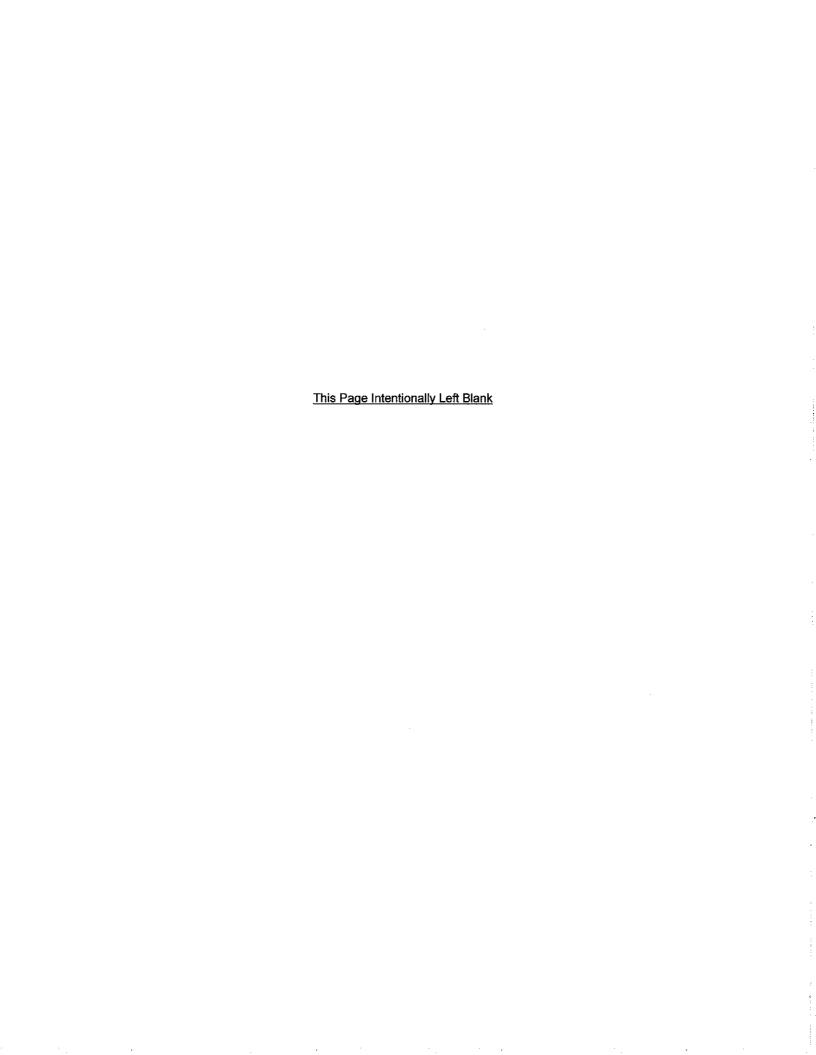


City of Emerson, Georgia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

By Authority of
The Mayor and City Council



CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2015

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FINANCIAL SECTION





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LLOYD WILLIAMSON CHRISTIAN HATCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council
Of the City of Emerson, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Emerson, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Emerson, Georgia as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2015 the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on page 36 and the Schedule of Contributions – Pension Plan on page 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Emerson's basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary comparisons on pages 40-44 and the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures on pages 49-51 as required by the Georgia code section OCGA §48-8-121, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary comparisons are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain limited procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund budgetary comparisons are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The Schedules of Special

Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain limited procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Emerson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Emerson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Williamson and Company Certified Public Accountants

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Cartersville, Georgia October 22, 2015 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Primary Government					
		vernmental Activities	Bı	ısiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS	_				_	
Cash	\$	526,187	\$	666,736	\$	1,192,923
Receivables - Net		98,168		72,865		171,033
Internal Balances Restricted Assets:		161,823		(161,823)		-
Restricted Assets. Restricted Cash		490,168				490,168
Capital Assets		490,100		-		490, 100
Other Capital Assets-Net		792,003		11,996,976		12,788,979
•		· ·				
Land and Construction in Progress		420,360		240,193	_	660,553
Total Assets		2,488,709		12,814,947	_	15,303,656
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Contributions		23,812		5,013		28,825
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		23,812		5,013		28,825
		20,012	_	0,010		20,020
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,512,521	<u>\$</u>	12,819,960	\$	15,332,481
LIADBETTO						
LIABILITIES Accounts Powerlis	\$	109,871	\$	36 601	\$	146 470
Accounts Payable Customer Deposits	Φ	109,071	Φ	36,601 58,197	Φ	146,472 58,197
Unreleased Confiscated Funds/Deposits		8,534		56, 197		8,534
Interest Payable		0,00-		1,154		1,154
Current Portion of Long Term Debt		34,350		14,034		48,384
Noncurrent Liabilities:		0 1,000		, ,,,,,,		10,00
Due in More than One Year		88,265		38,712		126,977
Total Liabilities		241,020		148,698		389,718
rotal Elabilities	_		_			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Contributions		57,747		12,157	_	69,904
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		57,747		12,157		69,904
Total Liabilities and Deferrerd Inflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	298,767	\$	160,855	\$	459,622
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,138,347	\$	12,193,642	\$	13,331,989
Restricted for:	Ψ	1,100,077	Ψ	.2, 100,072	Ψ	.0,001,009
Construction		510,199		-		510,199
Law Enforcement Activities		5,865		_		5,865
Unrestricted		559,343		465,463		1,024,806
Total Net Position	\$	2,213,754	\$	12,659,105	\$	14,872,859
•		-,	<u>-</u>	=,===1:==	<u> </u>	.,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:		жропосо		00111000					
Governmental Activities:									
Council, Commissions and Boards	\$	6,368	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	
General Government		534,203		208,682		1,100		328,349	
Municipal Court		126,707		-		-		_	
Contracted Services		43,302		-		-		-	
Public Safety		533,653		275,607		-		-	
Public Works		196,676		-		-		-	
Water and Sewer Improvements		9,793		-		-		-	
Interest on Long-term Debt		727						-	
Total Governmental Activities		1,450,702		484,289		1,100		328,349	
Business-type Activities:									
Water/Sewer		976,373		884,542		_		-	
Solid Waste		122,072		94,266		_		_	
Total Business-type Activities		1,098,445		978,808		_			
Total Primary Government	\$	2,549,147	\$	1,463,097	\$	1,100	\$	328,349	

