# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013

**Max Morrison** 

**Interim City Manager** 

By Authority Of

**Mayor and Council** 

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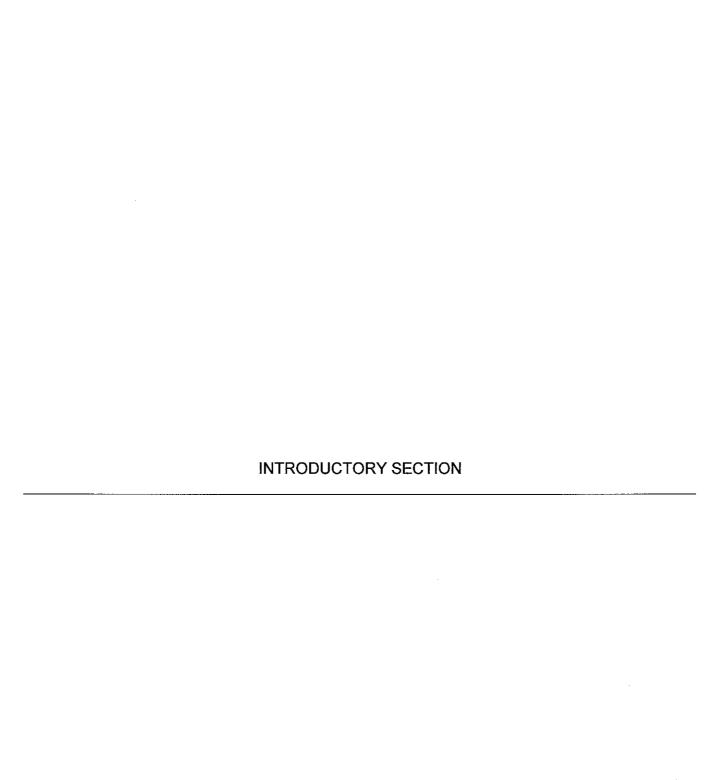
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# CITY OF LAFAYETTE

# SOUTH DUKE STREET P.O. BOX 89 LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA 30728

May 19, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council And Citizens of the City of LaFayette

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various activities of the City. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

State law requires local governments to publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the GASB. This report is presented in three sections and includes the following information.

Introductory section – Includes this letter of transmittal with comments on the operations of the City, the City's organizational chart, a list of principal elected and appointed officials, and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the City's 2012 report.

Financial section – Includes management's discussion and analysis, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information, as well as the report of independent public accounts on the financial statements and schedules. The City also includes an additional supplemental section that includes the combining fund financial statements for nonmajor funds, but it is not a required section of the report.

Statistical section – Includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis, and various continuing disclosure information.

The new reporting model issued by the GASB requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

# Profile of the Government

LaFayette, the county seat of Walker County, was incorporated on September 30, 1835. The City is located approximately 35 miles south of Chattanooga, Tennessee and has an incorporated area of approximately seven square miles.

The City is governed by a Mayor and a City Council comprised of five members. The Mayor is elected citywide every four years for a four-year term. Council members are elected from each of the five wards of the City for a four-year term. The City Manager is appointed by the Mayor and Council.

# The Reporting Entity

The accompanying CAFR includes all governmental activities, organizations, and functions for which the City is financially accountable.

The City provides a full range of municipal government and utility services. Included in these services are traditional city functions such as police and fire protection, highway and street maintenance, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the City has several enterprise operations including electric, gas, solid waste, water and sewer, golf and a municipal airport.

A related organization not included as part of the reporting entity is the LaFayette Housing Authority, which provides low-income housing to eligible City residents. The reason for not including this entity is that the City is not financially accountable (does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship) for the organization.

#### Economic conditions and outlook

LaFayette remains in good financial condition, as is demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this report. The assessed value of all taxable property (2012 digest) decreased by 2.2% over the 2011 valuation. The business environment outlook for LaFayette continues to be favorable despite the economic downturn experienced by other regions of the country. The City's broadly diversified economic base supports several nationally known companies, including GE, Shaw and Syntec, as well as other smaller commercial and industrial companies. Some of the reasons that these enterprises chose LaFayette as a local or regional business center include: the City's strategic Southeast location, convenience to local and national highways, rail and air transportation, city owned utilities at low rates, abundant labor, educational and cultural resources, and overall quality of life.

As the Council was considering the fiscal year 2013 adopted budget, the City was still feeling the effects of the local and national slowdown in the economy. Department Heads were instructed to take a very conservative approach toward revenue and expenditure projections, but also to look at ways to make their department (and the City) safer and more secure. During the year, the budget was amended mostly to adjust for additional revenue and expenditures. The expected growth within the community should help to increase revenue so as to prevent the requirements to obtain additional funding through loans in the foreseeable future. As part of the City's long-term financial planning efforts, and also to take advantage of currently lower interest rates and to allow for additions and improvements of capital projects even in a downturning economy, the City issued bonds in October, 2008. While this budget has been one of the most challenging to manage in many years, all city employees helped by continuing to provide quality services and to meet the needs of our citizens.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control**

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting control system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Accounting control comprises the plan of organization and the procedures and records that are concerned with the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records and consequently are designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

Transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization.

Transactions are recorded as necessary (1) to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or any other criteria, such as finance-related legal and contractual compliance requirements applicable to such statements, and (2) to maintain accountability for assets.

Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's authorization.

The recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

The City's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. Reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the expected benefit.

We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The official level of City budget control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is the activity (department) level. The City Manager and all department heads are provided with monthly budget reports showing appropriations, expenditures to date, remaining balances and percentages. The City's budget procedures are more fully explained in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

# Local Economy

Major industries located within the government's boundaries include a home appliance manufacturer, and several industrial component manufacturers supplying the automotive and textile industries. All have been ongoing business concerns for at least the last ten years, and their economic viability is expected to continue, in spite of the national economic downturn, which has had a fairly substantial impact on the local economy, mainly in the form of layoffs and reduced production shifts. None of the aforementioned industries currently anticipates total business closure.

The previous ten years' trend data indicates that an economic upswing at the national level would also have an effect at the local level, allowing these industries to return to production and employment levels previously enjoyed.

# **Relevant Financial Policies**

It is the City of LaFayette's policy that "onetime" resource inflows not be used for operating purposes. Accordingly, grants, outside contributions, or court judgments which might financially benefit the City would be designated for capital acquisition or construction endeavors.

## **Major Initiatives**

With the voters' approval of a proposed special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) referendum, City management decided to issue general obligation bonds equal to the City's share of the expected revenue from the one cent SPLOST tax over its five-year life. This bond issue allows the City to expedite completion of various projects and equipment acquisitions to better, and in a more timely fashion, serve the citizenry. The bonds will be repaid over five years with future SPLOST proceeds.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

# Independent Audit

The City Charter requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Williamson & Company was selected by the City Council. Generally accepted auditing standards and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in the last section of this report.

# **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of LaFayette for its comprehensive annual financial report for

the year ended September 30, 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only.

# Acknowledgments

We wish to take this opportunity to thank the Mayor and Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the City Clerk's office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to its preparation.



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of LaFayette Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2012** 

Executive Director/CEO

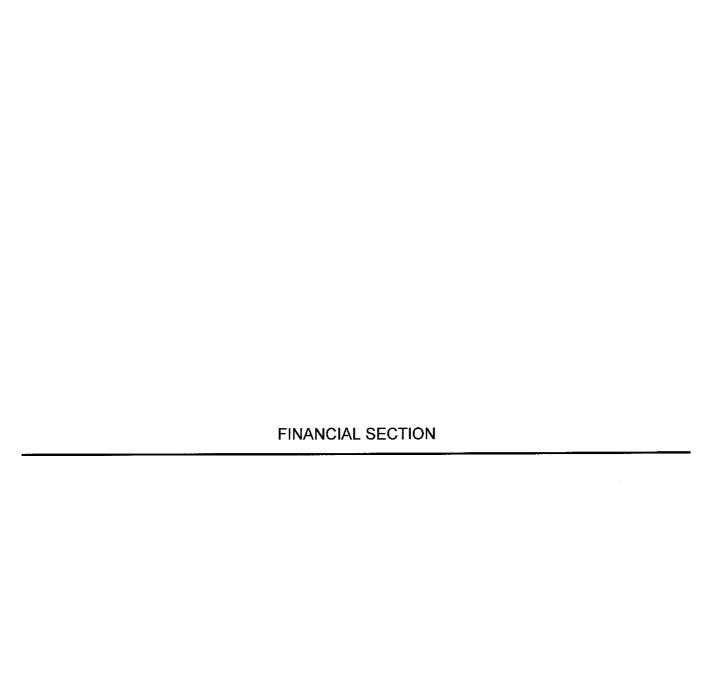
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# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART AND LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

**CITIZENS OF LAFAYETTE** MAYOR H. Neal Florence City Judge Kenneth Maples COUNCIL **Andy Arnold Judy Meeks** Ben Bradford Wayne Swanson (Mayor Pro Tem) **Chris Davis** INTERIM CITY MANAGER Max Morrison City Attorney — Ron Womack City Clerk **Brenda Snyder** Police and Fire Benji Cliff, Chief Airport **Phil Shelton Public Works** Mark White, Supt. Recreation Patti Scott Waste Water Jim Speir, Supt. Water Jim Speir, Supt. Gas Rod Robertson, Supt. **Electric** Mike Stewart, Supt. **Solid Waste** 

Mark White, Supt.

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LLOYD WILLIAMSON CHRISTIAN HATCH

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Honorable Mayor and Council City of LaFayette

LaFayette, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaFayette, Georgia as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaFayette, Georgia as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 13 through 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaFayette's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, statistical section, and the schedule of projects constructed with special local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of LaFayette, Georgia.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of projects constructed with special local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of projects constructed with special local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2014, on our consideration of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Williamson & Company Certified Public Accountants

Williamson & Company

May 19, 2014

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City of Lafayette's annual financial report is designed to provide the reader a better understanding of the City's financial activity for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2013. It should be read in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section. Notes mentioned below are Notes to the Financial Statements, which follow the statements.

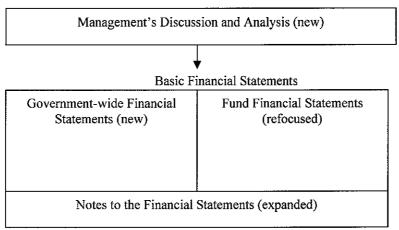
# **Financial Highlights**

- The City's total assets exceed liabilities by \$30,567,274 at the end of the year. This amount includes \$34,054,659 invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, restricted net position of \$1,479,716 and unrestricted net position of -\$4,967,101. Significant portions of restricted net position include amounts for debt service and construction.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,038,228, or 3.40% to \$30,567,274. The net position for governmental activities increased by \$1,233,753, or 19.41% and the business-type net position decreased by \$195,525, or -0.81%.
- The City's revenues for governmental activities were \$4,181,331, excluding transfers and bonds issued. Expenses, excluding transfers, were \$5,496,578.
- The City's business-type activities, excluding transfers, had revenues of \$17,396,631, while expenses, excluding transfers, were \$15,183,359.
- The General Fund, which is the City's primary operating fund, reported an increase in fund balance of \$709,479 in fiscal year 2013.
- The City's governmental activities debt balance (Note 8) had a net decrease of \$543,755. This change represents the payment of outstanding revenue bond principal of \$580,000. This change also reflects a compensated absences increase of \$18,410, while capital lease transactions increased \$22,189. The balance on the outstanding debt for business-type activities had a net increase of \$2,340,206. This change represents issuance of additional revenue bonds payable of \$9,200,000, payoff of notes payable principle of \$6,577,292, and payoff of capital leases payable principle of \$96,941. This change also reflects an additional compensated absences increase of \$9,286.
- Total cash (Note 3) at September 30, 2013 was \$3,948,572.
- The capital assets (Note 6), net of accumulated depreciation, of the City at the end of the 2013 fiscal year totaled \$36,644,237. This includes net capital assets for governmental activities of \$7,300,249 and business-type activities of \$29,343,988.

#### An Overview of the Financial Statements

In light of the fact that this is a different presentation from the pre-GASB Statement 34 model, the following graph is provided to assist in understanding the component parts.

# Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report



The focus of the financial statements is on both the City's overall financial status and the major individual funds. The following briefly describes the component parts.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets combines all of the City's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Net assets, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities These include the basic services provided by the City including police, fire, parks and recreation, public works and general administration.
- Business-type activities These include services for which the City charges specific fees which are meant to cover the cost of providing the services. These include electric, gas, water and sewer services, solid waste collection, municipal airport and golf.

Governmental activities and business-type activities are consolidated and add to the total for the primary government.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds rather than the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City has two types of funds as described in the chart below.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Includes the City's basic services such as police, fire, traffic control, cultural activities, and parks	Services provided by the City that are operated similar to private businesses and for which the City charges a fee	Funds for which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Examples	Police, fire, street and sidewalks, parks, and recreational activities	Electric, Gas, Water and Sewer and Solid Waste	City's revolving loan fund
Required financial statements	- Balance Sheet - Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	- Statement of net assets - Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets - Statement of cash flows	- Statement of fiduciary net assets - Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset / liability information	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short and long-term; capital assets, if any, are included
Type of inflow / outflow information	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current year. The City's net position increased by \$1,038,228, or 3.40% in fiscal year 2013. The net position of the governmental activities include \$6,013,279 investment in capital assets. Capital assets of \$7,300,249 include land, buildings, park improvements, equipment and current year infrastructure additions. Related debt includes revenue bonds of \$1,230,000.

The net position of the business-type activities include \$28.041,380 investment in capital assets. Capital assets of \$29,343,988 include land, utility system, building, other improvements, equipment, airport and golf course. Related debt includes notes and revenue bonds of \$10,432,658.

