# **ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended December 31, 2024**

# City of Savannah, Georgia



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT



### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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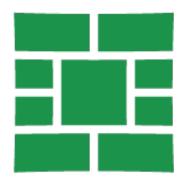
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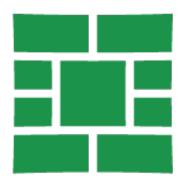
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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS ORGANIZATION CHART CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT





Office of the City Manager P.O. Box 1027 Savannah, Georgia 31402 (912) 651-6415 Fax (912) 238-0872

May 15, 2025

Citizens of Savannah, Honorable Mayor and Aldermen:

In accordance with state statutes and local charter provisions, we hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Savannah for the year ended December 31, 2024. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin and Jenkins LLC has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Savannah's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. In addition to the audit of the financial records, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and recommendations and auditors' reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs is presented in a separate report which can be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

# Profile of the Government

Savannah is Georgia's oldest city. From its founding as a British colony in 1733, under the leadership of General James Edward Oglethorpe, the City has maintained its Town Plan within its core area and today remains an internationally recognized urban model because of its distinctive grid pattern and open spaces. Its founding 20 miles from the mouth of the Savannah River has evolved into its status as a modern-day freight hub that supports its shipping industry, crossroads of two interstate highways and rail network. The City encompasses about 108 square miles. The City's population as of the 2020 census totals 147,780 and Savannah is the largest city and county seat of Chatham County, which had a population of 295,291 as of the 2020 census.

Savannah city government provides a full range of municipal services: police and fire; municipal court; sanitation and landfill; water and sewer utility; stormwater; development services; neighborhood, recreational and cultural services; golf course; planning and zoning; code compliance; construction

and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and civic center. State law empowers the City of Savannah to levy a property tax on real and personal property as well as receive a portion of sales tax revenue for operating and capital purposes. These are the two main funding sources.

Since 1954, the City of Savannah has operated under a council-manager form of government as authorized by Charter. This organizational plan authorizes legislative responsibility for municipal government to the City Council but delegates executive and administrative authority to the City Manager. The Charter empowers the Council, which consists of the Mayor and eight Aldermen, to levy taxes, enact ordinances and adopt the annual budget and service plan as well as to perform other legislation duties, including approving agreements, major purchases and land use changes. Six Council members are elected by district and two are elected at-large, the same as the Mayor. All serve concurrent four-year terms. The Charter recognizes the Mayor as the official head of the City and the presiding officer during Council meetings. The Charter empowers the City Manager, whom the Council appoints, to serve as the Chief Executive Officer, to manage the organization day-to-day and remain responsible to the Council for the proper and efficient administration of the City's government. The City Manager leads an Executive Leadership Team of eight Chief Officers to provide administrative leadership to some 30 departments.

The financial reporting entity of the City includes all the funds of the City as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and are included as part of the City. Accordingly, Resource Recovery Development Authority (RRDA) is reported as an enterprise fund of the primary government.

Each December, the Council adopts the budget for the upcoming year by ordinance. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control and service plan. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and department and is closely monitored throughout the year. The service center is the legal level of control, which is defined as the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget without approval by the City Council. Additionally, expenditures, revenues and performance data are monitored to ensure the successful implementation of the City's service plan. As conditions change or circumstances are altered, the budget process allows for amendments.

## Local Economy

The City of Savannah and surrounding areas enjoy a diversified local economic base. This economic base includes (i) major manufacturers of jet aircraft, paper products and chemicals, (ii) two large military installations, (iii) two nationally recognized medical centers and 18 skilled nursing care facilities, (iv) 17 institutions of higher learning with over 72,000 students enrolled, and (v) the nation's fourth largest urban landmark historic district. Unemployment within the region has been relatively low when compared to the national and state levels. For December 2024, the unemployment rate in the Savannah MSA was 2.8% compared to 4.1% nationally and 3.4% for the State of Georgia as a whole.

Overall, six industry groups account for nearly three-quarters of the jobs in the Savannah area: educational and health services (13.5%), state and local government (10.4%), leisure and hospitality (13.5%), manufacturing (9.4%), professional and business services (14.1%), and retail trade (11.6%). The federal government is also a significant economic presence thanks to Fort Stewart, located in nearby Liberty County, and Hunter Army Airfield located in the City of Savannah. During 2024, there were approximately 25,000 military personnel and civilian defense workers at these facilities making the Department of Defense the largest, single employer in the area. The total payroll for both bases is approximately \$1.5 billion, and these facilities combine for an annual economic impact on the region of \$5.0 billion. Fort Stewart is the largest military installation east of the Mississippi River and accounts for nearly three-fourths of the military employment in the area.

Savannah continues to be a destination of choice among travelers and has received many accolades from travel industry publications. The southern charm and alluring culture of the City has been recognized nationally as one of the "South's Best Cities" (#3) by *Travel and Leisure*, July 2024 and was named the #1 on the list of "Most Beautiful Cities in America" by *MSN Travel*, July 2024. Savannah's landmark historic district continues to be the number one tourist destination in Georgia with an estimated 10 million overnight visitors in 2024. The annual St. Patrick's Day Parade and Festival ranks as the second largest celebration of St. Patrick's Day in America. Savannah is also becoming known nationally and internationally as a "foodie" town and a great place for weddings and romantic get-a-ways. Due to its mild climate and low cost of living, Savannah is also becoming increasingly popular as a retirement community. Visitors in Savannah account for \$4.8 billion in annual spending that supports 27,700 local hospitality jobs.

Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation is the largest private employer in Savannah with a workforce of 12,500 employees providing production and service of its luxury jet plane offerings. During 2023, Gulfstream announced a \$150 million capital investment and creation of 1,600 new jobs at its Savannah facilities. A maintenance, repair, and operations facility opened in 2024 and added approximately 200,000 square feet of production space and 250 new jobs. Gulfstream recently achieved a major milestone by flight testing the G800. In addition, the G700 and G800 engines received certification from the Federal Aviation Administration.

Two other major components of the local economy are logistics and transportation, which is led by the Georgia Ports Authority (GPA). Georgia's deepwater ports and inland barge terminals support nearly 561,000 jobs throughout the state and annually contribute \$33 billion in income, \$140 billion in revenue and \$3.8 billion in state and local taxes to Georgia's economy. The GPA operates the Port of Savannah, and for 2024 moved 5.6 million TEUs (twenty-foot equivalent units) an increase of 618,000 TEUs over 2023. While the Port of Savannah is the largest single-terminal container facility in North America, the GPA has announced long-term expansion projects that will increase the port's capacity by 60 percent by 2025.

Completion of Hyundai's Meta Plant North America location in neighboring Bryan County is expected to have a significant impact on the local economy. The electric vehicle assembly and battery plant is expected to begin rolling out new vehicles in 2025 and at full capacity will produce 300,000 vehicles annually. The 3,000 acre campus will host 16 million square feet of production facilities and employ 8,100 workers. In addition to the Hyundai facility itself, thirteen employers in the supply chain for the electric vehicle plant have announced hiring over 6,400 workers while investing \$2.4 billion in facilities concentrated in the Savannah region.

# Long-term Financial Planning

As of December 31, 2024, unassigned fund balance in the general fund (19.9% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out) compares favorably to the policy guidelines set by the City for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 15% and 20% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out). No draw on general fund reserves is planned in the 2025 budget and current expenditures and transfers out are balanced with current revenues and transfers in. In addition to the unassigned fund balance in the general fund, the City also maintains a sales tax stabilization reserve. These reserves are funded from higher than anticipated local option sales tax revenues and are used to fund unbudgeted sales tax revenue deficits. As of the end of 2024, the sales tax stabilization reserves totaled \$8,747,000. No draw on the sales tax stabilization reserves was necessary in 2024 or planned in the 2025 budget.

Total general fund revenues and transfers in for 2025 are budgeted at \$290,544,556, which is 1.6% higher than the final budget for 2024. The adopted 2025 budget conservatively assumed 3.0% growth in property tax revenues and tentatively set a 2025 property tax millage rate of 12.20 which was the same rate for 2024. The 2025 budget also includes a 100% freeport exemption on qualified personal property taxes within the City. This freeport exemption provides tax relief for manufacturers and should make the City more attractive for new manufacturing investment. This exemption saves taxpayers approximately \$2.4 million each year. Local option sales taxes are projected to be 1.5% higher in 2025 compared to 2024.

In addition to the annual operating budget, the City prepares a five-year capital plan that is updated on an annual basis. The most recent plan update for the year 2025 through 2029 identifies projects and funding that total \$260.0 million and includes major categories of water and sewer, public buildings, parks and recreation, community development, drainage, streets and traffic improvements. The general fund is projected to contribute \$39.2 million or 15.1% of the funding for the five-year plan. The water and sewer fund accounts for \$152.8 million or 58.9% of the funding for the five-year plan. SPLOST 7 proceeds allocated over the five-year plan total \$29.7 million. This six-year special purpose local option sales tax was approved on a county-wide basis and collections started in late 2020. Year one of the five-year capital plan, which was adopted by the mayor and council in December 2024, totals \$78.3 million in project funding and includes allocations of \$45.5 million for water and sewer improvements, \$9.3 million for community development improves streets, sidewalks and traffic management.

# Major Initiatives

Beginning in March 2024, the City of Savannah launched a strategic planning initiative known as Savannah GPS: Great Public Service Strategic Plan. Just as a global positioning system, or GPS, helps navigate roads, the Savannah GPS plan will guide the City of Savannah into the future. This plan will outline clear priorities and actionable steps to ensure Savannah is "on the right road" when it comes to achieving its goal of being a world class city in which to work, live and play. During the initial stages of strategic plan development, the Savannah City Council identified five goals:

- **Goal 1** Increase Public Safety and Our Collective Sense of Security. The City of Savannah will strive to enable Savannahians to live, work, and play in safe neighborhoods and have a strong sense of community safety through key investments in effective public safety initiatives.
- **Goal 2** Invest in Equitable Community Development and Resiliency. The City of Savannah is dedicated to building strong neighborhoods, protecting housing, and promoting the well-being of all residents while celebrating our unique and diverse cultures and supporting individuals, families, and communities.
- **Goal 3** Expand Economic Access, Opportunity, and Vitality for All. The City of Savannah is dedicated to expanding economic security for all residents by ensuring everyone has fair access to economic opportunities. Savannah strives to grow the local economy by supporting local businesses and entrepreneurs and spearheading programs, policies, and actions that create and protect good-paying jobs and make it easier to do business in the City of Savannah.
- **Goal 4** Develop World Class Livable Environments and Infrastructure. The City of Savannah will make equitable investments in its infrastructure and built environment to create strong, resilient communities, support a thriving economy, and protect the environment.
- **Goal 5** Improve Quality of Life by Raising Municipal Service Standards. The City of Savannah is committed to improving the quality of life for residents by raising the standard of upkeep and maintenance of public spaces and rights-of-way, and by providing high quality residential services that promote healthy, vibrant and peaceful neighborhoods.
- **Goal 6** Always Be a High Performing Government. The City of Savannah will provide exceptional municipal services that are responsive, inclusive, and innovative. Savannah will partner with citizens and businesses in the development of solutions for the community, practice sound fiscal management, and do all things with integrity, transparency, and accountability.

These goals will keep the City focused on what is important to our citizenry and determine the specifics of planning, projects and spending into the second half of this decade.

## **Other Information**

### <u>Awards</u>

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2023. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA for consideration.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the 2024 Service Program and Budget document. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document must be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

### Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department, the Office of Organizational Performance and Accountability, and the Office of Management and Budget, as well as the independent auditors. We express appreciation to all staff members who contributed to its preparation.

In summary, the financial condition of the City entity is favorable. Our diversity of revenue sources, resistance to recessionary downturns, growing economic base, and professional conservative financial management with a strong propensity for planning, provide a firm foundation for maintaining our strong financial footing into the future.

Respectfully submitted.

Joseph A. Melder City Manager

David F. Maxwell, CPA Senior Director of Financial Services

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS 2024

# ELECTED OFFICIALS

# MAYOR

Van R. Johnson, II

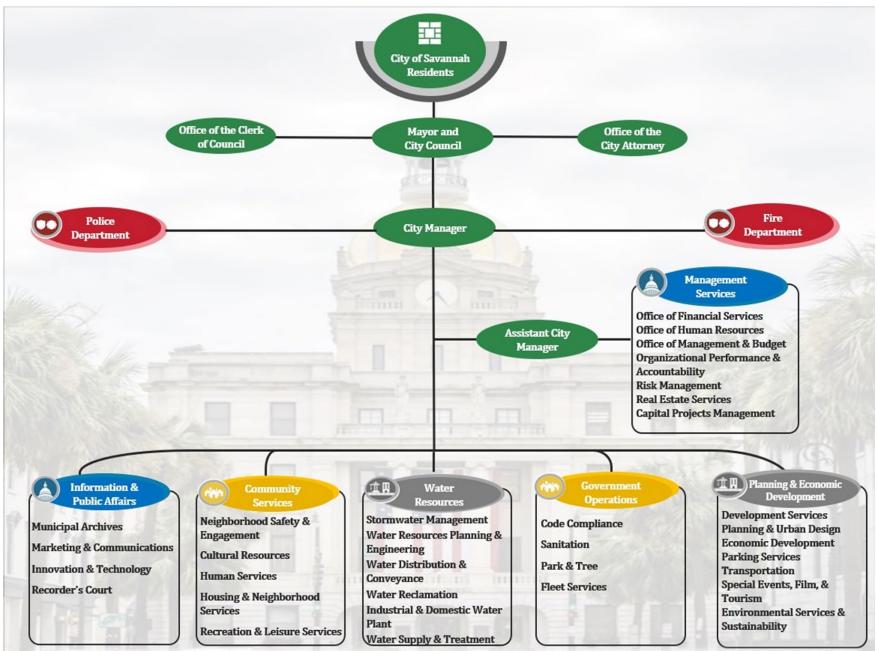
# ALDERMEN

Carol Bell Bernetta B. Lanier Linda Wilder-Bryan Dr. Estella Edwards Shabazz Alicia Miller-Blakely Detric Leggett Nick Palumbo Kurtis Purtee

# **OTHER OFFICIALS**

Joseph A. Melder	City Manager
David F. Maxwell, CPA	
Erica Kowalski, CPA	Director of Accounting Services
Melissa Carter	•
Daniel Colello	

# **City of Savannah Organizational Structure**



Our Vision: Savannah, an extraordinary place to live, learn, and prosper.

Our Mission: To provide exceptional public services to residents, businesses, and guest so they may experience a safe, healthy, and thriving community.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Savannah Georgia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

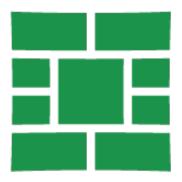
Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# **FINANCIAL SECTION**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Savannah, Georgia Savannah, Georgia

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Savannah, Georgia, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") on pages 4 through 16, the budgetary schedules for the General Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, and Community Development Fund, pension schedules for the Employees' Retirement Plan, cost sharing pension plans, plans with special funding situations and plans without special funding situations, and OPEB schedules for the City's Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan on pages 98 through 113 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, the schedule of hotel/motel tax, and the schedule of revenues and expenditures/expenses – rental motor vehicle tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. The accompanying schedules of projects funded with special sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121 and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying OneGeorgia grant schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying OneGeorgia grant schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, the schedule of hotel/motel tax, the schedules of projects funded with special sales tax proceeds, and the OneGeorgia grant schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Savannah, Georgia May 15, 2025

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section offers readers of the City of Savannah's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - v of this report.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of 2024 by \$2,174,585,891 (net position). Of this amount, \$380,549,356 is unrestricted net position. The net investment in capital assets of \$1,535,450,620 is also a component of net position at year end. Restricted net position totals \$258,585,915 and represents amounts that are subject to various restrictions. The deferred outflows of resources totaled \$78,085,069 at the close of 2024. Of this amount, \$65,826,132 was related to pensions and \$12,148,007 was related to post-employment benefits other than pension (OPEB). Deferred inflows of resources totaled \$25,035,989 at the close of 2024 compared to \$34,299,853 at the close of 2023. Most of this amount was related to OPEB (\$16,926,470) and leases (\$3,687,231).
- The government's total net position increased by \$187,130,926 during 2024. Approximately 70.4% of this increase is attributable to governmental activities. The remaining 29.6% is attributable to business-type activities, primarily the water and sewer utility.
- As of the close of 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$455,667,365, an increase of \$60,349,497 from the year ended December 31, 2023. The increase is mostly attributable to the collection of transfers in within the capital improvement fund and intergovernmental revenues within the SPLOST 2020-2026 fund.
- The unassigned fund balance for the general fund at the end of 2024 was \$59,598,399 or 19.9% of total general fund expenditures and transfers-out for the year. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the total fund balance in the general fund increased \$6,497,876 and the unassigned fund balance increased \$5,710,476.
- The City's total long-term liabilities experienced a net decrease of \$1,063,638 during the 2024 fiscal year. Of this amount, \$779,780 was recognized as a decrease in governmental activities and \$283,858 was recognized as a decrease in business-type activities. Changes in long term liability amounts resulted from an increase in the City's net pension liability within both the governmental and business type activities. The overall net pension liability increased by \$1,422,097 during 2024 compared to 2023. Of this total amount, an increase of \$5,116,601 was recognized in the governmental activities and a decrease of \$3,694,504 was recognized in the business type activities. Other decreases in long term liabilities occurred during 2024 as the City made regularly scheduled debt service payments throughout the year.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The "government-wide financial statements" are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The "statement of net position" presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between these items reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The "statement of activities" presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include governance and strategic services, information and public affairs, management services, governmental operations, water resources, planning and economic development, police, recorders court, fire, community services, grant program and administration and community development. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility, sanitation (i.e. solid waste collection and disposal), resource recovery, parking services, civic center, and golf course.

The Resource Recovery Development Authority for the City of Savannah, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a component of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government. See the Notes to the Financial Statements <u>Note 1 - Summary of Significant</u> <u>Accounting Policies (A) Reporting Entity</u> for a discussion of other entities which are not considered part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 18 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty-three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, community development fund, hotel/motel tax fund, capital improvement fund and SPLOST 2020-2026 fund, which are major funds. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund, the community development fund and the hotel/motel tax fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 22 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer utility, sanitation activities, resource recovery, parking services, civic center, and golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for a revolving fund (which includes vehicle maintenance and information services) and a risk management fund. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer utility, sanitation operation, parking services operation and the civic center operation, each of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other two enterprise funds (which are non-major funds) is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 25 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 - 27 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 - 97 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, progress in funding its obligation to provide post employment benefits to its retirees, and budgetary comparisons for the general fund, community development fund and the hotel/motel tax fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 98 - 113 of this report.

