

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA

Annual Financial Report



## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Carrollton, Georgia

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carrollton, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carrollton, Georgia, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund, West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Carrollton, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Carrollton, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Carrollton, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 4 through 11 and 72 through 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Carrollton, Georgia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for

purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the City of Carrollton, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Carrollton's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2022 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia December 29, 2023





#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Carrollton's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 12.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (pages 12 and 14) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 12. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report on the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- •Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, streets, general government, and recreation departments. Property tax, franchise fees, sales tax, occupation tax, and fines and forfeitures finance most of these activities.
- •Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City water/sewer and sanitation operations are reported here.
- •Component units The City includes three separate legal entities in its report Carrollton Area Convention & Visitors' Association, Inc., Main Street Carrollton, and Carrollton Redevelopment Authority. Although legally separate, these component units are important because the City is financially accountable for them.



#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

**Fund Financial Statements** 

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 15 and provides detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. The City's three kinds of funds – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – use different accounting approaches.

- •Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.
- •<u>Proprietary Funds</u> When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.
- •<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> When the City collects funds on behalf of others and holds them in trust, these services are reported in fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the Statement of Net Position. However, these funds consist of assets and liabilities and the associated changes in those net positions. The City has a custodial fund for its Municipal Court fines as reported on page 27 of this report.

#### The City as a Whole

**Net Position** 

The City's combined net position increased from \$204,186,774 in 2022 to \$213,900,150 in 2023, an increase of \$9,713,376 (4.8%). Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

The net position for governmental activities increased from \$124,711,583 in 2022 to \$131,590,848, an increase of \$6,879,265 (5.5%). Unrestricted net position for governmental activities increased from \$6,754,162 in 2022 to \$10,658,480 in 2023, an increase of \$3,904,318 (57.8%).

Total net position for business-type activities increased from \$79,475,191 in 2022 to \$82,309,302, an increase of \$2,834,111 (3.6%). Unrestricted net position for business-type activities increased from \$6,981,181 in 2022 to \$8,773,769 in 2023, an increase of \$1,792,588 (20.4%).



Table 1 - Net Position

	Gover	nmental	Busin	ess-Type	Total			
	Act	ivities	Act	ivities	Primary	Government		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current assets \$	, ,	\$ 32,274,300	\$ 20,034,893	12,612,613	\$ 52,524,489	\$ 44,886,913		
Restricted assets	20,163	19,623	305,441	288,031	325,604	307,654		
Capital assets, net	116,130,926	114,203,510	81,436,470	76,463,792	197,567,396	190,667,302		
Total assets	148,640,685	146,497,433	101,776,804	89,364,436	250,417,489	235,861,869		
Total deferred outflows	6,917,552	4,175,715	2,236,852	1,264,850	9,154,404	5,440,565		
Current liabilities	4,390,466	9,353,476	6,943,951	2,025,381	11,334,417	11,378,857		
Noncurrent liabilites	18,661,337	12,837,795	14,339,278	7,622,654	33,000,615	20,460,449		
Total liabiliites	23,051,803	22,191,271	21,283,229	9,648,035	44,335,032	31,839,306		
Total deferred inflows	915,586	3,770,294	421,125	1,506,060	1,336,711	5,276,354		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	115,170,439	112,539,097	73,535,533	72,494,010	188,705,972	185,033,107		
Restricted	2 205 664	2.050.240	0	0	2 205 664	2.050.240		
Capital projects	2,205,664	2,050,310		0	2,205,664	2,050,310		
Other purposes	3,556,265	3,368,014	0	0	3,556,265	3,368,014		
Unrestricted	10,658,480	6,754,162	8,773,769	6,981,181	19,432,249	13,735,343		
Total net position \$	131,590,848	\$ 124,711,583	\$ 82,309,302	\$ 79,475,191	\$ 213,900,150	\$ 204,186,774		



#### **Changes in Net Position**

The City's combined change in net position increased from \$(1,126,043) in 2022 to \$9,713,376 in 2023. Our analysis below focuses on the changes in net assets (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the City's governmental activities totaled \$47,928,518 (excluding transfers). This total represents an increase of \$10,432,756 (27.8%) over the FY 2022 total of \$37,495,762. This increase is a result of \$10 million in Federal operating grants and contributions received to recoup revenue losses from the COVID-19 pandemic under the American Rescue Plan. Additionally, the City experienced an increase in property taxes from an increased tax digest, increases in sales tax revenues and other tax revenues. The City has also experienced increased recreation activity revenues and cultural arts revenues coming out of the COVID-19 pandemic by providing new programs and exhibits. These increases were offset by a major decrease in capital grants and contributions related to a one-time \$2.9 million land contribution in FY22.

Program expenses for the City's governmental activities totaled \$48,117,196 (excluding transfers). This total represents an increase of \$4,846,270 (11.2%) over the FY 2022 total of \$43,270,926. The majority of this increase is due to a one-time \$10 million intergovernmental transfer within the general government function in FY 2023 that heavily impacted current year figures. This increase was offset by decreases resulting from changes in benefit terms in the City's defined benefit pension plan implemented during FY 2022. The City reported pension expense of \$11,582,513 in FY 2022 compared to \$2,889,798 in FY23. The increased liability from FY 2022 will be funded by future governmental funds and employee contributions. However, the full liability was recorded at June 30, 2022 to capture the benefit change, which impacted previous year expenses. Detailed information about the plan is found on pages 56-61 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Service revenues for the City's business-type activities totaled \$25,938,660. This represents an increase of \$3,391,538 (15.0%) over the FY 2022 total of \$22,547,122. Expenses for the City's business-type activities totaled \$16,541,593 (excluding transfers), a decrease of \$1,589,880 (8.8%) over the FY 2022 total of \$18,131,473. Revenue changes are primarily related to standard increases in utility rates as well as water and sewer tap fees related to new construction in FY23. Expense decreases are related to changes in the City's defined benefit pension plan as described above in the governmental activities section. The decreases are offset by significant increases in chemical costs and landfill fees.

The operating revenues are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Charges for services:		
Water and sewer fees & charges	\$ 19,786,093	\$ 17,176,983
Garbage and landfill fees	<u>6,152,567</u>	<u>5,370,139</u>
Total	<u>\$ 25,938,660</u>	<u>\$ 22,547,122</u>



Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type	Total Primary			
	Activi	ities	Activ	vities	Government			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	5,101,893 \$	4,141,369 \$	25,938,660	\$ 22,547,122 \$	31,040,553 \$	26,688,491		
Operating grants								
and contributions	12,589,190	2,171,674	0	0	12,589,190	2,171,674		
Capital grants and								
contributions	7,076,796	10,215,972	169,225	0	7,246,021	10,215,972		
General revenues								
Property taxes	6,330,617	5,724,277	0	0	6,330,617	5,724,277		
Franchise & public								
service taxes	2,957,635	2,656,804	0	0	2,957,635	2,656,804		
Sales taxes	6,764,688	6,425,610	0	0	6,764,688	6,425,610		
Other taxes	6,380,688	5,815,203	0	0	6,380,688	5,815,203		
Interest and investment								
earnings	479,501	25,537	151,947	37,191	631,448	62,728		
Gain on sale of assets	18,107	138,176	0	0	18,107	138,176		
Other	229,403	181,140	183,815	196,281	413,218	377,421		
Total revenues	47,928,518	37,495,762	26,443,647	22,780,594	74,372,165	60,276,356		
Expenses								
Program Expenses								
General government	14,133,812	4,977,125	0	0	14,133,812	4,977,125		
Public safety	18,487,726	21,601,182	0	0	18,487,726	21,601,182		
Public works	4,670,733	4,858,495	0	0	4,670,733	4,858,495		
Culture and recreation	8,840,376	9,774,640	0	0	8,840,376	9,774,640		
Housing and development	1,973,807	2,044,122	0	0	1,973,807	2,044,122		
Water and sewer	0	0	11,960,530	13,376,250	11,960,530	13,376,250		
Sanitation	0	0	4,581,063	4,755,223	4,581,063	4,755,223		
Interest on long-term debt	10,742	15,362	0	0	10,742	15,362		
Total expenses	48,117,196	43,270,926	16,541,593	18,131,473	64,658,789	61,402,399		
Indirect costs	(4,032,111)	(3,078,081)	4,032,111	3,078,081	0	0		
Excess (deficiency) before								
transfers	3,843,433	(2,697,083)	5,869,943	1,571,040	9,713,376	(1,126,043)		
Transfers	3,035,832	3,473,367	(3,035,832)	(3,473,367)	0	0		
Change in net position	6,879,265	776,284	2,834,111	(1,902,327)	9,713,376	(1,126,043)		
Net position, beginning of year	124,711,583	123,935,299	79,475,191	81,377,518	204,186,774	205,312,817		
Net position, end of year	131,590,848 \$	124,711,583	82,309,302	\$ 79,475,191 \$	213,900,150 \$	204,186,774		



#### The City's Funds

As the City completed FY2023, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$28,093,732. This total represents an increase of \$4,649,479 (19.8%) over the FY 2022 combined fund balance of \$23,444,253. The City's proprietary funds (as presented in the statement of net position on page 22 reported combined unrestricted net position available for appropriation in the amount of \$8,773,769. This total represents an increase of \$1,792,588 (25.7%) from the FY2022 amount of \$6.981.181.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Revenues

General Fund revenue highlights discussed below are shown in Table 3. Total actual revenue was over total budgeted revenue in the amount of \$1,614,988. Of this amount, tax revenue realized on property was over budget in the amount of \$1,459,693. Property and motor vehicle taxes exceeded the budget by \$338,666 and \$144,637 respectively as a result of digest increases and rising cost of automobiles. Local option sales tax revenue exceeded budgeted revenue in the amount of \$489,688. Revenue from service charges was over budget by \$572,49 comprised of recreation fee revenue over projections of \$331,012 and cultural arts fees that were \$106,625 over budgeted revenue. Fines and forfeiture revenues were \$22,447 under budget. Intergovernmental revenue was under budget by \$7,094. Interest income was under budgeted revenue in the amount of \$5,784. Other income related to facility rentals and miscellaneous items were down \$366,153 from budgeted projections. The City remains in a strong financial position due to these revenue results and the fiscal management of budgeted expenditures as discussed below.

Table 3 - General Fund Revenues

			2023			2022	
	_	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes	\$	19,838,109 \$	21,297,802 \$	1,459,693 \$	18,890,000 \$	19,603,397 \$	713,397
Licenses and permits		675,000	659,276	(15,724)	690,000	703,254	13,254
Intergovernmental		2,031,025	2,023,931	(7,094)	1,096,580	1,502,907	406,327
Charges for services		5,546,116	6,118,613	572,497	5,068,963	4,919,481	(149,482)
Contributions		0	0	0	2,899,950	2,899,950	0
Fines and forfeitures		1,000,000	977,553	(22,447)	1,000,000	1,065,628	65,628
Interest on invested fund	ls	406,500	400,716	(5,784)	30,000	22,459	(7,541)
Other	_	565,656	199,503	(366,153)	455,000	176,692	(278,308)
Total	\$	30,062,406 \$	31,677,394 \$	1,614,988 \$	30,130,493 \$	30,893,768 \$	763,275

#### **Expenditures**

General Fund expenditure highlights are in Table 4. The City completed FY2023 with a total of \$40,606,498 in General Fund operating expenditures. The operating budget for these expenditures totaled \$43,182,043 resulting in expenditures being realized at an amount of \$2,575,545 under budget.

#### General Government

Expenditures for General Government came in at \$1,136,755 under budget. These positive budget variances can be attributed to budgeted vacant personnel positions that are anticipated to be filled in the coming fiscal year and capital outlays that were unspent or transferred to other departments. Detailed variances can be found on page 88 of our report.

#### **Public Safety**

Expenditures for Public Safety were \$403,750 under budget. Expenditures for the Police Department were \$5,836 over budget. The Mental Crisis Response Unit and Fire Department came in at \$2,413 and \$407,173 under budget, respectively. These positive budget variances can be attributed to budgeted vacant personnel positions that will be filled in the coming fiscal year. See page 89 for more details.



#### Street Department

Expenditures for the City's Street Department totaled \$192,596 coming in at \$11,688 under budget. Capital outlay infrastructure projects throughout the City were funded during the year with 2021 SPLOST funds. Please refer to page 89 of our report for a detailed analysis of these variances.

#### Engineering

Expenditures for Engineering totaled \$1,321,439 coming in at \$224,348 under budget. Please refer to page 89 of our report for a detailed analysis of these variances.

#### Cultural Arts & Recreation

Expenditures for Cultural Arts and Recreation totaled \$7,290,283, coming in at \$274,087 under budget. Of this amount, expenditures for Recreation Programs & Athletics came in at \$117,727 and \$156,745 under budget, respectively. Expenditures in these departments significantly increased over prior year as a result of increased operations coming out of the COVID-19 pandemic. Please refer to page 90 of our report for a detailed analysis of these variances.

Table 4 - General Fund Operating Expenditures

		2023			2022	
_	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
General government \$	14,900,852	\$ 13,764,097 \$	1,136,755 \$	8,849,029 \$	8,513,715 \$	335,314
Public safety	17,080,912	16,677,162	403,750	15,917,891	15,505,106	412,785
Public w orks	2,257,624	1,954,760	302,864	2,272,407	2,048,920	223,487
Cultural and recreation	7,564,370	7,290,283	274,087	7,369,685	6,685,232	684,453
Housing and development	1,216,785	758,752	458,033	1,136,501	832,243	304,258
Debt service	161,500	161,444	56	167,920	161,444	6,476
Total operating	_			_	_	
expenditures \$	43,182,043	40,606,498 \$	2,575,545 \$	35,713,433 \$	33,746,660 \$	1,966,773

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the City had \$197,567,396 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including public safety equipment, buildings, recreation and cultural arts facilities, and water and sewer infrastructure. Please refer to our analysis below for a breakdown of the City's capital assets and the notes to the financial statements for more information.

Table 5 - Capital Assets at June 30, 2023, Net of Depreciation

		Governmenta	Activities		Business-Type	Activities	Totals		
		2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$	17,394,022 \$	16,942,445	\$	8,933,978 \$	8,933,978 \$	26,328,000 \$	25,876,423	
Land Improvements		17,945,655	18,060,090		-	-	17,945,655	18,060,090	
Buildings and improvements		33,694,581	31,086,231		2,797,959	2,935,446	36,492,540	34,021,677	
Equipment		4,556,685	4,098,463		2,037,008	2,271,923	6,593,693	6,370,386	
Infrastructure		39,864,674	39,881,257		61,563,595	60,997,708	101,428,269	100,878,965	
Construction in progess	_	2,675,309	4,135,024	_	6,103,930	1,324,737	8,779,239	5,459,761	
				_		_	_		
Totals	\$_	116,130,926 \$	114,203,510	\$_	81,436,470 \$	76,463,792 \$	197,567,396 \$	190,667,302	



#### <u>DEBT</u>

The total long-term debt of the City outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$8,954,321. The City has \$3,090,000 in revenue bond debt outstanding. Notes payable balances reported in the business-type activities relate to improvements to the City's water and sewer systems. The debt increase is attributable to a \$15 million note payable on construction in progress of a pre-settlement pond with a 0.13% interest rate through the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority. Please refer to our analysis below for the breakdown of the City's outstanding debt and notes to the financial statements for more information.

Table 6 - Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Totals					
	 2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Bonds from direct placement	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	3,090,000	\$	3,559,000	\$	3,090,000	\$	3,559,000
Notes from direct borrowings	 308,191	_	455,236		5,556,130		399,246		5,864,321		854,482
Totals	\$ 308,191	\$_	455,236	\$_	8,646,130	\$_	3,958,246	\$_	8,954,321	\$	4,413,482

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGETS AND RATES**

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when preparing the FY 2024 budget, millage rates, and user fees that will be charged for business-type activities. The growth in the property tax digest, as well as the projected collection rate in property taxes is taken into account when the millage rate is approved by the Mayor and City Council. Also, growth rates in other General Fund revenue categories such as sales tax, automobile tax, utility franchise fees, and occupation tax are taken into account when preparing the General Fund budget.

