CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

Franklin T. Etheridge
City Manager

By Authority Of

Mayor and Council

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City of LaFayette, Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report September 30, 2011

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF LAFAYETTE

SOUTH DUKE STREET P.O. BOX 89 LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA 30728

January 30, 2012

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council And Citizens of the City of LaFayette

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various activities of the City. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

State law requires local governments to publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the GASB. This report is presented in three sections and includes the following information.

Introductory section – Includes this letter of transmittal with comments on the operations of the City, the City's organizational chart, a list of principal elected and appointed officials, and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the City's 2010 report.

Financial section – Includes management's discussion and analysis, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information, as well as the report of independent public accounts on the financial statements and schedules. The City also includes an additional supplemental section that includes the combining fund financial statements for nonmajor funds, but it is not a required section of the report.

Statistical section – Includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis, and various continuing disclosure information.

The new reporting model issued by the GASB requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

LaFayette, the county seat of Walker County, was incorporated on September 30, 1835. The City is located approximately 35 miles south of Chattanooga, Tennessee and has an incorporated area of approximately seven square miles.

The City is governed by a Mayor and a City Council comprised of five members. The Mayor is elected citywide every four years for a four-year term. Council members are elected from each of the five wards of the City for a four-year term. The City Manager is appointed by the Mayor and Council.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying CAFR includes all governmental activities, organizations, and functions for which the City is financially accountable.

The City provides a full range of municipal government and utility services. Included in these services are traditional city functions such as police and fire protection, highway and street maintenance, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the City has several enterprise operations including electric, gas, solid waste, water and sewer, golf and a municipal airport.

A related organization not included as part of the reporting entity is the LaFayette Housing Authority, which provides low-income housing to eligible City residents. The reason for not including this entity is that the City is not financially accountable (does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship) for the organization.

Economic conditions and outlook

LaFayette remains in good financial condition, as is demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this report. The assessed value of all taxable property (2009 digest) increased by 10.7% over the 2008 valuation. The business environment outlook for LaFayette continues to be favorable despite the economic downturn experienced by other regions of the country. The City's broadly diversified economic base supports several nationally known companies, including GE, Shaw and Syntec, as well as other smaller commercial and industrial companies. Some of the reasons that these enterprises chose LaFayette as a local or regional business center include: the City's strategic Southeast location, convenience to local and national highways, rail and air transportation, city owned utilities at low rates, abundant labor, educational and cultural resources, and overall quality of life.

As the Council was considering the fiscal year 2011 adopted budget, the City was still feeling the effects of the local and national slowdown in the economy. Department Heads were instructed to take a very conservative approach toward revenue and expenditure projections, but also to look at ways to make their department (and the City) safer and more secure. During the year, the budget was amended mostly to adjust for additional revenue and expenditures. The expected growth within the community should help to increase revenue so as to prevent the requirements to obtain additional funding through loans in the foreseeable future. As part of the City's long-term financial planning efforts, and also to take advantage of currently lower interest rates and to allow for additions and improvements of capital projects even in a downturning economy, the City issued bonds in October, 2008. While this budget has been one of the most challenging to manage in many years, all city employees helped by continuing to provide quality services and to meet the needs of our citizens.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting control system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Accounting control comprises the plan of organization and the procedures and records that are concerned with the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records and consequently are designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

Transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization.

Transactions are recorded as necessary (1) to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or any other criteria, such as finance-

related legal and contractual compliance requirements applicable to such statements, and (2) to maintain accountability for assets.

Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's authorization.

The recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

The City's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. Reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the expected benefit.

We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The official level of City budget control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is the activity (department) level. The City Manager and all department heads are provided with monthly budget reports showing appropriations, expenditures to date, remaining balances and percentages. The City's budget procedures are more fully explained in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Local Economy

Major industries located within the government's boundaries include a home appliance manufacturer, and several industrial component manufacturers supplying the automotive and textile industries. All have been ongoing business concerns for at least the last ten years, and their economic viability is expected to continue, in spite of the national economic downturn, which has had a fairly substantial impact on the local economy, mainly in the form of layoffs and reduced production shifts. None of the aforementioned industries currently anticipates total business closure.

The previous ten years' trend data indicates that an economic upswing at the national level would also have an effect at the local level, allowing these industries to return to production and employment levels previously enjoyed.

Major Initiatives

With the voters' approval of a proposed special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) referendum, City management decided to issue general obligation bonds equal to the City's share of the expected revenue from the one cent SPLOST tax over its five-year life. This bond issue allows the City to expedite completion of various projects and equipment acquisitions to better, and in a more timely fashion, serve the citizenry. The bonds will be repaid over five years with future SPLOST proceeds.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The City Charter requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Williamson & Company was selected by the City Council. Generally accepted auditing standards and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in the last section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of LaFayette for its comprehensive annual financial report for

the year ended September 30, 2010. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We wish to take this opportunity to thank the Mayor and Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the City Clerk's office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Franklin T. Etheridge City Manager

Brenda Snyder City Clerk

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lafayette Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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SEAL CHROSO

Executive Director

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART AND LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	CITIZENS OF LAFA	YETTE
City Judge		– MAYOR H. Neal Florence
Kenneth Maples		
•		COUNCIL Andy Arnold Bill Craig Norm Hodge Wayne Swanson (Mayor Pro Tem) Eric Tallent
		CITY MANAGER Franklin T. Etheridge
City Attorney ————————————————————————————————————		
City Clerk ————————————————————————————————————		
		Police and Fire Tommy Freeman, Chief
		Airport Phil Shelton
		Public Works Vanessa Gossett, Supt.
		Recreation Patti Scott
		Waste Water Jim Speir, Supt.
		Water Jim Speir, Supt.
÷		Gas Rod Robertson, Supt.
		Electric Kevin Jones, Supt.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Solid Waste Vanessa Gossett, Supt.

FINANCIAL SECTION

P.O. BOX 473 CARTERSVILLE, GA 30120 (770) 382-3361 FAX (770) 386-8382



EARL WILLIAMSON LLOYD WILLIAMSON

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Council City of LaFayette LaFayette, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the City's nonmajor governmental funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaFayette, Georgia as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2012, on our consideration of City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contract and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis on pages 13 through 24 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaFayette's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as well as the schedule of projects constructed with special local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Georgia code section OCGA 48-8-121, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of LaFayette, Georgia. The information in these combining and individual fund statements and schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying information in the introductory section and the statistical tables has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Williamson & Company Certified Public Accountants

Williamson + Company

January 30, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City Lafayette's annual financial report is designed to provide the reader a better understanding of the City's financial activity for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2011. It should be read in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section. Notes mentioned below are Notes to the Financial Statements, which follow the statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total assets exceed liabilities by \$30,750,848 at the end of the year. This amount includes \$26,603,464 invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, restricted net assets of \$1,958,814 and unrestricted net assets of \$2,188,570. Significant portions of restricted net assets include amounts for debt service and construction.
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$636,011, or 2.03% to \$30,750,848. The net assets for governmental activities decreased by \$221,708 or -4.76% and business-type net assets decreased by \$414,303 or -1.55%.
- The City's revenues for governmental activities were \$4,190,053, excluding transfers and bonds issued. Expenses, excluding transfers, were \$5,989,693.
- The City's business-type activities, excluding transfers, had revenues of \$15,487,525, while expenses, excluding transfers, were \$14,058,553.
- The General Fund, which is the City's primary operating fund, reported a decrease in fund balance of \$671,385 in fiscal year 2011.
- The City's governmental activities long-term debt balance (Note 8) had a net decrease of \$528,080. This change represents the payment of outstanding revenue bond principal of \$535,000. This change also reflects a compensated absences increase of \$6,920. The balance on the outstanding debt for business-type activities had a net increase of \$141,552. This change represents issuance of additional notes payable of \$1,332,165, payoff of outstanding revenue bonds of \$1,125,000 and notes payable principle of \$63,457. This change also reflects an additional compensated absences decrease of \$2,156.
- Total cash (Note 3) at September 30, 2011 was \$3,419,647.
- The capital assets (Note 6), net of accumulated depreciation, of the City at the end of the 2011 fiscal year totaled \$35,952,726. This includes net capital assets for governmental activities of \$7,015,389 and business-type activities of \$28,937,337.

An Overview of the Financial Statements

In light of the fact that this is a different presentation from the pre-GASB Statement 34 model, the following graph is provided to assist in understanding the component parts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (new) Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements (refocused) Notes to the Financial Statements (expanded)

The focus of the financial statements is on both the City's overall financial status and the major individual funds. The following briefly describes the component parts.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets combines all of the City's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Net assets, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities These include the basic services provided by the City including police, fire, parks and recreation, public works and general administration.
- Business-type activities These include services for which the City charges specific fees which are meant to cover the cost of providing the services. These include electric, gas, water and sewer services, solid waste collection, municipal airport and golf.

Governmental activities and business-type activities are consolidated and add to the total for the primary government.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds rather than the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City has two types of funds as described in the chart below.

Fund Financial Statements

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Includes the City's basic services such as police, fire, traffic control, cultural activities, and parks	Services provided by the City that are operated similar to private businesses and for which the City charges a fee	Funds for which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Examples	Police, fire, street and sidewalks, parks, and recreational activities	Electric, Gas, Water and Sewer and Solid Waste	City's revolving loan fund
Required financial statements	- Balance Sheet - Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	- Statement of net assets - Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets - Statement of cash flows	- Statement of fiduciary net assets - Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset / liability information	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short and long-term; capital assets, if any, are included
Type of inflow / outflow information	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets for the current year. The City's net assets decreased by \$636,011, or -2.03% in fiscal year 2011. The net assets of the governmental activities include \$4,645,389 investment in capital assets. Capital assets of \$7,015,389 include land, buildings, park improvements, equipment and current year infrastructure additions. Related debt includes revenue bonds of \$2,370,000.

The net assets of the business-type activities include \$21,958,075 investment in capital assets. Capital assets of \$28,937,337 include land, utility system, building, other improvements, equipment, airport and golf course. Related debt includes notes of \$7,004,191.

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Assets on page 27 of the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Table 1 Statement of Net Assets As of September 30 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					To	Total % Change			
		<u>2011 20</u>		<u> 2010</u>	<u>0</u> <u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u> 2011-10</u>	
ASSETS														
Current and other assets	\$	1,207	\$	1,208	\$	5,686	\$	7,067	\$	6,893	\$	8,275	-16.70%	
Capital assets		7,015		6,757		28,937		28,537		35,952		35,294	<u>1.86</u> %	
Total Assets		8,222		7,965		34,623	_	35,604		42,845		43,569	- <u>1.66</u> %	
LIABILITIES														
Current and other liabilities		1,278		271		905		1,888		2,183		2,159	1.11%	
Long-term debt outstanding		2,511		3,039		7,400		6,985		9,911		10,024	- <u>1.13</u> %	
Total Liabilities		3,789		3,310		8,305		8,873		12,094		12,183	- <u>0.73</u> %	
NET ASSETS														
Invested in capital assets, net														
of related debt		4,645		5,215		21,958		21,723		26,603		26,938	-1.24%	
Restricted		1,741		1,736		-		1,157		1,741		2,893	-39.82%	
Unrestricted		(1,953)		(2,296)		4,360	_	3,852	_	2,407		1,5 <u>56</u>	<u>54.69%</u>	
Total Net Assets	\$	4,433	\$	4,655	\$	26,318	\$	26,732	\$	30,751	\$	31,387	- <u>2.03</u> %	

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The City's total revenues before transfers were \$19,677,578 in the 2011 fiscal year. Expenses before transfers were \$20,141,253 during that same period. Governmental and business-type activities combined provided a \$463,652 decrease in net assets.

Governmental activities revenues were \$4,190,053 and included \$1,313,526 charges for services, \$344,278 grant revenues, \$472,937 property taxes and \$1,149,233 sales taxes. The largest governmental activities expenses were for public safety of \$2,378,015 (police, fire and animal control), public works of \$1,122,605, general government of \$1,079,171 and recreation of \$872,255. Expenses include depreciation expense as explained in the notes to the financial statements (Note 6).