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 27 of the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
As of September 30
(in thousands)

	Governmental			Business-type							Total %		
		Activ	itie	es		Activi	tie	S		То	tal		Change
		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>			<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>				<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2013-12</u>
ASSETS													
Current and other assets	\$	990	\$	1,245	\$	6,867	\$	4,312	\$	7,857	\$	5,557	41.39%
Capital assets		7,300		7,046		29,344		29,392		36,644		36,438	0.57%
Total Assets		8,290		8,291		36,211	_	33,704		44,501		41,995	5.97%
LIABILITIES													
Current and other liabilities		1,234		1,195		2,057		984		3,291		2,179	51.03%
Long-term debt outstanding		699		1,972		9,943	_	8,305	_	10,642	_	10,277	<u>3.55</u> %
Total Liabilities		1,933		3,167		12,000		9,289		13,933		12,456	<u>11.86</u> %
NET ASSETS													
Invested in capital assets, net													
of related debt		6,013		5,073		28,041		21,048		34,054		26,121	30.37%
Restricted		1,480		1,677		-		36		1,480		1,713	-13.60%
Unrestricted		(1,136)		(1,627)		(3,831)	_	3,331		(4,967)		1,704	<u>-391.49%</u>
Total Net Assets	\$	6,357	\$	5,123	\$	24,210	\$	24,415	\$	30,567	\$	29,538	3.48%

# **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

The City's total revenues before transfers were \$21,577,962 in the 2013 fiscal year. Expenses before transfers were \$20,679,937 during that same period. Governmental and business-type activities combined provided a \$898,025 increase in net assets.

Governmental activities revenues were \$4,181,331 and included \$1,131,770 charges for services, \$554,296 grant revenues, \$496,057 property taxes and \$1,061,980 sales taxes. The largest governmental activities expenses were for public safety of \$2,231,376 (police, fire and animal control), public works of \$833,213, general government of \$1,117,808 and recreation of \$885,455. Expenses include depreciation expense as explained in the notes to the financial statements (Note 6).

Business-type activity revenues were \$17,396,031 and included \$16,707,077 charges for services, \$680,916 intergovernmental revenues, and \$8,038 interest. The largest business-type activity expenses were for purchases of energy for resale to customers, electricity for \$6,322,466 and gas for \$1,374,861.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

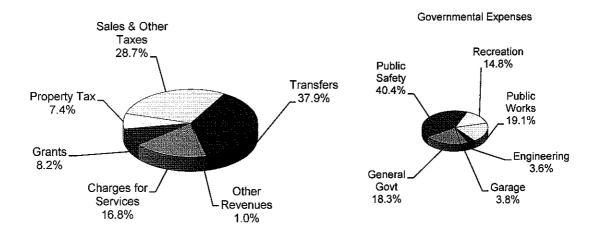
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	Go	Governmental			Busine			Total %		
		Activ	/itie	es e	Activ		То		Change	
	<u>20</u>	<u>13</u>		<u> 2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2011</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		
REVENUES										
Program Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 1	,132	\$	1,207	\$ 16,707	\$ 14,591	\$ 17,839	\$ 15,798	12.9%	
Operating grants and contributions		310		94	-	-	310	94	229.8%	
Capital grants and contributions		245		264	681	339	926	603	53.6%	
General revenues										
Property taxes		496		437	••	-	496	437	13.5%	
Local option sales tax	1	,062		1,145	-	-	1,062	1,145	-7.2%	
Other taxes		868		837	-	-	868	837	3.7%	
Investment income		2		4	8	5	10	9	11.1%	
Other general revenues		67		142	1	57	68	199	<u>-65.8%</u>	
Total Revenues	4	,182		4,130	17,397	14,992	21,579	19,122	12.8%	
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EXPENSES										
General	1	,118		1,080	_	_	1,118	1,080	3.5%	
Police		,798		1,799	-		1,798	1,799	-0.1%	
Fire	•	398		425	_	-	398	425	-6.4%	
Public Works		833		964	_	_	833	964	-13.6%	
Engineering		216		205	_	-	216	205	5.4%	
Recreation		886		882	-	<u></u>	886	882	0.5%	
Garage		174		181	_	_	174	181	-3.9%	
Animal Control		35		42	_	-	35	42	-16.7%	
Interest on long-term debt		39		61	_	_	39	61	-36.1%	
Electric		_		_	7,663	7,824	7,663	7,824	-2.1%	
Gas		_		-	2,058	1,782	2,058	1,782	15.5%	
Water/Sewer		_		_	3,571	3,350	3,571	3,350	6.6%	
Solid Waste		_		_	647	622	647	622	4.0%	
Golf		-		-	825	775	825	775	6.5%	
Airport				_	419	342	419	342	22.5%	
		407		5,639		14,695	20,680	20,334	1.7%	
Total Expenses	O	<u>,497</u>	_	5,639	15,183	14,095	20,000	20,334	1.776	
Excess (Deficiency) before transfers		0.4 5.		/4 F00'	0.044	007	000	(4.040)	474.00/	
	(1	,315)		(1,509)	2,214	297	899	(1,212)	-174.2%	
		<b></b>		0.400	(0.546)	(0.400)			0.00/	
Transfers	2	,549		2,199	(2,549)	(2,199)			0.0%	
	_		_			m // 0001		m (4.040)	4774 (20)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 1	,234	\$	690	\$ (335)	\$ (1,902)	\$ 899	\$ (1,212)	-174.2%	

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

See pages 28-29 of the financial statements for the net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) of these programs or functions. The following charts show the source of the City's governmental revenues and expenditures.

Table 3 – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2013

#### Governmental Revenues



# **Revenue Impacts:**

- Property taxes of \$496,057 provided 7.4% of governmental revenues for general operations. The millage rate was set at 2.99 in the current year.
- Revenues from local option sales taxes were \$1,061,980. This represents an overall decrease of .08% from the prior year.
- The transfers from proprietary funds were \$2,549,000, which was \$349,578 or a 13.71% increase from the prior year.
- Charges for services include amounts charged for providing utility billing and collection services to the enterprise funds of \$684,000. Municipal court fines were \$130,407.

# **Expense Impacts**

- General Government expenditures increased by \$55,934 or 5% compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily due to rises in cost of fuel. Another factor was a small pay raise given during this period.
- Police, fire and animal control expenditures increased by \$48,955 or 2.5% from the prior year. This increase is represented by the cost of fuel, payroll increases, and errors on budget figures during the period.
- Public Works expenditures decreased by \$117,443 or 13.12% compared to the prior year. This amount represents a decrease in employee costs (employee departures, not replaced), and delayed paving projects.
- Culture and Recreation expenditures increased by \$42,876 or 5.31%. This increase was due to an error in budget concerning healthcare costs, as well as the increased costs of uniforms and equipment.

# **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

# Table 4 Business-type Activities (in thousands)

	<u>o</u>	perating	Re	venues	<u>0</u>	perating	Ex	penses	Operating Income				
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>:</u>	<u> 2013</u>	2	2012	
Electric	\$	8.721	\$	7,303	\$	7,663	\$	7,823	\$	1,058	\$	(520)	
Gas	·	2,669	•	2,277	•	2,049		1,782		620		495	
Water/Sewer		4,110		3,739		3,321		3,166		789		573	
Solid Waste		513		566		643		616		(130)		(50)	
Golf		572		580		817		775		(245)		(195)	
Airport		122		126		420		342		(298)		(216)	
Total	\$	16,707	\$	\$ 14,591		14,913	\$	14,504	\$	1,794	\$	87	

Operating revenues for business-type activities for the fiscal year 2013 were \$16,707,077, a \$2,116,325 increase compared to the prior year. Operating expenses were \$14,913,156 in 2013, \$399,396 more than the prior year. The operating income was \$1,809,846 in 2013 compared to \$76,992 in 2012. Activities for individual funds are summarized below.

- Electric program revenues increased by \$1,417,896 from the prior year in addition to expenses decreasing by \$16,622. The program revenue increase is attributable to the adoption of an electric rate increase and weather-related factors.
- Gas program revenues increased by \$391,809 and expenses increased by \$267,421. Natural gas prices remained stable.
- Water & Sewer program revenues increased by \$370,991, while expenses increased by \$155,420 from the prior year. Sewer rates were increased from 75% to 120%.
- Solid Waste program revenues decreased \$52,154 from the prior year and expenses increased \$17,255. The decrease in revenue is due to greater fuel costs. Expenses increased due to pay raises.
- Golf revenues decreased by \$8,557 over the prior year, largely due to weather. Expenses were up by \$42,320, mainly for payments on new golf carts.
- Airport revenues decreased by \$3,660, mostly due to the small turn out at the Fly-In event, and fuel sales were down due to weather. Expenses increased by \$77,602 from the prior year. This increase is due largely to the construction of a new terminal, and having to pay for in-kind labor.

# The City's Funds Table 5 Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Fund	Fund Balances <u>09-30-12</u>		Revenues/ Sources		Expenditures / Uses		Revenues/Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Uses			Fund Balances <u>09-30-13</u>		
General Fund	\$	(447,660)	\$	5,945,196	\$	5,235,717	\$	709,479	\$	261,819		
Capital Projects Fund		656,875		588,091		942,985		(354,894)		301,981		
Total City Funds	\$	209,215	\$	6,533,287	\$	6,178,702	\$	354,585	<u>\$</u>	563,800		

At September 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$624,866 (see Statement on page 30), which is \$438,662 greater than the previous year-end. The unreserved portion of fund balance was \$44,233. The unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful indicator of the City's ability to operate without external financing. The reserved portion represents amounts reserved for debt service payments related to the issuance of revenue bonds to finance capital projects construction.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund had a \$709,479 increase in fund balance, to end the fiscal year at \$261,819. More detailed information for the general fund is presented on page 31.

Operating revenues and other financing sources increased \$726,672. This increase was related to both an Electric and Sewer rate increase.

Overall expenditures and other uses decreased \$327,390. Transfers out decreased \$372,000.

# Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund accounts for the proceeds from special purpose local option sales tax that are used to construct various improvements which benefit City residents. In June 2008, voters approved continuation of the one-percent special purpose local option sales tax. The period during which this tax is collected began October 2008 and ended September 2013. Capital outlay expenditures are to be primarily for street and road improvements, recreation, water and sewer improvements, solid waste and street equipment. The major sources of revenue were:

- Sales tax \$587,550
- Interest earned \$541

The revenue bond issue will be repaid with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds over the approved period of the tax. The bond issue allows the City to proceed at an accelerated pace with acquisition/improvements of equipment and infrastructure to better serve its citizens.

The fund balance is reserved for completion of SPLOST projects as identified in the Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax on page 90.

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A statement comparing the original and final budgets and the variance from the final budget to the actual results is included on page 33 of the financial statements.

In September 2012, the City Council appropriated \$5,600,450 for general fund expenditures in the 2013 fiscal year budget.

Primary reasons for the differences between the final budget and actual results in the General Fund include: Revenues:

· Higher than anticipated grant revenues

# Expenditures:

Increased and continued cost control measures

# CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013, amounted to \$36,644,237 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.56%. For more detailed information concerning capital assets see the notes to the financial statements.

Table 6
Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

Governmental	Business-type			
<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
3,313,429	\$ 2,280,059	\$ 5,593,488		
-	369,313	369,313		
2,173,169	3,689,471	5,862,640		
1,322,963	165,380	1,488,343		
-	20,809,100	20,809,100		
-	-	-		
490,688	2,030,665	2,521,353		
7,300,249	\$ 29,343,988	\$ 36,644,237		
	Activities 3,313,429 2,173,169 1,322,963 - 490,688	Activities Activities 3 3,313,429 \$ 2,280,059 - 369,313 2,173,169 3,689,471 1,322,963 165,380 - 20,809,100 - 490,688 2,030,665		

This year's major capital asset additions included:

# **Governmental Activities:**

- Police Cruisers & Equipment \$47,084
- Public Works Infrastructure \$176,285
- Recreation Equipment & Library Renovations \$385,945

# **Business-type Activities:**

- Water and Sewer Fund Equipment \$14,715
- Water and Sewer Fund Improvements \$383,759
- Electric Fund Improvements \$33,395
- Gas Fund Improvements \$81,373
- Airport Fund Improvements \$824,415
- Solid Waste Fund Equipment \$41,075
- Golf Fund Equipment \$10,150

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the 2013 fiscal year, the City had \$11,813,199 in outstanding debt. This is a net increase of \$1,778,423 compared to the prior year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is included in the notes to the financial statements.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of the total tax digest. The current debt limitation for the City is \$12,864,273 and the City has no outstanding general obligation debt.

Table 7
Outstanding Debt at September 30, 2013

	<u>G</u>	iovernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Revenue Bonds	\$	1,230,000	\$	9,005,153	
Capital Leases		56 <b>,97</b> 0		624,299	
Notes Payable		-		803,206	
Total	\$	1,286,970	<u>\$</u>	10,432,658	

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

With the economy beginning to improve, utility rates adjusted so that a profit can be realized and fiscal guidelines enacted by Council have made the last few months of the year stable with the potential to improve. Also, the enacting of the Cost Adjustment (UCA) by the Council, which will be monitored each month by the City Manager, will ensure that the cost of utilities does not exceed revenues. In June of 2014 the Council employed a permanent City Manager whose background is heavy in business management and finance.

The 2013/2014 budget includes no capital expenditures in an effort to increase all fund balances through the increase of utility rates and no non-emergency capital expenditures. It is expected at the year-end that the General Fund balance, as well as all revenue fund balances, will be much improved.