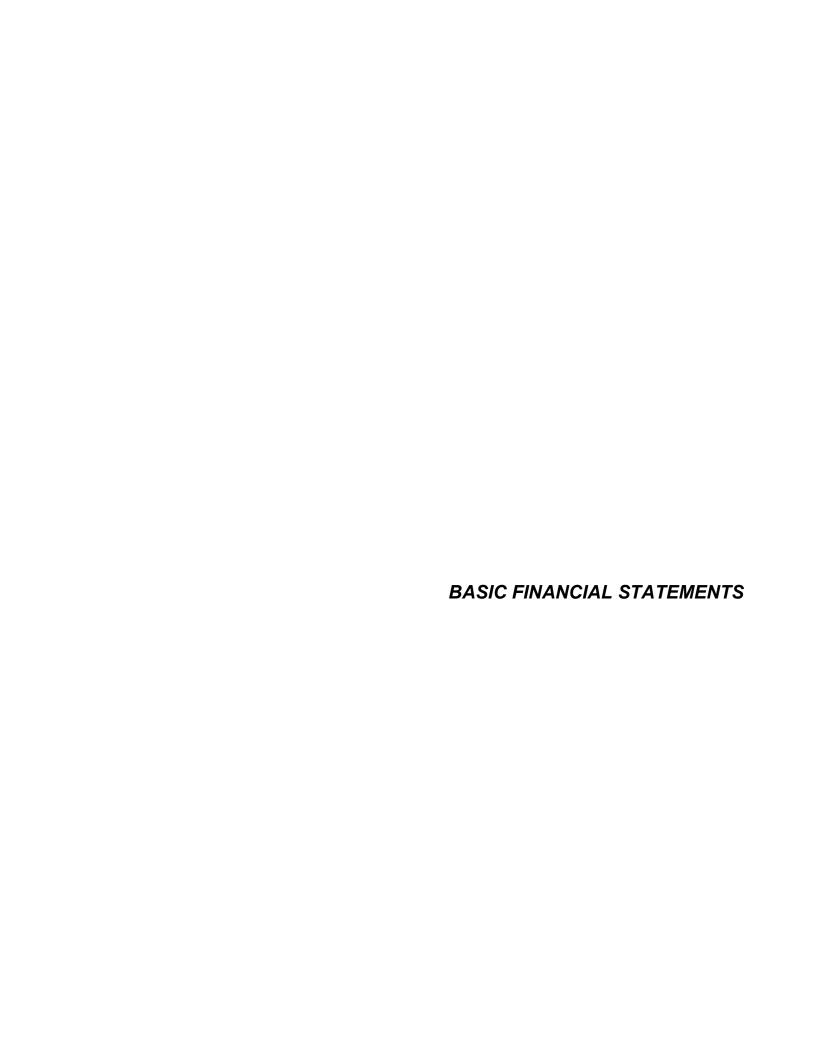
The above indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for FY 2024. The fiscal year 2024 General Fund budget totals \$33,071,173, an increase of \$988,594 (3.1%) over the FY 2023 original budget.

If these estimates are realized, the City's General Fund balance is expected to remain flat for FY 2024. These results are expected to be achieved by utilizing current resources and no fund balance reserve. With a rebounding economy and prudent financial management, the City expects that the financial condition for the City's general funds should continue to thrive.

As for the City's business-type activities, we expect that the FY 2024 results will continue to show solid financial performance with moderate utility increases being utilized to fund new debt for infrastructure needs to assist with water supply.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's financial position, and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Finance Office at the City of Carrollton, 315 Bradley Street, Carrollton, GA. 30117.



## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,943,153	\$ 10,270,034	\$ 39,213,187	\$ 337,321
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	20,163	305,441	325,604	0
Receivables (net)				
Accounts	173,511	3,884,252	4,057,763	0
Intergovernmental	1,943,847	5,042,610	6,986,457	116,034
Taxes	1,177,836	0	1,177,836	0
Internal balances	(46,716)	46,716	0	0
Inventories	0	593,378	593,378	0
Prepaid items	297,965	197,903	495,868	0
Total current assets	32,509,759	20,340,334	52,850,093	453,355
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable	20,069,331	15,037,908	35,107,239	0
Depreciable (net)	96,061,595	66,398,562	162,460,157	0
Total noncurrent assets	116,130,926	81,436,470	197,567,396	0
Total assets	148,640,685	101,776,804	250,417,489	453,355
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,626,378	2,102,855	8,729,233	0
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	291,174	133,997	425,171	0
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,917,552	2,236,852	9,154,404	0
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,608,237	4,762,153	6,370,390	94,930
Accrued liabilities	627,212	231,350	858,562	0
Retainages payable	553,812	524,827	1,078,639	0
Compensated absences	393,957	82,125	476,082	0
Accrued interest payable	7,665	0	7,665	0
Unearned revenue	98,715	773,055	871,770	0
Due to others	949,172	0	949,172	0
Notes payable	151,696	25,000	176,696	0
Bonds payable	0	240,000	240,000	0
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	· ·	2.0,000	210,000	Ŭ
Customer deposits payable	0	305,441	305,441	0
Total current liabilities	4,390,466	6,943,951	11,334,417	94,930

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

		F						
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type				Component
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Noncurrent liabilities						_	_	
Net pension liability	\$	16,832,919	\$	5,468,327	\$	22,301,246	\$	0
Net OPEB liability		1,671,923		489,821		2,161,744		0
Notes payable		156,495		5,531,130		5,687,625		0
Bonds payable	_	0	_	2,850,000		2,850,000	_	0
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,661,337		14,339,278		33,000,615		0
Total liabilities		23,051,803		21,283,229	_	44,335,032		94,930
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		0		153,247		153,247		0
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	_	915,586	_	267,878	_	1,183,464	_	0
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	915,586		421,125		1,336,711		0
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		115,170,439		73,535,533		188,705,972		0
Restricted for:								
Public Safety		2,521,904		0		2,521,904		0
Housing and Development		1,034,361		0		1,034,361		0
Capital outlay		2,205,664		0		2,205,664		0
Unrestricted	_	10,658,480	_	8,773,769	_	19,432,249	_	358,425
Total net position	\$	131,590,848	\$	82,309,302	\$	213,900,150	\$	358,425

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

				Program Revenue	s	
	Expenses	Indirect Costs	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expended			Contributions	Contributions	- Revenue
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
General Government	\$ 14,133,812	\$ (4,032,111)	\$ 257,667	\$ 10,032,460	\$ 70,504	\$ 258,930
Public Safety	18,487,726	0	2,601,135	2,096,152	1,788,543	(12,001,896)
Public Works	4,670,733	0	47,023	0	3,299,278	(1,324,432)
Culture and Recreation	8,840,376	0	1,689,642	360,256	1,918,471	(4,872,007)
Health and Welfare	0	0	0	90,322	0	90,322
Housing and Development		0	506,426	10,000	0	(1,457,381)
Interest on long-term debt_	10,742	0	0	0	0	(10,742)
Total governmental activities _	48,117,196	(4,032,111)	5,101,893	12,589,190	7,076,796	(19,317,206)
Business-type activities						
Water and Sewerage	11,960,530	2,461,668	19,786,093	0	169,225	5,533,120
Sanitation _	4,581,063	1,570,443	6,152,567	0	0	1,061
Total business-type activities _	16,541,593	4,032,111	25,938,660	0	169,225	5,534,181
Total primary government	64,658,789	0	31,040,553	12,589,190	7,246,021	(13,783,025)
Component Unit						
Carrollton Area Convention						
& Visitors' Association, Inc.	343,169	0	0	0	0	(343,169)
Carrollton Redevelopment						, ,
Authority -	1,015	0	0	10,000	0	8,985
Total component units	344,184	0	0	10,000	0	(334,184)
				Primary Governme	nt	
			Governmental	Business-Type		Component
			Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Change in net position Net (expense) revenue			\$ (19,317,206)	\$ 5,534,181	\$ (13,783,025)	\$ (334,184)
General revenues Taxes						
Property			6,330,617	0	6,330,617	0
Sales			6,764,688	0	6,764,688	0
Insurance premium			2,252,852	0	2,252,852	0
Alcohol excise			844,520	0	844,520	0
Franchise			2,957,635	0	2,957,635	0
Occupational			1,842,175	0	1,842,175	0
Other			1,441,141	0	1,441,141	0
Interest and investment earnings	3		479,501	151,947	631,448	76
Gain on sale of assets			18,107	0	18,107	0
Other			229,403	183,815	413,218	0
Payments from City of Carrollton			2 025 922	(2.025.933)	0	396,206
Transfers  Total general revenues and trans	sfers		3,035,832 26,196,471	(3,035,832) (2,700,070)	23,496,401	396,282
Change in net position			6,879,265	2,834,111	9,713,376	62,098
Net position - beginning			124,711,583	79,475,191	204,186,774	296,327
Net position - ending			\$ 131,590,848	\$ 82,309,302	\$ 213,900,150	\$ 358,425

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

400570		General	R	West Metro egional Drug Enforcement		American Rescue Plan	2021 SPLOST		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,578,043	\$	2,575,557	\$	82,833	\$ 1,873,724	\$	2,832,996	\$	28,943,153
Restricted assets	Ψ	21,370,043	Ψ	2,373,337	Ψ	02,000	ψ 1,073,724	Ψ	2,032,990	Ψ	20,940,100
Cash and cash equivalents		20,163		0		0	0		0		20,163
Receivables (net)		20,100		J		v	Ū		ŭ		20,100
Accounts		173,511		0		0	0		0		173,511
Intergovernmental		201,027		118,248		0	1,071,945		552,627		1,943,847
Taxes		977,369		0		0	0		200,467		1,177,836
Prepaid items		269,150		0		0	0		28,815		297,965
Due from other funds		43,985		0		0	0		0		43,985
240 110111 011101 1411100		.0,000	_		_				<u> </u>		.0,000
Total assets	\$	23,263,248	\$	2,693,805	\$	82,833	\$ 2,945,669	\$	3,614,905	\$	32,600,460
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	783,578	\$	75,662	\$	0	\$ 570,122	\$	178,875	\$	1,608,237
Accrued liabilities		627,212		0		0	0		0		627,212
Retainage payable		0		0		0	553,812		0		553,812
Unearned revenue		52,705		15,500		30,510	0		0		98,715
Due to other funds		47,639		16,629		0	11,752		14,681		90,701
Due to others		228,581		583,462		0	0		137,129		949,172
Total liabilities		1,739,715	_	691,253	_	30,510	1,135,686		330,685	_	3,927,849
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	s										
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		61,781		0		0	0		0		61,781
Unavailable revenue-fines, fees,		01,701		O .		· ·	Ü		Ü		01,701
and forfeitures		0		0		0	0		517,098		517,098
and forfeitales	-		_		_			_	017,000	_	017,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>s</u>	61,781	_	0	_	0	0		517,098		578,879
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items		269,150		0		0	0		28,815		297,965
Restricted for:											
Public Safety		0		2,002,552		0	0		519,352		2,521,904
Housing and Development		0		0		0	0		1,034,361		1,034,361
Capital outlay		0		0		0	1,809,983		395,681		2,205,664
Grant specifications		0		0		52,323	0		0		52,323
Assigned for:						,					,
Housing and Development		0		0		0	0		788,913		788,913
Unassigned		21,192,602		0	_	0	0		0		21,192,602
Total fund balances		21,461,752	_	2,002,552	_	52,323	1,809,983		2,767,122	_	28,093,732
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	23,263,248	\$	2,693,805	\$	82,833	\$ 2,945,669	\$	3,614,905	\$	32,600,460

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 28,093,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are diffe	rent because:	
Some assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fundamental These are:	ds.	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		116,130,926
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resource reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.  These are:	rces are	
Property taxes	\$ 61,781	
Fines, fees and forfeitures	517,098	578,879
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applied to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These are:  Deferred outflows of resources:		
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	6,626,378 291,174	6,917,552
Deferred inflows of resources: Related to pensions Related to OPEB	0 (915,586)	(915,586)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are no reported in the funds. These are:	ot	
Compensated absences	(393,957)	
Notes payable	(308,191)	
Accrued interest payable	(7,665)	
Net pension liability	(16,832,919)	
Net OPEB liability	(1,671,923)	 (19,214,655)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 131,590,848

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement	American Rescue Plan	2021 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 21,297,802	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,133,252	\$ 22,431,054
Licenses and permits	659,276	0	0	0	0	659,276
Fines, fees and forfeitures	977,553	506,126	0	0	338,011	1,821,690
Charges for services	6,118,613	0	0	0	9,000	6,127,613
Intergovernmental	2,023,931	531,124	10,032,460	6,573,808	316,172	19,477,495
Contributions	0	0	0	0	10,000	10,000
Interest	400,716	12,771	51,644	8,231	14,370	487,732
Other	199,503	1,100	0	0	28,800	229,403
Total revenues	31,677,394	1,051,121	10,084,104	6,582,039	1,849,605	51,244,263
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	13,764,097	0	0	0	0	13,764,097
Public Safety	16,677,162	987,749	0	0	203,248	17,868,159
Public Works	1,954,760	0	0	0	0	1,954,760
Culture and Recreation	7,290,283	0	0	0	0	7,290,283
Housing and Development	758,752	0	0	0	1,079,545	1,838,297
Capital outlay	0	0	0	6,437,057	309,223	6,746,280
Debt service	161,444	0	0	0	0	161,444
Total expenditures	40,606,498	987,749	0	6,437,057	1,592,016	49,623,320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(8,929,104)	63,372	10,084,104	144,982	257,589	1,620,943
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	13,000,000	0	0	0	0	13,000,000
Transfers out	0	0	(10,032,460)	0	0	(10,032,460)
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,058	38,000	(10,032,400)	0	20,938	60,996
1 Toceeds from sale of assets	2,030	30,000			20,930	00,990
Total other financing sources (uses	13,002,058	38,000	(10,032,460)	0	20,938	3,028,536
Net change in fund balance	4,072,954	101,372	51,644	144,982	278,527	4,649,479
Fund balances, July 1	17,388,798	1,901,180	679	1,665,001	2,488,595	23,444,253
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 21,461,752	\$ 2,002,552	\$ 52,323	\$ 1,809,983	\$ 2,767,122	\$ 28,093,732

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 4,649,479
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays \$ Depreciation (	8,133,026 (5,986,364)	2,146,662
In the statement of activities, the gain/loss on the disposal of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale of capital assets increases financial resources.		
Cost of assets disposed Related accumulated depreciation	(700,281) 283,615	(416,666)
Distributions of capital assets to/from business-type activities decrease/ increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they do not provide or use financial resources.		
Cost of assets transferred to business-type activities Related accumulated depreciation Cost of assets transferred from business-type activities	(6,538) 6,538 113,452	
Related accumulated depreciation	(45,160)	68,292
Contributions of capital assets from developers increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because		
they do not provide or use financial resources.		129,128
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense.	t	
Pension contributions	2,468,495 (2,887,717)	(419,222)
Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as OPEB expense.		
OPEB contributions	89,771	
Cost of benefits earned, net of employee contributions	(49,243)	40,528
The proceeds of debt issuance, net of premiums, discounts and issuance costs provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized in the governmental funds until due, but is recognized in the statement of activities as it accrues.		
Accrued interest	3,657	
Debt principal payments	147,045	150,702
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue		519,672
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		10,690
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,879,265

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Ru	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 19,095,000	\$ 19,838,109	\$ 21,297,802	\$ 1,459,693		
Licenses and permits	675,000	675,000	659,276	(15,724)		
Fines, fees and forfeitures	1,000,000	1,000,000	977,553	(22,447)		
Charges for services	5,546,116	5,546,116	6,118,613	572,497		
Intergovernmental	1,971,170	2,031,025	2,023,931	(7,094)		
Interest	30,000	406,500	400,716	(5,784)		
Other	565,656	565,656	199,503	(366,153)		
Total revenues	28,882,942	30,062,406	31,677,394	1,614,988		
EXPENDITURES						
Current General Government						
Mayor and Council	201,779	202,872	209,902	(7,030)		
City Manager	723,794	737,116	385,291	351,825		
General Administration	1,282,902	11,735,641	11,203,685	531,956		
Finance and Purchasing	387,217	394,117	381,983	12,134		
Human Resources	456,480	462,505	414,332	48,173		
	•	· ·	·	,		
Information Technology	709,281	714,038	531,906	182,132		
General Maintenance	28,600	28,600	29,206	(606)		
Marketing-Public Relations	383,357	385,963	374,373	11,590		
Legal Public Safety	240,000	240,000	233,419	6,581		
Police Department	9,359,547	9,660,676	9,666,512	(5,836)		
Mental Health Crisis Response Unit	289,997	449,852	447,439	2,413		
Fire Department	6,839,545	6,970,384	6,563,211	407,173		
Public Works						
Street Department	204,284	204,284	192,596	11,688		
Engineering	1,530,446	1,545,787	1,321,439	224,348		
Garage	500,980	507,553	440,725	66,828		
Culture and Recreation						
Library	312,000	312,000	312,000	0		
Recreation Administration	1,055,696	1,063,189	1,061,827	1,362		
Recreation Parks	2,486,633	2,511,582	2,512,052	(470)		
Recreation Programs	1,262,007	1,273,645	1,155,918	117,727		
Cultural Arts	1,139,785	1,148,017	1,149,294	(1,277)		
Recreation Athletics	1,244,321	1,255,937	1,099,192	156,745		
Housing and Development						
Planning Administration	443,095	450,638	439,071	11,567		
Code Enforcement	188,735	191,530	179,891	11,639		
Convention and Visitor's Association, Inc.	385,250	387,771	0	387,771		
Main Street Division	185,348	186,846	139,790	47,056		
Debt Service						
Police Department	161,500	161,500	161,444	56		
Total expenditures	32,002,579	43,182,043	40,606,498	2,575,545		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,119,637)	(13,119,637)	(8,929,104)	4,190,533		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	3,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000	0		
Gain on sale of assets		0	2,058	2,058		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,000,000	13,000,000	13,002,058	2,058		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	(119,637)	(119,637)	4,072,954	4,192,591		
Fund balances, July 1	119,637	119,637	17,388,798	17,269,161		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 21,461,752	\$ 21,461,752		
•						