Business-type activity revenues were \$15,487,525 and included \$15,120,716 charges for services, \$355,939 intergovernmental revenues, and \$9,589 interest. The largest business-type activity expenses were for purchase of energy for resale to customers, electricity for \$5,435,782 and gas for \$1,565,492.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

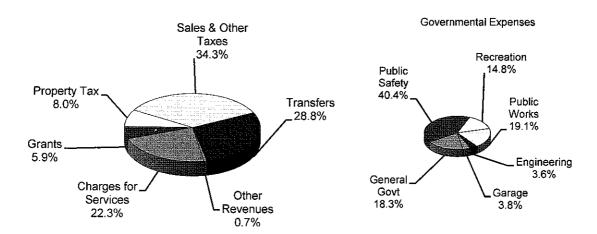
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Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 1,314		1,265	\$ 15,121	\$ 15,901	\$ 16,435	\$ 17,166	-4.3%
Operating grants and contributions	68		73	-	-	68	73	-6.8%
Capital grants and contributions	276		222	356	302	632	524	20.6%
General revenues								
Property taxes	473		464	-	-	473	464	1.9%
Local option sales tax	1,149		1,116	-	-	1,149	1,116	3.0%
Other taxes	868		863	-	_	868	863	0.6%
Investment income	6		25	10	10	16	35	-54.3%
Other general revenues	36		97	1	115	37	212	<u>-82.5%</u>
Total Revenues	4,190		4,125	15,488	16,328	19,678	20,453	<u>-3.8%</u>
EXPENSES								
General	1,079		984	_	_	1,079	984	9.7%
Police	1,904		1,848	_	_	1,904	1,848	3.0%
Fire	428		425	_	_	428	425	0.7%
Public Works	1,123		1,198	_	_	1,123	1,198	-6.3%
Engineering	211		242	-	_	211	242	-12.8%
Recreation	872		880	_	_	872	880	-0.9%
Garage	222		173	_	_	222	173	28.3%
Animal Control	46		58	_	_	46	58	-20.7%
Interest on long-term debt	187		125	_	_	187	125	49.6%
Electric	_		-	6,788	6,356	6,788	6,356	6.8%
Gas	_		_	2,251	2,326	2,251	2,326	-3.2%
Water/Sewer	_		_	3,272	3,167	3,272	3,167	3.3%
Solid Waste	-		_	578	548	578	548	5.5%
Golf	_		-	805	768	805	768	4.8%
Airport	_		_	375	349	375	349	7.4%
Total Expenses	6,072		5,933	14,069	13,514	20,141	19,447	3.6%
Total Expolices			0,000					<u>0.0 70</u>
Excess (Deficiency) before transfers								
Excess (Deliciency) before transfers	(1,882)	١ ((1,808)	1,419	2,814	(463)	1,006	-146.0%
	(1,00)	'	(1,000)	.,	2,011	(,,,,,	,,000	. 10.0 70
Transfers	1,691	_	1,617	(1,691)	(1,617)			0.0%
		_						
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	<u>\$ (191)</u>) <u>\$</u>	(191)	\$ (272)	\$ 1,197	<u>\$ (463)</u>	<u>\$ 1,006</u>	- <u>146.0</u> %
Net assets - 10/1/10	4,655		4,846	26,732	25,535	1,006	30,381	
Net assets - 9/30/11	\$ 4,433	\$	4,655	\$ 26,318	\$ 26,732	(636)	\$ 30,751	

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

See pages 28-29 of the financial statements for the net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) of these programs or functions. The following charts show the source of the City's governmental revenues and expenditures.

Table 3 – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2011

Governmental Revenues



Revenue Impacts:

- Property taxes of \$472,937 provided 18.7% of governmental revenues for general operations. The millage rate was set at 2.9 in the current year.
- Revenues from local option sales taxes were \$1,149,233. This represents an overall increase of 2.97% from the prior year.
- The transfers from proprietary funds were \$1,691,150, which was \$73,951 or a 4.57% increase from the prior year.
- Charges for services include amounts charged for providing utility billing and collection services to the enterprise funds of \$720,000. Municipal court fines were \$102,108.

Expense Impacts

- General Government expenditures increased by \$87,539 or 9.51% compared to the prior year. This increase is the result of overall increases in operating expenses such as fuel costs.
- Police, fire and animal control expenditures increased by \$33,626 or 1.79% over the prior year. This increase represents an increase in payroll and fringe benefits along with slight increases in overall operating expenses.
- Public Works expenditures decreased by \$39,777 or (2.77%) compared to the prior year. This amount represents a decrease in paving material costs, insurance costs, and sidewalk maintenance that were required.
- Culture and Recreation expenditures decreased by \$36,673 or (4.79%). This decrease is due to a very conservative approach to expenditures during a tight economy.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Table 4 Business-type Activities (in thousands)

	Operating Revenues			Operating Expenses					Operating Income			
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>			<u> 2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u> 2011</u>	2	<u> 2010</u>
Electric	\$	7,454	\$	8,083	\$	6,788	\$	6,356	\$	666	\$	1,727
Gas		2,727		2,978		2,251		2,326		476		652
Water/Sewer		3,754		3,689		3,175		3,022		579		667
Solid Waste		491		485		578		548		(87)		(63)
Golf		573		554		805		768		(232)		(214)
Airport		122		112		375		349		(253)		(237)
Total	\$	15,121	\$	\$ 15,901		13,972	\$	13,369	\$	1,149	\$	2,532

Operating revenues for business-type activities for the fiscal year 2011 were \$15,120,716, a \$780,241 decrease compared to the prior year. Operating expenses were \$13,971,486 in 2011, \$602,080 more than the prior year. The operating income was \$1,159,264 in 2011 compared to \$2,531,551 in 2010. Activities for individual funds are summarized below.

- Electric program revenues decreased by \$628,295 from the prior year in addition to expenses increasing by \$431,862. The program revenue decrease is attributable to the closure/production slowdown of several industries while the increased expenses are attributable to an increase wholesale cost of electricity and increased line maintenance.
- Gas program revenues decreased by \$251,154 and expenses decreased by \$75,753. The decreases in both revenue and expenses were due to leveling natural gas prices and the completion of a portion of the in houses line extension projects.
- Water & Sewer program revenues increased by \$65,788, while expenses increased by \$152,773 from the prior
 year. The small increase in revenue is due to a focused effort to reduce the outsanding/past due utility bills.
 The expenses increase as part of an effort to pay off existing bond issues early in order to plan for additional
 system improvements.
- Solid Waste program revenues increased \$5,367 from the prior year and expenses increased \$30,045. The slight increase in revenue is due to a greater emphasis on reducing outstanding utility bills. The expense increased due to the addition of a supervisory employee position.
- Golf revenues increased by \$18,144 over the prior year, largely from hosting more tournaments during the year. Expenses were up by \$36,968 for fuel costs and golf cart batteries..
- Airport revenues increased by \$9,909 largely due to additional fuel and oil sales. Expenses increased by \$26,185 from prior year. The increased expenses were due to fuel costs and building maintenance costs.

The City's Funds Table 5 Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Fund	Fund Bal <u>09-30</u>		Revenues/ Sources	Revenues/Source / Expenditures Over (Under) / Uses Expenditures/Use		Fu	nd Balances <u>09-30-11</u>
General Fund	\$ 19	96,308	\$ 5,044,769	\$ 5,716,154	\$ (671,385)	\$	(475,077)
Capital Projects Fund	83	L5,105	638,129	701,313	(63,184)		751,921
Total City Funds	\$ 1,01	L1,413	\$ 5,682,898	\$ 6,417,467	\$ (734,569)	\$	276,844

At September 30, 2011, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$254,788 (see Statement on page 30), which is \$757,945 less than the previous year-end. The unreserved portion of fund balance was \$(662,269). The unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful indicator of the City's ability to operate without external financing. The reserved portion represents amounts reserved for debt service payments related to the issuance of revenue bonds to finance capital projects construction.

General Fund

The General Fund had a \$671,385 decrease in fund balance, to end the fiscal year at \$(475,077). More detailed information for the general fund is presented on page 31.

Operating revenues and other financing sources decreased \$48,215. Most of this decrease is attributable to lower sales tax collections as well as lower and slower property tax collections due to the continued economic down turn.

Overall expenditures and other uses increased \$560,854. Transfers out decreased \$490,626.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund accounts for the proceeds from special purpose local option sales tax that are used to construct various improvements which benefit City residents. In June 2008, voters approved continuation of the one-percent special purpose local option sales tax. The period during which this tax is collected begins October 2008 and ends September 2013. Capital outlay expenditures are to be primarily for street and road improvements, recreation, water and sewer improvements, solid waste and street equipment. The major sources of revenue were:

Sales tax \$634,271

Interest earned \$3,858

The Capital Projects Fund had a \$63,184 decrease in fund balance, to end the fiscal year at \$751,921. Debt service payments against the outstanding bond issue exceeded sales tax revenues for the current year, resulting in the fund balance decrease.

The revenue bond issue will be repaid with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds over the approved period of the tax. The bond issue allows the City to proceed at an accelerated pace with acquisition/improvements of equipment and infrastructure to better serve its citizens.

The fund balance is reserved for completion of SPLOST projects as identified in the Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax on page 90.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A statement comparing the original and final budgets and the variance from the final budget to the actual results is included on page 33 of the financial statements.

In September 2010, the City Council appropriated \$4,972,300 for general fund expenditures in the 2011 fiscal year budget.

Primary reasons for the differences between the final budget and actual results in the General Fund include: Revenues:

No additional revenues were identified through the year, coupled with a decrease in known revenues as a result
of the continued downturn in the economy.

Expenditures:

- Increase in public works expenditures.
- Increase in expenditures for wages and capital outlays for general government and public works.
- Increase in general fund transfers to support the overall health care costs.
- The expenses incurred were seen as necessary to support the City's operations for the current year, and due to continued rising costs, this contibuted to the gap between budgeted figures and actual year-end results.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2011, amounted to \$35,952,726 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.87%. For more detailed information concerning capital assets see the notes to the financial statements.

Table 6 Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

<u>Governmental</u>		Business-type		
<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
\$ 3,336,429	\$	2,272,084	\$	5,608,513
244,703		5,465,497		5,710,200
687,761		2,901,295		3,589,056
2,274,641		-		2,274,641
99,388		-		99,388
-		13,686,866		13,686,866
-		3,547,759		3,547,759
 372,467		1,063,836		1,436,303
\$ 7,015,389	\$	28,937,337	\$	35,952,726
	Activities \$ 3,336,429 244,703 687,761 2,274,641 99,388 - 372,467	Activities \$ 3,336,429 \$ 244,703 687,761 2,274,641 99,388 - 372,467	Activities Activities \$ 3,336,429 \$ 2,272,084 244,703 5,465,497 687,761 2,901,295 2,274,641 - 99,388 - - 13,686,866 - 3,547,759 372,467 1,063,836	Activities Activities \$ 3,336,429 \$ 2,272,084 \$ 2,272,084 \$ 2,44,703 5,465,497 687,761 2,901,295 2,274,641 - 99,388 - 13,686,866 - 3,547,759 372,467 1,063,836 - - 1,063,836 -

This year's major capital asset additions included:

Governmental Activities:

- Police Equipment \$22,982
- Public Works Equipment \$24,488
- Public Works Infrastructure \$296,848
- Recreation \$39,906

Business-type Activities:

- Water and Sewer Equipment \$10,637
- Water and Sewer Improvements \$5,490,832
- Gas Fund Equipment \$59,153
- Airport Fund Equipment \$14,500
- Solid Waste Equipment \$21,636

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the 2011 fiscal year, the City had \$9,349,262 in outstanding debt. This is a net decrease of \$391,293 compared to the prior year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is included in the notes to the financial statements.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of the total tax digest. The current debt limitation for the City is \$13,350,274 and the City has no outstanding general obligation debt.

Table 7
Outstanding Debt at September 30, 2011

	<u>@</u>	Sovernmental Activities	Business-type Activities			
Revenue Bonds	\$	2,370,000	\$			
Notes Payable		-	6,979,262			
Capital Leases		<u>*</u>	214,392			
Total	\$	2,370,000	\$ 7,193,654			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The overall continued decline in the economy, as well as high energy costs have negatively impacted the City. In addition to the loss of industries and businesses the current economic decline has been worsened by the mortgage crisis which has caused a decline in property values with a net loss in tax revenues. The sluggish economy has also caused a negative impact on the City's business – type activities. With unemployment still above 9.0 %, there are many who can not afford to pay their utility bills.

Funding for the City's governmental activities comes from Property Taxes, Local Option Sales Tax, other taxes and fees such as Franchise Taxes, Occupational Taxes, permit fees, grants and transfers from the Enterprise Funds. During the 2011 Budget process, the City considered projections on the state and local economy to estimate tax revenues for the proposed budget.

Revenues for the business-type activities and certain governmental activities come from user fees and/or service charges. A significant portion of the revenues generated by the cities utility systems come from industrial customers. These revenues have been affected by the down turn in the economy. Also unusual weather patterns can affect utility consumption, such as the high energy prices, and a colder than normal winter.

The City continued to work on the new softball complex. A Streetscape Project funded by a TE Grant of \$250,000 is continuing. The local match will come from SPLOST Funds and the general fund. The improvements to side walks, landscaping and other beautification projects should help the Downtown Business District.

The City continued to resurface its own streets under the Georgia Department of Transportation LMIG Program. The Georgia Department of Transportation furnishes the asphalt and the city employees perform the work utilizing city equipment. This allows the City to complete twice as much resurfacing as would normally be done.

The City's General Fund Operating Budget totals \$5,362,750 for the 2012 year. Personnel costs, including salaries and benefits, amount to \$3,929,700 or 73.3% of the operating budget. The City employs 130 full time employees.

In the Fiscal Year 2012 Budget, the General Fund Revenues are budgeted to decrease by \$276,300 or 4.9% over the previous year. Transfers to the General Fund are budgeted to decrease by \$52,250 or 1.8% from the 2011 Budget. General property taxes make up12.8% of the General Fund Budgeted Revenues. Sales tax receipts, which represent 9.7% of the budgeted revenues, are not projected to have any significant growth due to the continued down turn in the economy. The 2012 Millage Rate for property taxes is 2.99 mills which is the same as the 2011 millage.