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA **Statement of Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government				
		ernmental	Business- type		
Functions/Programs	A	ctivities	Activities		Totals
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
Council, Commissions and Boards	\$	(6,368)	\$ -	\$	(6,368)
General Government	Ψ	3,928	Ψ -	Ψ	3,928
Municipal Court		(126,707)	_		(126,707)
Contracted Services		(43,302)	-		(43,302)
Public Safety		(258,046)	-		(258,046)
Public Works		(196,676)	-		(196,676)
Public Works		(9,793)	-		(9,793)
Interest on Long-term Debt		(727)		_	(727)
Total Governmental Activities		(637,691)		_	(631,323)
Business-type Activities:					
Water/Sewer			(91,831))	(91,831)
Solid Waste			(27,806) _	(27,806)
Total Business-type Activities			(119,637) _	(119,637)
Total Primary Government					(750,960)
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Sales		394,599	-		394,599
Property		99,964	-		99,964
Mobile Home		660	-		660
Vehicle		53,247	-		53,247
Insurance Premium		79,931	_		79,931
Malt & Mixed Beverage		25,553	-		25,553
Franchise		130,965	-		130,965
Other		25,111	-		25,111
Investment Earnings		156	-		156
Miscellaneous		94,141	-		94,141
Transfers		(145,615)	145,615		
Total General Revenues and Transfers		758,712	145,615	_	904,327
Change in Net Position		121,021	25,978	_	146,999
Net Position - Beginning		<u>1,956,175</u>	12,828,394	_	14,784,569
Prior Period Restatement		136,558	(195,267)	_	(58,709)
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,213,754	\$ 12,659,105	<u>\$</u>	14,872,859

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CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General	Capital Projects 2003 SPLOST Fund	Capital Projects 2008 SPLOST Fund	Capital Projects 2014 SPLOST Fund	Hotel Motel Tax Special Revenue	Confiscated Assets Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	e 500 407	•	•	•	m.	œ.	f 506 407
Cash	\$ 526,187	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 526,187
Receivables, Net	40.004						10,934
Accounts	10,934	_	-	-	-	-	35,061
Taxes	35,061	-	-	52,173	-	-	52,173
Intergovernmental Due from Other Funds	161 000	-	-	32,173	-	-	161,823
Cash - Restricted	161,823	163 300	110.000	200 650	-	8,159	
		152,399	119,960	209,650			490,168
Total Assets	\$ 734,005	\$ 152,399	\$ 119,960	<u>\$261,823</u>	\$ -	\$ 8,159	\$ 1,276,346
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, A Liabilities:	ND FUND BA	LANCES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 35,729	\$ 34	\$ 6,908	\$ 56,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,152
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	10,719	-	· +	· -	-	-	10,719
Unreleased Confiscated Funds/Deposits	6,240	-	-	_	_	2,294	8,534
Total Liabilities	52,688	34	6,908	56,481		2,294	118,405
		J 4	0,500	30,401	-	2,204	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	589						589
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of							
Resources	53,277	34	6,908	56,481		2,294	118,994
Fund Balance: Restricted for: Law Enforcement Activities	_			_	_	5,865	5,865
Construction	_	152,365	113,052	205,342	_	-	470,759
Unassigned	680,728	102,000	(10,002	200,042	_	_	680,728
Total Fund Balances	680,728	152,365	113,052	205,342		5,865	1,157,352
Balances Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the	\$ 734,005	\$ 152,399	<u>\$ 119,960</u>	\$261,823	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 8,159	\$ 1,276,346
Balances Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds				\$261,823	\$ -	<u>\$ 8,159</u>	
Balances Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of the Statement of Statem			because:	\$261,823	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 8,159</u>	
Balances Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore				\$261,823	-	\$ 8,159	
are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental Capital Assets			because:	\$261,823	-	\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of the position A portion of pension plan contributions are for future use			because:	\$261,823	-	\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Unearned revenues are recognized in the governmental funds for property tax collections but are not recognized in the statement of net position A portion of pension plan contributions are for future use and are considered deferred outflows of resources.			because:	\$261,823	\$ -	\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363 589
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of the statement			because:	\$261,823		\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363 589 23,812
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of the statemental assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Dinearned revenues are recognized in the governmental funds for property tax collections but are not recognized in the statement of net position A portion of pension plan contributions are for future use and are considered deferred outflows of resources. Differences between expected and actual returns on the statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current perod and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			because:	\$261,823		\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363 589 23,812
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statemed. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Unearned revenues are recognized in the governmental funds for property tax collections but are not recognized in the statement of net position A portion of pension plan contributions are for future use and are considered deferred outflows of resources. Differences between expected and actual returns on pension plan investments are not recognized at the fund evel, yet presented as a deferred inflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital Lease			1,710,427 (498,064)	\$261,823		\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363 589 23,812
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of of Net Position Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of the Statement of governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Unearned revenues are recognized in the governmental funds for property tax collections but are not recognized in the statement of net position A portion of pension plan contributions are for future use and are considered deferred outflows of resources. Differences between expected and actual returns on pension plan investments are not recognized at the fund evel, yet presented as a deferred inflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current perod and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			because: 1,710,427 (498,064)	\$261,823		\$ 8,159	\$ 1,157,352 1,212,363

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUE	General	Capital Projects 2003 SPLOST Fund	Capital Projects 2008 SPLOST Fund	Capital Projects 2014 SPLOST Fund	Hotel Motel Tax Special Revenue	Confiscated Assets Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	e 940 500	\$ -	de .	•	•	•	A 040 500
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 810,568	.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 810,568
	172,323	-	-	200 240	-	-	172,323
Intergovernmental	20.050	-	-	328,349	-	-	328,349
Charges for Services	36,359	-	-	-	_		36,359
Fines and Forfeitures	270,584	-	-	-		5,023	275,607
Miscellaneous Income	94,141 156	-	-	-	-	-	94,141
Interest Income Total Revenues	1,384,131			328,349		5,023	156 1,717,503
EXPENDITURES							
Current Operating:							
Council Commission & Boards	9,839	_	_	-	_	-	9,839
General Government	467,096		-	54,407	_	-	521,503
Municipal Court	127,188	_	-	,	_		127,188
Contracted Services	43,302	_	_	_	_	_	43,302
Public Safety	577,868	_	_	_	_	497	578,365
Public Works	137,372	_	17,000	32,286	_		186,658
Water and Sewer Improvements	,	_	2,202	7,591	_	_	9,793
Capital Outlay:			-,	1,001			0,700
General Government	_	_	10,697	5,000	_	-	15,697
Public Works	_	_	2,976	26,717	_	_	29,693
Water Fund	-	24,150	_,0.0	121,466	-	_	145,616
Debt Service		21,100		121,100			, 10,010
Principal	7,387	-	_	_	_	_	7,387
Interest	727	_	-	_	-	-	727
Total Expenditures	1,370,779	24,150	32,875	247,467		497	1,675,768
·	1,070,170	24,100				401	1,070,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,352	(24,150)	(32,875)	80,882		4,526	41,735
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from Surplus Sales	624	-	-	-	-	-	624
Proceeds from Capital Leases	58,529						58,529
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	59,153		-				59,153
Net Change in Fund Balances	72,505	(24,150)	(32,875)	80,882	-	4,526	100,888
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	569,364	176,515	145,927	124,460	-	1,339	1,017,605
Prior Period Adjustment	38,859						38,859
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 680,728	\$ 152,365	\$ 113,052	\$205,342	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,865	\$ 1,157,352