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WEST METRO REGIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget						Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES		_						
Fines, fees and forfeitures	\$	308,218	\$	308,218	\$	506,126	\$	197,908
Intergovernmental		353,413		353,413		531,124		177,711
Interest		0		0		12,771		12,771
Other		0		0		1,100		1,100
Total revenues		661,631		661,631		1,051,121		389,490
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public Safety		661,631		661,631		987,749		(326,118)
Total expenditures		661,631		661,631	_	987,749		(326,118)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		0		0		63,372		63,372
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of assets		0		0		38,000		38,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses		0		0		101,372		101,372
Fund balances, July 1		0		0		1,901,180		1,901,180
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,002,552	\$	2,002,552

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget					Variance with			
	0	riginal		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	0	\$	10,032,460	\$	10,032,460	\$	0	
Interest		0		0		51,644		51,644	
Total revenues		0		10,032,460	_	10,084,104		51,644	
EXPENDITURES		0		0	_	0		0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		0		10,032,460		10,084,104		51,644	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		0		(10,032,460)		(10,032,460)		0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)									
expenditures and other financing uses		0		0		51,644		51,644	
Fund balances, July 1		0		0	_	679		679	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	52,323	\$	52,323	

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities							
	Water and Sewerage	Sanitation	Totals					
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,311,156	\$ 1,958,878	\$ 10,270,034					
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	305,441	0	305,441					
Accounts receivable, net	3,000,145	884,107	3,884,252					
Intergovernmental receivable	5,042,610	0	5,042,610					
Inventories	593,378	0	593,378					
Prepaid items	151,096	46,807	197,903					
Due from other funds	38,513	9,126	47,639					
Total current assets	17,442,339	2,898,918	20,341,257					
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets								
Non-depreciable	15,037,908	0	15,037,908					
Depreciable (net)	65,870,551	528,011	66,398,562					
Total noncurrent assets	80,908,459	528,011	81,436,470					
Total assets	98,350,798	3,426,929	101,777,727					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,527,523	575,332	2,102,855					
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	90,061	43,936	133,997					
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,617,584	619,268	2,236,852					
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	4,593,337	168,816	4,762,153					
Retainage payable	524,827	0	524,827					
Accrued liabilities	116,201	115,149	231,350					
Compensated absences	54,687	27,438	82,125					
Unearned revenue	773,055	0	773,055					
Due to other funds	0	923	923					
Notes payable	25,000	0	25,000					
Bonds payable	240,000	0	240,000					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	.,		.,					
Customer deposits payable	305,441	0	305,441					
Total current liabilities	6,632,548	312,326	6,944,874					
Noncurrent liabilities								
Net pension liability	3,972,218	1,496,109	5,468,327					
Net OPEB liability	365,733	124,088	489,821					
Notes payable	5,531,130	0	5,531,130					
Bonds payable	2,850,000	0	2,850,000					
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,719,081	1,620,197	14,339,278					
Total liabilities	19,351,629	1,932,523	21,284,152					

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities							
		Water and Sewerage	:	Sanitation		Totals		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$	79,684	\$	73,563	\$	153,247		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		200,015		67,863		267,878		
Total deferred inflows of resources		279,699		141,426		421,125		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		73,007,522		528,011		73,535,533		
Unrestricted		7,329,532		1,444,237		8,773,769		
Total net position	\$	80,337,054	\$	1,972,248	\$	82,309,302		

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities					
	Water and Sewerage		;	Sanitation		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for sales and services	\$	19,786,093	\$	6,152,567	\$	25,938,660
Other		183,815		0		183,815
Total operating revenues		19,969,908		6,152,567		26,122,475
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Costs of sales and services		7,361,076		4,157,366		11,518,442
Personal services		4,465,198		1,749,643		6,214,841
Depreciation	_	2,504,009	_	188,216		2,692,225
Total operating expenses		14,330,283		6,095,225		20,425,508
Operating income (loss)		5,639,625		57,342		5,696,967
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Interest and investment earnings		83,596		68,351		151,947
Interest expense		(91,915)		(56,281)		(148,196)
Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities		(68,292)		0		(68,292)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(76,611)		12,070		(64,541)
Net income (loss) before capital contributions		5,563,014		69,412		5,632,426
Capital contributions		169,225		0	_	169,225
Net income (loss) before transfers		5,732,239		69,412		5,801,651
Transfers in (out)						
Transfers in		940,759		314,960		1,255,719
Transfers out		(3,908,299)		(314,960)		(4,223,259)
Total transfers in (out)		(2,967,540)		0		(2,967,540)
Change in net position		2,764,699		69,412		2,834,111
Net position, July 1		77,572,355		1,902,836		79,475,191
Net position, June 30	\$	80,337,054	\$	1,972,248	\$	82,309,302

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities					
	Water and Sewerage		Sanitation		Totals	
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	19,056,981	\$	6,040,441	\$	25,097,422
Payments to suppliers		(7,113,331)		(4,109,409)		(11,222,740)
Payments to employees		(4,538,034)		(1,686,973)		(6,225,007)
Other receipts		183,815	_	0	_	183,815
Net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities		7,589,431		244,059	_	7,833,490
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Receipts from other funds		940,759		(324,086)		616,673
Payments to other funds		(3,948,313)		314,960		(3,633,353)
,					_	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	_	(3,007,554)	_	(9,126)	_	(3,016,680)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets		(3,266,553)		0		(3,266,553)
Payment of capital related payables		(11,536)		0		(11,536)
Principal payments - promissory notes		(25,000)		(66,389)		(91,389)
Principal payments - bonds payable		(469,000)		0		(469,000)
Proceeds from notes payable		205,663		0		205,663
Interest paid		(91,915)		(56,281)		(148,196)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities		(3,658,341)		(122,670)	_	(3,781,011)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and investment earnings received		83,596		68,351		151,947
ŭ		· · · · · ·	_	· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		1,007,132		180,614		1,187,746
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		7,609,465	_	1,778,264	_	9,387,729
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	8,616,597	\$	1,958,878	\$	10,575,475

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities						
	Water and Sewerage		Sanitation		Totals		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$	5,639,625	\$	57,342	\$	5,696,967	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		2,504,009		188,216		2,692,225	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(887,142)		(112, 126)		(999,268)	
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(201,793)		0		(201,793)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		24,032		16,835		40,867	
related to pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(716,889)		(241,930)		(958,819)	
related to OPEB		(9,720)		(3,463)		(13,183)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		425,506		31.122		456,628	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		140,620		0		140,620	
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		7,583		80,979		88,562	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(12,041)		899		(11,142)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		17,410		0		17,410	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		1,543,643		497,274		2,040,917	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(53,436)		(18,130)		(71,566)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(795,932)		(646)		(796,578)	
related to OPEB		(36,044)		(252,313)		(288,357)	
Total adjustments		1,949,806		186,717		2,136,523	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	7,589,431	\$	244,059	\$	7,833,490	
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,311,156	\$	1,958,878	\$	10,270,034	
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		305,441		0		305,441	
	\$	8,616,597	\$	1,958,878	\$	10,575,475	

#### Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through capital related payables totaled \$3,772,590.

Acquisition of capital assets through retainage payable totaled \$524,827.

Acquisition of capital assets though developer noncash contributions totaled \$169,225 for 2023.

Increase in notes payable through intergovernmental receivable totaled \$5,042,610.

Cost of transferred assets to governmental activities totaled \$113,452.

Cost of transferred assets from governmental activities totaled \$6,538.

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,852
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	20,852
	 ·
NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 0

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

ADDITIONS Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments	\$ 347,969
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Distributions of fines and forfeitures to other governments	 347,969
Change in net position	0
Net position, July 1	 0
Net position, June 30	\$ 0

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2023

	Carr					
	Convention &		Ca	rrollton		
	•	Visitors	Rede	velopment		
	Asso	ciation, Inc.	A	uthority		Totals
ASSETS					-	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	337,321	\$	0	\$	337,321
Intergovernmental receivables		106,034		10,000		116,034
Total current assets		443,355		10,000		453,355
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		93,915		1,015		94,930
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		349,440		8,985		358,425
Total net position	\$	349,440	\$	8,985	\$	358,425

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

# For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Carrollton Area		
	Convention &	Carrollton	
	Visitors	Redevelopment	
	Association, Inc.	Authority	Totals
Expenses			
Housing and Development	\$ 343,169	\$ 1,015	\$ 344,184
Total expenses	343,169	1,015	344,184
Program revenues			
Operating grants and contributions	0	10,000	10,000
Total program revenues	0	10,000	10,000
Net (expense) revenue	(343,169)	8,985	(334,184)
General revenues			
Interest and investment earnings	76	0	76
Payments from City of Carrollton	396,206	0	396,206
	396,282	0	396,282
Change in net position	53,113	8,985	62,098
Net position, July 1	296,327	0	296,327
Net position, June 30	\$ 349,440	\$ 8,985	\$ 358,425

# 1. Description of Government Unit

The City of Carrollton, Georgia (the City) is located in Carroll County about 50 miles west of Atlanta. The City provides a full range of governmental services, including public safety, highways and streets, recreational and cultural programs and economic development, as well as water and sewer and sanitation services. The City is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Carrollton, Georgia (the primary government) and material component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by Statement No. 61, the financial statements of the following component units have been included as either blended or discretely presented component units.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government. Component unit financial statements are available at the office of City Hall, 315 Bradley St., Carrollton, Georgia 30117.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Reporting Entity, continued

#### Carrollton Area Convention and Visitors Association, Inc.

This entity superseded the Carroll County Area Convention and Visitors Association, Inc. The Association is organized under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(6) and is funded from a portion of the tax assessed on area hotel and motel receipts.

#### Carrollton Redevelopment Authority

The Carrollton Redevelopment Authority, a Georgia non-profit organization, was created by the General Assembly of Georgia to provide for revenue bonds and other funding sources for construction in Carrollton, Georgia. The Authority operates under a board of nine directors, which are appointed by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Carrollton, Georgia.

#### Main Street Carrollton

Main Street Carrollton is a Georgia non-profit organization created to assist in the revitalization and economic development of the Carrollton main street area. This entity provides operational and promotional assistance for two downCity City owned facilities (the AMP and the Historic Train Depot). Main Street Carrollton operates under a board of nine directors, which are appointed by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Carrollton, Georgia. Main Street was reorganized by the Mayor and City Council to account for Main Street operations within the City's General Fund beginning October 2015. There was no activity for Main Street Carrollton during the fiscal year.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units, which are combined in a column in the government-wide financial statements. For the current year, Main Street Carrollton had no activity to report in the financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Water and Sewerage and Sanitation Enterprise Funds and the other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs of program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

West Metro Drug Regional Enforcement Special Revenue Fund - accounts for local and federal monies restricted for the West Metro Drug Enforcement Unit.

American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund - accounts for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund.

**2021 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund -** accounts for projects funded by the 2021 special one percent local option sales tax levies.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewerage Fund - accounts for activities in providing water and wastewater services to the public.

Sanitation Fund - accounts for activities in providing sanitation services to the public.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

**Special Revenue Funds** - This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

**Capital Projects Funds** - This fund type is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (other than those financed by the proprietary or fiduciary funds).

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

**Custodial Funds** – These funds are fiduciary in nature and are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that are held for others. The City has a custodial fund to account for the activity of the Municipal Court.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

**Enterprise Funds** - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

#### **Interfund Activity**

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities' column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities' column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

## E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The custodial funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and Sanitation Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council adopts an operating budget for all governmental fund types, except for the Capital Projects Funds, for the upcoming fiscal year, prior to July 1. Capital budgets are adopted for Capital Projects Funds. The budgets are prepared based on requests made by various department heads. The adopted budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Prior to budgets being legally enacted through passage of an ordinance, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City does not use an encumbrance system which records commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### H. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital project investments is included in the investment accounts.

#### I. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables for state, federal, and local governments are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

#### J. Inventories

Inventories of the Water and Sewerage Fund are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method.

#### K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods in subsequent years, are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

#### L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 34 required the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are among the largest asset classes of the City. Prior to July 1, 2006, neither their historical costs, nor related depreciation, had been reported in the financial statements.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### L. Capital Assets, continued

The City implemented the requirements for retroactive reporting of major general infrastructure assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful
	Life
	in Years
Buildings	20 to 50
Improvements	10 to 50
Furnishings, vehicles,	
machinery and equipment	3 to 20
Utility System	20 to 50
Infrastructure	10 to 50

All land will be valued and capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materially extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one type of item that arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and fines, fees, and forfeitures. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred inflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans.

#### N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### O. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### P. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position

Restricted assets consist of cash included in the City's Water and Sewerage System which reflect restrictions for future construction of facilities, retainages, revenue bond and note payable retirement.

Restricted net position is equal to the excess of the restricted assets funded from operations over the liabilities to be paid with restricted assets which are due in one year or less. Restricted assets exclude bond proceeds for calculation of restricted net position.

#### Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The City of Carrollton implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

**Nonspendable** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable by the City are nonspendable in form. The City has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

**Restricted** – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Mayor and City Council through the adoption of a resolution or motion. The Mayor and City Council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

**Assigned** – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Through resolution or motion, the Mayor and City Council has authorized the City's Finance Officer to assign fund balances.

**Unassigned** – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report this category of fund balance.

#### R. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave which will be paid to the employees upon separation from City service. Accumulated unpaid vacation leave amounts are accrued when incurred by the City in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement) and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### T. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

#### U. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative total data of the prior period has been presented in the accompanying individual fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. Certain 2022 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 2023 presentation.

# 3. Deposit and Investment Risk

#### Custodial credit risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policies require that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

#### Investment policies - Credit, concentration of credit, and interest rate risk

The City's financial policies authorize investment in any securities approved by the State of Georgia for local governments. Authorized investments include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia, pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia, and no-load mutual funds of direct obligations of the United States. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The City places no limits on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer of equity or debt securities. Investments are reported at fair market value.

## Foreign currency risk

The City has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

# 4. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

Primary Government: Major Funds General Fund		\$ 173,511
Water and Sewerage Enterprise Fund Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	\$ 3,042,633 (42,488)	3,000,145
Sanitation Enterprise Fund Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	898,012 (13,905)	884,107
Total Primary Government		\$ 4,057,763

# 5. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

Primary Government: Major Funds	
General Fund	\$ 201,027
West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement Fund	118,248
2021 SPLOST Fund	1,071,945
Water and Sewerage	5,042,610
Nonmajor Funds Special Revenue Funds	07.474
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	27,174
Opioid Settlement	 525,453
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,986,457
Component Unit:	
Carrollton Area Convention and Visitors	
Association, Inc. Carrollton Redevelopment Authority	\$ 106,034 10,000
Total Component Units	\$ 116,034

# 6. Property Taxes

Property tax rates are set by the City Council each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Property taxes for digest year 2022, based upon the assessments of January 1, 2022, were levied on September 22, 2022, billed on September 29, 2022, and due on December 1, 2022. The Carroll County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the City's property taxes.