Financial Contact

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors of the City with a general overview of the City of LaFayette finances and demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the City of LaFayette at P.O. Box 89, LaFayette, Georgia 30728.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
400570		ERNMENTAL		INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	TOTAL		
ASSETS	_		_		_		
Cash	\$	345,818	\$	524,924	\$	870,742	
Receivables - net		178,014		1,882,158		2,060,172	
Prepaids		15,505		-		15,505	
Internal balances		-		-		-	
Notes Receivable		<u>-</u>				-	
Inventory		19,685		782,021		801,706	
Restricted assets:							
Restricted cash		542,121		2,496,376		3,038,497	
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress		3,581,132		7,737,581		11,318,713	
Other capital assets - net		3,434,257	:	21,199,756		24,634,013	
Total capital assets		7,015,389		28,937,337		35,952,726	
Unamortized bond issue costs		105,807				105,807	
Total assets		8,222,339	:	34,622,816		42,845,155	
LIABILITIES							
Cash overdraft		489,592		_		489,592	
Internal balances		543,296		(543,296)		.00,002	
Accounts payable		70,917		828,028		898,945	
Accrued wages payable and withholdings		91,572		26,482		118,054	
Customer deposits				581,687		581,687	
Accrued Interest payable		82,973		12,490		95,463	
Noncurrent liabilities:		F00 40F		440.400		4 047 004	
Due within one year		599,125		418,136		1,017,261	
Due in more than one year - net		1,911,837		6,981,468	_	8,893,305	
Total liabilities		3,789,312		8,304,995	_	12,094,307	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt		4,645,389	:	21,958,075		26,603,464	
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		1,301,714		214,415		1,516,129	
Debt service reserve		425,845		3,170		429,015	
Law enforcement activities		13,670		, _		13,670	
Unrestricted		(1,953,591)		4,142,161	_	2,188,570	
Total net assets	\$	4,433,027	\$:	26,317,821	\$	30,750,848	
	<u> </u>	., ,	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	= , : = = , = . =	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

					Program Revenues					
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary government:		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$	1,079,171	\$	789,344	\$	_	\$	3,779		
Police		1,904,292		343,163		68,212		-		
Fire		427,647		_		-		-		
Public Works		1,122,605		38,750		-		272,287		
Engineering		211,138		15,955		-		-		
Recreation		872,255		126,270		-		-		
Garage		221,800		-		_		-		
Animal Control		46,076		44						
Interest on Long-term Debt		187,682				_				
Total governmental activities		6,072,666	_	1,313,526		68,212		276,066		
Business-type activities:										
Airport		375,148		122,131		_		8,588		
Electric		6,787,899		7,454,354		_		-		
Gas		2,250,743		2,726,493		_		_		
Golf		805,176		572,607		_		-		
Water/Sewer		3,271,779		3,754,331		_		347,351		
Solid Waste		577,842		490,800		_		_		
Total business-type activities		14,068,587		15,120,716		_		355,939		
Total primary government	\$	20,141,253	\$	16,434,242	\$	68,212	\$	632,005		

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Primary Government					
	Consumeratel					
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals			
Primary government:	- Autitiou					
Governmental activities:						
General Government	\$ (286,048)		\$ (286,048)			
Police	(1,492,917)		(1,492,917)			
Fire	(427,647)		(427,647)			
Public Works	(811,568)		(811,568)			
Engineering	(195,183)		(195,183)			
Recreation	(745,985)		(745,985)			
Garage	(221,800)		(221,800)			
Animal Control	(46,032)		(46,032)			
Interest on Long-term Debt	(187,682)		(187,682)			
Total governmental activities	(4,414,862)		(4,414,862)			
Business-type activities:						
Airport		\$ (244,429)	(244,429)			
Electric		666,455	666,455			
Gas		475,750	475,750			
Golf		(232,569)	(232,569)			
Water/Sewer		829,903	829,903			
Solid Waste		(87,042)	(87,042)			
Total business-type activities		1,408,068	1,408,068			
Total primary government	(4,414,862)	1,408,068	(3,006,794)			
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	472,937	-	472,937			
Sales	1,149,233	-	1,149,233			
Hotel/Motel	22,972	-	22,972			
Insurance premium	360,781	-	360,781			
Malt beverage	122,097	-	122,097			
Franchise	291,322	-	291,322			
Occupation	71,226	-	71,226			
Other	11,882	-	11,882			
Investment earnings	6,048	9,589	15,637			
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		1,304	1,304			
Miscellaneous	23,751	(4.004.450)	23,751			
Transfers	1,691,150	(1,691,150)				
Total general revenues and transfers	4,223,399	(1,680,257)	2,543,142			
Change in net assets	(191,463)	(272,189)	(463,652)			
Net assets - beginning	4,654,735	26,732,124	31,386,859			
Prior Period adjustment	(30,245)	(142,114)	(172,359)			
Net assets - ending	\$ 4,433,027	\$ 26,317,821	\$ 30,750,848			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

						Other	Total	
	General			Capital Projects	Governmental		Go	vernmental Funds
		General		Projects		Funds		runus
ASSETS Cash	\$	902	\$	262.064	\$	37,743	\$	401,509
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	Φ		Φ	362,864	Φ	31,743	φ	
Accounts Taxes		103,093 17,954		56,967		-		103,093 74,921
Prepaids		15,505		30,30 <i>1</i>		Ĵ		15,505
Inventory		19,685		-		-		19,685
Due from Other Funds Cash - Restricted		- 116,276		425,845		-		- 542,121
Total Assets	<u> </u>	273,415	\$	845,676	\$	37,743	\$	1,156,834
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>-</u>	,	<u>-</u>	270,010				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Liabilities: Cash Overdraft	\$	489,592	\$		\$		\$	489,592
Accounts Payable	Ψ	70,917	•	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	70,917
Accrued Payables & Withholdings		91,572		-		-		91,572
Due to Other Funds		81,648		93,755		59,799		235,202
Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	_	14,763 748,492	_	02.755	_	50 700	_	14,763 902.046
i otai Liapiities		740,492		93,755		59,799		902,046
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable: Prepaids		15,505						15,505
Inventory		19,685		_		-		19,685
Restricted for:								·
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Debt service reserve		-		326,076 425,845		-		326,076 425,845
Law enforcement activities		-				13,670		13,670
Committed to:						•		
Cemetery care Tourism		116,276		-		-		116,276
Unassigned		(626,543)		_		(35,726)		(662,269)
Total Fund Balances		(475,077)		751,921		(22,056)		254,788
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	273,415	\$	845,676	\$	37,743	\$	1,156,834
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets								
Fund Balances - Total governmental funds							\$	254,788
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st different because:	atem	ent of net ass	ets a	re				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are n			es					7.015.390
and are therefore not reported in the governmental	lurios	š.						7,015,389
An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net asset	ntern							(363,786)
A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund represents property tax billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the statement of net assets.								14,763
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the or and therefore are not reported in the governmental			ted a	mounts				
include deferred issue costs.								
Bonds Payable			1	2,370,000)				
Accrued Interest Payable			`	(82,973)				
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs				105,807				
Compensated Absences				(140,962)				(0.400.400)
								(2,488,128)
Effects of rounding								1
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	4,433,027

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
	φ.	4 700 700	•		ф	22.072	•	4 040 705
Taxes	\$	1,796,793	\$	-	\$	22,972	\$	1,819,765
Grant Revenue		265,329		_		-		265,329
Licenses and Permits		20,259		-				20,259
Intergovernmental		44,015		634,271		-		678,286
Payments in lieu of taxes		12,212		-		-		12,212
Fines and Forfeitures		136,556		-		240,556		377,112
Charges for Services		221,676		-		-		221,676
Contributions and donations		3,779		-		-		3,779
Miscellaneous Income		786,787		-		-		786,787
Interest Income		2,036		3,858		154		6,048
Total Revenues		3,289,442	_	638,129		263,682		4,191,253
EXPENDITURES Current:								
		4 000 000		45		44.000		4 040 574
General Government		1,008,303		45		11,226		1,019,574
Police		1,540,817		-		111,416		1,652,233
Fire		323,770		-		-		323,770
Public Works		1,017,074		-		-		1,017,074
Engineering		205,498		-		-		205,498
Recreation		765,844		-		-		765,844
Garage		211,514		-		-		211,514
Animal Control		44,564		-		-		44,564
Intergovernmental Expenditures Debt Service:		-		-		100,239		100,239
Principal		-		535,000		-		535,000
Interest		-		104,709		-		104,709
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		-		_
Capital Outlay:								
General Government		_		-		-		_
Police		22,982		_		-		22,982
Fire		,		_		-		-
Public Works		508,882		_		_		508,882
Recreation		39,906		61,559		_		101,465
Garage		-		01,000		_		101,400
Total Expenditures		5,689,154		701,313		222,881		6,613,348
5 (D.C.) \ \(\) \\ \(\) \\ \\ \(\) \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,399,712)		(63,184)		40,801		(2,422,095)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - Out		(27,000)				(64 1 77)		(01 177)
Transfers - In		(27,000)		-		(64,177)		(91,177)
		1,755,327		-		-		1,755,327
Sale of capital assets				-		-		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,728,327		_		(64,177)		1,664,150
Net Change in Fund Balances		(671,385)		(63,184)		(23,376)		(757,945)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		196,308		815,105		1,320		1,012,733
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	(475,077)	\$	751,921	\$	(22,056)	\$	254,788

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmenta	il Funds		\$	(757,945)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the of Activities are different because:	e Statement			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures over the life of the as is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded in the current period.	expense to ssets. This			
Expenditures for capital assets	633,329			
Less current year depreciation	(344,643)			
Lead durient year deprediction				288,686
Revenues in the statement of activities that do no	t provido			
current financial resources are not reported as re	•			
in the governmental funds.	verides			
Unavailable deferred property tax revenues				(1,200)
Issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases) provid resources to governmental funds, but issuing debiliabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repaymong-term debt is an expenditure in the government repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement.	t increases long-term nent of principal of ntal funds, but the			
Principal Payments on Bonds				535,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of active require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the government.	l, therefore,			
Change in accrued interest payable		(82,973)		
Net change in long-term compensated absences	S	(6,920)		
		(0,023)		(89,893)
Internal service funds are used by management to costs of self-insurance to individual funds.	o charge the			
The net loss of certain activities of internal service reported with governmental activities.	funds is			(166,111)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$	(191,463)

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	•	Original	•	Final	Actual		ce with Budget
REVENUES		Zrigillat		ı ıııaı	Actual	- I mai	Daaget
Taxes	\$	1,779,800	\$	1,779,800	\$ 1,796,793	\$	16,993
Grant Revenue	*	220,000	•	220,000	265,329	•	45,329
Licenses and Permits		13,800		13,800	20,259		6,459
Intergovernmental					44,015		44,015
Payments in lieu of taxes		12,200		12,200	12,212		12
Fines and Forfeitures		132,600		132,600	136,556		3,956
Charges for Services		228,100		228,100	221,676		(6,424)
Contributions and donations		220,100			3,779		3,779
Miscellaneous Income		843,050		843,050	786,787		(56,263)
Interest Income		6,000		6,000	2,036		(3,964)
		,					53,892
Total Revenues		3,235,550		3,235,550	3,289,442		55,692
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		919,100		919,100	1,008,303		(89,203)
Police		1,424,350		1,424,350	1,540,817		(116,467)
Fire		323,050		323,050	323,770		(720)
Public Works		929,950		929,950	1,017,074		(87,124)
Engineering		229,050		229,050	205,498		23,552
Recreation		773,000		773,000	765,844		7,156
Garage		168,850		168,850	211,514		(42,664)
Animal Control		60,650		60,650	44,564		16,086
Capital Outlays:							
General Government		16,500		16,500	-		16,500
Police		37,500		37,500	22,982		14,518
Fire		8,500		8,500	· =		8,500
Public Works		38,000		38,000	508,882		(470,882)
Recreation		12,000		12,000	39,906		(27,906)
Garage		-			,		
Total Expenditures		4,940,500		4,940,500	5,689,154		(748,654)
F (D.5::							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		(1,704,950)		(1,704,950)	(2,399,712)		(694,762)
Expenditures		(1,704,930)		(1,704,830)	(2,000,112)		(004,102)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers - Out		(31,800)		(31,800)	(27,000)		(58,800)
Transfers - In		1,715,650		1,715,650	1,755,327		39,677
Sale of capital assets		21,100		21,100	-		(21,100)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,704,950		1,704,950	1,728,327		(40,223)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	(671,385)		(734,985)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>		<u></u>	196,308		196,308
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (475,077)	\$	(538,677)

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	٠ ج	49	13,859	•	\$ 511,065	<i>\</i>	\$ 524 924	(
Restricted Cash - MEAG	r	1.337,611		,		· •	•	· ·
Restricted Cash - GEFA	•		ı	•	916,613	1	916,613	
Restricted Cash - Capital lease	•	•	•	•		214.415	214.415	
Accounts Receivable - Net	r	1,053,988	167,732	1	599,113	61,325	1.882,158	1
Due From Other Funds	6,338	2,500,984	748,058	•	371,567		3.626.947	
Inventory	14,939	508,542	98,746	8,821	150,973	ı	782,021	1
Total Current Assets	21,277	5,401,125	1,028,395	8,821	2,549,331	275,740	9,284,689	T of the state of
Non-Current Assets:								
Restricted Assets:								
Construction Cash	•	•	•	ı	8,025	1	8.025	1
Renewal and Replacement Cash	1	1	1	1	3,170	1	3,170	1
Compliance Account	ı	ı	1	1	16,542	•	16,542	•
Capital Assets:							-	
Land	10,000	000'6	7,000	1,340,395	838,241	67,448	2,272,084	•
Equipment	227,154	1,153,729	340,025	541,247	1,383,217	904,139	4,549,511	
Buildings	750,192	567,437	38,454	2,333,326	433,279	2,748	4,125,436	j
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,963,944	t	ı		583,815		3,547,759	í
Utility Systems	ı	4,321,831	532,747	1	25,016,744	1	29,871,322	ı
Construction in Progress	•	•	•	•	5,465,497	1	5,465,497	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,293,987)	(4,258,394)	(479,985)	(696,373)	(13,510,709)	(654,824)	(20,894,272)	•
Unamortized Bond Issue Costs		•		1	•	r	1	ı
Total Non-Current Assets	2,657,303	1,793,603	438,241	3,518,595	20,237,821	319,511	28,965,074	
Total Assets	\$ 2,678,580	\$ 7,194,728	\$ 1,466,636	\$ 3,527,416	\$ 22,787,152	\$ 595,251	\$ 38,249,763	· ω

