### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	\$	50,440
Cash		161,401
Receivables		1,172
Prepaid items		
Canital assets:		377,545
Capital assets not being depreciated		295,599
Capital assets being depreciated	-	(220,387)
Less: accumulated depreciation		150 757
		452,757
Capital assets, net of depreciation		
		665,770
TOTAL ASSETS		
		16,566
LIABILITIES		934
Accounts payable		67,889
Other accrued items		07,802
Unearned revenue		
Noncurrent liabilities:		34,021
Due within one year		4,803
Notes payable Capital leases payable		1,000
Due in more than one year		624,358
Notes payable		5,070
Capital leases payable		5,010
Capital leases payable		753,641_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
NET POSITION		318,275
Net investment in capital assets		
Restricted for:		75,267
Capital outlay projects		(481,413)
Unrestricted		
TOTAL NET POSITION		<u>\$ (87,871)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NET POSITION, Ending	CHANGES IN NET POSITION NET POSITION, Beginning	GENERAL REVENUES Property taxes Insurance premium taxes Franchise taxes Alcohol beverage taxes Total taxes TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government Judicial Public safety Public safety Public works Interest Total Governmental Activities TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT
		TRANSFERS	EXPENSES \$ 511,516 \$ 10,879 71,566 23,220 18,690 <u>635,871</u> \$ <u>\$ 635,871</u> \$
			CHARGES FOR SERVICES 122,587 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
			DPERATING OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS 567 567 69,367 567 69,367
			CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS \$ - 76,286 \$ 76,286
<u>\$ (87,871)</u>	58,559	73,222 26,713 62,197 <u>55,089</u> <u>217,221</u> 217,221 217,221 (146,430)	NET (EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ (319,562) (71,566) 57,046 (18,690) (363,651) (363,651)

CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2016

ASSETS Cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Interfund receivables Prepaid items	\$ <b>GENERAL</b> 30,726 147,907 - 1,172	\$	<b>SPLOST</b> 19,713 13,495 43,763	Ge \$	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS 50,439 161,402 43,763
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,172	\$	- 76,971	\$	1,172 256,776
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Other accrued items Interfund payables Unearned revenue	\$ 14,863 934 43,763 67,889	\$	1,704 - -	\$	16,567 934 43,763 67,889
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 127,449	-	1,704	B70-1	129,153
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 13,499				13,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 140,948		1,704		142,652
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditure Restricted: Capital outlay projects Unassigned	1,172		- 75,267		1,172 75,267
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 38,857		75,267		37,685
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 179,805	\$	76,971	\$	256,776

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds (page 3)	\$	114,124
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		452,757
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes13,499	<u>)</u>	13,499
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital leases (9,873	/	
Notes payable (658,379	<u>))</u>	(668,252)
Rounding	increase in the second	1
Total net position of governmental activities (page 1)	\$	(87,871)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

REVENUES Property tax Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Alcohol beverage taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	GENERAL \$ 70,263 26,713 62,197 55,089 7,840 69,367 15,935 95,504 7,289	SPLOST \$ - - - 76,285 -	TOTAL   GOVERNMENTAL   FUNDS   \$ 70,263   26,713   62,197   55,089   7,840   145,652   15,935   95,504   7,289
TOTAL REVENUES	410,197	76,285	486,482
EXPENDITURES Current Expenditures General government Judicial Public safety Public works Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest Issuance costs TOTAL EXPENDITURES	284,626 10,879 64,188 22,391 5,528 30,942 13,659 5,030 437,243	- - 42,221 - - - 42,221	284,626 10,879 64,188 22,391 47,749 30,942 13,659 <u>5,030</u> 479,464
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(27,046)	34,064	7,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from notes payable TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	11,147	-	11,147
IOTHE OTTER MARKENO SOURCES (USES)	11,147	-	11,147
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(15,899)	34,064	18,165
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	54,756	41,203	95,959
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 38,857	\$ 75,267	\$114,124