# 7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A summary of interfund receivables and payables for the current fiscal year is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General	Sanitation	\$	923		
	2021 SPLOST		11,752		
	West Metro Regional				
	Drug Enforcement		16,629		
	Nonmajor Governmental		14,681		
Water and Sewerage	General		38,513		
Sanitation General			9,126		
		\$	91,624		

Interfund balances at the end of the current fiscal year, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

Transfer In Fund General	<b>Amount</b> \$ 3,908,299
	314,960
-	8,776,741
Water and Sewerage	940,759 314,960
Carnation	\$ 14,255,719
	General General

# 7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

Interfund transfers were used to transfer unrestricted revenues from payor funds to subsidize operations in payee funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, to transfer City matching funds in accordance with grant agreements, to transfer funds to Capital Projects Funds for capital projects in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and to move capital assets between governmental activities and business-type activities. The transfers from the Water and Sewerage and Sanitation Funds to the General Fund is in accordance with City policy, and is common practice for government-owned utility systems. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

# 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current fiscal year was as follows:

		Balance Beginning		Increases		Decreases		Decreases		Balance Ending
Governmental activities		<u> </u>								
Non-depreciable assets										
Land	\$	16,942,445	\$	451,577	\$	0	\$	17,394,022		
Construction in progress		4,135,024		5,551,883		(7,011,598)		2,675,309		
Total non-depreciable assets		21,077,469		6,003,460		(7,011,598)		20,069,331		
Depreciable assets										
Land improvements		27,719,179		1,345,811		0		29,064,990		
Buildings and improvements		43,639,677		3,908,330		(420,455)		47,127,552		
Furnishings, vehicles,										
machinery and equipment		16,912,404		1,592,220		(286,364)		18,218,260		
Infrastructure		85,121,172		2,537,383		0		87,658,555		
Total depreciable assets		173,392,432		9,383,744		(706,819)		182,069,357		
Less accumulated depreciation		(0.0=0.000)		(1 100 0 10)				(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Land improvements		(9,659,089)		(1,460,246)		0		(11,119,335)		
Buildings and improvements		(12,553,446)		(879,525)		0		(13,432,971)		
Furnishings, vehicles,		(40.040.044)		(4.407.707)		000 450		(40,004,575)		
machinery and equipment Infrastructure		(12,813,941)		(1,137,787)		290,153		(13,661,575)		
	_	(45,239,915)	_	(2,553,966)	_	0		(47,793,881)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(80,266,391)		(6,031,524)		290,153		(86,007,762)		
Total depreciable assets, net		93,126,041		3,352,220		(416,666)		96,061,595		
Governmental activities	ф	114 202 510	ф	0.255.600	¢	(7 420 264)	¢	116 120 026		
capital assets, net	<u>Ψ</u>	114,203,510	<u>\$</u>	9,355,680	<u>\$</u>	(7,428,264)	\$	116,130,926		
Duratura di sura a adhatata										
Business-type activities										
Non-depreciable assets	Φ	0.022.070	Φ	0	Φ	0	Φ	0.022.070		
Land	\$	8,933,978	\$	0 5 975 514	\$	(1,006,331)	\$	8,933,978		
Construction in progress	_	1,324,737	_	5,875,514	_	(1,096,321)		6,103,930		
Total non-depreciable assets	_	10,258,715	_	5,875,514	_	(1,096,321)		15,037,908		
Depreciable assets  Buildings and improvements		7,716,159		12,173		0		7,728,332		
Distribution system		103,353,174		2,652,058		0		106,005,232		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		8,762,015		228,017		(45,160)		8,944,872		
Total depreciable assets		119,831,348		2,892,248		(45,160)		122,678,436		
Less accumulated depreciation	_	119,001,040	_	2,032,240	_	(43,100)		122,070,430		
Buildings and improvements		(4,780,713)		(149,660)		0		(4,930,373)		
		(42,355,466)						,		
Distribution system				(2,086,171)		0 45 160		(44,441,637)		
Vehicles and equipment	_	(6,490,092)	_	(462,932)	_	45,160		(6,907,864)		
Total degree sights assets and	_	(53,626,271)	_	(2,698,763)	_	45,160		(56,279,874)		
Total depreciable assets, net	_	66,205,077		193,485		0		66,398,562		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	76,463,792	\$	6,068,999	\$	(1,096,321)	\$	81,436,470		
							_			

Decreases in construction in progress for the business-type activities include \$68,292 transferred to governmental activities.

# 8. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

Governmental activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation		\$ 383,351 977,514 2,671,250 1,954,249
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities		\$ 5,986,364
Business-type activities Water and Sewerage Sanitation  Total depreciation expense for business-type activities		\$ 2,504,009 188,216 2,692,225
	 vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Current year depreciation expense Prior accumulated depreciation on assets transferred between governmental	\$ 5,986,364	\$ 2,692,225
and business-type activities	 45,160	6,538
	\$ 6,031,524	\$ 2,698,763

# 9. Long-Term Debt

# **Bonds from Direct Placement**

Revenue bonds from direct placement have been issued for business-type activities and are comprised of the following individual issues at the end of the current fiscal year:

Water and Sewerage Revenue Bond Series 2014: In December 2014, the City issued Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2014 totaling \$6,705,000 to refinance the Water and Sewerage Revenue Bond Series 1997 and the GEFA Note 2008-LO3WJ, and to pay the costs of certain improvements to the City's water and sewer system.

# 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### **Bonds from Direct Placement, continued**

Upon an event of default, all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable and the bondholders may proceed to protect and enforce the rights of the bondholders by a suit, action or special proceeding in equity, or at law, either for the appointment of a receiver of the water system.

The bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the water system. The bonds are payable over a period of fifteen years at 2.67% interest. Semi-annual payments of principal and interest are due January 1 and July 1. Bond issuance costs of \$145,011 were incurred relative to the sale.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds from direct placement are as follows:

	rear Ending					
	June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
,	2024	\$ 240,000	\$	41,252	\$	281,252
	2025	487,000		72,864		559,864
	2026	502,000		59,755		561,755
	2027	514,000		46,284		560,284
	2028	528,000		32,454		560,454
	2029-2030	819,000		21,974		840,974
	Totals	\$ 3,090,000	\$	274,583	\$	3,364,583

#### Notes from Direct Borrowings

V---

Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority notes payable – Water Fund – DWSRF 08-001 and DW 08-001: On November 4, 2009, the City signed an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority to obtain a promissory note for \$500,000, to procure four membrane filtration units. The note will be repaid in 240 monthly installments of \$2,083 with an interest rate of 0.0%, beginning March 2010. Closing cost of \$10,000 was financed through a second note with 0.0% interest to be paid in twelve annual installment payments of \$833 beginning January 1, 2010 and ending December 1, 2029. Upon an event of default, all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. Note payments and performance obligations are secured by revenues on taxes, fees and charges collected by the City. The balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$166,667.

# 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### Notes from Direct Borrowings, continued

Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority notes payable – Water Fund – DWSRF 2020-042 and DW 2020-042: On December 13, 2021, the City signed an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority, the modified amount of the loan is \$15,000,000, of which there was \$5,389,463 has been drawn as of the end of the current fiscal year. The construction rate and permanent rate is 0.13%. There will be no payments until the project is complete. This construction completion date is estimated as June 2025. The maturity schedule below does not include this note.

On September 3, 2018, the City entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of sanitation equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 4.75% billed separately on a monthly basis and requires annual principal payments (November 30<sup>th</sup>) of \$66,389. The debt was paid in full during the current year.

The City's debt service requirements to maturity for notes from direct borrowings for the businesstype activities is as follows:

Year					
Ending					
June 30,		Principal	lr	iterest	 Total
2024	\$	25,000	\$	0	\$ 25,000
2025		25,000		0	25,000
2026		25,000		0	25,000
2027		25,000		0	25,000
2028		25,000		0	25,000
2029-2030		41,667		0	 41,667
	·	_		_	
Totals	\$	166,667	\$	0	\$ 166,667

# 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### Notes from Direct Borrowings, continued

On July 16, 2019, the City entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of police equipment. Upon an event of default, (1) all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable and (2) the financial institution may repossess or require the return of all equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 3.163% and requires annual payments (September 16<sup>th</sup>) of \$161,444. The remaining principal balance at the end of the current fiscal year is \$308,191 for the governmental activities.

The City's debt service requirements to maturity for notes from direct borrowings for the governmental activities is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 151,696	\$ 9,748	\$ 161,444
2025	156,495	 4,950	 161,445
	 _		
Totals	\$ 308,191	\$ 14,698	\$ 322,889

# 10. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for the current fiscal year:

	I	Balance Beginning		Additions	D	eductions		Balance Ending	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities										
Notes from direct borrowings	\$	455,236	\$	0	\$	(147,045)	\$	308,191	\$	151,696
Compensated absences		404,647		393,957		(404,647)		393,957		393,957
Total governmental activities	\$	859,883	\$	393,957	\$	(551,692)	\$	702,148	\$	545,653
Business-type activities Bonds from direct placement	\$	3,559,000	\$	0	\$	(469,000)	\$	3,090,000	\$	240,000
Notes from direct borrowings Compensated absences	•	399,246 93,267	_	5,248,273 82,125		(91,389) (93,267)	_	5,556,130 82,125		25,000 82,125
Total business-type activities	\$	4,051,513	\$	5,330,398	\$	(653,656)	\$	8,728,255	\$	347,125

Revenue bond discounts/premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. Compensated absences are liquidated by those funds that have salary and wage expenditures. In prior years, long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, of the governmental activities were liquidated in the General Fund.

Total interest incurred and expensed in the governmental activities and the business-type activities for the current fiscal year was \$10,742 and \$148,196, respectively.

# 11. Conduit Debt

#### Carrollton Redevelopment Authority

In August 2010, Carrollton Redevelopment Authority issued \$8,000,000 in Series 2010 Federally Taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds – Direct Pay for the Carrollton Independent School System Project for the construction, renovation, modernization and revitalization of the Carrollton Independent School System facilities. These bonds are payable solely from the Trust Estate (bank) and the Authority has no obligation for these debts; therefore, debts are not reflected on the Authority's financial statements. The balance owed on these bonds was \$8,000,000 at the end of the current fiscal year.

# 11. Conduit Debt (continued)

On July 7, 2014, Carrollton Redevelopment Authority authorized the receipt of a loan of \$217,235 from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority simultaneously re-loaned the proceeds to Chad P. Properties, LLC, for the purpose of renovating a building located at 310 Adamson Square. Loan documents, including its promissory note, were collaterally assigned to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority is not liable for any amount under this loan; therefore, it is not reflected on the Authority's financial statements. The loan repayment period is ten years at 2% interest with monthly payments of \$1,406 beginning September 1, 2014, and a balloon payment of \$58,538 on August 1, 2024. The outstanding loan balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$102,166.

On October 28, 2016, Carrollton Redevelopment Authority authorized the receipt of a loan of \$250,000 from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority simultaneously reloaned the proceeds to Million Suns, LLC, for the purpose of acquiring and renovating a building located at 210 Bradley Street. Loan documents, including its promissory note, were collaterally assigned to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority is not liable for any amount under this loan; therefore, it is not reflected on the Authority's financial statements. The loan repayment period is ten years at 2% interest with monthly payments of \$1,608 beginning December 1, 2016, and a balloon payment of all unpaid principal on November 1, 2026. The outstanding loan balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$158,887.

On October 28, 2016, Carrollton Redevelopment Authority authorized the receipt of a loan of \$250,000 from the Georgia Cities Foundation Loan Program. The Authority simultaneously reloaned the proceeds to Million Suns, LLC, for the purpose of renovating a building located at 117 Newnan Street. Loan documents, including its promissory note, were collaterally assigned to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority is not liable for any amount under this loan; therefore, it is not reflected on the Authority's financial statements. The loan repayment period is fifteen years at 3% interest with monthly payments of \$1,726 beginning December 1, 2016, and a balloon payment of \$97,564 on November 1, 2026. The outstanding loan balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$161,910.

On February 27, 2018, Carrollton Redevelopment Authority authorized the receipt of a loan of \$197,480 from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority simultaneously reloaned the proceeds to Jason & Laura Colquitt for the purpose of renovating a building located at

# 11. Conduit Debt (continued)

306 A1-B Rome Street. Loan documents, including its promissory note, were collaterally assigned to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Authority is not liable for any amount under this loan; therefore, it is not reflected on the Authority's financial statements. The loan repayment period is fifteen years at 2% interest with monthly payments of \$1,270 beginning March 1, 2018. The outstanding loan balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$136,027.

# 12. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets reported on the government-wide statement of net position is calculated as follows for the current fiscal year:

	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities
Cost of capital assets	\$ 202,138,688	\$	137,716,344
Accumulated depreciation	(86,007,762)		(56,279,874)
Book value Capital-related accounts payable Retainage payable	116,130,926 (118,647) (553,812)		81,436,470 (3,772,590) (524,827)
Capital-related notes payable	(308,191)		(5,556,130)
Capital-related bonds payable	) O		(3,090,000)
Unspent note proceeds	20,163		0
Accrued intergovernmental receivable	 0		5,042,610
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 115,170,439	\$	73,535,533

# 13. Nonspendable, Restricted, and Assigned Fund Balances

The following is a summary of nonspendable, restricted, and assigned fund balances of the governmental funds for the current fiscal year:

		General		West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement		American Rescue Plan		2021 SPLOST	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	¢	269,150	\$	0	Φ.	0	\$	0	¢	28,815	\$	297,965
r repaid items	Ψ	200,100	Ψ		<u>Ψ</u>		Ψ		Ψ	20,010	Ψ	201,000
Restricted for:												
Public Safety												
Police facilities and equipment	\$	0	\$	2,002,552	\$	0	\$	0	\$	340,528	\$	2,343,080
Hazardous material team		0		0		0		0		38,919		38,919
Police technology		0		0		0		0		8,775		8,775
Opioid remediation		0		0		0		0		131,130		131,130
Housing and Development												
Neighborhood improvements		0		0		0		0		1,034,361		1,034,361
Capital Projects		0		0		0		1,809,983		395,681		2,205,664
Grant specifications		0		0		52,323		0		0		52,323
	\$	0	\$	2,002,552	\$	52,323	\$	1,809,983	\$	1,949,394	\$	5,814,252
Assigned for: Housing and Development	•	0	Φ.	0	Φ.	0	Φ.	0	<b>c</b>	700 040	<b>•</b>	700.042
Economic Development	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	788,913	\$	788,913

# 14. Pension Plans

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

Plan Description. The City is a participating member of the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a state-wide agent, multiple-employer retirement system, administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. This is a defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City has established provisions, which assign the authority to the City council members to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan.

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued**

Control over the operation and administration of the plan is vested with GMEBS along with custody of the plan assets. The plan provides that the City has no liability with respect to payments or benefits or otherwise under the plan except to pay over to GMEBS such actuarially determined contributions as are required to meet minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and provide benefits thereunder.

At January 1, 2023, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 623 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	182
Terminated vested participants entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	118
Active participants	323
Total number of participants	623

Benefits Provided. Regular full-time employees who are non-civil service and who are not eligible to participate in any other retirement program of the City may participate immediately. Employees also participate in Social Security. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with ten years of total service are eligible to retire at age 65 with no reduction in benefit. Members are eligible for early retirement with reduced benefits based on the early retirement at age 55 with ten years of total service. The benefit formula is 2.00% - 2.50% with a five-year vesting schedule for Class 0 and Class 1 employees respectively and immediate vesting for elected officials.

Contributions. 3% employee contributions are required for employees in pay grades less than 20 and 6% for employees in pay grades 20 or higher. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the plan in compliance with the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. This funding policy, as specified by ordinance, has been the same since the inception of the plan. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for the current fiscal year was \$2,436,723, or 14.51% of covered payroll. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy.

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported a net pension liability of \$22,301,246. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023. For the current fiscal year, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,889,798. For the Governmental Activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

The components of the net pension liability are as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	N	Plan Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 49,614,091	\$	35,573,279	\$ 14,040,812
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	854,691		0	854,691
Interest	3,638,879		0	3,638,879
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,749,839		0	1,749,839
Contributions-employer	0		3,494,084	(3,494,084)
Contributions-employee	0		744,005	(744,005)
Net investment income	0		(6,193,827)	6,193,827
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution	(2,256,093)		(2,256,093)	0
Administrative expense	0_		(61,287)	 61,287
Net changes	3,987,316		(4,273,118)	8,260,434
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 53,601,407	\$	31,300,161	\$ 22,301,246
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension l		58.39%		
Covered payroll		\$	16,611,141	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll			134.25%	

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued</u>

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,042,787	\$ 0
Changes of assumptions	495,418	0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	4,182,379	0
Changes in participant fund allocation	153,247	(153,247)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,855,402	0
Totals	\$ 8,729,233	\$ (153,247)

The \$1,855,402 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2024	\$ 1,835,240
2025	1,510,936
2026	1,246,803
2027	 2,127,605
Totals	\$ 6,720,584

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Projected salary increases	2.25% plus service-based merit increases
Cost of living adjustments	0.00%
Net investment rate of return	7.375%
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Closed level dollar
Remaining amortization period	13 years

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued**

Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active participant mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

The mortality and economic actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.40%
International equity	20%	6.80%
Real estate	10%	3.90%
Global fixed income	5%	0.46%
Domestic fixed income	20%	0.40%
Cash	0%	
Total	100%	

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued**

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employer will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.375 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.375 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount	Net Pension
	Rate	Liability
1% decrease	6.375%	\$ 29,247,635
Current discount rate	7.375%	22,301,246
1% increase	8.375%	16,506,161

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System financial report.

#### Other Plans

In addition to the plan above, various City employees are also covered under the pension plans of the Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia. Further information regarding these plans can be obtained from the plans' annual reports. These plans are immaterial to the City's financial statements.

# 14. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The City does not contribute to this plan. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Employee contributions for the current fiscal year were \$505,285.

# 15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description. The City of Carrollton Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "OPEB Plan") is a defined benefit postretirement health care, prescription drug, and life insurance plan. The OPEB plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer OPEB Plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). The City has established provisions, which assign the authority to the City council members to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan.