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Liabilities Current Liabilities:								
Cash overdraft	' У	' છ	. ₩	· €9	٠ &	· 69	, Ф	\$ 55,691
Accounts Payable	1	447,498	127,937	23,043	221,697	7,853	828,028	
Accrued Wages and Withholdings Payable	260	4,409	3,008	3,846	12,180	2,779	26,482	•
Compensated Absences Payable	1,556	10,855	8,601	8,503	24,384	3,462	57,362	•
Due to Other Funds	438,317	ı	5,730	1,467,594	1,059,590	112,420	3,083,651	308,095
Customer Deposits	•	330,417	98,926		152,344		581,687	1
Notes Payable - current	•	1	ı	•	335,304	•	335,304	•
Accrued Interest Payable	1	1	•	1	12,490	•	12,490	ı
Capital leases payable - current	•	ı		ı	t	25,470	25,470	1
Revenue Bonds Payable	'	*	'	1	•		•	•
Total Current Liabilities	440,133	793,179	244,202	1,502,986	1,817,989	151,984	4,950,474	363,786
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	1,754	12,241	9,700	689'6	27,497	3,905	64,685	ı
Accrued Landfill Closure/Postclosure Costs	1	•	1	1	1	83,903	83,903	1
Notes Payable	•	1	•	1	6,643,958	•	6,643,958	ı
Capital leases payable	1	r	ı	ı	•	188,922	188,922	•
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net)	1	1		1	1	r	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,754	12,241	6,700	9,589	6,671,455	276,730	6,981,468	r
Total Liabilities	441,887	805,420	253,902	1,512,575	8,489,444	428,714	11,931,942	363,786
Net Assets								
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted	2,657,303	1,793,603	438,241	3,518,595	13,230,822	319,511	21,958,075	1
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	1	1	í	•	1	214,415	214,415	t
Dept service	1	•	ı	1	1	•	•	•
Renewal and Replacement Unrestricted	(420,610)	4,595,705	774,493	- (1,503,754)	3,170 1,063,716	. (367,389)	3,170 4,142,161	1 1
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,236,693	\$ 6,389,308	\$ 1,212,734	\$2,014,841	\$ 14,297,708	\$ 166,537	\$ 26,317,821	\$ (363,786)

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Fees Other Revenues	\$ 84,752 37,367 12	\$ 7,348,935 - 105,419	\$ 2,572,719	\$ 498,905 73,702	\$ 3,416,458 213,563 124,310	\$ 487,254 - 3,546	\$ 14,409,023 324,632 387,061	\$ - 1,439,528
Total Operating Revenues	122,131	7,454,354	2,726,493	572,607	3,754,331	490,800	15,120,716	1,439,528
Operating Expenses Costs of Sales and Services Administrative Expense Cost of Water Cost of Gas	188,816	986,382 210,000 -	436,257 210,000 - 1,565,492	741,931	1,877,039 264,000 268,762	477,535 36,000	4,707,960 720,000 268,762 1,565,492	1,632,682
Cost of Electricity Depreciation Expense Total Operating Expenses	186,332 375,148	5,435,782 155,735 6,787,899	38,994	63,245	764,877	64,307	5,435,782 1,273,490 13,971,486	1,632,682
Operating Income (Loss)	(253,017)	666,455	475,750	(232,569)	579,653	(87,042)	1,149,230	(193,154)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Intergovernmental Interest Revenue Interest Expense Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets Bond Issue Cost Amortization	8,588	1,844	105		7,617 (91,156) 1,304 (5,945)	. 23	8,588 9,589 (91,156) 1,304 (5,945)	. 43
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	8,588	1,844	105	•	(88,180)	23	(77,620)	43
Income Before Contributions, Special Items and Transfers	(244,429)	668,299	475,855	(232,569)	491,473	(87,019)	1,071,610	(193,111)
Capital Contributions Transfers	1 1 1	(1,125,200) (1,125,200)	(565,950)		347,351	• B 1	347,351 (1,691,150) (1,343,799)	27,000
Change in Net Assets	(244,429)	(456,901)	(90,095)	(232,569)	838,824	(87,019)	(272,189)	(166,111)
Net Assets - Beginning	2,481,122	6,846,209	1,302,829	2,247,410	13,552,058	302,496	26,732,124	(197,675)
Prior Period Adjustment	1	E	r .		(93,174)	(48,940)	(142,114)	1
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 2,236,693	\$ 6,389,308	\$ 1,212,734	\$ 2,014,841	\$ 14,297,708	\$ 166,537	\$ 26,317,821	\$ (363,786)

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Air	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operations Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to/for Employees	€	122,131 (57,053) (59,166) 5,912	\$ 7,641,470 (6,013,237) (503,033)	\$ 2,855,291 (1,938,416) (289,772)	\$ 572,607 (150,004) (422,603)	\$4,068,986 (2,262,881) (1,318,961)	\$ 493,824 (241,388) (230,799)	\$ 15,754,309 (10,662,979) (2,824,334)	\$ 1,439,528 (1,517,682)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Borrowing to Cover Negative Cash Balance Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities			(1,125,200)	(565,950)	1 1 1 1			(1,691,150)	55,691 - 27,000 82,691
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal Payments - Bonds Principal Payments - Notes Capital Lease Proceeds Capital Contributions Notes Payable Proceeds Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		8,588 - - - - (14,500)		- - - - - (59,153)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(1,125,000) (163,845) - 347,351 1,258,563 1,304 (1,491,910)	214,392	(1,125,000) (163,845) 214,392 355,939 1,258,563 1,304 (1,587,200)	
Interest Paid Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(5,912)		. (59,153)		(97,101)	192,755	(97,101)	
interest Received Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash Cash (Overdraft) - October 1 (including restricted cash) Cash (Overdraft) - September 30 (including restricted cash)	φ.		1,844 1,335,767 \$ 1,337,611	2,105 11,754 \$ 13,859		7,617 (775,877) 2,231,292 \$1,455,415	214,415	9,589 (557,513) 3,578,813 \$ 3,021,300	43.4,580 (4,580)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	•	Airport		Electric		Gas	Golf	and	Water and Sewer	Solid	Solid Waste	Total	- e	Gove Ac	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Beneralle to Operating Income	↔	(253,017)	↔	666,455	↔	475,750	\$ (232,569)	€9	579,653	↔	(87,042)	\$ 1,14	1,149,230	↔	(193,154)
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		186,332		155,735		38,994	63,245	_	764,877		64,307	1,27	1,273,490		1
Accounts Receivable Inventory (Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		i i		179,223 110,275		134,417 (21,934)	•		314,040 (23,194)		3,023	မွ	630,703 65,147		i I
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Withholdings Payable Accrued Landfill Closure/Postclosure Costs		72,776 (179) -		6,004 780 -		4,857 561	171,244 889		(1,149,044) 2,546		25,918 1,308 10,034	(86	(868,245) 5,905 10,034		115,000
Compensated Absences Payable Customer Deposits Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	69	5,912	မှ	(1,164) 7,892 1,125,200	€	76 (5,618) 627,103	(2,809)	8	(2,349) 615 487,144	€	4,089) (**	(2,157) 2,889 2,266,996	69	(78,154)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Acquisition of Capital Assets Net Cash from Noncash Activities For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash includes the following amounts as presented in the Statement of Net Assets:	& & & wing ar	nounts as p	esen es	- - ted in the Sta	steme s	ent of Net A	ssets:	တ တ	1 t	မှာ မှာ		சு ச		မ မ	

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted Cash:	↔		, ↔	⇔	13,859	↔	\$ 511,065	' ₩	€	524,924	\$	1
MEAG		- 1	1,337,611		1	1	t	•		1,337,611		- 1
GEFA		1			٠	•	916,613	1		916,613		- 1
Capital Lease Proceeds		1	•		•	•	•	214,415		214,415		- 1
Construction Cash		ı	1		1	1	8,025	1		8,025		1
Bond Debt Service and Reserve Cash		1	•		•	1	16,542	•		16,542		•
Renewal and Replacement Cash		•	1		1	1	3,170	1		3,170		1
	↔	•	\$ 1,337,611	s	13,859	\$	\$1,455,415	\$ 214,415	↔	3,021,300	\$	1

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaFayette was incorporated September 30, 1835. The City operates under an elected mayor and council who appoint a city manager. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter or statues: culture and recreation, streets and roads, public utilities (electric, gas, water/sewer, sanitation), public safety (police and fire), community development, cemetery, garage, airport, golf and general and administrative services.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements would present the primary government and its component units. Certain potential component units might be considered for inclusion in the financial report because of the significance of the City's influence over their operation or finances. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships). In accordance with the above criteria, the City does not include any component units in its financial report.

Related organization:

The <u>LaFayette Housing Authority</u> is a related organization that has not been included in the reporting entity. The Authority provides low-income housing to eligible families in the City. The Authority's Board consists of five members that are appointed by the Mayor of LaFayette. The City is not financially accountable (does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship) for the Authority.

The <u>Downtown Development Authority</u> is a related organization that has not been included in the reporting entity. The Authority's current year cash balance was less than \$10,688, with no activity for the year. Based upon the materiality level of the city the Authority was not included with the City's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements, each of which present different views of the City. The government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, permits and fines, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements emphasize major funds in either the governmental or proprietary funds. Non-major funds (if any) are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City applies all relevant FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued on or prior to December 1, 1989 to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City does not apply FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives the cash. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept, nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement 33.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and unrestricted as needed.

D. Fund Types and Major Funds

Governmental Funds

The general and capital project funds are the major governmental funds that the City reports. The general fund is the primary fund of the City and accounts for all financial resources not reported in other funds. The hotel/motel tax special revenue fund accounts for the proceeds of the hotel/motel tax. The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets other than those accounted for by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is intended to be self-supporting. The City reports the airport, electric, gas, golf, water and sewer, and solid waste funds as major funds. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for

enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Internal Service Funds

The Self Insurance internal service fund accounts for risk management activities of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is a proprietary fund reported with governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for good, services or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets or Equity

- 1. Cash. Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits that by law must be insured or collateralized. Investments, if any, are limited by law and bond ordinances to federal and state securities.
- 2. Receivables. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the enterprise funds are recognized at the end of each year on a pro rata basis. The estimated amount is based on billings during the month following the close of the fiscal year.
- 3. Due To and Due From Other Funds/Internal Balances. During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided, services rendered or interfund loans. Interfund transactions are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. In the government-wide financial statements, these balances are reported as internal balances.
- **4. Interest Receivable**. Interest on investments and certain receivables is recorded as revenue in the year the interest is earned and is available to pay liabilities of the current period.
- Inventories. Inventories for all governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories are reported as assets of the respective fund and accounted for using the purchases method. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets. Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.
- **6. Prepaids.** Prepaids represent the amount paid in advance for Georgia sales tax on sales of electricity and gas.
- 7. Other Assets. Other assets held are recorded and accounted for at cost.
- 8. Restricted Assets. The Water and Sewer Fund, based on certain bond covenants, are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt or for construction. The "bond debt service and reserve cash" accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments and to report resources set aside to cover the highest

debt service requirement in any subsequent year. The "renewal and replacement cash" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or for asset replacement. The "construction cash" account is used to report resources set aside to fund construction projects.

9. Capital Assets. The City's property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure (streets, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting system, etc) with useful lives of more than one year and a cost greater than two thousand dollars are capitalized and depreciated. These assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their fair market value at the date of transfer. Interest expense (net of related income) incurred during the construction phase of business-type capital assets is capitalized as part of the assets' cost.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When these assets are disposed, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain/loss is recorded.

10. Long-term Debt, Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs. Outstanding debt and other obligations are reported as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Bond discounts/premiums and issuance costs for proprietary funds are capitalized and amortized over the term of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction in the face amount of bonds payable, premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of bonds payable and issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use.

- **11. Pensions**. The provision for pension cost is recorded on the accrual basis, and the City's policy is to fund pension costs as they accrue.
- 12. Compensated Absences. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements and governmental funds report only the portion expected to be liquidated within the current year. Governmental funds report compensated absences only when employees are no longer employed with the City. For governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund. No liability is reported for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick leave.
- **13. Fund Equity/Net Assets.** The governmental fund financial statements reports reserved fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally segregated for a specific use.

