City of McDonough The Geranium City





MCDONOUGH, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2017

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CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of McDonough, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of McDonough, Georgia (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of McDonough, Georgia, as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios on pages 58 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of McDonough, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor and individual fund budgetary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

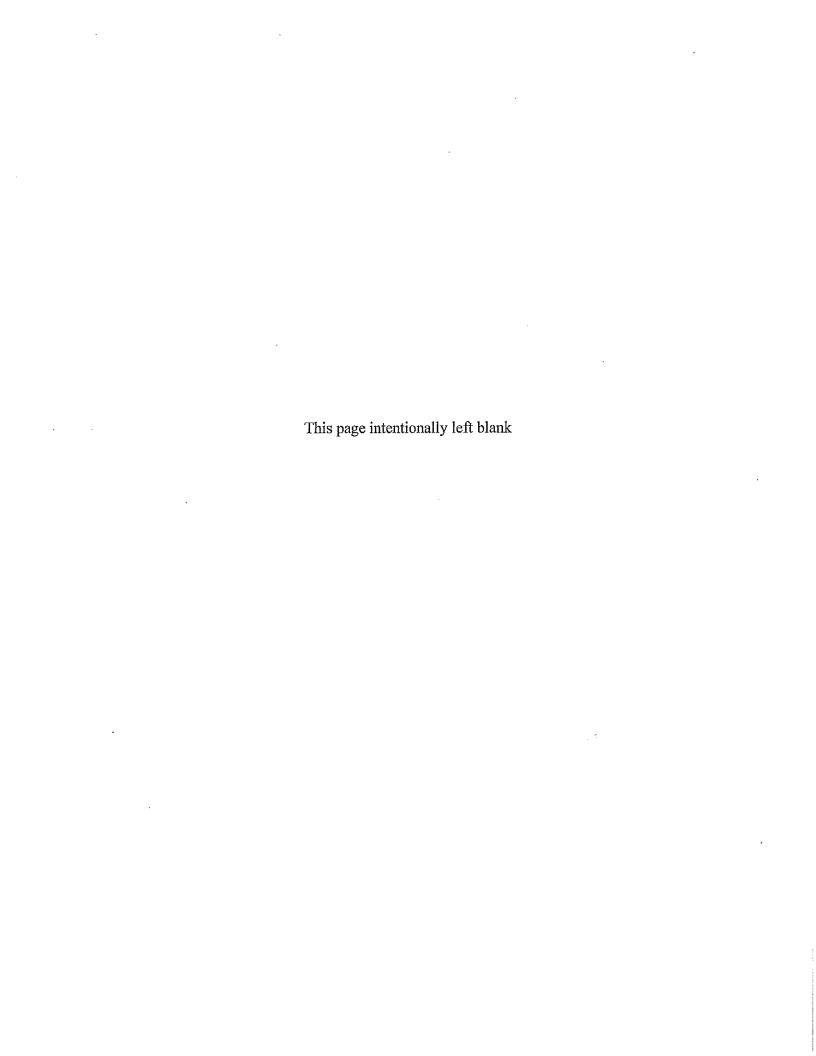
The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the individual fund budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the individual fund budgetary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 18, 2017 on our consideration of City of McDonough, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of McDonough, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James A. Whitaker, P.C.

Snellville, Georgia December 18, 2017



CITY OF McDONOUGH MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of McDonough, we offer readers of the City of McDonough's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of McDonough for the year ended June 30, 2017, (the current period). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with their review of the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Assets and deferred outflows of the City of McDonough exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2017 by \$71,387,137. Of this amount unrestricted net position of \$13,788,325 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net position increased by \$3,139,659. Of this amount, a net increase of \$1,611,703 was associated with governmental activities and an increase of \$1,527,956 was associated with business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current period, the City of McDonough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,986,383, a decrease of \$2,723,028 in comparison with the prior period. Of this amount \$7,942,659 is unassigned, \$9,192,889 is restricted for capital projects and other specific future uses, \$200,000 is assigned for the FY 2018 budget, and \$650,835 is nonspendable for such amounts as prepaid items of \$480,235, and the cemetery trust corpus of \$170,600.
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,942,659 or 60.86 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The millage rate decreased to 4.560, a 7.35 percent decrease from Fiscal Year 2016.
- The McDonough Urban Redevelopment Authority, a component unit of the City, issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$4,235,000 for the purpose of constructing a municipal courthouse during Fiscal Year 2016. The construction was 100% percent complete as of June 30, 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of McDonough's basic financial statements. The City of McDonough's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of McDonough's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the city's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

City of McDonough

Government-wide financial statements (Continued). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of McDonough include general government, public safety and courts, highways and streets, parks and recreation, cemetery, community development, economic development, and code enforcement. The business-type activities of the City are water and sewer, solid waste, stormwater management, and the cemetery enterprise fund.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of McDonough can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains five major governmental funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, two SPLOST Capital Project Funds, the Development Impact Fee Fund, and the Urban Redevelopment Authority. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all major funds.

The City of McDonough adopts an annual budget for all of its Governmental Funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund beginning on page 21 to demonstrate compliance with the FY 2017 budget. A project length budget has been adopted for each Capital Projects Fund and is presented in the individual fund financial statements. Non-major special revenue funds' budget comparisons are also presented in the individual fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds. Enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Fund, its Solid Waste Management Fund, its Storm Water Management Fund and its Cemetery Enterprise Fund. All of the City's enterprise funds are considered by the City to be major funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the City's major funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information which consists of Combining Statements for Non-major Governmental Fund and Various Fund Budget Schedules.

City of McDonough Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2017, the City's net position exceeded liabilities by \$71,387,137. The City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets \$47,882,425 (67.07 percent), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Of the total net position, \$9,716,387 (13.61 percent) is restricted for capital projects and other specified activities and \$13,788,325 (19.32 percent) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The comparative government-wide information for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2017 6/30/2016		6/30/2017 6/30/2016		6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 19,129,169	\$ 22,495,800	\$10,343,719	\$ 9,203,849	\$ 29,472,888	\$31,699,649	
Deferred outflows	923,358	873,601	230,840	218,400	1,154,198	1,092,001	
Capital assets	39,278,211	35,033,053	18,335,127	18,432,757	57,613,338	53,465,810	
Total assets and deferred outflows	59,330,738	58,402,454	28,909,686	27,855,006	88,240,424	86,257,460	
Current liabilities	1,047,895	1,634,585	950,865	995,049	1,998,760	2,629,634	
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows	9,102,247	9,198,976	5,752,280	6,181,372	14,854,527	15,380,348	
Total liabilities	10,150,142	10,833,561	6,703,145	7,176,421	16,853,287	18,009,982	
Net position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	34,732,647	32,262,198	13,149,778	12,821,660	47,882,425	45,083,858	
Restricted	9,363,489	11,679,446	352,898	352,898	9,716,387	12,032,344	
Unrestricted	5,084,460	3,627,249	8,703,865	7,504,027	13,788,325	11,131,276	
Total net position	\$49,180,596	\$ 47,568,893	\$ 22,206,541	\$20,678,585	\$ 71,387,137	\$ 68,247,478	

City of McDonough's Change in Net Position For The Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

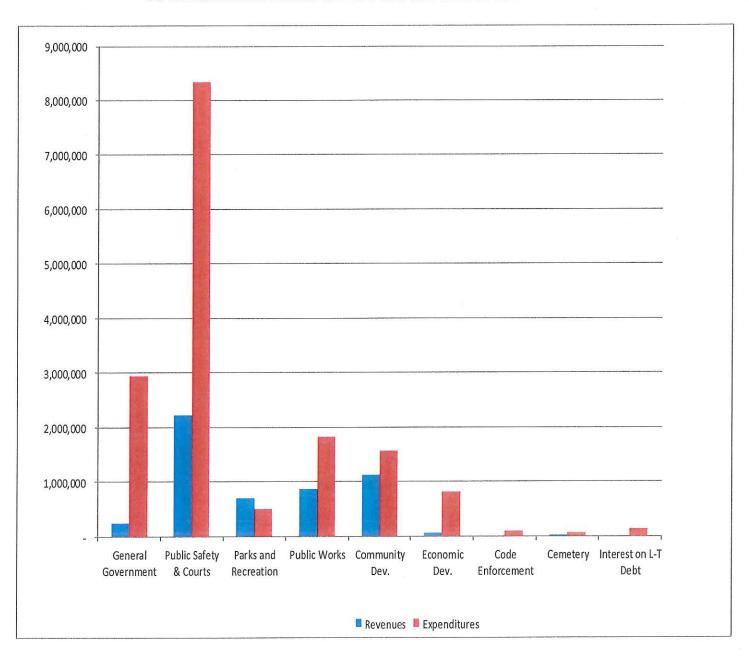
	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues -							
Charges for services	\$ 2,840,446	\$ 2,387,146	\$ 7,626,060	\$ 7,227,166	\$ 10,466,506	\$ 9,614,312	
Operating grants and contributions	, ,	-	-	-	\$ 2,608	-	
Capital grants and contributions	2,361,555	1,809,285	853,849	799,494	3,215,404	2,608,779	
General Revenues-							
Property taxes	3,723,532	3,720,837	-	-	3,723,532	3,720,837	
Sales taxes	3,364,335	3,235,117	-	-	3,364,335	3,235,117	
Other taxes	4,952,823	4,717,091	_	-	4,952,823	4,717,091	
Interest	21,384	7,013	26,503	12,745	47,887	19,758	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	-	8,847	-	-	-	8,847	
Other	27,512	60,194	2,710		30,222	60,194	
•	17,294,195	15,945,530	8,509,122	8,039,405	25,803,317	23,984,935	
Expenses:							
General government	2,942,496	2,574,274	-	-	2,942,496	2,574,274	
Public safety and courts	8,333,825	7,859,436	-	-	8,333,825	7,859,436	
Public works	1,827,139	1,518,130	-	•	1,827,139	1,518,130	
Cemetery	63,205	16,530	-	-	63,205	16,530	
Parks and recreation	504,647	522,531	-	-	504,647	522,531	
Community development	1,566,833	678,434	-	-	1,566,833	678,434	
Economic development	817,155	834,445	-	-	817,155	834,445	
Code enforcement	83,867	83,512	-	-	83,867	83,512	
Interest on long-term debt	134,306	100,647	-	-	134,306	100,647	
Bond issuance costs and fees	-	106,345	-	-	•	106,345	
Water	-	-	2,526,930	2,942,003	2,526,930	2,942,003	
Sewer	-	_	1,403,005	1,403,540	1,403,005	1,403,540	
Solid waste	-	-	1,786,796	1,664,957	1,786,796	1,664,957	
Storm Water		W	673,454	696,340	673,454	696,340	
	16,273,473	14,294,284	6,390,185	6,706,840	22,663,658	21,001,124	
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	1,020,722	1,651,246	2,118,937	1,332,565	3,139,659	2,983,811	
Transfers	(1)590,981	3,033,196	(590,981)	(3,033,196)		_	
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,611,703	4,684,442	1,527,956	(1,700,631)	3,139,659	2,983,811	
Net position - beginning of year	47,568,893	42,884,451	20,678,585	22,379,216	68,247,478	65,263,667	
Net position - end of year	\$49,180,596	\$ 47,568,893	\$22,206,541	\$20,678,585	<u>\$ 71,387,137</u>	\$ 68,247,478	

⁽¹⁾ FY 2016 transfers of \$3,033,196 include \$2,213,196 of eliminated inter-fund debt.

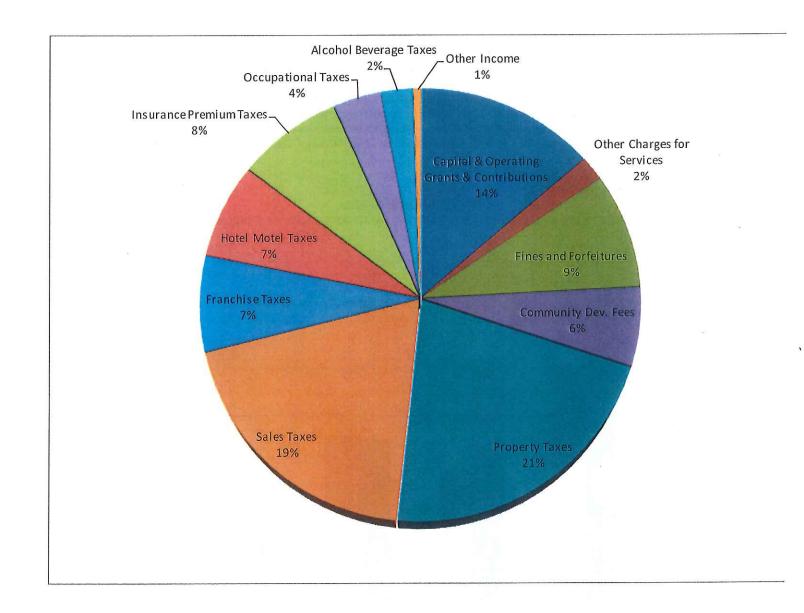
City of McDonough Governmental Activities:

For the year ended June 30, 2017, an increase in net position of \$1,611,703 was reported in Governmental Activities when compared to period ending June 30, 2016. General revenues increased from \$11,749,099 in 2016 to \$12,089,586 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The increase of \$340,487 is attributed the increases in collections of local option sales taxes, hotel motel taxes, occupational taxes, and insurance premium taxes.

