Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2011

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED May 31, 2011

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

List of Elected and Appointed Officials May 31, 2011

Elected Officials

Mayor Council Member – District I, Post 1 Council Member – District I, Post 2 Council Member – District I, Post 3 Council Member – District II, Post 4 Council Member – District II, Post 5 Council Member – District II, Post 6 Joe Burke
Ed Bond
Rebecca Grantham
Charles Barineau
Annie Ruth Callaway
Mike Spooner
Lindsay C. Register, Sr.

Appointed Officials

City Manager
Attorney
Municipal Court Judge
Clerk
Assistant Clerk
Police Chief
Fire Chief
Utility Clerk
City Superintendent

H.M. Shingler Kenneth L. Hornsby Joshua Bell Linda Faye Gray Denise Childree Jimmy Holt Travis Brooks Shay Shingler Don Gambrell

FINANCIAL SECTION



William R. Burke, CPA, MAcc Rebecca B. Worsham, CPA Margaret B. Harrell, CPA, CFE Jujuan B. Bowen, CPA Celeste B. Burke, CPA John S. Buckhaulter, CPA Dalisha C. Childree, CPA

Burke, Worsham & Harrell, LLC

Certified Public Accountants | Financial Consultants Licensed in Georgia and Florida Donalsonville Office 208 S. Woolfork Avenue Donalsonville, GA 39845 Telephone (229) 524-2137 Facsimile (229) 524-2124 www.eburke.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council Members City of Donalsonville, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia, as of and for the year ended May 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Donalsonville, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-budget and actual for the major-general fund found on page 18 of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia, as of May 31, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 through 11 and the Schedule of Funding Progress on page 43, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules found on pages 45-67, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, found on pages 1-2 and 68-69 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Gurke, Newsham + Harrell, LLC

Burke, Worsham & Harrell, LLC

October 13, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia, we offer readers of the City of Donalsonville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Donalsonville for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2011.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Donalsonville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,781,464. Of this amount, \$3,943,472 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's governmental activities net assets decreased by \$142,001 and the business-type activities increased by \$801,872, for a total increase in net assets of \$659,871.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,718,614, an decrease of \$282,108 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$1,484,732, or 57% percent of total general fund expenditures. In the prior year, unreserved fund balance was 60% percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$49,304 during the current fiscal year.
- In the City's business-type activities, operating revenues increased by \$82,254 from the prior year while operating expenses decreased by \$75,316, for a total operating income increase of \$157,570.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$62,937 less than budgeted for the general fund and our actual expenditures were \$24,303 less than budgeted.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Donalsonville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Donalsonville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Donalsonville's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Donalsonville that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include the general fund which includes the general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, and culture and recreation, as well as a Special Revenue Fund, which accounts for the Hotel/Motel Taxes and two Capital Project Funds, which account for the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax revenue. The business-type activities of the City include the Water and Sewer Fund, the Gas Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City has four governmental funds. The general fund is a major fund, SPLOST IV is a major Capital Project Fund, the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund is a nonmajor Special Revenue Fund, and SPLOST III is a nonmajor Capital Project Fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and the special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Fund, Gas Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, the Gas Fund and the Solid Waste Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund and the Gas Fund are major funds and the City has elected to treat the Solid Waste Fund as a major fund also.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 43 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 44 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,781,464 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (61.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Donalsonville's Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal a	ctivities	Business- type activities			ctivities	Total			
	 2010		2011		2010		2011		2010		2011
Current and other assets	\$ 2,163,723	\$	1,996,490	\$	2,377,582	\$	2,704,707	\$	4,541,305	\$	4,701,197
Capital assets	 1,925,923		2,017,790		4,870,831		5,324,909		6,796,754		7,342,699
Total assets	4,089,646		4,014,280		7,248,413		8,029,616		11,338,059		12,043,896
Long-term liabilities	 									•	
outstanding	214,830		187,665		632,482		628,808		847,312		816,473_
Other liabilities	161,830		255,038		207,916		190,921	2.1	369,746		445,959
Total liabilities	 376,660		442,703		840,398		819,729		1,217,058		1,262,432
Net assets:											
Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt	1,697,505		1,935,004		4,205,210		4,669,106		5,902,715		6,604,110
Restricted	477,356		233,882		-		-		477,356		233,882
Unrestricted	1,538,717		1,402,691		2,202,805		2,540,781		3,741,522		3,943,472
Total net assets	\$ 3,713,578	\$	3,571,577	\$	6,408,015	\$	7,209,887	\$	10,121,593	\$	10,781,464

\$233,822 of the City's net assets are restricted. The *unrestricted net assets of* \$3,943,472 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as its business-type activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$142,001. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

City of Donalsonville's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmer	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	То	tal
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 777,150	\$ 708,102	\$ 995,539	\$ 1,077,793	\$ 1,772,689	\$ 1,785,895
Capital grants and						
contributions	81,760	402,011	364,000	100,651	445,760	502,662
Operating grants and						
contributions		-		-	-	
General revenues:			•			
Property taxes	863,866	866,034	-	-	863,866	866,034
Other taxes	1,398,348	922,436		-	1,398,348	922,436
Other	39,981	37,093	36,497	37,070	76,478	74,163
Total revenues	3,161,105	2,935,676	1,396,036	1,215,514	4,557,141	4,151,190
Expenses:						
General government	457,455	375,167	-	-	457,455	375,167
Public safety	1,411,835	1,377,738	-	-	1,411,835	1,377,738
Highways/streets	358,725	370,045		-	358,725°	370,045
Sanitation	476,272	478,855	-		476,272	478,855
Culture and development	1,788	2,796	-		1,788	2,796
Economic development	25,144	23,296	-	-	25,144	23,296
Interest on long-term debt	3,936	3,116	-	-	3,936	3,116
Water/Sewer fund	-	-	603,043	559,678	603,043	559,678
Gas fund	-	-	335,511	300,628	335,511	300,628
Solid waste fund	-	-		-	-	.
Total expenses	2,735,155	2,631,013	938,554	860,306	3,673,709	3,491,319
Increase in net assets before						
transfers	425,950	304,663	457,482	355,208	883,432	659,871
Transfers	(37,375)	(446,664)	37,375	446,664		-
Increase in net assets	388,575	(142,001)	494,857	801,872	883,432	659,871
Net assets - 6/1/10	3,325,003	3,713,578	5,913,158	6,408,015	9,238,161	10,121,593
Net assets - 5/31/11	\$ 3,713,578	\$ 3,571,577	\$ 6,408,015	\$ 7,209,887	\$ 10,121,593	\$ 10,781,464

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$801,872, an increase from the prior year in the amount of \$307,015. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The water and sewer fund received \$100,651 in capital grants in the current year, but received no capital grants in the prior year.
- Expenses decreased by \$78,248 in the current year compared to the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is one of the governmental funds of the City. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,718,614, a decrease of \$282,108 in comparison with the prior year. All of this fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,009,324, the Gas Fund \$1,524,418 and the Solid Waste Fund \$7,039, for a total unrestricted net assets of \$2,540,781. Other factors covering the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was no change between the original budget and the final amended budget in total revenues and appropriations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of May 31, 2011, amounts to \$6,604,110 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvement, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and highways. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation and debt, for the current fiscal year was \$701,395.

Major capital events during the year were:

- In the General Fund, there was a \$60,840 increase in capital assets for the parking lot project which was completed and transferred from construction in progress to infrastructure.
- In the Water and Sewer Fund, there was a \$163,642 increase in construction in progress for the sewer main rehabilitation project, and an increase of \$432,688 in relation to the construction in progress for the water pollution control plant.

City of Donalsonville's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governme	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	otal
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Land	\$ 143,184	\$ 143,184	\$ 33,646	\$ 33,646	\$ 176,830	\$ 176,830
Buildings	194,366	181,358	450	414	194,816	181,772
Improvements other than					19.5	
buildings	142,929	135,125	2,629	2,447	145,558	137,572
Machinery and equipment	313,610	348,106	115,950	99,759	429,560	447,865
Infrastructure	1,131,834	1,210,017	3,919,233	3,776,368	5,051,067	4,986,385
Construction in progress	-	-	798,923	1,412,275	798,923	1,412,275
Total	\$ 1,925,923	\$ 2,017,790	\$ 4,870,831	\$ 5,324,909	\$ 6,796,754	\$ 7,342,699

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note IV. C. on pages 31-33 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total capital leases outstanding in the amount of \$69,171 for its governmental funds and \$2,631 outstanding in the proprietary funds. Notes payable in the governmental funds was \$13,188 and notes payable in the proprietary funds were \$653,599. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note IV. E. & F. on pages 33 through 37 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Cost of living in this area has risen over the past few years and the future increases are projected to be significant.

The City's largest projects for the 2010-2011 budget year was the CDBG project for the wastewater system improvements and the sewer main rehabilitation project. There will continue to be expenditures related to both projects in the 2011-2012 budget year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the City Manager, P.O. Box 308, Donalsonville, GA 39845.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MAY 31, 2011

·			Prima	ry Governmer	nt		Comp Uı	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Intergovernmental receivables Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Closing cost Construction in progress Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total assets LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued interest payable Liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Economic development Capital outlay Unrestricted		vernmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities		Total	Downtown Development Authority	
ASSETS	\$	770,650	\$	1,233,894	\$	2,004,544	\$	
	Φ	925,024	Ψ	1,249,187	Ψ	2,174,211	Ψ	-
		923,024		1,240,107		2,117,211		
•		244,215		88,522		332,737		_
·		54,727		62,000		116,727		-
		J 1 ,121		02,000		110,127		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
·		1,874		71,104		72,978		-
•		1,071		,		,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		143,184		33,646		176,830		_
		-		9,292		9,292		
		_		1,412,275		1,412,275		_
•		181,358		414		181,772		
		135,125		2,447		137,572		-
•		348,106		99,759		447,865		-
		1,210,017		3,767,076		4,977,093		-
		4,014,280		8,029,616		12,043,896		
LIABILITIES								
current liabilities		217,395		91,254		308,649		- '
		926		1,568		2,494		-
		1,874		71,104		72,978		-
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year		34,843		27,579		62,422		-
Due in more than one year		187,665_		628,224		815,889		-
Total liabilities		442,703		819,729		1,262,432		-
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		1,935,004		4,669,106		6,604,110		-
Restricted for:								
Economic development		112		-		112		-
Capital outlay		233,770				233,770		-
Unrestricted		1,402,691		2,540,781		3,943,472		-
Total net assets	\$	3,571,577	\$	7,209,887	\$	10,781,464	\$	

