725
Culture and recreation	1,118	_	-	1,118
Housing and development	-	<u></u>	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	1,103	1,846	-	2,949
Interest	· -	84	-	84
Capital projects		70,422		70,422
Total expenditures	120,936	72,352		193,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	41,652	(10,265)	1,246	31,387
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)	_	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		
, otal card, manong counces (acce,	•••••			
Net change in fund balances	41,652	(10,265)	1,246	32,633
Fund balances - beginning	42,800	232,319	5,904	281,023
Fund balances - ending	\$ 84,452	\$ 222,054	\$ 7,150	\$ 313,656

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total government funds		\$	32,633
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.			70,422
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.			(8,875)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets(i.e., sales, tradeins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Net effect of adjustments in fixed assets			(11,232)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred taxes 6/30/14 Deferred taxes 6/30/13	\$ 13,445 11,386		2,059
Repayment of long-term debt is a use of current financial resources in Governmental Funds, but the repayment of debt decreases liabilities in the Statement of Activities		***************************************	2,949
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	87,956

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual -

GAAP Basis

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Variance with

	Dod	a.a.4		Variance with Final Budget	
	Budget Original Final		Actual	Over (Under)	
Revenues:					
	\$ 93,500	ф 96.0 7 0	¢ 05.000	e (404)	
General property taxes	· ·	\$ 86,070	\$ 85,889	\$ (181)	
Sales and use taxes	31,000	29,000	30,971	1,971	
Alcoholic beverage excise	2,600	1,100	1,126	26	
Other taxes	19,000	19,900	21,733	1,833	
Licenses and permits	3,000	3,100	2,955	(145)	
Intergovernmental revenues	17,400	12,700	15,494	2,794	
Other charges for services	180	630	57	(573)	
Interest income	100	100	113	13	
Fines and forfeitures	14,000	2,400	3,472	1,072	
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-	778	778	
Carryover of funds	400 700	455,000	100 500	7.500	
Total revenues	180,780	155,000	162,588	7,588	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	59,397	57,500	45,126	(12,374)	
Judicial	4,535	1,500	720	(780)	
Public safety	63,998	29,397	21,144	(8,253)	
Public works	53,647	58,500	51,725	(6,775)	
Culture and recreation	2,100	7,000	1,118	(5,882)	
Debt service					
Principal	1,103	1,103	1,103	-	
Interest	-	-	-	-	
Capital projects	**	-			
Total expenditures	184,780	155,000	120,936	(34,064)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			•		
over expenditures	(4,000)		41,652	41,652	
0.1					
Other financing sources (uses):	4,000				
Transfers in (out)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,000				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other					
financing and other uses	-	-	41,652	41,652	
Fund balances - beginning	42,800	42,800	42,800	_	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 42,800	\$ 42,800	\$ 84,452	\$ 41,652	

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual GAAP Basis

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	· 	Bud	dget					ance with I Budget
	0	riginal	-	Final	Α	ctual	Ove	r (Under)
Revenues:	Φ.	4 005	•	4.450		4.007		
Intergovernmental revenues Interest income	\$	1,025 10	\$	1,156 9	\$	1,237 9	\$	81 -
Carryover of funds		1,965						
Total revenues		3,000		1,165		1,246		81
Expenditures: Current:								
Housing and development		3,000		1,165				(1,165)
Total expenditures	-	3,000		1,165				(1,165)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		_		_		1,246		1,246
			-					
Fund balances - beginning		5,904		5,904	-	5,904		
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	5,904	\$	5,904	\$	7,150	\$	1,246