CITY OF MCDONOUGH GOVERNMENTAL PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES



CITY OF MCDONOUGH REVENUE BY SOURCE – GOVERMENTAL ACTIVITIES



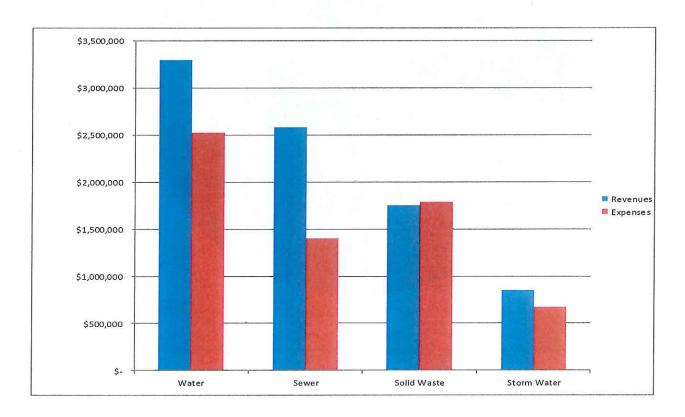
City of McDonough

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,527,956 of which an increase of \$1,341,985 was from Water and Sewer activities, a decrease of (\$33,204) was from Solid Waste Management Activities, an increase of \$182,156 was from Storm Water Management Activities, and an increase of \$37,019 was from Cemetery Enterprise Activities.

The City uses an outside contractor to perform most of its solid waste services. The Solid Waste Management Fund reported a decrease in net position for the year of (\$33,204) reducing net position at the end of the year to \$26,799.

The Storm Water Management Fund was created to account for activities related to solving existing flooding problems and prevent flood damage, maintaining and improving the system of storm water management infrastructure and preserving and protecting the beneficial functions of natural drainage systems. Storm water activities are funded through fees assessed on the square footage of impervious property. The fees are collected by the Henry County Tax Commissioner and remitted to the City.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of McDonough uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (Continued)

Governmental Funds. The purpose of the City's governmental fund financial statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the city's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2017, the city's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,986,383, a decrease of \$2,723,028 in comparison to the prior period. Of this amount, \$7,942,659 or (44.16 percent) is unassigned fund balance. A portion of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is to be used for specified purposes: 1) to pay for capital items most of which is funded by the proceeds of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, Development Impact Fees, and Urban Redevelopment Revenue Bonds (\$9,171,812), 2) for Perpetual Care of the City's cemetery (\$21,009), and for police activities (\$68). The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable for such items as prepaid items of \$480,235, cemetery trust corpus of \$170,600, and budget appropriation for fiscal year 2018 of \$200,000.

The General Fund is the City's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$7,942,659 while the total fund balance amounted to \$8,622,894. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 60.86 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 66.07 percent of that same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,572,469. The increase was the result of both tax revenue increases and management's planning to reduce expenditures.

The City of McDonough received \$1,253,792 in Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes for the year. The City began receiving its share of SPLOST proceeds under the SPLOST III intergovernmental agreement during 2008. In addition, Henry County issued bonds in order to begin projects approved by the voters in November 2008. The new SPLOST IV agreement started collecting taxes in April 2015. The City received \$9,200,000 and \$7,325,000 in 2015 and 2008, respectively, from the County's bond issue. Projects approved by voters in the SPLOST referendum include public safety facilities and equipment, public works facilities and equipment, park improvements and roads, bridges, sidewalks and transportation facilities. As a condition of the Bonds, SPLOST Revenues were first used to pay the principle and interest on the bonds secured and guaranteed by Henry County SPLOST. Any remaining SPLOST Revenues were used to funds other SPLOST projects. During FY 2017, the City spent \$877,035 for public safety facilities and equipment; \$1,759,588 for roads, bridges and sidewalks; \$356,956 for parks and recreation, 121,119 for cultural, historic & recreation facilities, and \$1,000,000 for community development facilities.

The City also received Development Impact Fees during the year totaling \$801,648. These funds can only be expended for the category of system improvements (public safety and parks) within the service area for which the fee was assessed and collected. During FY 2017 this fund expended \$384,715 for public safety and \$23,290 for administrative purposes.. The fund balance of this fund at June 30, 2017 amounted to \$1,234,815.

The Urban Redevelopment Authority (URA) received proceeds from revenue bonds of \$4,235,000 and bond issuance premiums of \$185,132 during FY 2017. In addition, it benefited from the receipt of a transfer-in from the Water Sewer Fund of \$250,000, and \$279,020 from the General Fund. The URA expended \$2,118,836 during FY 2017 towards the construction of the McDonough Municipal Courthouse which was 100 percent complete as of June 30, 2017. The URA paid \$115,000 of bond principal payments and \$164,020 of bond interest during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Financial Analysis of the Business-type Funds

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position (deficit) of the proprietary funds at the end of the year was \$8,703,865 of which the Water and Sewer Fund had \$5,671,366; Solid Waste Management Fund had (\$34,217), the Storm Water Management Fund had \$3,066,716 and the Cemetery Enterprise Fund had \$0.

Other factors concerning the finances of proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

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City of McDonough

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original general fund budgeted expenditures of \$14,469,260 were amended to a total of \$15,093,122 or 104.3 percent of the original budget. Budget amendments were made mainly for the increase in insurance costs and capital outlays.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2017, amounted to \$57,613,338, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, construction in progress, automobiles and equipment, sidewalks, bridges and roads.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Alexander Park Alvalon Park Jonesboro Road Park Digital Sign Installation Phillips Drive Improvements Polk Building Improvements Southpoint Blvd Extension Courthouse Construction Total Construction in Process Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements Total Construction in Process Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements F-911 Radio System Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer WiFi Infrastructure 1167,527 11,650 12,948 11,650 12,948 121,119 150,698 121,119 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 150,698 160,698	Construction in Process		
Jonesboro Road Park Digital Sign Installation Phillips Drive Improvements Polk Building Improvements Southpoint Blvd Extension Courthouse Construction Total Construction in Process Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements Public Safety Cemetery Improvements Funding System Funditure and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Alexander Park	\$	167,527
Digital Sign Installation 12,948 Phillips Drive Improvements 1,358,507 Polk Building Improvements 121,119 Southpoint Blvd Extension 150,698 Courthouse Construction 1,845,655 Water Sewer Plant Enhancements 115,005 Total Construction in Process 3,833,526 Alexander Park Structures 28,975 Building Improvements - Public Safety 78,500 Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse 222,974 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety 170,441 Machinery and Equipment - City Hall 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Alvalon Park		50,417
Phillips Drive Improvements Polk Building Improvements 121,119 Southpoint Blvd Extension Courthouse Construction Water Sewer Plant Enhancements Total Construction in Process Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements Funding System Funditure and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 11,358,507 150,698 18,45,655 115,005 3,833,526 28,975 802,975 803,333,526 28,975 804,000 804	Jonesboro Road Park		11,650
Polk Building Improvements Southpoint Blvd Extension Courthouse Construction 1,845,655 Water Sewer Plant Enhancements Total Construction in Process 3,833,526 Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements F-911 Radio System Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Digital Sign Installation		12,948
Southpoint Blvd Extension Courthouse Construction 1,845,655 Water Sewer Plant Enhancements Total Construction in Process 3,833,526 Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements - Public Safety 78,500 Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Phillips Drive Improvements		1,358,507
Courthouse Construction 1,845,655 Water Sewer Plant Enhancements 115,005 Total Construction in Process 3,833,526 Alexander Park Structures 28,975 Building Improvements - Public Safety 78,500 Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse 222,974 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety 170,441 Machinery and Equipment - City Hall 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Polk Building Improvements		121,119
Water Sewer Plant Enhancements115,005Total Construction in Process3,833,526Alexander Park Structures28,975Building Improvements - Public Safety78,500Cemetery Improvements37,019E-911 Radio System624,000Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse222,974Machinery and Equipment - Public Works18,825Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety170,441Machinery and Equipment - City Hall30,079Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer111,803Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	Southpoint Blvd Extension		150,698
Total Construction in Process 3,833,526 Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 3,833,526 28,975 28,975 28,975 28,975 27,019 27,019 222,974 11,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 170,441 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 110,578	Courthouse Construction		1,845,655
Alexander Park Structures Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 28,975 78,500	Water Sewer Plant Enhancements		115,005
Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Total Construction in Process		3,833,526
Building Improvements - Public Safety Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse Machinery and Equipment - Public Works Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety Machinery and Equipment - City Hall Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578			
Cemetery Improvements 37,019 E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse 222,974 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety 170,441 Machinery and Equipment - City Hall 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Alexander Park Structures		28,975
E-911 Radio System 624,000 Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse 222,974 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety 170,441 Machinery and Equipment - City Hall 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Building Improvements - Public Safety		78,500
Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse 222,974 Machinery and Equipment - Public Works 18,825 Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety 170,441 Machinery and Equipment - City Hall 30,079 Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer 111,803 Vehicles - Public Safety 558,640 Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Cemetery Improvements		37,019
Machinery and Equipment - Public Works18,825Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety170,441Machinery and Equipment - City Hall30,079Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer111,803Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	E-911 Radio System		624,000
Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety170,441Machinery and Equipment - City Hall30,079Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer111,803Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	Fumiture and Equipment - Courthouse		222,974
Machinery and Equipment - City Hall30,079Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer111,803Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	Machinery and Equipment - Public Works		18,825
Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer111,803Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	Machinery and Equipment - Public Safety		170,441
Vehicles - Public Safety558,640Vehicles - Water Sewer110,578	Machinery and Equipment - City Hall		30,079
Vehicles - Water Sewer 110,578	Machinery and Equipment - Water Sewer		111,803
•	Vehicles - Public Safety		558,640
WiFi Infrastructure 138,456	Vehicles - Water Sewer		110,578
	WiFi Infrastructure		138,456
Water Sewer Plant Improvements 528,227	Water Sewer Plant Improvements		528,227
Totals \$6,492,043	Totals	\$€	,492,043

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 7.

City of McDonough

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$14,953,495 in outstanding debt consisting of the following:

Governmental Activities:		
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	229,485
Series 2015 Revenue Bonds		4,120,000
Bond Premium		172,509
Capital Leases		70,913
Unearned Rental Income (Obligation)		182,142
Net Pension Obligation		3,728,078
Net OPEB Obligation		333,000
Total Government Activities		8,836,127
Business-Type Activities:		
Series 2014 Revenue Bonds		2,449,000
GEFA Notes Payable		2,736,349
Net Pension Obligation	020	932,019
Total Business-Type Activities		6,117,368
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	14,953,495

The City's total long-term debt decreased by a net of \$659,716 during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 9.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of McDonough is approximately \$78,512,000 which is significantly in excess of the City of McDonough's outstanding general obligation debt.

Status of the City of McDonough's Economy

- The unemployment rate for the regional development center in which the City of McDonough is located was approximately 5.70 percent which is consistent with the state and national rates. Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices. Recent job growth was 2.29%. Future job growth over the next 10 years is predicted to be 38.87%.
- Building permits, both commercial and residential, have shown significant increases in recent months.
- Local option sales tax receipts continue to meet budgeted expectations.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of McDonough's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information can be obtained by contacting the City at (770) 957-3915 or at the following address:

City of McDonough Finance Department 136 Keys Ferry Street McDonough, GA 30253

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	 Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
Assets and Deferred Outflows						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,712,839	\$	4,088,488	\$	6,801,327	
Investments	5,104,138		4,664,314		9,768,452	
Receivables, net						
Taxes	707,994		-		707,994	
Fines	178,139		-		178,139	
Accounts	-		1,205,757		1,205,757	
Intergovernmental	-		-		-	
Other	4,486		-		4,486	
Internal balances	-		-		-	
Prepaid items	480,235		32,262		512,497	
Restricted assets						
Cash	3,275,642		352,898		3,628,540	
Investments	6,665,696		-		6,665,696	
Non-depreciable capital assets	14,224,373		2,307,770		16,532,143	
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,053,838		16,027,357		41,081,195	
Total Assets	 58,407,380		28,678,846		87,086,226	
Deferred Outflows						
Deferred pension outflows	 923,358		230,840		1,154,198	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	 59,330,738		28,909,686		88,240,424	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
LIABILITES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable							
Trade	\$	344,542	\$	245,830	\$	590,372	
Construction		-		-		-	
Accrued liabilities							
Salaries		62,009		13,543		75,552	
Compensated absences		-		41,144		41,144	
Customer deposits		52,580		195,333		247,913	
Other		48,673		-		48,673	
Unearned revenues		218,356		-		218,356	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets							
Revenue bonds		-		297,000		297,000	
Notes payable		-		134,618		134,618	
Accrued interest		68,777		23,397		92,174	
Accounts payable		252,958		-		252,958	
Long-term liabilities							
Due within one year		243,718		-		243,718	
Due in more than one year		8,592,409		5,685,750		14,278,159	
Total Liabilities		9,884,022		6,636,615		16,520,637	
Deferred Inflows							
Deferred pension inflows		266,120		66,530		332,650	
•							
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		10,150,142	,	6,703,145		16,853,287	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in							
capital assets		34,732,647		13,149,778		47,882,425	
Restricted for							
Perpetual care							
Expendable		21,009		_		21,009	
Nonexpendable		170,600		-		170,600	
Police activities		68		-		68	
Capital projects		9,171,812		_		9,171,812	
Promotional activities		-		-		-	
Debt covenants		_		352,898		352,898	
Unrestricted		5,084,460		8,703,865	_	13,788,325	
					-	-	
Total Net Position	\$	49,180,596	\$	22,206,541	\$	71,387,137	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Charges		Operating		Capital	
				for		ents and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Contributions		Contributions		
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$	2,942,496	\$	217,787	\$	2,575	\$	24,878	
Public Safety and Courts		8,333,825		1,497,525		-		729,143	
Public Works		1,827,139		43,076		-		815,729	
Cemetery		63,205		1,000		-		_	
Parks and Recreation		504,647		_		-		693,968	
Community Development		1,566,833		1,022,375				97,837	
Economic Development		817,155		58,683		33		-	
Code Enforcement		83,867		-		-		-	
Interest		134,306		=		=		-	
Bond issuance costs and fees	<u></u>			_				_	
Total Governmental Activities		16,273,473		2,840,446		2,608		2,361,555	
Business-Type Activities									
Water		2,526,930		2,821,140		-		472,722	
Sewer		1,403,005		2,200,778		-		381,127	
Cemetery Enterprise		_		~		-		-	
Solid Waste Management		1,786,796		1,753,592		-		-	
Storm Water Management		673,454		850,550		-		-	
Total Business-Type Activities		6,390,185		7,626,060				853,849	
Total Government	\$	22,663,658	\$	10,466,506	\$	2,608	\$	3,215,404	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property

Franchise

Local option sales

Occupational

Insurance premium ·

Alcohol beverage

Hotel/motel

Other

Investment earnings

Other

Total General Revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Cl		in Net Positio	n	
	В	usiness-		
Governmental		Type		
Activities	A	ctivities		Total
\$ (2,697,256)	\$	-	\$	(2,697,256)
(6,107,157)		-		(6,107,157)
(968,334)				(968,334)
(62,205)		-		(62,205)
189,321		-		189,321
(446,621)		(- 2		(446,621)
(758,439)		-		(758,439)
(83,867)		-		(83,867)
(134,306)		=		(134,306)
		-		-
(11,068,864)				(11,068,864)
-		766,932		766,932
≅		1,178,900		1,178,900
-		-		i e
()		(33,204)		(33,204)
s = 8		177,096		177,096
		2,089,724		2,089,724
(11,068,864)		2,089,724	-	(8,979,140)
3,723,532		==		3,723,532
1,235,617		H)		1,235,617
3,364,335				3,364,335
627,342		₩1		627,342
1,374,297		₩)		1,374,297
429,127		=2		429,127
1,238,703		- :		1,238,703
47,737		_		47,737
21,384		26,503		47,887
27,512		2,710	_	30,222
12,089,586		29,213		12,118,799
590,981		(590,981)	H	-
12,680,567	1)	(561,768)		12,118,799
1,611,703		1,527,956		3,139,659
47,568,893		0,678,585		68,247,478
\$ 49,180,596	\$ 2	2,206,541	\$	71,387,137

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS		GENERAL		PLOST III		PLOST IV
	és.	2 412 622	ø	(0.000	ሱ	1 770 45
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,712,839	\$	62,003	\$	1,773,45
nvestments		5,104,138	•	629,500		5,588,46
Receivables		470.207				
Taxes		479,387		-		
Intergovernmental Fines		179 120		-		-
Other		178,139		- 57		4.40
Other Due from other funds		241.627		37		4,42
Prepaid items		241,637 480,235		-		-
ong-term assets -		400,233		-		-
Due from other funds						
	ф.	0.106.055	φ.	601.560	ф.	# 0.66 Q 44
Total Assets	\$	9,196,375	\$	691,560	\$	7,366,34
JABILITIES						
Accounts payable						
Trade	\$	244,526	\$	-	\$	-
Construction		-		-		134,55
Accrued expenditures						
Payroll		62,009		-		-
Court Bonds		52,580		-		-
Other		48,673		-		-
Unearned revenues		2,026		-		-
Due to other funds				-		104,182
Total Liabilities		409,814		-		238,733
EFERRED INFLOWS						
Unavailable revenues		163,667	***************************************			_
UND BALANCE						
Nonspendable -						
Prepaid items		480,235		-		-
Cemetery corpus		-		-		-
Restricted -						
Capital projects		-		691,560		7,127,614
Police activities		-		-		-
Cemetery		_		-		-
Assigned -						
Appropriated for next year's budget		200,000		, -		-
Unassigned		7,942,659				
Total Fund Balance		8,622,894		691,560		7,127,614
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
and Fund Balance	\$	9,196,375	\$	691,560	\$	7,366,347

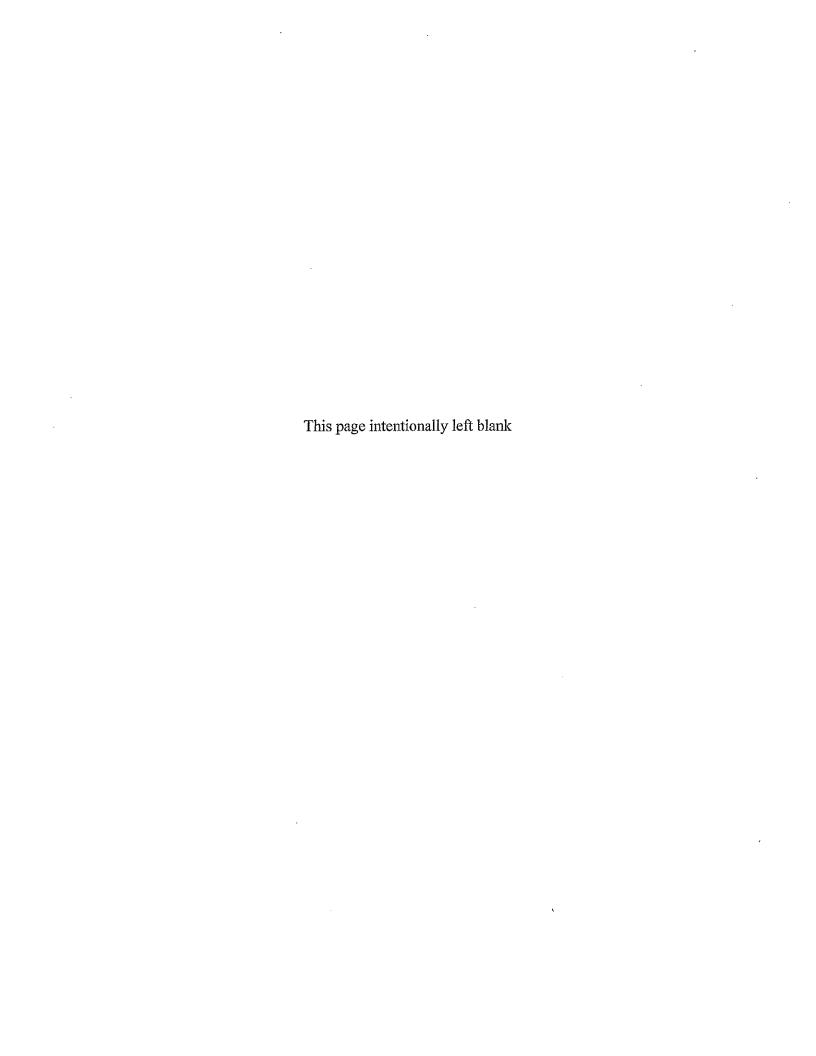
DE	VELOPMENT IMPACT FEE	REDE	URBAN VELÖPMENT JTHORITY	GOVI	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL			
\$	1,024,706 257,973	\$	190,111 -	\$	225,366 189,760	\$ 5,988,481 11,769,834			
	-		-		228,607	707,994	•		
	-		-		-	178,139			
	-		-		-	4,485			
	-		-		-	241,637 480,235			
	-				-				
\$	1,282,679	\$	190,111	\$	643,733	\$ 19,370,805		,	
\$	_	\$	-	\$	100,016	\$ 344,542			
	39,000		79,407		-	252,958			
	-		-		-	62,009			
	-		-		-	52,580 48,673			
	_		_		216,330	218,356			
	8,864		-		128,591	241,637			
	47,864		79,407		444,937	1,220,755			
· -			<u>.</u>			 163,667			. ,
	-		-		-	480,235			
	-		-		170,600	170,600			
	1,234,815		110,704		7,119	9,171,812			
	-		-		68	68			
	•		-		21,009	21,009			
	•		=		-	200,000			
- 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1	1,234,815		110,704		198,796	 7,942,659 17,986,383			

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances total governmental funds	\$	17,986,383
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		39,278,211
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Unavailable revenues		163,668
Deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability is not a current asset or liability:		
Deferred outflows		923,358
Deferred inflows		(266,120)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Capital lease		(70,913)
Long-term portion of compensated absences		(229,485)
Bonds payable		(4,120,000)
Unamortized bond premium		(172,509)
Unearned rental revenue (obligation)		(182,142)
Accrued interest		(68,777)
Net pension liability		(3,728,078)
Net OPEB obligation		(333,000)
Net position of governmental activities.	<u>\$</u>	49,180,596

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GI	ENERAL .	SPLOST III		SPLOST IV	
REVENUES			•			
Taxes	\$	10,828,934	\$		\$	-
Licenses and permits						
Business license		180,225		-		-
Building permits and fees		872,964		-		-
Intergovernmental		101,390		-		1,253,792
Charges for services		153,365		_		-
Fines and forfeitures		1,553,563		-		-
Interest		20,308		460		37,603
Miscellaneous		130,060		-		-
Total Revenues		13,840,809		460		1,291,395
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Governing Body		302,198		-		-
General Administration		2,297,900		_		
Municipal Court		962,129		-		_
Probation		248,554		_		
Public Safety		6,530,885		-		-
Highways & Streets		1,132,276		_		
Cemetery		15,053		-		-
Parks and Recreation		296,706		_		· <u>-</u>
Community Development		553,521		-		1,000,000
Economic Development		258,473		-		-
Code Enforcement		84,250		_		_
Debt service						
Principal		44,987		_		_
Interest		4,774		_		-
Bond issurance costs		-		:-		<u>.</u> .
Capital outlay		318,885		31,378	<u> </u>	3,083,320
Total Expenditures		13,050,591		31,378		4,083,320

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

DE	DEVELOPMENT URBAN REDEVELOPS FEE AUTHORS		LOPMENT				TOTAL
\$	_	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	1,238,703	\$	12,067,637
	_		-		_		180,225
	_		_		_		872,964
	_		_		165,200		1,520,382
	801,648		-		103,200		955,013
	001,040		_		_		1,553,563
	1,463		_		1,076		60,910
	-		_		-		130,060
	803,111				1,404,979		17,340,754
	_		<u></u>		-		302,198
	23,290		-		-		2,321,190
	-		_		_		962,129
	=		-		-		248,554
	-		-		-		6,530,885
	-		-		-		1,132,276
	_		• _		_		15,053
	-		-		~		296,706
	-		-		-		1,553,521
	-		-		555,432		813,905
	_		-		-		84,250
	_		115,000		_		159,987
	-		164,020		_		168,794
	- -		107,020		- -		100,774
	384,715		2,118,836		165,200		6,102,334
	408,005		2,397,856		720,632		20,691,782