The "combining statements" referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental and enterprise funds, and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information in the Supplemental Section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 114 - 146 of this report.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,174,585,891 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table provides a comparative summary of the City's net position for 2024 and 2023:

City of	fSavannah	• Net Position	(\$000)				
	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Current and other assets	\$619,416	\$555,209	\$262,036	\$263,964	\$881,452	\$819,173	
Capital assets	1,012,509	938,902	774,366	705,801	1,786,875	1,644,703	
Total assets	1,631,925	1,494,111	1,036,402	969,765	2,668,327	2,463,876	
Deferred outflows of resources	62,805	71,847	15,280	20,765	78,085	92,612	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$1,694,730	\$1,565,958	\$1,051,682	\$990,530	\$2,746,412	\$2,556,488	
Other liabilities	\$36,104	\$30,905	\$25,827	\$17,907	\$61,931	\$48,812	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	251,509	252,289	233,350	233,633	484,859	485,922	
Total liabilities	287,613	283,194	259,177	251,540	546,790	534,734	
Deferred inflows of resources	15,201	22,609	9,835	11,691	25,036	34,300	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	917,034	882,150	618,416	560,963	1,535,450	1,443,113	
Restricted	251,726	217,513	6,861	6,104	258,587	223,617	
Unrestricted	223,156	160,492	157,393	160,232	380,549	320,724	
Total net position	1,391,916	1,260,155	782,670	727,299	2,174,586	1,987,454	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$1,694,730	\$1,565,958	\$1,051,682	\$990,530	\$2,746,412	\$2,556,488	

The largest portion of the City's net position (70.6% or \$1,535,450,620) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position (11.9% or \$258,585,915) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (17.5% or \$380,549,356) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. However, much of this unrestricted balance is earmarked for future capital projects. As of the end of the 2024 fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

During the current fiscal year, the government's net position increased by \$187,130,926. About 70.4% of this increase is attributable to governmental activities mainly due to capital grants/contributions received in 2024. The remaining increase (29.6%) is attributable to business-type activities, primarily the water and sewer utility. This increase is earmarked for funding capital projects in future years for the City's business-type activities. The following table summarizes changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Gove	rnment	al Activi	ties	Business-T	pe Activities		Total			
	2024	4	2023		2024	2023	2024		2023		
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services		,890	\$	26,342	\$ 170,316	\$ 161,319	\$	199,206	\$	187,661	
Operating grants and contributions		,810		15,877				13,810		15,877	
Capital grants and contributions	107	,475		66,032	26,670	11,590		134,145		77,622	
General revenues:											
Property taxes		,406		99,008				114,406		99,008	
General sales taxes	66	,417		66,531				66,417		66,531	
Other taxes		,437		89,017				99,437		89,017	
Grants and contributions not restricted as to use	6	,784		6,323				6,784		6,323	
Other	19	,164		15,608	10,391	9,547		29,555		25,155	
Total revenues	456	,383	3	84,738	207,377	182,456		663,760		567,194	
Expenses (net of indirect costs):											
Governance and strategic services		,176		8,502				13,176		8,502	
Information and public affairs		,126		2,334				3,126		2,334	
Management services		,230		20,473				22,230		20,473	
Government operations		,209		56,251				40,209		56,251	
Water resources		,513		7,793				7,513		7,793	
Planning and economic development	66	,757		42,948				66,757		42,948	
Police		,114		71,739				71,114		71,739	
Recorder's court	3	,305		2,736				3,305		2,736	
Fire	44	,810		42,875				44,810		42,875	
Community services	25	,927		25,669				25,927		25,669	
Grant program and administration		,217		6,912				7,217		6,912	
Community development program and administration	8	,310		10,804				8,310		10,804	
Interest on long-term debt	2	,557		2,436				2,557		2,436	
Water and sew er					92,172	78,716		92,172		78,716	
Sanitation and solid waste disposal					42,191	38,035		42,191		38,035	
Parking facilities					20,613	18,925		20,613		18,925	
Civic center and golf course					5,402	5,799		5,402		5,799	
Total expenses	316	,251	3	01,472	160,378	141,475		476,629		442,947	
Increase in net position before contributions and transfers	140	,132		83,266	46,999	40,981		187,131		124,247	
Transfers	(8	,372)	,	7,177	8,372	(7,177)					
Change in net position	131	,760		90,443	55,371	33,804		187,131		124,247	
Net position - January 1	1,260	,155	1,1	69,712	727,299	693,495		1,987,454	1,	863,207	
Net position - December 31	\$ 1,391					\$ 727,299		2,174,585		987,454	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$131,759,873. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions were recognized in 2024 in the amount of \$107,474,490. Of this revenue, \$44,892,352, was special purpose local option sales taxes received from Chatham County. An additional amount totaling \$28,032,508 was the value of public infrastructure assets conveyed to the City by the Savannah Economic Development Authority at the Rockingham Farms development on Veterans Parkway. Private developers conveyed \$11,845,144 in infrastructure improvements across the city during the year and \$4,939,470 in improvements at Grayson Stadium.
- Property taxes increased by \$15,397,503 (15.5%) during the year as compared to 2023. This increase was mainly due to growth in the City's taxable digest, which increased by 11.0% in 2024 compared to the previous year. The City's 2024 millage rate of 12.20 mills was unchanged from the previous year's millage rate. Growth in the taxable digest has averaged 9.1% annually over the past 5 years. Much of the growth in the 2024 digest can be attributed to real property values within the City, which increased by \$883,818,090 (12.1%) in taxable value compared to 2023. Personal property values increased in 2024 by a total taxable value of \$21,260,679 (2.7%) compared to 2023.
- General sales tax revenue collections totaled \$66,417,360 in 2024, a decrease of \$113,379 compared to 2023. County-wide taxable sales increased to \$12.4 billion in 2024 compared to \$12.3 billion in 2023. The City's percentage share of county-wide general sales tax revenues decreased in 2024 due to the new distribution agreement. In 2023, the City received 54.2173% compared to 53.6205% received in 2024.
- Selective sales tax revenues increased in 2024 by \$7,827,539 (15.4%) compared to 2023. This increase is mostly attributable to an increase in the hotel/motel bed tax rate in September 2023 from 6% to 8%. Hotel/motel revenues increased by \$8,341,365 (21.3%) in 2024 compared to 2023. The increased taxes will be used to construct tourism related capital projects and to help fund the operations of the local trade center.
- Unrestricted investment earnings in 2024 were \$13,812,376, which was \$1,787,683 higher than 2023. The average return on invested funds in 2024 was 4.86% compared to 4.58% in 2023.

For 2024, overall governmental activity expenses increased by \$14,778,417 (4.9%) as compared to 2023. Personnel expenses account for the majority of costs within the governmental activities and these costs increased in 2024 compared to 2023 as the City added 60 new positions to its staffing table during 2024. In addition to these new positions, personnel costs were higher in 2024 due to increases in the City's three pay plans that averaged 5.0% for the public safety plan, 7.5% for the unified plan and 2.5% for the management plan. As a result of these changes, wage expense in 2024 was \$15,321,738 (15.4%) higher compared to 2023. Overtime expense was \$9,666,405 in 2024 compared to \$8,371,617 in 2023, 15.5% increase. Expenses related to the employer's portion of FICA tax were higher in 2024 by 15.8% compared to 2023. This increase of \$1,253,339 from the prior year was the result of higher wage expense in 2024 for regular wages and overtime wages. In 2024, pension expense increased \$1,564,232 compared to 2023. Pension expense is allocated to the governmental activities based on the number of employees assigned to that activity. As such, all the governmental activities were impacted by this increase in pension expense in 2024. OPEB expense decreased by \$909,770 in 2024 compared to 2023. Just as with pension expense, OPEB expense is allocated to the governmental activities based on the number of employees assigned to that activity. As such, all the governmental activities were impacted by this decrease in OPEB expense in 2024. Group medical expense in 2024 was lower within the governmental activities by \$1,548,419 (12.1%) compared to 2023.

Tourism enhancement expenses were higher in 2024 by \$4,363,233 (23.8%) compared to the previous year. Most of this increase can be attributed to legally mandated payments made from the City's hotel/motel tax collections. During 2023, the City increased this tax rate from 6% to 8%. The additional tax revenues increased legally required payments to a destination marketing organization (DMO) for promoting Savannah as a tourism and convention destination and to the trade and convention center (TCA) located on Hutchinson Island. During 2024, the City expensed \$16,035,630 to the DMO from hotel/motel taxes compared to \$13,102,859 expensed in 2023, a 22.4% increase. During 2024, the City expensed \$6,641,977 to the TCA from hotel/motel taxes compared to \$5,211,515 expensed in 2023, a 27.4% increase.

Expense for the purchase of electricity in 2024 was \$9,000,065 compared to \$7,549,088 in 2023, a 19.2% increase. Specific electricity expense increases were incurred for street lighting and traffic signals (increased \$693,574 or 15.1%), stormwater management (increased \$396,309 or 64.1%) and public buildings (increased \$114,223 or 5.76%).

Aggregate public safety expenses in 2024 were higher than 2023 by \$1,878,769 (1.6%). The public safety activity includes the police department, which decreased expenses by \$625,064 (1.0%), recorders court, which increased expenses by \$569,780 (20.8%) and the fire department, which increased expenses by \$1,934,053 (4.5%).

Expenses related to the City's community development program decreased \$4,448,024 (34.9%) in 2024 compared to 2023. Expenses related to direct awards from the Department of Housing and Urban Development were lower in 2024 by \$2,756,416 or 31.7% compared to 2023. More specifically, 2024 expenses related to community development block grants were lower by \$881,978 or 23.7%, emergency shelter grants were lower by \$607,290 or 68.8% and HOME investment partnership grants were lower by \$1,479,783 or 48.0%.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$55,371,053. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities overall increased by \$8,996,083 or 5.6%. The water and sewer activity increased charges for services by \$6,602,634 or 6.6% in 2024 as compared to 2023. This increase is attributable to higher revenues received from metered services provided to both water customers and sewer customers. Combined water and sewer metered revenues were \$7,112,785 higher in 2024 compared to 2023. Conversely, 2024 charges for water and sewer services were \$719,206 lower in 2024 compared to 2023, which is a 2.8% decrease. The sanitation activity increased charges for services by \$2,211,969 or 5.8%. Charges for services within the parking facilities activity and the civic center increased slightly in 2024 compared to 2023 with a total increase of \$181,858 or less than one percent. Golf course revenue was essentially unchanged in 2024 totaling \$100,300 compared to \$100,678 in 2023.
- Capital grants and contributions, associated with the water and sewer activity, in the amount of \$26,670,485 were recognized in 2024. Within the water and sewer activity, this amount represents the value of infrastructure contributed by developers and other governmental entities to the City during the year. Of this amount, \$7,890,904 represents water and sewer infrastructure conveyed to the City at the Rockingham Farms development located on Veterans Parkway.
- Unrestricted investment earnings in 2024 were \$8,875,350 compared to \$8,219,626 in 2023. This increase is attributable to higher interest rates paid in 2024 on idle cash investments.

Overall, expenses for business-type activities increased in 2024 by \$18,902,285, or 13.4%. The water and sewer activity increased expenses by \$13,456,705 (17.1%) in 2024 compared to 2023. For the water and sewer activity, the largest expense increase for 2024 can be attributed to contractual services, which increased \$4,674,578 (23.9%). Other water and sewer expense increases were in internal services expenses which increased by \$2,059,613 (9.4%), depreciation and amortization which increased by \$1,794,918 (8.8%) and commodities which increased by \$994,083 (11.4%). The sanitation activity increased expenses by \$4,155,036 (10.9%) in 2024, compared to 2023. Within the sanitation activity for 2024, expenses for contractual services increased \$2,782,496 (23.8%), personal services expense increased \$668,518 (4.5%), depreciation and amortization expense increased \$659,385 (41.3%) and internal services expenses increased \$1,412,458 (26.4%). The sanitation activity decreased expenses in 2024 for commodities in the amount of \$504,954 (16.9%) and landfill closure/post closure care in the amount of \$731,208 (43.7%). The parking facilities activity increased expenses by \$1,688,114 (8.9%) in 2024, compared to 2023. The civic center activity decreased expenses by \$397,192 (7.3%) in 2024, compared to 2023.

# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Government funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the 2024 fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$455,667,365, an increase of \$60,349,497 from the prior year end. Approximately 13.1% of the fund balance (\$59,598,399) is classified as unassigned. These funds are available for spending in future years without restrictions. The City's restricted fund balance at year end was \$201,300,129 or 44.2%. These balances are available for spending in future years but are restricted for specific purposes. Of the restricted amount reported at year end, \$181,348,425 is for SPLOST projects, \$4,101,724 is for tax allocation district projects, \$3,494,097 is for impact fee capital projects, \$9,262,277 is for tourism product development, \$527,411 is for public safety purposes, \$1,836,606 is for debt service, \$323,370 is for downtown tourism and \$406,219 is for economic development purposes. The City's committed fund balance at year end was \$185,581,777 or 40.7%. Committed fund balances represent amounts that have been constrained by the mayor and council for specific purposes. As of December 31, 2024, committed fund balance consisted of \$178,785,479 for other capital projects, \$1,407,297 for economic development projects, \$773,677 for disaster recovery and \$4,615,324 in open purchase orders. The final category of fund balance shown is nonspendable and consists of assets set aside for perpetual care of the City's cemeteries. Nonspendable fund balance at year end was \$9,187,060 or 2.0%.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$59,598,399. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.9% of total general fund expenditures plus transfers-out.

The total fund balance of the City's general fund increased in 2024 by \$6,497,876. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Total general fund revenues increased by \$20,339,121 (8.1%) and transfers in increased by \$2,962,409 (11.9%) in 2024 compared to 2023.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$15,191,138 (15.8%) compared to the prior year. Collections of the current year real property levy in 2024 were higher compared to 2023 by \$13,264,013 (15.1%). While the 2024 millage rate was unchanged from 2023, the City's taxable real property digest increased 12.1% in 2024 compared to the prior year. Collection of delinquent taxes in 2024 was \$950,831 (16.2%) higher than the previous year.
- Revenues from general sales taxes decreased by \$113,379 (less than 1.0%) compared to the prior year. While overall taxable sales increased on a county-wide basis, the City's percentage share of the tax dropped to 53.6205% in 2024 compared to 54.2173% in 2023.
- Inspection fees increased by \$617,052 in 2024 compared to 2023. This was a 9.0% increase over the prior year.
- Investment income in 2024 was \$9,320,797 which is \$1,479,352 higher than the \$7,841,445 recognized in 2023 for investment income. This increase is reflective of higher yields on invested funds.
- Transfers in from the Tax Allocation District I Fund in 2024 totaled \$9,123,212 and zero in the prior year. The transfer in for 2024 was a partial repayment of resources provided in prior years used to fund debt service payments.

Total expenditures of the general fund were \$243,536,629 in 2024, which is an increase of \$21,421,989 (9.6%) compared to 2023. Increases in expenditures for 2024 were experienced in governance and strategic services (\$4,395,865 or 56.4%), police (\$2,471,526 or 3.9%), recorder's court (\$659,796 or 26.4%), fire (\$2,817,782 or 7.5%), community services (\$6,471,262 or 50.7%). The remaining general fund activities expended \$4,389,095 (4.6%) more in aggregate in 2024 than in 2023. These activities included information and public affairs, management services, governmental operations, water resources and planning and economic development. Debt service expenditures in 2024 totaled \$1,644,920 compared to \$1,428,257 in 2023.

The community development fund is used by the City to account for the receipt and expenditure of federal grant program funds such as community development block grant funds, HOME program funds and several revolving loan programs. In 2024, this fund expended \$8,102,248 on the City's community development program and its administration, which is a decrease of \$2,243,487 or 21.7% from the prior year. During 2024, this fund received \$4,167,322 in intergovernmental revenues, \$1,790,624 in program income revenues and \$2,121,148 in transfers from the general fund to fund grant matches and operational costs not funded by grants.

The hotel/motel tax fund is used by the City to account for restricted revenues derived from an 8% lodging tax charged on all occupied hotel and motel rooms within the City. In 2024, tax collections within this fund totaled \$47,442,692 compared to 2023 when tax collections were \$39,101,327, a \$8,341,365 (21.3%) increase. This increase is mainly the result of an increase in the tax rate from 6% to 8% effective September 2023. During 2024, the fund expended \$22,677,607 for planning and economic development and transferred \$17,791,009 to the general fund and transferred \$6,974,076 to the lodging tax tourism development fund, a non-major, special revenue fund. Higher expenditures in 2024 were a function of higher tax collections as the City is required to disburse the restricted portion of tax collections to the local trade and convention center and a destination marketing organization.

The City maintains the capital improvement fund, which is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to major construction projects that benefit the governmental functions of the City. In 2024, the capital improvement fund received revenues which included \$4,308,596 from intergovernmental sources, investment income of \$1,267,763 and revenue from miscellaneous sources in the amount of \$377,311. During 2024, the capital improvement fund received transfers in from the general fund totaling \$41,711,000. Intergovernmental revenues in 2024 were higher by \$2,594,850 compared to the prior year as the City received a higher allocation of local paving funds in 2024 (\$3,945,453) compared to 2023 (\$1,713,746). The capital improvement fund expended \$25,425,703 for the acquisition and construction of capital projects during 2024, which is \$7,816,017 less than the prior year. This reduction is attributable to lower expenditures on civic center projects (lower by \$2,826,955), parks and squares projects (lower by \$2,375,309) and public development projects (lower by \$2,129,965). As of the end of 2024, the capital improvement fund had a fund balance of \$178,785,479, all of which is required for approved capital projects.

The City also maintains the SPLOST 2020-2026 fund, which is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the special purpose local option sales tax referendum passed by local voters in 2019. During 2024, the fund received intergovernmental revenues of \$44,892,352 representing the City's share of the county-wide tax receipts. This amount was \$1,644,214 or 3.5% lower than the amount received in 2023. This reduction resulted from distribution formula changes within the agreement that governs how this tax revenue will be shared between the county and local cities. In 2024, the fund expended a total of \$13,377,831. Of this amount \$12,158,434 was expended for the acquisition and construction of capital projects and \$1,219,397 was expended for debt service on the City's general obligation debt. As of the end of 2024, the SPLOST 2020-2026 fund had a fund balance of \$134,947,122, all of which is required for projects specified within the authorizing referendum.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$140,834,937, which is an increase from the prior year of \$579,248. Though not restricted as such, this balance is earmarked for capital improvements needed for the water and sewer system in future years. Unrestricted sanitation fund net position at year end was negative \$7,141,390, a decrease of \$1,581,113 compared to 2023. Unrestricted parking services net position decreased by \$2,550,580 for 2024 and ended the year with a balance of \$25,342,609. Unrestricted net position for the civic center fund ended 2024 at a deficit balance of \$1,945,681, which was an increase of \$699,526 from 2023. Unrestricted net position for the non-major enterprise funds at the end of 2024 was \$302,858, which is \$14,479 higher than the prior year end.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the 2024 original budget appropriations and the 2024 final amended budget appropriations for expenditures reflects an increase of \$385,923 which is less than one percent. Expenditure budget amendments reflect increases to the management services expenditure budget in the amount of \$2,216,626 (8.8%), fire in the amount of \$1,188,186 (3.0%), governance and strategic services in the amount of \$718,779 (5.3%), recorder's court in the amount of \$316,827 (11.0%), water resources in the amount of \$275,940 (3.5%) and to the information and public affairs budget in the amount of \$46,955 (1.5%). Expenditure budget amendments reduced expenditure budgets for community services (reduced \$3,045,414 or 12.7%), police (reduced \$1,745,357 or 2.6%), governmental operations (reduced \$1,083,534 or 2.7%), and planning and economic development (reduced by \$203,085 or 0.8%). Budgeted transfers out were increased in total by \$17,072,164. Budgeted transfers out to the capital improvement fund were increased by \$14,642,316 during 2024. Final budgeted revenues for 2024 were \$265,363,782 compared to the original budget amount of \$257,037,008. This \$8,326,774 increase in budgeted revenues is 3.2% higher than the original budget and is mainly attributable to an increase in property tax revenue of \$6,936,384 and investment income of \$6,625,000. Significant reductions in budgeted revenues occurred in general sales tax (reduced by \$4,000,000 or 5.6%), selective sales tax (reduced by \$2,570,314 or 26.5%), and inspection fees (reduced by \$698,410 or 10.7%).

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounted to \$1,786,875,102 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land; plants and buildings; improvements other than buildings; machinery, equipment and fixtures; streets and drainage; and construction in progress. The total net increase in the value of the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$142,172,170 (a \$73,607,653 net increase for governmental activities and a \$68,564,517 net increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Various governmental capital asset projects with a total value of \$111,775,060 were completed or acquired during the year. The total value of governmental capital assets of all types still under construction at year end was \$307,261,876. A variety of plants and buildings with a total value of \$12,168,484 were completed or acquired during the year. Machinery and other rolling stock valued at \$17,430,321 were placed into service during the year. Improvements other than buildings valued at \$11,351,657 were completed during the year. Streets and drainage improvements valued at \$62,604,388 were placed into service during 2024.
- Various business-type plant capital asset projects with a total value of \$147,374,311 were completed or acquired during the year. The total value of business-type capital assets of all types still under construction at year end was \$178,543,018. Plants, buildings and other physical plant assets valued at \$96,795,269 were placed into service during the year. Improvements other than buildings increased \$35,145,051 and machinery and equipment increased by \$2,429,248.

The following table summarizes the City's governmental activity and business-type activity capital assets by major category as of the end of 2024 and 2023:

	City of Sava	annan - Capitai A	55615 (2000)					
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Land	\$ 80,109	\$ 80,308	\$ 8,531	\$ 8,017	\$ 88,640	\$ 88,325		
Plants and Buildings	184,463	172,294	994,101	897,306	1,178,564	1,069,600		
Improvements other than buildings	137,660	126,308	84,395	49,250	222,055	175,558		
Machinery, equipment and fixtures	166,409	157,298	48,585	46,223	214,994	203,521		
Streets and drainage	679,462	616,858			679,462	616,858		
Lease right-of-use assets	28,578	21,321	17,796	5,306	46,374	26,627		
Subscription right-of-use assets	1,556	1,698			1,556	1,698		
Construction in progress	307,262	301,333	178,543	227,455	485,805	528,788		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(572,990)	(538,517)	(557,585)	(527,755)	(1,130,575)	(1,066,272)		
Total	\$1,012,509	\$938,901	\$774,366	\$705,802	\$1,786,875	\$1,644,703		

City of Savannah - Capital Assets (\$000)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Notes to the Financial Statements Note 5 - Capital Assets on pages 63 - 66 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of 2024, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$19,706,245 (net of unamortized premiums and discounts). In addition to bonded debt, the City also had outstanding notes of \$15,943,710, leases payable of \$30,895,286, subscriptions payable of \$501,671 and contractual obligations that secured bonds issued by certain public authorities (which are not part of the City entity) totaling \$211,498,446. All four types of debt obligations totaled \$278,545,358. Of this amount, \$111,056,382 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$167,488,976 represents debt secured by specified revenue sources.

The following table summarizes outstanding debt of the City as of the end of 2024 and 2023:

### City of Savannah - Outstanding Debt (\$000)

(General obligation bonds, notes, revenue bonds, contractual obligations, leases and subscriptions)

	Go	vernmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			Total																		
		2024		2023		2023		2023		2023		2023		2023		2023		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
General obligation bonds	\$	1,605	\$	2,755	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,605	\$	2,755														
Revenue bonds						12,151		14,522		12,151		14,522														
Contractual obligations		78,054		84,000		139,394		145,678		217,448		229,678														
Notes						15,944		16,845		15,944		16,845														
Leases payable		15,259		12,328		15,636		3,674		30,895		16,002														
Subscriptions payable		502		203						502		203														
Total	\$	95,420	\$	99,286	\$	183,125	\$	180,719	\$	278,545	\$	280,005														

As of the end of 2024, the City's total debt had decreased by \$1,460,400 when compared to the amount outstanding at the end of 2023. During 2024, the City entered into new leases valued at \$20,087,947. Of this amount, \$12,490,243 resulted from the extension of a ground lease for property used to provide vehicle parking for the City's Enmarket Arena. Certain outstanding debt amounts were reduced by the City meeting regularly scheduled debt service payments during 2024 that totaled \$21,525,511. As of year end 2024, the City's general obligation credit rating is "AA+" by Standard & Poor's, and "Aa1" by Moody's. The credit rating assigned to water and sewer revenue debt of the City is "AA+" by Standard & Poor's, and "Aa1" by Moody's. These credit ratings are unchanged from 2023.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonded debt a governmental entity may issue up to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$920,922,991. As of December 31, 2024, the City had outstanding general obligation bonded debt totaling \$1,605,000.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements <u>Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities</u> and <u>Note 7 – Leases</u> and <u>Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements</u> on pages 67 - 80 of this report.

# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic growth within the local economy is expected to be buoyed by the completion of the Hyundai electric vehicle assembly plant - the state's largest economic development project in history. Hyundai's completion of this assembly plant in neighboring Bryan County will infuse the region, including Savannah, with over 8,000 new jobs and add billions in new construction. Demand for housing, healthcare, educational services and retail trade will rise to meet the needs of these new workers and their families. With these new families will come the need for expanded government services to all areas of the City, but especially to the burgeoning southwest quadrant, which is expected to welcome 20,000 to 30,000 new residents over the coming years. This westward expansion of City services requires planned growth in police and fire services, including additional personnel and infrastructure such as buildings and equipment. The City's utilities will also see increased demand for water and sewer services for residential and industrial growth. These and other relevant factors were considered in preparing the budget for the 2025 fiscal year. Additional details regarding specific factors are:

- The unemployment rate for the Savannah MSA as of the end of 2024 was 2.8% compared to 2.6% as of the end of 2023. The unemployment rate for Savannah as of December 2024 was lower than that of the State of Georgia as a whole (3.4%). The national average as of December 2024 was 4.1%.
- The City's property tax digest value increased by 11.0% in 2024 compared to a 12.6% increase in 2023 and has increased on average 9.1% over the past five years.
- Hotel/motel tax collections in 2024 were the highest on record and increased 21.3% in 2024 compared to 2023. This increase is indicative of the record number of visitors to Savannah post the COVID19 pandemic. In addition, the hotel/motel tax rate was increased from 6.0% to 8.0% in September of 2023. This increase will provide additional funding for the Savannah International Trade and Convention Center and provide a dedicated funding source for tourism product development projects within the City.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Savannah's budget for the 2025 fiscal year. The 2025 adopted budget is balanced and includes a tentative property tax millage rate of 12.20 mills, which is unchanged from the final millage for 2024. In addition, no draw on the City's general fund reserves was necessary in order to balance the 2025 adopted budget.

2025 rates for city utilities are increased from 2024. Water and sewer rates increased 5.0% on a combined bill for the average inside city customer, which equates to \$2.70 increase per month. Residential refuse rates, including curbside pickup and recycling services, increased by 5.0% going from \$38.83 per month in 2024 to \$40.77 per month in 2025.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Savannah's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, City of Savannah, Post Office Box 1027, Savannah, Georgia 31402.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITES		ISINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	317,791,222	\$	171,421,573	\$	489,212,795
Receivables (net)	φ	50,186,337	φ	31.548.488	φ	81.734.825
Leases receivable, due within one year		227,447		461,791		689,238
Notes receivable, due within one year		227,447		2,464,908		2,464,908
Internal balances		(232,206)		232,206		2,404,000
Inventories		878,493		5,881		884,374
Restricted assets:		010,400		0,001		004,014
Cash and investments		205,035,663		3,118,175		208,153,838
Accounts receivable		4,403,934		908,666		5,312,600
Notes receivable, due within one year		2,299,166				2,299,166
Notes receivable, long term		22,172,565				22,172,565
Property held for resale		145,933				145,933
Net OPEB asset		15,927,715		5,417,830		21,345,545
Leases receivable, long term		579,975		2,418,018		2,997,993
Notes receivable, long term				44,038,282		44,038,282
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		387,370,843		187,074,305		574,445,148
Other capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization		625,138,217		587,291,737		1,212,429,954
Total assets		1,631,925,304		1,036,401,860		2,668,327,164
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		,,				,,.
Deferred amounts from refunding of debt				110,930		110,930
Pension related deferred outflows		53,587,074		12.239.058		65.826.132
OPEB related deferred outflows		9,217,665		2,930,342		12,148,007
Total deferred outflows of resources		62,804,739		15,280,330		78,085,069
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,694,730,043	\$	1,051,682,190	\$	2,746,412,233
	Ŷ	1,001,100,010	<u> </u>	1,001,002,100	<u> </u>	2,1 10,112,200
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	22,800,947	\$	18.673.327	\$	41.474.274
Interest payable	φ	627,881	φ	1,948,559	φ	2,576,440
Unearned lease revenue		027,001		3,512,500		3,512,500
Payable from restricted assets:				3,312,300		3,312,300
Deposits		9,791,538		1,470,607		11,262,145
Interest payable		9,791,550		25,368		25,368
Unexpended grant proceeds		2,883,843		23,300		2,883,843
Current portion of debt payable		2,000,040		197,500		197,500
Long-term liabilities:				137,300		137,500
Due within one year		24,672,029		11,752,230		36,424,259
Due in more than one year		103,921,547		193,333,519		297,255,066
Net pension liability due in more than one year		122,915,347		28,263,611		151,178,958
Total liabilities		287,613,132		259,177,221		546,790,353
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		287,013,132		259,177,221		546,790,353
Deferred revenue from program income		1,395,044				1,395,044
Deferred amounts from refunding of debt		22,877				22,877
Lease related deferred inflows		807,422		2,879,809		3,687,231
Pension related deferred inflows		259,842		2,744,525		3,004,367
OPEB related deferred inflows		12,716,204		4,210,266		16,926,470
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,201,389		9,834,600		25,035,989
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		917,034,414		618,416,206		1,535,450,620
Restricted for:						
Sales tax capital projects		181,330,890				181,330,890
Other capital projects		7,595,821				7,595,821
Community development		24,931,274				24,931,274
Economic development		406,219				406,219
Nonexpendable perpetual care		9,187,060				9,187,060
Debt service		1,226,260		1,443,000		2,669,260
Convention and tourism		9,585,647				9,585,647
Court technology fee		34,103				34,103
Other grants		1,500,096				1,500,096
OPEB		15,927,715		5,417,830		21,345,545
				157,393,333		380,549,356
Unrestricted		223,156,023	-			
	\$	223,156,023 1,391,915,522 1,694,730,043	\$	782,670,369	\$	2,174,585,891

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

			P		ET (EXPENSE) REVE CHANGES IN NET PO				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	INDIRECT COSTS	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:									
Governance and strategic services	\$ 13,175,997	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ (13,175,997)		\$	(13,175,997)
Information and public affairs	3,125,725					(3,125,725)			(3,125,725)
Management services	29,112,903	(6,883,064)	3,944,940			(18,284,899)			(18,284,899)
Governmental operations	40,209,477		6,542,982		62,586,716	28,920,221			28,920,221
Water resources	7,512,755				3,067,631	(4,445,124)			(4,445,124)
Planning and economic development	66,757,317		682,204		36,810,020	(29,265,093)			(29,265,093)
Police	71,113,565		4,245,860	1,538,241		(65,329,464)			(65,329,464)
Recorder's court	3,305,520		2,324,244			(981,276)			(981,276)
Fire	44,775,939	33,644	760,070	821,597		(43,227,916)			(43,227,916)
Community services	25,926,719	/ -	8,805,714	465,327	4,939,470	(11,716,208)			(11,716,208)
Grant program and administration	7,146,499	70,699	0,000,111	6,817,158	70,653	(329,387)			(329,387)
Community development program and administration	7,671,543	637,990	1,584,094	4,167,322	10,000	(2,558,117)			(2,558,117)
Interest on long-term debt	2,041,501	001,000	1,004,004	4,107,022		(2,041,501)			(2,041,501)
Interest on capital leases	515,956					(515,956)			(2,041,301)
•		(6 140 721)	20 000 100	12 900 645	107 474 400				
Total governmental activities	322,391,416	(6,140,731)	28,890,108	13,809,645	107,474,490	(166,076,442)			(166,076,442)
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	88.126.843	4,044,837	107,044,551		26,670,485		\$ 41.543.356		41.543.356
Sanitation	40,667,897	1,522,983	40,407,322		20,010,100		(1,783,558)		(1,783,558)
Parking facilities	20,145,371	468,458	20,337,592				(276,237)		(276,237)
Civic center	4,922,749	104,453	2,426,058				(2,601,144)		(2,601,144)
Golf course	374,554	104,400	100,300				(274,254)		(2,001,144)
Total business-type activities	154,237,414	6,140,731	170,315,823		26,670,485		36,608,163		36,608,163
Total	\$ 476,628,830	\$ -	\$ 199,205,931	\$ 13.809.645	\$ 134,144,975	(166,076,442)	36,608,163		(129,468,279)
i otai	φ 470,020,030	φ -	ψ 199,200,901	\$ 10,009,040	\$ 104,144,970	(100,070,442)	30,000,103		(129,400,279)
		General Revenu	es:						
		Taxes:							
		Property t	axes			114,406,132			114,406,132
		Intangible	, transfer and franch	nise taxes		26,794,571			26,794,571
			ales taxes			66,417,360			66,417,360
			sales taxes			58,542,915			58,542,915
		Business				14,098,794			14,098,794
			d interest on deling	uent taxes		893,040			893,040
				stricted to specific pro	ograme	6,783,776			6,783,776
			earnings, unrestricte		ograms	13,812,376	8,875,350		22,687,726
			e of capital assets	u .		3,210,627	0,070,000		3,210,627
							4 545 740		
		Miscellaneo Transfers	us revenue			1,248,545 (8,371,821)	1,515,719 8,371,821		2,764,264
		Total general rev	enues and transfers	S		297,836,315	18,762,890		316,599,205
		Change in n				131,759,873	55,371,053		187,130,926
		Net position, beg				1,260,155,649	727,299,316		1,987,454,965
		Net position, end	lina			\$ 1,391,915,522	\$ 782,670,369	\$	2,174,585,891
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5			,,,		- <u> </u>	_,,,

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	GENERAL	-	COMMUNITY	HO	TEL/MOTEL TAX	ІМ	CAPITAL PROVEMENT	 SPLOST 2020-2026	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 208,916,070 23,467,659 1,445,951 7,650,050	\$	- 456,285	\$	-	\$	30,721,459 149,862,279	\$ - 14,995,820	\$ 2,035,041 456,644 3,245,203	\$	241,672,570 23,467,659 151,764,874 26,347,358
Restricted assets: Cash and investments Receivables, net Special assessment receivable, net Leases receivable Notes receivable Property held for resale	807,422		1,485,868 7,318 24,449,549		1,714,335 3,106,419		687,146	123,340,993	78,494,467 688,950 121,679 22,182 145,933		205,035,663 4,489,833 121,679 807,422 24,471,731 145,933
Total assets	\$ 242,287,152	\$	26,399,020	\$	4,820,754	\$	181,270,884	\$ 138,336,813	\$ 85,210,099	\$	678,324,722
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	\$	66,942	\$	3,199,203 1,621,551	\$	2,485,405	\$ 3,389,691	\$ 4,546,303 513,250	\$	19,405,867 2,056,891 151,997,080
Payable from restricted assets: Unexpended grant proceeds Escrow deposits	10,472,928		1,877,055 5,760						 1,006,788		2,883,843 10,478,688
Total liabilities	168,110,421		1,949,757		4,820,754		2,485,405	 3,389,691	 6,066,341		186,822,369
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Unavailable program income Unavailable grant proceeds Lease related deferred inflows	8,934,347 221,239 807,422		24,449,263						 475,720 946,997		8,934,347 25,146,222 946,997 807,422
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,963,008		24,449,263					 	 1,422,717		35,834,988
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	4,615,324 59,598,399						178,785,479	134,947,122	9,187,060 66,353,007 2,180,974		9,187,060 201,300,129 185,581,777 59,598,399
Total fund balance	64,213,723						178,785,479	 134,947,122	 77,721,041		455,667,365
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 242,287,152	\$	26,399,020	\$	4,820,754	\$	181,270,884	\$ 138,336,813	\$ 85,210,099	\$	678,324,722

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position (page 17) differs from the amount reported on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds because:	
Total fund balances for Governmental Funds (page 19)	\$ 455,667,365
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	961,451,369
Deferrred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.	49,828,693
Unavailable revenues are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are not recognized as revenues at the fund level	33,632,527
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of fleet management, information services and risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental acitivies in the statement of net position.	109,744,987
Long-term liabilities and assets, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	 (218,409,419)
Net position of governmental activities (page 17)	\$ 1,391,915,522

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	GENERAL	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	HOTEL/MOTEL TAX	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	SPLOST 2020-2026	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:	¢ 444 400 004	<u>^</u>	•	<u>^</u>	•	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>	
Property taxes Intangible, transfer and franchise taxes	\$ 111,129,224 26,794,571	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,378,531	\$ 112,507,755 26,794,571
General sales tax	66,417,360						66,417,360
Selective sales taxes	7,749,613		47,442,692			3,350,610	58,542,915
Business taxes	14,098,794		47,442,002			0,000,010	14,098,794
Penalties and interest on delinguent taxes	893,040						893,040
Licenses and permits	2,839,742						2,839,742
Inspection fees	7,468,907						7,468,907
Intergovernmental revenue	7,249,103	4,167,322		4,308,596	44,892,352	10,329,311	70,946,684
Charges for services	4,754,586	1,790,624				5,342,127	11,887,337
Indirect cost allocations	7,813,317						7,813,317
Fines and forfeitures	4,917,584						4,917,584
Investment income	9,320,797	23,154		1,267,763	5,398,098	3,635,891	19,645,703
Miscellaneous revenue	1,539,702			377,311		544,176	2,461,189
Total revenues	272,986,340	5,981,100	47,442,692	5,953,670	50,290,450	24,580,646	407,234,898
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Governance and strategic services	12,188,195						12,188,195
Information and public affairs	3,069,050						3,069,050
Management services	27,321,137					44,511	27,365,648
Governmental operations	37,616,054					1,734,427	39,350,481
Water resources	7,331,791		00 677 607				7,331,791
Planning and economic development	25,352,549		22,677,607			20.070	48,030,156
Police Recorder's court	66,010,368 3,158,718					36,070 30,645	66,046,438 3,189,363
Fire	40,617,416					905,087	41,522,503
Community services	19,226,431					303,007	19,226,431
Grant program and administration	15,220,401					6.994.705	6,994,705
Community development program and administration		8.102.248				46,616	8,148,864
Debt Service:		-,,				,	-,,
Principal	1,450,675			380,831	1,150,000	5,421,244	8,402,750
Interest and fiscal charges	194,245			73,789	69,397	2,535,959	2,873,390
Capital outlay				25,425,703		95,613	25,521,316
Capital outlay - SPLOST funded					12,158,434	12,470,759	24,629,193
Total expenditures	243,536,629	8,102,248	22,677,607	25,880,323	13,377,831	30,315,636	343,890,274
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	29,449,711	(2,121,148)	24,765,085	(19,926,653)	36,912,619	(5,734,990)	63,344,624
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	27,797,129	2,121,148		41,711,000		13,201,136	84,830,413
Transfers out	(55,859,208)		(24,765,085)			(12,548,822)	(93,173,115)
Debt issuance	3,271,092					237,331	3,508,423
Sale of capital assets	1,839,152						1,839,152
Total other financing sources and uses	(22,951,835)	2,121,148	(24,765,085)	41,711,000		889,645	(2,995,127)
Net change in fund balances	6,497,876			21,784,347	36,912,619	(4,845,345)	60,349,497
Fund balances, beginning of year	57,715,847			157,001,132	98,034,503	82,566,386	395,317,868
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 64,213,723	\$-	\$-	\$ 178,785,479	\$ 134,947,122	\$ 77,721,041	\$ 455,667,365

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 18) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 21)	\$ 60,349,497
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense in	
the current period.	22,427,789
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.	44,596,401
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	2,226,951
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	5,405,530
Some revenues/expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(4,890,673)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of fleet management, information services, and risk management to individual funds.	(3,049,508)
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 4,693,886
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 18)	\$ 131,759,873

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS NONMAJOR						
	WATER AND SEWER	SANITATION	PARKING SERVICES	CIVIC CENTER	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS							
Current assets:	\$ 134.711.663	¢ 40.000.700	\$ 22,527,160	\$ 517.154	\$ 302.858	\$ 171.421.573	\$ 76.118.652
Cash and investments		\$ 13,362,738	+		\$ 302,858		
Receivables, net	22,448,634	7,791,642	332,288	975,924		31,548,488 232,206	850,888
Due from other funds				232,206		461,791	
Lease receivable Note receivable			2,464,908	461,791		2,464,908	
Inventories			2,404,908	5.881		2,464,908	878.493
Total current assets	157,160,297	21,154,380	25,324,356	2,192,956	302,858	206,134,847	77,848,033
Noncurrent assets:	157,100,297	21,134,300	25,524,550	2,192,930	302,838	200,134,047	77,040,033
Restricted assets:							
Cash and investments	3,051,627			66,548		3,118,175	
Accounts receivable	3,051,027			908,666		908,666	
Net OPEB asset	2,871,449	1,950,419	541,783	54,179		5,417,830	
Lease receivable	2,071,449	1,350,415	541,765	2,418,018		2,418,018	
Note receivable			44,038,282	2,418,018		44,038,282	
			44,030,202			44,030,202	
Capital assets: Land	3,089,210	0 405 070	817,709	606,537	1 502 550	0 521 207	
		2,425,272 6,144,612	127.492.830	20.395.767	1,592,559	8,531,287 994,101,043	2.479.758
Plant, buildings, stations, reservoirs, etc	838,553,099				1,514,735		
Improvements, other than buildings	10 010 055	60,543,941	9,541,684	6,939,566	7,370,205	84,395,396	610,615
Machinery and equipment	10,818,055	23,766,872	10,069,332	2,404,854	54,443	47,113,556	121,432,104
Lease and subscription right-of-use assets			17,796,136	4 450 710	4= =0.4	17,796,136	17,076,708
Other capital assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(FC 001 00-	(= + o = o	1,453,716	17,794	1,471,510	(00 E + + · · ·
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(423,198,451)	(50,004,923)	(54,853,302)	(23,703,779)	(5,825,449)	(557,585,904)	(90,541,494
Construction in progress	111,460,853	120,734	15,516,414	51,445,017		178,543,018	
Total noncurrent assets	546,645,842	44,946,927	170,960,868	62,989,089	4,724,287	830,267,013	51,057,691
Total assets	703,806,139	66,101,307	196,285,224	65,182,045	5,027,145	1,036,401,860	128,905,724
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred amounts from refunding of debt	48,748		62,182			110,930	
Pension related deferred outflows	6,813,634	4,187,865	1,006,727	230,832		12,239,058	
OPEB related deferred outflows	1,553,081	1,054,924	293,034	29,303		2,930,342	
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,415,463	5.242.789	1,361,943	260,135		15.280.330	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 712,221,602	\$ 71,344,096	\$ 197,647,167	\$ 65,442,180	\$ 5,027,145	\$ 1,051,682,190	\$ 128,905,724
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Payable from restricted assets:							
Customer deposits	\$ 1,385,759	\$-	\$-	\$ 84,848	\$ -	\$ 1,470,607	\$ -
Interest payable	25,368					25,368	
Current portion of bonds payable	197,500					197,500	
Accounts payable	12,522,811	2,171,212	3,786,631	192,673		18,673,327	1,338,190
Interest payable	13,685	73,383	1,321,165	540,326		1,948,559	
Unearned lease revenue				3,512,500		3,512,500	
Current obligation under leases and subscriptions			541,004			541,004	3,582,526
Current portion of contractual obligations			4,880,000	735,000		5,615,000	
Current portion of notes and bonds payable	3,113,592	1,120,000				4,233,592	
Current portion of compensated absences	801,512						
Current portion of claims and judgments payable			129.875	27,123			231.640
	801,512	404,124	129,875	27,123		1,362,634	
		404,124				1,362,634	4,134,086
Total current liabilities	18,060,227		129,875 10,658,675	27,123 5,092,470			4,134,086
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:		404,124	10,658,675			1,362,634 37,580,091	4,134,086 9,286,442
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions		404,124	10,658,675	5,092,470		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816	4,134,086 9,286,442
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net	18,060,227	404,124	10,658,675			1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021	4,134,086 9,286,442
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable	18,060,227	404,124 3,768,719	10,658,675	5,092,470		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618	4,134,086 9,286,442
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245	404,124 	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736	<u>5,092,470</u> 41,766,285		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences	18,060,227	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099	10,658,675	5,092,470		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245	404,124 	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736	<u>5,092,470</u> 41,766,285		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfil closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfil closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 <u>28,263,611</u> <u>221,597,130</u> <u>259,177,221</u>	231,640 4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERTED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 <u>28,263,611</u> <u>221,597,130</u> <u>259,177,221</u> 2,879,809 2,744,525	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERTED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 <u>28,263,611</u> <u>221,597,130</u> <u>259,177,221</u> 2,879,809 2,744,525	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total inabilities Total liabilities DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Cotal deferred inflows of resources Net POSITION	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 <u>15,810,500</u> 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 <u>2,231,441</u> 4,065,111	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266 9,834,600	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total noncurrent liabilities DEFERTED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Total deferred inflows of resources <u>RET POSITION</u> Net investment in capital assets	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102	4,724,287	1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Total deferred inflows of resources DET Destribut Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441 4,065,111 502,976,530	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192	4,724,287	1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 <u>28,263,611</u> <u>221,597,130</u> <u>259,177,221</u> <u>2,879,809</u> 2,744,525 <u>4,210,266</u> <u>9,834,600</u> 618,416,206	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERREN INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Mathematical deferred inflows Peter red inflows of resources <u>NET POSITION</u> Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441 4,065,111 502,976,530 1,443,000	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752 37,046,508	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545 56,628,488	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192 17,040,393	4,724,287	1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266 9,834,600 618,416,206 1,443,000	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Cotal inabilities DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Met investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service OPEB	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441 4,065,111 502,976,530 1,443,000 2,871,449	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752 37,046,508 1,950,419	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545 56,628,488 541,783	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192 17,040,393 54,179		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266 9,834,600 618,416,206 1,443,000 5,417,830	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 <u>9,874,295</u> 19,160,737 40,305,046
Total current liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accured landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total iabilities DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Restricted for: Dets ervice OPEB Unrestrieted	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441 4,065,111 502,976,530 1,443,000 2,871,449 140,834,937	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752 37,046,508 1,950,419 (7,141,390)	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545 56,628,488 541,783 25,342,609	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 <u>310,743</u> 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192 17,040,393 54,179 (1,945,681)	302,858	1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266 9,834,600 618,416,206 1,443,000 5,417,830 157,393,333	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295 19,160,737 40,305,046 69,439,941
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Obligations under leases and subscriptions Contractual obligations, net Notes payable Revenue bonds payable, net Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure costs Claims and judgments Net pension liability due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows Pension related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred inflows Note Investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service OPEB	18,060,227 15,032,618 9,751,245 1,375,985 15,810,500 41,970,348 60,030,575 1,833,670 2,231,441 4,065,111 502,976,530 1,443,000 2,871,449	404,124 3,768,719 4,830,000 905,099 18,286,634 9,758,355 33,780,088 37,548,807 424,056 1,515,696 1,939,752 37,046,508 1,950,419	10,658,675 15,094,816 86,062,736 188,502 2,384,013 103,730,067 114,388,742 324,518 421,027 745,545 56,628,488 541,783	5,092,470 41,766,285 39,599 310,743 42,116,627 47,209,097 2,879,809 162,281 42,102 3,084,192 17,040,393 54,179		1,362,634 37,580,091 15,094,816 127,829,021 15,032,618 14,581,245 2,509,185 18,286,634 28,263,611 221,597,130 259,177,221 2,879,809 2,744,525 4,210,266 9,834,600 618,416,206 1,443,000 5,417,830	4,134,086 9,286,442 6,987,219 368,997 2,518,079 9,874,295