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

Business	Type	Activities	
Ente	rprise	Funds	

		Fireibir	36 i u	ilus	
		Vater & arbage	Totals		
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash investments	\$	47,538	\$	47,538	
Time deposits		7,379		7,379	
Restricted cash		10,365		10,365	
Receivables (net where applicable of					
allowance for doubtful accounts):					
Accounts		12,051		12,051	
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-	
Prepaid items	-	3,147		3,147	
Total current assets		80,480		80,480	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land		1,000		1,000	
Buildings		14,450		14,450	
Equipment		80,127		80,127	
Infrastructure		996,919		996,919	
Accumulated depreciation		(440,747)		(440,747)	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		651,749		651,749	
Total assets	\$	732,229	\$	732,229	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	2,583	\$	2,583	
Customer deposits		10,365		10,365	
Interfund payables		1,194		1,194	
Current portion of long-term debt		44.440		- 4440	
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	14,142		14,142	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long term debt, net				-	
Total liabilities	\$	14,142	\$	14,142	
Net Position:					
Investment in capital assets	\$	651,749	\$	651,749	
Unrestricted		66,338		66,338	
Total net position	\$	718,087	\$	718,087	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Business Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

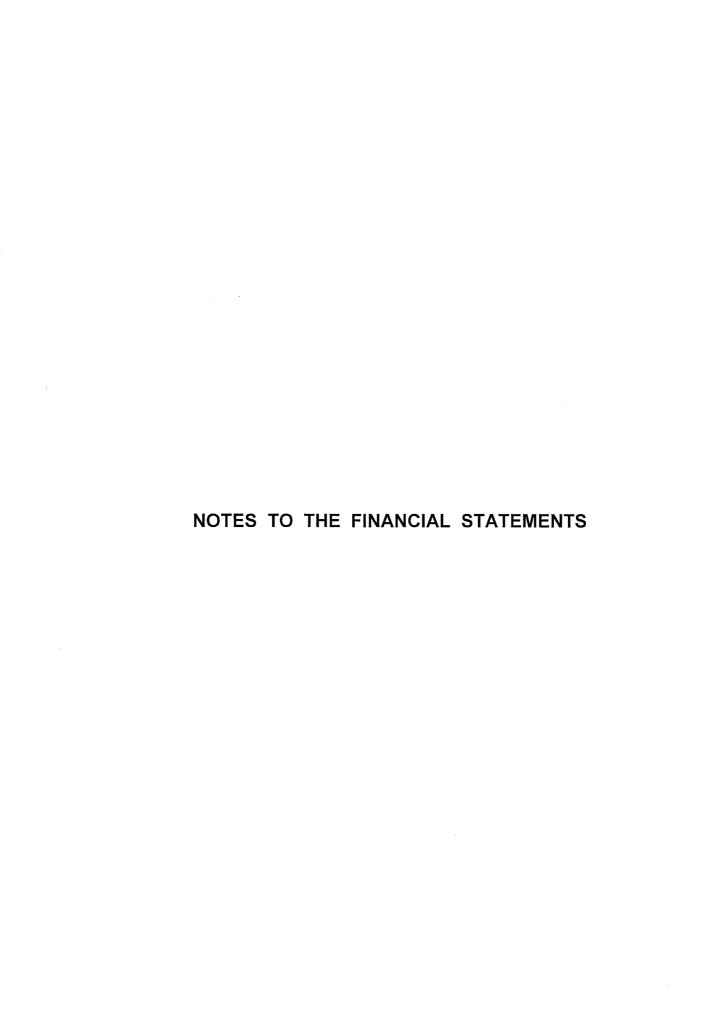
	Water & Garbage	Totals				
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services - water	\$ 88,172	\$ 88,172				
Charges for services - solid waste	37,010	•				
Miscellaneous	6,884					
Total operating revenues	132,066	132,066				
Operating expenses:						
Water:						
Personal services	37,195	37,195				
Purchased/contracted services	20,443	·				
Supplies	19,928	·				
Depreciation	32,231					
Solid waste:	,	•				
Purchased/contracted services	26,520	26,520				
Total operating expenses	136,317	136,317				
Income (loss) from operations	(4,251	(4,251)				
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-				
Miscellaneous Income	1,800	1,800				
Interest income	133	133				
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,933	1,933				
Transfers (to) from other funds	-	-				
Change in net position	(2,318) (2,318)				
Net position - beginning	720,405	720,405				
Net position - ending	\$ 718,087	\$ 718,087				