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	5	\$ 18,165
Net change in fund balances (page 5)		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	47,749 (10,827)	36,922
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	13,499	13,499
Revenues reported in the funds that relate to prior years are not reported as revenue in the statement of activities.		
Property taxes	(10,541)	(10,541)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This adjustment combines the net change of two balances.		
Issuance of debt Principal payments on long-term debt	(11,147) 30,942 ( <u>224,270)</u>	
Micheal Caldwell legal fees	(227,270)	(204,475)
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 2)		\$ (146,430)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### (A) REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity consists of the following:

- The primary government;
- Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable;
- Other organizations that, because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, may not be excluded from the financial reporting entity;

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision whether to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. There are no component units.

### (B) GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has no enterprise funds to report.

# (C) MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for which they are imposed. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales tax, franchise taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a local 1% sales tax reserved for construction of various capital projects.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## (D) ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

### Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies and instrumentalities; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities; and certificates of deposits of banks insured by FDIC.

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the balance sheet date. Increases or decreases in fair value during the year are recognized as part of interest income.

### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are normally levied by October of each year. The taxes were payable on or before December. Interest and penalties are assessed on taxes not paid by this date. The City's property taxes were levied on the assessed values of all real property with utilities including mobile homes located in the City limits.

### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, culverts, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Streets, bridges and culverts acquired prior to January 1, 2003 have not been reported.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during 2016.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	40
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-10
Infrastructure	30

## Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in the category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

### **Compensated Absences**

At this time, the City does not provide for compensated absences.

### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

#### Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

**Fund balance** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when the amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash like inventories and prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted* Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Committed* Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. In order to modify or rescind the commitment, the City Council must adopt another resolution.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Council has authorized the City's finance director to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all other governmental funds.

*Net Position* - Net position represent the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In determining the outstanding balance of any borrowing, proceeds of that debt which has not been spent is deducted. Accounts payable for costs related to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets is considered debt for this calculation. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then committed, assigned, and unassigned (or unrestricted) resources as they are needed.

### Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### (A) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Prior to January 1, the department heads submit to the City Council a proposed operating budget for each department for the fiscal year commencing January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Council holds a public hearing on the budget.
- 2. The budget is then revised and adopted or amended by the City Council at a public meeting.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year only by formal action of the City Council at a regular meeting.

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Council. Project length budgets are adopted for the capital projects funds. Annual operating budgets are prepared for each enterprise fund for planning, control and evaluation purposes. Budgetary amounts are not formally integrated into proprietary fund general ledgers.

The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the governing council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy permits the City to exceed the FDIC insured limit in making deposits in commercial banks and savings and loans institutions if the funds are otherwise adequately secured. As of December 31, 2016, all deposits of the City were adequately insured or collateralized. At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$50,440 and the bank balance was \$54,623.

#### NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	(	General		
		Fund	SPLOST	
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$	74,302	\$ -	
Other		66,398	-	
Intergovernmental		7,207	 13,495	
Total Gross Receivables		147,907	13,495	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-	 -	
Total Net Receivables	\$	147,907	\$ 13,495	

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

Governmental Activities: Non-Depreciable Assets:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Retirements</u>	Adjustments and <u>Transfers</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Land and improvements Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets	\$ 55,572 <u>274,224</u> <u>329,796</u>	\$ <u>47.749</u> <u>47.749</u>	\$ <del></del>	\$ - 	\$ 55,572 <u>321,973</u>
Depreciable Assets: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Total depreciable capital assets	150,849 26,650 <u>118,100</u> 295,599				<u> </u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable capital assets, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	90,424 5,436 <u>113,700</u> <u>209,560</u> <u>86,039</u> <u>\$ 415,835</u>	$2,620 \\ 3,807 \\ 4.400 \\ 10.827 \\ (10.827) \\ 36,922 $	- - - B -	- - - - \$	93,044 9,243 <u>118,100</u> <u>220,387</u> <u>75,212</u> \$ 452,757