At January 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 357 participants consisting of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	46
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active members	311
Total number of participants	357

Benefits Provided. City employees become eligible after they reach age 62 with 20 years of service and receiving a pension benefit from Georgia Municipal Benefits System (age 60 if a Public Service employee). The City pays 100% of the medical premiums until the participant becomes eligible for Medicare. A \$10,000 life insurance benefit is provided.

# 15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Contributions. The City has not elected to advance fund the OPEB Plan, but rather maintains the OPEB Plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, in that claims are paid as they arise, rather than establishing an irrevocable trust to accumulate restricted funds. The City's contribution for the current fiscal year was \$35,425, or 0.22% of covered employee payroll. The GMA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported a net OPEB liability of \$2,161,744. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. For the current fiscal year, the City recognized OPEB income of \$72,192. For the Governmental Activities, the net OPEB liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

The components of the net OPEB liability are as follows:

The components of the net OPEB liability are as follows:	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$ 2,477,589	\$0	\$ 2,477,589
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	88,899	0	88,899
Interest	55,056	0	55,056
Changes of benefit terms	(4,617)	0	(4,617)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(63,943)	0	(63,943)
Contributions-employer	0	35,425	(35,425)
Changes in assumptions	(355,815)	0	(355,815)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(35,425)	(35,425)	0
Net changes	(315,845)	0	(315,845)
Balances at 6/30/2022	\$ 2,161,744	\$0	\$ 2,161,744
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liab	ility	0.00%	
Covered employee payroll	-	\$ 15,531,687	
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee pay	/roll	13.92%	

# 15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB Plan from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	94,284	\$	(1,049,630)		
Changes of assumptions		239,885		(132,603)		
Changes in participant fund allocation		1,231		(1,231)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		89,771		0		
Totals	\$	425,171	\$	(1,183,464)		

The \$89,771 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2024	\$ (211,532)
2025	(163,306)
2026	(140, 196)
2027	(140, 196)
2028	(49,977)
Thereafter	 (142,857)
Totals	\$ (848,064)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Projected salary increases 3.00% to 8.50%, including inflation

Discount rate 2.16%. This changed from 2.21% the previous year

# 15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Healthcare cost trend rates Medical: 2.4% for CY2021, 12% for CY2022, then 6.25%

trended down to 4.5% by 2030

Prescription Drug: 2.4% for CY2021, 12% for CY2022,

then 6.25% trended down to 4.5% by 2030

Mortality rates Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct

Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active participant mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count

weighted Employee Mortality Table.

Amortization method Open 30 years, level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

Development of Long-Term Rate. Since the City funds this Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, GASB requires the discount rate be based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). To comply with this requirement, the discount rate is based on an index of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation bonds. Specifically, the chosen rate is 3.54%, the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index rate published closest to, but not later than, the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (2.54%) or one percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate.

# 15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Also shown is the Net OPEB Liability as if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		Net OPEB
Discount Rate		Liability
1% decrease	2.54%	\$ 2,425,430
Current discount rate	3.54%	2,161,744
1% increase	4.54%	1,933,481
		Net OPEB
Healthcare Cost Trend	Rates	Net OPEB Liability
Healthcare Cost Trend 1% decrease	<u>Rates</u>	
	<u>Rates</u>	Liability

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System financial report.

# 16. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The City levied an occupancy tax of 8% beginning August 1, 2017 for the rent of a guest room at a hotel or motel in the City as authorized by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated O.C.G.A. 48-13-51(b). Local governments imposing a tax under this code section are required to expend, in each fiscal year, an amount equal to not less than 50% of the total amount of taxes collected that exceed the amount of taxes that would have been collected at the rate of 5% for promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows by the destination marketing organization designated by the municipality levying the tax (for the City, the Carrollton Area Convention and Visitors Association, Inc. or the Carroll County Chamber of Commerce). For the current fiscal year, the City collected \$1,133,252 in hotel/motel tax revenues, of which \$510,004 was disbursed to the Carrollton Area Convention and Visitors Association, Inc. and the Carroll County Chamber of Commerce. Amounts held for future disbursements for promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows are included in restricted fund balance. The remaining amount of taxes collected that exceed the amount of taxes that would be collected at the rate of 5% which are not otherwise expended above shall be expended for tourism product development. For the current fiscal year, the City expended \$569,541 for tourism product development. Amounts held for future disbursements for tourism product development are included in restricted fund balance.

# 17. Tax Abatements

The City of Carrollton is subject to tax incentives granted by various authorities in the City. These incentives are negotiated on an individual basis as a reduction of property taxes based on the percentage negotiated and have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the City by allowing localities to abate property taxes for a variety of economic development purposes, including business relocation, retention, and expansion. The incentives may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to a local government's geographic area and have various requirements regarding job creation and capital investments. Each of the incentive agreements contains a recapture provision that requires repayment of a portion of the abatement for that year if the business fails to meet its jobs and/or investment goals. The City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes.

For the current fiscal year, the City of Carrollton property taxes were abated totaling \$211,942 under this program through the Carrollton Payroll Development Authority.

Individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded ten percent of the total amount abated are as follows:

- Property tax abatement (ranging from 10% to 90% by parcel) for a local manufacturer expanding its manufacturing facility located in the City of Carrollton. The abatement amounted to \$118,968.
- Property tax abatement (ranging from 40% to 80% by parcel) for a local manufacturer expanding its manufacturing facility located in the City of Carrollton. The abatement amounted to \$29,733.

# 18. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area, is a member of the Three Rivers Regional Commission (TRRC). The membership dues are paid annually by the City of Carrollton. Membership in a regional commission (RC) is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RCs in Georgia.

# 18. Joint Ventures (continued)

The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official in each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. A copy of the TRCC financial statements can be obtained from TRRC, P.O. Box 818, Griffin, Georgia 30224.

## 19. Related Organizations

The City of Carrollton Housing Authority is considered a related organization to the City of Carrollton. The City appoints members to the Authority, but does not have the ability to impose its will or create a financial benefit or burden for the Authority. The Authority provides low-income housing for the individuals in the City of Carrollton. The City collects revenue in lieu of taxes for City services provided to Housing Authority residents.

# 20. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City purchased commercial insurance to cover property and professional liability claims. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risks, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

# 20. Risk Management (continued)

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the last three years have not exceeded insurance coverage.

# 21. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of the current fiscal year. At fiscal year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Am	ount Expended	F	Remaining
Project		to Date	С	ommitment
City of Carrollton Raw Water Holding Pond	\$	5,248,273	\$	9,741,441
Lake Carroll Park Phase 2		1,680,204		1,846,360
Membrane Contract		206,250		1,443,750

#### **Contingencies**

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. Management intends to contest these open cases vigorously. The City's legal counsel has stated that the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable.

# 22. Material Budget Violations

The following General Fund departments and Special Revenue Funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations by more than three percent for the current fiscal year:

	_	Budget	_	Actual	 Variance
General Fund Departments  Mayor and Council	\$	202,872	\$	209,902	\$ (7,030)
Special Revenue Funds					
West Metro Regional					
Drug Enforcement	\$	661,631	\$	987,749	\$ (326,118)
Drug Seizure	\$	100,000	\$	192,510	\$ (92,510)
Regional Hazardous Material Team	\$	3,500	\$	6,680	\$ (3,180)
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$	880,000	\$	1,079,545	\$ (199,545)

The City did not adopt a budget for its Neighborhood Stabilization Program.

In the future, budgets will be adopted for all funds legally required to adopt budgets, and actual expenditures will be compared to budgeted expenditures and budget amendments will be made when appropriate.

# 23. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The implementation of this new standard had no impact on the City's net position.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships* and *Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The implementation of this new standard had no impact on the City's net position.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The implementation of this new standard had no impact on the City's net position.

# 23. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The implementation of this new standard had no impact on the City's net position.

# 24. Subsequent Events

The City created a Tax Allocation District (TAD) pursuant to the Redevelopment Powers Law as approved by a majority of the voters in a referendum held on November 8, 2022. The TAD became effective on December 31, 2022 and begins with the tax digest for calendar year 2023.





#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year End	
	 2023	2022	 2021
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Changes of benefit terms Other changes	\$ 854,691 \$ 3,638,879 1,749,839 0 (2,256,093) 0 0	452,033 2,678,589 475,943 0 (1,986,032) 11,132,724 0	\$ 478,953 2,583,027 234,846 0 (1,962,267) 0
Net change in total pension liability	3,987,316	12,753,257	1,334,559
Total pension liability - beginning	 49,614,091	36,860,834	35,526,275
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 53,601,407 \$	49,614,091	\$ 36,860,834
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	\$ 3,494,084 \$ 744,005 (6,193,827) (2,256,093) (61,287)	1,479,049 152,288 7,002,288 (1,986,032) (58,156)	\$ 1,416,916 0 2,572,781 (1,962,267) (56,321)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(4,273,118)	6,589,437	1,971,109
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 35,573,279	28,983,842	 27,012,733
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 31,300,161 \$	35,573,279	\$ 28,983,842
Net pension liability (asset) - ending : (a) - (b)	\$ 22,301,246 \$	14,040,812	\$ 7,876,992
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.39%	71.70%	78.63%
Covered payroll	\$ 16,611,141 \$	16,110,704	\$ 15,189,914
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	134.25%	87.15%	51.86%

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior are not reported.

Fiscal Year End

_						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	359,881 2,409,298 540,068 0 (1,913,261) 0 1,409,565	\$ 348,429 2,311,482 500,330 0 (1,821,688) 0	\$ 397,257 2,266,445 (81,618) 433,947 (1,756,630) 0	\$ 362,710 2,106,841 1,267,311 0 (1,565,620) 0 (16,333)	\$ 377,227 1,989,841 597,738 0 (1,344,634) 0	\$ 334,167 1,911,478 356,908 0 (1,272,573) 0 (282,808)
	2,805,551	1,338,553	1,259,401	2,154,909	1,620,172	1,047,172
	32,720,724	 31,382,171	 30,122,770	 27,967,861	 26,347,689	25,300,517
\$	35,526,275	\$ 32,720,724	\$ 31,382,171	\$ 30,122,770	\$ 27,967,861	\$ 26,347,689
\$	1,453,508 0 781,879 (1,913,261) (50,844)	\$ 1,340,534 0 2,445,629 (1,821,689) (56,317)	\$ 1,121,807 0 3,301,957 (1,756,630) (58,143)	\$ 1,188,985 0 2,258,137 (1,565,620) (33,118)	\$ 1,208,604 0 235,211 (1,344,634) (36,856)	\$ 1,248,419 0 2,085,904 (1,272,573) (29,317)
	271,282	1,908,157	2,608,991	1,848,384	62,325	2,032,433
	26,741,451	24,833,294	22,224,303	20,375,919	20,313,594	18,281,161
\$	27,012,733	\$ 26,741,451	\$ 24,833,294	\$ 22,224,303	\$ 20,375,919	\$ 20,313,594
\$	8,513,542	\$ 5,979,273	\$ 6,548,877	\$ 7,898,467	\$ 7,591,942	\$ 6,034,095
	76.04%	81.73%	79.13%	73.78%	72.85%	77.10%
\$	15,414,227	\$ 13,152,183	\$ 12,765,322	\$ 13,618,889	\$ 12,426,773	\$ 11,901,447
	55.23%	45.46%	51.30%	58.00%	61.09%	50.70%

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA **SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End						
		2023		2022		2021	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,436,723 (2,436,723)	\$	1,641,131 (3,181,519)	\$	1,612,553 (1,612,553)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	(1,540,388)	\$	0	
Covered payroll	\$	16,788,423	\$	17,071,537	\$	15,861,803	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.51%		18.64%		10.17%	

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior are not reported.

#### Fiscal Year End

2020	 2019	2018	_	2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 1,348,970 (1,462,452)	\$ 1,337,179 (1,339,464)	\$ 1,341,205 (1,229,438)	\$	1,195,231 (1,197,081)	\$ 1,186,903 (1,187,953)	\$ 1,215,838 (1,215,838)
\$ (113,482)	\$ (2,285)	\$ 111,767	\$	(1,850)	\$ (1,050)	\$ 0
\$ 15,860,745	\$ 14,248,681	\$ 14,711,933	\$	13,395,252	\$ 12,662,435	\$ 11,687,687
9.22%	9.40%	8.36%		8.94%	9.38%	10.40%

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year End	
	 2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 88,899 55,056 (4,617) (63,943) (355,815) (35,425)	\$ 98,472 60,733 (8,904) (15,645) (287,684) (37,805)	\$ 71,323 81,343 (38,450) (60,538) 383,816 (43,283)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(315,845)	(190,833)	394,211
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 2,477,589	2,668,422	2,274,211
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,161,744	\$ 2,477,589	\$ 2,668,422
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 35,425 (35,425)	\$ 37,805 (37,805)	\$ 43,283 (43,283)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	0	0	0
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	0	0	0
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending : (a) - (b)	\$ 2,161,744	\$ 2,477,589	\$ 2,668,422
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 15,531,687	\$ 15,189,914	\$ 13,448,107
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	13.92%	16.31%	19.84%

Note: Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior are not reported.

Fiscal
Year End

2020	2019	2018
\$ 93,323 116,790 (112,209) 188,568 (910,321) (52,900)	\$ 94,178 108,759 0 (60,250) (101,521) (67,970)	\$ 111,817 92,935 0 (69,070) (268,511) (76,910)
(676,749) 2,950,960	(26,804)	 (209,739) 3,187,503
\$ 2,274,211	\$ 2,950,960	\$ 2,977,764
\$ 52,900 (52,900)	\$ 67,970 (67,970)	\$ 76,910 (76,910)
0	0	0
 0	 0	 0
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 2,274,211	\$ 2,950,960	\$ 2,977,764
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
\$ 13,152,183	\$ 13,397,582	\$ 13,397,582
17.29%	22.03%	22.23%

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

#### Pension Plan

#### 1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution was determined as of January 1, 2023, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution will be reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

# 2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method = Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method = Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period = Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 13 years

Asset valuation method = Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Net investment rate of return = 7.375%

Projected salary increases = 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments = 0.00%

Retirement age for inactive vested participants = 65

Mortality = Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active participant mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

# **Pension Plan (continued)**

# 3. Changes in Benefits

Amounts reported for the fiscal years ending in 2022 and later reflect that effective January 1, 2021:

- The benefit multiplier changed from 1.25% to 2.00% with a dynamic breakpoint to a flat 2.50% for Employees in pay grades 20 and above and to 2.00% for all other employees.
- Employees in pay grades 20 and above are required to contribute at a 6% rate while all other Employees are required to contribute at a 3% rate.
- Officials elected or appointed on or after February 1, 2016 become eligible to participate
  in the plan on January 1, 2021 but will not be granted any service for any purpose for
  service between February 1, 2016 and December 31, 2020.

# 4. Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions in the last two fiscal years.

# **OPEB Plan**

# 1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined as of June 30, based on the most recent valuation date, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

# 2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method = Entry age level percent of pay

Amortization method = Open 30 years, level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period = 30 years

Asset valuation method = Market value

Projected salary increases = 3.00 to 8.50%, including inflation

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

# **OPEB Plan (continued)**

Inflation = 2.25%

Discount rate = 2.16%. This changed from 2.21% the previous year

Healthcare cost trend rates = Medical: 6.75% trended down to 4.5% over 9 years

Prescription Drug: 6.75% trended down to 4.5% over 9 years

Mortality = Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active participant mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

# 3. Changes in Benefits

Effective 1/1/2022 the Out Of Pocket Maximum for both plans increased by \$500 for individual coverage and by \$1,000 for family.

# 4. Changes of Assumptions

- The discount rate from the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index for June 30, 2022 was 3.54%. For June 30, 2021 it was 2.16%.
- Trend rates were updated to reflect most recent experience.