(Continued)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Continued)			
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	100,888
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation			
Expenditures for Capital Assets	249,534		
Less Current Year Depreciation	(45,138)		204,396
Transfers of capital assets between governmental and			
business-type activities are not reported in the governmental			(145,615)
fund statements			(140,010)
Deferred revenues are recognized in the			
governmental funds for property tax collections			
but are not recognized in the statement of net position			(62)
Governmental funds report monthly pension plan premiums as			
current period expenditures while governmental activities record			
a portion of those payments as deferred outflow of resources.			3,773
Changes in the value of the pension plan are not reflected in			
the governmental funds, however they are accounted for in the			
governmental activities.			(57,747)
Governmental funds report proceeds from capital leases			
as revenue while governmental activites report a liability			(58,529)
Governmental funds report payments on debt principal as			
expenditures while those expenditures are treated as a			
reduction of the liability in the statement of net position			7,387
Governmental funds do not report changes in long-term liabilities while governmental activities report a liability and the changes to such liability.			
Compensated Absences	61		
Net Pension Liability	66,468		66,529
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	121,020
-		_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	(Original		Final		Actual		iance with al Budget	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	784,500	\$	810,770	\$	810,568	\$	(202)	
Licenses and Permits		102,450		158,700		172,323		13,623	
Fines and Forfeitures		301,500		284,000		270,584		(13,416)	
Charges for Services		55,450		75,532		36,359		(39,173)	
Miscellaneous Income		110,500		90,700		94,141		3,441	
Interest Income		200		140		156		16	
Total Revenues		1,354,600		1,419,842		1,384,131		(35,711)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Council Commission & Boards		-		11,876		9,839		2,037	
General Government		459,645		500,190		467,096		33,094	
Municipal Court		132,185		133,735		127,188		6,547	
Contracted Services		51,500		55,000		43,302		11,698	
Public Safety		541,791		601,671		577,868		23,803	
Public Works		161,3 6 5		168,585		137,372		31,213	
Debt Service									
Principal		7,387		7,387		7,387		-	
Interest		727		727		727		<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures		1,354,600		1,479,171	_	1,370,779		106,355	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			÷						
(Under) Expenditures				(59,329)		13,352		70,644	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Sale of Surplus Assets and Supplies		-		800		624		(176)	
Proceeds from Capital Lease		_		58,529		58,529		<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				59,329		59,153		(176)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		72,505		70,468	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		569,364		569,364		569,364		-	
Prior Period Adjustment		38,859		38,859		38,859			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	608,223	\$	608,223	<u>\$</u>	680,728	\$	70,468	

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

	Water &		
	Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$ 639,639	\$ 27,097	\$ 666,736
Accounts Receivable, Net	63,804	9,061	72,865
Total Current Assets	703,443	<u>36,158</u>	739,601
Noncurrent Assets:			
Equipment	395,378	223,555	618,933
Buildings and Structures	18,768	-	18,768
Distribution and Collection Systems	13,901,254	- (450.000)	13,901,254
Less Accumulated Depreciation Land and Easements	(2,383,697)	(158,282)	(2,541,979)
Construction in Progress	2,700 237,493	-	2,700 237,493
<u> </u>		05.070	
Total Non-Current Assets	12,171,896	65,273	12,237,169
Total Assets	12,875,339	101,431	12,976,770
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension Contributions	4,010	1,003	5,013
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,010	1,003	5,013
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 12,879,349	<u>\$ 102,434</u>	\$ 12,981,783
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 33,790	\$ 2,811	\$ 36,601
Due to Other Funds	9,862	151,961	161,823
Customer Deposits	58,197	-	58,197
Interest Payable	1,154	-	1,154
Note Payable	14,034		14,034
Total Current Liabilities	117,037	<u>154,772</u>	271,809
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated Abscences	2,025	-	2,025
Note Payable	29,493		29,493
Net Pension Liability	5,396	1,798	7,194
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>36,914</u>	1,798	38,712
Total Liabilities	153,951	156,570	310,521
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension Plan	9,118	3,039	12,157
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,118	3,039	12,157
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	163,069	159,609	322,678
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12,128,369	65,273	12,193,642
Unrestricted	587,911	(122,448)	465,463
Total Net Position	\$ 12,716,280	\$ (57,175)	\$ 12,659,105
	,,;=	- (-,,,,,,)	+

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Water &		
	Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 638,096	\$ 93,989	\$ 732,085
Fees	233,923	277	234,200
Other Revenues	12,523		12,523
Total Operating Revenues	884,542	94,266	978,808
Operating Expenses			
Salaries, Wages, and Employee Benefits	137,881	35,252	173,133
Landfill Fees	-	17,104	17,104
Purchased Water	91,080	,	91,080
Materials and Supplies	62,680	2,978	65,658
System Maintenance	52,888	-	52,888
Purchased Services	73,343	1,666	75,009
Insurance Expense	29,504	7,100	36,604
Administrative Charge	50,000	5,000	55,000
General and Administrative	62,517	5,198	67,715
Other Repairs and Maintenance	17,074	25,418	42,492
Utilities	83,870	-	83,870
Depreciation Expense	313,983	22,356	336,339
Total Operating Expenses	974,820	122,072	1,096,892
Operating Income (Loss)	(90,278)	(27,806)	(118,084)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Expense	(1,553)	<u>-</u>	(1,553)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,553)	-	(1,553)
Income Before Contributions	(91,831)	(27,806)	(119,637)
Capital Contributions	145,615	-	145,615
Total Contributions	145,615		145,615
Change in Net Position	53,784	(27,806)	25,978
Net Position - Beginning	12,853,522	(25,128)	12,828,394
Prior Period Adjustment	(191,026)	(4,241)	(195,267)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 12,716,280	\$ (57,175)	\$ 12,659,105