Unrestricted net assets for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future operations or distribution. Restricted net assets represent the net assets that have been legally identified for specific purposes.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data. Formal budgetary accounting is employed as management control for all governmental funds of the City. Department heads submit their annual budget requests to the City Manager, who in turn compiles and submits the budget to the City Council. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. By September 1, an annual operating budget is adopted for the general fund through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required. The budget uses the same basis of accounting to

reflect actual revenues and expenditures/expenses recognized on a generally accepted accounting basis. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the governing council. The legal level of budgeting control is the department level. The governing council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year but they were not considered material. All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The capital projects fund has a project length budget which was adopted when voters approved the SPLOST referendum. This budget is prepared for the projected total SPLOST revenues and capital outlays.

Compliance with Bond Covenants. The City complied with its bond covenants in all material respects.

Deposits with Financial Institutions. State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized by securities held in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits.

Deficit Fund Equity. The General Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$475,077 as of September 30, 2011. Additional funding transfers from the City's enterprise funds in the next fiscal year should correct the imbalance. The Lab Technology Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,945 as of September 30, 2011, which is the effect of timing differences in outlays and revenues. This is expected to reverse itself in the next fiscal year. The Hotel Motel Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$35,726 as of September 30, 2011, which is the effect of timing differences in outlays and revenues. This is expected to reverse itself in the next fiscal year.

NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of September 30, 2011 are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash	\$ 381,151
Restricted Cash	 3,038,496
Total Cash	\$ 3,419,647

All deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the City's name. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit. Investments are stated at fair value (the City has no investments other than cash.)

Cash and investments consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 900
Cash deposits in financial institutions	2,081,136
Investments	 1,337,611
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 3,419,647

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This can be measured by the assignment of a rating by a rating organization. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City has no investments that meet the criteria for concentration of credit risk disclosure. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian, the City may not be able to recover the value of its investments. There is no custodial credit risk exposure for the City's investments because they are either insured or held in the City's name by the custodian. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable consists of amounts due from customers for charges related to providing electric, gas, water/sewer and sanitation services. Taxes due consist of property tax and LOST. Amounts due as of September 30, 2011, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General	Capit	al Projects	Enterprise	<u>Total</u>
Receivables Accounts	\$	19,913	\$	- E6 067	\$ 3,440,757	\$ 3,460,670
Taxes Total	_	117,190 137,103		56,967 56,967	3,440,757	 174,157 3,634,827
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible		(16,056)	•	-	(1,558,599)	 (1,574,655)
Net Total Receivables	\$	121,047	\$	56,967	\$ 1,882,158	\$ 2,060,172

Property Tax

Property tax is levied upon receipt of the digest from Walker County and based upon the assessed value at January 1. Taxes were levied October 15, 2010 and due by December 20, 2010. The billings are considered past due 60 days after the tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest begins to accrue. Assessed values are established by the Walker County Board of Tax Assessors and are currently calculated at 40% of market value. The gross assessed value of property at January 1, 2010 was \$147,197,256. Based on the 2010 millage levy of 2.99, a property owner would pay \$2.99 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Current tax collections of \$381,666 were 96 percent of the tax levy.

All property taxes are recognized in compliance with NCGAI-3 (Revenue Recognition-Property Taxes) which states that such revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected no longer than 60 days after the close of the current period.

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

As of September 30, 2011, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Water/Sewer Capital Projects Golf Airport Solid Waste	\$ 1,041,360 18,598 1,467,292 438,317 109,766
Electric	General Water/Sewer Gas	2,489,524 5,730 5,730
Gas	General Capital Projects Water/Sewer	727,558 7,999 12,500
Water/Sewer	Healthcare Solid Waste	308,095 2,652
Airport	Capital Projects	6,337

The interfund balances related to working capital loans between funds. No significant portion of the outstanding balances is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year.

As of September 30, 2011, interfund transfers were as follows:

RECEIVIN	IG										
FUND					TRANSFER	RIN	IG FUND				
					Hotel						
	General		Police		Motel		<u> ⊟ectric</u>		Gas		Total
General	\$ -	\$	16,705	\$	47,472	\$	1,125,200	\$	565,950	\$	1,755,327
Airport	-				-		-		-		-
0.15.1	27.000										07.000
Self-Ins.	27,000		-		-		-		-		27,000
Solid Waste											
Solid Waste	-	_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_	
Total	\$ 27,000	\$	16,705	\$	47,472	æ	1,125,200	\$	565.950	\$	1,782,327
Iotai	φ 27,000	—	10,705	—	41,412	-	1,120,200	φ	505,950	₽	1,702,327

Routine transfers and payments between funds are to subsidize operations, fund capital projects and asset acquisition. SPLOST funds are accumulated in the capital project fund to complete various projects identified in the SPLOST referendum.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table provides a summary of the City's capital asset activity:

Primary Government

Governmental activities:	<u>Oct</u>	Balance ober 1, 2010		<u>Additions</u>	Deletions & <u>Transfers</u>	<u>Se</u>	Balance ptember 30, 2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land and improvements	\$	3,336,429	\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,336,429
Construction in progress	Ψ	89,700	Ψ	244,703	(89,700)	•	244,703
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		3,426,129	_	244,703	(89,700)	_	3,581,132
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Infrastructure		826,637		296,848	89,700		1,213,185
Buildings and improvements		1,975,494		40,308	-		2,015,802
Park improvements		2,278,710		-	-		2,278,710
Equipment		2,635,055	_	51,470			2,686,525
Total capital assets, being depreciated		7,715,896		388,626	89,700		8,194,222
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(96,149)		(46,320)	-		(142,469)
Buildings and improvements		(1,921,427)		(44,223)	-		(1,965,650)
Park improvements		(960,240)		(11,090)	-		(971,330)
Equipment		(1,407,261)	_	(273,255)			(1,680,516)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,385,077)	_	(374,888)			(4,759,965)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,330,819	_	13,738			3,434,257
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,756,948	<u>\$</u>	258,441	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	7,015,389

Additions to capital assets consist of general fund additions of \$633,329.

Business-type activities:	<u>Oct</u>	Balance ober 1, 2010		<u>Additions</u>		eletions & Transfers	<u>Sep</u>	Balance tember 30, 2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	2,233,918 5,672,223	\$	- 1,636,819	\$	38,166 (1,843,545)	\$	2,272,084 5,465,497
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		7,906,141	_	1,636,819	_	(1,805,379)		7,737,581
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Utility systems		29,870,319		24,388		_		29,894,707
Buildings		2,320,056				1,805,379		4,125,435
Improvements other than buildings		3,524,376		_		_		3,524,376
Equipment		4,443,583		105,927				4,549,510
Total capital assets, being depreciated		40,158,334	_	130,315	_	1,805,379		42,094,028
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility systems		(15,589,072)		(938,790)		_		(16,527,862)
Buildings		(1,196,550)		(177,691)		-		(1,374,241)
Improvements other than buildings		(370,292)		(33,659)		-		(403,951)
Equipment		(2,371,692)		(216,526)		-		(2,588,218)
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,527,606)		(1,366,666)	_			(20,894,272)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		20,630,728		(1,236,351)		1,805,379		21,199,756
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	28,536,869	\$	400,468	\$	-	\$	28,937,337

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government Police Fire Public works Recreation	\$	21,840 92,106 89,230 87,832 83,880
Total depreciation expense	\$	374,888
Business-type activities:		
Electric Gas Water and Sewer Solid Waste Golf Airport	\$	155,735 38,994 858,054 64,306 63,245 186,332
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	1,366,666

Estimated useful lives used to compute depreciation are:

Infrastructure	30 years
Improvements	5-20 years
Equipment	3-10 years
Buildings	20-50 years
Utility Systems	20-75 years

NOTE 7. LEASES

Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance as lessee for financing the acquisition of a 2011 Peterbilt garbage truck for \$214,393.

This lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease term) and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date the equipment is acquired.

The City's equipment under lease has a cost of \$214,393 and no accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2011. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under this capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2011. The effective interest rate at September 30, 2011 is 2.39%.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2011, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Business-Type Activities			
2012	\$	30,624		
2013		45,935		
2014		45,935		
2015		45,935		
2016		45,936		
2017		15,312		
Total Minimum Lease Payments		229,677		
Less Amount Representing Interest		(15,284)		
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$	214,393		

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2011 is composed of the following:

General Obligation Bonds

	Interest	Date of	Date of	Amount	Amount
	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Issue</u>	Last Payment	<u>Issued</u>	Outstanding
Governmental Activities: SPLOST Bonds	3.97%	11/06/08	6/1/2015	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 2,370,000

The following schedule presents debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>			Interest		
2012	\$	560,000	\$	82,973		
2013		580,000		60,344		
2014		605,000		36,822		
2015		625,000		12,406		
Total	\$	2,370,000	\$	192,545		

Revenue Bonds

During the year the City retired the remaining \$1,125,000 of a 2001 Water Sewer Fund bond issue, originally scheduled to be fully paid by June 1, 2012.

Notes Payable

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Date of Last Payment	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Amount Outstanding
Business-type Activities:					
Water/Sewer - System	2.0%	08/01/01	08/01/18	\$ 1,062,522	\$ 481,484
Water/Sewer - System	4.3%	02/01/03	02/01/23	2,020,945	1,365,321
Water/Sewer - System	4.1%	04/15/09	07/01/30	4,658,847	4,658,847
Water/Sewer - System	3.0%	11/01/10	07/01/32	470,630	470,630
				\$ 8,212,944	\$ 6,976,282

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are presented below:

Business-Type A	Activities
-----------------	------------

Principal		Interest
\$ 330,735	\$	268,381
343,132		255,984
356,023		243,094
369,426		229,691
383,361		215,757
1,918,202		855,733
1,608,519		488,153
 1,666,884		172,315
\$ 6,976,282	\$	2,729,108
\$	\$ 330,735 343,132 356,023 369,426 383,361 1,918,202 1,608,519 1,666,884	\$ 330,735 \$ 343,132 356,023 369,426 383,361 1,918,202 1,608,519 1,666,884

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2011:

		eginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>		•	
Governmental activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	134,042	\$	89,714	\$	82,794	\$	140,962	\$	64,125
General Obligation Bonds	2	2,905,000		-		535,000		2,370,000		535,000
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3	,039,042	\$	89,714	\$	617,794	\$	2,510,962	\$	599,125
Business-type activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	124,203	\$	70,103	\$	72,259	\$	122,047	\$	57,362
Revenue Bonds	1	,125,000		-		1,125,000		-		-
Notes Payable	5	,710,554		1,424,573		155,865		6,979,262		335,304
Landfill Closure/Post Closure		73,869		10,034		-		83,903		
	\$ 7	,033,626	\$	1,504,710	\$	1,353,124	\$	7,185,212	\$	392,666

Note 9. OTHER COMMITMENTS

Under the terms of a power sales contract dated October 1, 1975 and for a period not to exceed 50 years, the City agrees to purchase its electric power and energy through the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG). This energy is priced to cover MEAG's cost of operating the system and to retire any debt incurred by MEAG. In return, MEAG agrees to purchase or provide the generating capacity necessary for reliable and economical power output for the City to operate its electric system. In the event that the operating revenues of the City's electric system are insufficient to cover its obligation to MEAG, or the City does not purchase the required amount of electric power and energy as specified in the contract (calculated annually), the City has agreed to assess and collect property tax sufficient to make all remaining payments due under this contract. At September 30, 2011, the outstanding debt of MEAG was \$5,565,801,816. The City's guarantee varies by individual project and totals \$61,282,437.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The City has a non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all full time employees. The plan was established by the City and the authority to amend or discontinue the plan is assigned to the City. The plan, the City of LaFayette Retirement Plan, is administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) a statewide, agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. GMEBS policy direction and oversight for the fund is provided by a 15 member board comprised of elected and appointed municipal officials from among the fund's membership. GMEBS handles all administrative and investment functions relative to the plan. The plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for all employees that have been employed full time for one year and employees are vested after 5 years. Members may retire at age 65 with 5 years of service or at age 55 with 10 years of service. Benefits are calculated at 1% to 1.75% of the average monthly earnings for the period of the five highest years prior to retirement.

The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by contacting the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, C/O Georgia Municipal Association – Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Funding Policy and Pension Cost.

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution in each year. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution as set forth in GASB Statement No. 27. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from May 1, 1982, and the current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan ear. On the basis of the current valuation, it was determined that the current contribution rate is 10.65% of annual covered payroll.

The Plan is subject to the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). The estimated minimum annual contribution under these funding standards is \$401,437. The employer contributes the recommended contribution developed under the actuarial funding policy each year, so it meets or exceeds the requirements of this law.

The recommended contribution to the plan from the actuarial report dated January 1, 2010, was \$425,394 (\$0 employee and \$425,394 employer; 0% and 10.48% of covered payroll respectively). The City's covered payroll for eligible employees was \$3,953,883. Based upon the actuarial valuation of January 1, 2011, the recommended contribution for the coming year is \$438,991, which is 10.65% of estimated payroll of \$4,016,372.

Funded Status

GASB No. 27 requires disclosure of the City's annual pension cost, percentage of annual percentage cost contributed and net pension obligation for the most recent three years.