COMBINING STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue							
400570	Hotel/Motel Tax		Drug Seizure		Regional Hazardous Material Team		Neighborhood Stabilization Program	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	766,821	\$	477,657	\$	38,919	\$	1,021,080
Receivables	Ψ	7 00,02 1	Ψ	,001	Ψ	00,010	Ψ	1,021,000
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		27,174
Taxes		200,467		0		0		0
Prepaid items		28,815	_	0		0		0
Total assets	\$	996,103	\$	477,657	\$	38,919	\$	1,048,254
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	178,375	\$	0	\$	0	\$	500
Due to other funds		0		0		0		13,393
Due to others		0	_	137,129		0		0
Total liabilities	_	178,375		137,129		0		13,893
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - fines, fees,								
and forfeitures		0	_	0	_	0		0
Fund balances								
Nonspendable for:		00.045						•
Prepaid items Restricted for:		28,815		0		0		0
Public Safety		0		340,528		38,919		0
Housing and Development		0		0		0		1,034,361
Capital outlay		0		0		0		0
Assigned for:		700 040		0		0		0
Housing and Development		788,913	_	0		0		0
Total fund balances		817,728		340,528		38,919		1,034,361
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	996,103	\$	477,657	\$	38,919	\$	1,048,254

 Special	Reven	nue	Сар	ital Projects					
Police chnology	s	Opioid Settlement		Capital Projects Fund for Public Roads		Projects Fund for		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 8,775	\$	122,775	\$	396,969	\$	2,832,996			
0 0 0		525,453 0 0		0 0 0		552,627 200,467 28,815			
\$ 8,775	\$	648,228	\$	396,969	\$	3,614,905			
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0 1,288	\$	178,875 14,681			
 0		0		0		137,129			
 0		0		1,288		330,685			
 0		517,098		0		517,098			
0		0		0		28,815			
8,775		131,130		0		519,352			
0 0		0 0		0 395,681		1,034,361 395,681			
0		0		0		788,913			
 8,775		131,130		395,681		2,767,122			
\$ 8,775	\$	648,228	\$	396,969	\$	3,614,905			

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue					
	Hotel/Motel Tax	Drug Seizure	Regional Hazardous Material Team	Neighborhood Stabilization Program		
REVENUES	Ф. 4.400.0E0	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0		
Taxes	\$ 1,133,252	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Fines, fees, and forfeitures Charges for services	0 0	194,122 0	0 9,000	0 0		
Intergovernmental	0	0	9,000	0		
Interest	4,339	0	279	6,255		
Contributions	10,000	Ö	0	0,233		
Other	0	0	0	28,800		
Total revenues	1,147,591	194,122	9,279	35,055		
EXPENDITURES Current						
Public Safety	0	192,510	6,680	0		
Housing and Development	1,079,545	0	0,000	0		
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0		
Total expenditures	1,079,545	192,510	6,680	0		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	68,046	1,612	2,599	35,055		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sale of assets	0	20,938	0	0		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	68,046	22,550	2,599	35,055		
Fund balances, July 1	749,682	317,978	36,320	999,306		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 817,728	\$ 340,528	\$ 38,919	\$ 1,034,361		

Special Revenue			Capi				
	Police Technology	•			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds		
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,133,252
	8,770		135,119		0		338,011
	0		0		0		9,000
	0		0		316,172		316,172
	5		69		3,423		14,370
	0		0		0		10,000
	0		0		0		28,800
	8,775		135,188		319,595		1,849,605
	_				_		
	0		4,058		0		203,248
	0		0		0		1,079,545
	0		0		309,223		309,223
	0		4,058		309,223		1,592,016
	8,775		131,130		10,372		257,589
	0		0		0		20,938
	8,775		131,130		10,372		278,527
	0		0		385,309		2,488,595
\$	8,775	\$	131,130	\$	395,681	\$	2,767,122



GENERAL FUND
The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,578,043	\$ 17,121,940
Receivables (net)			
Accounts		173,511	120,131
Intergovernmental		201,027	120,130
Taxes		977,369	988,178
Prepaid items		269,150	508,926
Due from other funds		43,985	40,814
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		20,163	 19,623
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	23,263,248	\$ 18,919,742
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	783,578	\$ 555,148
Accrued liabilities		41,993	87,063
Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		585,219	497,272
Unearned revenue		52,705	64,469
Due to others		228,581	267,650
Due to other funds		47,639	 134
Total liabilities	_	1,739,715	 1,471,736
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		61,781	 59,208
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable			
Prepaid items		269,150	508,926
Unassigned		21,192,602	 16,879,872
Total fund balances	_	21,461,752	 17,388,798
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances	\$	23,263,248	\$ 18,919,742

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 21,297,802	\$ 19,603,397
Licenses and permits	659,276	703,254
Fines, fees and forfeitures	977,553	1,065,628
Charges for services	6,118,613	4,919,481
Intergovernmental	2,023,931	1,502,907
Interest	400,716	22,459
Contributions	0	2,899,950
Other	199,503	176,692
Total revenues	31,677,394	30,893,768
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	13,764,097	8,513,715
Public Safety	16,677,162	15,505,106
Public Works	1,954,760	2,048,920
Culture and Recreation	7,290,283	6,685,232
Housing and Development	758,752	832,243
Total current	40,445,054	33,585,216
Debt Service		
Public Safety	161,444	161,444
Total expenditures	40,606,498	33,746,660
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,929,104)	(2,852,892)
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in (out)		
American Rescue Plan Fund	8,776,741	92,310
2015 SPLOST Fund	0	(18,974)
Water and Sewerage Fund	3,908,299	3,725,397
Sanitation Fund	314,960	(1,085)
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,058	100,176
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,002,058	3,897,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources		
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	4,072,954	1,044,932
Fund balances, July 1	17,388,798	16,343,866
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 21,461,752	\$ 17,388,798

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

# BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

		2022		
	Final		., .	
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Taxes				
General property taxes				
Real and personal tax	\$ 4,868,109	\$ 5,206,775	\$ 338,666	\$ 4,644,010
Motor vehicle tax	925,000	1,069,637	144,637	1,025,895
Cost, penalties and interest	25,000	51,631	26,631	37,815
Total general property taxes	5,818,109	6,328,043	509,934	5,707,720
Local option sales tax	6,275,000	6,764,688	489,688	6,425,610
Insurance premium tax	2,125,000	2,252,852	127,852	2,022,018
Intangibles tax	115,000	76,159	(38,841)	91,442
Real estate transfer tax	0	37,026	37,026	43,938
Franchise tax Alcohol excise tax	2,775,000 900,000	2,957,635 844,520	182,635	2,656,804 864,141
Occupational tax	1,700,000	1,842,175	(55,480) 142,175	1,636,888
Energy excise tax	130,000	194,704	64,704	154,836
Total taxes	19,838,109	21,297,802	1,459,693	19,603,397
	10,000,100	21,201,002	1,100,000	10,000,001
Licenses and permits  Alcohol licenses	325,000	257,667	(67,333)	264,315
Building permits	350,000	401,609	51,609	438,939
Total licenses and permits	675,000	659,276	(15,724)	703,254
Fines, fees and forfeitures	1,000,000	977,553	(22,447)	1,065,628
Charges for Services				
Reimbursement of joint expense	es 4,032,111	4,032,111	0	3,078,081
Recreation fees	838,635	1,169,647	331,012	1,080,615
Main Street events	20,000	106,317	86,317	108,556
Cemetery charges	20,000	45,523	25,523	36,089
Cultural arts fees	413,370	519,995	106,625	397,785
Other	222,000	245,020	23,020	218,355
Total charges for services	5,546,116	6,118,613	572,497	4,919,481
Intergovernmental	2,031,025	2,023,931	(7,094)	1,502,907
Interest	406,500	400,716	(5,784)	22,459
Contributions	0	0	0	2,899,950
Other				
Rental Income	75,000	16,560	(58,440)	26,650
Miscellaneous	490,656	182,943	(307,713)	150,042
Total other	565,656	199,503	(366,153)	176,692
Total revenues	\$ 30,062,406	\$ 31,677,394	\$ 1,614,988	\$ 30,893,768

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government				
Mayor and Council				
Personal services	\$ 91,372	\$ 104,546	\$ (13,174)	\$ 96,340
Contract services	111,500	105,356	6,144	81,666
Total Mayor and Council	202,872	209,902	(7,030)	178,006
City Manager				
Personal services	711,224	365,397	345,827	553,057
Contract services	25,642	19,894	5,748	14,514
Materials and supplies	250	0	250	0
Total City Manager	737,116	385,291	351,825	567,571
General Administration	· · ·	· · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Personal services	170,903	146,344	24,559	107,765
Contract services	694,738	661,900	32,838	784,226
Materials and supplies	320,000	273,426	46,574	275,911
Capital outlay	450,000	37,015	412,985	4,484,213
Payments to others	10,100,000	10,085,000	15,000	205,000
Total General Administration	11,735,641	11,203,685	531,956	5,857,115
Finance and Purchasing				
Personal services	373,475	370,672	2,803	373,000
Contract services	20,642	11,311	9,331	11,245
Materials and supplies	0	0	0,001	71
Total Finance and Purchasing	394,117	381,983	12,134	384,316
Human Resources				
Personal services	441,224	404,935	36,289	345,149
Contract services	16,681	9,397	7,284	12,632
Materials and supplies	4,600	9,597	4,600	92
Total Human Resources	462,505	414,332	48,173	357,873
Information Technology	402,000	<u> </u>	40,170	
Personal services	266 771	265 450	1 212	262 024
Contract services	266,771 287,491	265,458	1,313 30,615	262,031 323,198
	5,000	256,876 599	4,401	6,855
Materials and supplies Capital outlay	154,776	8,973	145,803	0,833
Total Information Technology	714,038	531,906	182,132	592,084
	7 14,030	331,900	102,132	392,004
General Maintenance	25 000	05 554	(465)	07.475
Personal services	25,089 2,511	25,554	(465)	27,175 594
Contract services Total General Maintenance	3,511 28,600	3,652 29,206	(141) (606)	27,769
	20,000	29,200	(606)	27,709
Marketing-Public Relations	140 420	146 270	(F.041)	120 270
Personal services Contract services	140,438 156,775	146,379	(5,941) 20,785	130,370 115,755
	156,775 88,750	135,990 92,004		80,889
Material and supplies Total Marketing-Public Relations		374,373	(3,254)	327,014
_	, ,,,,,,,,,	314,313	11,550	<u>JZ1,014</u>
Legal Contract services	240,000	233,419	6,581	221,967
Total General Government	14,900,852	13,764,097	1,136,755	8,513,715
. J.a. Conoral Covernment	. 1,000,002		.,	5,515,710

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

		2022		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Public Safety				
Police Department				
Personal services	\$ 7,961,218	\$ 7,880,510	\$ 80,708	\$ 7,606,063
Contract services	1,126,764	1,129,360	(2,596)	1,029,717
Materials and supplies	479,585	483,169	(3,584)	483,510
Capital outlay	93,109	173,473	(80,364)	72,898
Total Police Department	9,660,676	9,666,512	(5,836)	9,192,188
Mental Crisis Response Unit				
Personal services	349,852	288,295	61,557	0
Contract services	0	910	(910)	0
Materials and supplies	100,000	112,149	(12,149)	0
Capital outlay	0	46,085	(46,085)	0
Total Mental Crisis	440.050	447 400	0.440	•
Response Unit	449,852	447,439	2,413	0
Fire Department				
Personal services	6,296,350	5,863,085	433,265	5,754,542
Contract services	382,638	411,958	(29,320)	261,491
Materials and supplies	291,396	270,171	21,225	271,838
Capital outlay	0	17,997	(17,997)	25,047
Total Fire Department	6,970,384	6,563,211	407,173	6,312,918
Total Public Safety	17,080,912	16,677,162	403,750	15,505,106
Public Works				
Street Department				
Contract services	97,284	109,350	(12,066)	114,001
Materials and supplies	107,000	83,246	23,754	70,640
Total Street Department	204,284	192,596	11,688	184,641
Engineering				
Personal services	883,145	711,868	171,277	846,223
Contract services	221,642	202,378	19,264	191,762
Materials and supplies	441,000	407,193	33,807	409,139
Total Engineering	1,545,787	1,321,439	224,348	1,447,124
Garage				
Personal services	393,536	383,931	9,605	381,741
Contract services	24,342	17,427	6,915	13,786
Materials and supplies	40,775	39,367	1,408	21,628
Capital outlay	48,900	0	48,900	0
Total Garage	507,553	440,725	66,828	417,155
Total Public Works	2,257,624	1,954,760	302,864	2,048,920
		.,551,755		

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

			2022		
	Final				
	Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>	Actual	
Culture and Recreation					
Library					
Payments to others	\$ 312,000	\$ 312,000	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 300,036	
Daniela Administration					
Recreation Administration Personal services	481,789	465,974	15,815	463,773	
	•	•	,	,	
Contract services	140,950	150,975	(10,025)	147,267	
Materials and supplies	440,450	444,878	(4,428)	390,090	
Total Recreation Administration	1,063,189	1,061,827	1,362	1,001,130	
Recreation Parks					
Personal services	1,721,597	1,292,825	428,772	1,260,215	
Contract services	693,985	672,342	21,643	565,296	
Materials and supplies	96,000	92,641	3,359	114,222	
Capital outlay	0	454,244	(454,244)	0	
Total Recreation Parks	2,511,582	2,512,052	(470)	1,939,733	
Recreation Programs					
Personal services	944,384	756,866	187,518	823,506	
Contract services	74,564	49,823	24,741	29,249	
Materials and supplies	254,697	349,229	(94,532)	316,560	
Total Recreation Programs	1,273,645	1,155,918	117,727	1,169,315	
Cultural Arts					
Personal services	629,782	584,355	45,427	585,315	
Contract services	312,472	375,398	(62,926)	334,450	
Materials and supplies	205,763	189,541	16,222	174,134	
Capital outlay	200,700	0	0,222	35,646	
Total Cultural Arts	1,148,017	1,149,294	(1,277)	1,129,545	
rotal Gallaral 7 lito	1,110,011	1,110,201	(1,211)	1,120,010	
Recreation Athletics					
Personal services	985,865	904,481	81,384	984,157	
Contract services	111,298	82,856	28,442	53,691	
Materials and supplies	158,774	111,855	46,919	107,625	
Total Recreation Athletics	1,255,937	1,099,192	156,745	1,145,473	
Total Culture and Recreation	7,564,370	7,290,283	274,087	6,685,232	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	2023							2022	
	Final			Actual		Variance		A a4	
Haveing and Davelenment		Budget		Actual		Variance	_	Actual	
Housing and Development									
Planning Administration Personal services	\$	424,996	\$	423,533	\$	1,463	\$	309,223	
Contract services	φ	24,642	φ	14,865	φ	9,777	φ	17,315	
Materials and supplies		1,000		673		327		1,723	
Total Planning Administration		450,638		439,071		11,567		328,261	
Code Enforcement									
Personal services		177,638		173,265		4,373		86,076	
Contract services		10,242		5,309		4,933		5,327	
Materials and supplies		3,650		1,317		2,333		2,956	
Total Code Enforcement		191,530		179,891		11,639	_	94,359	
Convention and Visitania									
Convention and Visitor's									
Association Inc.		140 771		0		140 774		0	
Personal services Contract services		140,771		0		140,771		0	
		97,040		-		97,040		0	
Materials and supplies		149,960		0		149,960		· ·	
Payments to others Total Convention		0		0		0	_	277,914	
and Visitor's Association, Inc.		387,771		0		387,771		277,914	
and violet of teeselation, me.							_	27.7,01.	
Main Street Division									
Personal services		104,499		85,999		18,500		94,401	
Contract services		23,247		18,501		4,746		8,538	
Materials and supplies		53,100		35,290		17,810		28,770	
Capital outlay		6,000		0		6,000		0	
Total Main Street Division		186,846		139,790		47,056		131,709	
Total Housing and Development		1,216,785		758,752		458,033	_	832,243	
Total Current	4	3,020,543		40,445,054		2,575,489	_	33,585,216	
Debt Service									
Police Department		161,500		161,444		56		161,444	
Total Expenditures	\$ 4	3,182,043	\$	40,606,498	\$	2,575,545	\$	33,746,660	

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> - Used to collect Hotel/Motel taxes which are used to support trade and tourism in the City of Carrollton.

<u>Drug Seizure Fund</u> - Used to account for the assets received from a drug confiscation.

Regional Hazardous Material Team Fund - Used to account for revenues and expenditures restricted for use by the Hazardous Material Team.

West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement Fund - Used to account for local and federal monies restricted for the West Metro Drug Enforcement Unit.

<u>Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund</u> - Used to account for intergovernmental revenue and contributions received for impoverished housing and development projects in the City of Carrollton.

<u>American Rescue Plan Fund</u> – Used to account for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund.

<u>Police Technology Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for funds restricted for Police technology.

<u>Opioid Settlement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds from national opioid settlements.