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

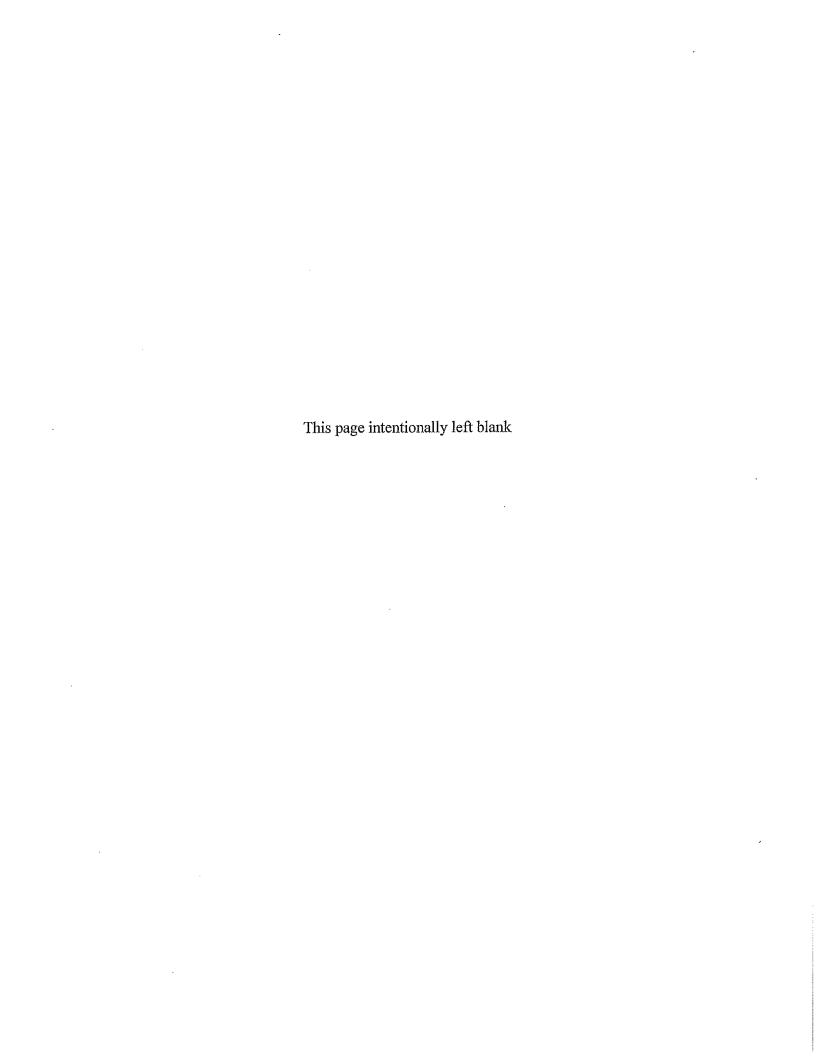
	G	ENERAL	SP	LOST III	SPLOST IV	
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	790,218	\$	(30,918)	\$	(2,791,925)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from debt issue Proceeds from disposition of capital asset Bond issuance Bond premium Transfers		- - - - 782,251		- - -		- - - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		782,251		_		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,572,469		(30,918)		(2,791,925)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		7,050,425		722,478		9,919,539
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	8,622,894	\$	691,560	\$	7,127,614

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE	URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL			
\$ 395,106	\$ (2,397,856)	\$ 684,347	\$ (3,351,028)			
ψ <u>373,100</u>	ψ (2,357,030)	ψ 00+,5+7	ψ (3,331,020)			
~	-	-	, -			
_	_	-	-			
-	-	-	-			
-	-	.	-			
	529,020	(683,271)	628,000			
	529,020	(683,271)	628,000			
395,106	(1,868,836)	1,076	(2,723,028)			
839,709	1,979,540	197,720	20,709,411			
•						
\$ 1,234,815	<u>\$ 110,704</u>	<u>\$ 198,796</u>	\$ 17,986,383			

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$	(2,723,028)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation		5,626,429 (1,269,253)
The net effect of other miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. This is the net amount of capital assets donated and written off: Donated capital assets		-
Sale of asset to the Cemetery Enterprise Fund		(m)(
Other dispositions of capital assets		(112,018)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the difference between the beginning and ending unavailable revenue balances related to timing differences.		(82,987)
Proceeds from long-term debt obligations provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:		
Principal payments		159,987
Proceeds from debt issues		14
Premium from debt issue		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in net OPEB obligation		(104,944)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred items		39,651
Change in unearned rental income (obligation)		36,429
Change in accrued interest		26,073
Amortization of bond premium		8,415
Change in long-term portion of accrued compensated absences	-	6,948
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$	1,611,702



CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 10,550,000	\$ 10,550,000	\$ 10,828,934	\$ 278,934	
Licenses and permits					
Business license	189,000	189,000	180,225	(8,775)	
Building permits and fees	359,000	359,000	872,964	513,964	
Intergovernmental	8,000	102,300	101,390	(910)	
Charges for services	74,780	74,780	153,365	78,585	
Fines and forfeitures	1,912,000	1,912,000	1,553,563	(358,437)	
Interest	4,500	4,500	20,308	15,808	
Administration fees *	360,500	312,900	355,790	42,890	
Miscellaneous	134,700	150,700	130,060	(20,640)	
Total Revenues	13,592,480	13,655,180	14,196,599	541,419	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Governing Body	341,621	357,703	302,198	55,505	
General Govrnment -					
City Administrator	337,608	337,608	323,961	13,647	
City Clerk	989,084	1,001,749	927,030	74,719	
Finance	490,937	522,139	457,555	64,584	
Legal	217,545	217,545	202,812	14,733	
IT	665,378	686,057	634,582	51,475	
Human Resources	178,812	203,812	172,550	31,262	
Municipal Court	1,075,828	1,146,142	962,129	184,013	
Probation	286,214	286,214	248,554	37,660	
Public Safety -					
Police	4,711,236	4,968,426	4,398,942	569,484	
Fire	2,387,931	2,471,555	2,324,738	146,817	
Highways & Streets	1,249,092	1,334,692	1,215,464	119,228	
Cemetery	23,655	23,655	15,053	8,602	
Parks and Recreation	350,338	347,060	313,867	33,193	
Community Development					
Planning and Zoning	492,733	500,867	349,944	150,923	
Building Inspection	277,843	278,493	214,279	64,214	
Economic Development					
Main Street	287,547	303,547	250,335	53,212	
Business Development	18,000	18,000	8,138	9,862	
Code Enforcement	87,858	87,858	84,250	3,608	
Debt Service**	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay **	Ada.	â.	<u></u>	_	
Total Expenditures	14,469,260	15,093,122	13,406,381	1,686,741	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Continued

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (876,780)	\$ (1,437,942)	\$ 790,218	\$ 2,228,160
Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Proceeds from capital leases Proceeds from disposition of	_	220,000	-	(220,000)
assets Transfers	773,000	773,980	782,251	8,271
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	773,000	993,980	782,251	(211,729)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(103,780)	(443,962)	1,572,469	2,016,431
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	7,050,425	7,050,425	7,050,425	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 6,946,645	\$ 6,606,463	\$ 8,622,894	\$ 2,016,431

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Administrative fees were used to off-set expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

^{**} Capital and debt service expenditures are included in the corresponding department for budget purposes.

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Storm Water Management	
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 2,267,496	\$ 31,363	\$ 1,789,629	
Investments	3,771,744		892,570	
Receivables	,		,	
Accounts (net)	622,684	108,556	474,517	
Other	-	-	_	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	
Due from other government	, <u> </u>	-	-	
Prepaid expenses	26,803	3,519	1,940	
Restricted Assets				
Cash	352,898			
Total Current Assets	7,041,625	143,438	3,158,656	
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets				
Land	1,144,569	-	222,162	
Buildings	910,843	-	135,741	
Improvements other than buildings	24,276,680	-	2,305,019	
Machinery and equipment	1,365,257	96,567	653,890	
Autos and trucks	702,305	77,919	46,574	
Construction in progress	115,005	_	-	
Accumulated depreciation	(14,001,811)	(113,470)	(465,176)	
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	14,512,848	61,016	2,898,210	
Total Assets	21,554,473	204,454	6,056,866	
Deferred Outflows				
Deferred pension outflows	196,214	11,542	23,084	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	21,750,687	215,996	6,079,950	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

emetery terprise	Total				
\$ -	\$	4,088,488			
-		4,664,314			
_		1,205,757			
-					
-		-			
-		32,262			
		352,898			
 _		10,343,719			
826,034		2,192,765			
-		1,046,584			
37,019		26,618,718			
-		2,115,714			
-		826,798			
_	,	115,005 (14,580,457)			
 962 052					
 863,053		18,335,127			
 863,053		28,678,846			
 -		230,840			
 863,053		28,909,686			

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS		Water and Sewer		Solid Waste Management		Storm Water Management	
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable							
Trade	\$	98,300	\$	136,630	\$	10,900	
Construction		-		-		-	
Accrued liabilities							
Deposits		195,333		-		-	
Accrued compensated absences		36,279		1,978		2,887	
Accrued salaries		11,499		662		1,382	
Due to other funds		-		-		-	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets							
Revenue bonds		297,000		-		-	
Notes payable		134,618		-		-	
Accrued interest		23,397		-			
Total Current Liabilities		796,426		139,270		15,169	
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Revenue bonds	:	2,152,000		-		-	
Notes payable		2,601,731		-		-	
Net pension liability		792,216		46,601		93,202	
Due to other funds		-	····	-		-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		5,545,947		46,601		93,202	
Total Liabilities		6,342,373		185,871		108,371	
Deferred Inflows							
Deferred pension inflows		56,551	·	3,326		6,653	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		6,398,924		189,197		115,024	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	9	9,327,499		61,016		2,898,210	
Restricted under debt ordinance		352,898		(24.017)		2.066.716	
Unrestricted		5,671,366		(34,217)		3,066,716	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1:</u>	5,351,763	\$	26,799	\$	5,964,926	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Ceme Enter			Total
\$	_	\$	245,830
•	-	Ť	-
			195,333
	_		41,144
	_		13,543
	-		-
	_		297,000
	- -		134,618
	-		23,397
			950,865
	_		2,152,000
	_		2,601,731
	-		932,019
	_		
			5,685,750
			6,636,615
	-		66,530
			6,703,145
8	63,053		13,149,778
	-		352,898
	-		8,703,865
\$ 80	63,053	\$ 2	22,206,541

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Storm Water Management		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Water sales	\$ 2,667,856	\$ -	\$ -		
Sewer charges	2,100,280	-	-		
Sanitation fees	-	1,753,592	-		
Storm water fees	-	~	850,550		
Connection fees	-	-			
Water	52,785	~	-		
Sewer	_	-	-		
Penalties and reconnect fees	163,758	-	-		
Miscellaneous	37,239	-			
Total Operating Revenues	5,021,918	1,753,592	850,550		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased products / services	-	1,536,112	-		
Personal services and benefits	1,705,366	96,323	160,574		
Purchased / contracted services	476,008	53,729	241,070		
Supplies	669,445	11,073	56,070		
Cost allocations	188,645	64,032	39,823		
Depreciation and amortization	796,799	15,527	150,917		
Other	14,100	10,000	25,000		
Total Operating Expenses	3,850,363	1,786,796	673,454		
Operating Income (Loss)	1,171,555	(33,204)	177,096		
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)					
Interest earned	21,443	_	5,060		
Interest earned Interest expense	(79,572)	_	-		
Gain (Loss) on disposition of capital assets	2,710	-	_		
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	(55,419)	-	5,060		
Net Income before Transfers and					
Capital Contributions	1,116,136	(33,204)	182,156		
Capital Contributions					
Water	472,722	-	-		
Sewer	381,127	-			
Cemetery	, -	-	_		
Transfers	(628,000)				
Change in Net Position	1,341,985	(33,204)	182,156		
Net Position - Beginning of Year (Adjusted)	14,009,778	60,003	5,782,770		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 15,351,763	\$ 26,799	\$ 5,964,926		
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.					

	emetery iterprise		Total
		\$	2,667,856
	-		2,100,280
	-		1,753,592
			850,550
	-		52,785
	4 9		
	_		163,758
	-		37,239
		-	7,626,060
	.		1,536,112
	=6		1,962,263
	20		770,807
	2 0		736,588
	-3		292,500
	2 65		963,243
			49,100
	<u></u>		6,310,613
	-)		1,315,447
	-		26,503
	: -		(79,572)
	-		
		20	2,710
			(50,359)
	% ##		1,265,088
			472,722
	355 8 4		381,127
	37,019		37,019
	-	Wasan and	(628,000)
	37,019		1,527,956
	826,034	y	20,678,585
	863,053	\$	22,206,541
_	000,000	4	,0,011

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Storm Water Management
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 5,055,713	\$ 1,744,612	\$ 825,707
Cash paid to suppliers for goods	(1,829,949)	(1,700,925)	(417,710)
Cash paid to employees	(1,207,813)	(56,969)	(124,791)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2,017,951	(13,282)	283,206
Cash flows from investing activities:	'		
Interest received	21,443	_	5,060
(Purchase) / redemption of investments	(21,380)		(5,059)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	63	-	1
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Transfers	(628,000)	-	-
Change in due to/from other funds			118,622
Net Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities	(628,000)	-	118,622
Cash flows from capital financing activities:			
Purchases / construction of capital assets	(669,787)	-	(158,808)
Capital contributions	853,849	-	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	(425,748)	-	-
Change in net pension liability	(21,613)	(1,270)	(2,543)
Proceeds from debt issue	•	-	-
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	2,710	-	-
Interest paid	(82,144)		
Net Cash Flows from Capital			
Financing Activities	(342,733)	(1,270)	(161,351)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,047,281	(14,552)	240,478
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	1,573,113	45,915	1,549,151
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 2,620,394	\$ 31,363	<u>\$ 1,789,629</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Cemetery Enterprise	Total
	*
\$ -	\$ 7,626,032
φ –	(3,948,584)
-	(1,389,573)
_	2,287,875
	2,201,013
-	26,503
_	(26,439)
	64
-	(628,000)
_	118,622
	(509,378)
-	(828,595)
-	853,849
-	(425,748)
-	(25,426)
-	-
-	2,710
<u> </u>	(82,144)
	(505,354)
-	1,273,207
	3,168,179
-	\$ 4,441,386