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Vater & Sarbage		Totals	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$	128,628	\$	128,628	
Other operating cash receipts		6,884		6,884	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(76,165)		(76,165)	
Cash payments to employees for services		(32,120)		(32,120)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		27,227		27,227	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
State grants received		11,020		11,020	
Transfers to other funds				_	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		11,020		11,020	
Cash flows from capital financing activities:					
Transfers from other funds		-		-	
Principal paid on long-term debt		-		-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_			
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities					
Cash flow from investing activities:					
Interest on cash and investments		133		133	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash investments		38,380		38,380	
Cash and cash investments, July 1		26,902		26,902	
Cash and cash investments, June 30	\$	65,282	\$	65,282	
Non-cash capital activities:					
Note Payable balance for maintenance agreement Water &					
Garbage Fund no longer obligated to pay.	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	-	/ater & arbage	-	Totals
Reconciliation of income (loss) from				
operations to net cash provided (used)				
by operating activities:				
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(4,251)	\$	(4,251)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from				
operations to net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation		32,231		32,231
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		2,464		2,464
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(1,097)		(1,097)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		312		312
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,870)		(3,870)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		768		768
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable		670		670
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	27,227	<u>\$</u>	27,227
Reconciliation of total cash and cash investments:				
Current assets - cash and cash investments	\$	47,538	\$	47,538
Restricted cash	Ψ	10,365	Ψ	47,536 10,365
Time deposits		7,379		7,379
Total cash and cash investments	\$	65,282	\$	65,282
i otal odon and odon investments	Ψ	00,202	Ψ	00,202



(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

The City of Barwick (the "City") was incorporated in 1903. The City operates under a council/mayor form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and volunteer fire department), highways and streets, sanitation, recreation, public improvements and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates a public utility (water system) for the incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City does not follow subsequent private-sector guidance for its enterprise funds.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Barwick has no component units.

Related organizations

The following is a list of related organizations for which the City of Barwick appoints one or more of the Board of Directors:

• Southern Georgia Regional Commission

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

Joint ventures and jointly governed organizations

The City of Barwick, in conjunction with thirty-three cities or counties in the South Georgia area are members of the South Georgia Regional Commission (SGRC). Membership in an SGRC is automatic of each municipality and county in the state. The Official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the SGRCs. Each county and municipality in the state are required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the SGRC. The SGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and the chief elected official of each municipality. The county board members and municipal board members from the same county elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the county or municipality) to serve as the non-public Board member from a county.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines SGRCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members. Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an SGRC beyond its resources (O.C.G.A. 50-8-39.1).

Separately issued financial statements of the Southern Georgia Regional Commission are available at their administrative offices located at 327 W. Savannah Ave., Valdosta, Ga. 31601 or by telephone at 229-333-5277.

C. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental funds typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund -

General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

SPLOST Fund -

The SPLOST Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax collected for Brooks and Thomas Counties. This sales tax is to be used for capital outlay as allowed by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 48-8-111.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund -

The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for Hotel/Motel tax received from Thomas County. This tax is to be used for the promotion of tourism in the City.

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Garbage Fund -

Water and Garbage Fund is used to account for the provision of water and garbage services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sanitation system and billing and collection activities. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

E. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applied to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item of unavailable revenue which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This is property taxes which are reported as deferred inflows since they are recognized as receivables before the period for which the taxes are levied.

F. Budgets

All budgets, except for the Enterprise Funds, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund and the Enterprise Funds. Amounts presented for the General Fund are as amended by the City Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. A project-length budget was adopted for the Capital Projects Fund.