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022
ASSETS	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	766,821	\$ 662,268
Taxes receivable		200,467	198,629
Prepaid items		28,815	 11,500
Total assets	\$	996,103	\$ 872,397
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	178,375	\$ 122,715
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable			
Prepaid items		28,815	11,500
Restricted for Housing and Development		0	113,230
Assigned for Housing and Development		788,913	 624,952
Total fund balances		817,728	 749,682
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	996,103	\$ 872,397

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

				2023				2022		
		Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance		Variance			Actual
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	880,000	\$	1,133,252	\$	253,252	\$	1,001,940		
Interest		0		4,339		4,339		48		
Contributions		0	_	10,000		10,000		5,528		
Total revenues		880,000	_	1,147,591		267,591	_	1,007,516		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Housing and Development										
Contract services		330,000		324,790		5,210		292,246		
Capital outlay		165,000		244,751		(79,751)		75,560		
Payments to other agencies	_	385,000	_	510,004		(125,004)		424,143		
Total expenditures		880,000		1,079,545		(199,545)	_	791,949		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		0		68,046		68,046		215,567		
Fund balance, July 1		0	_	749,682		749,682		534,115		
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	817,728	\$	817,728	\$	749,682		

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA DRUG SEIZURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 477,657	\$ 526,040
Total assets	\$ 477,657	\$ 526,040
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$ 137,129	\$ 208,062
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Public Safety	 340,528	 317,978
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 477,657	\$ 526,040

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA DRUG SEIZURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

		2022		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	\$ 100,000	\$ 194,122	\$ 94,122	\$ 105,409
Total revenues	100,000	194,122	94,122	105,409
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public Safety Contract services	100,000	27,231	72,769	3,471
Materials and supplies	0	41,402	(41,402)	36,518
Capital outlay	0	92,939	(92,939)	128,287
Payments to others	0	30,938	(30,938)	23,587
Total expenditures	100,000	192,510	(92,510)	191,863
Total experialtures	100,000	192,510	(92,510)	191,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	0	1,612	1,612	(86,454)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)		•	•	00.540
West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement Fu Proceeds from sale of assets	nd 0 0	0	0	33,519
Proceeds from sale of assets		20,938	20,938	38,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	20,938	20,938	71,519
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources				
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	0	22,550	22,550	(14,935)
Fund balance, July 1	0	317,978	317,978	332,913
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 340,528	\$ 340,528	\$ 317,978

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA REGIONAL HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TEAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,919	\$ 36,320
Total assets	\$ 38,919	\$ 36,320
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted for Public Safety	\$ 38,919	\$ 36,320
Total fund balances	\$ 38,919	\$ 36,320

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA REGIONAL HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TEAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

	2023						2022			
	Final Budget		Actual				tual Variance			Actual
REVENUES Charges for comings	φ	2 000	\$	0.000	\$	6 000	<b>c</b>	0.000		
Charges for services Interest	\$ ——	3,000 500	<u> </u>	9,000 279	<b>Ф</b>	6,000 (221)	\$ ——	9,000		
Total revenues		3,500		9,279		5,779		9,000		
EXPENDITURES Current Public Safety										
Contract services Materials and supplies		1,750 1,750		487 6,193		1,263 (4,443)		0 4,709		
Total expenditures		3,500		6,680		(3,180)		4,709		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		2,599		2,599		4,291		
Fund balance, July 1		0		36,320		36,320		32,029		
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	38,919	\$	38,919	\$	36,320		

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WEST METRO REGIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022
ASSETS	· ·		·	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,575,557	\$	2,634,658
Intergovernmental receivable		118,248		107,812
Total assets	\$	2,693,805	\$	2,742,470
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	75,662	\$	14,772
Due to other funds		16,629		11,823
Unearned revenue		15,500		21,000
Due to others		583,462		793,695
Total liabilities		691,253		841,290
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for Public Safety		2,002,552		1,901,180
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,693,805	\$	2,742,470

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WEST METRO REGIONAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

		2022		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	\$ 308,218	\$ 506,126	\$ 197,908	\$ 409,896
Intergovernmental	353,413	531,124	177,711	553,490
Interest	0	12,771	12,771	1,416
Other	0	1,100	1,100	4,448
Total revenues	661,631	1,051,121	389,490	969,250
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public Safety				
Personal services	661,631	350,580	311,051	401,417
Contract services	0	164,086	(164,086)	157,360
Materials and supplies	0	103,363	(103,363)	83,063
Capital outlay	0	369,720	(369,720)	0
Total expenditures	661,631	987,749	(326,118)	641,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	0	63,372	63,372	327,410
Other financing sources (uses)  Proceeds from sale of assets	0	38,000	38,000	0
Transfers in (out)	U	36,000	36,000	U
Drug Seizure Fund	0	0	0	(33,519)
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	38,000	38,000	(33,519)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources				
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	0	101,372	101,372	293,891
Fund balance, July 1	0	1,901,180	1,901,180	1,607,289
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 2,002,552	\$ 2,002,552	\$ 1,901,180

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023		2022
ASSETS			_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,021,080	\$	986,025
Intergovernmental receivable	 27,174	_	27,174
Total assets	\$ 1,048,254	\$	1,013,199
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 500	\$	500
Due to other funds	 13,393		13,393
Total liabilities	13,893		13,893
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for Housing and Development	 1,034,361		999,306
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,048,254	\$	1,013,199

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

	_	2023	2022
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest Other	\$	0 6,255 28,800	\$ 163,740 771 0
Total revenues		35,055	164,511
EXPENDITURES Current Housing and Development		0	208,126
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		35,055	(43,615)
Fund balance, July 1		999,306	1,042,921
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,034,361	\$ 999,306

### City of Carrollton, Georgia

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund NSP 1 Project Budget and Actual, Project to Date For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

_	Activity Number	Project Budget	Prior Project to Date Total	Current Year	Project to Date Total	Variance
REVENUES						
Grant Income	N/A	\$ 3,406,991	\$ 3,276,758	\$ 0	\$ 3,276,758	\$ (130,233)
Program Income	N/A	0	5,389,075	0	5,389,075	5,389,075
Other	N/A	0	97,536	0	97,536	97,536
Interest Income	N/A	0	13,365	4,344	17,709	17,709
Total Revenues		3,406,991	8,776,734	4,344	8,781,078	5,374,087
Expenditures						
Acquisition	5050-001-B-H	740,749	2,535,568	0	2,535,568	(1,794,819)
Acquisition	5050-001-B-I	1,715,156	2,572,706	0	2,572,706	(857,550)
House Rehabilitation	5050-14A-B-H	139,712	722,647	0	722,647	(582,935)
House Rehabilitation	5050-14AB-I	242,811	661,808	0	661,808	(418,997)
Down payment and closing cost	5050-013-A-H	28,337	208,626	0	208,626	(180,289)
Down payment and closing cost	505-013-A-I	63,185	392,417	0	392,417	(329,232)
Clearance	505-004-D-I	272,622	322,385	0	322,385	(49,763)
Administration	5050-21A-X	204,419	365,198	0	365,198	(160,779)
Other		0	66,410	0	66,410	(66,410)
Selling costs paid by seller		0	427,649	0	427,649	(427,649)
Total Expenditures		3,406,991	8,275,414	0	8,275,414	(4,868,423)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		\$ 0	\$ 501,320	\$ 4,344	\$ 505,664	\$ 505,664

### City of Carrollton, Georgia Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund NSP 3 Project Budget and Actual, Project to Date For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

-	Activity Number	Project Budget	Prior Project to Date Total	Current Year	Project to Date Total	Variance
REVENUES						
Grant Income	N/A	\$ 1,142,774	\$ 1,012,115	\$ 0	\$ 1,012,115	\$ (130,659)
Program Income	N/A	0	1,804,475	0	1,804,475	1,804,475
Other	N/A	0	5,653	28,800	34,453	34,453
Interest Income	N/A	0	1,961	1,911	3,872	3,872
Total Revenues		1,142,774	2,824,204	30,711	2,854,915	1,712,141
Expenditures						
Acquisition	6012-001-B-H	225,000	1,290,331	0	1,290,331	(1,065,331)
Acquisition	6012-001-B-I	572,000	493,202	0	493,202	78,798
House Rehabilitation	6012-14A-B-H	135,599	647,475	0	647,475	(511,876)
House Rehabilitation	6012-14A-B-I	118,752	143,664	0	143,664	(24,912)
Down payment and closing cost	6012-013-A-H	15,000	108,048	0	108,048	(93,048)
Down payment and closing cost	6012-013-A-I	5,000	53,400	0	53,400	(48,400)
Administration	6012-21A-X	71,423	163,644	0	163,644	(92,221)
Other		0	77,136	0	77,136	(77,136)
Selling costs paid by seller		0	128,420	0	128,420	(128,420)
Total Expenditures		1,142,774	3,105,320	0	3,105,320	(1,962,546)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		\$ 0	\$ (281,116)	\$ 30,711	\$ (250,405)	\$ (250,405)

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023

	2023			2022		
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,833	\$	4,973,898		
Total assets	\$	82,833	\$	4,973,898		
LIABILITIES Unearned revenue	\$	30,510	\$	4,973,219		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital outlay		52,323		679		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	82,833	\$	4,973,898		

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022)

				2023			2022
		Final					
		Budget	_	Actual	<u>Variance</u>		 Actual
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	10,032,460	\$	10,032,460	\$	0	\$ 116,531
Interest	_	0	_	51,644		51,644	 679
Total revenues		10,032,460		10,084,104		51,644	117,210
EXPENDITURES		0		0		0	 0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		10,032,460	_	10,084,104		51,644	 117,210
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)							
General Fund		(8,776,741)		(8,776,741)		0	(92,310)
Water and Sewerage Fund		(940,759)		(940,759)		0	(18,839)
Sanitation Fund		(314,960)		(314,960)		0	(5,382)
Total other financing sources (use	s <u>)</u>	(10,032,460)	_	(10,032,460)		0	(116,531)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures							
and other financing uses		0		51,644		51,644	679
Fund balances, July 1		0		679		679	0
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	52,323	\$	52,323	\$ 679

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA POLICE TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2023

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,775
Total assets	\$ 8,775
LIABILITIES	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for public safety	8,775
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,775

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA POLICE TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Final udget	A	ctual	Va	ariance
REVENUES Fines, fees, and forfeitures Interest	\$ 8,000 0	\$	8,770 5	\$	770 5
Total revenues	8,000		8,775		775
EXPENDITURES	8,000		0		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	0		8,775		8,775
Fund balances, July 1	0		0		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$	8,775	\$	8,775

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA OPIOID SETTLEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 122,775
Intergovernmental receivable	525,453
Total assets	\$ 648,228
LIADUITIES	
LIABILITIES	
Unavailable revenue - fines, fees, forfeitures	\$ 517,098
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted for public safety	131,130
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 648,228

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA OPIOID SETTLEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual	_\	/ariance
\$	135,000 0	\$	135,119 69	\$	119 69
	135,000		135,188		188
	135,000		4,058		130,942
	0		131,130		131,130
<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	0 131.130	<u> </u>	131,130
		### 135,000	\$ 135,000 \$ 0 135,000 0 0 0 0	Budget       Actual         \$ 135,000       \$ 135,119         0       69         135,000       135,188         135,000       4,058         0       131,130         0       0	Budget       Actual       N         \$ 135,000       \$ 135,119       \$ 69         135,000       135,188



CAPI	ΤΔΙ	PRO	<b>IFCTS</b>	FIIND	9

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects

<u>2015 SPLOST Fund</u> – Used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the Carroll County, Georgia 2015 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>2021 SPLOST Fund</u> – Used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the Carroll County, Georgia 2021 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>Capital Projects Fund for Public Roads</u> – Used to account for road construction projects financed by LMIG and other resources.

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA 2015 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023		20	2022		
ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0		
LIABILITIES	\$	0	\$	0		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital outlay		0		0		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	0	\$	0		

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA 2015 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	20	)23	2022		
REVENUES		_			
Contributions	\$	0	\$	132,987	
Interest		0		72	
Total revenues		0		133,059	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay					
Public Safety		0		99,871	
Public Works		0		462,836	
Culture and Recreation		0		251,449	
Housing and Development		0		59,901	
Total expenditures		0		874,057	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		(740,998)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)					
General Fund		0		18,974	
Water and Sewerage		0		(6,900)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		0_		12,074	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		0		(728,924)	
Fund balances, July 1		0		728,924	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA 2021 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,873,724	\$ 1,151,024
Intergovernmental receivable	1,071,945	1,710,626
Total assets	\$ 2,945,669	\$ 2,861,650
LIABILITIES		
Payables		
Accounts	570,122	904,549
Retainages	553,812	280,348
Due to other funds	11,752	11,752
Total liabilities	1,135,686	1,196,649
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted for capital outlay	1,809,983	1,665,001
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,945,669	\$ 2,861,650

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA 2021 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,573,808	\$ 6,708,972		
Interest	8,231	1,028		
Total revenues	6,582,039	6,710,000		
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay				
Public Safety	3,147,569	2,103,329		
Public Works	669,131	1,486,150		
Culture and Recreation	2,620,357	2,580,092		
Total expenditures	6,437,057	6,169,571		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	144,982	540,429		
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)				
Water and Sewerage Fund	0	(219,824)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources	444.000	220 605		
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	144,982	320,605		
Fund balances, July 1	1,665,001	1,344,396		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 1,809,983	\$ 1,665,001		

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR PUBLIC ROADS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 396,969	\$ 386,597		
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds	\$ 1,288	\$ 1,288		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital outlay	 395,681	 385,309		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 396,969	\$ 386,597		

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR PUBLIC ROADS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 316,172 3,423	\$ 309,222 164
Total revenues	319,595	 309,386
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		
Public Works	309,223	 6,170
Total expenditures	 309,223	 6,170
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	10,372	303,216
Fund balances, July 1	 385,309	 82,093
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 395,681	\$ 385,309



### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Water and Sewerage Fund - Used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewer services in the City of Carrollton.

Sanitation Fund - Used to account for activities connected with the collection and disposal of residential, commercial, industrial and institutional solid waste in the City of Carrollton.

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,311,156	\$ 7,321,434
Accounts receivable, net	3,000,145	2,113,003
Intergovernmental receivable	5,042,610	0
Inventories	593,378	391,585
Prepaid items	151,096	175,128
Due from other funds	38,513	134
Total current assets	17,136,898	10,001,284
Restricted assets		
Customer Deposits		
Cash and cash equivalents	305,441	288,031
Total restricted assets	305,441	288,031
Capital assets		
Land	8,933,978	8,933,978
Construction in progress	6,103,930	1,324,737
Buildings	7,427,085	7,427,085
Infrastructure	235,105	222,932
Distribution system	106,005,231	103,353,174
Vehicles and equipment	5,780,186	5,597,328
Accumulated depreciation	(53,577,056	) (51,111,669)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	80,908,459	75,747,565
Total assets	98,350,798	86,036,880
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,527,523	810,634
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	90,061	80,341
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,617,584	890,975

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023		 2022	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	4,593,337	\$ 406,777	
Retainages payable		524,827	0	
Accrued liabilities		116,201	108,618	
Compensated absences		54,687	66,728	
Unearned revenue		773,055	632,435	
Due to other funds		0	1,635	
Notes payable		25,000	25,000	
Bonds payable		240,000	233,000	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets				
Customer deposits payable		305,441	 288,031	
Total current liabilities		6,632,548	 1,762,224	
Long-term liabilities				
Net pension liability		3,972,218	2,428,575	
Net OPEB liability		365,733	419,169	
Notes payable		5,531,130	307,857	
Bonds payable		2,850,000	 3,326,000	
Total long-term liabilities		12,719,081	6,481,601	
Total liabilities		19,351,629	 8,243,825	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		79,684	875,616	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		200,015	236,059	
		·	 ·	
Total deferred inflows of resources		279,699	 1,111,675	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		73,007,522	71,844,172	
Unrestricted		7,329,532	 5,728,183	
Total net position	\$	80,337,054	\$ 77,572,355	

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for sales and services Water sales	\$ 10,942,305	\$ 9,480,712
Sewer sales	7,736,407	6,629,368
Tap fees	1,107,381	1,066,903
Other	183,815	196,281
Total operating revenues	19,969,908	17,373,264
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Costs of sales and services	7,361,076	6,635,979
Personal services	4,465,198	5,617,883
Depreciation	2,504,009	2,499,994
Total operating expenses	14,330,283	14,753,856
Operating income (loss)	5,639,625	2,619,408
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest and investment earnings	83,596	4,306
Interest expense	(91,915)	(104,197)
Debt issuance costs	0	(100,000)
Payments to others	(69.202)	(600,000)
Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities	(68,292)	0
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(76,611)	(799,891)
Net income (loss) before capital contributions	5,563,014	1,819,517
Capital contributions	169,225	0
Net income (loss) before transfers	5,732,239	1,819,517
Transfers in (out)		
General Fund	(3,908,299)	(3,725,397)
American Rescue Plan Fund	940,759	6,900
2015 SPLOST Fund	0	18,839
2021 SPLOST Fund	0	219,824
Total transfers in (out)	(2,967,540)	(3,479,834)
Change in net position	2,764,699	(1,660,317)
Net position, July 1	77,572,355	79,232,672
Net position, June 30	\$ 80,337,054	\$ 77,572,355

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 19,056,981	\$ 17,513,561	
Payments to suppliers	(7,113,331)	(6,852,939)	
Payments to employees	(4,538,034)	(4,290,393)	
Other receipts	183,815	196,281	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	7,589,431	6,566,510	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Receipts from other funds	940,759	48,253	
Payments to other funds	(3,948,313)	(3,725,397)	
Payments to others	0	(600,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(3,007,554)	(4,277,144)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Receipts from other funds	0	226,724	
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets	(3,266,553)	(1,302,608)	
Payment of capital related payables	(11,536)	(66,907)	
Principal payments - promissory notes	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Principal payments - bonds payable	(469,000)	(457,000)	
Proceeds from notes payable	205,663	141,190	
Debt issuance costs paid	0	(100,000)	
Interest paid	(91,915)	(104,197)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital			
and related financing activities	(3,658,341)	(1,687,798)	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest and investment earnings received	83,596	4,306	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,007,132	605,874	
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	7,609,465	7,003,591	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 8,616,597	\$ 7,609,465	

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023		2022	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		<u> </u>		
provided (used) by operating activities:	•	5 000 005	Φ.	0.040.400
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	5,639,625	\$	2,619,408
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		2,504,009		2,499,994
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(887,142)		(22,567)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(201,793)		10,856
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		24,032		687
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows				
related to pensions		(716,889)		(205,271)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		,		,
related to OPEB		(9,720)		11,400
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		425,506		(183,292)
Increase (decrease) in noncapital retainage payable		0		(45,211)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		140,620		388,360
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		7,583		24,973
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(12,041)		(5,570)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		17,410		(29,215)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		1,543,643		1,007,317
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(53,436)		(50,206)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows				
related to pensions		(795,932)		587,486
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows				
related to OPEB		(36,044)		(42,639)
Total adjustments		1,949,806		3,947,102
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	7,589,431	\$	6,566,510
Cook and cook orginalants recognification.				
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:	\$	0 211 156	¢	7 224 424
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	8,311,156	\$	7,321,434
Customer Deposits  Cash and cash equivalents		305,441		288,031
·				
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,616,597	<u>\$</u>	7,609,465

### Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through capital related payables totaled \$3,772,590 for 2023 and \$11,536 for 2022. Acquisition of capital assets through retainage payable totaled \$524,827 for 2023 and \$0 for 2022.