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS													
	WATI	ER AND SEWER	s		PAF	KING SERVICES				NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTALS			NTERNAL
OPERATING REVENUES:														
Metered sales	\$	81,676,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,676,338	\$	-
Charges for services		25,006,962		40,407,322								65,414,284		36,233,886
Rental fees		361,251				20,337,592		1,932,770		100,300		22,731,913		
Recreation fees								493,288				493,288		
Risk management fees														34,226,910
Miscellaneous		375,948		933,809		205,962						1,515,719		
Total operating revenues		107,420,499		41,341,131		20,543,554		2,426,058		100,300		171,831,542		70,460,796
OPERATING EXPENSES:														
Personal services		24,071,395		15,391,618		3,489,336		536,511				43,488,860		
Contractual services		24,261,347		14,495,653		8,070,309		2,253,749		100,300		49,181,358		
Commodities		9,675,370		2,482,408		305,187		44,589				12,507,554		
Internal service		11,344,260		6,771,439		845,452		174,959				19,136,110		
Landfill closure and post closure care				941,595								941,595		
Depreciation and amortization		22,310,336		1,913,226		4,658,953		741,356		274,254		29,898,125		11,901,547
Central garage														11,551,503
Information services														12,208,709
Risk management														37,848,545
Total operating expenses		91,662,708		41,995,939		17,369,237		3,751,164		374,554		155,153,602		73,510,304
Operating Income (Loss)		15,757,791		(654,808)		3,174,317		(1,325,106)		(274,254)		16,677,940		(3,049,508)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):														
Interest earned		6,815,169		688,219		1,288,211		69,272		14,479		8,875,350		3,606,797
Interest expense		(513,031)		(194,941)		(3,311,388)		(1,307,633)		, -		(5,326,993)		(284,386)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets												,		1,371,475
Amortization		4,059				66,796	-	31,595				102,450		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		6,306,197		493,278		(1,956,381)		(1,206,766)		14,479		3,650,807		4,693,886
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		22,063,988		(161,530)		1,217,936		(2,531,872)		(259,775)		20,328,747		1,644,378
		26,699,604		( - , )		, ,		, , , <i>)</i>		(		26,699,604		
TRANSFERS IN		6,203,101		75,000				3,350,610				9.628.711		
TRANSFERS OUT		0,200,101		(1,286,009)				0,000,010				(1,286,009)		
Change in net position		54,966,693		(1,372,539)		1,217,936		818,738		(259,775)		55,371,053		1,644,378
Total net position - beginning		593,159,223		33,228,076		81,294,944		14,330,153		5,286,920		727,299,316		108,100,609
	¢				¢	· · · _	ŕ			· · · _	ŕ		<u> </u>	, ,
Total net position - ending	\$	648,125,916	\$	31,855,537	\$	82,512,880	\$	15,148,891	\$	5,027,145	\$	782,670,369	\$	109,744,987

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS								
	WATER AND SEWER	SANITATION	PARKING SERVICES	CIVIC CENTER	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Cash received from customers	\$ 107,181,947	\$ 41,341,131	\$ 22,894,116	\$ 1,574,142	\$ 100,300	\$ 173,091,636	\$ -		
Cash received from other funds for services							36,233,886		
Cash received for services and fees							34,226,910		
Cash paid to suppliers	(41,865,431)	(22,879,143)	(6,234,590)	(3,378,485)	(100,300)	(74,457,949)	(23,802,207)		
Cash paid to employees	(24,095,584)	(15,500,883)	(3,671,255)	(755,107)		(44,022,829)			
Cash paid for supplies and insurance							(40,873,402)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	41,220,932	2,961,105	12,988,271	(2,559,450)		54,610,858	5,785,187		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Transfers in	6,203,101	75,000		3,350,610		9,628,711			
Transfers out	-	(1,286,009)				(1,286,009)			
Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities	6,203,101	(1,211,009)		3,350,610		8,342,702	-		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Principal paid on long-term debt	(3,246,761)	(1,090,000)	(4,988,706)	(620,000)		(9,945,467)	(3,177,294)		
Interest paid	(518,691)	(208,385)	(3,376,295)	(1,315,383)		(5,418,754)	(284,386)		
Sale of equipment	(010,001)	(200,000)	(0,070,200)	(1,010,000)		(0,410,704)	1,371,475		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(51,164,714)	(363,458)	(7,547,711)	(196,910)		(59,272,793)	(13,773,226)		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(54,930,166)	(1,661,843)	(15,912,712)	(2,132,293)		(74,637,014)	(15,863,431)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(04,000,100)	(1,001,040)	(10,012,112)	(2,102,200)		(14,001,014)	(10,000,401)		
Investment income	6,815,169	688,219	1,288,211	69,272	14,479	8,875,350	3,606,797		
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,815,169	688,219	1,288,211	69,272	14,479	8,875,350	3,606,797		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(690,964)	776,472	(1,636,230)	(1,271,861)	14,479	(2,808,104)	(6,471,447)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED									
ACCOUNTS OF \$3,580,067 IN 2023)	138,454,254	12,586,266	24,163,390	1,855,563	288,379	177,347,852	82,590,099		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED									
ACCOUNTS OF \$3,118,175 IN 2024)	\$ 137,763,290	\$ 13,362,738	\$ 22,527,160	\$ 583,702	\$ 302,858	\$ 174,539,748	\$ 76,118,652		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED									
(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 15,757,791	\$ (654,808)	\$ 3,174,317	\$ (1,325,106)	\$ (274,254)	\$ 16,677,940	\$ (3,049,508)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		,		,	,		,		
provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization	22,310,336	1,913,226	4,658,953	741,356	274,254	29,898,125	11,901,547		
Change in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(1,493,068)	(167,961)	2,136,781	(859,270)		(383,518)	(1,029)		
Decrease in prepaid items and inventories	( , , ,	( - , ,	, , .	-		-	606,905		
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables	4,700,825	1,994,612	3,230,417	(907,768)		9,018,086	(486,454)		
Decrease in net pension liability and OPEB asset	(54,952)	(123,964)	(212,197)	(208,662)		(599,775)	(100,104)		
Decrease in claims and judgments payable	(01,002)	(120,001)	(2.2,101)	(200,002)		(000,110)	(3,186,274)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 41,220,932	\$ 2,961,105	\$ 12,988,271	\$ (2,559,450)	\$-	\$ 54,610,858	\$ 5,785,187		
			·				·		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		•		•	•				
Contributions of capital assets from developers/other funds	\$ 26,699,604	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 26,699,604	\$ -		
Leases and SBITAs			12,490,243			12,490,243	4,711,787		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ОТН	NSION (AND ER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS)		
			CUSTO	DIAL FUNDS
ACCETC				
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,387,640	\$	659,988
Accrued income	Ψ	890,480	Ψ	000,000
Accounts receivable:				
From employer		32,899		
From participants		47,093		
Investments, at fair value:		404 000 000		
U.S. government obligations		101,063,808		
Foreign corporate bonds Domestic corporate bonds		1,214,546 51,337,592		
Domestic corporate bonds		278,320,687		
International equities		81,967,018		
Real estate fund		61,151,306		
Total investments		575,054,957		
Total assets		583,413,069		659,988
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		591,474		350,649
Total liabilities				350,649
Total habilities		591,474		330,049
Net position:				
Restricted for:				
Pensions		472,316,996		
Post employment benefits other than pensions		110,504,599		
Individuals				309,339
Total net position	\$	582,821,595	\$	309,339

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	EMPLC	ON (AND OTHER DYEE BENEFITS) SUST FUNDS	CUST	DDIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$	14,907,961	\$	-
Plan members		11,736,331		781,096
Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments				4,826,127
Total contributions		26,644,292		5,607,223
Investment income				
Interest		1,634,186		
Dividends		4,987,237		
Real estate net loss		617,375		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		51,136,145		
Total investment income		58,374,943		
Less investment expense		2,400,639		
Net investment income		55,974,304		
Total additions		82,618,596		5,607,223
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		46,680,651		763,430
Refunds of contributions		1,663,113		
Payments of fines and forfeitures to other governments				4,826,127
Administrative expense		626,956		26,835
Total deductions		48,970,720		5,616,392
Change in net position		33,647,876		(9,169)
Net position:				
Beginning of year - January 1		549,173,719		318,508
End of year - December 31	\$	582,821,595	\$	309,339

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# CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2024

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The City of Savannah, incorporated in 1789, operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City's major functions include police protection, fire protection, sanitation services, economic development programs, recreation programs, water and sewer services, and street, traffic and drainage maintenance.

The accompanying financial statements report on the financial activity for the City of Savannah, Georgia for the year ended December 31, 2024. They include all the activities controlled by the Mayor and Aldermen of Savannah, Georgia. The financial statements have been prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. This summary of the City of Savannah's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented herein, should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

#### (A) <u>Reporting Entity</u>

In June 1992, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 14: *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by statements No. 39, 61, 80, 84 and 90. In accordance with this Statement, the City herein presents those entities that comprise the primary government along with its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City's reporting entity consists of the City of Savannah and the Resource Recovery Development Authority.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with the data of the City of Savannah. The Resource Recovery Development Authority ("Authority") is a blended component unit of the City of Savannah as it provides services entirely to the City of Savannah. The Authority is controlled and managed by a board of five members appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City. Under the Resource Recovery Development Authorities Law, Chapter 63 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Authority is empowered to issue revenue bonds. The revenue bonds are secured by a waste disposal contract between the City and the Authority. This contract constitutes a legal obligation of the City. The Authority has a December 31 year-end and is presented as a blended component unit classified as an enterprise fund. A separate financial report has not been issued for the Authority.

Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria but do not meet the criteria for blending. They are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate. The City has no discretely presented component units.

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the coastal Georgia area, is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission (CRC), and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in a CRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. The CRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from: Coastal Regional Commission of Georgia, 1181 Coastal Drive, Darien, GA 31305.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Downtown Savannah Authority (DSA) is composed of a board of five members selected by the City Council, and one non-voting member selected by the City's delegation in the Georgia General Assembly. The City's accountability for the DSA does not extend beyond making the appointments, and, accordingly, the DSA is not considered a part of the City entity for financial reporting purposes. The City has contractual obligations with the DSA relating to various bond issues which funded capital projects of the City. Under the contracts, the City is obligated to make payments sufficient to pay principal and interest on the bonds when due. These contractual obligations are described in <u>Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities</u>.

Two other local development authorities, the Development Authority for the City of Savannah and the Downtown Development Authority for the City of Savannah, currently exist; however, these authorities are not active.

The Housing Authority of Savannah, created by an act of the Georgia legislature, is not a part of the City's reporting entity. While the Mayor of Savannah appoints a voting majority of commissioners for the Housing Authority of Savannah, the commissioners cannot be city or county employees or officers. Thus, the City cannot impose its will on the Housing Authority, nor does the City provide financial support to the Housing Authority as the Authority derives its revenues from federal funds and resident rents.

The Savannah Airport Commission was established to administer the improvement, maintenance and operation of the Savannah Airport and to provide services to airlines and airline-related businesses in the area. The Commission is a municipal corporation created under the Savannah City Code and governed by five members who are appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Savannah. The City has no other participation in the operation of the Commission. Accordingly, the Commission has not been included in the reporting entity.

#### (B) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. However, in the fund financial statements, the measurement focus differs by fund types:

- All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources/increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses/decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- All proprietary funds utilize a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet using this measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flow. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total position.

• All fiduciary funds utilize the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred, or the economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 30 days after year end and available to pay obligations of the current period. Franchise fees are considered available if collectible within 90 days after year end. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are franchise fees, sales taxes, property taxes, charges for services, grants, and investment income. In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met should, under most circumstances, be reported as deferred outflows of resources by the provider and a liability by the recipient. Expenditures, including capital outlay, are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt and certain similar accrued obligations, which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred or the economic asset used.

Differences exist between the governmental activities columns reported in the government-wide statements and the corresponding total columns reported in the fund financial statements. The differences are the result of the use of the two different measurement focuses between these statements.

As stated above, the government-wide statements present governmental activities on the economic resources measurement focus while the fund financial statements present governmental funds on the current financial resources measurement focus. Additional detailed information about the reconciling items can be found in <u>Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>.

#### (C) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Statement of Activities shows an allocation of indirect expenses to different functions of the City. These expenses are allocated based upon different allocation criteria within the function such as square footage, number of FTEs, etc. and strive to approximate the value of indirect services being provided to the functions.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements reflect the activities of the City's individual funds. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City (General Fund) or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City exclusively follows the standards set forth by the GASB and has implemented accounting standards applicable to the period covered by these statements.

As a general rule, the effects of internal activity have been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Amounts charged through the City's indirect cost allocation plan are broken out in a separate column on the Statement of Activities. Where internal activity is representative of an interfund service provided and used, no elimination has been made. Internal activities have not been eliminated from the fund financial statements.

Program revenues are derived directly from a particular program or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. All taxes are included in general revenues.

In proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses result from the provision of goods and/or services as well as the production and delivery of goods and/or services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses would include all revenues and expenses related to capital and related financing and contributions, noncapital financing, taxes, or investment activities.

#### (D) <u>Columnar Headings and Description of Funds</u>

The City uses funds to report financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Funds shown in the basic financial statements are described below:

#### (1) Major Governmental Funds

The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Community Development Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax fund, Capital Improvement Fund, and the SPLOST 2020-2026 Fund.

- (a) <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.
- (b) <u>Community Development Fund</u> The Community Development Fund accounts for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Community Development Block Grant Program. All revenues received by this fund are used in implementing the Community Development program.
- (c) <u>Hotel/motel Tax Fund</u> The Hotel/motel Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds and uses of a selective sales tax applied to occupied hotel and motel rooms throughout the City. This sales tax is applied to the taxable charges for the room and collected by merchants who then remit the taxes to the City Treasurer.
- (d) <u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for construction or acquisition of major capital projects. Projects accounted for in this fund are typically funded with local resources and bond proceeds.
- (e) <u>SPLOST 2020 2026 Fund</u> This fund accounts for special purpose local option sales tax resources provided to the City by Chatham County in accordance with a 2019 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum, which was passed on a county-wide basis. The current SPLOST commenced on October 1, 2020 and expires on September 30, 2026. These funds are used by the City to design and construct major capital improvements that will benefit the entire county. Projects include streets, drainage improvements, public buildings and other community development.
- (2) Major Proprietary Funds

The major Proprietary funds of the City are the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, Parking Services Fund and the Civic Center Fund.

- (a) <u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the water and sewer systems of the City and includes the operations of the Industrial and Domestic Water Supply Fund. The system supplies water and sewer service to area residents and to industrial and commercial users along the Savannah River.
- (b) <u>Sanitation Fund</u> The Sanitation Fund accounts for the operation of the sanitation services of the City. This operation supplies refuse pick-up service to commercial and residential customers in the area.
- (c) <u>Parking Services Fund</u> The Parking Services Fund accounts for the operation of the Parking Services Department of the City. The Department supplies public parking facilities such as garages and on street parking meter enforcement.
- (d) <u>Civic Center Fund</u> The Civic Center Fund accounts for the operations of the Savannah Civic Center on Oglethorpe Avenue and the Enmarket Arena at Stiles Avenue and Gwinnett Avenue on the west side of downtown Savannah.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## (3) Other Reported Fund Types

- (a) <u>Internal Service Funds</u> The Internal Service Funds account for goods and services, provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. In addition, certain services are supplied to outside agencies for a fee; however, City departments are the predominant customers. The City accounts for its data processing, vehicle maintenance, and risk management functions in internal service funds.
- (b) <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others. The pension trust funds account for the assets and liabilities of the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan and the City's Old Pension Trust Fund. The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the assets and liabilities of the City of Savannah Employees' Post-Employment Benefits Plan. The custodial funds report: 1) the Recorder's Court Fund, used to account for bail bonds posted in Recorder's Court as well as various fines and forfeitures of other governmental agencies and, 2) the Flexible Benefits Plan Fund, which accounts for the Section 125 Flexible Benefits Plan administered by the City for its employees.

The City has other funds that are not considered major. They are described in the supplementary information.

#### (E) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash, except for that which must remain segregated due to bond restrictions or federal regulations, is pooled and invested. Interest earned by the pooled cash is allocated to each of the funds based on each fund's average equity balance during the month. Funds that incur a negative balance in the pooled cash during the month are charged for interest. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

The City considers currency-on-hand, demand deposits with banks, amounts included in pooled cash and investment accounts to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase, they mature in three months or less.

For the purposes of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term investments that are highly liquid are considered cash equivalents.

#### (F) <u>Receivables</u>

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are shown net of related allowance accounts. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon an aging of the receivable balance. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and grants. Within business-type activities, the largest portion of the receivables results from water and sewer billing activity.

#### (G) Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds that result in amounts owed between funds. Activity that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal period is referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Short-term

interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (non-current portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between the same fund type, i.e. within governmental activities or within business-type activities, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances."

## (H) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are determined by actual physical count and are stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out method. The cost of inventory items is charged to expense when used.

#### (I) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Prepaid items represent payments that the City has made for services in anticipation of future period expenses.

#### (J) <u>Restricted Assets & Flow Assumption for Restricted Resources</u>

Restricted asset amounts shown on the Statement of Net Position are separated from other assets because of contractual agreements, legislative provisions or bond covenants limiting their use. The restricted assets shown originate from a variety of sources including: i) customer deposits, ii) escrow deposits, iii) resources set aside by legislation for SPLOST (special purpose local option sales tax) projects, tourism product development, impact fee projects or court technology projects, iv) resources set aside under grant agreements, v) street paving assessments receivables, the collection of which is used to pay debt service on paving assessment bonds, vi) net OPEB asset amounts, and vii) resources held for perpetual care. Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds as well as resources set aside for their repayment are shown as restricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for certain uses, the City follows the policy of utilizing restricted resources prior to applying unrestricted resources.

#### (K) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges and sidewalks) and right to use assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated life of more than one year. Capital assets have been recorded at cost, if purchased, and if donated, at acquisition value on the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are calculated on the straight-line basis, with one-half year's depreciation and amortization recorded in the year of acquisition and one-half year's depreciation and amortization recorded in the year of disposal. Major improvements that extend the life of an asset are capitalized. Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

Prior to 1975, adequate records were not maintained to properly account for capital assets. The assets were recorded at appraised values as of December 31, 1974. The appraised values were based upon market values and historical cost data when available. Assets acquired since 1975 have

been recorded at cost. Infrastructure capital assets acquired by the City, such as streets and drainage, have been capitalized since 1977, additional infrastructure assets, which were acquired by the City through donations, have been capitalized in accordance with GASB 34. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

Construction in progress is the total actual cost incurred to date on uncompleted construction projects. Assets used in the City's landfill operation are depreciated based on the depletion method as available capacity at the site is utilized. Other capital assets and right to use assets of the City are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings (including right-to-use buildings)	1 – 40
Right-to-use software and technology	1 – 10
Building improvements	5 – 40
Public domain infrastructure	5 – 50
Vehicles (including right-to-use leased vehicles)	3 – 15
Machinery and Equipment	3 – 20

Fully depreciated/amortized assets still in service are carried in the capital asset accounts.