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

			Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	evenue and et Assets	
						,	-	Component
						Primary Government		Unit
			Operating	Capital		Business		Downtown
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type		Development
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:			٠					
General government	375,167	106,459	1	\$ 402,011	\$ 133,303	· ↔	\$ 133,303	۱ ده
Public safety	1,377,738	144,941	•	•	(1,232,797)	•	(1,232,797)	•
Highways and streets	370,045	1	•	1	(370,045)	•	(370,045)	•
Sanitation	478,855	456,702		•	(22,153)	•	(22,153)	•
Economic development	23,296	•	1	1	(23,296)	•	(23,296)	•
Culture and recreation	2,796	•	1		(2,796)	1	(2,796)	•
Interest on long-term debt	3,116	•	•	1	(3,116)	•	(3,116)	•
Total governmental activities	2,631,013	708,102	1	402,011	(1,520,900)	•	(1,520,900)	•
Business-type activities:					•			
Water & Sewer	559,678	692,587	•	100,651	•	233,560	233.560	•
Gas	300,628	385,206	•		1	84,578	84,578	•
Solid Waste	•	•	1		•	•	•	i
Total business-type activities	860,306	1,077,793	•	100,651	•	318,138	318,138	•
Total primary government	\$ 3,491,319	\$ 1,785,895	5	\$ 502,662	\$ (1,520,900)	\$ 318,138	\$ (1,202,762)	5
Components units: Downtown Development Authority	23,296	1	23,296	1	•	٠		•
Total component units	\$ 23,296	\$	\$ 23,296	\$	\$	- -	\$	5
						:		
	General revenues:							
	Property taxes				866,034	•	866,034	•
	Sales and use taxes				482,361	•	482,361	ı
	Franchise taxes				222,924	•	222,924	i
	Business taxes				217,151	1	217,151	,
	Interest and penalties on taxes	s on taxes			7,022	•	7,022	Þ
	Unrestricted investment earnings	ent eamings			29,643	37,070	66,713	•
	Gain on sale of capital assets	tal assets			428	•	428	•
	Miscellaneous				•	•	•	•
	Transfers				(446,664)	446,664	•	•
	Total general revenues and transfers	ues and transfers			1,378,899	483,734	1,862,633	•
	Change in net assets	sets			(142,001)	801,872	659,871	1
	Net assets - beginning	ng			3,713,578	6,408,015	10,121,593	3
	Net assets - ending				\$ 3,571,577	\$ 7,209,887	\$ 10,781,464	· ·

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2011

		Major	Funds		Non-	Major Funds		
		General		Capital Project PLOST IV	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								770 050
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	520,359	\$	101,907	\$	148,384	\$	770,650
Investments		925,024		-		-		925,024
Receivables (net of allowance		0.40.747						242,747
for uncollectibles)		242,747		- 		-		54,727
Intergovernmental		-		54,727		-		54,727
Restricted assets:		1,874				_		1,874
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,690,004	\$	156,634	\$	148,384	\$	1,995,022
Total assets	\$	1,090,004	-	130,034	Ф	140,004	<u>Ψ</u>	1,000,022
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		132,158		70,857		279		203,294
Accrued expenses		14,100		-		-		14,100
Deferred revenue		57,140				-		57,140
Liabilities payable from								
restricted assets		1,874						1,874
Total liabilities		205,272		70,857		279		276,408
Fund balances:								
Unreserved, reported in:								
General fund		1,484,732		-		-		1,484,732
Reserved for:								-
Economic development		-		-		112		112
Capital outlay				85,777		147,993		233,770
Total fund balances		1,484,732		85,777		148,105		1,718,614
Total liabilities and fund balances		1,690,004	\$	156,634	\$	148,384		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial								2,017,790
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								1,467
Revenues that are earned, but unavailable are not reported in the fur	nas.							1,40/
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payab	le							(222 424)
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.								(223,434)
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	, and ,	1						57 440
therefore are deferred in the funds.							-	57,140
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	3,571,577

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

	Major Funds Nonmajor Funds							
		General		Capital Project Splost IV	Gove	Other ernmental unds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	850,818	\$	-	\$	-	\$	850,818
Sales		482,361				-		482,361
Franchise		222,925		•		-		222,925
Business		194,359		-		22,792		217,151
Penalties and interest on taxes		7,022		-		-		7,022
Licenses and permits		13,065		-		-		13,065
Intergovernmental		50,000		352,011		-		402,011
Charges for services		458,492		-		-		458,492
Fines		144,941		-		-		144,941
Investment earnings		31,811		-		-		31,811
Miscellaneous revenues		96,841		-				96,841
Total revenues		2,552,635		352,011		22,792		2,927,438
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		369,089		-		-		369,089
Public safety		1,331,224		-		-		1,331,224
Highways and streets		294,147		•		-		294,147
Sanitation		453,267		-		-		453,267
Culture and recreation		634		-		=		634
Economic development		-				23,296		23,296
Capital outlay:								
General government		12,084		7,323		-		19,407
Public safety		18,218		36,400		-		54,618
Highways and streets		52,200		126,556		-		178,756
Sanitation		9,074		11,165		-		20,239
Park Pavillion		5,000						5,000
Debt service:								
Principal		43,749		15,825		-		59,574
Interest		3,011		1,048_		-		4,059
Total expenditures		2,591,697	-	198,317		23,296		2,813,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	,	(39,062)		153,694		(504)		114,128
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		•						
Transfers in		-	•	-		-		-
Transfers out		-		(446,664)		-		(446,664)
Capital leasing		-		50,000		•		50,000
Sale of capital assets		428		<u> </u>				428
Total other financing sources								
and uses		428		(396,664)		-		(396,236)
Net change in fund balances		(38,634)		(242,970)		(504)		(282,108)
Fund balances - beginning		1,523,366		328,747		148,609		2,000,722
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,484,732	\$	85,777	\$	148,105	\$	1,718,614
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		16						

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 14) are different because:

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds (page 16)

\$ (282,108)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.

91,866

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., leases, bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

9,574

Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

30,855

Net change in Revenues reported in statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds

Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 14)

7,812 (142,001)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND

MAJOR - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

Variance with

				Final Budget-
	Budgeted A			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 861,300	\$ 850,818	\$ (10,482)
Sales	437,000	437,000	482,361	45,361
Franchise	200,500	200,500	222,925	22,425
Business	195,000	195,000	194,359	(641)
Penalties and interest on taxes	3,000	3,000	7,022	4,022
Licenses and permits	20,500	20,500	13,065	(7,435)
Intergovernmental	•	-	50,000	50,000
Charges for services	459,250	459,250	458,492	(758)
Fines	142,500	142,500	144,941	2,441
Investment earnings	20,000	20,000	31,811	11,811
Miscellaneous revenues	52,350	52,350	96,841	44,491
Total revenues	2,391,400	2,391,400	2,552,635	161,235
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Council	13,200	13,200	13,460	(260)
Manager	36,700	36,700	31,127	5,573
Judicial	7,200	7,200	7,200	
Election	1,200	1,200	-	1,200
Finance and administration	319,700	319,700	312,372	7,328
Other - unclassified	17,000	17,000	17,014	(14)
Total general government	395,000	395,000	381,173	13,827
Public Safety:				
Police	826,700	826,700	849,018	(22,318)
Probation	34,000	34,000	34,377	(377)
Fire	480,100	480,100	466,047	14,053
Total public safety	1,340,800	1,340,800	1,349,442	(8,642)
Highways and streets:				
Maintenance	340,100	340,100	346,347	(6,247)
Total highway and streets	340,100	340,100	346,347	(6,247)
Sanitation	504,100	504,100	462,341	41,759
Culture and recreation	5,000	5,000	5,634	(634)
Debt service:				
Principal	30,000	30,000	43,749	(13,749)
Interest	1,000	1,000	3,011	(2,011)
Total debt service	31,000	31,000	46,760	(15,760)
Total expenditures	2,616,000	2,616,000	2,591,697	24,303
Excess of expenditures over				
revenues	(224,600)	(224,600)	(39,062)	185,538
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	223,100	223,100	-	(223,100)
Transfers out	-	~	•	-
Capital leasing	-	•	-	-
Sale of capital assets	1,500	1,500	428	(1,072)
Total other financing sources				
and uses	224,600	224,600	428	(224,172)
Net change in fund balance	•	-	(38,634)	(38,634)
Fund balances - beginning			-	•
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> - </u>	\$ (38,634)	\$ (38,634)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS MAY 31, 2011