# Financial Contact

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors of the City with a general overview of the City of LaFayette finances and demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the City of LaFayette at P.O. Box 89, LaFayette, Georgia 30728.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL				
ASSETS					_				
Cash	\$	190,091	\$	846,138	\$	1,036,229			
Receivables - net		130,453		2,226,268		2,356,721			
Prepaids		14,229		-		14,229			
Internal balances		40.707		700.044		-			
Inventory		19,767		788,911		808,678			
Restricted assets:									
Restricted cash		529,107		2,670,226		3,199,333			
Capital assets:									
Land and construction in progress		3,336,429		2,641,397		5,977,826			
Other capital assets - net		3,963,820		26,702,591		30,666,411			
Total capital assets		7,300,249		29,343,988	_	36,644,237			
Unamortized bond issue costs		105,807		335,091		440,898			
Total assets		8,289,703		36,210,622		44,500,325			
LIABILITIES									
Cash overdraft		286,990		-		286,990			
Internal balances		132,296		(132,296)		-			
Accounts payable		48,237		875,164		923,401			
Accrued wages payable and withholdings		-		-		-			
Customer deposits		-		590,748		590,748			
Accrued Interest payable		36,822		2,885		39,707			
Noncurrent liabilities:				700.005		4 440 000			
Due within one year		729,607		720,295		1,449,902			
Due in more than one year - net		698 <u>,867</u>		9,943,436		10,642,303			
Total liabilities		1,932,819		12,000,232		13,933,051			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		6,013,279		28,041,380		34,054,659			
Restricted for:									
Capital projects		931,771		-		931,771			
Debt service reserve		413,992		-		413,992			
Law enforcement activities		133,953		-		133,953			
Unrestricted		(1,136,111)		(3,830,990)	_	(4,967,101)			
Total net position	\$	6,356,884	\$	24,210,390	\$	30,567,274			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

					Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	1,117,808	\$	760,077	\$	223	\$	588,091	
Police		1,797,485		130,407		309,460		-	
Fire		398,437		-		-		-	
Public Works		833,213		33,850		-		244,613	
Engineering		215,972		51,302		-		-	
Recreation		885,455		156,134		-		-	
Garage		173,860		-		-		-	
Animal Control		35,454							
Interest on Long-term Debt		38,894				-			
Total governmental activities		5,496,578		1,131,770		309,683		832,704	
Business-type activities:									
Airport		419,409		121,983		-		680,916	
Electric		7,663,017		8,720,685		-		-	
Gas		2,058,255		2,669,253		_		-	
Golf		824,600		571,570		_		_	
Water/Sewer		3,571,402		4,110,287		-		_	
Solid Waste		646,676		513,299		_		<u>-</u>	
Total business-type activities		15,183,359		16,707,077			_	680,916	
Total primary government	\$	20,679,937	\$	17,838,847	\$	309,683	\$	1,513,620	

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets **Primary Government** Governmental Business-type **Functions/Programs Activities Activities Totals** Primary government: Governmental activities: 230.583 230.583 General Government (1,357,618)(1,357,618)Police Fire (398, 437)(398,437) (554,750) **Public Works** (554,750)Engineering (164,670)(164,670)(729, 321)Recreation (729, 321)Garage (173,860)(173,860)**Animal Control** (35,454)(35,454)(38,894)(38,894)Interest on Long-term Debt (3,222,421)Total governmental activities (3,222,421)Business-type activities: \$ 383.490 383,490 Airport 1,057,668 1,057,668 Electric 610,998 610,998 Gas (253,030)(253,030)Golf Water/Sewer 538,885 538,885 Solid Waste (133,377)(133,377)2,204,634 2,204,634 Total business-type activities (3,222,421)2,204,634 (1,017,787)Total primary government General revenues: Taxes: 496,057 496,057 Property 473,889 473,889 Sales 29.843 29,843 Hotel/Motel 354,769 354,769 Insurance premium 122,645 Malt beverage 122,645 285.086 Franchise 285,086 75,220 75,220 Occupation 33.049 33.049 Other 8,038 9,997 Investment earnings 1,959 Gain on Sale of Capital Assets 7,836 600 8,436 26,821 Miscellaneous 26,821 Transfers 2,549,000 (2,549,000)1,915,812 4,456,174 (2,540,362)Total general revenues and transfers 1,233,753 898,025 Change in net position (335,728)5,123,131 24,405,915 29,529,046 Net position - beginning 140,203 140,203 Prior Period adjustment

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Net position - ending

6,356,884

24,210,390

30,567,274

#### CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		General		Capital Projects	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	900	\$	_	\$	148,764	\$	149,664
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):								
Accounts		15,889		_		_		15,889
Taxes		66,752		47,811		_		114,564
Prepaids		14,229		-		_		14,229
Inventory		19,767		_		_		19,767
Due from Other Funds		3,621,150		-		2,659		3,623,809
Cash - Restricted		115,115		413,992				529,107
Total Assets	\$	3,853,802	\$	461,803	\$	151,423	\$	4,467,029
Total Assets	******************	0,000,002	Ψ	401,000	<del>-</del>	101,420	<u>*</u>	1,107,020
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Cash Overdraft	\$	286,990	\$		\$	-	\$	286,990
Accounts Payable		48,237		_		_		48,237
Accrued Payables & Withholdings				_		_		· -
Due to Other Funds		3,234,651		123,000		90,357		3,448,008
Accrued Interest Payable				36,822				36,822
Deferred Revenue		22,106		,		_		22,106
Total Liabilities	-	3,591,984	_	159,822		90,357	_	3,842,163
i Otal Liabilities		3,351,504	_	109,022		30,331	_	0,042,100
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		14,229		_		-		14,229
Inventory		19,767		_		_		19,767
Restricted for:								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		(112,011)		_		(112,011)
Debt service reserve		_		413,992		_		413,992
Law enforcement activities		-		_		133,953		133,953
Committed to:								
Cemetery care		110,703		_		_		110,703
Tourism		_		_				-
Unassigned		117,120		_		(72,887)		44,233
Total Fund Balances		261,819		301,981		61,066		624,866
			_				_	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,853,803	\$	461,803	\$	151,423	\$	4,467,029
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position							•	624 966
Fund Balances - Total governmental funds							\$	624,866
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st different because:	tatem	ent of net as:	sets a	re				
	ot fin	ancial resour		re				7,300,249
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n	ot fin fund char	ancial resour s. ge the costs o	ces of self-	insurance				7,300,249 (267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the i governmental activities in the statement of net posit A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re	ot find fund chan interr ion.	ancial resounts.  ge the costs on all service furents property	ces of self- nd are tax	insurance				
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term ilabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental.	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the i governmental activities in the statement of net posit A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit. A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit. A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000)				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the governmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970)				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund rebilled but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970) 105,807				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the governmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund re billed but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970)				(267,668) 22,106
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund rebilled but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970) 105,807				(267,668) 22,106
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund rebilled but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970) 105,807				(267,668)
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are n and are therefore not reported in the governmental  An internal service fund is used by management to to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the igovernmental activities in the statement of net posit.  A portion of deferred revenue in the general fund rebilled but uncollected and is eliminated in the stater.  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the and therefore are not reported in the governmental include deferred issue costs.  Bonds Payable Leases Payable Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	chan chan interrion. prese ment	ancial resounts.  ge the costs contains service furents property of net position	of self- nd are tax n.	insurance included in mounts (1,230,000) (56,970) 105,807				(267,668) 22,106

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	 General		Capital Projects	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,782,056	\$	-	\$	29,843	\$	1,811,899
Grant Revenue	208,112		-		246,139		454,251
Licenses and Permits	53,223		-		-		53,223
Intergovernmental	65,225		587,550		-		652,775
Payments in lieu of taxes	12,212		-		-		12,212
Fines and Forfeitures	154,575		-		-		154,575
Charges for Services	253,990		-		-		253,990
Contributions and donations	323		-		-		323
Miscellaneous Income	776,654		_		1,714		778,368
Interest Income	1,823		541		136		2,500
Total Revenues	 3,308,193		588,091		277,832		4,174,116
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	1,089,351		20		5,000		1,094,371
Police	1,575,415		-		84,507		1,659,922
Fire	309,163		_				309,163
Public Works	721,214		_		_		721,214
	214,825		_		_		214,825
Engineering Recreation	807,607		_		_		807,607
	174,150		_		_		174,150
Garage Animal Control	35,430		_		_		35,430
Intergovernmental Expenditures	33,430		_		64,105		64,105
Debt Service:	_				04,100		
Principal	23,319		580,000		-		603,319
Interest	2,072		36,822		-		38,894
Capital Outlay:							
General Government	-		-		-		
Police	47,084		-		-		47,084
Public Works	176,285		-		-		176,285
Recreation	 59,802		326,143				385 <u>,945</u>
Total Expenditures	5,235,717	_	942,985		153,612		6,332,314
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	 (1,927,524)		(354,894)		124,220		(2,158,198)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Capital Leases	40,024		-		-		40,024
Transfers - Out	-		-		(40,143)		(40,143)
Transfers - In	2,589,143		-		-		2,589,143
Sale of capital assets	 7,836				-		7,836
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,637,003	_			(40,143)		2,596,860
Net Change in Fund Balances	709,479		(354,894)		84,077		438,662
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	 (447,660)	_	656,875		(23,011)		186,204
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 261,819	\$	301,981	\$	61,066	\$	624,866

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	I Foreste	\$	438,662
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmenta	i Funas	Φ	430,002
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the of Activities are different because:	Statement		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expensive while governmental activities report depreciation allocate those expenditures over the life of the as is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded in the current period.	expense to sets. This		
Expenditures for capital assets	609,314		
Less current year depreciation	(354,852)		
			254,462
Revenues in the statement of activities that do no current financial resources are not reported as re in the governmental funds.			
Unavailable deferred property tax revenues			(621)
Issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases) provided resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repay long-term debt is an expenditure in the government repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the State Position.	t increases long-term ment of principal of ntal funds, but the		
Capital Lease Proceeds	(40,024)		
Principal Payments on Bonds	580,000		
Principal Payments on Leases	23,319		563,295
			505,295
Some expenses reported in the statement of active require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the government.	I, therefore,		
Net change in long-term compensated absence	s		(18,410)
Internal service funds are used by management to costs of self-insurance to individual funds.	o charge the		
The net loss of certain activities of internal service reported with governmental activities.	e funds is		(3,636)
Effects of rounding			1
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	1,233,753

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND

## BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Budge	ted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	01.9			
Taxes	\$ 1,911,50	00 \$ 1,911,500	\$ 1,782,056	\$ (129,444)
Grant Revenue	75,0		208,112	133,112
Licenses and Permits	16,6		53,223	36,623
Intergovernmental	50,0		65,225	15,225
Payments in lieu of taxes	12,00		12,212	212
Fines and Forfeitures	120,50		154,575	34,075
Charges for Services	242,2		253,990	11,740
Contributions and donations	1,00		323	(677)
Miscellaneous Income	119,30		776,654	657,354
Interest Income	7,5		1,823	(5,677)
Total Revenues	2,555,6		3,308,193	752,543
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	1,326,1	50 1,326,150	1,089,351	236,799
Police	1,510,0	50 1,510,050	1,575,415	(65,365)
Fire	410,6	00 410,600	309,163	101,438
Public Works	821,8	50 821,850	721,214	100,636
Engineering	225,4		214,825	10,625
Recreation	831,1	00 831,100	807,607	23,493
Garage	192,1	00 192,100	174,150	17,950
Animal Control	49,5	50 49,550	35,430	14,120
Debt Service:				
Principal	16,6	00 16,600	23,319	(6,719)
Interest	·		2,072	(2,072)
Capital Outlays:				
General Government		-	_	=
Police	38,0	38,000	47,084	(9,084)
Public Works	67,0		176,285	(109,285)
Recreation	112,0		59,802	52,198
Total Expenditures	5,600,4		5,235,717	364,734
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(3,044,8	00) (3,044,800)	(1,927,524)	1,117,276
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital Leases		_	40,024	40,024
Transfers - Out		_	.0,02.	
	3,038,3	3,038,300	2,589,143	(449,157)
Transfers - In			7,836	1,336
Sale of capital assets	6,5			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,044,8	3,044,800	2,637,003	(407,798)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	709,479	709,479
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(447,6	60) (447,660)	(447,660)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (447,6	60) \$ (447,660)	\$ 261,819	\$ 709,479

Governmental Activities - Internal Service			846,138 \$ 39,294	188,194	ı	21	,268	,362	788,911	39,294			- 266'(		241,016 -		2,084	3,464	-,968		- 994	369,313 -	- ',081)	335,091	- 060'1	5,984 \$ 39,294
- <del> </del>	lotal		\$ 846	188			2,226,268	3,460,362	788	7,509,894			2,240,995		241		2,272,084	4,883,464	4,967,968	3,820,246	36,427,994	369	(23,397,081)	335	32,161,090	\$ 39,670,984
Western	Solic Waste		' <del>У</del>	1	•	21	60,183	141,422	•	201,626			•	r	•		67,448	1,159,606	5,206	1	•	ı	(802,639)	'	429,621	\$ 631,247
Water	alla Sewei		\$ 829,322	1	•	•	643,913	393,608	128,623	1,995,466			2,240,995	•	241,016		838,241	1,399,992	447,725	584,786	31,189,875	369,313	(14,980,731)	335,091	22,666,303	\$ 24,661,769
<u>)</u>	100		· \$	1	J	1	1	ı	12,677	12,677			•	,	1		1,340,395	615,665	2,333,326		1	•	(832,636)	•	3,456,750	\$ 3,469,427
Š	Gas		16,816		1	•	188,754	965,486	102,218	1,273,274			1	1	1		7,000	340,025	38,454	1	766,194	1	(512,307)	1	639,366	\$ 1,912,640
<u>.</u>	Elecuic		<del>У</del> Э	188,194	•	•	1,333,418	1,953,508	508,370	3,983,490			•	1	·		000'6	1,156,547	567,437		4,471,925	1	(4,593,048)	'    	1,611,861	\$ 5,595,351
T Comit	Airport		' \$	•	1	•	1	6,338	37,023	43,361			•	1	•		10,000	211,629	1,575,820	3,235,460	1	•	(1,675,720)	•	3,357,189	\$ 3,400,550
	Assets	Current Assets:	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Cash - MEAG	Restricted Cash - GEFA	Restricted Cash - Capital lease	Accounts Receivable - Net	Due From Other Funds	Inventory	Total Current Assets	Non-Current Assets:	Restricted Assets:	Construction Cash	Renewal and Replacement Cash	Compliance Account	Capital Assets:	Land	Equipment	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Utility Systems	Construction in Progress	Less Accumulated Depreciation	Unamortized Bond Issue Costs	Total Non-Current Assets	Total Assets