ι,

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Storm Water Management		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,171,555	\$ (33,204)	\$ 177,096		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	796,799	15,527	150,917		
(Increase) decrease in -					
Accounts receivable	77,279	(8,980)	(24,843)		
Prepaid expense	(1,905)	(256)	(141)		
Deferred outflows	(10,574)	(622)	(1,244)		
Increase (decrease) in -					
Accounts payable	7,823	13,006	(21,054)		
Deposits	(43,484)	-	-		
Deferred inflows	23,761	1,397	2,795		
Accrued liabilities	(3,303)	(150)	(320)		
Total Adjustments	846,396	19,922	106,110		
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 2,017,951	\$ (13,282)	\$ 283,206		
NON CACILIBRANCA CITIONG					
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS					
Capital contribution from SPLOST IV Fund	<u> </u>	\$	<u>\$</u>		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Cemetery Enterprise		Total
\$	"	\$ 1,315,447
	-	963,243
	-	43,456 (2,302) (12,440)
	-	(225) (43,484) 27,953
	-	(3,773)
	-	972,428
<u>\$</u>		\$ 2,287,875
\$	37,019	\$ 37,019

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Basis of Presentation

In calendar year 2011 the Mayor and Council approved a change in the fiscal year end from December 31 to June 30. Since property taxes, a major source of revenue for the City was received so late in the calendar year the Council believed that a June 30 fiscal year end would allow for better budgeting and other financial management along with a better matching of revenues and expenditures.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

B. The Reporting Entity

The City of McDonough, Georgia (the City) was incorporated on December 18, 1823 and is located in Henry County about 30 miles south of Atlanta. The City provides a full range of services to approximately 22,000 residents. These services are provided in whole by the City. These services include police and fire protection, community development, highways and streets, water and sewer, storm water, sanitation, public improvements, planning and zoning, economic development, parks and recreation and general administrative services.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 14, as amended by GASB No. 61 defines the reporting entity for determining which potential component units should be included in a primary government's financial statements. Inclusion is based on organization's for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit. The criteria for determining financial accountability includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens on the City regardless of whether the organization has a separate elected or appointed governing board. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. Using the above criteria, the City of McDonough Downtown Development Authority is a component unit of the City but did not have any financial transactions for the period and therefore is not included in this financial report. The City Council appoints all members of the Development Authority's Board of Directors and pays from the City's budget expenditures, if any, related to the Authority.

The City has also created the McDonough Urban Redevelopment Agency which is to serve as a financing arm of the City in order to help finance development and improvements within certain areas of the City. The City Council makes up the majority of all members of the Agency. The McDonough Urban Redevelopment Agency is considered a blended component unit of the City.

In addition, the City has excluded from the City's financial report the McDonough Housing Authority, a related party, since the City is not responsible for the Authority's financial burdens.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

B. The Reporting Entity - (Continued)

Blended Component Unit -

The McDonough Urban Redevelopment Agency (URA) was created in 2015 by the City to serve as a financing vehicle for certain community development projects. The URA is a legally separate organization governed by a board that is appointed by the mayor and city council of the City of McDonough. Although it is legally separate from the City, the URA is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to oversee and participate, if necessary, in financing community development projects for the benefit of the City and its citizens. Furthermore, the URA is included as a component unit as the URA has no ability to issue debt or otherwise carry out its activities without the participation and agreement of the City or appropriation of funds by the city council. The operations of the URA are included in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements and as a capital project fund in the governmental funds financial statements. Separate financial statements are not published for the URA which follows the same accounting policies as the City of McDonough.

C. Basic Financial Statements—Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position are reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect cost. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or use taxes, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

D. Basic Financial Statements-Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises it assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Funds – These funds are used by the City to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that were approved by the voters of Henry County, Georgia through the special purpose local option sales tax referenda.

The Development Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for monies collected under the City's Development Impact Fee Ordinance as adopted in July, 2003. Monies collected under this ordinance can only be expended for the category of system improvements within the service area (City limits of McDonough) for which the development impact fee was assessed and collected.

Urban Redevelopment Agency Fund — This fund is used as a capital projects fund to account for the proceeds for the issuance of bonds to finance or refinance urban improvement projects. It is currently being used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted to pay for costs incurred in the construction of the new municipal court building.

Proprietary Fund Type – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. All of the City's enterprise funds are considered major funds.

The Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund — This fund is used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewer in the City of McDonough and parts of Henry County.

Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund - The Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund is used to account for the revenues generated from the charges for sanitation and recycling services provided to the residential and commercial users of the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

D. Basic Financial Statements-Fund Financial Statements- (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Type, Continued -

Storm Water Management Fund – This fund is used to account for activities related to solving existing flooding problems and prevent future flood damage, maintaining and improving the system of storm water management infrastructure and preserving and protecting the beneficial functions of natural drainage systems.

Cemetery Enterprise Fund – The City created this fund during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to account for the financial transactions associated with the expansion of the McDonough Cemetery and the operations of the cemetery upon completion of the expansion.

E. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements — All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of government-wide financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

On the proprietary funds financial statements, operating revenues are those that flow directly from the operations of the activity, i.e. charges to customers or users who purchase or use the goods or services of that activity. Operating expenses are those that are incurred to provide the goods or services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are items such as investment income and interest expense that are not a result of the direct operations of the activity.

F. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

F. Basis of Accounting, continued

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are taxes, state and federal grants, fines, interest revenue and charges for services. Major revenues that are determined not to be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable include licenses, penalties and miscellaneous revenues which are recorded as revenues when received in cash. Those revenues that are measurable but are not collected within 60 days after year end are recorded as deferred revenues.

G. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise Funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City's investments reported in the governmental and proprietary funds consist of the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool and certificates of deposit with a maturity date greater than three months from the date of purchase. For reporting purposes, all investments are recorded at fair value.

In applying GASB Statement No. 31, the City utilized the following methods and assumptions as of June 30, 2017:

- 1. Fair value is based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date;
- 2. The investment portfolio did not hold investments in any of the following: a) items required to be reported at amortized costs; b) items subject to involuntary participation in an external pool; and, c) items associated with a fund other than the fund to which the income is assigned.

The City's policy is to hold investments until maturity.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory, if any, in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories of the Water and Sewer Fund, if any, consist of various repair parts and supplies.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

I. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for service that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017 are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed during the period benefited

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund revenue bond, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "revenue bond current debt service" account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The "debt service reserve fund" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$3,500 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the Water and Sewer Fund during the year ended June 30, 2017. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	30-50 years
Improvement other than buildings	25-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	10-20 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years

The City only reports infrastructure assets purchased subsequent to June 30, 2003.

L. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Cost

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as an expense in the year incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

N. Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. When applicable, property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. In applying GASBS No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

O. Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

P. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from service, when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. No payment is made for accumulated sick leave upon retirement from the City.

Q. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

R. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

S. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditures) until then. The government has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category as of June 30, 2017 which is deferred pension outflows recognized in the Statements of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognizes deferred pension inflows in its Statements of Net Position and also recognizes unavailable revenue, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and probation fines.

T. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital asset consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City's government-wide statement of net position reports \$9,716,387 of restricted net position, of which \$9,061,176 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

U. Fund Equity - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2017, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City of McDonough's Council. McDonough's Council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council prior to end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

U. Fund Equity - Governmental Funds, Continued

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Only the City Council may assign amounts for specific purposes through passage of a resolution. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily and do not normally have to have an additional action taken for their removal.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2017, fund balances are composed of the following:

	 General	 SPLOST Funds	De	evelopment Impact Fee	Rede	Urban evelopment uthority	l Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable									
Prepaids	\$ 480,235	\$ •	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 480,235
Cemetery Trust Corpus	-	-		-		-		170,600	170,600
Restricted -									
Capital projects	-	7,819,174		1,234,815		110,704		7,119	9,171,812
Police activities	-	_		-		-		68	68
Cemetery	_	-		_		-		21,009	21,009
Assigned -									
Appropriated for 2018 budget	200,000	-		_		-		-	200,000
Unassigned	 7,942,659	 	_	-				-	 7,942,659
Total Fund Balances	\$ 8,622,894	\$ 7,819,174	\$	1,234,815	\$	110,704	\$	198,796	\$ 17,986,383

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

V. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-on fees to the extent they exceed the cost of connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

W. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

X. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council adopts an annual budget for all of the City's funds. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted by the passage of a resolution. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by City Council. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Governmental fund type budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control which is the department level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations within a department. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally approved or as amended in December 2017. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

Y. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of McDonough Retirement Plan (MRP) and additions to / deductions from MRP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the MRP. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's financial policies require all deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance be collateralized by securities equal to at least 110% of the excess deposits. As of June 30, 2017, \$10,345,068 of the government's bank balance of \$11,223,873 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial	
institution or its agent	 10,345,068
Total	\$ 10,345,068

Investments

Investments - Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, bonds of the State of Georgia and its agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions, and certificates of deposit of national or state banks that are fully insured or collateralized by United States obligations.

The City's investments are classified as follows at June 30, 2017:

Investment	1	Fair Value	Maturities	Rating	Organization
All Funds With Investments - Georgia Fund 1	\$	16,434,148	26	AAAf	S&P

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments, continued

"Georgia Fund 1", created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standards and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed on \$1.00 per share. The fund is managed by the Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST). OST is guided by the policies of the State Depository Board and OCGA 55-17-2 and 50-17-63.

3. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes were levied on July 18, 2016 and are due 60 days after the receipt of the tax notice. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. A local option sales tax is in force. Proceeds from this tax are remitted to the City to help reduce property tax rates. The City has obtained the service of Henry County to bill and collect the City's property taxes. The County remits monies collected to the City on a semi-monthly basis. Property taxes receivable at June 30, 2017 amounted to \$82,132.

4. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental revenues and receivables reported in the governmental fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	Receivable			Revenues		
General Fund						
Henry County - Community Development Block Grant Program	\$	122	\$	78,747		
Police department computer grants		-		20,000		
Police department vest grants				2,643		
SPLOST Funds						
Henry County - SPLOST		-		1,253,792		
LMIG Grant Fund						
Department of Transportation	-	-		165,200		
	\$	R=	\$	1,520,382		

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental Funds	(General	5	SPLOST	N	lonmajor		Total
Taxes	\$	479,387	\$		\$	228,607	\$	707,994
Fines		356,277		=		X =		356,277
Other		23,586		4,485		Œ		28,071
Intergovernmental		m .	2.00					
Gross receivables		859,250		4,485		228,607		1,092,342
Less allowance for bad debt	7-	(201,724)		<u> </u>				(201,724)
Net Total Receivables	\$	657,526	\$	4,485	\$	228,607	\$	890,618
Proprietary Funds	Wa	iter/Sewer	So	lid Waste_	St	ormwater		Total
Accounts	\$	1,166,684	\$	264,556	\$	749,517	\$	2,180,757
Less allowance for bad debt		(544,000)	_	(156,000)		(275,000)	_	(975,000)
Net Total Receivable	\$	622,684	\$	108,556	\$	474,517	\$	1,205,757

6. INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	1	Payable To					
Payable			eneral	Non	-Major		
From		Fund F		Funds		Total	
General		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
SPLOST IV			104,182		_		104,182
Devel. Impact			8,864		•		8,864
Non-Major Funds			128,591				128,591
Totals		\$	241,637	\$		\$	241,637

The City's General Fund's operating bank account receives all deposits from the general fund and water and sewer fund operations. All monies collected for the Water and Sewer Fund and all expenditures paid for the Water and Sewer Fund are made through the General Fund's operating bank account. The amount due from Development Impact Fund to the General Fund of \$8,864 is for expenses paid by the General Fund which the Development Impact Fee Fund has not yet repaid. The SPLOST Funds owed the General Fund \$104,182 for expenditures paid by the General Fund and not reimbursed by the SPLOST Funds as of June 30, 2017.

Individual fund interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Trans fer From								
Transfer	Non- Water &								
То		General		Major		Sewer		Totals	
General	\$	_	\$	683,271	\$	378,000	\$	1,061,271	
Cemetery		~		-		-		-	
Urban Redevelopment Authority		279,020		-		250,000		529,020	
Stormwater		-		-		-		-	
Solid Waste									
	\$	279,020	\$	683,271	\$	628,000	\$	1,590,291	

In the Statement of Activities, additional transfers were recognized in the amount of \$37,019 as a result of the SPLOST IV Fund financing improvements to the City Cemetery. Governmental Funds transferred the improvements to the Cemetery Enterprise Fund in which it was recognized as a capital improvement. This decreased the total transfers in the Statement of Activities to \$590,891. These transactions were recognized as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds and as capital contributions in the proprietary funds.

6. <u>INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)</u>

The City created the Hotel / Motel Tax Fund during 2006 in order to comply with state law. The City reports the income from hotel / motel taxes in this fund along with the required payments to the McDonough Hospitality and Tourism Board and other qualifying expenditures. The remaining monies are transferred to the General Fund to help fund the General Fund budgetary appropriations. For the year ended June 30, 2017 the Hotel / Motel Tax Fund transferred \$683,271 to the General Fund and as of June 30, 2017 the Hotel / Motel Tax Fund owed the General Fund \$128,591 for unreimbursed expenditures and transfers. The Water and Sewer Fund transferred \$378,000 to the General Fund to support the fund balance of the General Fund and \$250,000 to the Urban Redevelopment Authority Fund for the construction of the new courthouse. The General Fund transferred \$279,020 to the Urban Redevelopment Fund to finance debt service on the URA revenue bonds.