National National		В	usiness-type Activi	ties-Enterprise Fu	nds				
Same Fund Gas Fund Fund TOTAL			Major Funds						
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalent \$500,311		Water and		Solid Waste					
Current assets: 500,311 726,494 7,089 1,233,894 Investments 468,049 781,138 - 1,249,187 Interest receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) 62,301 20,910 - 83,211 Other receivables 200 4 - 204 Intergovernmental receivable - - 62,000 62,000 Total current assets 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Noncurrent assets. Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: 33,646 - - 24,924 Capital propertion in progress 10,000 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751		Sewer Fund	Gas Fund	Fund	TOTAL				
Cash and cash equivalent Investments \$ 500,311 \$ 726,494 \$ 7,089 \$ 1,233,894 Investments 468,049 781,138 - 1,249,187 Interest receivable 1,789 3,318 - 5,107 Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) 62,301 20,910 - 83,211 Other receivables 200 4 - 204 Intergovernmental receivable 62,000 62,000 Total current assets 1,032,660 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Noncurrent assets: 8 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 71,104 Capital assets: 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 24,924 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 <th>ASSETS</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	ASSETS								
Investments	Current assets:								
Interest receivable	Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 500,311	\$ 726,494	\$ 7,089	\$ 1,233,894				
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) 62,301 20,910 - 83,211 Other receivables 200 4 - 204 Intergovernmental receivable 62,000 62,000 Total current assets 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603	Investments	468,049	781,138	-					
for uncollectibles) 62,301 20,910 - 83,211 Other receivables 200 4 - 204 Intergovernmental receivable - - - 62,000 62,000 Total current assets 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure	Interest receivable	1,789	3,318	-	5,107				
Other receivables 200 4 - 204 Intergovernmental receivable - - 62,000 62,000 Total current assets 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated de	Accounts receivable (net of allowance								
Intergovernmental receivable - - 62,000 62,000 Construction in progress 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Construction in progress 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 8,083 8,083 Machinery and equipment 1,000	for uncollectibles)	62,301	20,910	•	83,211				
Total current assets 1,032,650 1,531,864 69,089 2,633,603 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Coustomer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - <td>Other receivables</td> <td>200</td> <td>4</td> <td>-</td> <td>204</td>	Other receivables	200	4	-	204				
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Say	Intergovernmental receivable	_	-	62,000	62,000				
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - 24,924 Buildings 24,924 - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 <th <="" colspan="4" td=""><td>Total current assets</td><td>1,032,650</td><td>1,531,864</td><td>69,089</td><td>2,633,603</td></th>	<td>Total current assets</td> <td>1,032,650</td> <td>1,531,864</td> <td>69,089</td> <td>2,633,603</td>				Total current assets	1,032,650	1,531,864	69,089	2,633,603
Customer deposits 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - 5,324,909 Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and			a •					
Total restricted assets 53,279 17,825 - 71,104 Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013		53.279	17,825	-	71,104				
Capital assets: Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	•				71,104				
Land 33,646 - - 33,646 Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Buildings 24,924 - - 24,924 Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	•	33,646	-	-	33,646				
Closing cost 10,000 - - 10,000 Construction in progress 1,412,275 - - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013		24,924	-	-	24,924				
Construction in progress 1,412,275 - 1,412,275 Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	_		-	-	10,000				
Improvements other than buildings 8,083 800 - 8,883 Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	_	1,412,275		-	1,412,275				
Machinery and equipment 291,751 130,816 - 422,567 Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	• -		800	-	8,883				
Infrastructure 5,913,374 418,133 - 6,331,507 Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	•	291,751	130,816	-	422,567				
Less accumulated depreciation and amoritization (2,479,642) (439,251) - (2,918,893) Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	• • • •	5,913,374	418,133	-	6,331,507				
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013		(2,479,642)	(439,251)	-	(2,918,893)				
accumulated depreciation) 5,214,411 110,498 - 5,324,909 Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	·	, , , ,	, ,						
Total noncurrent assets 5,267,690 128,323 - 5,396,013	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,214,411	110,498	-	5,324,909				
				-	5,396,013				
	Total assets		1,660,187	69,089	8,029,616				

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS MAY 31, 2011

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds Major Funds Solid Waste Water and **TOTAL Fund** Sewer Fund Gas Fund LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 27,706 7,246 50 \$ 20,410 Accounts pavable 63,548 196 62,000 1,352 Accrued expenses 1,568 Accrued interest payable 1.564 4 2,204 1,619 585 Capital leases payable - current 25,375 25,375 Notes payable - current 120,401 8,031 62.050 50,320 Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets: 17,825 71,104 53,279 Customer deposits payable Total noncurrent liabilities payable from 71,104 17,825 from restricted assets 53,279 Noncurrent liabilities: Capital leases payable 628,224 628,224 Notes payable 628,224 Total noncurrent liabilities 628,224 25,856 62,050 819,729 731,823 **Total liabilities NET ASSETS** 4,669,106 109,913 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 4,559,193 Restricted 2,540,781 1,009,324 1,524,418 7,039 Unrestricted 7,039 7,209,887 1,634,331 Total net assets 5,568,517 6,300,340 1,660,187 \$ 69,089 8,029,616 Total liabilities & net assets

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

		В	usine	ss-type Activ	ities-Enter	prise Fu	nds	
			М	ajor Funds				
	w	ater and			Solid	Waste		
	Se	wer Fund		Gas Fund	Fu	nd		TOTAL
Operating revenues:								
Charges for sales and services:								
Water sales	\$	334,978	\$	-	\$	-	\$	334,978
Sewer sales		285,265		-		-		285,265
Tap fees		28,650		200		-		28,850
Gas sales		-		385,006		-		385,006
Other services		43,694		-		-		43,694
Total operating revenues		692,587		385,206		-		1,077,793
Operating expenses:								
Costs of sales and services		210,803		251,292				462,095
Administration		182,949		28,797				211,746
Depreciation		145,141		19,132		-		164,273
Total operating expenses		538,893		299,221		-		838,114
Operating income		153,694		85,985		•		239,679
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Government grants- CDBG		100,651		-		-		100,651
Government grants- GEFA		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		14,813		22,257		-		37,070
Interest expense		(20,785)		(1,407)				(22,192)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		94,679		20,850		-		115,529
Income before contributions and transfers		248,373		106,835		•		355,208
Transfers in		446,664		-		-		446,664
Transfers out				<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Change in net assets		695,037		106,835		•		801,872
Total net assets - beginning		4,873,480		1,527,496		7,039		6,408,015
Total net assets - ending	\$	5,568,517	\$	1,634,331	\$	7,039	\$	7,209,887

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Fun					
	Water and	Major Funds	Solid Waste			
	Sewer Fund	Gas Fund	Fund	TOTAL		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 682,823	\$ 384,880	\$ -	1,067,703		
Receipts from reimbursement of costs	· •	-	22,883	22,883		
Payments to suppliers	(217,862) (255,746)	(22,547)	(496,155)		
Payments to employees	(184,935	•	-	(215,286)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	280,026		336	379,145		
A CULTI CINO ED CHINONO A DITAL FINANCINO A CTIVITIES				4		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		_		
Payments to other funds	400 654	-	-	100,651		
Proceeds from grants	100,651	-	-	100,031		
Negative cash balance implicitly financed	-	-	-	-		
Net cash provided by noncapital and related		-		400.054		
financing activities	100,651	-		100,651		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of capital assets	(618,352)) -	-	(618,352)		
Payments from other funds	446,664	-	-	446,664		
Proceeds from new debt	-	-	<u>-</u>	-		
Principal paid on capital debt	(7,545) (2,273)	-	(9,818)		
Interest paid on capital debt	(20,785) (1,407)		(22,192)		
Net cash used by capital and related		-				
financing activities	(200,018) (3,680)	-	(203,698)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of investments	(11,881)) (19,728)	-	(31,609)		
Interest and dividends received	14,813	,	_	37,070		
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,932		-	5,461		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	183,591	97,632	336	281,559		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	369,999	646,687	6,753	1,023,439		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending of year (Including \$53,279	\$ 553,590	\$ 744,319	\$ 7,089	\$ 1,304,998		
and \$17,825 for restricted cash in the water/sewer and gas funds respectively.)						
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$ 153,694	\$ 85,985	\$ -	\$ 239,679		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	•					
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	145,141	19,132	-	164,273		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(11,765		(2,064)	(14,111)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	43		,—i · · · /	155		
Increase) decrease in other receivable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	1,958		-	1,803		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(6,535	, ,	2,400	(8,590)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(2,510		-,	(4,064)		
Total adjustments	126,332		336	139,466		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 280,026		\$ 336	\$ 379,145		
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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Donalsonville is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council and provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, public improvements and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates public utilities (water, sewer, natural gas and sanitation).

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The Downtown Development Authority of Donalsonville assists local merchants with low interest loans for renovations of downtown properties. The authority consists of a board of seven directors appointed by the City Council. The authority is dependent upon the City at this time for revenue, and the City contributes one-half of the motel and hotel tax collected. The authority is presented as a governmental fund type. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting: Downtown Development Authority, P.O. Box 308, Donalsonville, Georgia 39845.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The City does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financing statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST IV fund is the government's major capital project fund. This fund accounts for all SPLOST revenue and the accompanying capital outlay.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and sewer fund operates the water distribution system, the sewer treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the sanitation collection within the City.

The gas fund operates the distribution of natural gas to the City residents.

The solid waste fund does not meet the qualifications for a major fund, but management elected to treat it as a major fund, as it is the only remaining proprietary fund. This Fund accounts for the expenses associated with the closure of a landfill and the revenues received from the city and county for these expenses per their agreement.

The government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The *hotel/motel tax fund* is the government's only special revenue fund. This fund accounts for all hotel/motel tax revenue received and the accompanying expenditures.

The SPLOST III fund is the government's nonmajor capital project fund. This fund accounts for capital assets purchased by Seminole County for the City of Donalsonville using SPLOST funds or transfers of the City's portion.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function, gas function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The City of Donalsonville's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City has authorized its governing officials to maintain deposit investments with financial institutions. There were no legal or contractual violations in regard to these investments during the year.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 120 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are levied as of the first day of October each year and are payable by December 20. Property taxes are recognized in income in October upon completion of the tax digest. At May 31, 2011, uncollected property taxes amounted to \$93,873. The City estimates that substantially all of the remaining balances will be received in

the subsequent period. After December 20, applicable property will be subject to liens, penalty and interest.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

Expendable supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time items are purchased. The City does not record inventories of supplies on the books.

4. Restricted assets

The City of Donalsonville's restricted assets are cash. They consist of customer deposits and confiscated funds held for the use of the Police Department.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City had historical cost records of its infrastructure, thereby allowing us to record infrastructure acquired prior to implementing Statement 34. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with a useful life of more than one year. The city has not set a capitalization threshold amount, and the determination of whether to capitalize is made by management. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lines:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	20 years
Public domain infrastructure	50 years
System infrastructure	30 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 20 years
Trucks and tractors	4 to 10 years
Office equipment	5 to 15 years

6. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and

discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriations or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

9. Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have not been presented.

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$223,434) difference are as follows:

Capital leases payable	(\$45,624)
Notes payable	(37,162)
Accrued interest	(926)
Accrued vacation	(114,922)
Post-closure payable	<u>(24,800)</u>
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance – total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets – governmental activities	<u>(\$223,434)</u>

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this (\$91,866) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$278,020
Depreciation expense	<u>(186,154)</u>
Net adjust to decrease net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
assets of governmental activities	<u>\$91,866</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$9,574 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred: Capital lease financing Principal repayments:	\$(50,000)
Principal repayments: Capital lease payments	59,754
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the (\$30,855) difference are as follows:

\$ 9.574

Compensated absences	\$30,872
Post-closure costs	(960)
Accrued interest	<u>943</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	<u>\$30,855</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Net change in revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of the \$7,812 difference are as follows:

Deferred revenue- current year	\$57,140
Accrued interest	1,468
Deferred revenue & accrued interest- prior year	<u>(50,796)</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	<u>\$ 7,812</u>

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

governmental activities

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds and proprietary funds. The City's annual budget is prepared based on anticipated revenues and appropriated expenditures. Revenue anticipations, generally conservative, are designed to help insure fiscal responsibility and maintain a balanced budget. Sums sufficient to provide for debt service may not be diverted to any other purpose by the Mayor and the Council. The budget is prepared

by fund and department. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Transfers between departments require approval of governing council.