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water & Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Cash Flows From Operations			
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 920,500	\$ 94,597	\$ 1,015,097
Payments to Suppliers	(515,460)	(61,436)	(576,896)
Payments to/for Employees	(139,035)	(35,659)	(174,694)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	266,005	(2,498)	263,507
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities			
Payments from (to) Other Funds		<u>8,184</u>	8,184
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal Paid	(13,578)	-	(13,578)
Interest Paid	(1,913)	_	(1,913)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(15,491)		(15,491)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest Received			
Net Increase in Cash	250,514	5,686	256,200
Cash - July 1 , 2014	389,125	21,411	410,536
Cash - June 30, 2015	\$ 639,639	\$ 27,097	\$ 666,736
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (90,278)	\$ (27,806)	\$ (118,084)
Adjustments to Reconcile to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities	040.000	00.050	226 220
Depreciation	313,983 33,714	22,356 331	336,339 34,045
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Inventory	33,714	2,635	2,635
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources	(846)	52	(794)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable & Accrued Payables	7,496	393	7,889
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	2,244	-	2,244
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Abscences	1,069	-	1,069
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,118	3,039	12,157
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(10,495)	(3,498)	(13,993)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 266,005	\$ (2,498)	\$ 263,507
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities			
Capital Contributions - Capital Projects Funds	\$ 145,61 <u>5</u>	\$	<u>\$ 145,615</u>
Net Cash from Noncash Activities	\$ 145,615	\$ -	<u>\$ 145,615</u>

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Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Emerson, Georgia was incorporated in 1889. The City operates under a Strong Mayor – City Council form of Government. The City provides the following services: Public Works (Streets), Public Utilities (Water and Solid Waste), Public Safety (Police), and Administrative Services. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the primary government and its component units. The City has no component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements, each of which present different views of the City. The government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Fiduciary funds (if any) are not included in the government-wide statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, permits and fines, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, governmental and business-type activities are presented on a consolidated basis and reflect full accrual, economic resources basis, which includes long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements emphasize major funds in either the governmental or business-type category. Non-major governmental funds (if any) are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to the governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City applies all relevant FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued on or prior to December 1, 1989 to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City does not apply FASB pronouncement and APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives the cash. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept, nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement 33.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and unrestricted as needed.

D. Fund Types

Governmental Funds

The General Fund, Confiscated Drug Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, the 2003 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, the 2008 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, and the 2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund are the major governmental funds that the City reports. The City has elected to present the Confiscated Drug and the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund as special revenue funds. The General Fund is the primary fund of the City and accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be reported in the other funds. The 2003 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, the 2008 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, and the 2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund account for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets other than those accounted for by proprietary funds. The Confiscated Assets Fund accounts for cash received from confiscation or sale of capital assets acquired through confiscation. The Hotel/Motel Tax special revenue fund accounts for hotel/motel tax receipts and tourism/economic development expenditures as required by statute. There were no hotel/motel tax receipts or expenditures in the current year.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is intended to be self-supporting. The City operates a Water/Sewer Fund and a Solid Waste fund, both of which are presented as major proprietary funds. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water/sewer and Solid Waste enterprise funds are charges to

customers for sales and services. The Water/Sewer fund recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. As a general rule, interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this are charges between the City's proprietary funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity

- Cash and Investments. Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits that must be by law insured or collateralized, and investments, if any, are limited by law and bond ordinances, to federal and state securities.
- 2. Receivables. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the enterprise funds are recognized at the end of the year on a pro rata basis. The estimated amount is based on billings during the month following the close of the fiscal year.
- 3. Due to and Due from Other Funds/Internal Balances. During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided, services rendered or interfund loans. Interfund transactions are recorded in all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances which represent receivables and payables between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statements are reported as internal balances.
- 4. Capital Assets. Capital assets that cost more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of more than one year are capitalized and depreciated. Capital assets, including property, plant, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure (streets, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, drainage and lighting systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statements. All capital assets are carried at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date of acquisition. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to June 15, 2003 are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to June 15, 2003.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows Of Resources. In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies as a deferred outflow of resources for fiscal 2015 and arises under the full accrual basis of accounting in the Statement of Net Position for the governmental activities and the business-type activities. The sources of the deferred outflows are pension contributions made during the fiscal year that are to be used for future period benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as a deferred inflow of resources for fiscal 2015. It is property tax revenue that is considered unavailable at year end. There are three components of the deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position at the entity wide level and the Statement of Net Position at the proprietary fund level. Those components are all pension plan related and are as follows: differences between expected and actual experience of the plan, changes in plan assumptions, and the net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

- 6. Compensated Absences. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and a liability when incurred in the proprietary fund financial statements and as a liability in the governmental funds only in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds only report the portion expected to be liquidated in the current year. The accrued liability is reported in the respective fund that will pay. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.
- 7. Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) and additions to/deductions from the GMEBS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to GMEBS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- 8. Long-term Debt, Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs. Outstanding debt and other obligations are reported as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Bond discounts/premiums for proprietary funds and governmental and business-type activities are capitalized and amortized over the term of the respective bonds using the straight-line method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction in the face amount of bonds payable. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums, discounts and bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

9. Fund Equity/Net Position. The governmental fund financial statements report restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. The unassigned portion represents an amount available for future operations. Unrestricted net position for proprietary funds represents the net position available for future operation. Restricted net position represents assets that have been legally identified for specific purposes.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Georgia Law requires an annual balanced budget for the general and special revenue funds and a project length budget for each capital project fund. All departments of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Council so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function (department), and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

No later than 45 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget is presented to the Mayor and Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the manager or the revenues estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Council, except for emergencies as defined by the charter and unanimously voted by Council. Last year's budget subject to amendment becomes the current year's budget if Council fails to act. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the functional level.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances at the end of the year were for immaterial amounts and therefore are not reported as reservations of fund balances.

The capital projects funds have a project length budget that was adopted when voters approved the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendums. The budgets of these funds are prepared for the projected total Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax tax revenues and capital outlays.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Cash as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

 Statement of Net Position:
 \$ 1,192,923

 Unrestricted Cash
 \$ 490,168

 Total
 \$ 1,683,091

The City has no investments other than cash. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

			2014 PLOST				
		<u>General</u>	apital ojects		ater and Sewer	Solid <u>Waste</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:							
Accounts	\$	10,934	\$ 	\$	72,295	\$ 10,236	\$ 93,465
Taxes		35,061					35,061
Intergovernmental			52,173				52,173
Allowances for							
Uncollectibles	_		 	_	(8,491)	 (1,175)	 (9,666)
Net	\$	45,99 <u>5</u>	\$ <u>52,173</u>	\$	63,804	\$ 9,061	\$ 171,033

Taxes receivable include \$33,853 of Local Option Sales Tax and \$1,208 of property taxes. The intergovernmental receivable of \$52,173 consists of accrued SPLOST collections for the 2014 SPLOST.

Note 5. Property Tax

Bartow County bills and collects the City's real and personal property taxes. The Bartow County Tax Assessors Office assesses property values as of January 1 each year. The City's millage rate of 2.0 was approved by the City Council on August 12, 2014. The levy date was September 15, 2014 and taxes were due by December 1, 2014. After December 1, interest and penalties begin to accrue on unpaid balances and property is subject to lien.