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		-	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	ф	10 207 707	Ф		Ф	ф	10 207 707
Land	\$	12,327,787	\$	2 710 521	\$ -	\$	12,327,787
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	2,954,050	-	3,718,521	(4,775,985)	_	1,896,586
Total		15,281,837	-	3,718,521	(4,775,985)	·	14,224,373
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		13,092,460		4,816,502	(37,019)		17,871,943
Improvements other than buildings		10,061,163		167,431	<u> </u>		10,228,594
Vehicles, including related equipment		4,716,357		558,639	~		5,274,996
Machinery and equipment		3,455,685		876,894	-1		4,332,579
Furniture and fixtures		421,102		189,428			610,530
Total capital assets being depreciated		31,746,767	-	6,608,894	(37,019)	-	38,318,642
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		3,413,094		376,986	U=		3,790,080
Improvements other than buildings		2,477,424		259,663	X.		2,737,087
Vehicles, including related equipment		3,347,534		346,718	38		3,694,252
Machinery and equipment		2,491,985		260,033	· -		2,752,018
Furniture and fixtures		265,514		25,853	-		291,367
Total accumulated depreciation	-	11,995,551		1,269,253		_	13,264,804
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8 3	19,751,216	7	5,339,641	(37,019)	·-	25,053,838
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	35,033,053	\$	9,058,162	\$ (4,813,004)	\$	39,278,211

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Administrative	\$ 221,07
Public Safety and Courts	674,230
Highways and Streets	165,354
Cemetery	4,543
Code Enforcement	
Parks and Recreation	188,790
Community Development	4,80
Economic Development	10,458
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,269,253

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - (Continued)

		Beginning Balance	Ь	ncreases	_De	ecreases	VQ.	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities		XX						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,192,765	\$	115.005	\$	-	\$	2,192,765
Construction in progress	-		0	115,005			-	115,005
Total	-	2,192,765	N	115,005	-	_	-	2,307,770
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		1,046,584		:=		-		1,046,584
Improvements other than buildings		26,090,490		528,228		-		26,618,718
Machinery and equipment		2,022,901		111,803		(18,990)		2,115,714
Vehicles		716,220		110,578		-		826,798
Total capital assets being depreciated		29,876,195	17	750,609		(18,990)		30,607,814
				590				
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings		831,057		10,477		. -		841,534
Improvements other than buildings		11,073,779		723,666		7.=		11,797,445
Machinery and equipment		1,179,873		155,750		(18,990)		1,316,633
Vehicles		551,494		73,351		-		624,845
Total capital assets being depreciated		13,636,203		963,244		(18,990)	-	14,580,457
			•		<u>ti</u>			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		16,239,992		(212,635)	i ll	-	1	16,027,357
Business-Type Activities capital assets, net	\$	18,432,757	\$	(97,630)	\$	-	\$	18,335,127
Depreciation expense was charged to function	ıs/pro	ograms as follows:						
	*	5						
Water					\$	262,945		
Sewer						533,855		
Storm Water						150,917		
Solid Waste Managen	nent					15,527		
Total depreciation exp	ense				\$	963,244		

8. UNAVAILABLE REVENUES

Deferred revenues as of June 30, 2017, reported in the Governmental Fund's balance sheet, consisted of the following revenue items which had been earned and were measurable but were not received within 60 days after year end and therefore were not considered available:

Fines and forfeitures	\$ 97,306
Property taxes	 66,361
Total unavailable revenues - Governmental Funds	\$ 163,667

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities reported in the government-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017:

•	Beginning	T	Daggagag	Ending Balance	Current Portion
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	FORTION
Governmental Activities					
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 236,434		\$ (6,949)	\$ 229,485	\$ 20,000
Revenue bonds	4,235,000	-	(115,000)	4,120,000	140,000
Bond premium	180,924	-	(8,415)	172,509	-
Capital Leases	115,900	-	(44,987)	70,913	47,289
Unearned Rental Income (Obligation)	218,571	-	(36,429)	182,142	36,429
Net Pension Obligation	3,829,783	-	(101,705)	3,728,078	-
Net OPEB Obligation	228,056	104,944	-	333,000	
Total Governmental Activity	_	-			
Long-Term Debt	\$ 9,044,668	\$ 104,944	<u>\$ (313,485)</u>	\$ 8,836,127	\$ 243,718
Business-Type Activities				•	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,742,000	\$ -	\$ (293,000)	\$ 2,449,000	\$ 297,000
GEFA Notes Payable	2,869,097	-	(132,748)	2,736,349	134,618
Net Pension Obligation	957,446		(25,427)	932,019	
Total Business-Type Activity					
Long-Term Debt	\$ 6,568,543	\$ -	<u>\$ (451,175)</u>	\$ 6,117,368	\$ 431,618

The City's General Fund is typically used to liquidate governmental activity accrued compensated absences while the SPLOST Funds will be used to liquidate the capital lease which is associated with the purchase of park land.

The Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund is used to liquidate all of the business-type activity long-term liabilities except each enterprise fund will be responsible for its share of the net pension obligation.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations -

Governmental activities long-term obligations as of June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Capital Lease Obligations - See Note 10

\$70,913

Annual repayment requirements under the capital lease obligation agreements are as follows:

	CAPIT	-	
Year			
Ending			
6/30	Principal	Interest	Total
_			
2018	\$ 47,28	9 \$ 2,467	\$ 49,756
2019	23,62	4 352	23,976
Totals	\$ 70,91	3 \$ 2,819	\$ 73,732

McDonough Urban Redevelopment Authority Long-Term Debt

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 the City issued \$4,235,000 of McDonough Urban Redevelopment Authority revenue bonds to construct a municipal court building. The revenue bonds will be repaid with General Fund monies.

Revenue Bonds Payable, Series 2015, in the amount of \$4,235,000, interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%, due in annual installments of up to \$280,962 with varying maturity dates through January, 2038.

\$4,120,000

9. LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

McDonough Urban Redevelopment Authority Long-Term Debt - Continued

	REVENUE BONDS									
Year Ending 6/30	Principal	Interest	Total							
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	\$ 140,000 145,000 150,000 155,000 160,000 165,000 175,000 180,000 185,000 190,000 195,000 205,000	\$ 136,963 134,163 129,813 125,313 120,663 115,862 110,912 105,962 100,712 94,862 88,850 82,200 75,375	\$ 276,963 279,163 279,813 280,313 280,663 280,862 275,912 280,962 280,712 279,862 278,850 277,200 280,375							
2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038	210,000 220,000 230,000 230,000 240,000 250,000 260,000	68,200 60,850 54,250 47,350 38,150 28,550 18,550 9,450	278,200 280,850 284,250 277,350 278,150 278,550 278,550 279,450							
Totals	\$ 4,120,000	\$ 1,747,000	\$ 5,867,000							

Water and Sewer Long-Term Debt -

The City issues revenue bonds and enters into construction note agreements with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority where in both types of debt the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Amounts outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year related to bonds and notes issued in prior years to finance construction projects to improve the City's water distribution and wastewater treatment facilities.

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund long-term liabilities outstanding at year end are as follow:

Note payable to GEFA, in the total amount of \$3,000,000, interest at 1.4%, due in monthly installments of \$14,339 through June 2035.

Revenue Bonds Payable, Series 2014, in the amount of \$3,309,000, interest at 1.65%, due in annual installments of up to \$335,826 with varying maturity dates through July, 2026.

\$2,736,349

\$2,449,000

9. LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Water and Sewer Long-Term Debt - Continued

Annual repayment requirements to amortize all closed long-term obligations as they mature are as follows:

		NOTES PAYABLE		REVENUE BONDS						
	Year Ending 6/30	P	rincipal	<u>L</u>	nterest	 Principal	<u>L</u>	nterest		Total
P P	2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035	\$	134,618 136,516 138,439 140,389 142,367 144,374 146,407 148,471 150,562 152,684 154,836 157,017 159,229 161,473 163,748 166,055 168,395 170,769	\$	37,448 35,550 33,627 31,677 29,699 27,692 25,659 23,595 21,504 19,382 17,230 15,049 12,837 10,593 8,318 6,011 3,671 1,297	\$ 297,000 302,000 307,000 312,000 219,000 196,000 202,000 206,000 209,000	\$	37,958 33,016 27,992 22,886 18,505 15,081 11,822 8,514 5,148 1,724	\$	507,024 507,082 507,058 506,952 409,571 383,147 382,888 382,580 383,214 382,790 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066 172,066
То	otals	\$	2,736,349	\$	360,839	\$ 2,449,000	\$	182,646	\$	5,728,834

The City issued \$3,309,000 of Water and Sewer revenue bonds in May 2014. The proceeds of the issue provided resources to pay off the principal balance and interest due on two of the four Georgia Environmental Finance Authority notes totaling \$3,217,177 as of June 4, 2014. As a result, the refunded debt is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the Water and Sewer statement of net position. The remaining proceeds from the bonds were used to pay for the issuance cost of the bonds of \$91,823.

The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments. The reacquisition price of the old debt was equal to the net carry amount. The transaction also resulted in a net present value savings of \$358,419 and a reduction of \$376,236 in future debt service payments.

10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 the City entered into two capital lease obligations with a private corporation for the purchase of telephone and network equipment. The lease agreements principal amounts totaled \$219,750 and interest was imputed at 5%. The leased assets, which are being depreciated along with other capital assets, had depreciation expense of \$21,975 and accumulated depreciation of \$80,738 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The following is a schedule by year of the remaining minimum lease payments under the terms of the lease agreements together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017:

Fiscal	mannt
Year	 mount
2018	\$ 49,757
2019	 23,975
Less the amount representing interest	 (2,819)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 70,913

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of McDonough is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City is a member of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency. This membership allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks.

Coverages are as follows:

Coverage Description – Property: Buildings and contents – (Blanket)	\$42,625,991
Automobile physical damage	Per Application on file with GIRMA
Coverage Description – Casualty:	
Comprehensive general liability	\$1,000,000
Automobile liability	\$1,000,000
Errors and omissions (Public Officials)	\$1,000,000
Employee benefits liability	\$1,000,000
Pollution liability	\$1,000,000
Coverage Description – Crime:	•
Blanket bond – employees required to be bonded	\$500,000
Blanket bond – all other employees	\$500,000
Depositors forgery	\$500,000
Money and securities – loss inside and outside premises	\$500,000
Deductible:	
Law Enforcement Liability	\$50,000
Public Officials Errors & Omissions Liability	\$50,000
Building and Contents	\$25,000
Other coverages are subject to a per occurrence deductible of	\$1,000

Coverage Exceptions:

Coverage Subject to a Retroactive Date:

Public officials, pollution and employee benefits liability coverages are subject to a retroactive date of 12/31/87.

Chapter 85 Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated non-profit instrumentality of its member municipalities — GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City paid no claims. The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the \$1,000 deductible for the prior years. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to the \$1,000) which were outstanding and unpaid at June 30, 2017. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City decided to change its per occurrence deductible for two of the coverages above to \$50,000 from \$1,000.

11. Risk Management (continued)

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City of McDonough became a member of the Georgia Municipal Associated Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer (City of McDonough) is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and / or employer's liability.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

12. HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

Prior to August 2013 the City levied a 5% hotel/motel tax in accordance with the provisions of OCGA 48-13-51. In order to comply with the expenditure requirements of this code section, the City remits 40% of the monies collected under this provision to the McDonough Tourism and Hospitality Organization, a not-for-profit entity. Starting in August 2013 the City began to levy an 8% hotel / motel tax in accordance with the provisions of O.C.G.A. 48-13-50. In order to comply with the expenditure requirements of this code section the City must expend 62.5% of the monies collected under this provision for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, trade shows or tourism product development. The following is a summary of the collections and expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	 Amount	Percent
Total Collected	\$ 1,238,703	100.00%
Amount remitted to the McDonough Tourism		
and Hospitality Organization	\$ 541,932	43.75%
Product development	\$ 232,257	18.75%

13. RELATED ORGANIZATION

Related organizations are excluded from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. Audited financial statements are available from the respective organizations.

The City of McDonough Housing Authority is considered a related organization. The Authority operates a multi-family housing facility which is located within the city limits. The citizens who serve as the governing board are appointed by the Mayor and Council. The City has no significant influence over the management budget or policies of the Authority.

14. JOINT VENTURES

Atlanta Regional Commission

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Metro Atlanta area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Membership in this organization is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8_r34, which provides for the organizational structure of the Commission in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county, one representative for all the cities in a member county and 15 citizen representatives. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Management believes that ARC is accumulating sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Atlanta Regional Commission 3715 Northside Parkway Building 200, Suite 300 Atlanta, Georgia 30328

Flint Circuit Drug Task Force

The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the two other cities and Henry County, Georgia to provide personnel and the necessary assets to the Flint Circuit Drug Task Force, a joint venture among the cities, in order to carry on investigations into illegal drug activities. The governing authority consists of a board made up of the District Attorney of Henry County and the Police Chiefs of each member City. The City contributes two full time personnel and the necessary equipment to perform such investigations. Management believes that the task force will soon obtain sufficient funds from confiscations that it will be able to meet its own financial obligations.