According to the Charter and Code of the City, the City Manager has the responsibility for developing both the annual budget and capital budget for the city, which is done in conjunction with input and assistance from the City Clerk. These two budgets are developed separately, and then combined into one budget document, with the budgets for capital expenditures being incorporated as line items in the budget for each general government department.

The budget process begins shortly after the results for the third quarter of the fiscal year are determined, usually in early March. Budget proposals or development forms are issued to department heads for those departments where the budget is developed outside City Hall, along with budget results for the department for the first three quarters of the year. The department heads then compare the performance numbers for their respective departments for the then current fiscal year, along with the results of the last quarter of the previous fiscal year to their annual budget expenditures, and from that comparison they structure their budgets and make projections of budget and capital needs for the next fiscal year. When they have completed their projections, they return the budget development forms to the City Manager's office at City Hall.

The City Manager is, during this same period of time, completing the budget development forms for those sections of the budget that are developed within City Hall, such as revenues and general government expenditures, using comparative numbers and information from a budget development file maintained in City Hall where pertinent data is filed as it is gathered throughout the year. The City Manager must also compute the requirements for all sections of the budget dealing with lease/purchase and capital outlays or expenditures.

When the budget development forms for all departments have been turned in to, or completed by City Hall, they are combined into a draft budget document. At this point in the process, usually in early April, budget meetings are held with each department head to discuss their projected budget needs. This step is often completed when the budget development forms are returned. If it is determined during these meetings that adjustments need to be made to any line item in the budget, those adjustments are made and total projected budget expenditures are recalculated and compared with projected revenues to determine the projected ad valorem tax requirements. The projected ad valorem tax requirement is entered as a line item in the revenue section of the general fund budget. The completed document becomes the first draft of a proposed City budget for the next fiscal year.

When the proposed budget for the next fiscal year is completed, it is reproduced in quantity and distributed to the Mayor and Council for their review and study. Next, the first public hearing for the proposed budget is scheduled to review the budget and receive public input into the budgeting process. This is usually done in mid-to-late April. After this hearing is held, and input is received from both the public and the Mayor and Council, further refinements and helpful suggestions are incorporated and the second draft budget document is produced and distributed to the Mayor and Council. Of course, copies of the budget at each stage of the budget process are available for public review at City Hall at all times. Next, a final budget hearing is scheduled and advertised. When possible, this hearing is held in conjunction with the regularly scheduled meeting of the Mayor and Council in May. At this hearing, any final public input is received, and final refinements or changes to the budget are made by the Mayor and Council, after which the budget is adopted as the official budget for the City for the upcoming fiscal year which begins on June 1st of each year. Any changes to the budget thereafter must be adopted as amendments to the official city budget.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances recognize purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures not fully expended at year end. The City's outstanding encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended May 31, 2011, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following areas: The over-expenditures were funded by available fund balances.

Public Safety	8,642
Highways & Streets	6,247
Culture & Recreation	634
Deht Service	15 760

C. Deficit fund equity

All funds operated by the City of Donalsonville had positive balances as of May 31, 2011.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

At year end, the City of Donalsonville's carrying amount of deposits was \$4,250,494 and the bank balance was \$4,227,521. All deposits are entirely insured or collateralized. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name. The remaining balance of \$3,477,521 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name, and \$0.00 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The following ties the carrying amounts to the Statement of Net Assets:

Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 2,004,544
Investments	2,174,211
Restricted cash	72,978
Total Statement of Net Assets	\$ 4,251,733
Less:	
Cash on hand	(1,239)
Total carrying amount	\$ 4,250,494

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds and major business-type funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

·	Gove	ental	Business-type								
	General Fund		SPLOST IV Fund	Wa	ter/Sewer Fund		Gas Fund	So	lid Waste Fund		Total
Receivables:		-				-					
Interest	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,789	\$	3,318	\$	-	\$	5,107
Taxes	189,06	5	-		-		-		-		189,065
Accounts	48,26	9	_		62,301		20,910		-		131,480
Intergovernmental		_	54,727		-		-		62,000		116,727
Other	5,41	3	· <u>-</u>		200		4		-		5,617
Gross receivables	242,74	7	54,727		64,290		24,232		62,000		447,996
Net total receivables	\$ 242,74	7	\$ 54,727	\$	64,290	\$	24,232	\$	62,000	\$	447,996

Receivables of the General Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and the Gas Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to receivables of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to water and sewer sales	\$ 7,102
Uncollectibles related to gas sales	997
Uncollectibles related to sanitation fees, general fund	4,361
Total uncollectibles for the current fiscal year	\$ 12,460

C. Capital assets

Capital assets for the year ended May 31, 2011 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance		In	creases Decreases			Ending Balance		
Governmental activities: Capital assets,not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	143,184	\$	-	\$	-	\$	143,184 -	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		143,184						143,184	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								540.040	
Buildings		511,488		2,460		-		513,948 221,112	
Improvements other than buildings		221,112 1,896,154		- 58,757		-		1,954,911	
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		1,794,125		137,396		-		1,931,521	
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,422,879		198,613		_		4,621,492	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								• .	
Buildings		(317,122)		(15,469)		-		(332,591)	
Improvements other than buildings		(78,183)		(7,804)		-		(85,987)	
Machinery and equipment		(1,582,544)		(103,669)		79,408		(1,606,805)	
Infrastructure		(662,291)		(59,212)		70.400		(721,503)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,640,140)		(186,154)		79,408	a 	(2,746,886)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,782,739		12,459		79,408		1,874,606	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	_\$	1,925,923	\$	12,459	\$	79,408	\$	2,017,790	

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases / Transfers		Ending Balance		
Business-type activities: Capital assets,not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	33,646 798,923 832,569	\$ 613,352 613,352	\$	-	\$	33,646 1,412,275 1,445,921
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated		24,924 8,883 428,632 6,456,089 6,918,528	 18,995 - 18,995		(25,060) (114,582) (139,642)		24,924 8,883 422,567 6,341,507 6,797,881
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Closing cost Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation		(24,474) (208) (6,254) (312,682) (2,536,648) (2,880,266)	 (36) (500) - (36,528) (127,212) (164,276)		11,065 114,584 125,649		(24,510) (708) (6,254) (338,145) (2,549,276) (2,918,893)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		4,038,262	(145,281)		(13,993)		3,878,988
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	4,870,831	\$ 468,071	\$	(13,993)	\$	5,324,909

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	* \$	24,573
Public safety		57,889
Highways and streets, including depreciaiton		
of general infrastructure asets		76,244
Sanitation		25,286
Culture and recreation		2,162
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	186,154
Business-type activities:		
Water/Sewer Fund		145,141
Gas Fund		19,135
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$	164,276

Discretely presented component units

The Downtown Development Authority has no capital asset activity.

Discretely Presented Component Unit	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements other than buildings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements other than buildings		<u>-</u> _				<u>.</u>		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	-

D. Interfund receivables, payables and transfers

There were no interfund balances or payables as of May 31, 2011. There were interfund transfers between the Water and Sewer Fund, Splost IV, and the General Fund. Splost IV transferred the purchase of capital assets to the Water and Sewer Fund. This activity was as follows:

	Tr	ansfer In	Transfer Out			
General Fund	\$	-	\$			
Capital Project Fund:						
Splost IV				446,664		
Proprietary Fund:						
Water and Sewer		446,664		-		
	\$	446,664	\$	446,664		

E. Leases

Operating Leases

The City of Donalsonville had no operating leases during the year ended May 31, 2011.

Capital Leases

The City of Donalsonville has four (4) lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of a John Deere Backhoe, a 2008 Ford F 150, a 2005 Tymco Street Sweeper, and John Deere Track Loader. The John Deere Backhoe is recorded in the general fund and proprietary fund at 28% and 72%, respectively. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases for various funds are as follows:

Governmental Activities

One (1) Year 2008 John Deere Backhoe

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fiscal Year	Total	Principal	Interest
2012	1,457	1,449	8
Total	\$ 1,457	\$ 1,449	\$ 8

One (1) Year 2005 Tymco Street Sweeper

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fiscal Year	Total	Principal	_Interest
2012	13,175	12,193	982
2013	13,175	12,673_	502
Total	\$ 26,350	\$ 24,866	\$ 1,484

One (1) Year 2008 Ford F 150

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fiscal Year	٦	Γotal	Pri	incipal		Interest	
2012		6,305		6,120	***	185	
Total	\$	6,305	\$	6,120		\$ 185	

One (1) Year John Deere 655C Track Loader

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fiscal Year	Total	Principal	Interest
2012	13,239	11,976	1,264
2013	13,239	12,383	856
2014	13,239	12,804	434
Total	\$ 39,717	\$ 37,163	\$ 2,554

Total capital leases - governmental activities

\$69,598

Business-type Activities

One (1) Year 2008 John Deere Backhoe

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fiscal Year	Total	Principal	Interest		
2012	2,233	2,204	29		
Total	\$ 2,233	\$ 2,204	\$ 29		
Total capital leases – busir		<u>\$ 2,204</u>			

Total assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

, otal accord acquired ameagines	Gov	vernmental Activities	/Sewer Fund .ctivities	Gas Fund Activities		
Asset: Machinery and equipment Less: acumulated depreciation	\$	322,000 (123,422)	\$ 49,885 (10,633)	\$	8,680 (3,038)	
Total	\$	198,578	\$ 39,252	\$	5,642	

F. Long-term debt

General Obligation Bonds

The city has no outstanding bonds at year ended May 31, 2011.

Notes payable

The City of Donalsonville has four (4) notes payable. One is by resolution of the City Council to the United States Department of Agriculture, and three are by resolution of the City Council to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

Governmental Activities

Note one is dated January 14, 2010 in the principal amount of \$16,175 used for the purchase of two Crown Victorias. The note bears an interest rate of 4.00% and is payable in 5 yearly installments of \$3,634.