#### (L) Leases

**Lessee.** The City of Savannah is a lessee for several building and equipment leases. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of the lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term of the lease. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain will be exercised, in which case the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

• The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Governmental funds recognize periodic payments on leases as expenditures in the period incurred. Governmental funds are also recording other financing sources and capital outlay expenditures for the net present value of the minimum lease payments. This applies in the initial year of the lease term only.

Proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, component units using the accrual basis, and the government-wide financial statements are reporting capital assets as well as long and short-term payables on the statement of net position. Therefore, for leases, an intangible right-to-use asset and lease obligation are recorded at inception of the lease and period lease payments are recorded as interest expense and a reduction to the lease obligation. Additionally, amortization expense related to the leased intangible right-to-use assets is recorded. Principal amounts of lease payments due within 12 months are recorded as a current liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor. The City is a lessor for non-cancelable leases of land and land improvements, buildings, and equipment. Rental income arising from leases as a lessor is included as a receivable and deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease and revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivables are reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources for deferred lease receipts is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, less certain costs paid to or reimbursed to the lessee.

Key estimates and judgements include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts:

- The City uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate approximating market rates as the discount rate for leases, unless specifically identified in the lease.
- The lease terms include the non-cancelable periods of the leases. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivables are composed of fixed payments the City will receive over the lease term.
- The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amounts of the lease receivables.

#### (M) <u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>

SBITA assets are defined by the general government as the right to use vendor-provided information technology ("IT") with access to vendors' IT assets. The City recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible subscription right-of-use asset at the beginning of the subscription term when the subscription term exceeds one year unless the contract is considered a short-term SBITA. A SBITA asset is measured based on the net present value of subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term, using the incremental borrowing rate, and is amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets. Re-measurement of a subscription liability occurs when there is a change in the contract term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the subscription liability.

#### (N) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the government-wide and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the government-wide and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### (O) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

City employees earn vacation leave at the rate of twelve days per year for the first five years of service, increasing to twenty-three (23) days per year after twenty-five years of service. Vacation leave may be accumulated up to four times the employees' annual rate. At termination, employees with at least six months of service receive payment for any unused vacation leave. Sick leave is earned at the rate of one day per month and may be accumulated up to two hundred sixty days. Employees are not paid for unused sick leave at termination; therefore, no sick leave liability is accrued.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### (P) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other liabilities are reported as liabilities of governmental activities or business-type activities. They are also reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method unless it is materially different than the effective interest method, in which case, the effective interest method is used. Bond discounts and premiums are presented as adjustments to the face amount of the bonds payable. Bond issuance costs are recognized as period expenses and any loss or gain on the refunding of debt is recorded as a deferred outflow/inflow of resources and amortized.

In the governmental fund financial statements, long-term debt is not reported as a liability. Instead, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### (Q) Equity Classifications

- 1) <u>Government-wide statements</u> Equity is classified as net position, and displayed in three components:
  - (a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
  - (b) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
  - (c) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."
- 2) <u>Fund financial statements</u> Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance can be non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### (R) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Savannah Employee Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined based on the flow of economic resources. As such, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at cost.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (A) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between the governmental fund balances and what is shown on the government-wide statements as net position. Details of the reconciliation include the following:

- (1) The addition of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, to the government-wide financial statements. This reconciling item is needed since the fund financial statements under the modified accrual basis of accounting do not recognize capital assets but, instead, show expenditures for any capital item purchased. Governmental net capital assets of \$961,451,369 were added to the government-wide statements.
- (2) Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These are:

Related to pensions:

<ul> <li>Net differences between expected and actual experience</li> </ul>	\$ 9,227,108
- Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	30,448,584
- Net change in proportionate share	415,558
- Net change in proportionate share between Government Activities & Business Activities	2,253,572
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	10,982,410
Related to OPEB:	
- Net differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,484,173
- Changes of assumptions	(9,096,702)
<ul> <li>Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments</li> </ul>	4,113,990
	\$ 49,828,693

(3) Certain amounts shown as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements are reclassified on the entity-wide statements. Amounts shown as deferred inflows of resources on the fund financial statements included \$9,155,586 related to taxes, \$946,998 related to grant reimbursement receivables, \$121,678 related to special assessment receivables, \$331,859 related to cemetery receivables, and \$23,076,406 related to loan receivables that will be used in grant programs in future periods.

(4) Governmental long-term liabilities(assets) were added to governmental activities on the entity-wide statements as follows:

Type of Long-term Liability(Asset)	Amount
Contractual obligations payable	\$ (78,054,425)
Deferred gain on bond refunding	(22,877)
General obligation bonds payable	(1,605,000)
Leases	(5,191,392)
Compensated absences payable	(25,920,212)
Net pension liability	(122,915,347)
Net OPEB asset	15,927,715
Accrued interest payable	<u>(627,881)</u>
	\$( <u>218,409,419)</u>

# (B) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities that is reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Significant items in this reconciliation include:

- Items expensed in governmental funds during the year as capital outlay but shown as assets on the entity-wide statements totaled \$54,326,399. Depreciation expense during the year recorded on the government-wide statements but not on the fund financial statements was \$30,085,860 and amortization expense for right-to-use assets during the year recorded on the government-wide statements but not on the fund financial statements was \$1,812,750.
- (2) The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets during the year was \$44,596,401; this amount represents the value of assets contributed to the City of \$44,817,121 and the book value of assets disposed of during the year of \$220,720.
- (3) Certain revenues recognized in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are:

Property taxes	\$ 1,898,377
Federal grants	204,648
Other items	123,926
	\$ <u>2,226,951</u>

(4) Repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds; however, this transaction has no effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. The details are as follows:

Principal repayments:	
Contractual obligations	\$ 5,440,000
GO bonds	1,150,000
Leases	1,812,750
Amortization	511,203
Debt issuance	<u>(3,508,423)</u>
	\$ 5,405,530

(5) Some revenues/expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The details of this \$4,890,673 are as follows:

Net OPEB expense	\$ 5,125,315
Net pension expense	(9,010,970)
Compensated absences	(1,094,133)
Accrued interest	89,115
	\$ <u>(4,890,673)</u>

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for restricted funds generally held by outside custodians for investments of the Pension Fund and the OPEB Fund. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

*Deposits.* Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. Georgia law governs collateral requirements and forms of collateral under O.C.G.A. Section 45-8-12. The City has no custodial credit risk policies requiring additional collateral. In summary, Georgia law states:

- All deposits shall be collateralized within 10 days of deposit by a surety bond, a guarantee of insurance, or collateral.
- The face value of any surety bond, guarantee of insurance or collateral shall be at least 110% of the public funds being secured, net of deposit insurance.
- If a depository elected the pooled method (O.C.G.A. Section 45-8-13.11), the aggregate market value of pledged securities may not be less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Authorized security for deposits enumerated under law includes surety bonds, FDIC insurance, obligations of the United States or the State of Georgia, obligations of Georgia counties or municipalities, bonds of any Georgia public authority, industrial revenue bonds of any Georgia development authority, and obligations of any subsidiary corporation of the United States government fully guaranteed by the United States (such as Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, etc). The City does not have a custodial credit risk policy that is more restrictive than state statutes. As of December 31, 2024, all the City's deposits were either covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by pledged collateral.

*Fair Value Measurement.* GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, enhances comparability of governmental financial statements by requiring fair value measurement for certain assets and liabilities using a consistent definition and accepted valuation techniques. The standard establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value that prioritizes the inputs into three categories – Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 inputs – considering the relative reliability of the inputs. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the financial asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the financial asset or liability.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The primary government invests in the Georgia Fund I. The Georgia Fund I is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the City does not disclose its investment in the Georgia Fund I within the fair value hierarchy.

Both the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan and the OPEB Trust Fund have investments held through comingled vehicles for which fair value is estimated using the NAV reported by the investment manager as a practical expedient to fair value. Such investments have not been categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statement of fiduciary net position.

The following table presents the financial assets carried at fair value by both the Primary Government and the fiduciary funds by level within the valuation hierarchy as of December 31, 2024:

Type of Investment	asured at Net Asset Value	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3
Pension Trust Fund:				
US Government/Agency Debt	\$ 19,137,806	\$ -	\$ 72,142,521	\$ -
Corporate Bonds		4,732,790	20,239,035	5,717,734
Domestic Stocks	135,572,234	72,895,581		12,891,000
International Stocks	68,066,042	2,986,430		
Real Estate	44,412,190			6,485,182
OPEB Trust Fund:				
US Government/Agency Debt	9,783,481			
Corporate Bonds	21,862,579			
Domestic Equities	56,961,873			
International Equities	10,914,545			
Real Estate	10,253,934			
Total Investments	 \$376,964,684	\$ 80,614,801	\$ 92,381,556	\$ 25,093,916

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the City could access. Level 2 inputs are based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable. Level 3 inputs are valued using valuation methodologies including pricing models and discounted cash flow models. Level 3 valuations incorporate subjective judgements and consider assumptions including capitalization rates, discount rates, cash flows and other factors that are not observable in the market.

*Investments.* In its investment of both public funds and pension trust funds, the City follows state statutes and adopted investment policies. As of December 31, 2024, the investments of the Primary Government, the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan, and the City of Savannah Employees' OPEB Plan were as follows:

CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA	
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)	

					Maturities	in Years		
Type of Investment	Average Credit Rating	Fair Value	e Less than 1		1-3	4-5	Greater than 5	
Primary Government:								
Georgia Fund I	AAAf	\$643,666,655	\$643,666,655	\$	-	\$-	\$-	
Pension Trust Fund:								
US Government/Agency Securities Corporate Bonds	AA+	72,142,521			13,424,035	11,176,257	47,542,229	
Various	А	8,516,249			2,246,485	1,417,367	4,852,397	
Various	AA	438,739				438,739		
Various	AAA	3,707,843			445,599	1,878,047	1,384,197	
Various	BB	565,179					565,179	
Various	BBB	7,011,024			1,401,551	1,701,406	3,908,067	
US Government/Agency Debt	NR	19,137,806						
Corporate Bonds	NR	10,450,525						
Domestic Equities	NR	221,358,814						
International Equities	NR	71,052,473						
Real Estate	NR	50,897,372						
OPEB Trust Fund:								
US Government/Agency Debt	NR	9,783,481						
Corporate Bonds	NR	21,862,579						
Domestic Equities	NR	56,961,873						
International Equities	NR	10,914,545						
Real Estate	NR	10,253,934						
Total Investments		\$1,218,721,612	\$643,666,655		\$17,517,670	\$16,611,816	\$58,252,069	

Under state law, investments of the City's public funds may be placed in obligations of (or obligations guaranteed by) the U.S. government, obligations of any state or any political subdivision of any state, certificates of deposit or time deposits of financial institutions with deposits insured by FDIC, prime banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and investment pools operated by the Georgia State Treasurer's Office. During the year, the City invested public funds in certificates of deposits and time deposits of local banks and the Georgia Fund 1, which is managed by the State Treasurer.

State law also governs the investment of retirement funds (O.C.G.A. 47-20-84) and limits investments to maximum concentrations by investment category (at cost). The City's defined benefit plan qualifies as a "large retirement system," a designation which allows the plan additional investments in equity securities and alternative investment categories.

The local government investment pool, "Georgia Fund 1," created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The City considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as cash equivalents for financial statement presentation.

Deposit and investment transactions are subject to a variety of risks. The City's adopted investment policies seek to promote the safety of principal, provide adequate liquidity for operational needs, earn market rates of return on investments consistent with liquidity needs and investment quality, and conform to legal requirements.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. The City's Investment Policy states that the City will create its portfolio with investments having maturity dates at or prior to the time cash is prudently projected to be required to meet disbursement needs, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. The Policy limits investment maturities to a maximum of five years from the date of purchase. As of December 31, 2024, the City had investments of \$643,666,655 in Georgia Fund 1, which reported a weighted average maturity on its entire portfolio of 27 days as of the end of the year.

Policies of the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan limit its cash and short-term investments to a maximum of 5.0% of the total portfolio, with a target amount of less than one percent. As of December 31, 2024, the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan had 1.33% of its total assets in cash and short-term investments.

Policies of the City's OPEB Plan limit its cash and short-term investments to a maximum of 5.0% of the total portfolio, with a target amount of less than one percent. As of December 31, 2024, the City's OPEB Trust Fund had 0.81% of its total assets in cash and short-term investments.

*Credit risk* is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's Investment Policy seeks to minimize credit risk through diversification of investments within the choices allowed under state statutes. The City has no stated minimum credit quality for its investment portfolio.

All the City's investments in U.S. Treasury and Agency securities carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government. U.S. Agency securities underlie repurchase agreements.

*Foreign currency risk* is the risk that exchange rates may affect the valuation of an investment. The Pension Trust Fund had investments in international stock and foreign corporate bonds of \$71,052,473 and \$1,214,546 respectively, as of year-end. These investments are subject to foreign currency risk consisting of various currencies. Policies of the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan limit investment in international equities to 25% of the market value of the fund. The OPEB Trust Fund had investments in international stock funds of \$10,914,545 as of year-end. These investments are subject to foreign currency risk consisting of various of various currencies. Policies of the City's OPEB limit investment in international equities to 15% of the market value of the fund.

*Concentration of credit risk* is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Disclosures are required for any issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments, exclusive of mutual funds, external investment pools and investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government. The City's

investment policy restricts investments in a single issuer of more than 25% of the total investment portfolio, not including the investment pools operated by the Georgia State Treasurer's Office and obligations of the U.S. government.

In addition, the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan seeks a diversified portfolio of fully negotiable, equity, fixed income, and money market securities, with target percentages for each, which are based on market values. Percentage allocations are intended to serve as long-term guidelines and, therefore, may result in a temporary imbalance in asset mix. Temporary imbalances may result from market conditions or an investment transition; however, periodic asset rebalancing is performed on a regular basis. The target percentages and allocation ranges are presented below for each asset class.

Asset Class	Target Percentage	Allocation Range
U.S. Equities	36%	30% to 55%
Non U.S. Equities	15%	5% to 25%
Fixed Income Debt Obligations	27%	14.5% to 39.5%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	5%	0% to 10%
Real Estate	8%	5% to 15%
Private Equity	9%	0% to 10%

The City's OPEB Plan seeks a diversified portfolio of fully negotiable, equity, fixed income, and money market securities, with target percentages for each, which are based on market values. Percentage allocations are intended to serve as long-term guidelines and, therefore, may result in a temporary imbalance in asset mix. Temporary imbalances may result from market conditions or an investment transition; however, periodic asset rebalancing is performed on a regular basis. The target percentages and allocation ranges are presented below for each asset class.

Asset Class	Target Percentage	Allocation Range
U.S. Equities	50%	35% to 75%
Non U.S. Equities	10%	5% to 15%
Fixed Income Debt Obligations	30%	15% to 45%
Real Estate	10%	5% to 15%

Deposits and investments are reconciled between the financial statements and note disclosure as follows:

Basic financial statements: Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$ 489,212,795 208,153,838
Trust and custodial funds	583,102,585
Total	<u>\$ 1,280,469,218</u>

Notes to financial statements:	
Cash on Hand	\$ 18,660
Deposits	61,728,946
Investments	1,218,721,612
Total	<u>\$ 1,280,469,218</u>

#### **NOTE 4 - PENSION PLANS**

The City maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan to provide retirement benefits to employees of the City called the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan (COSERP). Certain City employees also participate in the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia (POAB) and the Georgia Firefighters' Pension Plan (GFFP). Separate plan disclosures are provided herein for each plan. Aggregate amounts for all plans for the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and other items are as follows:

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense
City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia (POAB) Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund (GFFP)	\$ 558,140,694	\$ 406,961,736	\$ 151,178,958	\$ 65,826,132	\$ 3,004,367	\$23,571,478 786,823 1,426,736
	\$ 558,140,694	\$ 406,961,736	\$ 151,178,958	\$ 65,826,132	\$ 3,004,367	\$ 25,785,037

#### (A) <u>City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan</u>

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Accounting.* COSERP financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

#### **Plan Description and Contribution Information**

*Plan Administration.* The City of Savannah administers a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan) which was established by City ordinance in July 1972 to provide retirement and disability benefits for all full-time general and uniformed personnel of the City. Membership by all full-time City employees is required by ordinance. Employees of the Savannah Airport Commission and the Metropolitan Planning Commission are also eligible to participate in the Plan.

The Plan is administered by the Retirement Board. The Retirement Board is composed of eight members consisting of the following:

- The City Manager
- The Chief Financial Officer of the City of Savannah
- A Police employee selected by the police employees
- A Fire employee selected by the fire employees
- A General employee selected by the general employees
- A member of the City Council selected by the City Council
- Two citizens at large selected by the Mayor and Aldermen

As of December 31, 2022, employee membership data related to the pension plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,735
Terminated employees entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving them	215
Active members	<u>2,217</u>
Total	<u>4,167</u>

The Plan's audited financial statements are included in the City's annual comprehensive financial report as a pension trust fund. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

*Benefits provided.* City ordinance specifies types and levels of Plan benefits as well as Plan member contribution requirements. The Plan provides normal and early retirement pension benefits, occupational disability benefits, survivor's benefits, non-occupational disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Under the Plan, pension benefits vest after five years of service. Normal retirement for general employees is age 57. Normal retirement for uniformed public safety employees (police officers and firefighters) is age 55. The normal monthly benefit is calculated as follows:

Final average earnings times

- 2.1% for each year of service earned before January 1, 2000, plus 2.3% for each year of service earned after January 1, 2000 (to a maximum of 30 years of service) plus
- 1% of final average earnings times years of service in excess of 30 years to a maximum of 100%.

Final average earnings is defined as the average monthly salary for the highest sixty consecutive months during the last ten years of employment.

In 1999, the Plan added a provision for automatic post-retirement pension increases. Once a pensioner reaches the age of 65 and has received pension benefits for at least five years, an increase of 5% is automatically given to the pensioner in the month both conditions are met. Every year thereafter an automatic increase of 1% is granted to the pensioner. In March 2000, the Plan was further enhanced to allow accumulated sick leave as pensionable service for eligibility and benefit purposes.

*Contributions.* The annual contribution amounts are actuarially determined. Active employees covered by the Plan are required to contribute 6.65% of their earnings on a pre-tax basis and the employers contribute such additional amounts as are necessary, based on actuarial valuations, in order to provide the Plan with assets sufficient to meet future benefit payments. The employer contribution as a percentage of payroll for 2024 is 10.35%. In 2024, contributions to the COSERP by the City of Savannah were \$13,511,781. The contributions paid by City employees totaled \$9,122,568 in 2024. The total payroll for City employees covered under the COSERP for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$137,181,474. The projected unit credit method is used to determine contributions.

#### Investments

*Investment Policy.* The Plan's policy regarding the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Board through a vote by a majority of its members. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan. The following was the Retirement Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
U.S. Equities	36%
Non U.S. Equities	15
Fixed Income	27
Global Tactical Allocation	5
Real Estate	10
Private Equity	7
Total	100%

The target allocations detailed above were established in August of 2024 and have not been amended since that time.

*Rate of Return.* For the year ended December 31, 2024, the annual money weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.2 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

Net components of the net pension liability of the COSERP at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 609,697,821
Plan fiduciary net position	 444,554,010
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 165,143,811
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.91%

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances - beginning of year	\$	583,471,266	\$	419,076,560	\$	164,394,706
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		13,156,932				13,156,932
Interest expense		41,851,322				41,851,322
Differences between expected and actual experience		9,955,476				9,955,476
Contributionsemployer				12,975,840		(12,975,840)
Contributionsemployee				8,822,722		(8,822,722)
Net investment income				42,604,355		(42,604,355)
Benefits paid, including refunds of member contributions		(38,737,175)		(38,737,175)		
Plan administrative expenses				(188,292)		188,292
Net Changes		26,226,555		25,477,450		749,105
Balances - end of year	\$	609,697,821	\$	444,554,010	\$	165,143,811

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study which examined the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019. The net pension liability is based on an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2023, upon which update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to the year end of December 31, 2023. The actuarial cost method used to calculate the total pension liability was entry age.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
<ul> <li>Salary increases</li> </ul>	Varies by age
<ul> <li>Investment rate of return</li> </ul>	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
<ul> <li>Cost-of-living adjustments</li> </ul>	5.00% at participant's adjustment date, 1.00% annually thereafter

For pre-retirement members of the Plan, mortality rates were based on the Pri-2012 Employee Amount-weighted Mortality Table; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020. For healthy annuitants of the Plan, mortality rates were based on the Pri-2012 Healthy Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020. For disabled annuitants, mortality rates were based on the Pri-2012 Disabled Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally multiplied times 1.25; projected SSA-2020.