Additions to governmental activities capital assets for fiscal year ending December 31, 2016, consist of the following:

Capital Outlay		
Total	\$	47,749
	\$	47,749
Non-depreciable capital assets additions Total	\$	47,749
1 Otur	\$	47,749

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	2,620
Public Safety		7,378 829
Public Works Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	10,827
Total depreciation expense get entitle	Name of Address of Address of Table	The Owner water and the owner of the owner water and the owner of the owner own

The City has authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2016, and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end. The source of financing for the remaining project cost is noted below:

Project	Project thorization	xpended <u>to Date</u>	ntracts Progress	thorized Obligated	Funding Source
Library Parks and Recreation	\$ 260,134 55,878	\$ 290,003 31,970	-	\$ (29,869) 23,908	SPLOST SPLOST
Total Governmental Activities:	\$ 316,012	\$ 321,973	\$ -	\$ (5,961)	

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	H	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	Due After <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities: Capital leases	\$	14,424 449,352	\$ - 11,147	\$ (4,551) \$ 197.880	9,873 658,379	\$ 4,803 34,021	\$ 5,070 624,358
Notes payable Governmental activities long-term liabilities	S	463,776	\$ 11,147	\$ 193,329 \$	668.252	\$ 38,824	\$ 629,428

#### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA STATISTICAL INFORMATION December 31, 2016

#### CAPITAL LEASES

The City leases certain equipment under a non-cancelable capital lease. Ownership of the related assets will be transferred to the City at the end of the lease terms. The asset acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	Gov	ernmental
	A	ctivities
Machinery and Equipment	\$	20,850
Less accumulated depreciation		(6,205)
	\$	14,645

Minimum future lease obligations for these leases, as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Gov	vernmental
Year Ending December 31,	A	ctivities
2017	\$	5,351
2018		5,351
Total minimum lease payments	\$	10,702
Less: amount representing interest (5.5%)	\$	(829)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	9,873

#### **Notes Payable**

The City refinanced an installment note dated August 30, 2016 in the amount of \$127,000 (\$115,852.97 representing outstanding principal plus \$11,147.03 representing accrued interest) with Mountain Valley Bank with interest payable at 5.25% per annum. Per the terms of the note agreement, principle payments are required on a monthly basis. The installment agreement shall end on September 1, 2026, subject to the City's right to terminate this agreement. This agreement shall revew automatically from year to year until the event of default or the event of non-appropriation. For the year ending December 31, 2016, the City made principal payments in the amount of \$2,391. The City issued this note payable to finance the City Hall/Library. The amount outstanding as of December 31, 2016 is \$124,609.

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding on the installment note as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>Year ending</u> December 31.	Principal	Interest	Total
2022-2026 08,744 2,211	2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026	10,568 11,144 11,739 12,393 68,744	5,844 5,267 4,673 4,019 9,211	\$ 16,411 16,412 16,411 16,412 16,412 16,412 77,955 <u>\$ 160,013</u>

...

The City issued an installment note in the amount of \$311,243 with Michael Caldwell for legal fees incurred. Per the terms of the note agreement, principle payments of \$2,000 are remitted on a monthly basis, with no interest fees. For the year ending December 31, 2016, the City paid \$24,000 in principal payments and incurred an additional \$224,271 in legal fees. Payments on the note will be completed on November 30, 2029. The amount outstanding as of December 31, 2016 is \$533,770.

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding on the note to Michael Caldwell as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

<u>Year ending</u> <u>December 31</u> ,		Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$	24,000	\$ -	\$ 24,000
2018		24,000	-	24,000
2019		24,000	-	24,000
2019		24,000	-	24,000
2020		24,000	-	24,000
2022-2026		120,000	-	120,000
2022-2020		120,000	_	120,000
2032-2036		120,000		120,000
2032-2030		53,770	_	53,770
Total	\$	533,770	\$ 	\$ 533,770
1 Otal	4		 and the second second	

## NOTE 7 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES / RISK MANAGEMENT

The City receives grants from various granting agencies, which are subject to audit and adjustment by these agencies. The City is not aware of any adjustments or expenditures, which may be disallowed and restitution, if any, is not determinable at this time.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City became a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments; to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys; to follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to report as promptly as possible, in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents that could require the fund to pay any type loss. The City is also to allow all the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigations settlement discussions and all level of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City.