Acquisition of capital assets though developer noncash contributions totaled \$169,225 for 2023 and \$0 for 2022 Increase in notes payable through intergovernmental receivable totaled \$5,042,610 for 2023 and \$0 for 2022.

Cost of transferred assets to governmental activities totaled \$113,452 for 2023 and \$0 for 2022.

Cost of transferred assets from governmental activities totaled \$6,538 for 2023 and \$18,033 for 2022.

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SANITATION ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,958,878	\$ 1,778,264
Accounts receivable, net	884,107	771,981
Prepaid items	46,807	63,642
Due from other funds	9,126	0
Total current assets	2,898,918	2,613,887
Capital assets		
Buildings	66,148	66,148
Vehicles and equipment	3,152,336	3,152,336
Accumulated depreciation	(2,690,473)	(2,502,257)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	528,011	716,227
Total assets	3,426,929	3,330,114
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	575,332	333,402
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	43,936	40,473
Total deferred outflows of resources	619,268	373,875
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	168,816	137,694
Accrued liabilities	115,149	34,170
Compensated absences	27,438	26,539
Notes payable	0	66,389
Due to other funds	923	923
Total current liabilities	312,326	265,715
Long-term liabilities		
Net pension liability	1,496,109	998,835
Net OPEB liability	124,088	142,218
Total long-term liabilities	1,620,197	1,141,053
Total liabilities	1,932,523	1,406,768
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	73,563	325,876
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	67,863	68,509
Total deferred inflows of resources	141,426	394,385
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	528,011	649,838
Unrestricted	1,444,237	1,252,998
Total net position	\$ 1,972,248	\$ 1,902,836

### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SANITATION ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the fiscal	years ended	l June 30,	2023 and 2022
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	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for sales and services Sanitation fees	\$ 6,152,567	\$ 5,370,139
Total operating revenues	6,152,567	5,370,139
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Costs of sales and services	4,157,366	3,014,492
Personal services	1,749,643	2,403,512
Depreciation	188,216	216,459
Total operating expenses	6,095,225	5,634,463
Operating income (loss)	57,342	(264,324)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest and investment earnings	68,351	32,885
Interest expense	(56,281)	(17,038)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	12,070	15,847
Net income (loss) before transfers	69,412	(248,477)
Transfers in (out)		
General Fund	(314,960)	1,085
American Rescue Plan Fund	314,960	5,382
Total transfers in (out)	0	6,467
Change in net position	69,412	(242,010)
Net position, July 1	1,902,836	2,144,846
Net position, June 30	\$ 1,972,248	\$ 1,902,836

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SANITATION ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$ 6,040,441	\$ 5.311.376
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 6,040,441 (4,109,409)	\$ 5,311,376 (3,035,161)
Payments to employees	(1,686,973)	(1,917,393)
Taymonia to employees	(1,000,010)	(1,017,000)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	244,059	358,822
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Receipts from other funds	(324,086)	6,467
Payments to other funds	314,960	0
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(9,126)	6,467
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets	0	(24,575)
Principal payments - promissory notes	(66,389)	(66,390)
Interest paid	(56,281)	(17,038)
Net cash provided (used) by capital		
and related financing activities	(122,670)	(108,003)
· ·		
Cash flows from investing activities:	22.254	00.005
Interest and investment earnings received	68,351	32,885
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	180,614	290,171
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	1,778,264	1,488,093
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 1,958,878	\$ 1,778,264
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 57,342	\$ (264,324)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	188,216	216,459
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(112,126)	(58,763)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	16,835	5,964
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		
related to pensions	(241,930)	(103,939)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(2.462)	0.505
related to OPEB	(3,463)	9,505
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	31,122 80,979	(26,633) (842)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	899	(2,455)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	497,274	460,104
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(18,130)	(74,991)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(,3)	( ,== : /
related to pensions	(646)	224,853
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	. ,	
related to OPEB	(252,313)	(26,116)
Total adjustments	186,717	623,146
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 244,059	\$ 358,822
		Evhibit G



CUSTODIAL FUND	
Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its custodial capacity.	
Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian to be	
Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its custodial capacity.	
Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its custodial capacity.	
Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its custodial capacity.	
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#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,852	\$	27,819
LIABILITIES  Due to others		20,852		27,819
<b>NET POSITION</b> Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	0	\$	0

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022		
ADDITIONS  Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments	\$	347,969	\$	370,334		
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Distributions of fines and forfeitures to other governments		347,969		370,334		
Change in net position		0		0		
Net position, July 1		0		0		
Net position, June 30	\$	0	\$	0		



Component units  Carrollton Area Convention and Visitors Association, Inc. – used to account for revenues and expenditures reserved for promotion of tourism in the area.
<u>Carrollton Redevelopment Authority</u> – used to account for revenues and expenditures reserved for revitalization and redevelopment of the urban, central city, and downtown areas of the City of Carrollton.

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CARROLLTON AREA CONVENTION & VISITORS' ASSOCIATION, INC. (A COMPONENT UNIT) COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	337,321	\$	269,952
Intergovernmental receivable		106,034		89,808
Total assets	\$	443,355		359,760
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	93,915	\$	63,433
FUND BALANCES Unassigned		349,440		296,327
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	443,355	\$	359,760

## CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CARROLLTON AREA CONVENTION & VISITORS' ASSOCIATION, INC. (A COMPONENT UNIT)

#### COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENÚES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 396,206	\$ 622,781
Interest	 76	 56
	 _	 0
Total revenues	 396,282	 622,837
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Housing and Development		
Personal services	155,724	159,703
Contract services	149,737	143,480
Materials and supplies	37,708	23,327
Total expenditures	 343,169	326,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	53,113	296,327
Fund balances, July 1	 296,327	 0
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 349,440	\$ 296,327

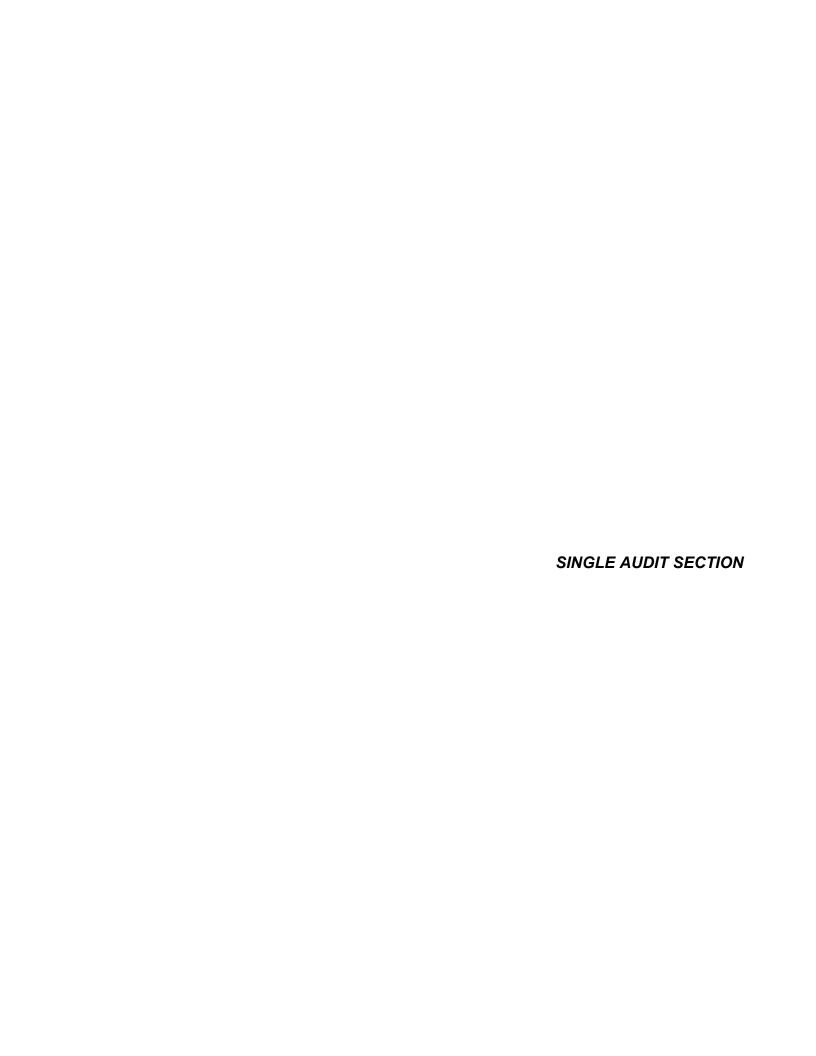
#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CARROLLTON REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2023

ASSETS Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 10,000
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 1,015
FUND BALANCES Unassigned	8,985
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,000

# CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA CARROLLTON REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	10,000
EXPENDITURES Current Housing and Development		
Contract services	_	1,015
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		8,985
Fund balances, July 1		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$	8,985









### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Carrollton, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Carrollton, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Carrollton, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Carrollton, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-002.

#### City of Carrollton, Georgia's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Carrollton, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Carrollton, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia December 29, 2023



#### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Carrollton, Georgia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Carrollton, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Carrollton, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City of Carrollton, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Carrollton, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Carrollton, Georgia and to meet our other ethical requirements, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide legal determination of City of Carrollton, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Carrollton, Georgia's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Carrollton, Georgia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Carrollton, Georgia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Carrollton, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Carrollton, Georgia's internal control over compliance relevant
  to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
  test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
  not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Carrollton, Georgia's
  internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia December 29, 2023



#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council: Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.738	B22-8-001 B21-8-020 B19-8-020	\$ 27,215 197,960 116,762 341,937
Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program	16.745	N/A	111,014
Equitable Sharing for State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies	16.922	N/A	23,503
Total U.S. Department of Justice			476,454
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through the Georgia Department of Transportation: <u>Highway Planning and Construction Cluster</u> Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	13710	401,626
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed through Three Rivers Regional Commission: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Funds	21.019	SF2023	8,001
Passed through Three Rivers Regional Commission: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	SF2023	3,844
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	10,032,460 10,036,304
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			10,044,305
U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority: <u>Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Cluster</u>			
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund  Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	DW2020042	5,248,273

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Aging Cluster			
Passed through Three Rivers Regional Commission:			
Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services	93.045	SFY2023	\$ 143,931
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	SFY2023	55,032
Total Aging Cluster of Programs			198,963
Passed through Three Rivers Regional Commission:			
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	SFY2023	828
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	SFY2023	550
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			200,341
Total Federal Awards			\$ 16,370,999

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings.

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2023

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Carrollton, Georgia, under programs for the federal government for the current fiscal year. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 3. De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Carrollton, Georgia has elected not to use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 4. Payments to Subrecipients

For the current fiscal year, City of Carrollton, Georgia did not pass federal funds through to subrecipients.

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

#### 1. Summary of the Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified

not considered material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to

financial statements noted?

B. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None reported

Significant deficiencies identified

not considered material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance?

None reported

Identification of major programs:

21.027 COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Cluster

66.468 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

Between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

#### 2. Financial Statement Findings

#### A. Current Year Audit Findings

#### Comment 2023-001

Condition: There is not adequate segregation of duties between recording, distribution, and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in certain departments and component units of the City.

*Criteria:* Segregation of duties is a key internal control whereby the authorization, custody, record keeping, and reconciling duties are separated among several persons.

Effect: Failure to properly segregate the duties exposes the City to a greater risk of loss due to fraud.

Cause: Segregation of duties could be improved if the size of the City's accounting and administrative staff were large enough to provide optimum segregation of duties.

Recommendation: Segregation of duties should be implemented to the extent practical and accounting records should be reviewed by responsible officials on a regular basis.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. City management will continue to improve upon internal control procedures and assess the cost-benefit relationship of maintaining adequate staff to fully segregate duties.

#### Comment 2023-002

Condition: The City experienced a material excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General, West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement, Drug Seizure, Regional Hazardous Material Team, and Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the City did not adopt a budget for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program.

*Criteria:* OCGA Code Section 36-81-3 requires local governments to operate under an approved annual budget for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds.

*Effect:* Failure to maintain expenditures within the balanced budget for the Special Revenue Funds, and failure to properly adopt an annual budget for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program Special Revenue Fund, as required by OCGA Code Section 36-81-3 will place the City in violation of state law.

Cause: The City did not make the necessary amendments to increase appropriations for expenditures during the year for the Special Revenue Funds and did not prepare and adopt a budget for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program Special Revenue Fund.

Recommendation: Budget to actual comparisons should be periodically reviewed by City management and budgets amended as needed to ensure that the City remains in compliance with state law. City management should also ensure that annual budgets are adopted for all funds legally required to operate under an approved annual budget. The budgets should be reviewed regularly for compliance. This will assist management with budgetary decisions throughout the fiscal year.

#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

#### 2. Financial Statement Findings

#### A. Current Year Audit Findings, continued

#### Comment 2023-002, continued

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. City management regularly reviews budgets in relation to major funds for the City. We will work with decentralized programs and agencies such as NSP and Drug Seizure to make any necessary adjustments to maintain compliance with State law for budgets as deemed appropriate.

#### B. Prior Year Audit Findings Follow-Ups

#### Comment 2022-001

Condition: There is not adequate segregation of duties between recording, distribution, and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in certain departments and component units of the City.

Not corrected

#### Comment 2022-002

Condition: The City experienced a material excess of expenditures over appropriations in the West Metro Regional Drug Enforcement, Drug Seizure, Regional Hazardous Material Team, and Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the City did not adopt a budget for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program.

Not corrected

#### 3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit of our basic financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards disclosed no audit findings or questioned costs which are required to be reported under Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.





#### CITY OF CARROLLTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

					Expenditures					
Estimated Cost *		ost *		Prior		Current		_		
Project		Original		Current		Years		Year		Total
<u>2021 SPLOST</u>										
Fire	\$	6,500,000	\$	6,500,000						
Replace Fire Station #23					\$	948,318	\$	2,662,437	\$	3,610,755
Fire Training Center						121,429		0		121,429
Fire Department Equipment						234,153		0		234,153
Parks and Recreation		8,163,300		8,163,300						
Pool and Water Park Renov	atio	ns				63,108		1,686		64,794
Remodeling and Renovate B	Exis	ting Facilities				1,105,481		2,323,492		3,428,973
Land Purchases						1,774		3,680		5,454
Senior Center Renovations						0		0		0
Tennis Facility Improvement	s					0		0		0
Vehicles and Equipment						52,001		163,428		215,429
Engineering		10,400,000		11,288,539						
Traffic/Street Improvements						1,486,150		669,131		2,155,281
GreenBelt Spurs						1,357,728		128,071		1,485,799
Parking						0		0		0
Paving						0		0		0
Sidewalk Extensions/Repair	s					0		0		0
Stormwater Improvements						57,071		0		57,071
Water/Sewer Improvements						162,753		0		162,753
Police Equipment		900,000		900,000		799,429		485,132		1,284,561
IT Equipment		300,000		300,000		0		0		0
	\$	26,263,300	\$	27,151,839	\$	6,389,395	\$	6,437,057	\$	12,826,452

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax.

Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

Note: Prior years expenditures have been restated by project. Total prior years expenditures did not change.