Annual debt requirements to maturity on Note one, including \$1,346 of interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total	Principal	Interest
2012	3,634	3,106	528
2013	3,634	3,230	404
2014	3,634	3,360	274
2015	3,634	3,492	140
Total	\$ 14,536	\$ 13,188	\$ 1,346

Total notes payable – governmental activities

\$13,188

Business-type Activities

Note one is dated July 31, 2005 in the principal amount of \$346,809 used for the construction of a water tower. The note bears an interest rate of 3.82% and is payable in 240 monthly installments of \$1,143.

Annual debt requirements to maturity on Note one, including \$157,662 of interest, are as follows:

Total	Total Principal			
13,717	2,014	11,703		
13,717	2,136	11,581		
13,717	2,197	11,520		
13,717	2,283	11,434		
13,717	2,351	11,367		
68,586	13,334	55,252		
170,485	125,679	44,805		
\$ 307,656	\$ 149,994	\$ 157,662		
	13,717 13,717 13,717 13,717 13,717 68,586 170,485	13,717 2,014 13,717 2,136 13,717 2,197 13,717 2,283 13,717 2,351 68,586 13,334 170,485 125,679		

Note two is dated March 8, 2006 in the principal amount of \$383,895 and is being used for improvements to the City's sewer system. The note bears an interest rate of 2.82% and is payable in 240 monthly installments of \$2,106.

Annual debt requirements to maturity on Note one, including \$93,523 of interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Total	P	rincipal	Interest		
2012		25,273		15,555		9,718	
2013		25,273		16,008		9,265	
2014		25,273		16,476		8,797	
2015		25,273		16,957		8,316	
2016	4	25,273		17,452		7,821	
2017-2021		126,365		95,201		31,164	
2022-2026		126,365		109,927		16,438	
2027-2029		58,958		56,954		2,004	
Total	\$	438,053	\$	344,530	\$	93,523	

Note three was originally dated March 8, 2010 and then converted on June 1, 2011 to an amortizing loan in the principal amount of \$159,074, and is being used for rehabilitation to the City's sewer main system. The note bears an interest rate of 3.00% and is payable in 180 monthly payments of \$1,099.

Fiscal Year	Total	Interest		
2012	12,084	7,806	4,277	
2013	13,182	8,764	4,418	
2014	13,182	9,031	4,152	
2015	13,182	9,306	3,877	
2016	13,182	9,589	3,594	
2017-2021	65,912	52,499	13,413	
2022-2026	65,912	60,984	4,926	
2027	1,098	1,096	2	
Total	\$ 197,734	\$ 159,075	\$ 38,659	

Total notes payable – business-type activities

\$653,599

Changes in long-term liabilities

During the year ended May 31, 2011, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group:

	Beginning Balance	Ad	dditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences Note I.C. 6 Capital leases Notes payable Post closure costs	\$ 145,794 76,185 16,175		50,000 -	\$	(30,872) (56,587) (2,987)	\$ 114,922 69,598 13,188	\$ 31,737 3,106
Note I.C. 10 Governmental activities Long-term liabilities	\$ 23,840 261,994	\$	960 50,960	\$	(90,446)	\$ 24,800	\$ 34,843
Business-type activities: Lease payable Notes payable	\$ 12,864 652,757	\$	23,705	\$	(10,660) (22,863)	\$ 2,204 653,599	\$ 2,204 25,375
Business-type activities Long-term liabilities	\$ 665,621	\$	23,705	\$	(33,523)	\$ 655,803	\$ 27,579

Compensated absences and post closure costs of the City's governmental funds will generally be liquidated by the general fund. Long-term liabilities of the business-type activities will generally be paid from the fund that incurred the liability.

G. Restricted asset

There is no reservation of retained earnings.

The balances of the City's restricted asset accounts are as follows:

Customer deposit	\$71,104
Police department	<u>1,874</u>
Total restricted assets	<u>\$72,978</u>

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City of Donalsonville is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund.

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the fund being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all events of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the fund.

The fund is to defend and protect the members of the fund against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract. The fund is to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Coverages are as follows:

COVERAGE DESCRIPTION – PROPERTY: Buildings and Contents (Blanket) Automobile Physical Damage	\$7,125,997 Per Application on file with GIRMA
COVERAGE DESCRIPTION – CASUALTY: Comprehensive General Liability Law Enforcement Liability Automobile Liability Errors and Omissions (Public Officials) Liability Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000
COVERAGE DESCRIPTION – CRIME: Blanket Bond Depositors Forgery Money and Securities – Loss Inside & Outside the Premises	\$500,000 \$500,000 \$500,000
DEDUCTIBLE: All coverages are subject to a per occurrence deductible of	\$1,000

COVERAGE EXCEPTIONS:

None

COVERAGES SUBJECT TO A RETROACTIVE DATE: (unless stated otherwise in the Coverage Exceptions)
Public Officials Liability
12/01/87
Employee Benefits Liability
12/01/87
Pollution Liability
12/01/87

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities – GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self-insurance funds and a risk

management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City of Donalsonville must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. Other responsibilities of the City are as follows:

- To pay all contributions, assessments or other sums due to GIRMA at such times and in such amounts as shall be established by GIRMA.
- To select a person to serve as a Member representative.
- To allow GIRMA and its agent's reasonable access to all facilities of the City and all records, including but not limited to financial records, which relate to the purposes of GIRMA.
- To allow attorneys appointed by GIRMA to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the Fund or Funds established by GIRMA.
- To assist and cooperate in the defense and settlement of claims against the City.
- To furnish full cooperation to GIRMA's attorneys, claims adjusters, Service Company, and any agent, employee, officer or independent contractor of GIRMA relating to the purposes of GIRMA.
- To follow all loss reduction and prevention procedures established by GIRMA.
- To furnish to GIRMA such budget, operating and underwriting information as may be requested.
- To report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any Coverage Descriptions issued, all incidents
 which could result in GIRMA or any Fund established by GIRMA being required to pay a claim for loss to
 municipal property or injuries to persons or property when such loss or injury is within the scope of the
 protection of a Fund or Funds in which the City participates.

The City of Donalsonville retains the first \$1,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$1,000 deductible.

The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims is "IBNR" established by an actuary.

During the year ended May 31, 2011, the City paid no (0) claims (up to the \$1,000 deductible) totaling \$0. The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the \$1,000 deductible for the prior years. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to the \$1,000) which were outstanding and unpaid at May 31, 2011. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2011 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

The City of Donalsonville provides worker's compensation for its employees through the Southeastern US Insurance Inc.

The City of Donalsonville also provides health insurance coverage for its employees through the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS).

B. Related Party Transaction

The City does business with Espy Gray's Recapping and City Motor Company which are all related parties. The City has no outstanding contracts with any related parties.

C. Subsequent Events

There are no significant subsequent events that the City is aware of as of the date of the audit report.

D. Contingent Liabilities

The City is working with the Department of Natural Resources involving new parameters for the waste water treatment system and plant. The City did not have to pay any fines in the current fiscal year, but the City manager foresees the payment of more fines in the future due to the amount of time that it is taking the engineers to complete the design phase.

E. Joint Ventures

The City is currently involved in a joint venture with Seminole County, Georgia for the operation of the Donalsonville-Seminole County Airport. The airport is financially independent of the City and County, and the governments do not retain an equity interest in the airport. All real estate is owned equally by the City and County governments, with the City's respective portion included in its capital assets. A copy of the joint venture's separate financial statements can be obtained from:

Denise Childree, Secretary/Treasurer P.O. Box 308 Donalsonville, Georgia

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eight-county west central Georgia area, is a member of the Southwest Georgia Regional Commission (SWGARC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended May 31, 2011, the city paid \$2,719 in such dues. Membership in SWGARC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the SWGARC in Georgia. The SWGARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of SWGARC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southwest Georgia Regional Commission P.O. Box 346 Camilla, Georgia 31730-0346

F. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

Plan description. The City maintains an agent multiple employee defined benefit pension plan with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Participation in the plan was approved by resolution of the City Council. The benefits provided by the plan, as well as the obligation to contribute to the plan, can

only be amended by the approval of the City Council. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The Plan is not included in the City's financial statement. A financial report is available by contacting Towers Perrin, Atlanta, Georgia.

The City also participates in the State of Georgia Police Officer's Annuity Program. The City makes no contribution to this plan. Contributions are collected by the City as an agent for this fund through its municipal court system. This plan is administered through the State and is not included in the City's financial statements.

Funding Policy. The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution each year. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution set forth in paragraphs 9 – 10 of GASB statement 27. These contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The annual recommended contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1981 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year. The remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 10 years. The current rate of contribution for the City is 20.86% of annual covered payroll. Annual covered payroll for May 31, 2011 was \$892,544.

Annual Pension Cost. The City's annual pension administrative cost of \$9,840 was determined as part of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included:

Valuation Date:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Assets Valuation Method:

Amortization Method:

Remaning Amortization Period:

Actuarial Assumptions:

-assumed rate of return on assets

-expected future salary increases

-expected inflation

-merit of seniority

July 1, 2011

Projected Unit Credit Cost

See paragraph below

Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

10 years

7.75% per year

4.0% - 6.0% based on age

3.50% per year

not applicable

The asset valuation method used to determine the actuarial value of assets is the sum of the actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 50% of market value for 2009, 44% of market value for 2010, 37% of market value for 2011, 32% of market value for 2010, 26% of market value for 2013, and 20% of market value for 2014 and later years.