All property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period, and collected no later than 60 days after the close of the fiscal year end.

Note 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Due to/from Other Funds:

Entity-wide internal balances at June 30, 2015 were \$161,823.

Due To	<u>Due From</u>	4	<u>Amount</u>
General	Water	\$	9,862
General	Solid Waste		151,961

Interfund balances consist of routine transfers for payroll and related benefits and to subsidize operations.

Transfers and payments:

Routine transfers and payments between funds are to subsidize operations and capital asset acquisition. The City had no fund level interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Transfers of capital assets between business-type funds and governmental funds are presented as transfers on the Statement of Activities.

Source Fund	Transfer to Fund	Amount	<u>t </u>
2003 Capital Projects	Water/Sewer	\$ 24,15	50
2014 Capital Projects	Water/Sewer	121,46	<u>35</u>
	Total	\$ 145,6°	<u>15</u>

Transfers to the Water/Sewer Fund are for capitalized water and sewer system improvements procured from the 2003 and 2014 SPLOST capital projects funds.

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the primary government capital asset activity during the fiscal year:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Land Construction In Progress	\$ 119,462 287,225	\$ - 159,288	\$ - (145,615)	\$ 119,462 300,898
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	406,687	159,288	(145,615)	420,360
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Equipment	323,302	90,247		413,549
Buildings	530,602	-	-	530,602
Infrastructure	345,916	_	<u>-</u>	345,916
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,199,820	90,247		1,290,067
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Equipment	(223,267)	(22,585)	-	(245,852)
Buildings	(154,676)	(14,293)	-	(168,969)
Infrastructure	(74,983)	(8,260)		(83,243)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(452,926)	(45,138)		(498,064)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	746,894	45,109		792,003
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,153,581</u>	\$ 204,397	<u>\$ (145,615)</u>	<u>\$ 1,212,363</u>

Additions to equipment were \$90,247 including a police car of \$58,529 and public works equipment of \$31,718.

Total governmental activities depreciation expense charged to functions/programs of the government are as follows:

Administration	\$ 15,110
Public Safety	19,645
Public Works	10,383
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 45 <u>,138</u>

Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 2,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,700
Construction In Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	91,818 94,518		145,615 145,615	237,433 240,133
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Equipment	618,933	_	-	618,933
Buildings	18,768	_	-	18,768
Utility System	13,901,253		<u>-</u>	13,901,253
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	14,538,954		_	14,538,954
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Equipment	(312,394)	(56,522)	-	(368,916)
Buildings	(11,637)	(629)	-	(12,266)
Utility System	(1,881,609)	(279,188)		(2,160,797)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,205,640)	(336,339)		(2,541,979)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	12,333,314	(336,339)		11,996,975
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,427,832	\$ (336,339)	<u>\$ 145,615</u>	\$ 12,237,108

Business-type activities construction in progress at year-end consists of \$24,150 of test well expenditures contributed to the fund from the 2003 Capital Project Fund. The 2014 Capital Project Fund contributed \$121,465 for construction in progress of utility system improvements to the Water/Sewer fund in the current year.

The primary government uses the following estimated useful lives to compute depreciation (straight-line method):

Equipment	3-10 years
Buildings	20-50 years
Utility System	20-75 years
Infrastructure	50 years

Note 8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position and the Entity-wide Statement of Net Position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year that were to be used in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position and the Entity-wide Statement of Net Position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents certain changes in the calculation of the pension plan's value that are not recognized as City income during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents unearned revenue in the form of property taxes not available in the current fiscal year. These amounts are recognized in the period they become available.

Note 9. Lease Obligations

The City has entered into a capital lease agreement with Branch Banking and Trust as lessee for financing the acquisition of a 2013 Dodge Charger. The interest rate on this lease is 3.18%. If the lease is paid in full, the title to the property is transferred to the City. The City's equipment under lease has a cost of \$22,874 with accumulated depreciation of \$4,947.

The City has entered into a capital lease agreement with Branch Banking and Trust as lessee for financing the acquisition of a police equipped 2014 Dodge Charger. The interest rate on this lease is 3.39%. If the lease is paid in full, the title to the property is transferred to the City. The City's equipment under lease has a cost of \$58,529 with accumulated depreciation of \$0.

The following is a schedule of the combined future minimum lease payments of both leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2015:

Year Ending June 30	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund
2016	\$	28,962
2017		28,962
2018		20,847
Less Accumulated Interest Paid	_	(4,755)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	74,016

The City has no significant operating lease obligations.

Note 10. Outstanding Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of the City's debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balances June 30, 2015	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities Capital Lease Payable	\$ 22.874	\$ 58,529	\$ (7,387)	\$ 74,016	\$ 26,485
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	14,489 100,640	22,792 96,449	(22,853) (162,918)	14,428 34,171	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 138,003	\$177,770	<u>\$ (193,158</u>)	<u>\$ 122,615</u>	\$ 26,485
Business-type Activities					
Note Payable	\$ 57,105	\$ -	\$ (13,578)	\$ 43,527	\$ 14,034
Compensated Absences	956	1,982	(912)	2,026	-
Net Pension Liability	21,186	20,304	(34,297)	7,193	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 79,247	\$ 22,286	\$ (48,787)	\$ 52,746	\$ 14,034

In prior years, the General Fund has been used to liquidate compensated absences and pension liabilities of the governmental funds.

The note payable is recorded in the Water/Sewer Fund and was for the purchase of a backhoe. The note bears interest at 3.35% with principal and interest due annually on September 10 of each year for five years beginning on September 10, 2013.

The debt service requirements of the note payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	14,034	1,458	15,492
2017	14,504	988	15,492
2018	14,989	<u>503</u>	<u>15,492</u>
Total	\$43,527	<u>\$2.949</u>	<u>\$46,476</u>

Note 11. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description.</u> The City has a non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all full time employees. The plan, the City of Emerson Retirement Plan, is administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a statewide, agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. GMEBS policy direction and oversight for the fund is provided by a 15 member board comprised of elected and appointed officials from the fund's membership. GMEBS handles all administrative and investment functions relative to the plan. The City established its plan effective July 1, 1990, and the authority to establish, amend or discontinue the plan remains with the City. The plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for all employees that have been employed full time for one year. Members may retire at 65 years of age with 5 years of service or at age 55 with 10 years of service. Benefits are calculated at 1.25% to 2.0% of the average monthly earnings for the period of the five highest years prior to retirement.