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

\$ - 5 1,479 627,665 - 9,398 693,882 143,002 - 333,129 - 333,129 - 10,598		\$ 9,315 10,402 1,734,041 - 53,713	\$ 149,513 25,297 141,018 158,566 85,523 2,885 1,007,802	\$ 14,654 5,149 610,393 42,889	\$ 875,164 60,371 3,328,066 590,748 85,523 2,885	\$08,095 \$08,095
,    -	72,538 10,125 5,730 99,053 32,799	7,			ന്	
-	10,125 5,730 99,053 32,799	10,402 1,734,041 - 53,713	25,297 141,018 158,566 85,523 2,885 - 445,000	5,149 610,393 - - 42,889	60,371 3,328,066 590,748 85,523 2,885	308,095
=	99,053	53,713	158,566 85,523 2,885 445,000 1,007,802	42,889	590,748 85,523 2,885 129,401	
=	32,799	53,713	2,885 445,000 1,007,802	42,889	2,885	
=	220,245	53,713	1,007,802	42,889	129 401	
=	220,245	1,807,471	1,007,802	,	445,000	
- 10,598				673,085	5,517,158	308,095
ľ	17.418	11,731	28.526	5.807	68.080	i.
1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.00	717,683	102,622	102,622 717,683	i I
	210,002	001	8,560,153	י ל ל	8,560,153	1 1
- 10,598	306,730	107,169	9,306,362	212,577	9,943,436	
695,361 1,123,792	526,975	1,914,640	10,314,164	885,662	15,460,594	308,095
	311 255	3 430 405	19 045 996	282 584	28.041.380	ı
				1 ) ) ) ) )	1	ı
1 1	1 1			1 -1	1 1	
(652,000) 2,859,698	1,074,410	<u> </u>	- (4,698,3 <u>9</u> 1)	- (536,999)	(3,830,990)	i i
2,705,189 \$ 4,471,559	\$ 1,385,665	\$ 1,554,787	\$ 14,347,605	\$ (254,415)	\$ 24,210,390	\$ (268,801)
		306,730 526,975 311,255 - 074,410		3,432,495 - (1,877,708)	1,914,640 10,314,164 3,432,495 19,045,996	1,914,640     10,314,164     885,662     1       3,432,495     19,045,996     282,584     2       1,877,708)     4,698,391     (536,999)     (536,999)       \$ 1,554,787     \$ 14,347,605     \$ (254,415)     \$ 2

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Fees Other Revenues	\$ 89,183	\$ 8,593,339 - 127.346	\$ 2,526,408	\$ 571,570	\$ 3,666,493 296,016 147,778	\$ 508,872	\$ 15,955,865 328,816 422,396	\$ - 1.522.741
Total Operating Revenues	121,983	8,720,685	2,669,253	571,570	4,110,287	513,299	16,707,077	1,522,741
Operating Expenses Costs of Sales and Services Administrative Expense Cost of Water Cost of Gas Cost of Electricity Depreciation Expenses Total Operating Expenses	226,286 - - 193,123 419,409	961,706 212,051 - 6,322,466 166,794 7,663,017	423,870 210,000 1,374,861 40,586 2,049,317	682,304 - - 135,046 817,350	2,047,490 264,000 275,046 - 734,525 3,321,061	562,481 - - 80,521 643,002	4,904,137 686,051 275,046 1,374,861 6,322,466 1,350,595 14,913,156	1,526,418
Operating Income (Loss)	(297,426)	1,057,668	619,936	(245,780)	789,226	(129,703)	1,793,921	(3,677)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest Revenue Interest Expense Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets Bond Issue Cost Amortization Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		1,634	43 (8,939) - - - (8,896)	(7,250) - - - - (7,250)	6,361 (250,340) 600 (243,379)	(3,674)	8,038 (270,203) 600 - - (261,565)	40
Income Before Contributions, Special Items and Transfers	(297,426)	1,059,302	611,040	(253,030)	545,847	(133,377)	1,532,356	(3,637)
Capital Contributions Transfers	680,916	- (1,575,000) (1,575,000)	(461,000) (461,000)		(513,000) (513,000)	1 1 0	680,916 (2,549,000) (1,868,084)	
Change in Net Position	383,490	(515,698)	150,040	(253,030)	32,847	(133,377)	(335,728)	(3,637)
Net Position - Beginning	2,321,699	4,847,054	1,235,625	1,807,817	14,314,758	(121,038)	24,405,915	(265,164)
Prior Period Adjustment		140,203	1	•	1		140,203	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,705,189	\$ 4,471,559	\$ 1,385,665	\$ 1,554,787	\$ 14,347,605	\$ (254,415)	\$ 24,210,390	\$ (268,801)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Airport	Electric	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	Govern Activ Internal	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operations Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments toffor Employees	\$ 266,075 (141,086) (75,388)	\$ 8,713,648 (6,795,271) (514,983)	\$ 2,433,835 ) (1,669,278) ) (311,965)	\$ 571,570 (78,405) (445,819)	\$ 4,111,365 (1,131,343) (1,398,885)	\$ 373,218 29,273 (319,309)	\$ 16,469,711 (9,786,109) (3,066,349)	& +, <del>(,</del> )	1,522,741 (1,526,418) -
Net cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	49,601	1,403,394		47,346	1,581,137	83,182	3,617,253		(3,677)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Borrowing to Cover Negative Cash Balance Transfers to Other Funds	1 1 1	- (1,575,000)	(461,000)		(513,000)	1 1 1	(2,549,000)		1 1 1
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	1	(1,575,000)	(461,000)	I	(513,000)	1	(2,549,000)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal Payments - Bonds Principal Payments - Notes Principal Payments - Leases		1 1 1	_ - (28,562)	- (29,946)	(6,577,292)	- (38,433)	(6,577,292) (96,941)		<b>3</b> 1 1
Capital Lease Proceeds Capital Contributions Notes Pavable Proceeds	- 680,916 -	140,203	1	, , ,		1 1 1	821,119		1 1 7
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets Proceeds from Bonds Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	- - (730,518)	- (398,88)	- (226,915)	- (10,150)	600 8,935,000 (630,221)	- (41,075)	600 8,935,000 (1,672,274)		1 1 1
Interest Paid Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	- (49,602)	106,808	(8,939)	(7,250) (47,346)	(282,001)	(3,674) (83,182)	(301,864)		'  '
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received		1,634	42	-	6,361		8,037		40
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash	(1)	(63,164)	.) (272,782)	•	2,520,584	r	2,184,638		(3,637)
Cash (Overdraft) - October 1 (including restricted cash)	_	251,358	289,598		790,749	21	1,331,727		42,931
Cash (Overdraft) - September 30 (including restricted cash)	\$	\$ 188,194	\$ 16,816	·	\$ 3,311,333	\$ 21	\$ 3,516,365	₩	39,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Airport	Ë	Electric	_	Gas	Golf	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste		Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile to Operating Income	↔	(297,426)	<del>&amp;</del>	1,057,668	€9	619,936	\$ (245,780)	\$ 789,226	\$ (129,703)	↔	1,793,921	\$ (3,677)
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Depreciation		193,123		166,794		40,586	135,046	734,525	80,521	•	1,350,595	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Inventory		144,092 6,874		(6,749) 6,381		(233,882) 4,306	- (2,115)	(1,854) 21,975	(140,081)		(238,475) 37,421	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable		7,695		174,634		20,481	160,221	28,355	262,958		654,344	
Accrued Wages and Withholdings Payable Accrued Landfill Closure/Postclosure Costs Compensated Absonces Payable		- - (4 757)		4.955		2.701	- (26)	5,978	9,051 436		9,051 9,288	
Customer Deposits Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	₩	49,601	₩	(289) 1,403,394	9	(1,536)	\$ 47,346	2,932	\$ 83,182	<del>v</del>	1,107	\$ (3,677)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Acquisition of Capital Assets	↔	1	↔	ı	€	r	↔	+ <del>7</del>	€	49	ı	<del>∽</del> .
Accumulated Depreciation Accounts Receivable				1 '		1 1		, , ,	1 1 1			
Unearned Kevenue Accounts Payable Transfers												
Net Cash from Noncash Activities	<sub>ω</sub>	1	69	'	₩		€	\$	₩	G	-	₩.
For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash includes the following amounts	wing a		esented	in the Sta	atemer	as presented in the Statement of Net Assets:	sets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted Cash:	<del>69</del>	ı	↔	•	↔	1	<b>4</b> 9	, , ,	, , <del>С</del>	<del>⇔</del>	1 1	↔
MEAG GEFA Capital Lease Proceeds		t 1 1		1 1 1		1 1 1	, <b>, ,</b>	; <b>k</b> k	1 1		1 1	
Construction Cash Bond Debt Service and Reserve Cash Benevial and Replacement Cash		1 1 1		1 1 1		1 1 1	1 1 1				1 1 1	
הפוופישמו מזוע זיקעומיפוויפיון כעניו	es l		சு		မှာ		÷	₩.	φ.	S		φ.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaFayette was incorporated September 30, 1835. The City operates under an elected mayor and council who appoint a city manager. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter or statues: culture and recreation, streets and roads, public utilities (electric, gas, water/sewer, sanitation), public safety (police and fire), community development, cemetery, garage, airport, golf and general and administrative services.

#### A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements would present the primary government and its component units. Certain potential component units might be considered for inclusion in the financial report because of the significance of the City's influence over their operation or finances. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships). In accordance with the above criteria, the City does not include any component units in its financial report.

#### Related organization:

The <u>LaFayette Housing Authority</u> is a related organization that has not been included in the reporting entity. The Authority provides low-income housing to eligible families in the City. The Authority's Board consists of five members that are appointed by the Mayor of LaFayette. The City is not financially accountable (does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship) for the Authority.

The <u>Downtown Development Authority</u> is a related organization that has not been included in the reporting entity. The Authority's current year cash balance was less than \$3,000. Based upon the materiality level of the city the Authority was not included with the City's financial statements.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements, each of which present different views of the City. The government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, permits and fines, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements emphasize major funds in either the governmental or proprietary funds. Non-major funds (if any) are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City applies all relevant FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued on or prior to December 1, 1989 to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City does not apply FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives the cash. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept, non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement 33.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned. Only the City Council may modify or rescind a committed fund balance. Intent to assign fund balance would be expressed by the City Council itself or the Council would delegate the authority to assign fund balance to management.

## D. Fund Types and Major Funds

#### Governmental Funds

The general and capital project funds are the major governmental funds that the City reports. The general fund is the primary fund of the City and accounts for all financial resources not reported in other funds. The hotel/motel tax special revenue fund accounts for the proceeds of the hotel/motel tax. The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets other than those accounted for by proprietary funds.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is intended to be self-supporting. The City reports the airport, electric, gas, golf, water and sewer, and solid waste funds as major funds. Operating revenues and expenses

generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### Internal Service Funds

The Self Insurance internal service fund accounts for risk management activities of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is a proprietary fund reported with governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for good, services or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity

- Cash. Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits that by law must be insured or collateralized. Investments, if any, are limited by law and bond ordinances to federal and state securities.
- 2. Receivables. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the enterprise funds are recognized at the end of each year on a pro rata basis. The estimated amount is based on billings during the month following the close of the fiscal year.
- 3. Due To and Due From Other Funds/Internal Balances. During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided, services rendered or interfund loans. Interfund transactions are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. In the government-wide financial statements, these balances are reported as internal balances.
- 4. Interest Receivable. Interest on investments and certain receivables is recorded as revenue in the year the interest is earned and is available to pay liabilities of the current period.
- 5. Inventories. Inventories for all governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories are reported as assets of the respective fund and accounted for using the purchases method. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets. Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.
- **6. Prepaids.** Prepaids represent the amount paid in advance for Georgia sales tax on sales of electricity and gas.
- 7. Other Assets. Other assets held are recorded and accounted for at cost.

- 8. Restricted Assets. The Water and Sewer Fund, based on certain bond covenants, are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt or for construction. The "bond debt service and reserve cash" accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments and to report resources set aside to cover the highest debt service requirement in any subsequent year. The "renewal and replacement cash" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or for asset replacement. The "construction cash" account is used to report resources set aside to fund construction projects.
- 9. Capital Assets. The City's property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure (streets, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting system, etc.) with useful lives of more than one year and a cost greater than two thousand dollars are capitalized and depreciated. These assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their fair market value at the date of transfer. Interest expense (net of related income) incurred during the construction phase of business-type capital assets is capitalized as part of the assets' cost.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When these assets are disposed, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain/loss is recorded.

10. Long-term Debt, Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs. Outstanding debt and other obligations are reported as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Bond discounts/premiums and issuance costs for proprietary funds are capitalized and amortized over the term of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction in the face amount of bonds payable, premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of bonds payable and issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use.

- **11. Pensions**. The provision for pension cost is recorded on the accrual basis, and the City's policy is to fund pension costs as they accrue.
- 12. Compensated Absences. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements and governmental funds report only the portion expected to be liquidated within the current year. Governmental funds report compensated absences only when employees are no longer employed with the City. For governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund. No liability is reported for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick leave.
- 12. Fund Equity/Net Position. Fund equity at the governmental fund reporting level financial is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

<u>Fund Balance</u> - represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (for example, items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent would be expressed by the City Council itself or the Council would delegate the authority to assign fund balance to management.
- Unassigned fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criteria. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in general fund. Negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in all funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

<u>Net Position</u> – represents the different between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any unspent borrowings for the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets. Net position may be reported as restricted or unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed.

## NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data. Formal budgetary accounting is employed as management control for all governmental funds of the City. Department heads submit their annual budget requests to the City Manager, who in turn compiles and submits the budget to the City Council. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. By September 1, an annual operating budget is adopted for the general fund through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required. The budget uses the same basis of accounting to reflect actual revenues and expenditures/expenses recognized on a generally accepted accounting basis. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the governing council. The legal level of budgeting control is the department level. The governing council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year but they were not considered material. All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The capital projects fund has a project length budget which was adopted when voters approved the SPLOST referendum. This budget is prepared for the projected total SPLOST revenues and capital outlays.

Compliance with Bond Covenants. The City complied with its bond covenants in all material respects.

**Deposits with Financial Institutions.** State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized by securities held in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits.

**Deficit Fund Equity.** The Lab Technology Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$16,861 as of September 30, 2013, which is the effect of timing differences in outlays and revenues. This is expected to reverse itself in the next fiscal year. The Hotel Motel Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$56,026 as of September 30, 2013, which is the effect of timing differences in outlays and revenues. This is expected to reverse itself in the next fiscal year.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of September 30, 2013 are classified in the financial statements as follows:

 Statement of Net Position:
 \$ 749,239

 Cash
 \$ 3,199,333

 Total Cash
 \$ 3,948,572

All deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the City's name. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit. Investments are stated at fair value (the City has no investments other than cash.)

Cash and investments consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 900
Cash deposits in financial institutions	3,759,478
Investments	 188, 194
Total Cash and investments	\$ 3,948,572

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This can be measured by the assignment of a rating by a rating organization. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses credit risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City has no investments that meet the criteria for concentration of credit risk disclosure. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses concentration of credit risk.