The fund is to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The fund is to pay all cost taxed against the members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City is a member of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency which allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks. Chapter 85, Title 36, of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities - GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of causality and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions and any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments; to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys; to follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to report as promptly as possible, in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents that could require the fund to pay any type loss. The City is also to allow all the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigations settlement discussions and all level of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City. The City must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA.

The City retains the first \$1,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$1,000 deductible. The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claim is "IBNR" established by an actuary.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the City did not incur claims. The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the \$1,000 deductible for the prior years. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to the \$1,000) which were outstanding and unpaid at December 31, 2016. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

City management feels the above coverage is adequate. There has not been any significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is occasionally a defendant in various lawsuits. On January 30, 2018, the Georgia Superior Court entered judgements in favor of Plaintiff Katherine Rintoul in the amount of \$518,000, in favor of William Garner in the amount of \$547,600, and their attorney's fees and costs in the amount of \$156,670. The City filed its Notice of Appeal on March 1, 2018. The City believes that the trail court committed substantial reversible errors throughout the trail and that the evidence did not support the verdicts. The City intends to contest that trail court's Judgement vigorously through the appellate courts of Georiga.

### NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Balances due to/from other funds at December 31, 2016, consist of the following:

- \$ 43,763 Due to SPLOST from General Fund for prior year expenditures
- \$ 43,763 Total Due from Other Funds

## NOTE 9 - NORTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION

Under Georgia law, the City in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area are members of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (NEGRC) and is required to pay annual dues there to. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the City paid no dues. Membership in the NEGRC is required by the official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the NEGRC in Georgia. The NEGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an NEGRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Northeast Georgia Regional Commission 305 Research Dr. Athens, Georgia 30503-1720

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Required Supplementary Information)

	BUDGET ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	\$ 54,756	\$ 54,756	<u>\$ 54,756</u>	\$
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		00.120	70,263	(18,867)
Property tax	74,000	89,130		(18,807) (287)
Insurance premium taxes	20,000	27,000	26,713	(11,803)
Franchise taxes	74,000	74,000	62,197 55,089	(11,803)
Alcohol beverage taxes	55,000	55,000	7,840	(2,160)
Licenses and permits	-	10,000	69,367	7,367
Intergovernmental	62,000	62,000	15,935	(65)
Charges for services	2,000	16,000 95,000	95,504	504
Fines and forfeitures	50,000	10,000	7,289	(2,711)
Miscellaneous	2,000	10,000	11,147	11,147
Proceeds from notes payable		438,130	421,344	(16,786)
Total Resources (Inflows)	339,000	the second s	and the second	(16,786)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	393,756	492,886	476,100	(10,780)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current Expenditures General Government Administration	229,555	324,055	323,876	179
Total General Government	229,555	324,055	323,876	179
Judicial	2,700	10,900	10,879	21
Municipal court	2,700	10,900	10,879	21
Total Judicial	2,700	10,900	10,879	21
Public Safety	81,145	70,145	69,539	606
Police		70,145	69,539	606
Total Public Safety	81,145	70,145	69,539	000
Public Works				
Highways and streets	25,600	28,000	27,919	81
Total Public Works	25,600	28,000	27,919	81
Issuance Costs		5,030	5,030	
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	339,000	438,130	437,243	887
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			(15,899)	(15,899)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 54,756	\$ 54,756	<u>\$ 38,857</u>	\$ (15,899)