The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by contacting the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, C/O Georgia Municipal Association – Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

As of January 1, 2014, employee membership data related to the current plan membership was as follows:

Pensioners as of valuation date (including 0 beneficiaries)	10
Participants inactive during the year ended December 31, 2013 with vested rights	8
Participants active during the year ended December 31, 2013 (including 4 elected officials) Vested Nonvested	13
Total	<u>38</u>

<u>Funding Policy and Annual Contributions.</u> The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution in each year. These contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of the assets. The period and related method of amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from July 1, 1991, and the current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year. On the basis of current valuation, dated January 1, 2014, it was determined that the current contribution rate is 6.10% of annual covered payroll.

The Plan is subject to the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). According to the latest actuarial valuation, dated January 1, 2014, the estimated minimum annual contribution under these funding standards is \$32,087.

The contribution to the plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$33,099 (\$0 employee and \$33,099 employer; 0% and 5.74% of covered payroll respectively) and was made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014. The City's current year covered payroll amounted to \$521,265 based upon the actuarial valuation of January 1, 2014.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of September 30, 2014, along with the Total Pension Liability (TPL) and Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) used to calculate the NPL. These actuarial assumptions are based on the results of an actuarial measurement date of September 30, 2014.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increases 4.5%, average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Cost of Living Adjustment 0.00%

The RP-2000 mortality tables were determined to contain sufficient provision appropriate to reasonably reflect future mortality improvement, based on a four-year review of mortality experience for the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2009.

Actuarial Methods:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit Method

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Asset Valuation Method Sum of the actuarial value at the beginning of the year and the

cash flow during year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is

adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-term Nominal Real Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	50.00%	5.95%	9.20%	
International Equity	15.00%	6.45%	9.70%	
Fixed Income	25.00%	1.55%	4.80%	
Real Estate	10.00%	3.75%	7.00%	
Cash	<u>0.00%</u>			
Total	<u>100.00%</u>			

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	(TPL) Total Pension Liability (a)		(FNP) Fiduciary Net Position (b)		(NPL) Net Position Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at September 30, 2013	\$	662,440	\$	540,614	\$	121,826
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		27,632		-		27,632
Interest		49,957		_		49,957
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience		(63, 197)		_		(63, 197)
Changes of Assumptions		(4,318)		_		(4,318)
Contributions - Employer		-		32,531		(32,531)
Contributions - Employees		-		-		_
Net Investment Income		-		61,504		(61,504)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						-
of Employee Contributions		(35,664)		(35,664)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(3,500)		3,500
Other		-		· · ·		-
Net Changes		(25,590)		54,871		(80,461)
Balances at September 30, 2014	\$	636,850	\$	595,485	\$	41,365

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Ser	isitivity of th	e NPL	to Changes	In Disc	ount Rate
			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
		(6.75%)	(7.75%)		(8.75%)
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	138,965	\$	41,365	\$	(38,490)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$21,974. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	f D	eferred Inflows of Resources
Diffrences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	(50,556)
Changes of assumptions	-		(3,456)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		_	(15,892)
Total as of June 30, 2015	\$ -	\$	(69,904)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year EndedJune 30,	 Amount
2016	\$ (17,476)
2017	(17,476)
2018	(17,476)
2019	(17,476)

The required Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of City Contributions immediately follow the notes to the financial statements.

The City's policemen are also covered by the State of Georgia Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund. The City makes no contribution to this plan. Contributions are collected by the City as the agent for this fund through its municipal court system. This plan is administered through the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia located at 1210 Greenbelt Parkway in Griffin, Georgia where separate financial statements may be obtained.

Note 12. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City of Emerson has adopted a deferred compensation plan in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The City of Emerson 457 Plan is a defined contribution plan.

The plan allows all full time employees to voluntarily defer up to 28% of gross compensation up to \$7,500 per year and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All administrative costs are deducted from the participant's account.

The plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. Under the terms of an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the financial institution, until paid or made available to the employees or beneficiaries, are the property of the City. In addition, the participants in the plan have rights equal to his or her share of the fair value of the plan assets.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, the City does not report the deferred compensation plan assets in its financial statements because the City does not play an active role in the administration of the plan or perform investment functions for the plan.

Note 13. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position/Fund Balance

Restricted Assets

At June 30, 2015, the City's restricted assets consisted of externally restricted cash accounts maintained in the confiscated asset special revenue fund and all three SPLOST Capital Project funds. There are no restricted assets in the City's proprietary funds or business-type activities.

Restricted Assets

Drug Enforcement Activities \$ 8,159
Capital Project Activities \$ 482,009
\$ 490,168

Restricted Net Position or Fund Balance

Restrictions are used to indicate that a portion of the net position or fund balance is not available for all expenditures or expenses and is legally segregated for a specific future use. The City's restricted net position and fund balance is concentrated in the governmental activities and funds and are as follows:

Restricted for law enforcement activities – Created to segregate money received from federal or state sources that restrict use for law enforcement purposes only.

Restricted for construction – Created to segregate money received from SPLOST and certain grant proceeds where the use of funds is restricted to approved expenditures or expenses.

Note 14. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 15. Risk Management

At year-end, there were no legal actions taken by or against the City that would have an adverse effect on the City's financial condition. The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney, the resolution of the any current legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City. The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance.

The City has joined with other municipalities in the State as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for its property and liability insurance, and the Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF) to provide risk coverage for injuries to employees. Both are public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers the risk pool.

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to promptly report all incidents that could result in the fund being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the fund's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City that is within the scope of loss protection furnished by the fund.

The fund is to defend and protect its members against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the worker's compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

During the past three years, the costs of any settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

Note 16. Joint Venture

The City of Emerson is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission. The NGRC was created under the laws of the State of Georgia and cities and counties in the area served by the NGRC are required to be members. The membership of the NGRC includes 10 counties and 35 municipalities. Bartow County pays annual membership dues on behalf of the City. The City has no equity interest in the NGRC nor does the City materially contribute to the continued existence of the NGRC. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section §50-8-39.1 states that in the event the NGRC ceases operation, the membership can be assessed for any debt or obligation of the NGRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Northwest Georgia Regional Commission, P. O. Box 1793, Rome, Georgia 30162.

Note 17. Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

In November 2002, Bartow County voters approved a referendum on the question of "yes/no shall a special one percent sales and use tax be imposed in Bartow County for a period of time not to exceed twenty calendar quarters, or until there is collected net proceeds of \$86,000,000, for various capital outlay purposes". Actual collection of the tax began April 1, 2003 and ended March 31, 2008. The City of Emerson's distributive share of this amount was projected to be \$1,694,000. The City is to use the proceeds from the tax for various infrastructure and water/sewer improvements.

In November 2007, Bartow County voters approved a referendum on the question of "yes/no shall a special one percent sales and use tax be imposed in Bartow County for a period of time not to exceed twenty four calendar quarters, or until there is collected net proceeds of \$200,000,000, for various capital outlay purposes". Actual collection of the tax began April 1, 2008 and ended March 31, 2014. The City of Emerson's distributive share of this amount was projected to be \$3,546,000 or 1.97%. The City is to use the proceeds from the tax for various infrastructure and water/sewer improvements.