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation (approved by the Pension Board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	41.00%	6.60%
International equity	12.50%	6.70%
Fixed Income	27.00%	1.80%
Core Real Estate	10.00%	3.40%
Private Equity (including non-Core Real Estate)	7.00%	9.90%
Emerging Markets	2.50%	8.00%
Total	100.00%	5.26%

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% as of December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's financial net position (FNP) was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the COSERP as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Net pension liability	\$ 236,273,589	\$ 165,143,811	\$ 105,800,325

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the City of Savannah reported a liability of \$151,178,958 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the COSERP. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023 and determined based on the total pension liability from the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the fiscal 2023 employer contributions into the Plan. In 2023, the City of Savannah was allocated a proportional share of 91.54% of the net pension liability compared to a share of 91.10% for 2022.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City of Savannah's proportional share of the net pension liability of the COSERP reported as of December 31, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as the proportional share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
City of Savannah's proportional share of net pension liability	\$ 216,293,876	\$ 151,178,958	\$ 96,853,662

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$23,571,478. At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 674,287	\$	163,174
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	37,450,047		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			
Difference between expected and actual experience in the total pension liability	11,505,240		156,416
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	13,511,781		
Change in proportion	2,684,777		2,684,777
Total	\$ 65,826,132	\$	3,004,367

\$13,511,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Recognition of deferred outflows/(inflows)
December 31, 2025	\$13,591,721
December 31, 2026	17,006,324
December 31, 2027	21,063,179
December 31, 2028	(2,351,240)
December 31, 2029 and Thereafter	
Net balance of deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources	\$49,309,984

## (B) Pensions with a Special Funding Situation

The City participates in two pension plans that are considered to have a special funding situation. The two plans are the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia (POAB) and the Georgia Firefighters' Pension Plan (GFFP). Both of these pension plans are cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans and the employer contributions are funded by the State on behalf of the City. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions requires participating employers and nonemployer contributing entities to recognize their proportional share of the collective net pension liability and pension expense. Since the City does not contribute directly to the plans, there is no net pension liability of the POAB plan totals \$4,168,073 and the State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the State's proportionate share of the Georgia Firefighters' plan totals \$5,947,754. The State revenue and pension expense of the plans total \$786,823 for the POAB and \$1,426,736 for the Georgia Firefighters' plan and these amounts were recognized by the City during the period as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Detailed information about each of the plans' fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial reports that can be obtained at www.poab.georgia.gov (POAB) and at www.gfpf.org (Georgia Firefighters' Pension Plan).

**Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia (POAB):** The Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia was created in 1950 by the General Assembly of Georgia to provide retirement benefits to peace officers.

*Benefits provided.* POAB provides retirement as well as death benefits. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the fund to the State Legislature. A member must have terminated his or her active employment as a peace officer to receive benefits. The monthly benefit is a single life annuity payable in monthly installments for the life of the member only. The monthly payment amount at June 30, 2023, was \$30.00 per month (plus 1/12 of this amount for each month of any partial year) for each full year of creditable service up to a maximum of 30 years of total service. The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide for increases effective as of January 1 and July 1 of each year up to 1.5% of the maximum monthly retirement benefit then in effect. Members may elect, as an alternative to the benefit described above, to receive a 100% joint life annuity payable during the life of the member of the member's spouse, or a contingency life annuity with a 50% monthly payment to the surviving spouse. The amount of the benefit for these options is an actuarially reduced portion of the single life annuity benefit described above.

*Contributions and Vesting.* A member is eligible to receive retirement benefits with 30 years of service, regardless of age. A member is also eligible to receive retirement benefits at age 55 with 10 years of service; however, members joining on or after July 1, 2010, must have 15 years of service to be eligible for benefits. A member must have terminated his or her active employment as a peace officer to receive benefits. POAB is funded by member and nonemployer contributing entity contributions. Contribution provisions are established by statue and may be amended only by the General Assembly of Georgia. Member contribution requirements are set forth in O.C.G.A. 47-17-44 and are not actuarially determined. Each member must contribute \$25 per month, to be paid no later than the tenth day of each month. Nonemployer contributions consist of court fines and forfeitures collected and remitted by the courts directly to POAB in accordance with O.C.G.A. 47-17-60. These court fines and forfeitures are considered to be made by the State of Georgia as the nonemployer contributing entity.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions. The collective total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The roll forward calculation adds the normal cost, subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the discount rate for the year. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Mortality Table with generational mortality projection using the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study covering the period June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was calculated by the Fund's investment manager as 6.5% using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected geometric real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The long-term assumed investment rate of return of 6.50% was reviewed by the Fund's actuary for reasonableness and adopted by the Board.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to determine the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes revenues will remain level. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund (GFFP):** The Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund was created in 1955 by an act of the Georgia General Assembly to provide retirement benefits for qualified firefighters. The GFFP administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25.* 

Any person employed as a firefighter or enrolled as a volunteer firefighter within the State of Georgia or any regular employee of the GFFP is eligible for membership in the fund. The various fire departments located within the State of Georgia, as the employers of the members of the GFFP, do not make contributions to the fund. The State of Georgia provides nonemployer contributions to the fund through the collection of insurance premiums tax. These nonemployer contributions are recognized as revenue by the fund when collected from the insurers.

*Benefits provided.* The GFFP provides retirement as well as disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions and vesting requirements are established by state statute and may be amended only by the General Assembly of Georgia. A member is eligible to receive retirement benefits at age 55 provided the member has 25 years of service. A member is eligible to receive a pro rata share of benefits, at the latter of age 55 or at the member's termination as a

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

firefighter or volunteer firefighter, after at least 15 years of service (amount received to be the maximum benefit amount times a ratio of years of service to 25 years). At age 50, a member may elect to receive a percentage of benefits to which the member would have been eligible to receive at age 55. Members may not receive benefits while they are still an employee of a fire department or of the fund. Members may receive benefits and continue service as a volunteer firefighter as long as they receive no form of compensation for their volunteer department activity.

The maximum retirement benefit at June 30, 2023 is \$987 per month for the life of the member. The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide for adhoc cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) effective as of January 1 and July 1 of each year up to 1.5% of the maximum retirement benefit then in effect. Members retiring after July 1, 1984 with service in excess of 25 years are entitled to an additional 1% of the maximum benefit in effect at the time of retirement for each additional full year of service. Members retiring after July 1, 2002 with service in excess of 25 years are entitled to an additional 2% of the maximum benefit in effect at the time of retirement for each additional full year of service.

Members may elect, as an alternate to the benefit described above, to receive either:

- the joint and survivor option, which is an actuarially reduced benefit payable during the joint lifetime of the member and the member's spouse, continuing after the death of the member through the lifetime of the spouse, or
- the ten years' certain and life option, which is a reduced benefit during the member's lifetime. In the event of the member's death within 10 years of retirement, the same monthly benefits continue to be paid to the member's selected beneficiary for the balance of the 10 year period.

In the event of the death of an active member of the Pension Fund who has not commenced receiving any benefits, the designated beneficiary of such deceased member is entitled to be paid the amount of \$10,000. In the event of the death of an active member of the Pension Fund who has commenced receiving benefits, but who has not received total benefits in the amount of \$10,000; the designated beneficiary of such deceased member is entitled to receive the difference between \$10,000 and the amount of benefits received by such deceased member. In the event of the death of a member with 15 years of service, prior to commencing benefits, the spouse or beneficiary of the member is entitled to the retirement benefit elected to have been received by the member.

In the event a member terminates prior to receiving retirement benefits, 95% of the member's contributions will be returned. No interest is paid upon amounts so withdrawn.

*Contributions.* The GFFP is funded by member and nonemployer contributing entity (nonemployer) contributions. Contribution provisions are established by statute and may be amended only by the General Assembly of Georgia.

Member contribution requirements are set forth in O.C.G.A. 47-7-60 and are not actuarially determined. Each member must contribute \$25 per month, to be paid no later than the tenth day of each month.

Nonemployer contributions consist of insurance premiums tax collected and remitted by insurers directly to the GFFP in accordance with O.C.G.A. 47-7-61. Every fire insurance company, corporation or association doing business within the State of Georgia must pay to the executive director of the fund 1% of the gross premiums written by such insurance company, corporation, or association for fire, lightning, or extend coverage, inland marine or allied lines, or windstorm insurance policies covering property within the State of Georgia. These insurance premiums taxes are considered to be made by the State of Georgia as the nonemployer contributing entity.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	5.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates, projected generationally with the MP-2021 Scale, are as follows:

Participant Type	Base Mortality Table
Actives	PubS.H-2010 Employee, Below Median
Service Retirements	PubS.H-2010 Healthy Retiree, Below Median
Disability Retirements	PubS.H-2010 Disabled Retiree
Beneficiaries	PubS.H-2010 Contingent Survivor, Below Median

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2021 dated September 7, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate arithmetic expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These assumptions are converted into nominal assumptions by adding inflation, and then combined by weighting them by the target asset allocation percentages.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	expected real rate of return*
Domestic Fixed Income	34.50 %	2.25
Large cap equities	18.00	5.49
Small/mid cap equities	10.50	6.55
International unhedged equities	13.00	5.69
Emerging international equities	6.50	10.15
Private equity	7.50	10.06
Real estate investment trust	5.00	6.67
Real assets (liquid)	5.00	6.27
	100.00_%	

I ong-term

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

\*Rates shown are net of inflation.

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that nonemployer contributions will remain at the level contributed the previous fiscal year. Based on those assumptions, the fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## (C) Old Pension Plan

In 1972, the Old Pension Plan was terminated and replaced by the current City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan. A new fund was established in 1983 to fund the benefits payable to persons who were retired and/or vested under the old plan prior to 1972. The City contributed \$1,619,320 in 1983, \$471,692 in 1984, and \$185,000 in 1985 to fund the actuarially expected future benefits beginning in July 1985. Old pension benefits until July 1985 were funded by the General Fund. As a result of these contributions, the Old Pension Fund became fully funded as of July 1985. There are no active employees covered by the Old Pension Plan, accordingly, there were no employee contributions in 2020. Benefits to be paid under the Old Pension Plan were fully funded as of December 31, 2006; therefore, no employer contributions were made to the Old Pension Plan during 2024.

# (D) Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for Individual Pension Plans

## CITY OF SAVANNAH STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

		,					
		EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT					
	PEN	SION TRUST	OLD PE	INSION TRUST		TOTAL	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,281,980	\$	211,935	\$	6,493,915	
Accrued income		890,480				890,480	
Accounts receivable:							
From employers		32,899				32,899	
From participants		47,093				47,093	
Investments, at fair value:							
U.S. government obligations		91,280,327				91,280,327	
Foreign corporate bonds		1,214,546				1,214,546	
Domestic corporate bonds		29,475,013				29,475,013	
Domestic equities		221,358,814				221,358,814	
International equities		71,052,473				71,052,473	
Real estate fund		50,897,372				50,897,372	
Total investments		465,278,545				465,278,545	
Total assets		472,530,997		211,935		472,742,932	
LIABILITIES							
Payable from restricted assets:							
Accounts payable		425,936				425,936	
Total liabilities		425,936				425,936	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Pensions	\$	472,105,061	\$	211,935	\$	472,316,996	

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## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# (E) <u>Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Individual Pension Plans</u>

## CITY OF SAVANNAH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT			
	PENSION TRUST	OLD PENSION TRUST	TOTAL	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 14,746,664	\$-	\$ 14,746,664	
Plan members	9,652,982		9,652,982	
Total contributions	24,399,646		24,399,646	
Investment income				
Interest and dividends	6,104,047	10,170	6,114,217	
Real estate net loss	(86,357)		(86,357)	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	39,066,883		39,066,883	
Total investment income	45,084,573	10,170	45,094,743	
Less investment expense	1,817,093		1,817,093	
Net investment income	43,267,480	10,170	43,277,650	
Total additions	67,667,126	10,170	67,677,296	
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	38,293,670	1,500	38,295,170	
Refunds of contributions	1,663,113		1,663,113	
Administrative expense	159,292		159,292	
Total deductions	40,116,075	1,500	40,117,575	
Change in net position	27,551,051	8,670	27,559,721	
Net position:				
Beginning of year - January 1	444,554,010	203,265	444,757,275	
End of year - December 31	\$ 472,105,061	\$ 211,935	\$472,316,996	

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
overnmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 80,307,581	\$-	\$ 198,614	\$ 80,108,967
Construction in progress	301,333,091	50,221,164	44,292,379	307,261,876
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	381,640,672	50,221,164	44,490,993	387,370,843
Depreciable capital assets:				
Plants and buildings	172,294,444	12,168,484		184,462,928
Improvements other than buildings	126,308,029	11,351,657		137,659,686
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	157,297,834	17,430,321	8,318,556	166,409,599
Streets and drainage	616,857,621	62,604,388		679,462,009
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,072,757,928	103,554,850	8,318,556	1,167,994,222
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Plants and buildings	44,193,146	6,414,263		50,607,409
Improvements other than buildings	50,544,104	4,100,020		54,644,124
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	114,109,329	10,918,507	8,257,478	116,770,358
Streets and drainage	319,203,107	17,488,896		336,692,003
Total accumulated depreciation	528,049,686	38,921,686	8,257,478	558,713,894
Depreciable capital assets, net	544,708,242	64,633,164	61,078	609,280,328
Lease right-of-use assets:				
Buildings	9,828,813	3,508,423	279,861	13,057,375
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	11,491,764	4,089,281	60,102	15,520,943
Total lease right-of-use assets	21,320,577	7,597,704	339,963	28,578,318
Less: Accumulated Amortization			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. <u> </u>
Buildings	6,333,093	1,812,750	279,861	7,865,982
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	2,663,651	2,741,793	23,759	5,381,685
Total accumulated amortization	8,996,744	4,554,543	303,620	13,247,667
Lease right-of-use assets, net	12,323,833	3,043,161	36,343	15,330,651
Subscription right-of-use assets	1,698,362	622,506	765,103	1,555,765
Less accumulated amortization for:	. ,	,	•	. ,
Subscription right-of-use assets	1,469,702	323,928	765,103	1,028,527
Subscription right-of-use assets, net	228,660	298,578		527,238
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$ 938,901,407	\$ 118,196,067	\$ 44,588,414	\$ 1,012,509,060

	Beg	inning Balance	Increases	Decreases		En	ding Balance
Business-type activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	8,016,787	\$ 514,500	\$	-	\$	8,531,287
Construction in progress		227,454,689	58,676,656		107,588,327		178,543,018
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		235,471,476	59,191,156		107,588,327		187,074,305
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Plants, buildings, stations and reservoirs		897,305,774	96,795,269				994,101,043
Improvements other than buildings		49,250,345	35,145,051				84,395,396
Machinery and equipment		46,223,080	2,429,250		67,264		48,585,066
Total capital assets, being depreciated		992,779,199	 134,369,570		67,264		1,127,081,505
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Plants, buildings, stations and reservoirs		454,670,087	25,251,581				479,921,668
Improvements other than buildings		32,598,425	2,377,401				34,975,826
Machinery and equipment		38,854,921	1,740,437		67,264		40,528,094
Total accumulated depreciation		526,123,433	 29,369,419		67,264		555,425,588
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		466,655,766	 105,000,151				571,655,917
Lease right-of-use assets:							
Land and improvements		5,305,893	12,490,243				17,796,136
Total lease right-of-use assets		5,305,893	 12,490,243				17,796,136
Less: Accumulated Amortization							
Land and improvements		1,631,610	528,706				2,160,316
Total accumulated amortization		1,631,610	 528,706				2,160,316
Lease right-of-use assets, net		3,674,283	 11,961,537				15,635,820
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$	705,801,525	\$ 176,152,844	\$	107,588,327	\$	774,366,042

As part of its flood mitigation program, the City has entered into certain grant agreements with the Georgia Emergency Management Agency to purchase flood prone properties located within the city limits. These properties, when purchased, are included in the land category of governmental capital assets at historical cost. Certain covenants restrict the use and resale of these properties once acquired by the City. The value of these properties included in the governmental capital assets as of December 31, 2024 is \$19,917,760.

During 2024, depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Governance and strategic services	\$ 133,839
Management services	4,317,112
Planning and economic development	17,932,859
Police	1,195,075
Recorder's court	34,090
Fire	1,246,565
Community services	6,652,169
Grant program and administration	<u>386,901</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expense – governmental activities	31,898,610
Depreciation and amortization expense on Internal Service Fund Capital Assets	<u>11,901,547</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expense allocated to governmental activities	\$ <u>43,800,157</u>

Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 22,310,336
Sanitation	1,913,226
Parking facilities	4,658,953
Civic Center	741,356
Golf course	274,254
Total depreciation and amortization expense allocated to business-type activities	\$ <u>29,898,125</u>

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# CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2024, the City had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

Project by Type	Project Authorization	Expended at Year-end	Committed	Required Future Financing
			Committee	Tinaneing
Drainage	\$141,223,789	\$35,642,701	\$105,581,088	NONE
Public Buildings	227,608,371	185,804,816	41,803,555	NONE
Recreation	38,902,290	8,690,307	30,211,983	NONE
Sanitation	5,275,000	120,734	5,154,266	NONE
Sewerage	145,023,116	75,576,549	69,446,567	NONE
Squares	17,011,162	8,913,518	8,097,644	NONE
Street Paving	53,943,961	37,214,271	16,729,690	NONE
Traffic Engineering	80,029,555	52,823,643	27,205,912	NONE
Water	79,715,488	17,681,379	62,034,109	NONE
Other	150,255,953	63,336,976	86,918,977	NONE
Totals	\$938,988,685	\$485,804,894	\$453,183,791	

## **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

(A) The following shows the composition of bonds, notes, and contractual obligations payable at December 31, 2024 and the annual maturities of long-term liabilities:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES PRINCIPAL PORTION	Lowest/ Highest Coupon Rate	Original Issue Amount	Unmatured Bond/Interest at 12/31/24	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2043
	_										
Contractual Obligations Related to:	0.0/4.0	¢ 0.070.000	¢ 070.000	¢ 070.000	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
2014 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.0/4.0	\$ 9,970,000	\$ 970,000	\$ 970,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2015 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.0/4.0	19,950,000	12,030,000	1,000,000	1,025,000	1,020,000	1,020,000	1,015,000	5,610,000	1,340,000	
2016 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.03	8,000,000	4,200,000	805,000	825,000	840,000	855,000	875,000	700.000		
2017 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.39	6,585,000	4,135,000	650,000	665,000	680,000	695,000	715,000	730,000	0 740 000	
2018 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	3.00/5.00	14,095,000	11,170,000	620,000	650,000	685,000	720,000	740,000	4,045,000	3,710,000	
2019 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.75	8,440,000	8,315,000	25,000	1,090,000	1,120,000	1,150,000	1,180,000	3,750,000		
2021 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	2.00/5.00	26,720,000	25,615,000	1,160,000	1,220,000	1,280,000	1,345,000	1,410,000	8,045,000	11,155,000	
2022 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	2.65	6,095,000	5,805,000	295,000	305,000	310,000	320,000	330,000	1,780,000	2,025,000	440,000
2023 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	4.94	2,565,000	2,460,000	125,000	130,000	140,000	145,000	155,000	885,000	880,000	
Total Contractual Obligations		102,420,000	74,700,000	5,650,000	5,910,000	6,075,000	6,250,000	6,420,000	24,845,000	19,110,000	440,000
General Obligation Bonds:											
2016 General Obligation Bonds	1.97	2,000,000	350,000	350,000							
2017 General Obligation Bonds	1.84	2,000,000	415,000	415,000							
2018 General Obligation Bonds	3.28	2,000,000	840,000	415,000	425,000						
Total General Obligation Bonds		6,000,000	1,605,000	1,180,000	425,000						
Total Governmental Activities Principal Portion		\$108,420,000	\$ 76,305,000	\$6,830,000	\$6,335,000	\$6,075,000	\$6,250,000	\$6,420,000	\$24,845,000	\$19,110,000	\$ 440,000
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTEREST PORTION	_										
Contractual Obligations General Obligation Bonds			\$    15,967,195 56,023	\$2,349,473 42,083	\$2,135,118 13,940	\$1,933,748	\$1,725,662	\$1,524,978	\$ 4,806,187	\$ 1,441,369	\$ 50,660
Total Governmental Activities Interest Portion			16,023,218	2,391,556	2,149,058	1,933,748	1,725,662	1,524,978	4,806,187	1,441,369	50,660
Total Governmental Activities Debt Service Requirements			\$ 92,328,218	\$9,221,556	\$8,484,058	\$8,008,748	\$7,975,662	\$7,944,978	\$29,651,187	\$20,551,369	\$ 490,660