Three-Year Trend Information

Plan	Employer	Percentage Of APC Contributed	Net (EOY)
Year	Annual Pension		Pension
Ending	<u>Cost (APC)</u>		Obligation
January 1, 2011	\$ 298,314	100%	\$0
January 1, 2010	283,050	100%	
May 1, 2009	273,856	100%	0

Schedule of Funding Progress

						(6)
			(3)			Unfunded
Actuarial			Unfunded			Actuarial
Valuation			Actuarial			Accrued
For			Accrued	(4)		Liability as %
Plan Year	(1)	(2)	Liability	Funded	(5)	Of Covered
Ending	Actuarial Value	Actuarial Accrued	(Excess)	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
<u>1/1</u>	of Assets	<u>Liability</u>	(2) - (1)	(1) / (2)	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>(3) / (5)</u>
2011	\$ 7,905,296	\$ 9,296,670	\$ 1,391,374	85.03%	\$ 4,016,372	34.64%
2010	7,347,268	8,773,552	1,426,284	83.74%	3,953,883	36.07%
2009	5,720,324	8,601,622	2,881,298	66.50%	4,156,934	69.31%

Significant Actuarial Assumptions

Rate of Return on Investment

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarial accrued liability and the annual recommended contribution of the plan meet the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations, establishing generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

7.75% per year

The significant actuarial assumptions used in the current valuation are:

Projected Salary Increase for Inflation	3.5% per year
Postretirement Benefit Increases	Not Applicable
Economic Assumptions	
Annual Rates of increase in Salaries Future Social Security Wage Bases Inflation Rate	Per rate tables 3.5% 3.5%
Cost of Living Adjustment	N/A

Actuarial Methods

Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability

Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method

Level dollar

Actuarial Value of Assets

Roll forward prior year's actuarial value with contributions, disbursements, and expected return on investments, plus (minus) 10% of the amount that Market Value of Assets exceeds (is less than) Expected Actuarial Value of Assets

The plan provisions and actuarial assumptions and cost methods are the same as those used to determine the contribution requirement for the preceding year.

As of January 1, 2011, the plan membership includes the following categories of participants:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	49
Vested active participants	102
Nonvested participants	<u>19</u>
Total	<u>239</u>

NOTE 11. SPECIAL LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

In June 1998, voters approved a referendum to continue collection of a 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax. Collection of the tax began on October 1, 1998 with the first payment received in December 1998. The proceeds from this sales tax are to be used to pay principal and interest installments on the 1998 Public Facilities Revenue Bonds and to construct various water/sewer, airport, recreation, street and sidewalk improvements.

In June 2003, voters approved a referendum to continue collection of a 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax. Collection is schedule to begin on October 1, 2003 and end September 2008. The City's distributive share of this tax is projected to be \$3,209,250 or 11.67%. The proceeds from this sales tax are to be used for acquisition and construction of improvements and the purchase of equipment for public safety, solid waste, recreation and water and sewer, the acquisition of public works equipment, the acquisition, construction and equipping of new streetscapes, new buildings and improvements for public works and equipment, building and improvements for the municipal airport.

In June 2008, voters approved a referendum to continue collection of a 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax. Collection is schedule to begin on October 1, 2008 and end September 2014. The City's distributive share of this tax is projected to be \$4,434,600, or 11.67%. The proceeds from this sales tax are to be used for acquisition and construction of improvements and the purchase of equipment for public safety, solid waste, recreation and water and sewer, the acquisition of public works equipment, the acquisition, construction and equipping of new streetscapes, new buildings and improvements for public works and equipment.

NOTE 12. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following General Fund departments as follows:

General Government	\$ 72,703
Police	101,949
Public Works	558,006
Recreation	20,750
Garage	42,664

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Drug Task Force and Lab Technology Special Revenue Funds.

In order to prevent excess expenditures in the following years, the City's management will monitor monthly budget reports and make adjustments or amendments when necessary, with approval from the City Council.

The fund balance in the City of LaFayette General Fund was a negative \$475,077 for the year ended September 30, 2011.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has joined with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for its property and liability insurance, and the Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF) for injuries to employees. Both are public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds and to promptly report all incidents which could results in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made again the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect its members against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

During the past three fiscal years the cost of any settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 14. UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUES

Governmental fund unearned/deferred revenue at year-end is current year property tax revenues of \$14,763.

NOTE 15. RESTRICTED ASSETS

At September 30, 2011, the restricted assets account balances are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:

	General				
Restricted assets:					
Cash-Perpetual care	\$	116,276			
Cash-Bond Debt Service		425,845			
Total restricted assets	\$	542,121			

Business-type activities

Wa	ater/Sewer		Electric	Solid Waste		
\$	_	\$	1,337,611	\$	-	
	8,025		-		-	
	3,170		-		_	
	-		-		214,415	
	873,722		_			
\$	884,917	\$	1,337,611	\$	214,415	
	\$	8,025 3,170 - 873,722	\$ - \$ 8,025 3,170 - 873,722	\$ - \$ 1,337,611 8,025 - 3,170 - 873,722 -	\$ - \$ 1,337,611 \$ 8,025 - 3,170 - 873,722 -	

NOTE 16. FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS

Reserves are used to indicate that a portion of the fund balance/net assets is not available for appropriation or is legally segregated for specific future use. The following reserves are used by the City:

General and Capital Projects Funds:

Reserved for capital projects-Reserved for completion of construction projects financed by SPLOST proceeds.

Water & Sewer Fund:

Reserved for Debt Service and Renewals and Replacement. These reserves were created in conjunction with the issuance of revenue bonds and are funded by initial deposits from the proceeds of such bonds and by transfers from the revenue accounts to accounts that are restricted to debt service and payments for system renewals and extensions.

Fiduciary Fund:

Held in trust for revolving loans-This reserve was created to segregate a portion of the net assets as required by grant agreement.

NOTE 17. LANDFILL CLOSURE/POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The City of LaFayette operates a municipal solid waste landfill for City use only and does not accept waste from any outside parties. State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a period of 30 years after closure. While the City has immaterial operating costs related to the current activity at the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on projected future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred.

The recognition of these costs is based on the amount of landfill space used to date. The liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs at September 30, 2011 is \$83,903. Estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care remaining to be recognized is \$408,016. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to the effects of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The City currently meets applicable financial assurance requirements.

The landfill capacity used to date is approximately 17.0%. According to the most recent study, at the current usage rate, the estimated remaining life of the landfill is 58 years.

NOTE 18. HOTEL/MOTEL TAX REVENUES AND TOURISM EXPENDITURES

The City of LaFayette levies a 5% hotel/motel tax in accordance with provisions of the Official Code of Georgia section 48-13-51. This code section requires that the City expend an amount equal to the amount by which the total taxes collected under this section exceed the taxes that would be collected at a rate of 3 percent. For the year ended September 30, 2011, the amount the City collected was \$22,972. In accordance with a contractual agreement, 100% of the 2% difference in collections had been paid to the Walker County Chamber of Commerce and was to be used for promotion of tourism.

NOTE 19. JOINT VENTURE

The City of LaFayette is a member of the Coosa Valley Regional Development Center (RDC). The RDC was created under the laws of the State of Georgia and cities and counties in the area served by the RDC are required to be members. The membership of the RDC includes 10 counties and 35 municipalities. The City has no equity interest in the RDC nor does the City materially contribute to the continued existence of the RDC. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 50-8-39.1 states that in the event the RDC ceases operation, the membership can be assessed for any debt or obligation of the RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from: Coosa Valley Regional Development Center, P. O. Box 1793, Rome, Georgia 30162.

Note 20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City had a prior period adjustment of \$93,174 in the Water/Sewer fund to correct prior year depreciation computation errors for existing assets. There was a \$48,940 prior period adjustment in the Solid Waste fund to adjust for prior year landfill closure/postclosure liability accruals.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHEDULES
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHEDULES
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHEDULES
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHEDULES
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

				Spec						
				Reve	nue					
	Police Technology				Police Forfeiture		Hotel Motel		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	20,128	\$	15,759	\$	1,856	\$	-	\$	37,743
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaids		-		-		-		_		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Notes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Cash - Restricted			_							
Total Assets	\$	20,128	\$	15,759	\$	1,856	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	37,743
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable		-		_		-		-		-
Accrued Payable & Withholdings		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		24,073		-		-		35,726		59,799
Compensated Absences		-		-		-		-		-
Customer Deposits		-		_		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue						_				
Total Liabilities		24,073						35,726		59,799
Fund Balance: Reserved for: Capital Projects		_		_		_		_		_
Unreserved		(3,945)		15,759		1,856		(35,726)		(22,056)
Total Fund Balances		(3,945)		15,759		1,856	_	(35,726)		(22,056)
I Olai Fuliu DalaiiCES		(3,540)	_	10,708			_	(00,120)		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	20,128	\$	15,759	\$	1,856	\$		\$	37,743

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

				ecial enue		. 11440	T		
	Police Technolog	<u>y</u>	Police	Police Forfeiture	Hotel Motel		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES	•		Φ.	•	•	00.070	φ.	22.072	
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	22,972	\$	22,972	
Grant Revenue		-	-	-		-		-	
Licenses and Permits		-	_	-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-		-	
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	040 556	-		-		240,556	
Fines and Forfeitures		-	240,556	-		-		240,550	
Charges for Services		-	-	-		-		_	
Contributions and donations		-	-	-		-		-	
Miscellaneous Income	•	-	- 111	- 1		-		- 154	
Interest Income		36	114	4					
Total Revenues	3	<u> 86</u>	240,670	4		22,972		263,682	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		-	-	-		-		-	
Police	4,02	28	107,388	-		-		111,416	
Fire		-	-	-		-		-	
Public Works		-	-	-		-		-	
Engineering		-	-	-		-		-	
Recreation		-	-	-		11,226		11,226	
Garage		-	-	-		-		-	
Animal Control		-	-	-		-		-	
Intergovernmental Expenditures		-	100,239	-		-		100,239	
Capital Outlay:									
General Government		-	_	-		-		-	
Streets and Roads		-	-	-		-		-	
Public Safety		-	-	-		-		-	
Recreation		_							
Total Expenditures	4,02	<u>8</u>	207,627			11,226	_	222,881	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,99	<u>)2</u>)	33,043	4		11,746		40,801	
·									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(40.705)			(47.470)		(CA 177)	
Transfers - Out		-	(16,705)	-		(47,472)		(64,177)	
Transfers - In		-	-	-		-		-	
Sale of capital assets		<u>-</u>			_				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_	(16,705)	-	_	(47,472)		(64,177)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,99	2)	16,338	4		(35,726)		(23,376)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	4	17	(580)	1,853		<u>-</u>		1,320	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ (3,94	<u>15</u>)	\$ 15,758	<u>\$ 1,857</u>	\$	(35,726)	\$	(22,056)	

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amoi	ınts				
	Original		Final		Actual			ance with I Budget
REVENUES	_		_	80.500	•	00.070	•	(0.500)
Taxes	\$	29,500	\$_	29,500	\$	22,972	\$	(6,528)
Total Revenues		29,500		29,500		22,972	•	(6,528)
EXPENDITURES								
Tourism Promotion		5,000		5,000		11,226		(6,226)
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		11,226		(6,226)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		24,500		24,500		11,746		(12,754)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,500) (24,500)		(24,500) (24,500)		(47,472) (47,472)		(22,972) (22,972)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(35,726)		(35,726)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year						-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(35,726)	\$	(35,726)

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 2008 SPLOST

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Project Length Budgeted Amounts Variance with Final Budget Actual Original Final **REVENUES** (3,800,329)4,434,600 4,434,600 \$ 634,271 Taxes Intergovernmental 3,858 3,858 Interest Income (3,796,471)4,434,600 638,129 4,434,600 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Current: 45 (45)General Government Debt Service: (535,000)535,000 Principal (104,709)104,709 Interest **Bond Issuance Costs** 4,373,041 61,559 4,434,600 4,434,600 Capital Outlays 3,733,287 701,313 4,434,600 4,434,600 **Total Expenditures** Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (63, 184)(63, 184)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 2008 Bonds Issued Transfers - In Transfers - Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63, 184)(63, 184)Net Change in Fund Balance 815,105 815,105 Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year

751,921

751,921

\$

Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE SPECIAL REVENUE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES			,					
Fines and Forfeitures Interest	\$	216,500 150	\$	216,500 150	\$	240,556 114	\$	24,056 (36)
Total Revenues		216,650		216,650		240,670	····	24,020
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Police		216,650		216,650		107,388		109,262
Total Expenditures		216,650		216,650		107,388		109,262
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u>				133,282		133,282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Payments to Other Governments		_		-		(100,239)		(100,239)
Transfers - Out		_		_		(16,704)		(16,704)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_		(116,943)		(116,94 <u>3</u>)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		16,339		16,339
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		-			_	(580)		(580)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	15,759	\$	15,759

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE FORFEITURE SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budgete	d Amo	unts				
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						,		
Fines and Forfeitures Interest	\$	2,590 10	\$	2,590 10	\$	3	\$	(2,590) (7)
Total Revenues		2,600		2,600		3		(2,597)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Police		2,600		2,600		-		2,600
Total Expenditures		2,600		2,600				2,600
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						3		3
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out		<u>-</u>		<u>.</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		3		3
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		-		-		1,853		1,853
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,856	\$	1,856

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Fine Add-Ons	\$	10	\$	10	\$	-	\$	(10)
Interest		10		10		36		26
Total Revenues		20		20		36		26
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Police		20		20		4,028		(4,008)
Total Expenditures		20		20		4,028		(4,008)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						(3,992)		(3,982)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out						_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(3,992)		(3,982)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year				-		47		47
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(3,945)	\$	(3,935)