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian, the City may not be able to recover the value of its investments. There is no custodial credit risk exposure for the City's investments because they

are either insured or held in the City's name by the custodian. The City does not have a formal policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

#### NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable consists of amounts due from customers for charges related to providing electric, gas, water/sewer and sanitation services. Taxes due consist of property tax and LOST. Amounts due as of September 30, 2013, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	9	General	Capita	al Projects	<u>E</u>	<u>Interprise</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables Accounts Taxes	\$	15,889 91,383	\$	- 47,811	\$	3,976,380	\$ 3,992,269 139,194
Total		107,272		47,811		3,976,380	4,131,463
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible		(24,630)		<u>-</u>		(1,750,112)	 (1,774,742)
Net Total Receivables	\$	82,642	\$	47,811	\$	2,226,268	\$ 2,356,721

#### Property Tax

Property tax is levied upon receipt of the digest from Walker County and based upon the assessed value at January 1. Taxes were levied November 4, 2012 and due by January 4, 2013. The billings are considered past due 60 days after the tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest begins to accrue. Assessed values are established by the Walker County Board of Tax Assessors and are currently calculated at 40% of market value. The gross assessed value of property at January 1, 2012 was \$140,031,859. Based on the 2012 millage levy of 2.99, a property owner would pay \$2.99 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Current tax collections of \$341,994 were 93 percent of the tax levy.

All property taxes are recognized in compliance with NCGAI-3 (Revenue Recognition-Property Taxes) which states that such revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected no longer than 60 days after the close of the current period.

## NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

As of September 30, 2013, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Water/Sewer Capital Projects Golf Airport Solid Waste Hotel Motel Technology	\$ 122,788 25,803 1,733,754 692,810 610,393 56,026 33,423
Drug Task Force	General	1,751
Electric	General Water/Sewer Gas	1,942,048 5,730 5,730
Gas	General Capital Projects Water/Sewer Golf	944,701 7,999 12,500 286
Water/Sewer	Healthcare Solid Waste Capital Projects	308,095 2,652 82,861
Airport	Capital Projects	6,338

The interfund balances related to working capital loans between funds. No significant portion of the outstanding balances is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year.

As of September 30, 2013, interfund transfers were as follows:

Receiving Fund	Transferring Fund															
General	General \$	- \$	Solid Waste		\$	Hotel <u>Motel</u> 40,143	\$	Electric 1,575,000	\$	<u>Gas</u> 461,000	\$ <u>W/S</u> 513,000	\$	Airport	-	\$	<u>Total</u> 2,589,143
Self-Ins.		-		-		-		-		-	-			-		-
Golf			<u> </u>		_		_		_		 	_		_	_	
Total	\$	_ \$	<u> </u>	_	\$	40,143	\$	1,575,000	\$	461,000	\$ 513,000	\$		_	\$	2,589,143

Routine transfers and payments between funds are to subsidize operations, fund capital projects and asset acquisition. SPLOST funds are accumulated in the capital project fund to complete various projects identified in the SPLOST referendum.

## **NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following table provides a summary of the City's capital asset activity:

## **Primary Government**

Governmental activities:	Balance October 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions & Transfers	Balance September 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated	0.000.400	<b>o</b>	\$ -	\$ 3,336,429
Land and improvements	\$ 3,336,429	\$ -	Ψ -	φ 0,000, <del>-1</del> 20
Construction in progress				3,336,429
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,336,429			3,330,429
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Infrastructure	1,489,813	176,285	-	1,666,098
Buildings and improvements	2,015,802	385,945	-	2,401,747
Park improvements	2,385,276	-	-	2,385,276
Equipment	2,928,048	47,084	(104,188)	2,870,944
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,818,939	609,314	(104,188)	9,324,065
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(210,445)	(70,651)	-	(281,096)
Buildings and improvements	(1,995,275)	(30,163)	-	(2,025,438)
Park improvements	(1,026,657)	(56,017)	-	(1,082,674)
Equipment	(1,877,204)	(198,021)	104,188	(1,971,037)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,109,581)	(354,852)	104,188	(5,360,245)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,709,358	254,462		3,963,820
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,045,787	\$ 254,462	\$ (104,188)	\$ 7,300,249

Additions to capital assets consist of general fund additions of \$609,314.

Business-type activities:	Balance October 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions & <u>Transfers</u>	Balance September 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated  Land	\$ 2,272,084	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,272,084
Construction in progress	6,546,618	369,313	(6,546,618)	369,313
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	8,818,702	369,313	(6,546,618)	2,641,397
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Utility systems	29,930,920	5,618,150	-	35,549,070
Buildings	4,127,894	840,076	-	4,967,970
Improvements other than buildings	3,743,460	-	-	3,743,460
Equipment	4,814,706	1,021,650		5,836,356
Total capital assets, being depreciated	42,616,980	7,479,876		50,096,856
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility systems	(17,417,459)	(940,068)	-	(18,357,527)
Buildings	(1,474,948)	(99,370)	-	(1,574,318)
Improvements other than buildings	(442,229)	(47,957)	-	(490,186)
Equipment	(2,709,033)	(263,201)	_	(2,972,234)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,043,669)	(1,350,596)	_	(23,394,265)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	20,573,311	6,129,280		26,702,591
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,392,013	\$ 6,498,593	\$ (6,546,618)	\$ 29,343,988

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

<u> </u>	 	activit	

Equipment

**Utility Systems** 

Buildings

Ge	eneral government	\$	22,392
	olice		62,619
Fi			85,397
	ublic works		108,696
	ngineering		,
	•		332
	arage ecreation		75,416
K	ecteation		75,410
To	tal depreciation expense	\$	354,852
Bus	iness-type activities:		
E	ectric	\$	166,794
G:			40,586
	ater and Sewer		734,525
	olid Waste		80,521
-	olf		135,046
_	rport		193,124
A	ipoit		100,127
To	tal depreciation expense	\$	1,350,596
Estimated useful lives use	ed to compute depreciation	are:	
	Infrastructure		30 years
	Improvements		5-20 years
			-

#### NOTE 7. LEASES

#### Capital Leases

During the current fiscal year, the City entered into a lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance as lessee for financing the acquisition of two 2012 Chevrolet Impala police cruisers for a total cost of \$40,024. During fiscal year 2011, the City entered into a lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance as lessee for financing the acquisition of a 2011 Peterbilt garbage truck for \$214,393. During fiscal year 2012, the City entered into a lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance as lessee for financing the purchase of a New Holland Model B95B backhoe for \$42,515. Additionally, the City entered into a lease agreement with BB&T Governmental Finance as lessee for financing natural gas line extensions for \$356,673. The City also executed a lease agreement with PNC Equipment Finance as lessee for financing the purchase of sixty-one golf carts for the golf course for \$179,097.

3-10 years

20-50 years

20-75 years

These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease term) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date the equipment is acquired.

The City's equipment under lease has a cost of \$833,102 and \$67,138 of accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2013. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2013. The effective interest rate at September 30, 2013 for the two police cruisers is 3.40%, for the garbage truck lease is 2.39%, for the backhoe lease is 3.39%, for the gas line extension lease is 2.59%, and for the golf carts lease is 2.79%

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019-2022	\$ 31,391 26,489 1,171 - -	\$ 145,296 150,610 118,728 56,223 40,910 163,640		
Total Minimum Lease Payments  Less Amount Representing Interest	59,051 (2,081)	675,407 (51,108)		
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ 56,970</u>	\$ 624,299		

#### **NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT**

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2013 is composed of the following:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Date of Last Payment	Amount Issued	<u>o</u>	Amount utstanding
Governmental Activities: SPLOST Bonds	3.97%	11/06/08	6/1/2015	\$ 3,400,000	\$	1,230,000

The following schedule presents debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending September 30		Principal		Interest		
2014	\$	605,000 625,000	\$	36,822 12,406		
2015 Total	\$	1,230,000	\$	49,228		

## Revenue Bonds

	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Date of lssue	Date of Last Payment	Amount <u>Issued</u>	<u>0</u>	Amount utstanding
Business-Type Activities: Water-Sewer Bonds	2.00%	02/19/13	9/30/32	\$ 9,200,000	\$	9,005,153

The following schedule presents debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds:

Business-Type	Activities
DUSINGSSTIVE	<b>₩</b>

		,	•	
Year Ending September 30	<u>!</u>	Principal		Interest
2014	\$	445,000	\$	225,636
2015		460,000		216,736
2016		470,000		202,936
2017		480,000		189,536
2018		500,000		174,936
2019-2023		2,590,000		696,525
2024-2028		2,180,000		429,669
2029-2032		1,880,153		125,928
Total	\$	9,005,153	\$	2,261,902

## Notes Payable

	Interest	Date of	Date of	Amount	Amount
	Rates	<u>Issue</u>	Last Payment	<u>Issued</u>	Outstanding
Business-type Activities: Water/Sewer - System Water/Sewer - System	2.0% 3.0%	08/01/01 11/01/10	08/01/18 07/01/32	\$ 1,062,522 473,000 \$ 1,535,522	\$ 350,708 452,498 \$ 803,206

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are presented below:

**Business-Type Activities** 

Year Ending September 30	<u>F</u>	rincipal	Interest
2014	\$	85,523	\$ 19,838
2015		87,433	17,928
2016		89,387	15,974
2017		91,386	13,975
2018		93,431	11,930
2019-2023		112,042	45,353
2024-2028		130,149	27,246
2029-2032		113,855	6,815
Total	\$	803,206	\$ 159,059

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2013:

	E	Beginning Balance	<u> </u>	Additions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance		ue within ne year
Governmental activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	123,094	\$	118,984	\$	100,574	\$ 141,504	\$	94,808
Capital Leases		39,135		40,024		22,189	56,970		29,799
General Obligation Bonds		1,810,000				580,000	1,230,000	_	605,000
Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,933,094	\$	118,984	\$	680,574	\$ 1,428,474	\$	729,607
Business-type activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	119,165	\$	84,355	\$	75,069	\$ 128,451	\$	60,371
Notes Payable		7,380,498		_		6,577,292	803,206		85,523
Capital Leases		721,240		-		96,941	624,299		129,401
Revenue Bonds		•	,	9,200,000		194,847	9,005,153		445,000
Landfill Closure/Post Closure		93,571		9,051		-	102,622		
	\$	8,314,474	\$	93,406	\$	6,749,302	\$ 10,663,731	\$	720,295

#### Note 9. OTHER COMMITMENTS

Under the terms of a power sales contract dated October 1, 1975 and for a period not to exceed 50 years, the City agrees to purchase its electric power and energy through the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG). This energy is priced to cover MEAG's cost of operating the system and to retire any debt incurred by MEAG. In return, MEAG agrees to purchase or provide the generating capacity necessary for reliable and economical power output for the City to operate its electric system. In the event that the operating revenues of the City's electric system are insufficient to cover its obligation to MEAG, or the City does not purchase the required amount of electric power and energy as specified in the contract (calculated annually), the City has agreed to assess and collect property tax sufficient to make all remaining payments due under this contract. At September 30, 2013, the outstanding debt of MEAG was \$5,896,601,196. The City's guarantee varies by individual project and totals \$61,661,928.

#### **NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN**

Plan Description. The City has a non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all full time employees. The plan was established by the City and the authority to amend or discontinue the plan is assigned to the City. The plan, the City of LaFayette Retirement Plan, is administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) a statewide, agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. GMEBS policy direction and oversight for the fund is provided by a 15 member board comprised of elected and appointed municipal officials from among the fund's membership. GMEBS handles all administrative and investment functions relative to the plan. The plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for all employees that have been employed full time for one year and employees are vested after 5 years. Members may retire at age 65 with 5 years of service or at age 55 with 10 years of service. Benefits are calculated at 1% to 1.75% of the average monthly earnings for the period of the five highest years prior to retirement.

The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by contacting the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, C/O Georgia Municipal Association – Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

### Funding Policy and Pension Cost.

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution in each year. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution as set forth in GASB Statement No. 27. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from May 1, 1982, and the current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year. On the basis of the current valuation, it was determined that the current contribution rate is 10.24% of annual covered payroll.

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). The estimated minimum annual contribution under these standards is \$385,070. The employer contributes the recommended contribution developed under the actuarial funding policy each year, so it meets or exceeds the requirements of this law.

The recommended contribution to the plan from the actuarial report dated January 1, 2012, was \$479,407 (\$0 employee and \$479,407 employer; 0% and 10.92% of covered payroll respectively). The City's covered payroll for eligible employees was \$4,278,893. Based upon the actuarial valuation of January 1, 2013, the recommended contribution for the coming year is \$418,853, which is 10.24% of estimated payroll of \$4,090,361.

#### **Funded Status**

GASB No. 27 requires disclosure of the City's annual pension cost, percentage of annual percentage cost contributed and net pension obligation for the most recent three years.

#### Three-Year Trend Information

Plan	Employer	Percentage Of APC Contributed	Net (EOY)
Year	Annual Pension		Pension
Ending	<u>Cost ( APC)</u>		Obligation
January 1, 2013	\$ 418,853	100%	\$ -
January 1, 2012	479,407	100%	-
January 1, 2011	438,991	100%	-

#### Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation For Plan Year Ending <u>1/1</u>	(1) Actuarial Value <u>of Assets</u>	(2) Actuarial Accrued <u>Liability</u>	(3) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Excess) (2) – (1)	(4) Funded Ratio _(1) / (2)	(5) Covered <u>Payroll</u>	(6) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as % Of Covered Payroll (3) / (5)
2013	\$ 8,897,367	\$ 10,146,627	\$ 1,249,260	87.69%	\$ 3,985,333	31.35%
2012	8,317,550	9,888,648	1,571,098	84.11%	4,278,893	36.72%
2011	7,905,296	9,296,670	1,391,374	85.03%	4,016,372	34.64%
2010	7,347,268	8,773,552	1,426,284	83.74%	3,953,883	36.07%

## **Significant Actuarial Assumptions**

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarial accrued liability and the annual recommended contribution of the plan meet the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations, establishing generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

The significant actuarial assumptions used in the current valuation are:

Rate of Return on Investment	7.75% per year
------------------------------	----------------

Projected Salary Increase for

Inflation 3.5% per year

Postretirement Benefit Increases Not Applicable

**Economic Assumptions** 

Annual Rates of increase in

Salaries Per rate tables

Future Social Security Wage Bases 3.5% Inflation Rate 3.5%

Cost of Living Adjustment N/A

Actuarial Methods

Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability Projected Unit Credit Cost Method

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Actuarial Value of Assets Sum of actuarial value at the beginning of year and

the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 50% of market

value for 2009, 44% of market value for 2010, 38% of market value for 2011, 32% of market value for 2012, 26% of market value for 2013, and 20% of market value for 2014 and later years.