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

CITY O SUPPL SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUC For the	CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	
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TURES	THE	23,148 19,073	42,221	42,221 <b>42,221</b>
EXPENDITURES	349,052 \$ 32,548 381,600 \$	97 \$	79 \$ we \$	age 5) litures \$ Total \$
PRIOR YEARS	349,052 32,548 31,600	256,882 12,897 -	269,779 \$ Total of SPLOST above \$	UND BALANCES (page 5) Expenditures \$ Total \$
٥	<del>8</del> <del>8</del>	<u>↔</u>	÷	IN H
CURRENT ESTIMATED	\$ 349,052 \$ 349,052 \$ 436,317	\$ 260,134 55,878 55,878 55,878	068,11 c	HTURES, AND CHANGES
ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COSTS	Jackson County, Georgia SPLOST #4 - Commenced July 1, 2005 Recreational Facilities \$ 333,490 Roads, Streets, and Bridges 83,374 Totals 416,864	Jackson County, Georgia SPLOST #5 - Commenced July 1, 2011Construction of Library\$ 260,134Parks and Recreation55,878Roads, Streets, and Bridges55,878Totals\$ 371,890		Expenditures (page 5) Expenditures Total
PROJECT	Jackson County, Georgia SPLC Recreational Facilities Roads, Streets, and Bridges Totals	Jackson County, Georgia SPLO: Construction of Library Parks and Recreation Roads, Streets, and Bridges Totals	NTATA STATA	

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### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA Reconciliation of Expenditures for SPLOST For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (page 5) Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	42,221
Expenditures reported on SPLOST schedule below	\$	42,221
Schedule of Projects Constructed With Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (pa SPLOST #4 SPLOST #5	Ψ	42,221
Total	\$	42,221



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

BUSINESS ADVISORS AND CPAS

June 21, 2018

To the Mayor and City Council CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2018.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We

did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

### Statement of Condition 2016-01:

There is one checking account that was not maintained in the city's general ledger accounting software. This SPLOST account did not have much activity and was closed in June 2016, before year end ..

The transactions for this account should be recorded and reconciled in the City general ledger.

### Effect of Condition:

The City had a cash account that are not reported on their books. Additionally, the accounting records required for the annual financial report are not included on a timely basis.

### Cause of Condition:

Cause unknown.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the Finance Department record all cash accounts on their books.

#### Response:

These SPLOST accounts are now in Quickbooks.

### Statement of Condition 2016-02:

While the City approves all legal work before it is performed, they are not reviewing the expenses after they are incurred, keeping track of total legal fees, or recording them in the accounting system.

#### Criteria:

The transactions should be approved and recorded in the City general ledger.

#### Effect of Condition:

The City has legal expenditures that are not reported on their books.

#### Cause of Condition:

Cause unknown.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the Finance Department review, approve and record all legal fees on their books.

#### Response:

The attorneys are going to send monthly invoices which will be reviewed and recorded.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and are described below.

### Statement of Condition 2016-03:

The General Fund owes the SPLOST Fund \$43,763.

### Criteria:

SPLOST proceeds shall be used exclusively for the purpose specified in the resolution or ordinance calling for imposition of the tax. Such proceeds shall be kept in a separate account from other City funds and each qualified municipality receiving proceeds of the sales and use tax and shall not, in any manner, be commingled with other City funds and each qualified municipality received proceeds of the sales and use tax prior to the expenditure.

*Effect of Condition:* Violation of state law.

*Cause of Condition:* Cause unknown.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the City establish a plan to reimburse the SPLOST Fund money.

#### Response:

As of the report date, the City Mayor and Council have developed a plan to make monthly payments from the General Fund to the SPLOST Fund until the SPLOST Fund is paid back in full.

The CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. The CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bates, Carte : Co, LLP

### **CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA**

### <u>ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT</u> (WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>December 31, 2016</u>

### CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 21, 2018

To the Mayor and City Council CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA Pendergrass, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the CITY OF PENDERGRASS, GEORGIA, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

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