STATISTICAL SECTION

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CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATISTICAL SECTION SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGES
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	67-71
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue source, the property tax.	72-75
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the Agency's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	76-79
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	80-81
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	82-84

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Net Assets By Component Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007		2008	2009		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	6,925,052 655,1 4 2 817,772	\$	5,415,144 159,095 (478,789)	\$ 2,587,120 370,207 1,888,574	\$	3,851,948 372,480 430,307	\$	4,645,389 1,741,229 (1,953,591)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	8,397,966	\$	5,095,450	\$ 4,845,901	\$	4,654,735	\$	4,433,027
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net assets	\$ <u>\$</u>	18,053,148 1,202,647 2,626,272 21,882,067	\$ <u>\$</u>	21,967,815 1,229,047 1,538,196 24,735,058	\$ 21,644,406 1,230,702 2,666,153 25,541,261	\$ \$	21,723,541 1,156,598 3,851,985 26,732,124	\$	21,958,075 217,585 4,142,161 26,317,821
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	24,978,200 1,857,789 3,444,044	\$	27,382,959 1,388,142 1,059,407	\$ 24,231,526 1,600,909 4,554,727	\$	25,575,489 1,529,078 4,282,292	\$	26,603,464 1,958,814 2,188,570
Total primary government net assets	\$	30,280,033	\$	29,830,508	\$ 30,387,162	\$	31,386,859	<u>\$</u>	30,750,848

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Net Assets Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$	936,752	\$	984,479	\$	1,071,282	\$	984,125	\$	1,079,171
Police		1,354,576		1,596,423		1,616,848		1,731,578		1,804,053
Fire		273,813		381,843		411,645		424,828		427,647
Public Works		949,226		959,681		952,337		1,198,003		1,122,605
Engineering		313,863		371,007		313,018		241,806		211,138
Recreation		845,284		990,485		836,134		880,389		872,255
Garage		171,259		239,752		170,778		172,978		221,800
Animal Control		45,876		49,090		49,073		57,768	_	46,076
Interest on Long-term Debt		-		_		88,112		125,154	_	187,682
Total governmental activities expenses	_	<u>4,890,649</u>		5,572,760	_	5,509,227		5,816,629		5,972,427
Business-type activities:		7 470 045		0.445.040		E 044 777		C 250 027		6 797 900
Electric		7,476,015		6,415,012		5,941,777		6,356,037		6,787,899
Gas		3,173,016		3,195,382 3,092,514		2,524,138		2,326,496 3,166,961		2,250,743 3,271,779
Water & Sewer Solid Waste		3,050,299 566,598		5,092,514 571,896		3,062,970 468,771		547,797		577,842
Golf		663,517		720,431		729,031		768,208		805,176
Airport		203,707		288,331		338,773		348,963		375,148
Total business-type activities expenses		15,133,152		14,283,566		13,065,460	_	13,514,462		14,068,587
Total primary government expenses	\$	20.023.801	\$	19,856,326	\$	18.574.687	\$	19,331,091	\$_	20,041,014
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General Government	\$	744,994	\$	727,865	\$	741,448	\$	762,271	\$	789,344
Police	•	234,411	-	265,671		226,688		331,889		343,163
Fire		-		-		-		_		-
Public Works		36,705		62,065		63,480		39,650		38,750
Engineering		-		-		10,619		7,041		15,955
Recreation		121,526		114,843		106,635		124,327		126,270
Garage				-		-		-		-
Animal Control		78		48		124		59		60.242
Operating grants and conributions		84,164		73,729		37,162		72,571		68,212
Capital grants and contributions		262,651		41,474	_	279,448 1,465,604	_	222,297 1,560,105		276,066 1,657,804
Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities:	_	1,484,529		1,285,695	_	1,400,004		1,500,105	_	1,007,004
Charges for services:										
Electric		6,952,011		7,150,710		7,313,826		8,082,649		7,454,354
Gas		3,698,030		3,692,304		3,079,206		2,977,647		2,726,493
Water & Sewer		3,276,325		3,170,295		3,322,222		3,688,544		3,754,331
Solid Waste		422,076		470,525		504,938		485,433		490,800
Golf		539,918		527,709		598,882		554,463		572,607
Airport		118,819		114,928		99,184		112,222		122,131
Operating grants and conributions		-		-				.		
Capital grants and contributions		45 007 470		1,391,617		75,211		301,847		355,939
Total business-type activities program revenues		15,007,179		16,518,088		14,993,469	_	16,202,805	_	15,476,655
Total primary government program revenues	-	16,491,708		17,803,783		16,459,073		17,762,910	_	17,134,459
Net (expense) revenue						(4.6.45.=====		/4 050 55 **		/4 64 4 665
Governmental activities		(3,406,120)		(4,287,065)		(4,043,623)		(4,256,524)		(4,314,623)
Business-type activities		(125,973)		2,234,522		1,928,009		2,688,343		1,408,068
Total primary government net (expense)		(3,532,093)		(2,052,543)		(2,115,614)		(1,568,181)	_	(2,906,555)

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Net Assets Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in	2007	2000			
Net Assets					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property	438,279	507,138	533,775	464,412	472,937
Sales	1,006,545	545,066	1,380,487	1,116,086	1,149,233
Hotel/Motel	29,975	29,153	27,889	28,065	22,972
Insurance Premium	351,184	366,324	375,099	371,580	360,781
Business/Occupation	76,763	74,973	75,158	76,521	71,226
Beverage	129,065	123,495	132,496	117,584	122,097
Franchise	216,981	266,226	279,595	268,837	291,322
Other	30,846	625,632	375,690	16,166	11,882
Investment Earnings	40,547	22,316	45,862	25,067	6,048
Miscellaneous	304,805	126,193	41,230	62,563	23,751
Payments to Other Governments	(165,148)	(200,471)	(87,013)	(116,103)	(100,239)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	· -	(1,378,995)	44,200	17,381	-
Transfers	1,974,000	(122,501)	989,519	1,617,199	1,691,150
Total governmental activities	4,433,842	984,549	4,213,987	4,065,358	4,123,160
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	209,097	108,671	39,503	10,104	9,589
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		(258,915)	745	115,561	1,304
Transfers	(1,974,000)	122,501	(989,519)	(1,617,199)	(1,691,150)
Total business-type activities	(1,764,903)	(27,743)	(949,271)	(1,491,534)	(1,680,257)
Total primary government	\$ 2,668,939	\$ 956,806	\$ 3,264,716	\$ 2,573,824	\$ 2,442,903
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$ 1,027,722				
Business-type activities	(1,890,876)	2,206,779	978,738	1,196,809	(272,189)
Total primary government	\$ (863,154)	\$ (1,095,737)	\$ 1,149,102	\$ 1,005,643	\$ (463,652)

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Five Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
General Fund Nonspendable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,190
Restricted Committed	-		-		-		-		116,276
Unassigned	 <u>835,558</u>	_	702,378		749,250		196,308		(626,543)
Total general fund	\$ 835,558	<u>\$</u>	702,378	<u>\$</u>	749,250	<u>\$</u>	196,308	\$	(475,077)
All other governmental funds		_	(222 222)		.=	•	070 400	•	
Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 655,142	\$	(338,635)	\$	370,207 -	\$	372,480 -	\$	- 765,591
Committed Unassigned	 38,099	_	(583,994)		1,349,121		443,945	_	(35,726)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 693,241	\$	(922,629)	\$	1,719,328	\$	816,425	\$	729,865

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Five Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						0000		0040		2044
Revenues		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>
Taxes	\$	2,279,636	\$	1,856,607	\$	2,708,982	\$	2,401,737	\$	1,819,765
Grant Revenue	Ψ	262,651	Ψ	53,551	Ψ	129,917	Ψ	249,387	Ψ	265.329
Licenses and Permits		29,521		17,011		11,519		8,191		20,259
Intergovernmental		64,133		39,624		180,545		340		678,286
Payments in lieu of taxes		0-1,100		17,811		30,907		12,212		12,212
Fines and Forfeitures		234,411		278,683		273,686		365,015		377,112
Charges for Services		907,498		232,636		223,217		227,744		221,676
Contributions and donations		-		3,281		7,015		8		3,779
Miscellaneous Income		271,796		1,448,638		1,127,298		813,863		786,787
Interest Income		40,547		22,293		45,848		25,000		6,048
Total revenues	_	4,090,193		3,970,135		4,738,934	_	4,103,497		4,191,253
Expenditures										
General Government		874,087		885,421		927,908		931.920		1,019,574
Police		1,288,673		1.494,251		1,406,363		1,595,702		1,652,233
Fire		252,814		322,461		294,913		325,242		323,770
Public Works		888,993		862,912		787,221		1,073,030		1,017,074
Engineering		313,303		331,100		278,499		232,890		205,498
Recreation		739,367		850,184		740.019		802.517		765,844
Garage		170,945		200,080		152,250		167,943		211,514
Animal Control		45,876		49,090		43,749		55,980		44,564
Intergovernmental Expenditures		165,148		125,869		87,013		116,103		100,239
Principal		· -		-		_		495,000		535,000
Interest		_		-		88,112		125,154		104,709
Bond Issuance Costs		_		-		105,807		-		-
Capital Outlay		705,815		1,995,556		1,122,077		1,113,142		633,329
Total expenditures		5,445,021	_	7,116,924		6,033,931	_	7,034,623		6,613,348
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,354,828)		(3,146,789)		(1,294,997)		(2,931,126)		(2,422,095)
Other financing sources (uses)										
2008 Bonds Issued		-		_		3,400,000		-		-
Transfers out		(187,275)		(566,635)		(984,700)		(974,461)		(91,177)
Transfers in		2,161,275		1,941,100		1,524,326		2,432,361		1,755,327
Sale of capital assets	_			23,273	_	44,200	_	17,381	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,974,000		1,397,738		3,983,826	_	1,475,281		1,664,150
Net change in fund balances	\$	619,172	\$	(1,749,051)	\$	2,688,829	\$	(1,455,845)	\$	(757,945)
Debt service as a percentage of non capital expenditures		0.0%		0.0%		3.9%		10.5%		10.7%

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Eight Fiscal Years

Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾ as a	Percentage of Actual Value	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Estimated	Actual Taxable Value	335,751,613	329,592,070	362,204,753	370,028,303	370,027,053	358,483,508	347,138,173	340,795,753
Total	Direct Tax Rate	3.31	3.20	3.00	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99
	Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 134,300,645	131,836,828	144,881,901	148,011,321	148,010,821	143,393,403	138,855,269	136,318,301
Less:	Tax Exempt Property	\$ 18,087,874	19,205,764	12,732,550	12,781,998	12,781,998	15,266,054	17,039,910	13,694,518
roperty	Other	3,094,031	3,068,048	3,392,759	3,687,189	3,687,189	3,704,303	3,308,916	2,979,759
Personal Property	Motor Vehicles	9 ι	•			r	•	•	ı
	Commercial Property	39,305,084	37,214,445	37,757,322	38,307,577	38,307,577	39,974,969	41,235,497	41,860,053
Real Property	Industrial Property	\$ 54,650,805 \$	54,590,950	48,118,166	48,454,969	48,454,469	43,460,692	39,362,080	33,188,102
	Residential Property	\$ 55,338,599	56,169,149	68,346,204	70,343,584	70,343,584	71,519,493	71,988,686	71,984,905
Fiscal	September 30	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Source: Property in Walker County is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at approximately 40 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by this percentage. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

⁽¹⁾ Includes tax-exempt property.