The plan provisions and actuarial assumptions and cost methods are the same as those used to determine the contribution requirement for the preceding year.

As of January 1, 2013, the plan membership includes the following categories of participants:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	77
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	51
Vested active participants	98
Nonvested participants	<u>26</u>
Total	<u>252</u>

#### NOTE 11. SPECIAL LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

In June 2003, voters approved a referendum to continue collection of a 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax. Collections began on October 1, 2003 and ended September 2008. The City's distributive share of this tax was projected to be \$3,209,250 or 11.67%. The proceeds from this sales tax were used for acquisition and construction of improvements and the purchase of equipment for public safety, solid waste, recreation and water and sewer, the acquisition of public works equipment, the acquisition, construction and equipping of new streetscapes, new buildings and improvements for public works and equipment, building and improvements for the municipal airport.

In June 2008, voters approved a referendum to continue collection of a 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax. Collections began on October 1, 2008 and are scheduled to end September 2014. The City's distributive share of this tax is projected to be \$4,434,600, or 11.67%. The proceeds from this sales tax are to be used for acquisition and construction of improvements and the purchase of equipment for public safety, solid waste, recreation and water and sewer, the acquisition of public works equipment, the acquisition, construction and equipping of new streetscapes, new buildings and improvements for public works and equipment.

## NOTE 12. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following General Fund departments as follows:

Police \$ 74,449 Public Works 17,440

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Police Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Police Technology Special Revenue Fund.

In order to prevent excess expenditures in the following years, the City's management will monitor monthly budget reports and make adjustments or amendments when necessary, with approval from the City Council.

#### NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has joined with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for its property and liability insurance, and the Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF) for injuries to employees. Both are public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds and to promptly report all incidents which could results in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made again the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect its members against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

During the past three fiscal years the cost of any settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

#### NOTE 14. UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUES

Governmental fund unearned/deferred revenue at year-end is current year property tax revenues of \$22,106.

#### **NOTE 15. RESTRICTED ASSETS**

At September 30, 2013, the restricted assets account balances are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:			
	<u>General</u>		
Restricted assets:			
Cash-Perpetual care	\$ 110,703		
Cash-Shop With A Cop	4,412		
Cash-Bond Debt Service	413,992		
Total restricted assets	\$ 529,107		
Business-type activities	\\\-\-\C-+\-\C-+\-	Flootida	Solid Waste
	Water/Sewer	<u>Electric</u>	Solid VVaste
Restricted assets:			
Cash-MEAG	\$ -	\$ 188,194	\$ -
Cash-construction cash	51,690	-	-
Cash-Renewal and replacement	-	-	-
Cash-Capital lease	-	-	21
Cash-Compliance account	241,016	-	-
Cash-GEFA loan account	2,189,305		<u> </u>
Total restricted assets	\$ 2,482,011	\$ 188,194	\$ 21

#### NOTE 16. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

Restricted amounts are used to indicate that a portion of the fund balance/net position is not available for appropriation or is legally segregated for specific future use. The following restricted amounts are used by the City:

## Capital Projects Fund and Police Special Revenue Funds:

Restricted for capital projects - Restricted for completion of construction projects financed by SPLOST proceeds and debt retirement - Restricted for law enforcement activities - confiscated funds which must, by law, be utilized for specific activities/programs.

#### Water & Sewer Fund:

Reserved for Debt Service and Renewals and Replacement. These reserves were created in conjunction with the issuance of revenue bonds and are funded by initial deposits from the proceeds of such bonds and by transfers from the revenue accounts to accounts that are restricted to debt service and payments for system renewals and extensions.

#### Fiduciary Fund:

Held in trust for revolving loans - This reserve was created to segregate a portion of the net assets as required by grant agreement.

#### NOTE 17. LANDFILL CLOSURE/POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The City of LaFayette operates a municipal solid waste landfill for City use only and does not accept waste from any outside parties. State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a period of 30 years after closure. While the City has immaterial operating costs related to the current activity at the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on projected future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred.

The recognition of these costs is based on the amount of landfill space used to date. The liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs at September 30, 2013 is \$102,622. Estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care remaining to be recognized is \$447,429. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to the effects of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The City currently meets applicable financial assurance requirements.

The landfill capacity used to date is approximately 19.0%. According to the most recent study, at the current usage rate, the estimated remaining life of the landfill is 76 years.

## NOTE 18. HOTEL/MOTEL TAX REVENUES AND TOURISM EXPENDITURES

The City of LaFayette levies a 5% hotel/motel tax in accordance with provisions of the Official Code of Georgia section 48-13-51. This code section requires that the City expend an amount equal to the amount by which the total taxes collected under this section exceed the taxes that would be collected at a rate of 3 percent. For the year ended September 30, 2013, the amount the City collected was \$29,843. In accordance with a contractual agreement, 100% of the 2% difference in collections had been paid to the Walker County Chamber of Commerce and was to be used for promotion of tourism.

#### NOTE 19. JOINT VENTURE

The City of LaFayette is a member of the Coosa Valley Regional Development Center (RDC). The RDC was created under the laws of the State of Georgia and cities and counties in the area served by the RDC are required to be members. The membership of the RDC includes 10 counties and 35 municipalities. The City has no equity interest in the RDC nor does the City materially contribute to the continued existence of the RDC. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 50-8-39.1 states that in the event the RDC ceases operation, the membership can be assessed for any debt or obligation of the RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from: Coosa Valley Regional Development Center, P. O. Box 1793, Rome, Georgia 30162.

#### Note 20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City had a prior period adjustment of \$140,203 in the Electric fund to correct an instance of underreporting of cash investments.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	

#### CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Special Revenue									
	Police Technology		Police		Police Forfeiture		Hotel Motel		Gov	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash Due from Other Funds	\$	16,562 908	\$	130,578 1,751	\$	1,624 -	\$	-	\$	148,764 2,659
Total Assets	\$	17,470	\$	132,329	\$	1,624	\$	_	\$	151,423
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Due to Other Funds	\$	34,331	\$	_	\$		\$	56,026	\$	90,357
Total Liabilities		34,331					_	56,026		90,357
Fund Balance: Restricted for:										
Law enforcement activities		=		132,329		1,624				133,953
Unassigned		(16,861)						(56,026)		(72,887)
Total Fund Balances		(16,861)		132,329		1,624		(56,026)		61,066
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	17,470	\$	132,329	\$	1,624	\$_	_	\$	151,423

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Police Technology	Police	enue Police Forfeiture	Hotel Motel	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES		_	_		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,843	\$ 29,843
Grant Revenue	-	246,139	-	-	246,139
Miscellaneous Income	-	1,713	1	-	1,714
Interest Income	23	110	3		136
Total Revenues	23	247,962	4	29,843	277,832
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government		_	_	5,000	5.000
Police	8.302	75,965	240	-,	84,507
Intergovernmental Expenditures		64,105		_	64,105
Total Expenditures	8,302	140,070	240	5,000	153,612
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,279)	107,892	(236)	24,843	124,220
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out	-	-	_	(40,143)	(40,143)
Transfers - In	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	_	-	<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(40,143)	(40,143)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(8,279)	107,892	(236)	(15,300)	84,077
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(8,582)	24,437	1,860	(40,726)	(23,011)
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ (16,86 <u>1</u> )	\$ 132,329	\$ 1,624	\$ (56,026)	\$ 61,066

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES	_		_		_			4.040
Taxes	\$_	28,000	\$	28,000	\$	29,843	\$	1,843
Total Revenues		28,000		28,000		29,843		1,843
EXPENDITURES								
Tourism Promotion		6,500		6,500		5,000		1,500
Total Expenditures		6,500		6,500		5,000		1,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		21,500		21,500		24,843		3,343
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(21,500) (21,500)		(21,500) (21,500)	_	(40,143) (40,143)		(18,643) (18,643)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(15,300)		(15,300)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(40,726)		(40,726)		(40,726)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	(40,726)	\$	(40,726)	\$	(56,026)	\$	(15,300)

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## 2008 SPLOST BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

## Project Length

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		riance with nal Budget
REVENUES				4 40 4 000	Φ.	E07 EE0	<u> </u>	(3,847,050)
Taxes	\$	4,434,600	\$	4,434,600	\$	587,550	\$	(3,647,050)
Intergovernmental Interest Income		_		-		541		541
Total Revenues		4,434,600		4,434,600		588,091		(3,846,509)
Total Nevellues		4,404,000		4,404,00 <u>0</u>		000,001		(0,0,0,0,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		20		20
Debt Service:								
Principal		_		-		580,000		580,000
Interest		-		=		36,822		36,822
Bond Issuance Costs		4,434,600		- 4, <b>4</b> 34,600		326,143		(4,108,457)
Capital Outlays					-	942,985		(3,491,615)
Total Expenditures		4,434,600		4,434,600		942,965		(3,491,013)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		_				(354,894)		(7,338,124)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
2008 Bonds Issued		-		-		-		-
Transfers - In		-		-		-		-
Transfers - Out		_		-				<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(354,894)		(7,338,124)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		_		-		656,875		656,875
Prior Period adjustment				<u> </u>				-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	301,981	\$	(6,681,249)

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts								
	Original			Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES							_		
Grant Revenue	\$	308,650	\$	308,650	\$	246,139	\$	(62,511)	
Interest		_		-		110		110	
Miscellaneous Income		<del>_</del>				1,714		1,714	
Total Revenues		308,650		308,650		247,963		(62,401)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current: Police		91,700		91,700		63,611		28,089	
,	_								
Total Expenditures	_	91,700		91,700		63,611		28,089	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		216,950		216,950		184,352		(34,312)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Payments to Other Governments		(216,950)		(216,950)		(76,460)		140,490	
Transfers - Out		-				_		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(216,950)		(216,950)		(76,460)		140,490	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		107,892		106,179	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		24,437		24,437		24,437		<del>-</del>	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	24,437	\$	24,437	\$	132,329	\$	106,179	

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE FORFEITURE SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		
	Oı	riginal		Final	 Actual	nce with I Budget
REVENUES						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Interest		4		4	4	 (0)
Total Revenues		4		4	 4	 (0)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Police		4		4	 240	 (236)
Total Expenditures		4		4	 240	 (236)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u>			 (236)	 (236)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out		_		_	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		_	 _	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	(236)	(236)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		1,860		1,860	 1,860	 
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	1,860	\$	1,860	\$ 1,624	\$ (236)

# CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES POLICE TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		
	C	riginal		Final	Actual	ance with al Budget
REVENUES						 
Fine Add-Ons	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$ -	\$ (2,000)
Interest		<u>50</u>		50	 23	 (27)
Total Revenues		2,050		2,050	 23	 (27)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:		0.050		0.050	0.000	(C 050)
Police		2,050		2,050	 8,302	 (6,252)
Total Expenditures		2,050		2,050	 8,302	 (6,252)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u>	-	<u></u>	(8,279)	 (6,279)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - Out		_		_	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		_	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		<b>+</b>	(8,279)	(6,279)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(8,582)		(8,582)	 (8,582)	 
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	(8,582)	\$	(8,582)	\$ (16,861)	\$ (6,279)

STATISTICAL SECTION

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### CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA STATISTICAL SECTION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGES
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	69-74
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue source, the property tax.	75-78
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the Agency's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	79-83
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	84-85
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	86-88

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Net Position By Component Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	<del>⇔</del>	6,925,052 655,142 817,772	<del>⇔</del>	5,415,144 159,095 (478,789)	69	2,587,120 370,207 1,888,574	↔	3,851,948 372,480 430,307	↔	4,645,389 1,741,229 (1,953,591)	↔	5,073,558 1,676,815 (1,627,242)	↔	6,013,279 1,479,716 (1,136,111)
Total governmental activities net position	69	8,397,966	€9	5,095,450	₩	4,845,901	φ.	4,654,735	₩	4,433,027	φ.	5,123,131	မာ	6,356,884
Business-type activities Invested in canital assets net of related debt	€.	18 053 148	€5	21.967.815	69	21 644 406	69	21,723,541	€9	21.958.075	€9	21.048.371	€9	28.041.380
Restricted	•	1,202,647	•	1,229,047	+	1,230,702	+	1,156,598		217,585	+	36,038		(3,830,990)
Total business-type activities net position	κ	21,882,067	₩	24,735,058	မှာ	25,541,261	ω	26,732,124	ь	26,317,821	G	24,415,583	<b>↔</b>	24,210,390
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	မာ	24,978,200	<del>6</del>	27,382,959	↔	24,231,526	↔	25,575,489	↔	26,603,464	↔	26,121,929	↔	34,054,659
Restricted Unrestricted		1,857,789 3,444,044		1,388,142		1,600,909		1,529,078 4,282,292		1,958,814 2,188,570		1,712,853		1,479,716 (4,967,101)
Total primary government net position	မှာ	30,280,033	₩	29,830,508	မှာ	30,387,162	မာ	31,386,859	↔	30,750,848	မှာ	29,538,714	မှာ	30,567,274