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Development impact fee credits – During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City received public safety and park improvements from a private developer in the amount of \$6,812,407. As part of a development agreement with the developer, the developer contributed these improvements in exchange for Development Impact Fee Credits prior to being issued a building permit, which is when the fees are actually due. As of June 30, 2017, the developer had actually used approximately \$2,885,501 of its impact fee credits which leaves a balance of impact fee credits to the developer, along with other such credits, of \$3,926,906. The City recognizes impact fees as revenues when received.

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS - Continued

Henry County SPLOST Bond Issue - In 2014 the citizens of Henry County voted to approve a special purpose local option sales tax to help finance the acquisition and construction of major capital equipment and facilities. In relation to this, the City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Henry County and the other cities inside the County whereby Henry County would issue revenue bonds to finance some of the SPLOST projects in advance of the SPLOST tax collections. City of McDonough received \$9,200,000 from the County under this agreement.

The revenue bonds are in the name of Henry County and are not a direct liability of the City of McDonough. However, under the terms of the intergovernmental agreement the County will retain all of the first SPLOST revenue collections for each year in amounts that will satisfy the annual debt service requirements. The agreement also requires the City of McDonough to pay its share of debt service requirements should the SPLOST revenue collections not be sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements under the bond issue. Management believes the SPLOST revenue collections will be sufficient to satisfy all debt service requirements under the bond ordinance.

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Deferred Compensation Plan-

Under the terms of the deferred compensation plan, any employee can voluntarily defer receipt of up to 25% of gross compensation per year. Each participant selects one of three options to administer the investment of the deferred funds. All administration costs of the plan are deducted from the participants' accounts. The deferred amounts may be distributed to the employee upon retirement or other termination of employment, disability, death, or financial hardship (as defined). Total amounts deferred by employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$84,993.

Mayor and Council Retirement Plans-

In 1999, the City created the City of McDonough Exclusive Benefit Governmental 401(a) Nontrusteed Retirement Plan, a defined contribution plan, for the retirement benefit of the Mayor and Council. The plan is administered by the Security Benefit Group and currently has 2 participants. In addition, the City created the 401a Defined Contribution Plan which began January 1, 2011and is administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS). The two plans provide that the City should contribute the amount of compensation allowed under IRS regulations for each participant's account. The balance in the account shall become distributable in accordance with the payout options in the annuity contract. Annual contributions to the plans are determined by the City Council and can be up to 100% of eligible salaries. For the year ended June 30, 2017, contributions to the plans amounted to \$39,972, which is 44.4% of eligible salaries. The amount of payroll covered under the plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$90,031. This plan was established by an adoption agreement executed by the City Council.

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Defined Benefit Plan - GMA Administered

Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of McDonough Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

As provided by State law, benefit provisions for Participants in GMEBS are established and amended by the respective employers. As authorized by the City Council, the Plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for Plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials, who work thirty hours or more per week, are eligible to participate immediately upon hiring. Benefits vest after five years of service. A City employee who retires at age 65 with five years of service is entitled to benefits of 2.00% of final average earnings in excess of covered compensation. An employee may elect early retirement at age 55 provided he or she has a minimum of 25 years total credited service to receive full benefits, otherwise early retirement may be elected after only 10 years of service for reduced benefits. Ten years of service is required for nonservice related disability benefits. Disability benefits are paid out at 20% of an employee's current salary. Death benefits are calculated using an actuarial reserve.

At January 1, 2017, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 214 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	30
Active employees - vested	89
Active employees - nonvested	<u>69</u>
Total	214
0 W T T T T	

Contributions

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standard law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets State minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the Plan. The funding policy for the Plan is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the recommended contribution described below. For fiscal year 2017, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 12.55% of covered payroll.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City's recommended and actual contribution was \$841,514 which was actuarially determined and is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The amount of employer contributions recognized in the actuarial report date January 1, 2017 and the Statements of Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$791,951.

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Defined Benefit Plan - GMA Administered, continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$4,787,229 for its net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2015 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the year ended September 30, 2015 (the measurement date) were as follow:

	Total Pension Liability	nsion Net Pensio	
Balances at September 30, 2015	\$ 11,743,970	\$ 6,956,741	\$ 4,787,229
Changes for the year-			
Service cost	392,336	-	392,336
Interest	890,810	-	890,810
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	193,990	_	193,990
Contributions - Employer	•	827,632	(827,632)
Net investment income		791,561	(791,561)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(499,291)	(499,291)	-
Administrative expense	-	(14,925)	14,925
Other	Married Principles -		
Net Changes	977,845	1,104,977	(127,132)
Balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 12,721,815</u>	\$ 8,061,718	\$ 4,660,097

Effective January 1, 2016, the Plan was amended to provide for immediate participation for Employees. This change has no impact on service credited under the Plan and has no impact on benefits. As a result of this change, all Employees are now included in the valuation. This change has minimal impact on the Plan's liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Service cost	\$ 392,336
Interest on The Pension Liability (TPL)	890,810
Administrative expenses	14,925
Expected return on assets	(551,292)
Expensed portion of current year period differences	
between expected and actual experience in TPL	32,330
Current year recognition of deferred inflows and outflows	
established in prior years	60,895
Expensed portion of current year period differences between	
projected and actual investment earnings	(48,053)
Total expense	\$ 791,951

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Defined Benefit Plan - GMA Administered, continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

\$631,136 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

F/Y/E June 30,	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net
2018	\$ 145,678	\$ (100,505)	\$ 45,173
2019	145,678	(100,505)	45,173
2020	145,678	(59,898)	85,780
2021	53,696	(59,898)	(6,202)
2022	32,332	(11,844)	20,488
2023 and thereafter		10	
	\$ 523,062	\$ (332,650)	\$ 190,412

Outstanding balances of deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2017 are as follow:

	Outflows	Inflows		
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 631,136	\$ -		
Demographic	238,076	(59,220)		
Investment	275,946	(273,430)		
Assumption change	9,040			
Total	\$ 1,154,198	\$ (332,650)		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25% plus service based merit increases
Cost of Living Adjustments	0.00%
Mortality Rates -	
Healthy	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-
	distinct rates, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year
	for females
Disabled	RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table - sex-distinct rates
Plan Termination Basis	1994 Group Annuity Reserving Unisex Table

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Defined Benefit Plan - GMA Administered, continued

Actuarial Assumptions, continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	6.75%
International equity	20.00%	7.45%
Real estate	10.00%	4.55%
Global fixed income	5.00%	3.30%
Domestic fixed income	20.00%	1.75%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the City will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

<u>To Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.75%	Current Rate 7.75%	1% Increase <u>8.75%</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,417,441	\$ 4,660,097	\$ 3,210,027

Pension Plan Net Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued City of McDonough Retirement Plan financial report.

17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

Plan Description — The City provides postemployment healthcare benefits (OPEB) for retired employees and their dependents through the City of McDonough Health Insurance Plan (the Plan), a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The benefits, coverage levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City Council and can be amended by the City through approval by the City Council. Eligible retirees are required to pay 100% of the health insurance premiums to receive healthcare benefits until age 65. The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees.

The City contracts with an actuarial consultant to provide a biennial actuarial valuation of the City's OPEB liability under GASB Statement 45. The most recent OPEB liability actuarial valuation was completed in October 2017 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. A copy of the financial report and the required supplementary information for the Plan may be obtained from the City of McDonough, Human Resource Director, 136 Key Ferry Street, McDonough, GA. 30253.

Funding Policy – GASB Statement 45 does not mandate the prefunding of postemployment benefits liability. The City currently funds these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide postemployment benefits.

Annual OPEB cost: The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an actuarially determined amount. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years. The components of the City's annual OPEB obligation are summarized in the following table.

Normal cost	\$ 114,000
Amortization of Unfunded	_
Interest	9,000
Annual Required Contribution	123,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	-
Amortizing Adjustment to ARC	 (20,000)
Annual OPEB Cost	103,000
Contribution Made *	 1,944
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	104,944
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 228,056
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 333,000

17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - Continued

The following table represents the OPEB costs, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

		% of			
			Annual	Net	
	£	Annual OPEB Cost OPEB			OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OF	OPEB Cost Contributed		Obligation	
June 30, 2017	\$	103,000	1.8%	\$	333,000
June 30, 2016	\$	75,000	1.3%	\$	228,056
June 30, 2015	\$	82,056	1.2%	\$	154,056

Funding Status and Funding Progress: The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2017	\$	_	\$	544,000	\$	544,000	0.0%	N/A	N/A
7/1/2016	\$		\$	523,000	\$	523,000	0.0%	\$ 6,963,000	7.5%
10/1/2014	\$		\$	342,000	\$	342,000	0.0%	\$ 5,343,000	6.4%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress provides multiyear trend information (only one year available) that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefits cost between the City and plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of plan assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

disputotio were as removed					
Valuation date	June 30, 2014				
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit				
Amortization method	15-year open period: level dollar payment				
Investment return	4.00% per annum				
	(includes inflation at 2.5% per annum				
Healthcare cost trend rate(s)					
	Insurance Premiums				
Select rates	8.00% for 2014/15 graded				
	to 5.5% for 2019/20				
Ultimate rate	5.00% per annum				

<u>CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)</u>

18. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Pursuant to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and notes payable, the City was required to create various funds and accounts. Balances in these bond restricted funds and other various restricted funds and accounts as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Revenue Bond Restricted Assets -	
Debt service account	\$ 352,898
Capital projects-	
Special purpose local option sales funds	8,060,541
Development impact fee funds	1,282,679
Urban Redevelopment authority	190,111
LMIG grant funds	216,172
Confiscated asset funds	226
Cemetery perpetual care funds	 191,609
	\$ 10.294.236

19. UNEARNED RENTAL INCOME (OBLIGATION)

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Henry County which transferred property owned by the County, valued at \$255,000, to the City in exchange for rental of a piece of property owned by the City for a period of seven years, which rental value for the period was also \$255,000. The transaction has been recorded by the City in the Statement of Net Position under Governmental Activities by reporting the land purchase and the corresponding unearned rental income obligation. The obligation will be amortized over a seven year period at \$36,429 annually. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2017 is 182,142.

20. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures, as a part of the combined statements - overview, of certain information concerning individual funds including-

- A) Deficit fund balances or net position balances of individual funds As of June 30, 2017, no fund had a deficit fund balance or net position.
- B) Excess expenditures over budget None of the City's funds had material excesses (if over 5 percent and greater than \$5,000) of expenditures over appropriations at the department level (the legal level of control).

CITY OF MCDONOUGH, GEORGIA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2012 2011 2010 2009 2008	(Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required)	(Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required)	59.36% (Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required) 70.60%
Fiscal Year End	2014 2013 20	(Historical information prior to	(Historical information prior to	(Historical information prior to
	2015	905 \$ 374,655 777,801 909) 133,731 - 15,821 606) (492,844) 243 809,164 727 10,282,563 970 \$11,091,727	118 \$ 800,328 378 651,380 606) (492,844) 223) (12,347) - 667 946,517 741 \$ 6,584,074	\$ & &
	7 2016	392,336 \$ 381,005 890,810 840,753 193,990 (82,909) (499,291) (486,606) 977,845 652,243 11,743,970 12,721,815 \$11,743,970	827,632 \$ 813,118 791,561 62,378 (499,291) (486,606) (14,925) (16,223) 	4,660,097 \$ 4,787,229 63.37% 59.24% 7,025,189 \$ 6,598,557 66.33% 72.55%
	2017	\$ 392,336 890,810 193,990 (499,291 977,845 11,743,970 \$ 12,721,815	\$ 82 79 (49 (49 (1)10 1,10 8 8,06	\$ 4,66 6 8 7,02
		Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net changes in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	Net Pension Liability Net pension liability Net pension liability Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered-employee payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll

CITY OF MCDONOUGH, GEORGIA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year End	2nd				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined contributions	841.514	823.005	809.822							
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(841,514)	(823,005)	(809,822)	(Historical i	nformation o	nor to implem	entation of (3ASB 67/68	(809.822) (Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not recuired)	_
Contribution deficiency (excess)	, '	1		,		4				
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	6,598,557	6,384,685	5,752,771							
employee payroll	12.55%	12.89%	14.08%							

CITY OF MCDONOUGH, GEORGIA

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating the actuarially determined calculations are as follow:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Projected Unit Credit

Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with

a net effective amortization period of 23 years.

Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year.