In November 2012, Bartow County voters approved a referendum on the question of "yes/no shall a special one percent sales and use tax be imposed in Bartow County for a period of time not to exceed twenty four calendar quarters, or until there is collected net proceeds of \$193,000,000, for various capital outlay purposes". Actual collection of the tax began April 1, 2014 and is projected to end March 31, 2020. The City of Emerson's distributive share of this amount is projected to be \$3,787,814 or 1.97%. The City is to use the proceeds from the tax for various infrastructure, capital equipment and water/sewer improvements.

Note 18. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2015, the City had no outstanding commitments under construction contracts.

Note 19. Restatement of Prior Year Net Position/Fund Balance

For fiscal year 2015, the City made a variety of prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71 and the reclassification of a capital asset and 2014 revenues, which require the restatement of the June 30, 2014 net position in Governmental Activities and the business-type activities, and fund balance in the General Fund. The result was an increase in beginning net position in the governmental activities and the fund balance of the general fund by \$136,558 and \$38,859 respectively, and a decrease in beginning net position of the business-type activities of \$195,267. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

				Busir	ness	type Activit	ies
Net Position		overnmental Activities	V	/ater/Sewer Fund	(Sarbage Fund	Total Business-type
Net Position, July 1, 2014 as Previously Reported Recording Beginning Net Pension Liability Recording Beginning Deferred Outflows of Resources Reclassification of Inspection Fees Reclassification of Capital Asset	\$	1,956,175 (100,640) 20,039 38,859 178,300	\$	12,853,522 (15,890) 3,164 (178,300)	\$	(25,128) (5,296) 1,055	\$ 12,828,394 (21,186) 5,065 (178,300)
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as Restated Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2014 as Previously Reported Reclassification of Inspection Fees Fund Balance, July 1, 2014 as Restated	\$ Ge \$ \$	2,092,733 eneral Fund 569,364 38,859 608,223	<u>\$</u>	12,662,496	<u>\$</u>	(29,369)	<u>\$ 12,633,973</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Previous Ten Fiscal Periods

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$ 27,632	•	*	*	•	*	*	•	*	*
Interest	49,957	*	*	•	*	•	*		*	*
Benefit Changes	-	•	*	•	*	•	*	*	*	*
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(63,197)	*	•	•	•	•	•	*	*	*
Changes of Assumptions	(4,318)	•	*	•	•	•	•	*	*	•
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	(35,664)	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	*	•
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(25,590)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	•
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	662,440	•	•	•	•	*	*	•	•	•
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 636,850	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•
Plan Net Position										
Contributions - Employer	\$ 32,531		*			*	*	÷		
Contributions - Member	Ψ 02,001	*	*			*	*	*		
Net Investment Income	61,504	•		*		*	*	*	•	•
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	(35,664)	*	*	•	•	*	*	•	•	•
Administrative Expense	(3,500)	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Other		*	•	•	•	*	•	*	•	*
Net Change in Plan Net Position	54,871	*	•	•	•	*	•	•	•	•
Plan Net Position - Beginning	540,614	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 595,485	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	•
Not Decrine Liebiline, Fording	¢ 44.00E			•			*	*		•
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 41,365									
	000.050							•	•	
Total Pension Liability	636,850				•					
Plan Net Position	595,485					•				
Net Pension Liability	41,365									
Ratio of Plan Net Position to Total Pension Liability	93.50%	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	*
Coursed Freedomes Devicell	513,162					•		*		
Covered Employee Payroll	313,102									
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	8.06%							*	•	

This schedule is to be built prospectively. Historical information prior to 2015 is not required.

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plan For the Previous Ten Fiscal Periods

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 33,099	•	•	•	•	*	•	+	*	*
Determined Contribution	33,099	•	_ •		*	*		*	*	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*
Covered Employee Payroll Contributions As a Percentage of Covered	\$566,461	*	•	•	•	*	•	*	•	*
Employee Payroll	5.84%	*	•	•	•	*	٠	*	*	•

^{*} Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method

Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method

Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period

Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 10 years.

Asset Valuation Method

Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10%

of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if

necessary to be within 20% of market value.

Inflation

3 25%

Salary Increases

3.5% plus age and service based merit increases

Investment Rate of Return

7.75% net pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement Age

Normal - 65; Early - 55

Mortality

The mortality and economic actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial

experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through June 30, 2009.

Other Information

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10 year trend is not available. The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined as of January 1, 2014, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 2016.

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INDIVIDUAL FUND BUDGETARY SCHEDULES



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Capital Projects Fund - 2003 SPLOST - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	t Length d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Current Year Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ 3,183,000 3,183,000	\$ 3,156,753 3,156,753	<u> </u>	\$ (3,156,753) (3,156,753)
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlays - Water/Sewer Total Expenditures	3,183,000 3,183,000	3,156,753 3,156,753	24,150 24,150	3,132,603 3,132,603
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	(24,150)	(24,150)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(24,150)	(24,150)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	176,515	176,515	176,515	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 176,515	\$ 176,515	\$ 152,365	\$ (24,150)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Capital Projects Fund - 2008 SPLOST - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	-	Length Amounts		
	Original	Final	Current Year Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental - SPLOST Intergovernmental - Georgia Dept of Transportation	\$ 3,546,000	\$ 2,446,000	\$ -	\$ (2,446,000)
Total Revenues	3,546,000	2,446,000		(2,446,000)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public Works	_	_	17,000	(17,000)
Water and Sewer Improvements	-	_	2,202	(2,202)
Capital Outlays:			,	(, ,
Water and Sewer Improvements	1,476,000	1,582,070	-	1,582,070
Streets, Roads, and Buildings	1,895,000	673,930	2,976	670,954
GIS System	175,000	190,000	10,697	179,303
Total Expenditures	3,546,000	2,446,000	32,875	2,432,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	(32,875)	(13,673)
·			, ,	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(32,875)	(13,673)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	145,927	145,927	145,927	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$ 145,927</u>	\$ 145,927	\$ 113,052	\$ (13,673)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Capital Projects Fund - 2014 SPLOST - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Actual		
	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
Revenues				
Intergovernmental - SPLOST	\$ 156,638	\$ 304,271	\$ 460,909	\$ 3,787,814
Intergovernmental - Georgia Dept of Transportation		24,078	24,078	
Total Revenues	<u>156,638</u>	328,349	484,987	3,787,814
Expenditures				
Current	0.500	54.407	EC 075	EG 075
General Government	2,568	54,407	56,975	56,975 43,866
Public Works	11,580	32,286 7,501	43,866 7,591	7,591
Water System Improvements	-	7,591	7,581	7,591
Capital Outlays			_	1,507,409
Water System Improvements	-	121,466	121, 4 66	1,183,500
Sewer System Improvements	-	121,400	121,400	345,000
Road Projects and Paving Stormwater System Improvements	_	_	_	158,900
Pubic Works Equipment	18,030	26,717	44,747	306,134
Information Technology	-	5,000	5,000	178,439
Total Expenditures	32,178	247,467	279,645	3,787,814
•	124,460	80,882	205,342	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	124,400	00,082	200,042	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 124,460	80,882	<u>\$ 205,342</u>	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		124,460		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 205,342		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	d Amounts	-	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	e	œ	œ	œ
Taxes Total Revenues	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u> -	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - Economic Developmen Total Expenditures				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				_
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Confiscated Assets Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES		¢ 5,000	¢ 5,000	•
Fines and Forfeitures	<u> </u>	\$ 5,023	\$ 5,023	<u> </u>
Total Revenues		5,023	5,023	_
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Safety - Supplies and Other Expenses		497	497	
Total Expenditures		497	<u>497</u>	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		4,526	4,526	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	4,526	4,526	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,339	1,339	1,339	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,339	\$ 5,865	\$ 5,865	\$