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Net Position Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007	2008		2009	2010	2011	2012		2013
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General Government	ь	936,752	\$ 984,479	479 \$	1,071,282	\$ 984,125	\$ 1,079,171	\$ 1,080,027	\$	1,117,808
Police		1,354,576	1,596,423	423	1,616,848	1,731,578	1,804,053	1,799,349	0	1,797,485
Fire		273,813	381,843	843	411 645	424,828	427,647	425,276	9	398,437
Public Works		949,226	959,681	681	952,337	1,198,003	1,122,605	868'898	8	833,213
Engineering		313,863	371,007	200	313,018	241,806	211,138	204,827	7	215,972
Recreation		845,284	990,485	485	836,134	880,389	872,255	881,464	4	885,455
Garage		171,259	239,752	752	170,778	172,978	221,800	181,492	2	173,860
Animal Control		45,876	49,	49,090	49,073	57,768	46,076	41,833	ကျ	35,454
Interest on Long-term Debt		ı		   '	88,112	125,154	187,682	60,695	2	38,894
Total governmental activities expenses		4,890,649	5,572,760	  092	5,509,227	5,816,629	5,972,427	5,638,861	-1	5,496,578
Business-type activities:		7,476,015	6.415.012	012	5.941.777	6.356,037	6,787,899	7,823,639	o o	7,663,017
Gas		3,173,016	3,195,382	382	2,524,138	2,326,496	2,250,743	1,781,896	ဖွ	2,058,255
Water & Sewer		3,050,299	3,092,514	514	3,062,970	3,166,961	3,271,779	3,350,313	က	3,571,402
Solid Waste		566,598	571,896	968	468,771	547,797	577,842	621,608	ထ္	646,676
Golf		663,517	720,431	431	729,031	768,208	805,176	775,168	ထွ	824,600
Airport		203,707	288,331	331	338,773	348,963	375,148	341,807	<u>-</u>	419,409
Total business-type activities expenses		15,133,152	14,283,566	266	13,065,460	13,514,462	14,068,587	14,694,431	=1	15,183,359
Total primary government expenses	S	\$ 20,023,801	\$ 19,856,326		\$ 18,574,687	\$ 19,331,091	\$ 20,041,014	\$ 20,333,292	8	20,679,937

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Net Position Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:								
General Government	↔	744,994 \$	727,865 \$	741,448 \$	762,271	\$ 789,344	\$ 796,124	\$ 760,077
Police Fire		234,411	265,671	226,688	331,889	343,163	208,702	130,407
Public Works		36,705	62,065	63,480	39,650	38,750	45,515	33,850
Engineering			•	10,619	7,041	15,955	8,388	51,302
Recreation		121,526	114,843	106,635	124,327	126,270	147,914	156,134
Garage		1	1	1	1	1	·	•
Animal Control		78	48	124	29	44	63	•
Operating grants and conributions		84,164	73,729	37,162	72,571	68,212	93,656	309,683
Capital grants and contributions		262,651	41,474	279,448	222,297	276,066	916,182	832,704
Total governmental activities program revenues		1,484,529	1,285,695	1,465,604	1,560,105	1,657,804	2,216,544	2,274,157
Business-type activities:								
Electric		6,952,011	7,150,710	7,313,826	8,082,649	7,454,354	7,302,789	8,720,685
Gas		3,698,030	3,692,304	3,079,206	2,977,647	2,726,493	2,277,444	2,669,253
Water & Sewer		3,276,325	3,170,295	3,322,222	3,688,544	3,754,331	3,739,296	4,110,287
Solid Waste		422,076	470,525	504,938	485,433	490,800	565,453	513,299
Golf		539,918	527,709	598,882	554,463	572,607	580,127	571,570
Airport		118,819	114,928	99,184	112,222	122,131	125,643	121,983
Operating grants and conributions Capital grants and contributions		1 1	1,391,617	- 75,211	301,847	355,939	338,842	- 680,916
Total business-type activities program revenues		15,007,179	16,518,088	14,993,469	16,202,805	15,476,655	14,929,594	17,387,993
Total primary government program revenues		16,491,708	17,803,783	16,459,073	17,762,910	17,134,459	17,146,138	19,662,150
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities		(3,406,120)	(4,287,065)	(4,043,623)	(4,256,524)	(4,314,623)	(3,422,317)	(3,222,421)
Business-type activities		(125,973)	2,234,522	1,928,009	2,688,343	1,408,068	235,163	2,204,634
Total primary government net (expense)		(3,532,093)	(2,052,543)	(2,115,614)	(1,568,181)	(2,906,555)	(3,187,154)	(1,017,787)

City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Net Position Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		2012	2012	I
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:									
Taxes:	020 020	507 138	533 775	764 412	472 037	37	137 343	496 057	
Flubelly Salos	450,273 1 008 545	545,066	1 380 487	114,404	*	2 6	493.200	473,889	. g
Hotel/Motel	29.975	29.153	27,889	28.065		72	25,524	29,843	က္
Insurance Premium	351,184	366,324	375,099	371,580		.81	334,005	354,769	တ္တ
Business/Occupation	76,763	74,973	75,158	76,521		26	75,656	75,220	0
Beverage	129,065	123,495	132,496	117,584	•	197	115,330	122,645	ıΩ
Franchise	216,981	266,226	279,595	268,837	N	122	286,851	285,086	ဖွ
Other	30,846	625,632	375,690	16,166	3 11,882	882	37,702	33,049	<u>ග</u>
Investment Earnings	40,547	22,316	45,862	25,067		948	3,600	1,959	9
Miscellaneous	304,805	126,193	41,230	62,563	.,	51	36,216	26,821	Σ
Payments to Other Governments	(165,148)	(200,471)	(87,013)	(116,103)	_	(65)	1		1
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		(1,378,995)	44,200	17,381			67,574	7,836	စ္က
Transfers	1,974,000	(122,501)	989,519	1,617,199	1,691,150	50	2,199,422	2,549,000	읾
Total governmental activities	4,433,842	984,549	4,213,987	4,065,358	4,123,160	09	4,112,423	4,456,174	<b>4</b>
Business-type activities:	209 097	108.671	39.503	10.104		9.589	5.388	8.038	ထ္ဆ
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		(258,915)	745	115,561		1,304	56,633	009	8
Transfers	(1,974,000)	122,501	(989,519)	(1,617,199)	(1,69	(20)	(2,199,422)	(2,549,000)	ଚ୍ଚା
Total business-type activities	(1,764,903)	(27,743)	(949,271)	(1,491,534)	4) (1,680,257)	(257)	(2,137,401)	(2,540,362)	ପ୍ଥା
Total primary government	\$ 2,668,939	\$ 956,806	\$ 3,264,716	\$ 2,573,824	4 \$ 2,442,903	903	1,975,022	\$ 1,915,812	2∥
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 1,027,722 (1,890,876)	\$ (3,302,516) 2,206,779	\$ 170,364 978,738	\$ (191,166) 1,196,809	5) \$ (191,463) 9 (272,189)	\$ (89) (88)	690,106 (1,902,238)	\$ 1,233,753 (335,728)	က္က ဆို
Total primary government	\$ (863,154)	\$ (1,095,737)	\$ 1,149,102	\$ 1,005,643	3 \$ (463,652)	352) \$	(1,212,132)	\$ 898,025	띪

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
General Fund Nonspendable	↔	I	↔	t	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	35,190	↔	34,410	↔	33,996
Restricted Committed Unassigned		835,558		702,378	- 1	749,250		196,308		116,276 (626,543)		94,895 (576,965)		110,703 117,120
Total general fund	↔	835,558	↔	\$ 702,378	မာ	\$ 749,250	ω	\$ 196,308	မှာ	\$ (475,077) \$ (447,660)	↔	(447,660)	↔	261,819
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted	↔	655,142	↔	655,142 \$ (338,635) \$	↔	370,207 \$	↔	372,480	↔	- 765,591	↔	-	69	435,934
Committed Unassigned		38,099		(583,994)	`	1,349,121		443,945	1	(35,726)		(49,308)		(72,887)
Total all other governmental funds	↔	693,241	ω	\$ (922,629) \$ 1,719,328	မ	1,719,328	မှာ	816,425	es l	729,865	↔	633,864	€	363,047

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

### City of Lafayette, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues	2001	2000		=			
Taxes	\$ 2,279,636	\$ 1,856,607	\$ 2,708,982	\$ 2,401,737	\$ 1,819,765	\$ 1,737,158	\$ 1,811,899
Grant Revenue	262,651	53,551	129,917	249,387	265,329	229,324	454,251
Licenses and Permits	29,521	17,011	11,519	8,191	20,259	11,088	53,223
Intergovernmental	64,133	39,624	180,545	340	678,286	724,859	652,775
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	17,811	30,907	12,212	12,212	12,212	12,212
Fines and Forfeitures	234,411	278,683	273,686	365,015	377,112	228,377	154,575
Charges for Services	907,498	232,636	223,217	227,744	221,676	257,814	253,990
Contributions and donations	-	3,281	7,015	8	3,779	23,168	323
Miscellaneous Income	271,796	1,448,638	1,127,298	813,863	786,787	826,405	778,368
Interest Income	40,547	22,293	45,848	25,000	6,048	3,600	2,500
Total revenues	4,090,193	3,970,135	4,738,934	4,103,497	4,191,253	4,054,005	4,174,116
Expenditures							
General Government	874,087	885,421	927,908	931,920	1,019,574	1,015,374	1,094,371
Police	1,288,673	1,494,251	1,406,363	1,595,702	1,652,233	1,631,180	1,659,922
Fire	252,814	322,461	294,913	325,242	323,770	315,646	309,163
Public Works	888,993	862,912	787,221	1,073,030	1,017,074	839,336	721,214
Engineering	313,303	331,100	278,499	232,890	205,498	193,517	214,825
Recreation	739,367	850,184	740,019	802,517	765,844	764,731	807,607
Garage	170,945	200,080	152,250	167,943	211,514	173,471	174,150
Animal Control	45,876	49,090	43,749	55,980	44,564	39,783	35,430
Intergovernmental Expenditures	165,148	125,869	87,013	116,103	100,239	-	64,105
Principal	-	-	-	495,000	535,000	563,380	603,319
Interest	-	-	88,112	125,154	104,709	60,695	38,894
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	105,807	-	=	-	<u>.</u>
Capital Outlay	705,815	1,995,556	1,122,077	1,113,142	633,329	380,014	609,314
Total expenditures	5,445,021	7,116,924	6,033,931	7,034,623	6,613,348	<u>5,977,127</u>	6,332,314
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,354,828)	(3,146,789)	(1,294,997)	(2,931,126)	(2,422,095)	(1,923,122)	(2,158,198)
Other financing sources (uses)			0.400.000				
2008 Bonds Issued	(407.075)	-	3,400,000	(074.404)	(04.477)	(207 524)	- (40 143)
Transfers out	(187,275)		(984,700)	(974,461) 2,432,361	(91,177) 1,755,327	(397,524) 2,224,946	(40,143) 2,589,143
Transfers in	2,161,275	1,941,100	1,524,326	2,432,301	1,700,327	42,515	40,024
Capital leases Sale of capital assets	-	23,273	44,200	17,381	_	67,574	7,836
·	4.074.000				1,664,150	1,937,511	2,596,860
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,974,000	1,397,738	3,983,826	1,475,281	1,004,100	1,937,511	2,380,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ 619,172	<u>\$ (1,749,051)</u>	\$ 2,688,829	\$ (1,455,845)	\$ (757,945)	<u>\$ 14,389</u>	\$ 438,662
Debt service as a percentage of	_				ساسد ا		11.00
non capital expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%	10.5%	10.7%	11.1%	11.2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 34, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2007. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

City of Lafayette, Georgia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

i		!				-		- -	19 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Assessed
Fiscal Year		Real Property		Personal Property	Property	Less: Tax	Total Taxable	Direct	Estimated Actual	Value das a Percentage
Ended	Residential	Industrial	Commercial	Motor		Exempt	Assessed	Тах	Taxable	o
September 30	Property	Property	Property	Vehicles	Other	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2004	\$ 55,338,599	\$ 54,650,805	\$ 39,305,084	, 49	\$ 3,094,031	\$ 18,087,874	\$ 134,300,645	3.31	\$ 335,751,613	40%
2005	56, 169, 149	54,590,950	37,214,445	t	3,068,048	19,205,764	131,836,828	3.20	329,592,070	40%
2006	68,346,204	48,118,166	37,757,322	1	3,392,759	12,732,550	144,881,901	3.00	362,204,753	40%
2007	70,343,584	48,454,969	38,307,577	1	3,687,189	12,781,998	148,011,321	2.99	370,028,303	40%
2008	70,343,584	48,454,469	38,307,577	r	3,687,189	12,781,998	148,010,821	2.99	370,027,053	40%
2009	71,519,493	43,460,692	39,974,969	•	3,704,303	15,266,054	143,393,403	2.99	358,483,508	40%
2010	71,988,686	39,362,080	41,235,497	•	3,308,916	17,039,910	138,855,269	2.99	347,138,173	40%
2011	71,984,905	33,188,102	41,860,053	•	2,979,759	13,694,518	136,318,301	2.99	340,795,753	40%
2012	71,535,907	28,059,977	41,413,918	•	3,241,204	12,750,760	131,500,246	2.99	328,750,615	40%
2013	70,460,348	25,501,273	41,227,303	ı	2,842,935	11,389,129	128,642,730	2.99	321,606,825	40%

Source: Property in Walker County is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at approximately 40 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by this percentage.

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes tax-exempt property.