(1) – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

G. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, passbook savings as well as certificates of deposits with a maturity date of three months or less. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that can be converted to known amounts of cash.

The City's deposit policy limits deposit choices to checking accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits with local banks. All deposits are to be secured as required by state statutes. The state statute requires the deposits to be secured at an amount equal to the total deposits less FDIC insurance, and then multiplied by 110 percent.

The City's investing is limited to investments complying with state statues. These investments are limited to obligations of states, obligations issued by the U.S. government, obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government, the local government investment pool established by state law and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City's investment policy is not in writing.

H. Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

I. Inventories

Expendable supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time items are purchased. The City does not record inventories of supplies on the books. Any inventory of supplies at June 30, 2014 is considered immaterial.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

K. Transactions between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to July 1, 2003. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Assets are capitalized and the estimated useful lives are as follows:

8	<u>Life-Years</u>	<u>Threshold</u>
Buildings	15-50	\$ 15,000
Infrastructure	20-50	150,000
Machinery and Equipment	3-15	5,000

M. Compensated Absences

The City's policy allows employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. There were no compensated absences as of June 30, 2014.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Nature and Purpose of Reservations

The fund equity reserves for prepaid items.

(1) – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

P. Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position

Government-wide and proprietary fund net position is divided into three components:

Investment in capital assets – consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.

Restricted net position – consist of net position that is restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.

Unrestricted – all other net position is reported in this category.

Q. <u>Governmental Fund Balances</u>

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, the City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council. Formal action by the City Council is required to be taken to establish (and modify or rescind) a formal balance commitment.

Assigned – Amounts that are designated by the City Council for a particular purpose. By motion, only the City Council can authorize an assignment of fund balances. Also, any of the fund balance reported at year-end that is included in the subsequent years' budget is reported as assigned

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(2) - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Council prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted at the City offices to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. After the public hearing, the City Council formally adopts the budget.
- 4. The budget is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 5. All budgets, except for the Enterprise Funds, are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual budget is at the department level.

(3) - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2014, all of the City's deposits were covered by either the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateral pledged by the financial institution or a combination of the two.

As of year end, the carrying amount of the City's bank balances totaled \$385,028 and the bank balances totaled \$393,902.

Investments

Credit Risk – The City has no formal policy on managing credit risk; however, state law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by national recognized statistical rating organizations. As of June 30, 2014 the City had no investments.

(4) - RECEIVABLES

The receivables as of June 30, 2014 for the City's individual major funds are as follows:

	 Seneral Fund	PLOST Fund	M	Hotel/ otel Tax Fund	Vater & arbage Fund	Total
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$ 20,127	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 20,127
Accounts	-	-		-	17,251	17,251
Intergovernmental	 2,593	 6,836		330	 	 9,759
Gross receivables	22,720	6,836		330	17,251	47,137
Less: Allowances for doubtful accounts	 6,400	 			 5,200	 11,600
Net total receivables	\$ 16,320	\$ 6,836	\$	330	\$ 12,051	\$ 35,537

Property taxes are levied as of September 17th on property values assessed as of January 1st. The bills were mailed on October 15th and are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is December 20th. After this date, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed.

(5) - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets reported in the General fund are comprised of the following:

Cash – LMIG funds	\$ 7,396
Cash – volunteer fire department	10,837
•	
Total	<u>\$ 18,233</u>

Restricted assets reported in the Water & Garbage fund are comprised of the following:

Cash – customer deposits <u>\$10,365</u>

(6) - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance July 1	Α	dditions	-	justment/ eletions		Balance June 30
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 36,165	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	43,165
Construction-in-progress	11,232		_		11,232		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 47,397		7,000		11,232		43,165
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings	3,500		40,012		-		43,512
Improvements	-		23,410		_		23,410
Equipment	187,746				-		187,746
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 191,246		63,422		-		254,668
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	3,500		417		_		3,917
Improvements	-		-		-		-
Equipment	 156,388		8,458				164,846
Total accumulated depreciation	 159,888		8,875		_		168,763
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 31,358		54,547				85,905
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 78,755	\$	61,547	\$	11,232	<u>\$</u>	129,070
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 1,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,000
Construction in-progress	 						
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 1,000				-		1,000
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings	14,450		-		-		14,450
Equipment	80,127		-				80,127
Infrastructure	996,919						996,919
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,091,496				_		1,091,496
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Building	14,450		-		-		14,450
Equipment	45,990		4,479		-		50,469
Infrastructure	 348,076		27,752				375,828
Total accumulated depreciation	 408,516		32,231				440,747
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 682,980		(32,231)				650,749
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 683,980	\$	(32,231)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	651,749

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	•	
General government	\$	417
Public safety		6,247
Public works		2,211
Culture and recreation		-
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	8,875
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	32,231
Garbage		
Total depreciation expense - Business-type activities	\$	32,231

(7) – LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable:

At June 30, 2014, the City's notes payable all paid in full.

Governmental activities notes payable - the City has no notes payable at June 30, 2014

None.

Business-type activities notes payable - the City has no notes payable at June 30, 2014

Leary Construction – The City entered into a 10 year agreement for renovations and maintenance to the City water tower on March 21, 2007. The first payments totaling \$56,100 was for the renovation work completed prior to June 30, 2008. Only that portion is considered long-term debt, bearing zero percent interest through July 1, 2014. The annual debt service requirement to this note payable as of June 30, 2013 was a final payment of \$1,800. The City was advised that the final payment of \$1,800 was actually only for maintenance and is not a note payment. The note balance was written off during the year.

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

		luly 1	Additions	Exp	enditures	<u>Adj</u> ı	ustments	June 3	0	One year
Governmental Type Activities:										
Notes payable - USDA 4.375%, 9/12/13 Notes payable - John Deere Credit 0%,	\$	1,846	\$ -	\$	1,846	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
9/20/13		1,103			1,103			****	_	
I otal governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,949	\$ -	\$	2,949	\$		\$	_	<u>\$</u>
<u>Business-type Activities:</u> Note Payable - Leary Construction 7/1/14	\$	1,800	<u>\$</u>	\$		\$	(1,800)	\$	_	<u>\$</u>
Total business-type activities	\$	1,800	\$ -	\$	_	\$	(1,800)	\$	_	<u> </u>

(8) – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following amounts:

Fund	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables		Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund SPLOST Fund	\$	1,194	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Water & Garbage Fund				1,194			 	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,194	\$	1,194	\$	_	\$	_

The City transferred money between the funds as needed to finance various programs accounted for in each fund. The interfund receivable and payable is for Water Fund expenditures paid out of the General Fund that will be reimbursed by the Water Fund.

(9) - FUND BALANCES/RETAINED EARNINGS RESERVES

The following is a summary of the fund balances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2014:

Nonspendable: Prepaid items - This is prepaid insurance and fuel in the general fund	\$	7,237
Restricted for construction of capital assets - This is fund balance restricted by state law as follows: SPLOST Fund - Restricted by state law and Thomas County		128,602
SPLOST Fund - Restricted by state law and Brooks County		93,452
Restricted for Volunteer Fire Department - This is fund balance restricted by the donor as follows:		
Restricted by Brooks County for the Barwick Volunteer Fire Department		10,837
Restricted for promotion of tourism:		
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - Restricted by state law		7,150
Unassigned:		
This is the amount assigned in the general fund	-	66,378
Total fund balance	\$	313,656

(10) - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for property and liability insurance and the Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim or loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government's contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the applicable deductible for the prior or current fiscal year. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to the applicable deductible) which were outstanding and unpaid at June 30, 2014. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

The City carries a combined property, casualty, and crime coverage with the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA).