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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LLOYD WILLIAMSON CHRISTIAN HATCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council Emerson, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Emerson, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Emerson, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Emerson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate for the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Emerson, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Emerson, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Emerson, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Williamson and Company
Certified Public Accountants

Cartersville, Georgia October 22, 2015

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA 2003 SPLOST - Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Project	Original Estimated Cost		Prior Years	Expenditures Current Year	Total
SPLOST (2003)					
Water and Sewer Projects			_	_	
Flow measuring Spring #1	\$ 80,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Install turbidity	55,000	31,647	31,647	-	31,647
Purchase land Spring #1	120,000	-	-	-	
Groundwater exploration	75,000	256,200	189,100	24,150	213,250
Repairs to old water tanks	160,000	-	-	-	-
Renovate tank access roads	22,500	-	-	-	-
Distribution mains	15,000	1,822	1,822	-	1,822
Spring #2 testing	100,000	-	-	-	-
Retrofit meter services	50,000	210,110	210,110	-	210,110
Miscellaneous extensions	50,000	97,789	97,789	=	97,789
Relocate 10-inch sewer	100,000	-	-	-	-
Renovate sewage pump	7,500	15,271	15,271	-	15,271
Purchase dump truck	84,000	82,370	82,370	-	82,370
·	919,500	695,209	628,109	24,150	652,259
Street, Roads and Buildings					
Reclaiming drainage systems	165,000	270,470	270,470	-	270,470
Re-locate police department	20,000	-	_	-	-
Engineering study storm water	25,000	64,802	64,802	-	64,802
Develop old fire station	264,000	•	•	-	_
Paving	163,500	729,872	749,099	-	749,099
·	637,500	1,065,144	1,084,371		1,084,371
Miscellaneous Proiects					
Develop solid waste handling	60,000	8,047	8,047	-	8,047
Install emergency warning	26,000	17,000	15,838	-	15,838
Georgia DNR Compliance	1,000	,	, -	-	, -
Develop 1 acre recreation park	50,000	-	_	-	_
# 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	137,000	25,047	23,885		23,885
Total	\$ 1,694,000	\$ 1,785,400	\$ 1,736,365	\$ 24,150	\$ 1,760,515

Note: This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA 2008 SPLOST - Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original	Revised	Expenditures			
Project	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
SPLOST (2008)						
Water Projects				•		
Utility relocation for Old Ala Rd	\$ 100,000 19,000	\$ 62,431 101,681	\$ 62,431 81,084	\$ - 2,202	\$ 62,431 83,286	
SCADA System Replace water main in Redtop Circle	280,000	280,000	322,910	2,202	322,910	
Groundwater sewer facility	150,000	200,000	-	-	-	
Security fencing at Spring #1	4,500	-	-	-	-	
Arizona Ave install new taps	15,000	-	-	-	-	
Repair misc water mains	165,000	165,000	45,750		45,750	
	733,500	609,112	512,175	2,202	514,377	
Sewer System Improvements						
Replace sewer line on 2nd Street	153,000	405,394	403,861	-	403,861	
Repairs on pumps at Puckett Rd	25,000	4,154	4,153	_	4,153	
Utility relocation for Old Ala Rd	100,000	92,410	102,583	<u>.</u>	102,583	
Power supply at Puckett Rd	30,000	30,730	20,730	-	20,730	
Monitor wastewater system	4,500	-	•	-	-	
Stormwater testing	30,000	40,270	35,426	-	35,426	
Maintain storm sewer flow	150,000	150,000	95,214	-	95,214	
Misc sewerage pipes to improve	250,000	250,000	176,260		176,260	
	742,500	972,958	838,227		838,227	
Street, Roads and Buildings						
Paving of misc streets	500,000	450,000	270,222	17,000	287,222	
Sidewalks Old Alabama Road	175,000	2,232	177,720	2,976	180,696	
Build public works facility Install misc sidewalks-bike paths	200,000	2,400 95,000	2,400	-	2,400	
Build community ctr/rec ctr	145,000 200,000	95,000 21,082	21,082	-	21,082	
Build police department	475,000	21,002	Z1,00Z	_	21,002	
Equip for street sweeping	185,000	80,000	85,000	_	85,000	
Equip for signs roads, streets, etc.	15,000	23,216	25,737		25,737	
	1,895,000	673,930	582,161	19,976	602,137	
Miscellaneous Projects						
Develop GIS System	175,000	190,000	111,737	10,697	122,434	
	175,000	190,000	111,737	10,697	122,434	
Total	\$ 3,546,000	\$ 2,446,000	\$ 2,044,300	\$ 32,875	\$ 2,077,175	

Note: This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

CITY OF EMERSON, GEORGIA 2014 SPLOST - Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original	Revised		Expenditures		
Project	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
SPLOST 2014						
Water Projects Water System Improvements	\$ 1,515,000	\$ 1,515,000		\$ 7,591	\$ 7,591	
Sewer Projects Sewer System Improvements	1,183,500	1,183,500		121,466	121,466	
Road Projects Road Projects	345,000	345,000		28,650	28,650	
Storm Sewer System Storm Sewer System Improvements	158,900	158,900				
Public Works Replacement of Public Works Equipment	350,000	350,000	29,610	30,353	59,963	
Information Technology Information Technology	235,414	235,414	2,568	59,407	61,975	
Total	\$ 3,787,814	\$ 3,787,814	\$ 32,178	<u>\$ 247,467</u>	\$ 279,645	

Note: This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.