The City's contribution for the current year was \$132,575.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to complete the actuarial accrued liability and the annual recommended contribution of the plan meet the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations, establishing generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

Nine-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension <u>Cost (APC)</u> <u>Obligation</u>	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net <u>Pension</u>
5/31/2003	5,933	100%	0
5/31/2004	6,009	100%	0
5/31/2005	6,175	100%	0
5/31/2006	9,077	100%	0
5/31/2007	9,473	100%	0
5/31/2008	9,467	100%	0
5/31/2009	9,388	100%	0
5/31/2010	9,695	100%	0
5/31/2011	9,840	100%	0

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	(Surplus) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll [(b-a)/c]
	 .	2,863,400	773,674	73.0%	892,544	86.7%
7/1/2011	2,089,726	2,863,400	775,674	/3.0/6	052,544	80.778

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

G. Community Development Block Grant

The City received a community development block grant in the amount of \$150,918 dated October 11, 2007 for the demolition and clearance of a vacant dilapidated building. During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2011, the project was completed and the balance of funds totaling \$35,526 were unobligated. Grant revenues and expenditures were audited in accordance with standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Audit Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The City received a community development block grant in the amount of \$500,000 dated September 25, 2009 for water system improvements. During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2011, there were expenditures of \$102,651. Grant revenues and expenditures were audited in accordance with standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Audit Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

H. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a period of five years. This 5-year period is an exception to the 30-year period for monitoring landfills granted to those sites which are not contaminating groundwater and which cease to accept solid waste as of April 8, 1994. The City qualified for this exception. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid after the date that the landfill stopped accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these costs as an operating expense in this fiscal year, and the balance of the current estimated closure and postclosure costs are recorded as a liability in the Solid Waste Fund, an Enterprise Fund of the City. Estimates must be used and these estimates may

change on account of a variety of factors including inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

The City and Seminole County, Georgia have an agreement in which the County contributes 60% of the closure and post-closure cost. An intergovernmental receivable is recorded for 60% of the current estimated cost.

The current estimated closure and post-closure cost at May 31, 2011 for the governmental fund is \$24,800. No capacity remains to calculate the annual accrual due to the closure of the landfill.

I. Motel/Hotel Tax

The City of Donalsonville collected 5% motel taxes and is in compliance with OCGA 48-13-51. The City collected \$22,792 in taxes and expended \$23,296 for economic development, which is 102% of taxes collected.

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GEORGIA MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES BENEFIT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS May 31, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	(Surplus) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll [(b-a)/c]
5/1/1997	1,055,787	1,063,829	8,042	99.2%	590,983	1.4%
5/1/1998	1,140,733	1,125,256	(15,477)	101.4%	683,275	-2.3%
5/1/1999	1,444,749	1,179,956	(264,793)	122.4%	699,879	- 37.8%
5/1/2000	1,538,952	1,213,938	(325,014)	126.8%	744,745	- 43.6%
5/1/2001	1,600,356	1,355,105	(245,251)	118.1%	785,588	-31.2%
5/1/2002	1,667,800	1,459,460	(208,340)	114.3%	764,460	-27.3%
5/1/2003	1,696,898	1,578,367	(118,531)	107.5%	783,793	-15.1%
5/1/2004	1,768,947	1,700,100	(68,847)	104.0%	794,117	-8.7%
5/1/2005	1,858,452	1,829,141	(29,311)	101.6%	826,157	-3.5%
5/1/2006	1,964,731	2,067,492	102,761	95.0%	869,531	11.8%
5/1/2007	2,093,845	2,254,944	161,099	92.9%	932,545	17.3%
5/1/2008	2,233,980	2,433,050	199,070	91.8%	900,150	22.1%
5/1/2009	1,530,812	2,579,407	1,048,595	59.3%	994,559	105.4%
7/1/2010	2,009,034	2,764,220	755,186	72.7%	874,890	86.3%
7/1/2011	2,089,726	2,863,400	773,674	73.0%	892,544	86.7%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BY SOURCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

	BUDGETED) AMO	JNTS		FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET- OSITIVE
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		GATIVE)
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
General property taxes						
Real property	781,800	\$	781,800	\$ 775,264	\$	(6,536)
Personal property						
Motor vehicle	72,000		72,000	71,732		(268)
Mobile home	3,500		3,500	3,512		12
Real estate transfers	•		-	5,237		5,237
Intangible	4,000		4,000	310		(3,690)
Franchise						
Electric	165,000		165,000	184,188		19,188
Cable	20,000		20,000	23,787		3,787
Telephone	15,000		15,000	14,950		(50)
Other	500		500			(500)
Total general property taxes	1,061,800		1,061,800	 1,078,980		17,180
General sales and use taxes						
Local option sales and use	350,000		350,000	395,906		45,906
Total general sales and use taxes	350,000		350,000	395,906		45,906
	•			•		
Selective sales and use taxes	97.000		97.000	06 455		(545)
Alcoholic beverage excise Total selective sales and use taxes	87,000 87,000		87,000 87,000	 86,455 86,455		(545) (545)
Business taxes	40.000		40.000	40.045		0.045
Business and occupation	40,000		40,000	43,845		3,845
Insurance	155,000		155,000	 150,514		(4,486)
Total business taxes	195,000		195,000	 194,359		(641)
Penalties and interest on delinquent						
taxes						
General property - real	3,000		3,000	7,022		4,022
Total penalties and interest on				 		
delinquent taxes	3,000		3,000	 7,022		4,022
Total taxes	1,696,800		1,696,800	 1,762,722		65,922
Licenses and permits:						
Business licenses and permits						
General business licenses	18,000		18,000	11,512		(6,488)
Alcoholic beverage licenses	•		-	200		200
Total business licenses and permits	18,000		18,000	11,712		(6,288)
Non-business licenses and permits						
Building structures and equipment	2,500		2,500	1,353		(1,147)
Total non-business licenses and permits	2,500		2,500	 1,353		(1,147)
Total licenses and permits	20,500		20,500	 13,065		(7,435)
Total licenses and baring	20,000			 ,,,,,,		(2,1.00)

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BY SOURCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental revenues:				
State government grants- CDBG	-	-	-	-
State government grants- JAG	-	-	-	-
Federal government grants- USDA	•	-	50,000	50,000
Salary reimbursement - manager	•		-	
Total intergovernmental revenues		-	50,000	50,000
Charges for services:				
General government				
Election fees	250	250	-	(250)
Public safety				
School crossing guard	4,000	4,000	1,790	(2,210)
Fire calls	-	-	-	-
Utilities				
Sanitation fees	455,000	455,000	456,702	1,702
Total charges for services	459,250	459,250	458,492	(758)
Fines and forfeitures:				
Fines	90,000	90,000	62,820	(27,180)
Board fees	300	300	1,275	975
Court costs	1,200	1,200	-	(1,200)
Restitution	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Probation	50,000	50,000	80,846	30,846
Total fines and forfeitures	142,500	142,500	144,941	2,441
Investment income:				
Interest revenue	20,000	20,000	31,811	11,811
Total investment income	20,000	20,000	31,811	11,811
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Rents	51,850	51,850	54,308	2,458
Other	500	500	37,296	36,796
Contributions and donations	-		-	
Total miscellaneous revenue	52,350	52,350	91,604	39,254
Other financing sources:				
Interfund transfers				
Operating transfers in				
Gas fund	45,700	45,700		(45,700)
Reserve	177,400	177,400		(177,400)
Total operating transfers in	223,100	223,100	•	(223,100)
Sale of general fixed assets	1,500	1,500	428	(1,072)
Capital leases				<u> </u>
Total other financing sources	1,500	1,500	428	(1,072)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 2,616,000	\$ 2,616,000	\$ 2,553,063	\$ (62,937)

GENERAL FUND

	BUDGETED A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
General government				
Legislative				
Mayor and council	13,200	13,200	13,460	(260)
Executive				
City manager salary	26,000	26,000	21,030	4,970
City manager benefits	3,500	3,500	2,897	603
City manager travel	7,200	7,200	7,200	-
Elections	1,200	1,200	-	1,200
General administration				
Advertising	500	500	-	500
Bad debt expense	-	-	-	-
Bookkeeping fees	4,500	4,500	3,520	980
Chamber of Commerce	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Christmas lights	2,000	2,000	1,112	888
City park	500	500	772	(272)
Computer support	3,000	3,000	1,253	1,747
Outside services		-	-	-
Dues and subscriptions	10,000	10,000	8,961	1,039
Insect fogging	8,000	8,000	2,680	5,320
Janitorial	3,500	3,500	2,860	640
Library support	300	300		300
Materials and supplies	6,500	6,500	10,493	(3,993)
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	997	2,003
Postage	4,000	4,000	2,589	1,411
Printing	1,500	1,500	1,856	(356)
Professional services	.,	-	•	` <u>-</u>
Rent expense	-	-	-	. •
S.W. GA R.D.C.	3,500	3,500	2,719	. 781
Salaries	48,800	48,800	44,560	4,240
Seminole rescue	300	300	•	300
Telephone	3,600	3,600	3,663	(63)
Travel	25,000	25,000	28,871	(3,871)
Law	,	,	,	· · · · ·
Attorney salary	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Legal fees	2,000	2,000	730	1,270
Human resources	_,,,,,			•
Health insurance costs	6,500	6,500	6,422	78
Retirement costs	132,500	132,500	132,575	(75)
Social security costs	4,000	4,000	3,578	422
Unemployment costs	1,000	1,000	4,330	(3,330)
Risk management	1,000	1,000	.,500	(-,500)
Insurance	9,300	9,300	6,897	2,403
Internal audit	3,000	0,000	0,007	2,
Audit fees	12,000	12,000	11,450	550
Addit 1669	12,000	12,000	11,400	000

GENERAL FUND

	BUDGETED A	MOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
General government continued				
General government buildings and	plant			
Heat, lights and water	8,500	8,500	9,230	(730)
Repairs building and equipment	5,500	5,500	7,404	(1,904)
Repairs building - rental property	3,000	3,000	380	2,620
Capital outlay	6,500	6,500	12,084	(5,584)
Total general government	387,800	387,800	373,973	13,827
Judicial				
Professional services	7,200	7,200_	7,200	
Total judicial	7,200	7,200	7,200	_
Public safety				
Police department				
Police administration				
Gas and oil	36,000	36,000	45,426	(9,426)
Insurance	25,100	25,100	35,788	(10,688)
Materials and supplies	15,000	15,000	22,307	(7,307)
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	3,002	(2)
Postage	400	400	245	155
Printing	500	500	-	500
Telephone	5,000	5,000	6,150	(1,150)
Uniforms	7,000	7,000	4,668	2,332
Salaries	515,000	515,000	505,177	9,823
Employee benefits	111,700	111,700	97,835	13,865
Other Services	•	-	586	(586)
Crime control and investigation				
Employee testing	1,000	1,000	348	652
Drug task force	6,000	6,000	5,564	436
DUI test charges	500	500	460	40
Jailer services	41,000	41,000	47,043	(6,043)
Medical	8,000	8,000	15,553	(7,553)
Prisoner meals	6,000	6,000	17,131	(11,131)
Traffic control				
Power - traffic signs	1,100	1,100	1,149	(49)
Police training				
Travel and school	5,000	5,000	4,970	30
Police stations and buildings				
Heat, lights and water	2,400	2,400	2,279	121
Repairs building and equipment	20,000	20,000	19,973	27
CGSE lines	3,500	3,500	-	3,500
Capital outlay	13,500	13,500	13,364	136
Total police department	826,700	826,700	849,018	(22,318)
• •				