⁽²⁾ Data not currently available earlier than 2004. As it becomes available, and as future years' data accrue, ten years' worth of trend data will be presented.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governments Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Rates	Overlappi	ng Rates	
Fiscal Year	City of Lafayette Operating Millage	Walker County (A)	State of Georgia	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2002	3.60	20.59	0.25	24.44
2003	3.34	20.57	0.25	24.16
2004	3.31	20.57	0.25	24.13
2005	3.20	22.56	0.25	26.01
2006	3.00	22.33	0.25	25.58
2007	2.99	22.29	0.25	25.53
2008	2.99	22.29	0.25	25.53
2009	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2010	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2011	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31

⁽A) Includes levy for Walker County Board of Education

⁽B) This statewide levy is collected for the State by the County on the basis of the County's assessed value (40% of fair market value)

City of Lafayette, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago September 30, 2011

		2011			2001	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Ropcor I P	\$ 16.352.010	~	12.0%	\$ 28,095,393	-	19 89%
Georgia Windstream, Inc.		. 2	1.9%) 1
Zorn, Eric, As Trustee	2,423,322	က	1.8%	1		J
Walmart	2,333,637	4	1.7%	2,284,134	4	1.62%
Blue Bird of N. Georgia	1,438,405	5	1.1%	7,036,492	2	4.98%
Syntec Industries	1,430,816	9	1.0%	1		1
LaFayette Station	1,274,826	7	%6.0	E		•
Lucky Pointe LP	971,183	∞	0.7%	•		•
NorthEast Enterprises	945,136	တ	0.7%	1		•
Unique Fabricating South	920,289	9	0.7%	•		•
Georgia Alltel Telecom	ſ		1	2,578,956	က	1.83%
Bretlin, Inc	•			2,034,680	5	1.44%
Colorspectrum	•			1,682,732	ဖ	1.19%
William J. Wade, Trustee	1		•	1,548,092	7	1.10%
Ronile of Georgia	•			1,358,553	∞	0.96%
Kmart Corporation	1		•	1,194,819	တ	0.85%
JDN Enterprises	ı		ı	1,177,229	10	0.83%
Totals	\$ 30,656,147		22.5%	\$ 48,991,080		34.69%

Source:Walker County Tax Commissioner

Total Taxable Assessed Value 136,3

136,318,301

City of Lafayette, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections September 30, 2011

Fiscal Year	Ta	xes Levied		l within the r of the Levy	_ 0	Collections	 Total Collec	tions to Date
Ended June 30,		for the iscal year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	ln :	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2002	\$	431,995	\$ 422,586	97.8%	\$	8,775	\$ 431,361	99.9%
2003		419,595	400,824	95.5%		5,552	406,376	96.8%
2004		393,199	381,394	97.0%		10,500	391,894	99.7%
2005		410,943	395,902	96.3%		13,700	409,602	99.7%
2006		386,687	382,371	98.9%		3,746	386,117	99.9%
2007		403,693	387,906	96.1%		8,350	396,256	98.2%
2008		442,552	361,551	81.7%		39,939	401,490	90.7%
2009		454,485	370.025	81.4%		10,444	380,469	83.7%
2010		401,490	378,712	94.3%		19,167	397,879	99.1%
2011		399,173	381,666	95.6%			381,666	95.6%

Source:Walker County Tax Commissioner

City of Lafayette, Georgia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

•	Gove	Governmental Acitivities	ivities		Busi	ness	Business-type Activities	es							
	General Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	Capitilized Leases	Ŗè ≥	Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds	Not	Notes Payable	ß J	Capitilized Leases	. Q	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	Per Capita Income	Population Per Capita Income
	\$ 215,000	\$ 235,500	<i></i>	€7	4 685 000	€.	2 359 531	64	143 527	64	7 638 558	7 18%	1 140	4 15 867	\$ 106 340 634
		89,121		•	4,325,000	•	2,943,927	•	· •	>	7.358.048	5.12%	1,102	21.542	143,814,392
	r	•	Ī		3,940,000		2,822,026		ı		6,762,026	4.38%	1,010	23,093	154,538,356
	1	1			3,535,000		2,695,988		r		6,230,988	5.77%	916	15,867	107,911,467
	•	1	•		3,105,000		2,739,607		,		5,844,607	3.66%	841	22,979	159,612,134
	1	r	•		2,670,000		2,562,113				5,232,113	3.15%	753	23,942	166,301,132
	•	ı	•		2,185,000		2,377,656		,		4,562,656	5.10%	661	12,967	89,472,300
	3,400,000	1	•		1,680,000		3,574,017		1		8,654,017	9.67%	1,254	12,967	89,472,300
	2,905,000	r	•		1,125,000		5,710,556		•		9,740,556	10.89%	1,412	12,967	89,472,300
	2,370,000	1	1				6,979,262		214.393		9,563,655	10.88%	1,386	12,743	87.926.700

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 76 for person income and population data.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2011

Governmental unit	0	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ⁽¹⁾	•	stimated Share of verlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:Walker County	\$	4,428,377	12%	\$	531,405
City of Lafayette direct debt		2,370,000	100%		2,370,000
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	6,798,377		\$	2,901,405

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Walker County Tax Commissioner. Debt outstanding data provided by Walker County and the City.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and business of the City of Lafayette. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Utility Service Charges	(Less: Operating	ı	Net Available	 Debt S	 	
Year	2	ind Other		Expenses		Revenue	 Principal	<u>Interest</u> _	Coverage
2003	\$	2,925,570	\$	1,775,367	\$	1,150,203	\$ 550,000	\$ 132,995	1.7
2004		3,120,287		1,916,832		1,203,455	575,000	104,413	1.8
2005		3,024,137		1,918,945		1,105,192	405,000	192,375	1.9
2006		3,213,657		1,926,659		1,286,998	430,000	167,385	2.2
2007		3,047,748		2,819,078		228,670	510,000	111,090	0.4
2008		3,032,877		2,917,010		115,867	530,000	90,720	0.2
2009		3,253,674		2,258,290		995,384	505,000	84,461	1.7
2010		3,697,314		2,292,818		1,404,496	555,000	133,166	2.0
2011		3,763,252		2,409,801		1,353,451	1,125,000	97,101	1.1

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Utility service charges and other includes water/sewer charges and investment earnings but not tap fees. Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt limit	\$ 14,128,178	\$ 14,128,178 \$ 15,115,796 \$ 16,859,233 \$ 16,155,761 \$ 14,488,190 \$ 14,801,132 \$ 14,801,082 \$ 14,339,340 \$ 15,275,046 \$ 14,719,726	\$ 16,859,233	\$ 16,155,761	\$ 14,488,190	\$ 14,801,132	\$ 14,801,082	\$ 14,339,340	\$ 15,275,046	\$ 14,719,726
Total net debt applicable to limit	215,000							3,400,000	2,905,000	2,370,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 13,913,178	\$ 13,913,178 \$ 15,115,796	\$ 16,859,233	\$ 16,155,761	\$ 14,488,190	\$ 14,801,132	\$ 14,801,082	\$ 10,939,340	\$ 12,370,046	\$ 12,349,726
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.52%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	23.71%	19.02%	16.10%
							Legal Debt Marg	in Calculation fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2011	~
							Total taxable assessed value	essed value		\$ 147,197,256
							Debt limit (10% of assessed taxable value)	f assessed taxable	e value)	14,719,726
							General obligation bonds	ation bonds		2,370,000
							Legal debt margin	_		\$ 12,349,726

Note: The Constitution of the State of Georgia Article IX, Section V limits outstanding general obligation debt to 10 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property.

City of LaFayette, Georgia Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Population	Per Capita	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate/Percent
Year	Population	income	Age	Schooling	Emonnent	Nate/Fercent
2002	6,702	15,867	37.1	12	8,509	3.5
2003	6,676	21,542	37.1	12	8,500	3.0
2004	6,692	23,093	38.0	12	8,930	2.5
2005	6,801	15,867	37.1	12	9,000	4.7
2006	6,946	22,979	37.0	12	9,290	4.5
2007	6,946	23,942	37.0	12	9,143	6.4
2008	6,900	12,967	37.0	12	9,337	5.8
2009	6,900	12,967	38.0	12	9,279	10.4
2010	7,121	12,967	38.0	12	9,198	9.8
2011	7,121	13,849	38.0	12	9,064	9.4

Sources: NW Georgia Joint Development Authority, Georgia Department of Education, and the most recent U.S. Census

⁽¹⁾ Estimated

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND ONE YEAR AGO

2010

3,752

			Percentage Of		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total	Employees	Rank
Walker Co Bd of Education	1,444	1	38.49%	1,250	2
Roper Corp	1,250	2	33.32%	1,444	1
Walker Co Government	380	3	10.13%	251	4
Walmart	251	4	6.69%	380	3
City of LaFayette	136	5	3.62%	92	6
Walker co Sheriff Dept	120	6	3.20%	136	7
Symtac Ind	92	7	2.45%	120	5
Bank of LaFayette	53	8	1.41%	53	9
Quality Cpt Cushion	26	9	0.69%	26	10

100.0%

3,752

2011

Source: Georgia Department of Labor

Totals

City of Lafayette, Georgia Number of City Employees By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	11
Police	17	18	19	19	19	19	19	21	23	23
Fire	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Garage	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3
Culture and recreation	15	15	15	15	15	13	12	9	10	10
Public works	13	15	17	16	16	16	16	14	14	15
Sanitation	11	7	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	6
Total	<u>70</u>	69	<u>71</u>	70	<u>70</u>	69	68	63	<u>67</u>	73

City of Lafayette, Georgia Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2002	2003	[N	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police Physical arrests		386	414		467	430	411	363	202	462	423	485
Parking violations Traffic violations		136 1.317	145 1.367		75 1.552	98	125 878	980	25	11 763	20	21
Fire Emergency responses Fires extinguished		187	166 34	•	215 65	231	206 45	360 92	326 55	553 78	655 64	751 64
Culture and recreation Participation fees Library volumes	↔	82,987 76,000	\$ 94,201 76,000	8	86,839 76,000	\$ 98,467 101,257	\$ 111,150 69,002	\$ 129,808 70,000	\$118,484 69,297	\$117,482 71,203	\$116,762 76,985	\$130,937 75,847
Public works Street resurfacing miles		1.40	1.40		1.02	1.00	1.13	1.37	1.15	1.09	0.53	1.01
Housing and development Building permits issued		310	221		230	147	149	113	73	59	09	46
Sanitation Number customers		2,711	2,702		2,692	2,695	2,685	2,763	2,773	2704	2,686	2,858

City of Lafayette, Georgia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police Stations Vehicles	17	- €	- 6	1 6	19	- 6	1 20	20	23	1 23
Culture and recreation Acreage Baseball/softball fields Soccer/football fields	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 6 3	147.5 6 3	147.5 10 5	147.5 9 5
Public works Miles of streets	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1
Housing and development Building permits issued	310	221	230	147	149	113	113	29	90	46
Sanitation Collection vehicles	ო	က	ო	က	ო	ო	ო	ო	က	ო

		•	

COMPLIANCE SECTION

P.O. BOX 473 CARTERSVILLE, GA 30120 (770) 382-3361 FAX (770) 386-8382



EARL WILLIAMSON LLOYD WILLIAMSON

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of LaFayette, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of LaFayette, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of LaFayette, Georgia's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. These deficiencies are listed as findings 09-2 and 10-1 in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiencies described above are not material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of LaFayette, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did disclose instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 09-2 and 10-1.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, in a separate letter dated January 30, 2012.

The City of LaFayette, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City of LaFayette, Georgia's responses and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and the Georgia Department of Audits and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Williamson and Company Certified Public Accountants

Williamson and Company

January 30, 2012

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Finding 09-2 Monthly and Year-End Adjusting Entries

Continues from previous year, some improvements have been made but it continues to be a finding and a problem for statements at year end.

Condition: The City required numerous adjusting and reclassifying entries at year-end. This results in the monthly statements being unreliable for the City Manager and council to use for planning and decision-making, in addition to contributing to budget overruns as items are correctly reclassified, sometimes resulting in departmental overruns.

Criteria: The monthly general ledger should be reviewed and adjusted as needed. The general ledger should be reconciled to subsidiary ledgers or other supporting documents.

Recommendation: The monthly working trial balance should be printed each month and the "month-end" balances compared to the following:

Reconciled cash
Outstanding billing reports
Accounts payable reports
Unpaid property tax reports
Others as needed

Management's response: As part of the change in City Managers there is a renewed emphasis on Department Heads paying close attention to the monthly reports, prepared by the Finance Department, and verifying expenses and resolving discrepancies with Finance as they occur. Additionally, the city will enforce an earlier purchasing close out for the fiscal year; more than likely to be set between September 10 and September 15, 2012. This should help ensure the vast majority of invoices are received and processed in the fiscal year in which they are incurred. We are also looking into an opportunity to having the Walker County Tax Commissioner bill and collect the City taxes, for a fee, and converting/reallocating the existing Tax Clerk's position to handle additional financial issues.

Finding 10-1 Budget Reports

Condition: The City's actual expenditures exceeded the general fund budget as follows:

General Government	\$ 72,703
Police	101,949
Public Works	558,006
Recreation	20,750
Garage	42,664

Criteria: The budget should control the expenditures for the City.

Recommendation: As the actual expenditures start to exceed the budget an amendment to the budget should be made or the expense should not be incurred. The City Manager and City Council should review the "budget vs. actual" expenditure report each month to make certain the City does not exceed approved spending levels.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Management's response: As mentioned in the previous Finding, with a new City Manager comes policy changes to address day to day operational activities. We will implement a mid-year budget review with City Council to make needed/required revenue and expenditure changes to the budget. Additionally, this will provide an additional opportunity to remind staff and the Department Heads that they must live within their approved budgets. Additional finance staff or reallocation of positions should also help us better track expenditures and keep the departments within their approved budgets.

City of LaFayette, Georgia Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

Project		Estimat	ed C	ost	 	Ехре	enditures	
		Priginal		Current	 Prior Years		urrent Year	Total
SPLOST V Roads & Streets	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 367,405	\$	-	\$ 367,405
Other Projects Admin Equipment		-		-	33,613			33,613
Public Safety Equipment		-		-	244,253		-	244,253
Solid Waste Equipment		-		-	306,442		-	306,442
Public Works Equipment Streetscapes		- -		- -	153,805 317,371		-	153,805 317,371
Recreation Equipment Site Improvements				-	21,436 920,279		61,157 402	82,593 920,681
Airport Buildings Site Improvements		-		-	34,457		- -	- 34,457
Water and Sewer Equipment Improvements		-		- -	- 121,937		- -	- 121,937
Gas								00.744
Equipment Improvements		-		- -	29,711 -		-	29,711 -
Electric								
Equipment Improvements		-		-	3,046 -		-	3,046 -
Golf								
Equipment Improvements		<u>-</u>			 59,41 <u>6</u>			59,41 <u>6</u>
Total other projects		4,234,600		4,234,600	 2,245,766		61,559	 2,307,325
Total for all projects	<u>\$</u>	4,434,600	\$	4,434,600	\$ 2,613,171	\$	61,559	\$ 2,674,730

Note: This schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.