Coverage's are as follows:	
Coverage description – property: Blanket buildings and personal property Automobile physical damage and mobile equipment	\$ 1,006,400 Per schedule on file with GIRMA
Coverage description – casualty (per occurrence limit): General liability Automobile liability Errors and omissions (public officials) liability Employee benefits liability	600,000 750,000 600,000 600,000
Coverage description – crime: Blanket Bond Depositors forgery Money and securities – loss inside and outside the premises	500,000 500,000 500,000

(10) - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

Deductible:

General liability	5,000
Law enforcement liability	5,000
Automobile liability	5,000
Errors and omissions (public officials) liability	5,000
Employee benefits liability	5,000
Buildings and personal property	5,000
Automobile physical damage	5,000
Equipment breakdown	5,000

Coverage exceptions:

Public Officials Liability and Employee Benefits Liability are written on Occurrence Form.

Prior Acts is included for Public Officials Liability and Employee Benefits Liability subject to retroactive date of 01/01/1998.

Coverage's subject to a retroactive date:

(Unless stated otherwise in the coverage exceptions)

Public officials liability

Employee benefits liability

Pollution liability

N/A

Coverage is subject to all terms, conditions and internal limits as specified in the GIRMA member coverage agreement.

(11) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City has stated that it is not involved in any lawsuit that will have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

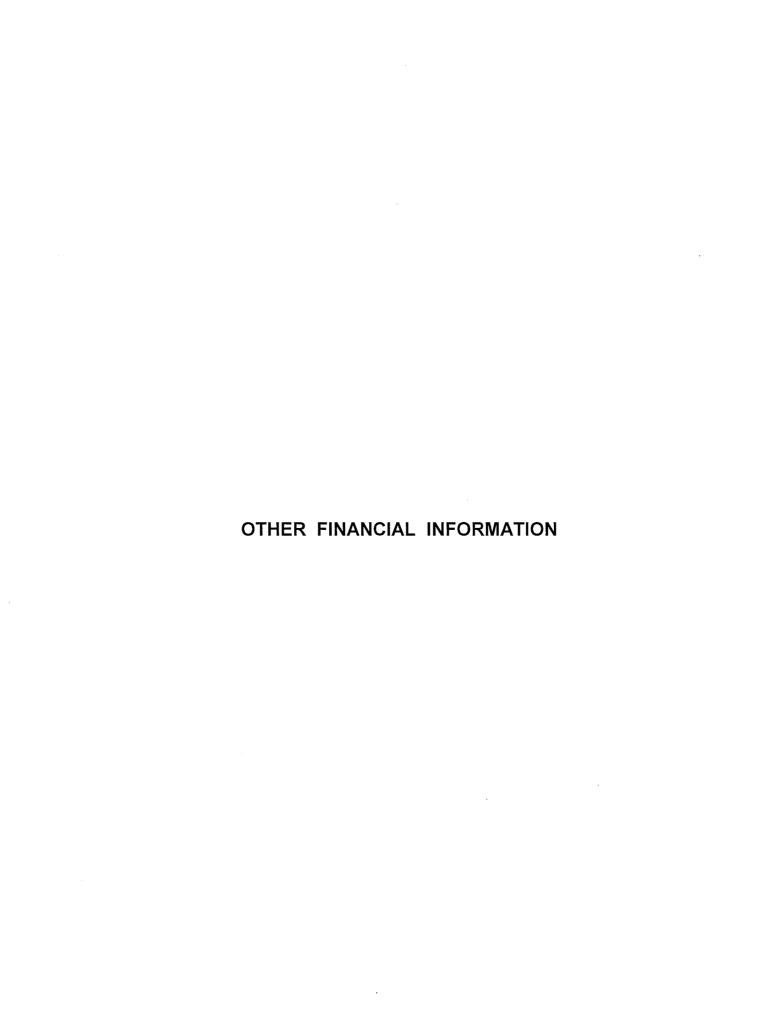
(12) - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City does not provide any retirement, pension, or profit sharing plan for its employees.