GENERAL FUND

_	BUDGETED A	MOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Probation Department				
Probation administration				
Salaries	34,000	34,000	31,936	2,064
Employee benefits	-	-	2,441	(2,441)
Total probation department	34,000	34,000	34,377	(377)
Fire Department				
Fire administration				
Freight	200	200	60	140
Telephone	4,000	4,000	3,794	206
Gas and oil	4,500	4,500	5,678	(1,178)
Insurance	18,100	18,100	17,804	296
Linen service	200	200	771	(571)
Materials and supplies	10,000	10,000	8,970	1,030
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	1,163	(163)
Salaries	310,000	310,000	305,176	4,824
Employee benefits	81,000	81,000	79,141	1,859
Uniforms	6,000	6,000	3,288	2,712
Fire fighting				
Fire extinguisher and supplies	100	100	-	100
Fire hydrant rental	4,500	4,500	3,617	883
VFD participation	1,000	1,000	1,000	•
Fire training				
Travel and school	4,500	4,500	1,921	2,579
Medical services				
Medical	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Heat, lights and water	11,000	11,000	13,210	(2,210)
Repairs building and equipment	12,000	12,000	15,600	(3,600)
Capital outlay	11,000	11,000	4,854	6,146
Total fire department	480,100	480,100	466,047	14,053
Total public safety	1,340,800	1,340,800	1,349,442	(8,642)
Public works				
Street department				
Street administration				
Equipment Rental	4,000	4,000	•	4,000
Freight	300	300	30	270
Gas and oil	16,000	16,000	13,806	2,194
Heat, lights and water	6,000	6,000	1,087	4,913
Insurance	18,100	18,100	19,445	(1,345)
Machine hire	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Materials and supplies	10,000	10,000	1,255	8,745
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Rent expense	, .	•	-	-
Repairs and maintenance - buildings	20,000	20,000	23,684	(3,684)
Repairs and maintenance - other	15,000	15,000	12,504	2,496
Salaries	135,500	135,500	122,011	13,489
Employee benefits	30,700	30,700	29,799	901

GENERAL FUND

	BUDGETED A	MOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Roadways and walkways				
Repairs	4,000	4,000	-	4,000
Exterior lighting	58,000	58,000	68,018	(10,018)
Flood control	3,000	3,000	200	2,800
Street signs	1,500	1,500	2,308	(808)
Tree service	3,000	3,000	•	3,000
Capital outlay	13,000	13,000	52,200	(39,200)
Total street department	340,100	340,100	346,347	(6,247)
Sanitation department				
Sanitation administration				
Salaries	210,000	210,000	209,096	904
Employee benefits	51,100	51,100	60,722	(9,622)
Heat, lights and water	500	500	-	500
Repairs and maintenance	21,000	21,000	24,726	(3,726)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Materials and supplies	3,500	3,500	3,285	215
Telephone	400	400	-	400
Insurance	38,100	38,100	18,425	19,675
Gas and oil	25,000	25,000	31,923	(6,923)
Machine hire	500	500	-	500
Engineering fees	500	500	-	500
Postage	500	500	1,345	(845)
Sewage collection and disposal				
Postclosure costs	26,000	26,000	10,286	15,714
Tipping fees to Seminole County	108,000	108,000	93,459	14,541
Capital outlay	18,000	18,000	9,074	8,926
Total sanitation department	504,100	504,100	462,341	41,759
Total public works	844,200	844,200	808,688	35,512
Culture/Recreation				
Recreation				
Recreation administration				
Material and supplies	1,000	1,000	321	679
Exterior lighting	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Repair building and equipment	700	700	50	650
Participation recreation				
Recreation support	1,000	1,000	263	737
Capital outlay	1,300	1,300	5,000	(3,700)
Total culture/recreation	5,000	5,000	5,634	(634)
Debt service				
Principal	. 30,000	30,000	43,749	(13,749)
Interest	1,000	1,000	3,011	(2,011)
Total debt service	31,000	31,000	46,760	(15,760)
Other financing uses				
Operating transfers out				
Water/Sewer fund				
Total other financing uses				
Total expenditures	2,616,000	2,616,000	2,591,697	24,303

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Hotel/Motel Taxes- This fund is used to account for the monies received in taxes from the local hotels and motels. These taxes are used for economic development.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

SPLOST III- This fund is used for the collection of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. These taxes are used for capital project expenditures.

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS May 31, 2011

	o,	Special Revenue Funds	enne F	spun	Ū	Capital Project Funds	ect Funds			
	욱	Hotel/Motel						!	Total Nonmajor	
ASSETS		Tax Fund		Total	S	SPLOST III Fund	Total	ග	Governmental Funds	-
Current assets:										1
Cash and cash equivalent	↔	391	↔	391	↔	147,993	\$ 147,993	*	148,384	4
Accounts receivable (net of allowance										
for uncollectibles)		,		•		•				ı
Due from other funds		1		1		1				
Total current assets		391		391		147,993	147,993	 	148,384	4
Total assets		391		391		147,993	147,993	 _m	148,384	4
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		279		279		•		,	279	ဂ္
Due to other funds		1		ı		•			٠	1
Total current liabilities		279		279		1		 .	279	[၈]
FUND BALANCE								•		
Reserved for:										
Economic development		112		112		•		1	112	2
Capital outlay		1		1		147,993	147,993	3	147,993	က
Total fund balance		112		112		147,993	147,993	 e	148,105	5
Total liabilities and fund balance	↔	391	ዏ	391	ss	147,993	\$ 147,993	÷ - -	148,384	4

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS May 31, 2011

		Special Revenue Fund	enne	Fund		Capital Project Fund	ect Fund	1		
	H	Hotel/Motel Tax		- - -	lds	SPLOST III			To Noni Goverr	Total Nonmajor Governmental
Revenues:		DIIDL		Otal			10la	· 	L	Spir
Hotel/Motel tax	↔	22,792	↔	22,792	↔	•	↔	1	↔	22,792
Intergovernmental revenues		1		1		ı		ı		
Miscellaneous revenues		ī		•		ī				•
Total revenues		22,792		22,792		•		 •		22,792
Expenditures:										
Economic development		23,296		23,296		•		1		23,296
Capital outlay		•		1		1				ı
Total expenditures		23,296		23,296		1		 .		23,296
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(504)		(504)		1		.		(504)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		1		1		•		,		ı
Transfers out		1		1		•				•
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		'		1		•		•
Net change in fund balances		(504)		(504)		•		1		(504)
Fund balance- beginning		616		616		147,993	147,993	33		148,609
Fund balance- ending	₩	112	↔	112	\$	147,993	\$ 147,993	_ ლ	₩.	148,105

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

		Budgeted	l Amoun	ıts			Fina	ance with I Budget- ositive
	Orig	inal		Final	Actua	l Amounts	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Hotel/Motel taxes	\$	-	\$	24,000	\$	22,792	\$	(1,208)
Total revenues				24,000		22,792		(1,208)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Economic development		-		24,000		23,296		704
Total expenditures		-		24,000		23,296		704
Excess of expenditures over				*				
revenues		-		-		(504)		(504)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out						-		_
Total other financing sources						100		
and uses		-		-				
Net change in fund balance		-		•		(504)		(504)
Fund balances - beginning		-				616		616
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112	\$	112

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS May 31, 2011

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax #3

Project No.	Project Description	Original Estimated Costs	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion
1	Police Dept Vehicles	100,000	82,556	82,556	-	82,556	100.00%
2	Industrial Park Improvements	350,000	410,054	262,061	-	262,061	63.91%
	Totals	\$ 450,000	\$ 492,610	\$ 344,617	\$ -	\$ 344,617	

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax #4

Project No.	Project Description	Original Estimated Costs	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion
1	General government	125,000	125,000	1,094	7,323	8,417	6.73%
2	Police department	190,000	190,000	11,997	35,915	47,912	25.22%
3	Fire department	275,000	275,000	34,247	4,120	38,367,	13.95%
4	Sanitation department	285,000	285,000	5,855	11,165	17,020	5.97%
5	Street improvements	513,000	513,000	1,700	139,795	141,495	27.58%
7	Water & Sewer improvements	600,000	600,000	37,275	446,663	483,938	80.66%
6	Capital structures- fire station Totals	250,000 \$ 2,238,000	250,000 \$2,238,000	\$ 92,168	- \$ 644,981	- \$737,149	0.00%

GRANT SCHEDULES

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT GRANT NO. 09p-x-125-2-5123 SCHEDULE OF SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

Program funds allocated Less funds drawn down by recipient through May 31, 2010 Funds still available from HUD, June 1, 2010 Less funds drawn down by recipient through May 31, 2011 Funds still available from HUD, June 1, 2011	\$ 500,000 (14,000) 486,000 (100,651) 385,349
Total program funds held by recipient available for disposition June 1, 2010 Total program funds drawn down by recipient Less expenses paid with program funds	2,000 100,651 (102,651)
Total program funds held by recipient available for disposition May 31, 2011	<u>\$</u>

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT GRANT NO. 09p-x-125-2-5123 PROJECT COST SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

Activity	Approved Budget	Current Expenditures	Accumulated Expenditures To Date	Unexpended Budget
P-03J-01 Water system improvements	470,000	87,651	87,651	382,349
A-21A-00 Administration	30,000 \$ 500,000	15,000 \$ 102,651	27,000 \$ 114,651	3,000 \$ 385,349

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE MAY 31, 2011

	<u>May 31, 2011</u>
Governmental funds capital assets:	143,184
Construction in progress Buildings	513,948
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	221,112 1,954,911
Infrastructure Total governmental funds capital assets	1,931,521 \$ 4,764,676
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:	\$ 4,548,877
General fund Donations	215,799
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 4,764,676