The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be

within 20% of market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment Rate of Return

Projected Salary Increases Cost of Living Adjustments

Mortality Rates -

Healthy

7.75%

3.25% plus service based merit increases

0.00%

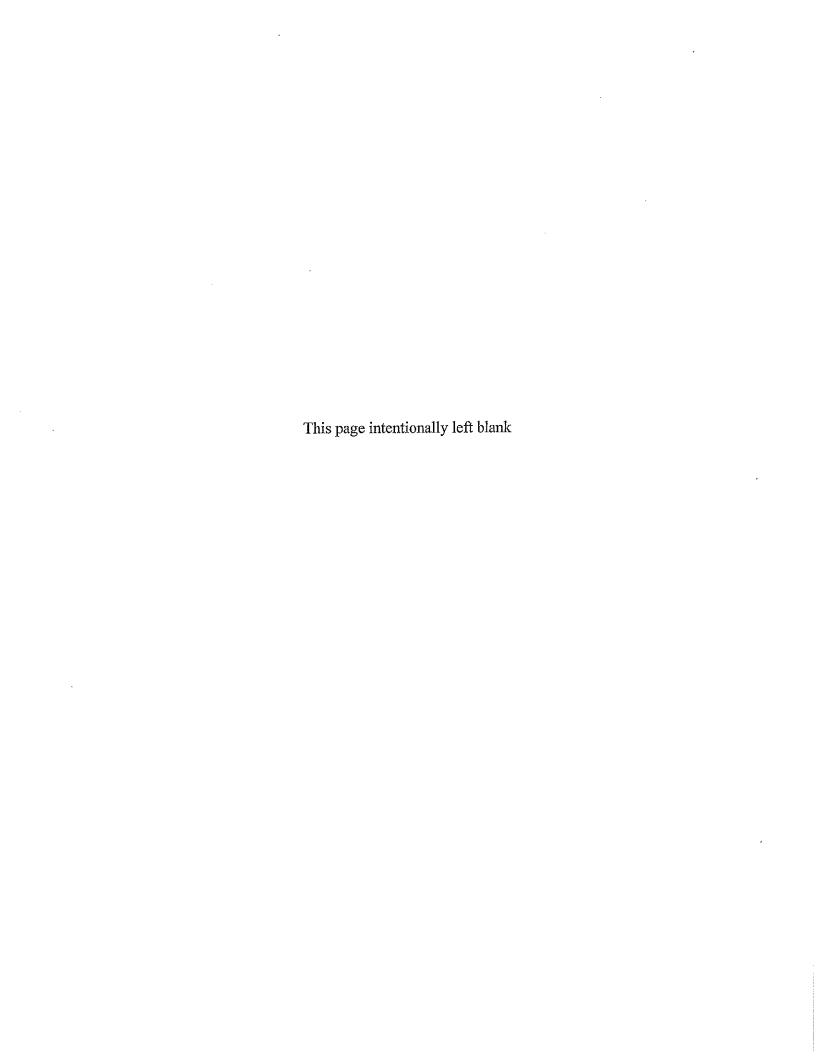
RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-

distinct rates, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year

for females

Disabled RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table - unisex rates

Plan Termination Basis 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Unisex Table



CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Special Rev	enue Fur	ıds	Capital Projects Funds		
	· N	Hotel/ lotel Tax Fund	A	fiscated ssets fund	PLOST II Fund	-	LMIG Grant Funds
ASSETS							•
Cash	\$	_	\$	226	\$ 7,119	\$	216,172
Investments		-		-	-		-
Receivables Taxes		228,607					_
Accounts		220,007		_	_		-
Due from other funds		-		•	-		-
	_					***	
Total Assets	\$	228,607	\$	226	\$ 7,119	\$	216,172
		_		_			
				•			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities							
Accounts payable	- \$	100,016	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Due to other funds		128,591		-	-		-
Unearned revenues		-		158	 -		216,172
Total Liabilities		228,607		158	 -		216,172
Fund Balance Nonspendable -							
Cemetery corpus		-		-	-		-
Restricted for specified							
purposes		-		68	7,119		-
Unassigned					 		-
Total Fund Balance				68	 7,119	 	<u>.</u>
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balance	\$	228,607	\$.	226	\$ -7,119	\$	216,172 .

	ermanent Fund Cemetery petual Care Fund	Total on-Major vernmental Funds
\$	1,849 189,760	\$ 225,366 189,760
	-	228,607
\$	191,609	\$ 643,733
\$	- - -	\$ 100,016 128,591 216,330
	-	 444,937
	170,600	170,600
	21,009	 28,196
	191,609	 198,796
\$	191,609	\$ 643,733

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds		unds				ojects Funds	
9	Ţ.	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	F	ifiscated Assets Fund	S	SPLOST II Fund		LMIG Grant Fund
REVENUES	-	,	·		970	*		
Taxes	\$	1,238,703	\$	-	\$		\$	
Forfeitures		_		=		#8		=
Intergovernmental		7		<u>27</u>		. (2)		165,200
Interest		=		125		=		=
Miscellaneous	-	= =====================================		- IH	2 	a :		■
Total Revenues	·	1,238,703		(6)		<u>a</u>)		165,200
EXPENDITURES								
Current Purchased / contracted services		13,500				_ *		
Supplies		13,300		-		-		_
Payments to others		541,932		(m)		_		-
Capital outlay		-		-		4		165,200
	-		-		-			
Total Expenditures		555,432	-	-				165,200
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		683,271			E .		<u> </u>	<u>:</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers	-	(683,271)	5					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7.	(683,271)	ş				-	· · ·
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	10-10	-		68	3 	7,119		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$		\$	68	\$	7,119	\$	

Cen Perpet	nanent und netery ual Care und		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
\$		\$	1,238,703
	-		165,200
	1,076		1,076
		4	
 	1,076		1,404,979
	-3		13,500
	41		- 541 020
	-		541,932 165,200
		-	103,200
W r 	<u> </u>		720,632
	98		(6)
-	1,076		684,347
8		er	(683,271)
(e)			(683,271)
	1,076		1,076
	190,533		197,720
\$1	91,609	\$	198,796

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL HOTEL / MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		2017		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	2016 Actual
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 1,238,703	\$ 1,238,703	\$ -	\$ 1,125,239
Interest	\$ 1,236,703 -	Ф 1,236,703	ър <u>-</u>	φ 1,1 <i>23,239</i>
Miscellaneous				- ,
Total Revenue	1,238,703	1,238,703	_	1,125,239
EXPENDITURES				
Current		40 800		10 500
Contracted Services Tourism and Hospitality	13,500 549,189	13,500 541,932	- 7,257	13,500 492,292
Capital	349,169	341,932	1,231	432,432
Tourism Product				
Total Expenditures	562,689	555,432	7,257	505,792
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	676,014	683,271	7,257	619,447
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers	(676,014)	(683,271)	(7,257)	(619,447)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(676,014)	(683,271)	(7,257)	(619,447)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		•		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

2017 2016 Final Actual Budget Actual Variance **REVENUES** 100 \$ (100)\$ Forfeitures Sales of confiscated property Interest Contributions (100)Total Revenue 100 **EXPENDITURES** Current 80 200 Purchased / contracted services 80 Supplies 20 20 80 Miscellaneous Capital Outlay 100 280 **Total Expenditures** 100 Excess Revenues Over (Under) (280)Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers **Total Other Financing** Sources (Uses) (280)Net Change in Fund Balance 348 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 68 68 Fund Balance - End of Year 68 68 68

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX II FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - PROJECT LENGTH BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental - SPLOST	\$ 6,637,436	\$	\$ 6,637,436	\$ 6,637,436
Intergovernmental - other	275,243	-	275,243	-
Interest	281,465		281,465	-
Total Revenues	7,194,144		7,194,144	6,637,436
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay				
General government - including				
debt service	2,615,020	-	2,615,020	2,600,000
Public safety - including	1 000 710		1 000 510	1 400 000
debt service	1,099,710	-	1,099,710	1,500,000
Highways and streets	1,547,429	-	1,547,429	2,000,000
Water and sewer improvements Parks - including debt service	230,926 1,693,940	-	230,926 1,693,940	237,436 300,000
· Tarks - including debt service	1,093,940		1,093,940	300,000
Total Expenditures	7,187,025	-	7,187,025	6,637,436
Excess Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	7,119	-	7,119	-
Other Financing Uses (Sources)				
Transfers				
Net Change in Fund Balance	. \$ 7,119	_	\$ 7,119	. \$ -
	. 4 13,43		7 734.7	* *
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		7,119		•
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 7,119		

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA SPLOST III CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - PROJECT LENGTH BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental - SPLOST	\$ 7,368,585	\$ -	\$ 7,368,585	\$ 26,842,500
Interest	78,480	460	78,940	-
Total Revenues	7,447,065	460	7,447,525	26,842,500
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Capital Outlay				
Community development facilities	357,394	-	357,394	250,000
Public safety facilities and equipment	4,081,944	-	4,081,944	8,342,500
Roads, bridges, sidewalks & facilities Public works facilities and equipment	584,520 995,476	-	584,520 995,476	2,500,000 3,250,000
Parks and recreation	3,263,529	31,378	3,294,907	7,000,000
Water storage tank	2,183,443	51,576	2,183,443	7,000,000
Repayment of public debt associated	2,105,115		2,103,113	
with above projects or previously		-		
issued G.O. debt	2,583,281		2,583,281	5,500,000
Total Expenditures	14,049,587	31,378	14,080,965	26,842,500
Excess Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(6,602,522)	(30,918)	(6,633,440)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from bond issuance	7,325,000	-	7,325,000	-
Transfers				
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	7,325,000	-	7,325,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 722,478</u>	(30,918)	\$ 691,560	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		722,478		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 691,560		

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA

SPLOST IV CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - PROJECT LENGTH BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR T	HE VE	AR EN	DED JU	NE 30.	2017
TUK I	HE IL	A11. July 1	ルルルル せい	1112 200	4U1/

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Amended Project Authorization	Original Project Authorization
REVENUES Intergovernmental - SPLOST Interest	\$13,370,763 29,988	\$ 1,253,792 37,603	\$14,624,555 67,591	\$ 24,236,500	\$ 22,962,500
Total Revenues	13,400,751	1,291,395	14,692,146	24,236,500	22,962,500
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Capital Outlay Cultural, historic & recreation facilities Public safety facilities and equipment	23,551 1,428,934	121,119 877,035	144,670 2,305,969	5,000,000 2,424,000	4,000,000 2,424,000
Roads, bridges, sidewalks & facilities	882,823	1,759,588	2,642,411	10,673,500	10,673,500
Community development facilities	· •	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,774,000	1,500,000
Parks and recreation	1,145,904	325,578	1,471,482	4,365,000	4,365,000
Total Expenditures	3,481,212	4,083,320	7,564,532	24,236,500	22,962,500
Excess Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	9,919,539	(2,791,925)	7,127,614		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from bond issuance	-	-	· 	-	-
Transfers		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 9,919,539	(2,791,925)	\$ 7,127,614	<u> </u>	\$
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		9,919,539			
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 7,127,614			

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		2017			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	2016 Actual	
REVENUES					
Impact fees Interest	\$ 300,828 650	\$ 801,648 1,463	\$ 500,820 813	\$ 372,335 696	
Total Revenues	301,478	803,111	501,633	373,031	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	23,290	23,290	-	8,046	
Capital outlay					
Public Safety		4-1.10-	45.000		
Police	219,495	174,495	45,000	-	
Fire	735,522	210,220	525,302	-	
Parks	٦	=	-	-	
Debt service - Parks					
Principal	-	"	-	<u>-</u> 	
Interest					
Total Expenditures	978,307	408,005	570,302	8,046	
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(676,829)	395,106	1,071,935	364,985	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(676,829)	395,106	1,071,935	364,985	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	839,709	839,709		474,724	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 162,880	\$ 1,234,815	\$ 1,071,935	\$ 839,709	

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA LMIG GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017					_		
	Ori	ginal / Final Budget		Actual	V	ariance		2016 Actual
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	165,200	\$	165,200	\$		\$	165,824
Total Revenues		165,200		165,200				165,824
EXPENDITURES								
Current Administration Capital outlay		-		-		-		**
Streets and Roads		165,200	_	165,200		**		170,981
Total Expenditures		165,200		165,200		<u>-</u>		170,981
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		-		(5,157)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers						-		(77,122)
Net Change in Fund Balance		_		<u>.</u>		•		(82,279)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		_		_		-		82,279
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_

CITY OF McDONOUGH, GEORGIA URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - PROJECT LENGTH BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization	
REVENUES					
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other				<u>-</u>	
Total Revenues					
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	500	-	500	-	
Capital Outlay Municipal court facilities	2,833,747	2,118,836	4,952,583	4,808,082	
Debt Service	2,033,141	2,110,030	4,932,363	4,000,002	
Principal	_	115,000	115,000	-	
Interest	-	164,020	164,020	-	
Debt issuance cost	106,345		106,345	112,050	
Total Expenditures	2,940,592	2,397,856	5,338,448	4,920,132	
Excess Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(2,940,592)	(2,397,856)	(5,338,448)	(4,920,132)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from bond issuance	4,420,132	-	4,420,132	4,420,132	
Transfers	500,000	529,020	1,029,020	500,000	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	4,920,132	529,020	5,449,152	4,920,132	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,979,540	(1,868,836)	\$ 110,704	\$	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	·	1,979,540			
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 110,704			