	Lowest/ Highest Coupon Rate	Original Issue Amount	Unmatured Bond/Interest at 12/31/24	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2044	2045-2049
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES PRINCIPAL PORTION												
WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM												
2014 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.0/3.0	\$ 17,690,000	\$ 5,245,000	\$ 990,000	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 1,075,000	\$ 1,110,000	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-
2016 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.15	21,255,000	6,840,000	1,410,000	1,440,000	1,470,000	1,500,000	1,020,000				
Water SRF Loans	1.03	19,350,610	15,943,710	911,092	920,521	930,046	939,672	949,396	4,896,405	5,155,064	1,241,514	
Total Water and Sewer Bonds and Loans		58,295,610	28,028,710	3,311,092	3,380,521	3,450,046	3,514,672	3,079,396	4,896,405	5,155,064	1,241,514	
SANITATION												
2018 Resource Recovery Bonds	2.96	11,085,000	5,950,000	1,120,000	1,155,000	1,190,000	1225.000	1,260,000				
Total Sanitation Bonds	2.90	11,085,000	5,950,000	1,120,000	1,155,000	1,190,000	1,225,000	1,260,000				
Total Salitation Bonds		1,065,000	5,950,000	i, ⊵0,000	1, 05,000	1, 190,000	1,223,000	1,200,000		·		
PARKING SERVICES												
Contractual Obligations Related to:												
2015 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.0/4.0	25,055,000	16,455,000	1,740,000	1,820,000	1,910,000	2,005,000	2,095,000	6,885,000			
2016 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.6/4.05	33,060,000	30,385,000	940,000	965,000	995,000	1,025,000	1,060,000	5,860,000	7,045,000	8,565,000	3,930,000
2018 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	3.6/4.00	30,205,000	26,495,000	1,335,000	1,390,000	1,445,000	1,500,000	1,565,000	8,720,000	10,540,000		
2019 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.5/4.00	9,685,000	9,685,000	260,000	270,000	280,000	290,000	305,000	1,655,000	1,900,000	2,185,000	2,540,000
2020 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	2.12	8,605,000	7,430,000	605,000	620,000	635,000	645,000	660,000	3,515,000	750,000		
Total Parking Services Contractual Obligation	ons	106,610,000	90,450,000	4,880,000	5,065,000	5,265,000	5,465,000	5,685,000	26,635,000	20,235,000	10,750,000	6,470,000
CIVIC CENTER												
Contractual Obligations Related to:												
2019 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	3.0/3.2	45,120,000	42,030,000	735,000	855,000	975,000	1,105,000	1,235,000	7,310,000	8,475,000	9,840,000	11,500,000
Total Civic Center Contractual Obligations		45,120,000	42,030,000	735,000	855,000	975,000	1,105,000	1,235,000	7,310,000	8,475,000	9,840,000	11,500,000
Total Business-type Activities Principal Portion		\$ 221,110,610	\$ 166,458,710	\$ 10,046,092	\$ 10,455,521	\$ 10,880,046	\$ 11,309,672	\$ 11,259,396	\$ 38,841,405	\$ 33,865,064	\$ 21,831,514	\$ 17,970,000
<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES INTEREST PORTION</b>												
Water and Sewer Bonds and Loans			\$ 2,207,034	\$ 450,604	\$ 380,703	\$ 309,483	\$ 236,296	\$ 163,218	\$ 458,690	\$ 200,032	\$ 8,008	\$-
Sanitation Resource Recovery Bonds			538,720	176,120	142,968	108,780	73,556	37,296				
Parking Services Contractual Obligations			32,224,810	3,170,796	2,997,686	2,834,978	2,664,769	2,964,530	9,093,365	5,569,320	2,451,861	477,505
Civic Center Contractual Obligations			19,620,877	1,296,784	1,274,734	1,249,083	1,219,832	1,186,682	5,322,612	4,158,163	2,786,107	1,126,880
Total Business-type Activities Interest Portion			54,591,441	5,094,304	4,796,091	4,502,324	4,194,453	4,351,726	14,874,667	9,927,515	5,245,976	1,604,385
Total Business-type Activities Debt Service Requirement	s		\$ 221,050,151	\$ 15,140,396	\$ 15,251,612	\$ 15,382,370	\$ 15,504,125	\$ 15,611,122	\$ 53,716,072	\$ 43,792,579	\$ 27,077,490	\$ 19,574,385

(B) The following are changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Balance	2024	2024	Balance	Unamortized (Discounts)/	Balance	Amounts Due Within One	Accrued Interest at
Governmental Activities:	12/31/23	lssues	Retirements	12/31/24	Premiums	12/31/24	Year	12/31/24
Contractual Obligations relating to:								
2014 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	\$ 1,905,000	\$-	\$ 935,000	\$ 970,000	\$ 13,832	\$ 983,832	\$ 970,000	\$ 16,167
2015 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	12,995,000		965,000	12,030,000	144,901	12,174,901	1,000,000	169,849
2016 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	4,990,000		790,000	4,200,000		4,200,000	805,000	35,525
2017 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	4,770,000		635,000	4,135,000		4,135,000	650,000	41,178
2018 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	11,760,000		590,000	11,170,000	346,138	11,516,138	620,000	160,201
2019 Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds	8,340,000		25,000	8,315,000		8,315,000	25,000	95,276
2021 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	26,720,000		1,105,000	25,615,000	2,849,554	28,464,554	1,160,000	69,204
2022 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	6,095,000		290,000	5,805,000		5,805,000	295,000	12,819
2023 Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds	2,565,000		105,000	2,460,000		2,460,000	125,000	10,127
Bonds and notes payable:								
General Obligation Bond 2016	695,000		345,000	350,000		350,000	350,000	2,873
General Obligation Bond 2017	820,000		405,000	415,000		415,000	415,000	3,182
General Obligation Bond 2018	1,240,000		400,000	840,000		840,000	415,000	11,480
Total bonds and notes payable	82,895,000		6,590,000	76,305,000	3,354,425	79,659,425	6,830,000	627,881
Other liabilities:								
Leases	12,328,375	7,597,704	4,666,613	15,259,466		15,259,466	5,072,954	
Subscriptions	202,596	622,506	323,431	501,671		501,671	305,892	
Compensated absences	25,365,228	10,482,066	9,326,445	26,520,849		26,520,849	8,329,097	
Net pension liability	117,798,745	19,164,682	14,048,080	122,915,347		122,915,347		
Claims and judgments	9,838,439	34,662,271	37,848,545	6,652,165		6,652,165	4,134,086	
Total other liabilities	165,533,383	72,529,229	66,213,114	171,849,498		171,849,498	17,842,029	
Governmental Activities long-term liabilities	\$248,428,383	\$ 72,529,229	\$ 72,803,114	\$248,154,498	\$ 3,354,425	\$251,508,923	\$ 24,672,029	\$ 627,881

	Balance	2024	2024	Balance	Unamortized (Discounts)/	Balance	Amounts Due Within One	Accrued Interest at
Business-type Activities:	12/31/23	lssues	Retirements	12/31/24	Premiums	12/31/24	Year	12/31/24
Bonds and notes payable:								
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds 2014	\$ 6,210,000	\$-	\$ 965,000	\$ 5,245,000	\$ 66,245	\$ 5,311,245	\$ 990,000	\$ 13,113
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds 2016	8,220,000		1,380,000	6,840,000		6,840,000	1,410,000	12,255
Sewer SRF Loans	16,845,471		901,761	15,943,710		15,943,710	911,092	13,685
Resource Recovery Bonds 2018	7,040,000		1,090,000	5,950,000		5,950,000	1,120,000	73,383
Contractual obligations relating to:								
Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds 2015	18,120,000		1,665,000	16,455,000	208,015	16,663,015	1,740,000	225,986
Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Bonds 2016	31,300,000		915,000	30,385,000	(67,106)	30,317,894	940,000	477,662
Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Bonds 2018	27,780,000		1,285,000	26,495,000	218,786	26,713,786	1,335,000	428,262
Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Bonds 2019	9,685,000			9,685,000	133,041	9,818,041	260,000	123,623
Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Bonds 2019	42,650,000		620,000	42,030,000	471,285	42,501,285	735,000	540,326
Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Bonds 2020	8,025,000		595,000	7,430,000		7,430,000	605,000	65,632
Total bonds and notes payable	175,875,471		9,416,761	166,458,710	1,030,266	167,488,976	10,046,092	1,973,927
Other liabilities:								
Leases	3,674,283	12,490,243	528,706	15,635,820		15,635,820	541,004	
Compensated absences	3,806,013	1,628,169	1,562,363	3,871,819		3,871,819	1,362,634	
Net pension liability	31,958,115	4,406,797	8,101,301	28,263,611		28,263,611		
Closure and Postclosure Liability	17,345,039	941,595		18,286,634		18,286,634		
Total other liabilities	56,783,450	19,466,804	10,192,370	66,057,884		66,057,884	1,903,638	
Business-type Activities long-term liabilities	\$232,658,921	\$ 19,466,804	\$ 19,609,131	\$232,516,594	\$ 1,030,266	\$233,546,860	\$ 11,949,730	\$ 1,973,927

Bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method unless the result is materially different from the effective interest method, in which case the effective interest method is used. Bond discounts and premiums are presented as adjustments to the face amount of contractual obligations and bonds payable.

Liquidations of long-term liabilities other than debt have typically occurred in prior years in the following manner:

- 1) Leases are paid by the fund benefitting from the use of the underlying leased assets.
- 2) Subscriptions are paid by the Revolving Fund, an internal service fund funded by all City departments.
- 3) Compensated absences and Net Pension Liability are paid by the fund where the employee's position is budgeted. Most of the City's employees are paid from the General Fund.
- 4) Claims and judgements are paid from the Risk Management Fund, an internal service fund funded by all City departments.

5) Contractual obligations relating to the Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds, Series 2016, the Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds, Series 2017, and the Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds, Series 2018 are liquidated by the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund, a non-major fund. Contractual obligations relating to the Downtown Savannah Authority Bonds, Series 2014, Series 2015 and Series 2019 are liquidated by the Tax Allocation District I Fund, a non-major fund. Contractual obligations relating to the General Obligations relating to the Savannah Economic Development Authority Bonds, Series 2022 and Series 2023 are liquidated by the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund, a non-major fund.

6) General obligation bonds are liquidated by the SPLOST 2020-2026 Fund.

## (C) <u>Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable</u>

The unmatured principal of these liabilities is shown on the Statement of Net Position in the governmental activities column. In the fund financial statements, current debt service is reported in the debt service funds and in the Tax Allocation District I Fund, and the SPLOST 2020-2026 Fund.

### (1) General Obligation Bonds

The City is authorized to issue, under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, general obligation bonds for street and drainage improvements without a referendum, provided that (1) the issuance of such bonds is authorized at a public meeting held for such purpose and (2) not more than 10% of the total unused bond capacity of the City, and in no event more than \$2,000,000 in the aggregate principal amount of such bonds, shall be issued in any fiscal year.

During 2016, the City issued \$2,000,000 in general obligation bonds to partially fund the design and construction of streetscape improvements to the downtown corridors and pay all issuance costs. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 1.97% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2020.

During 2017, the City issued \$2,000,000 in general obligation bonds to partially fund the design and construction of streetscape improvements to the downtown corridors and pay all issuance costs. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 1.84% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2021.

During 2018, the City issued \$2,000,000 in general obligation bonds to partially fund the design and construction of streetscape improvements to the downtown corridors and pay all issuance costs. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.28% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2022.

### (2) <u>Contractual Obligations</u>

During 2014, the City exercised its optional redemption on certain maturities of the Downtown Savannah Authority's Series 2009B bonds totaling \$10,425,000. In order to fund the optional redemption during 2014, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 20014, tax-exempt bonds issued in the principal amount of \$9,970,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were used to currently refund certain maturities of the Downtown Savannah Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, which had a principal balance of \$10,425,000 at refunding, and to cover issuance costs. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2014. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price was lower than the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$24,408. This amount is classified as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position and will

be amortized over the life of the new debt. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$522,498 and a reduction of \$589,116 in future debt service payments.

During 2019, the City exercised its optional redemption on the remaining maturities of the Authority's Series 2009B bonds totaling \$8,270,000. In order to fund the optional redemption during 2019, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, tax-exempt bonds issued in the principal amount of \$8,440,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were used to currently refund certain maturities of the Downtown Savannah Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, which had a principal balance of \$8,270,000 at refunding, and to cover issuance costs. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.75% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2020. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price was lower than the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$45,836. This amount is classified as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position and will be amortized over the life of the new debt. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$547,420 and a reduction of \$652,133 in future debt service payments.

During 2015, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, tax-exempt bonds issued in the principal amount of \$45,005,000. Of this amount, \$25,055,000 was allocated to the Parking Services Fund to currently refund the Downtown Savannah Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, which had a principal balance of \$24,820,000 at refunding, and to cover issuance costs. The remaining proceeds of the bond sale, \$19,950,000, were allocated to the governmental activities and used for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and equipping improvements to the downtown area of the City and paying issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2016.

During 2016, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, issued in the principal amount of \$8,000,000. The proceeds of the bond sale are for the purpose of partially funding the design and construction of streetscape improvements to downtown corridors and paying issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.03% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2020.

During 2017, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, issued in the principal amount of \$6,585,000. The proceeds of the bond sale are for the purpose of partially funding the design and construction of streetscape improvements to downtown corridors and paying issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.39% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2021.

During 2018, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, issued in the principal amount of \$14,095,000. The proceeds of the bond sale are for the purpose of funding the acquisition and construction of public infrastructure improvements in the west River Street area of downtown. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2019.

The Downtown Savannah Authority's Series 2014, Series 2015, Series 2016, Series 2017, Series 2018 and Series 2019 bonds are not a direct debt of the City; however, under the contract between the Authority and the City, the City is obligated to exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required under the contract. Such contractually required payments will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds when due. Such contractually required amounts are presented on page 67.

During 2021, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Savannah Economic Development Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, issued in the principal amount of \$26,720,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City to design and construct certain infrastructure improvements adjacent to Veterans Parkway to support a warehouse development and to pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% and mature serially beginning December 1, 2024.

During 2022, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Savannah Economic Development Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2022, issued in the principal amount of \$6,095,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City to design and construct certain infrastructure improvements adjacent to Veterans Parkway to support a warehouse development and to pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.65% and mature serially beginning December 1, 2024.

During 2023, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Savannah Economic Development Authority Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, issued in the principal amount of \$2,565,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City to design and construct certain infrastructure improvements adjacent to Veterans Parkway to support a warehouse development and to pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.94% and mature serially beginning December 1, 2024.

The Savannah Economic Development Authority's Series 2021, Series 2022 and Series 2023 bonds are not a direct debt of the City; however, under the contract between the Authority and the City, the City is obligated to exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required under the contract. Such contractually required payments will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds when due. Such contractually required amounts are presented on page 67.

### (D) Business-type Bonds and Notes Payable

The unmatured principal of revenue bonds, notes, and contractual obligations are shown on the Statement of Net Position in the business-type activities column. In the fund financial statements, the outstanding balances are included in the respective proprietary funds and paid through these funds.

### (1) <u>Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds</u>

During 2014, the City exercised its optional redemption on certain maturities of the Water and Sewer Improvement Revenue Bonds, 2009B bonds totaling \$13,970,000. In order to fund the optional redemption during 2014, the City issued Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 in the principal amount of \$17,690,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were used to (1) refinance, at lower rates, the outstanding maturities of the Series 2003 bonds, which had a principal balance of \$3,720,000 at refunding, (2) refinance at lower rates a portion of the outstanding maturities of the Series 2009B bonds totaling \$13,970,000 and, (3) pay all costs incidental to the issuance of the Series 2014 bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00% and mature serially beginning December 1, 2015. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$87,573. This amount is classified as a deferred outflow of resources in the Water and Sewer Fund and will be amortized over the life of the new debt. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$962,419 and a reduction of \$1,117,334 in future debt service payments. A maturity schedule for the water and sewer revenue bonds is shown on page 68.

During 2016, the City issued the Water and Sewer Refunding Bond, Series 2016 in the principal amount of \$21,255,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were used by the City to (1) refund and redeem certain outstanding amounts of loans made to the City by the State of Georgia under the State Revolving Fund Program (SRF) and (2) fund all expenses incidental to the issuance of the Bond. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.15% with principal repayment beginning February 2016 and continuing monthly thereafter. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$318,092. This amount is classified as a deferred outflow of resources in the Water and Sewer Fund and will be amortized over the life of the new debt. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$1,037,203 and a reduction of \$1,196,427 in future debt service payments.

The Series 2014 and Series 2016 bond resolutions require the contribution of monthly installments for future principal and interest payments, and the maintenance of a debt service reserve in a Sinking Fund. For December 31, 2024 the debt service reserve requirement is calculated as 10% of the par value of bonds outstanding, which is \$1,443,000. The debt service reserve requirement is met with cash held in the Sinking Fund. Monies in the debt service reserve can be used only to pay principal and interest on the bonds if there would otherwise be a default. The Series 2014 and Series 2016 bonds are secured solely by a first lien upon the gross revenues derived from the water and sewer system and are not secured by the general credit of the City.

At December 31, 2024, the sinking fund requirements and actual balances were as follows:

Sinking Fund Requirements:	
Interest requirements (for June 1, 2025)	\$ 25,368
Principal requirements (for December 1, 2025)	197,500
Debt Service Reserve	1,443,000
Total requirements at December 31, 2024	<u>1,665,868</u>
Sinking Fund Resources:	
Cash and investments in sinking fund at December 31, 2024	<u>1,665,868</u>
Surplus	\$0

### (2) <u>Water and Sewer Loan Agreements</u>

Other liabilities of the Water and Sewer Fund include loan agreements the City has entered into with the State of Georgia under the State Revolving Fund Program (SRF). The SRF makes low interest loans to public sewer systems for capital improvements. The SRF program is funded by a combination of State funds and a grant to the State from the Federal Environmental Protection Agency. The following table shows details of all the SRF loans at December 31, 2024.

							<u>-As of December 31, 2024-</u>				
Year of			Fotal Loan	Interest	Amortization	Amount	Principal	Loan			
Loan	Project Description	C	ommitment	Rate (%)	Period (Years)	Drawn	Retired	Payable			
2014	President Street Biosolids Handling Facility	\$	28,470,000	1.03%	20	\$19,350,610	\$ 3,406,900	\$15,943,710			
	Sorvisoo Contractual Obligations	\$	28,470,000			\$ 19,350,610	\$ 3,406,900	\$15,943,710			

### (3) Parking Services Contractual Obligations

As discussed previously, in 2015, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 issued in the principal amount of \$45,005,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City to (1) refund and redeem all of the Authority's Series 2005 Bonds outstanding (2) acquire, construct and equip improvements to the downtown area of the City and (3) fund all expenses incidental to the issuance of the bonds. The portion of the bond proceeds used by the City's Parking Services Fund to refund debt and pay issuance costs amounted to \$25,055,000 and has been allocated to the Parking Services Fund. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate between 2.00% and 4.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2019. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$250,394. This amount is classified as a deferred outflow of resources in the Parking Fund and will be amortized over the life of the new debt. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$3,438,002 and a reduction of \$4,258,436 in future debt service payments.

In 2016, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 issued in the principal amount of \$33,060,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip underground parking facilities in the downtown area of the City and pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.60% to 4.05% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2022.

In 2018, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 issued in the principal amount of \$30,205,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip underground parking facilities in the downtown area of the City and pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.60% to 4.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2022.

In 2019, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 issued in the principal amount of \$9,685,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip underground parking facilities in the downtown area of the City and pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.50% to 4.00% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2025.

In 2020, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 issued in the principal amount of \$8,605,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip parking facilities near the new civic center arena site and pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.12% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2023.

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## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Authority's Series 2015, Taxable Series 2016, Taxable Series 2018, Taxable Series 2019 and Taxable Series 2020 bonds are not a direct debt of the City; however, under the contract between the Authority and the City, the City is obligated to exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required under the contract. Such contractually required amounts are presented on page 68.

## (5) <u>Civic Center Contractual Obligations</u>

In 2019, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Downtown Savannah Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 issued in the principal amount of \$45,120,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip a new civic center arena and related improvements in the downtown area of the City and pay issuance costs related to the bonds. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.20% and mature serially beginning August 1, 2020.

The Authority's Taxable Series 2019 bonds are not a direct debt of the City; however, under the contract between the Authority and the City, the City is obligated to exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required under the contract. Such contractually required amounts are presented on page 68.

### (6) Sanitation Fund Resource Recovery Bonds

In 2018, the City entered into a contractual obligation related to the Resource Recovery Development Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2018 issued in the principal amount of \$11,085,000. The proceeds of the bond sale were made available to the City in order to provide funds necessary to develop, acquire, construct, and equip a landfill expansion at the City's Dean Forest Road facility and pay issuance costs related to the bond. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.96% and matures serially beginning August 1, 2020.

The Authority's Series 2018 bonds are not a direct debt of the City; however, under the contract between the Authority and the City, the City is obligated to exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required under the contract. Such contractually required amounts are presented on page 68.

## NOTE 7 - LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

### (A) <u>City as Lessee</u>

(1) Governmental Activities

In 2021, the City entered into a leasing agreement as lessee for the use of passenger vehicles and light duty trucks for a lease term of five years. The lease agreement is a multi-year agreement under which the lessor will provide vehicles to the City as requested by the City and as available to the lessor. During 2024, the City received 78 vehicles under the agreement and recorded a corresponding lease liability of \$3,547,331. The

remaining lease liability as of year end was \$9,365,351. The City used an interest rate ranging from 3.86% to 5.00% to value the leases. The total value of the right-to-use assets at December 31, 2024 was \$14,456,444 and accumulated amortization of \$5,123,821.

In 2023, the City entered into a leasing agreement as lessee for the use of commercial lawnmowers for a lease term of twenty months. During 2023, the City received 37 mowers under the agreement and recorded a corresponding lease liability of \$522,549. The remaining lease liability as of year end was \$275,772. The lease agreement contained a nominal annual interest rate of 7.10%. The total value of the right-to-use assets at December 31, 2024 was \$522,549 and accumulated amortization of \$142,866.

In 2024, the City entered into a leasing agreement as lessee for the use of 200 wall mounted automated external defibrillators (AED) for a lease term of 60 months. During 2024, the City recorded a corresponding lease liability of \$541,950. The remaining lease liability as of year end was \$426,951. The City used an interest rate of 3.05% to value the lease. The total value of the right-to-use assets at December 31, 2024 was \$541,950 and accumulated amortization of \$114,999.