# City of Lafayette, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governments Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Rates	Overlapp	ing Rates	
Fiscal Year	City of Lafayette Operating Millage	Walker County (A)	State of Georgia (B)	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2004	3.31	20.57	0.25	24.13
2005	3.20	22.56	0.25	26.01
2006	3.00	22.33	0.25	25.58
2007	2.99	22.29	0.25	25.53
2008	2.99	22.29	0.25	25.53
2009	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2010	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2011	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2012	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31
2013	2.99	22.07	0.25	25.31

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes levy for Walker County Board of Education

<sup>(</sup>B) This statewide levy is collected for the State by the County on the basis of the County's assessed value (40% of fair market value)

City of Lafayette, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2013

			2013			2003	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Robcor LP	↔	14,520,324	<b>~</b>	11.3%	\$ 28,095,393	_	18.59%
Zorn, Eric, As Trustee		2,423,322	2	1.9%			,
Walmart		2,416,115	က	1.9%	2,589,500	က	1.71%
Georgia Windstream, Inc.		1,805,607	4	1.4%	ı		ı
Unique Fabricating South		1,504,760	5	1.2%	1		ı
LaFayette Station		1,055,076	9	%8.0	•		t
Lucky Pointe LP		945,586	7	0.7%			ı
Auto Custom Carpets Inc.		835,975	∞	%9:0	ľ		•
Flagstar Bank FSB		737,854	6	%9:0	•		ı
Bank of LaFayette		700,065	10	0.5%	•		t
Blue Bird of N. Georgia		1		•	5,839,161	7	3.86%
Georgia Alltel Telecom		ı			2,220,578	4	1.47%
William J. Wade, Trustee		ı		•	1,548,092	5	1.02%
Blue Bird Body Company		Ī			1,438,405	ဖ	0.95%
Colorspectrum		Ī			1,389,411	7	0.92%
Ronile of Georgia		•		1	1,215,089	∞	0.80%
Kmart Corporation		t		•	1,055,899	တ	0.70%
Solution First, Inc		ı		•	1,031,122	10	% <del>89.0</del>
Totals	မှာ	26,944,684		20.9%	\$ 46,422,650		30.71%

Source: Walker County Tax Commissioner

Total Taxable Assessed Value 128

128,642,730

### City of Lafayette, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections September 30, 2013

Fiscal Year	Та	xes Levied	 	I within the r of the Lev		C	ollections	 Total Collec	tions to Date
Ended September 30	F	for the iscal year	Amount	Percenta of Levy	_	In S	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2004	\$	393,199	\$ 381,394	97.0%		\$	10,500	\$ 391,894	99.7%
2005		410,943	395,902	96.3%			13,700	409,602	99.7%
2006		386,687	382,371	98.9%			3,746	386,117	99.9%
2007		403,693	387,906	96.1%			8,350	396,256	98.2%
2008		442,552	361,551	81.7%			39,939	401,490	90.7%
2009		454,485	370,025	81.4%			10,444	380,469	83.7%
2010		401,490	378,712	94.3%			19,167	397,879	99.1%
2011		399,173	381,666	95.6%			12,111	393,777	98.6%
2012		393,186	367,858	93.6%			19,889	387,747	98.6%
2013		366,719	341,994	93.3%			-	341,994	93.3%

Source: Walker County Tax Commissioner

City of Lafayette, Georgia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Population Per	Capita Income		\$ 154,538,356	107,911,467	159,612,134	166,301,132	89,472,300	89,472,300	89,472,300	95,558,100	98,618,729	98,618,729
	Per	Capita	Income		\$ 23,093	15,867	22,979	23,942	12,967	12,967	12,967	13,849	13,849	13,849
		Per	Capita		1,010	916	841	753	661	1,254	1,368	1,343	1,397	1,636
	Percentage	of Personal	Income		4.38%	5.77%	3.66%	3.15%	5.10%	%29.6	10.89%	10.01%	10.09%	11.81%
	Total	Primary	Government		\$ 6,762,026	6,230,988	5,844,607	5,232,113	4,562,656	8,654,017	9,740,556	9,563,655	9,950,873	11,649,475
S		Capitilized	Leases		- ·	•	1	•	1	•	1	214,393	721,240	624,299
Business-type Activities			Notes Payable		\$ 2,822,026	2,695,988	2,739,607	2,562,113	2,377,656	3,574,017	5,710,556	6,979,262	7,380,498	803,206
Busir		Water/Sewer	Revenue Bonds		3,940,000	3,535,000	3,105,000	2,670,000	2,185,000	1,680,000	1,125,000	•	•	8,935,000
rities		Capitilized	Leases	•	-	B	•		1	1	•	•	39,135	56,970
Governmental Acitivities		Notes	Payable	•		ı	1	1	1	•	•	1	•	1
Gover	General	Obligation	Bonds	•	, ,	•		•	,	3,400,000	2,905,000	2,370,000	1,810,000	1,230,000
		Fiscal	Year		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 76 for person income and population data.

## City of Lafayette, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2013

Governmental unit	O	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>(1)</sup>	•	stimated Share of verlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:Walker County	\$	2,781,977	12%	\$	333,837
City of Lafayette direct debt		1,230,000	100%		1,230,000
Total direct and overlapping debt	<u>\$</u>	4,011,977		\$	1,563,837

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Walker County Tax Commissioner. Debt outstanding data provided by Walker County and the City.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and business of the City of Lafayette. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

<sup>(1)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

### City of Lafayette, Georgia Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

### **Revenue Bonds**

Fiscal	Utility Service Charge		Less: Operating		Net Available		Debt S	Servi	ce	
Year	and Oth		Expenses		Revenue	F	rincipal		Interest	Coverage
2004	\$ 3,120,	287 5	1,916,832	\$	1,203,455	\$	575,000	\$	104,413	1.8
2005	3,024,		1,918,945	-	1,105,192		405,000		192,375	1.9
2006	3,213,	<b>3</b> 57	1,926,659		1,286,998		430,000		167,385	2.2
2007	3,047,	748	2,819,078		228,670		510,000		111,090	0.4
2008	3,032,	877	2,917,010		115,867		530,000		90,720	0.2
2009	3,253,	674	2,258,290		995,384		505,000		84,461	1.7
2010	3,697,	314	2,292,818		1,404,496		555,000		133,166	2.0
2011	3,763,	252	2,409,801		1,353,451		1,125,000		97,101	1.1
2012	3,744,	191	2,430,144		1,314,047		-		-	-
2013	4,117,		2,586,536		1,530,712		-		118,034	13.0

W/S revenue bonds were issued during the 2013 fiscal year, with the first principal payment not being due until the 2014 fiscal year.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Utility service charges and other includes water/sewer charges and investment earnings but not tap fees. Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt limit	\$ 16,859,233	\$ 16,155,761	\$ 16,155,761 \$ 14,488,190 \$ 14,801,132 \$ 14,801,082 \$ 14,339,340	\$ 14,801,132	\$ 14,801,082		\$ 15,275,046 \$ 14,719,726	\$ 14,719,726	\$ 13,150,025	\$ 12,864,273
Total net debt applicable to limit						3,400,000	2,905,000	2,370,000	1,810,000	1,230,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 16,859,233	\$ 16,859,233 \$ 16,155,761 \$ 14,488,190 \$ 14,801,132 \$ 14,801,082 \$ 10,939,340	\$ 14,488,190	\$ 14,801,132	\$ 14,801,082		\$ 12,370,046 \$ 12,349,726	\$ 12,349,726	\$ 11,340,025	\$ 11,634,273
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	23.71%	19.02%	16.10%	13.76%	9.56%
							Legal Debt Marg	iin Calculation fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2013	n
							Total taxable assessed value	essed value		\$ 128,642,730
							Debt limit (10% a	Debt limit (10% of assessed taxable value)	e value)	12,864,273
							Debt applicable to illinit. General obligation bonds	ation bonds		1,230,000
							Legal debt margin	_		\$ 11,634,273

Note: The Constitution of the State of Georgia Article IX, Section V limits outstanding general obligation debt to 10 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property.

# City of Lafayette, Georgia Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Five Fiscal years

Fiscal	General Obligation	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Property	Capita
2009	\$ 3,400,000	N/A	\$ 493
2010	2,905,000	N/A	408
2011	2,370,000	N/A	333
2012	1,810,000	N/A	254
2013	1,230,000		173

Note: Details about the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### City of LaFayette, Georgia Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	P	r Capita ersonal come <sup>(1)</sup>	Median Age <sup>(1)</sup>	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate/Percent
2004	6,692	\$ 154,538,356	\$	23,093	38.0	12	8,930	2.5
2005	6,801	107,911,467		15,867	37.1	12	9,000	4.7
2006	6,946	159,612,134		22,979	37.0	12	9,290	4.5
2007	6,946	166,301,132		23,942	37.0	12	9,143	6.4
2008	6,900	89,472,300		12,967	37.0	12	9,337	5.8
2009	6,900	89,472,300		12,967	38.0	12	9,279	10.4
2010	7,121	92,338,007		12,967	38.0	12	9,198	9.8
2011	7,121	98,618,729		13,849	38.0	12	9,064	9.4
2012	7,121	98,618,729		13,849	38.0	12	9,064	9.4
2013	7,121	98,618,729		13,849	38.0	12	9,064	9.4

Sources: NW Georgia Joint Development Authority, Georgia Department of Education, and the most recent U.S. Census (1) Estimated

## CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND SEVEN YEARS AGO

2006

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage Of Total	Employees	Rank
Roper Corp	1,500	1	34.32%	1,600	1
Walker Co Bd of Education	1,350	2	30.89%	1,500	2
Walker Co Government	452	3	10.34%	250	5
Lookout Mtn Services	295	4	6.75%	_	-
Walmart	195	5	4.46%	265	4
Syntec Industries	163	6	3.73%	150	6
City of LaFayette	140	7	3.20%	140	7
Walker Co Sheriff Dept	110	8	2.52%	100	8
Unique Fabricating	100	9	2.29%	-	-
Bank of LaFayette	65	10	1.49%		-
Totals	4,370_		100.00%	4,005	

2013

Source: Respective Employers

### City of Lafayette, Georgia Number of City Employees By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	2004	2005	2000	2001	2000	<u>2003</u>	2010	2011	2012	2010
General government	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	11	10	10
Police	19	19	19	19	19	21	23	23	23	24
Fire	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	6	6
Garage	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3
Culture and recreation	15	15	15	13	12	9	10	10	12	10
Public works	17	16	16	16	16	14	14	15	15	11
Sanitation	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	6	7	7
Total	71	70	70	69	68	63	67	73	_ · 76	71

City of Lafayette, Georgia Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
<b>Police</b> Physical arrests		467	430	411	363	507	462	423	485	401	202
Parking violations		75	86	125	တ	25	-	20	21	20	15
Traffic violations		1,552	1,449	878	086	1,129	763	1,434	1,088	1,013	755
Fire Emergency responses		215	231	206	360	326	553	655	751	941	863
Fires extinguished		65	09	45	92	55	78	64	64	36	31
Culture and recreation Participation fees	↔	86,839	\$ 98,467	\$ 111,150	\$ 129,808	\$ 118,484	\$ 117,482	\$ 116,762 76,985	\$ 130,937	\$ 153,348	\$ 159,200
Public works Street resurfacing miles		1.02	1.00	1.13	1.37	1.15	1.09	0.53	1.01	00.0	0.90
Housing and development Building permits issued		230	147	149	113	73	59	09	46	46	48
Sanitation Number of customers		2,692	2,695	2,685	2,763	2,773	2704	2,686	2,858	2,667	2,635

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Police Stations Vehicles	r 6	19	<u> </u>	- 6	1 20	20	1 23	23	1 23	1 24
Culture and recreation Acreage Baseball/softball fields Soccer/football fields	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 9 2	147.5 6 3	147.5 6 3	147.5 10 5	147.5 9 5	147.5 9 5	147.8 9 5
Public works Miles of streets	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1	82.1
Housing and development Building permits issued	230	147	149	113	113	59	9	46	46	8
Sanitation Collection vehicles	ო	ო	ო	က	ო	ო	ო	ო	ω	∞

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**COMPLIANCE SECTION** 

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LLOYD WILLIAMSON CHRISTIAN HATCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of LaFayette, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of LaFayette, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of LaFayette, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaFayette, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies. These deficiencies are listed as findings 09-2 and 10-1 in the schedule of findings and responses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of LaFayette, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of LaFayette, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of LaFayette, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Williamson & Company Certified Public Accountants

Williamson + Company

May 19, 2014

### CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

#### Finding 09-2 Monthly and Year-End Adjusting Entries

Continues from previous year, some improvements have been made but it continues to be a finding and a problem for statements at year end.

Condition: The City required numerous adjusting and reclassifying entries at year-end. This results in the monthly statements being unreliable for the City Manager and council to use for planning and decision-making, in addition to contributing to budget overruns as items are correctly reclassified, sometimes resulting in departmental overruns.

Criteria: The monthly general ledger should be reviewed and adjusted as needed. The general ledger should be reconciled to subsidiary ledgers or other supporting documents.

Recommendation: The monthly working trial balance should be printed each month and the "month-end" balances compared to the following:

Reconciled cash
Outstanding billing reports
Accounts payable reports
Unpaid property tax reports
Others as needed

Management's response: As part of the change in City Managers there is a renewed emphasis on Department Heads paying close attention to the monthly reports, prepared by the Finance Department, and verifying expenses and resolving discrepancies with Finance as they occur. Additionally, the city will continue to enforce an earlier purchasing close out for the fiscal year; to be set between September 9 and September 14, 2013. This should help ensure the vast majority of invoices are received and processed in the fiscal year in which they are incurred. We continue to look into an opportunity to having the Walker County Tax Commissioner bill and collect the City taxes, for a fee, and converting/reallocating the existing Tax Clerk's position to handle additional financial issues.

#### Finding 10-1 Budget Reports

Continues from previous year.

Condition: The City's actual expenditures exceeded the general fund budget as follows:

Police \$ 74,449

Public Works \$ 17,440

Criteria: The budget should control the expenditures for the City.

Recommendation: As the actual expenditures start to exceed the budget an amendment to the budget should be made or the expense should not be incurred. The City Manager and City Council should review the "budget vs. actual" expenditure report each month to make certain the City does not exceed approved spending levels.

### CITY OF LAFAYETTE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Management's response: As mentioned in the previous Finding, with a new City Manager comes policy changes to address day to day operational activities. We will implement a mid-year budget review with City Council to make needed/required revenue and expenditure changes to the budget. Additionally, this will provide an additional opportunity to remind staff and the Department Heads that they must live within their approved budgets. Additional finance staff or reallocation of positions should also help us better track expenditures and keep the departments within their approved budgets.

### City of LaFayette, Georgia Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013

Project	Estimated Cost			Expenditures							
		Original		Current		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
SPLOST V Roads & Streets	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	367,405	\$	-	\$	367,405	
Other Projects Admin Equipment		-		_		33,613		_		33,613	
Public Safety Equipment		_		_		244,253		_		244,253	
Solid Waste Equipment		-		-		306,442		-		306,442	
Public Works Equipment Streetscapes		<del>.</del> -		- -		153,805 317,371		- -		153,805 317,371	
Recreation Equipment Site Improvements		-		-		89,961 958,433	3	- 326,143		89,961 1,284,576	
Airport Buildings Site Improvements		-		- -		- 34,457		-		- 34,457	
Water and Sewer Equipment Improvements		- -		<u>.</u>		- 121,937		-		- 121,937	
Gas											
Equipment Improvements		-		-		29,711 -		-		29,711 -	
Electric											
Equipment Improvements		-		-		3,0 <b>4</b> 6 -		-		3,046 -	
Golf											
Equipment Improvements				<u>-</u>		59,416		<u>-</u>		59,416	
Total other projects		4,234,600		4,234,600		2,352,445		326,143		2,678,588	
Total for all projects	\$	4,434,600	\$	4,434,600	\$	2,719,850	\$ :	326,143	\$	3,045,993	

Note: This schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.