(13) - HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

Pursuant to an ordinance on June 27, 2005, January 1, 2006 Thomas County began levying a 5% lodging tax in accordance with O.C.G.A. 48-13-51 and expends 50% of the hotel/motel tax collections for the purpose of promoting tourism.

Thomas County paid the City \$1,237 from their Hotel/Motel Tax Fund in the current year. The City did not spend any of this money during the year ended June 30, 2014.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barwick, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of City of Barwick, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Barwick, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Barwick, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Barwick, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Barwick, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies, 2005-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Barwick, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of Barwick Georgia's Response to Findings

Simmons, Mells & Simmons P.C.

City of Barwick, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Barwick, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Simmons, Mills & Simmons P.C. Thomasville, Georgia

January 9, 2015

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prior year findings:

2005-001

Condition – The City does not have sufficient properly trained personnel to provide an optimum level of appropriate segregation of duties and responsibilities.

Effect – The City Clerk performs many of the accounting functions which give her the ability to control the financial records and reports.

Status -Our test determined that this condition still exists.

Recommendation – The Mayor and City Council should closely monitor and approve the monthly financial activity.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions – The City's management concurs with the finding. The Mayor and City Council will continue to closely monitor and approve the monthly financial activity. See Barwick's corrective action plan attached.

Current year findings and responses:

None Noted.

City of Barwick P.O. Box 146 Barwick, Georgia 31720 Incorporated 1903

January 9, 2015

Mr. Greg S. Griffin, State Auditor Department of Audits and Accounts 270 Washington Street, S.W., Room 1-156 Atlanta, Ga. 30334-8400

> Re: City of Barwick Year Ending June 30, 2014 Corrective Action Plan

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed is the City of Barwick's corrective action plan as required by Section 36-81-7 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. After reviewing this plan, I trust that you will find that it is in compliance with the above code. Please notify us of your decision.

Sincerely,

Ned A. Simmons, Jr.

Mayor

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

<u>2005-001</u>

Finding/Recommendation:

The City does not have sufficient properly trained personnel to provide an optimum level of appropriate segregation of duties and responsibilities. Staffing should include a sufficient number of properly trained personnel to assign duties and responsibilities among in order to achieve a minimum level of risk that misstatements resulting from fraud or error might occur and not be detected by employees during the normal course of performing assigned duties.

Corrective Action Plan/Management Response:

We concur with this recommendation. The City cannot establish appropriate segregation of duties because it is not cost effective. The Mayor and City Council more closely monitor and approve the monthly financial activity as well as provide the current Clerk with additional training. The Mayor and a Councilmember sign all checks. We believe that this allows the City to comply with the audit recommendation.

SIMMONS, MILLS & SIMMONS P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 220 E. JACKSON ST. P.O. BOX 1098 THOMASVILLE, GA. 31799

> 229-226-2515 FAX # 229-226-2531

CHARLES R. SIMMONS, JR., CPA (1918-1986) EDWIN A. SIMMONS, CPA DARRELL J. MILLS, CPA MICHAEL J. SIMMONS, CPA

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barwick, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax for the City of Barwick, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2014. These schedules are the responsibility of the City of Barwick, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Schedules of Special purpose Local Option Sales Tax. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accounting Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax is prepared for the purpose of complying with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 48-8-121 on the modified accrual basis of accounting as described in Note 1 and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the City of Barwick's revenues and expenditures.

In our opinion, the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the original estimated cost, the current estimated cost, and the current and prior year expenditures for each project of the City of Barwick for the year ended June 30, 2014, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Simmons, Mells & Simmons P.C.