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY MAY 31, 2011

		Construction In		Improvements Other Than	Machinery and		
	Land	Progress	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	Infrastructure	Total
Function and Activity							
General government: Finance and administration	\$ 51,933	۱ ده	\$ 464,284	\$ 11,942	\$ 264,052	,	\$ 792,211
Other - unclassified			35,695	123,588	17,504	23,660	242,598
Total general government	94,084	3	499,979	135,530	281,556	23,660	1,034,809
Dublic cofety							
Police	•	,	1	9,245	401,988	•	411,233
in i	1		6,044	10,542	535,441	1	552,027
Total public safety	1	1	6,044	19,787	937,429		963,260
Highways and streets:		1	7.925	1	380,752	•	388,677
Street system	2,500	•	1	•		1,907,861	1,910,361
Total highways and streets	2,500	7	7,925	9	380,752	1,907,861	2,299,038
Sanitation	009	•	1	3,095	350,174	1	353,869
Culture and recreation	46,000	1	•	62,700	5,000	•	113,700
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 143,184	69	\$ 513,948	\$ 221,112	\$ 1,954,911	\$ 1,931,521	\$ 4,764,676

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2011

	Govel Funda As June	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 1, 2010	PA	Additions	Dele	Deletions	Transfer between Departments	Go, Fui Ma	Governmental Funds capital Assets May 31, 2011
Function and Activity									
General government: Finance and administration	↔	787,711	↔	11,027	()	6,527	€	↔	792,211
Other - unclassified		242,598					•		242,598
Total general government		1,030,309		11,027		6,527			1,034,809
Public safety:									
Police		368,047		43,186		•	•		411,233
Fire		546,924		8,974		3,871	•		552,027
Total public safety		914,971		52,160		3,871	•		963,260
Highways and streets:									
Maintenance		336,477		52,200		•			388,677
Street system		1,772,965		137,396		•			1,910,361
Total highways and streets		2,109,442		189,596		1			2,299,038
Sanitation		402,641		20,238		69,010	1		353,869
Culture and recreation		108,700		5,000		•	ı		113,700
Total governmental funds capital assets	↔	4,566,063	₩	278,021	8	79,408	. ⇔	₩	4,764,676

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

	Total	3,099,013	3,407,932	3,267,931	3,415,130	3,573,984	3,673,709	3,491,319
Solid	Waste	1	•	•	1	1		•
ı	Gas	507,710	593,214	421,808	415,053	465,337	335,511	300,628
Water								
Interest on Long-term	Debt	190	1,950	5,030	3,887	4,764	3,936	3,116
Culture and								
Economic Develop-								
;	Sanitation	438,148	435,491	430,802	449,038	470,757	476,272	478,855
Highways and	Streets	323,953	359,311	325,425	360,527	372,948	358,725	370,045
Public	Safety	1,047,284	1,129,600	1,186,472	1,279,194	1,342,750	1,411,835	1,377,738
General								
Fiscal	Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

				Total	3,015,690	2,086,672	2,204,252	2,784,594	2,733,584	3,997,948	2,935,676
4				Miscellaneous	2,195	2,355	1,193	26,508	1,990	•	428
nues		Unrestricted	Investment	Income	58,885	46,869	63,293	67,892	49,646	•	29,643
General Revenues	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific Programs		1	1	1	1		•
				Taxes	1,326,890	1,460,515	1,568,462	1,721,671	1,755,721	2,267,396	1,795,492
		Capital Grants	and	Contributions	153,394	23,538	16,386	341,604	246,906	•	402,011
Program Revenues		Operating	Grant and	\mathbf{c}		•	1	ı	•		•
Progra		Charges	for	Services	1,476,326	553,395	554,918	626,919	679,321	1,730,552	708,102
			Fiscal	Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002

	ũ	Fiscal	_	Fiscal		Fiscal		Fiscal		Fiscal		Fiscal		Fiscal		Fiscal	Œ	Fiscal	_	Fiscal
	Yea.	Year Ended 5/31/2011	Υe.	Year Ended 5/31/2010		Year Ended 5/31/2009		Year Ended 5/31/2008	•	Year Ended 5/31/2007	_	Year Ended 5/31/2008		Year Ended 5/31/2005	≻ ″	Year Ended 5/31/2004	Year	Year Ended 5/31/2003	Yes	Year Ended 5/31/2002
General Fund																				
Revenues:																				
Property taxes	G	850,818	G	825,870	69	784,211	G	795,695	69	733,764	ω	656,228	69	598,134	(s)	596,906	မာ	501,905	G	491,026
Sales tax		482,361		476,520		473,957		493,297		493,934		450,044		409,733		409,253		287,321		287,401
Other taxes		424,306		405,155		409,956		404,935		382,653		356,146		334,494		316,096		481,285		453,082
Licenses and permits		13,065		55,364		21,026		19,079		15,373		14,753		12,249		12,653		11,386		9,094
Charges for services		458,492		460,967		457,025		417,998		367,004		358,684		364,229		346,212		326,943		366,346
Fines and forfeitures		144,941		147,220		96,258		90,158		75,341		87,693		106,468		95,484		81,711		79,651
Interest		31,811		33,781		46,079		67,892		63,293		46,869		34,626		33,265		49,190		73,459
Miscellaneous and																				
intergovernmental		147,269		212,484		429,173		453,518		161,284		112,590		108,158		131,917		402,156		334,835
Total revenues	\$	2,553,063	<u>م</u>	2,617,361	•	2,717,685	4	2,742,572	s	2,292,646	\$	2,083,007	\$	1,968,091	s	1,941,786	s	2,141,897	5	2,094,894
Expenditures:																				
S General government	છ	427,933	69	378,936	မာ	436,587	69	328,876	69	296,127	69	288,943	69	263,600	69	331,015	G	347,269	69	202,832
Recreation department		634		125		306		127		358		1,076		2,843		450		364		1,484
Police department		849,018		877,205		842,886		821,009		739,498		727,300		667,942		629,174		578,489		506,829
Probation department		34,377		33,938		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		
Fire department		466,047		480,563		477,945		450,757		414,458		376,552		348,008		312,009		304,816		309,777
Street department		346,347		277,826		617,657		777,286		253,364		308,984		302,404		320,715		682,954		208,005
Sanitation department		462,341		438,907		448,057		428,516		429,117		528,250		432,296		425,221		369,745		379,277
Housing and development		•		•		•		•		•		27,643		24,311		20,558		•		23,253
Park Pavillion		5,000		•		•				•		•		•		•		•		ı
Total expenditures	\$	2,591,697	s	2,487,500	~	2,823,438	so	2,806,571	s	2,132,922	~	2,258,748	\$	2,041,404	\$	2,039,142	s	2,283,637	s	1,631,457

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

May 31, 2011 "UNAUDITED"

Description	Data
Date of incorporation	1897
Date first charter adopted	1897
Date present charter adopted	1997
Form of government:	
Type: Mayor	
Council - six (6) members	
City Manager	
Term of office:	
Mayor - four (4) year term	
Council members - four (4) year term	
Area:	4 sq miles
Community facilities	
Sewer system:	
Miles of sanitary sewers	44
Number of lift stations	6
Daily average treatment (gal)	400,000
Maximum treatment plant capacity (gal)	400,000
Number of disposal plants	- 1
Number of service connections	1,120
Water system:	
Miles of water mains	. 50
Daily average consumption (gal)	700,000
Plant capacity (gal)	2,000,000
Number of service connections	1,200
Deep wells	2
Number of fire hydrants	198
Gas system:	
Miles of gas lines	24
Daily average consumptions (MCF)	250
Plant capacity (MCF)	500
Number of service connections	305
Number of street lights	480
Miles of streets:	
Streets - paved	49

CITY OF DONALSONVILLE, GEORGIA CURRENT RATE SCHEDULE

May 31, 2011 "UNAUDITED"

Utility rates:

Water: Residential

Residential Equivalency Unit Fee of \$7.00

Commercial Equivalency Unit Fee of \$10.00 and up depending on consumption.

\$1.70 per thousand gallons used between 0 and 5,000 gallons. \$1.80 per thousand gallons used between 5,001 and 10,000 gallons. \$1.90 per thousand gallons used between 10,001 and 15,000 gallons. \$2.00 per thousand gallons used between 15,001 and 20,000 gallons.

\$2.10 per thousand gallons used for 20,001 gallons and over.

Sewer:

Residential Equivalency Unit Fee of \$9.00

Commercial Equivalency Unit Fee of \$10.00 and up depending on consumption.

\$1.80 per thousand gallons used between 0 and 5,000 gallons. \$1.90 per thousand gallons used between 5,001 and 10,000 gallons. \$2.00 per thousand gallons used between 10,001 and 15,000 gallons. \$2.10 per thousand gallons used between 15,001 and 20,000 gallons.

\$2.20 per thousand gallons used for 20,001 gallons and over

Sanitation:

\$17.75 flat rate - residential

\$24.00 - \$1,628.00 - commercial (based on \$3.85 cu/yd per pickup)

Gas:

\$2.37 minimum

\$1.30 to \$2.00 per 100 cubic feet average

Gas price based on spot market price and distributed costs Gas price varies month-to-month based on market cost

COMPLIANCE SECTION



William R. Burke, CPA, MAcc Rebecca B. Worsham, CPA Margaret B. Harrell, CPA, CFE Jujuan B. Bowen, CPA Celeste B. Burke, CPA John S. Buckhaulter, CPA Dalisha C. Childree, CPA

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Donalsonville, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia, as of and for the year ended May 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We believe Item: 2011-1 to be a material weakness A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider Item: 2011-1 described below to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

Item: <u>2011-1</u>

Finding: Inadequate separation of duties in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Cause: The City does not have enough staff to segregate the various functions.

Effect: This could result in misappropriation of assets.

Planned Corrective Action: The mayor and council take an active role in reviewing the monthly financials and other monthly checks and balances.

Response by Responsible Officials: The mayor and council are aware of this issue, but it is not economically feasible to correct.

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Bainbridge Office

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Item: 2011-2

Finding: Expenditures exceeded the budget in four areas.

Cause: Budget was not amended during the year.

Effect: Expenditures for the year exceeded the budget.

Planned Corrective Action: The mayor and council will review the budget closer and amend if necessary.

Response by Responsible Officials: The mayor and council are aware of this issue, and will amend the budget before yearend to prevent these overages.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Donalsonville, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Donalsonville, Georgia, in a separate letter dated October 13, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, the State Audit Department, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Burke, Ubisham + Hacull, LLC

Burke, Worsham & Harrell, LLC

October 13, 2011