Simmons, Mills & Simmons P.C. Thomasville, Georgia

January 9, 2015

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax - Brooks County Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Expenditures					
<u>Project</u>	Estimated <u>Cost</u>	Prior <u>Years</u>	Current <u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>			
Government buildings capital outlay	\$ 140,000	\$ 11,232	\$ 23,410	\$ 34,642			
Totals	\$ 140,000	\$ 11,232	\$ 23,410	\$ 34,642			

Note: Beginning 2009, Brooks County began collecting for Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum number 5. Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax revenue received from Brooks County, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$15,617.

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax - Brooks County Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Estimated Cost		Revised Estimated Cost			Expenditures					
						Prior		Current		Total	
Project Project					Years		<u>Year</u>				
Miscellaneous road											
projects	\$	30,000	\$	5,203	\$	2,543	\$	-	\$	2,543	
Capital outlay:											
Road equipment		14,990		14,990		14,990		-		14,990	
Police dept. building		6,300		6,300		6,300		-		6,300	
Police vehicles		12,000		12,000		12,000		-		12,000	
Digital copier		3,890		3,890		3,890		-		3,890	
Street truck		9,623		9,623		9,623		-		9,623	
Water capital projects		-		24,797		28,478		-		28,478	
Other		3,197		3,197	_						
Totals	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	77,824	\$	_	\$	77,824	

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax - Thomas County Year Ended June 30, 2014

	O	riginal	I	Revised		Exp	oenditures	
Project		timated Cost	E	stimated Cost	 Prior Years		Current Year	 Total
Miscellaneous road projects	\$.	44,000	\$	60,000	\$ 57,346	\$	-	\$ 57,346
Capital outlay: Water capital projects Police equipment		· _		61,000 5,000	60,099 8,566		- 1,930	60,099 10,496
Street truck Totals		44,000	\$	4,500 130,500	\$ 4,500 130,511	\$	1,930	\$ 4,500

Note: Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax revenue received from Thomas County, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax - Thomas County Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Expenditures							
Project	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total					
Capital outlay	\$ 315,000	\$ -	\$ 47,012	<u>\$ 47</u>	,012				
Totals	\$ 315,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 47,012	<u>\$ 47</u>	,012				

Note: Beginning in 2013, Thomas County began collecting for the 2012 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum. Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax revenue received from Thomas County, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$45,814.

SIMMONS, MILLS & SIMMONS P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS AND SCHEDULE OF PROJECT COST APPLICABLE TO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Source and Application of Funds and Schedule of Project Costs as of June 30, 2014 and for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Barwick, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the disposition and status of the City of Barwick, Georgia's Community Development Grant funds at June 30, 2014 and for the year then ended in conformity with applicable financial reporting provisions of governmental regulations and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

This report covers Community Development Block Grant Number 12i-x-136-2-5540.

Simmons, Mills & Simmons P.C.

Simmons, Mells & Simmons P.C.

January 9, 2015

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Community Development Block Grant Source & Application of Funds Schedule 12i-x-136-2-5540 Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total grant	\$	11,020
Less: Total funds drawn by recipient (through drawdown #1)	···	11,020
Funds still available for grant resources	\$	-
Cash on hand, July 1, 2013	\$	-
Total grant funds drawn and received by recipient during 2014 (through drawdown #1)		11,020
Amount due from Georgia Department of Community of Affairs at June 30, 2013		(11,020)
Total program funds held by recipient at June 30, 2014	<u>\$</u>	-

CITY OF BARWICK, GEORGIA Community Development Block Grant Project Cost Schedule 12i-x-136-2-5540 Year Ended June 30, 2014

Program Activity	Activity <u>Number</u>	Approved Budget CDBG Funds	Accumulated Expenditures To Date CDBG Funds	Accumulated Expenditures To Date Other Funds	Grant Total Expenditures <u>To Date</u>	Questioned <u>Costs</u>
vvatei raciiilies	P-03J-01	\$ 11,020	\$ 11,020	\$ 7,925	\$ 18,945	\$
l otals		\$ 11,020	\$ 11,020	\$ 7,925	\$ 18,945	<u>\$</u>