In addition to the vehicle, mower and AED leases, the City has entered into leases for office space to support various General Fund activities. The table that follows provides information related to these leases:

Location	Commencement Date	Lease Term in Years	Interest Rate			Liability at Year End
305 Fahm Street	2019	10	2.98%	\$4,	721,791	\$ 2,083,044
2250 E. Victory Drive	2018	11	3.05%	1,	564,087	576,560
602 E. Lathrop Avenue	2018	8	3.05%	2,	711,816	332,662
5521 Abercorn Street	2021	5	1.05%		141,030	50,549
6600 Abercorn Street	2023	5	5.00%	1,	971,521	1,256,915
1900 E. Victory Drive B-5	2023	5	5.00%		35,145	24,259
1000 Business Center Drive	2023	4	5.00%		411,232	346,961
						\$ 4,670,950

The City also leases various office space to support workforce development activities within the Grant Fund, a non-major, special revenue fund. The following table provides information related to these leases:

Location	Commencement Date	Lease Term in Years	Interest Rate	 tial Lease _iability	Lia	Lease ability at ear End
1600 Union Street	2021	5	3.50%	\$ 206,605	\$	63,790
305 S. Main Street	2024	3	5.00%	237,331		174,331
7216 Skidaway Road	2021	5	3.50%	831,758		228,462
140-142 E. MLK Jr. Drive	2022	3	3.50%	126,932		16,686
1712 Osborne Road Unit G	2023	2	5.00%	25,028		10,090
410 S. Columbia Avenue	2023	3	5.00%	73,099		27,083
					\$	520,442

Debt service requirements to maturity as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending Dec 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 5,072,954	\$ 620,196	\$ 5,693,150
2026	4,252,734	562,475	4,815,209
2027	3,267,116	503,717	3,770,833
2028	2,076,039	392,274	2,468,313
2029	 590,623	120,175	710,798
Total	\$ 15,259,466	\$2,198,837	\$17,458,303

### (2) Business-Type Activities

**Parking Services Fund.** In 2020, the City entered into a 10 year lease agreement as lessee for the use of 22.5 acres located on West Gwinnett Street to use as a parking lot for the Enmarket Arena. The initial lease liability was calculated as \$5,305,893 using the City's incremental borrowing rate of 2.274%. During 2024, the City extended the lease agreement from 10 years to 30 years and increased the lease liability by \$12,490,243 using the City's incremental borrowing rate of 2.274%. As of December 31, the value of the lease liability was \$15,635,820.

Debt service requirements to maturity as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending Dec 31	<u>Principal</u>	l	<u>nterest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 541,004	\$	64,374	\$	605,378
2026	544,844		78,695		623,539
2027	548,712		93,533		642,245
2028	552,607		108,905		661,512
2029	556,530		124,828		681,358
2030 through 2034	2,888,639		898,353		3,786,992
2035 through 2039	3,001,979	-	,401,283		4,403,262
2040 through 2044	3,160,567	2	2,027,657		5,188,224
2045 through 2049	3,284,577	2	2,747,945		6,032,522
2050 through 2054	 556,361		535,868		1,092,229
Total	\$ 15,635,820	\$8	3,081,441	\$2	23,717,261

## (B) <u>City as Lessor</u>

The City leases property for use by others for terms varying from 3 to 50 years. Total revenues from rental of property for the City's governmental activities and business-type activities were \$441,444, and \$743,079, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2024. Variable payments and short-term lease payments totaled \$209,032 for the City's governmental activities for the year. Variable payments and short-term lease payments totaled \$677,844 for the City's business-type activities for the year, including \$100,300 in in-kind rent for Bacon Park Golf Course and \$424,263 for the City's Enmarket Arena.

Minimum future revenues and rentals to be received under leases as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business Activiti					
Year Ended December 31	Ρ	rincipal	I	nterest	Ρ	rincipal	I	nterest
2025	\$	227,447	\$	180,981	\$	461,791	\$	88,209
2026		108,022		110,977		475,256		124,744
2027		104,969		119,042		448,355		151,645
2028		102,121		129,002		422,976		177,024
2029		69,367		115,386		399,034		200,966
2030-2034		177,847		538,597		672,397		427,603
2035-2039		17,649		119,600				
Total Minimum Revenues	\$	807,422	\$ ·	1,313,585	\$2	2,879,809	\$ 1	I,170,191

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### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (C) Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The City has entered into SBITA involving various desktop and server software. As of December 31, 2024, all SBITA have fixed, periodic, payments over the subscription periods, which range from 3 to 5 years and expire no later than fiscal year 2026. There are no commitments or outflows of resources related to SBITA that are not yet effective. The ending SBITA liability as of December 31, 2024 was \$501,671 and was reported in the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position and was reported in the Revolving Fund, an internal service fund, at the fund level. See Note 5 for changes in subscription right-of-use assets for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Future subscription payments as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>I</u>	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	305,892	\$	54,585	\$ 360,477		
2026		195,779		54,090	 249,869		
Total	\$	501,671	\$	108,675	\$ 610,346		

### **NOTE 8 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS**

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision is being recognized based on the estimated future closure and postclosure care costs to be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of landfill capacity utilized during the year.

The \$18,286,634 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2024, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 85.83% of the estimated capacity of Cells 1A – 1C and 3.91% of the estimated capacity of Cell 1D. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability for the Cells 1A – 1C and Cell 1D are \$17,631,970 and \$654,664, respectively. Based on landfill capacity, the estimated remaining useful life of the landfill is approximately 29.6 years. The total estimated costs of closure and postclosure care costs as determined at December 31, 2024 amounted to \$37,286,219. Actual cost of closure and postclosure care may fluctuate annually due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in environmental laws and regulations.

As of December 31, 2024, the City had recognized a liability of \$18,286,634 in landfill closure and postclosure costs. During 2024, the City recognized \$941,595 as closure and postclosure care expense. These amounts were determined as follows:

	Cells 1A - 1C	Cell 1D
Estimated total cost of closure and postclosure care	\$ 20,542,899	\$ 16,743,320
Percent utilized at 12/31/2024	85.83%	3.91%
Total postclosure and closure liability at 12/31/2024	17,631,970	654,664
Less amount recognized in prior years	17,345,039	
Current year closure/postclosure expense	\$ 286,931	\$ 654,664

The City will fund the closure and postclosure care costs with user fees and subsidies from the General Fund. As of December 31, 2024, no amount of assets had been restricted for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The landfill postclosure and closure liability of \$18,286,634 is included in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

## **NOTE 9 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

## (1) <u>Plan Description</u>

*Plan Administration.* The City administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan (the City of Savannah Employee Benefit Plan) to provide medical and life insurance benefits to its retirees. Membership in the Plan by City retirees is voluntary. In addition to eligible City retirees, eligible retirees of the Savannah Airport Commission, Metropolitan Planning Commission and Chatham-Savannah Youth Futures Authority may also participate in the Plan. The Savannah Airport Commission and the Youth Futures Authority elected to discontinue coverage under the Plan for active employees; however, it continues to cover retirees who elected coverage previously. The Plan's trustee is designated as the City of Savannah with the City's Chief Financial Officer serving as the Trustee contact and its Assistant Chief Financial Officer as an alternate contact.

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Plan membership*. The Plan covers both general and uniform employees of the participating employers. At December 31, 2022, membership in the OPEB plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,130
Active plan participants	<u>2,094</u>
Total	<u>3,224</u>

*Benefits provided.* The Plan provides members, upon eligible retirement, with healthcare insurance and life insurance benefits. The benefits provided are not guaranteed and are subject to change at any time. In addition, the benefit provisions are subject to annual appropriation of funds by the City's Mayor and Aldermen. The Plan does not provide for automatic or ad hoc postretirement benefit increases; however, the benefit provisions provided by the Plan may be amended, established or terminated at any time by a vote of the City's Mayor and Aldermen. The Plan Document specifies the types and levels of Plan benefits as well as member contribution requirements. The City of Savannah provides administration of the Plan, including setting funding policies, and reports the Plan as a fiduciary fund in its annual comprehensive financial report. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

### (2) Contributions and Reserves

*City contributions.* As administrator of the Plan, the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Savannah are the authority under which the obligations of the plan members and the employers to contribute to the plan are established and are amended.

The funding of the plan is derived from two sources: member contributions and employer contributions. Member contributions are set at a level sufficient to achieve 30 percent of the expected funding target for pre-Medicare retirees and 25 percent for post-Medicare retirees. Employers are required to contribute the remaining amounts needed to achieve the expected funding target. The funding target for a given year is set at a level sufficient to cover expected medical and prescription claims, insurance premiums and administration costs. No contributions to the Plan by the City of Savannah were required for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## (3) OPEB Plan Investments

The investment policy of the Plan is issued for the guidance of fiduciaries, including investment managers and the City, in the course of investing the Trust funds of the City and is consistent with the Prudent Investor Rule and any other applicable statue. Policy guidelines will be amended from time to time by the City both upon its own initiative and upon consideration of the advice and recommendations of the investment managers and Plan professionals, including the Plan's investment consultant. The current policy was adopted by the City in January of 2016 and has not been amended since that time. The purpose of the investment policy is to clearly articulate the City's view on the Trust's investment objectives and risk tolerance. This policy establishes a target asset allocation and benchmarks that will be used to monitor performance.

The current asset allocations for the Plan are as follows:

Asset Class	Asset Class Benchmark	Minimum Weight	Target Weight	Maximum Weight
Large Cap Equity	S&P 500 Index	30%	40%	60%
Small Cap Equity	Russell 2000 Index	5%	10%	15%
International Equity	MSCI EAFE Index (Net)	5%	10%	15%
Real Estate	MSCI U.S. REIT Index	5%	10%	15%
Inflation Protected Bonds	Barclays US Treasury US TIPs Index	0%	10%	15%
Intermediate Aggregate Bonds	Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index	15%	20%	30%
Money Market	Barclays 91-Day US T-Bill Index	0%	0%	5%
Total			100%	

The annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments for 2024 was 12.5%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## (4) <u>Net OPEB Asset</u>

The components of the Net OPEB Asset are as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 84,843,542
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	104,416,444
Net OPEB Asset	-19,572,902
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	123.07%

### Changes in the Net OPEB Asset

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total	OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fi	duciary Net Position (b)	Ne	t OPEB Asset (a) - (b)
Balances - beginning of year	\$	77,107,849	\$	92,995,547	\$	(15,887,698)
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		2,122,302				2,122,302
Interest expense		5,347,610				5,347,610
Differences between expected and actual experience		293,845				293,845
Changes of assumptions		4,367,676				4,367,676
Contributionsemployer				154,047		(154,047)
Contributionsemployee				2,194,758		(2,194,758)
Net investment income				16,075,768		(16,075,768)
Benefits paid, including refunds of member contributions		(4,395,740)		(6,590,498)		2,194,758
Plan administrative expenses				(413,178)		413,178
Net Changes		7,735,693		11,420,897		(3,685,204)
Balances - end of year	\$	84,843,542	\$	104,416,444	\$	(19,572,902)

The Net OPEB Asset was measured as of December 31, 2023. Plan Fiduciary Net Position (plan assets) was valued as of the measurement date and the Total OPEB Liability was determined from an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported an amount of \$21,345,545 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The City's proportionate share was 125.70 percent.

#### (5) Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 that used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Specific rates by age, varying from 5.50% to 3.50%, including inflation
Discount Rate	7.00% for City of Savannah and Youth Futures. 3.26% (3.75% for December 31, 2022 measurement) for Savannah Airport Commission and Metropolitan Planning Commission.
Healthcare costs trend rates	
Medical	Pre-65: Initial rate is 7.00%, trending dow n to 4.50% over 10 years. Post-65: Initial rate is 5.00%, trending dow n to 4.50% over 2 years.
Prescription drug Administrative costs	Initial rate is 8.00%, trending dow n to 4.50% over 14 years 3.00%
Mortality Rates	<u>Pre-Retirement</u> : Pri-2012 Employee Amount-w eighted Mortality Table; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020.
	<u>Healthy</u> : Pri-2012 Healthy Retiree Amount-w eighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020.
	<u>Disabled</u> : Pri-2012 Disabled Retiree Amount-w eighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020

Many of the demographic assumptions used in this valuation (including mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, percent married and relative ages of spouses) are the same as used in the City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan's Actuarial Valuation and Review as of January 1, 2024, dated July 29, 2024, completed by Segal Consulting. These assumptions were reviewed as part of the pension valuation process, and Segal had no reason to doubt their reasonableness for use in the valuation.

The following presents the Net OPEB liability(asset) as if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates.

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Net OPEB Asset	(\$27,417,109)	(\$19,572,902)	(\$10,339,775)

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Net OPEB Asset	(\$29,015,259)	(\$21,345,545)	(\$12,321,163)

### (6) Development of Discount Rate and Investment Rates of Return

A 7.00% discount rate was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL as of December 31, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses. The projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	6.60%
International Equity	6.70%
Intermediate Aggregate Bonds	3.60%
Real Estate	3.40%
Inflation Protected Bonds	1.00%

Nature of assets: The assets are maintained in an irrevocable trust dedicated to OPEB.

The following presents the Net OPEB Asset as if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
Net OPEB Asset	(\$11,132,471)	(\$19,572,902)	(\$26,767,576)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage pointer lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
Net OPEB Asset	(\$13,131,078)	(\$21,345,545)	(\$28,353,219)

## (7) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accrual basis of accounting is used with respect to the recognition in the financial statements of contributions, benefits paid, and refunds paid. Plan investments, if any, are reported at their fair value at the reporting date. The fair value of an investment is the amount that the Plan could reasonably expect to receive for it in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller and for financial reporting purposes is measured by the market price unless such prices are not available, in which case, fair value is estimated. As of December 31, 2024 the Plan reported \$109,776,412 in investments.

The Plan has entered into no long-term contracts for contributions to the Plan with either employers or participants and, therefore, no amounts of contractually required contributions were outstanding at the reporting date.

### (8) OPEB Expense

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized an OPEB expense credit of \$6,773,818.

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## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## (9) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Outflows of Resources	Deferred I	nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,422,475	\$	1,395,324
Changes of assumption		3,106,458		15,531,146
Net difference between projeced and actual earnings on investments		5,619,074		
Totals	\$	12,148,007	\$	16,926,470

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:			
2025	(\$	5,997,222)	
2026	(\$	717,435)	
2027	\$	3,881,994	
2028	(\$	1,945,800)	
2029 and after		-\$0-	

### (10) Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

For the actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2022, the actuarial cost method used in determining the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) was the projected unit cost method. In addition, the asset valuation method used was the market value. Other significant assumptions used to determine the ADC were as follows:

- The inflation rate was assumed to be 2.75 percent annually.
- The investment rate of return was assumed to be 7.00 percent for prefunded plan, 3.26 percent for pay-as-you-go plans.
- Projected salary increases were specific rates by age, varying from 5.50% to 3.50%, including inflation.
- The medical cost trend rate (pre 65) used was 7.00 percent graded to 4.50 percent over 10 years.
- The medical cost trend rate (post 65) used was 5.00 percent graded to 4.50 percent over 2 years.

- The drug cost trend rate is 8.00 percent, trending down to 4.50% over 14 years.
- The amortization method used was level percent of pay and the amortization period for the most recent actuarial valuation was 14 years and the period is closed.

#### (11) Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the OPEB Plan

## CITY OF SAVANNAH STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION OPEB TRUST FUND DECEMBER 31, 2024

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	893,725
Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. government obligations		9,783,481
Domestic corporate bonds		21,862,579
Domestic equities	;	56,961,873
International equities		10,914,545
Real estate fund		10,253,934
Total investments	1	09,776,412
Total assets	1	10,670,137
LIABILITIES		
Payable from restricted assets:		
Accounts payable		165,538
Total liabilities		165,538
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Post employment benefits other than pensions	\$ 1	10,504,599

## (12) Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the OPEB Plan

ADDITIONO

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION OPEB TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employers	\$ 161,297
Plan members	2,083,349
Total contributions	 2,244,646
Investment income	
Interest and dividends	507,206
Real estate net income	703,732
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	 12,069,262
Total investment income	 13,280,200
Less investment expense	 583,546
Net investment income	12,696,654
Total additions	 14,941,300
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	8,385,481
Administrative expense	 467,664
Total deductions	 8,853,145
Change in net position	6,088,155
Net position:	
Beginning of year - January 1	 104,416,444
End of year - December 31	\$ 110,504,599

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Under the risk management program, the Risk Management Internal Service Fund provides coverage for worker's compensation claims, general liability claims, employee health benefit claims, unemployment compensation claims, and property damage claims. The City purchases property and liability insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund. As in the past three fiscal years, settled property damage claims in 2024 did not exceed commercial coverage.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. During 2024, premiums paid into the fund by both the City and its employees were exceeded by the liabilities incurred for the various types of claims covered by \$3,621,635. The amount available for catastrophic losses at December 31, 2024 had a total net position balance of \$16,953,508.

The Risk Management Fund establishes claim liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of potential claims that have occurred but not yet been reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage, subrogation, and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in the aggregate amount finally paid, particularly for coverages such as general liability. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

The claims liability of \$6,652,165 reported as of year-end is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 30, which requires that a liability for claims be established if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. At December 31, 2024, \$2,518,079 of those covered liabilities is considered to be long-term and \$4,134,086 is considered to be due within one year. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for the current and prior fiscal years are presented below:

Year	Beginning of Year Liability		Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Paid	Eı	nd of Year Liability
2022	\$	8,524,258	\$	30,325,111	\$ (32,703,850)	\$	6,145,519
2023		6,145,519		48,191,821	(44,498,901)		9,838,439
2024		9,838,439		34,662,271	(37,848,545)		6,652,165

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS, RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund transfers in (out) for the year ended December 31, 2024, are as follows:

<u>Transfer From</u>	<u>Transfer To</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
General Fund	Hazardous Materials Team Fund	\$ 558,013	Provide resources to fund operating expenditures.
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	41,711,000	Provide resources to fund planned capital project expenditures.
General Fund	Community Development Fund	2,121,148	Provide resources to fund operating expenditures and grant matches.
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	4,878,373	Provide resources to fund debt service expenditures.
General Fund	Grant Fund	776,938	Provide resources to fund operating expenditures and grant matches.
General Fund	Impact Fee Fund	13,736	Provide resources to fund capital project expenditures.
General Fund	Water and Sew er Fund	5,800,000	Repayment of resources provided in previous years.
Sanitation Fund	General Fund	882,908	Transfer restricted revenues to fund required to expend them.
Sanitation Fund	Water and Sew er Fund	403,101	Repayment of resources provided in previous years.
Grant Fund	Sanitation Fund	75,000	Transfer grant proceeds to reimburse operating expenditures.
Hotel/motel Tax Fund	General Fund	17,791,009	Transfer restricted revenues to fund required to expend them.
Hotel/motel Tax Fund	Lodging Tax Tourism Development	6,974,076	Transfer restricted revenues to fund required to expend them.
Auto Rental Tax Fund	Civic Center Fund	3,350,610	Transfer restricted revenues to fund required to expend them.
Tax Allocation District I Fund	General Fund	 9,123,212	Repayment of resources provided in previous years.
	Total	\$ 94,459,124	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, (3) subsidize funding shortfalls, and (4) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund and other funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, including capital projects, in accordance with budgetary operations.

In certain years, the General Fund transfers amounts to the Tax Allocation District I Fund to fund debt service obligations liquidated by the Tax Allocation District I Fund. While the transfers do not meet the definition of an advance and no advance to/from is recorded on the financial statements, if future revenues within the Tax Allocation District I Fund are sufficient a repayment of these transfers is desired by the City. As of December 31, 2024, the General Fund had transferred an aggregate total of \$12,796,930 to the Tax Allocation District I Fund to pay debt service obligations of the fund.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Payable from	Payable to	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 149,862,279	Committed funds for capital projects. Cash is transferred only as project costs are paid.
			This balance may not be paid within one year.
Grant Fund	General Fund	281,044	Cash to be repaid upon receipt of amounts due from other governments as
			reimbursements for grant eligible expenditures.
Hotel/motel Tax	General Fund	1,164,907	Hotel/motel taxes receivable at year end which are to be transfered to the General Fund
			when received.
Hotel/motel Tax	Lodging Tax Tourism Development Fund	456,644	Hotel/motel taxes receivable at year end which are to be transfered to the Lodging Tax
			Tourism Development Fund when received.
Automobile Rental	Civic Center Fund	232,206	Auto rental taxes receivable at year end which are to be transfered to the Civic Center
			Fund when received.
		\$ 151,997,080	_

## **NOTE 12 - RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES**

Receivables at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>
Taxes Receivable	\$16,873,738	
Due from other Governments	26,347,358	
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	13,902,339	\$78,003,303
Less: allowance for uncollectible	2,533,164	45,546,149
Total	\$ <u>54,590,271</u>	\$ <u>32,457,154</u>

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Payables at December 31, 2024 consisted of:		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>
Due to vendors	\$ 20,931,799	\$ 18,673,327
Accrued payroll, tax liabilities, and withholdings Total	<u>1,869,148</u> \$ <u>22,800,947</u>	\$ <u>18,673,327</u>

#### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCE AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The Statement of Net Position shows certain amounts as restricted net position. These amounts are restricted in their use by parties outside the City such as creditors, grantors, or contributors, or restricted by law or regulation. Components of Restricted Net Position at December 31, 2024 include:

Activity	Restricted by	Amount
Governmental Activities:	-	
Sales Tax Capital Projects	Law	\$181,330,890
Other Capital Projects	Bond covenants	7,595,821
Community Development projects	Grantor agencies and law	24,931,274
Economic development projects	Creditor – U. S. Dept. of Housing & Urban Development	406,219
Nonexpendable Perpetual Care	Cemetery perpetual care	9,187,060
Debt service	Bond covenants	1,226,260
Convention and tourism	Law	9,585,647
Court technology fee	Law	34,103
Other grants	Grantor agencies	1,500,096
OPEB	Trust covenants	15,927,715
Business-Type Activities:		
Debt service	Bond covenants	1,443,000
OPEB	Trust covenants	5,417,830

As of December 31, 2024, Governmental Funds' balance sheet reports fund balances as follows:

	General	Capital Improvements	SPLOST 2020- 2026	Non-major Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Permanent fund principal	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,187,060
Restricted for:				
Public safety				527,411
Tourism enhancement				9,585,647
Community development program and administration				406,219
Debt service				1,836,606
Other capital projects			134,947,122	53,997,124
Committed to:				
Governance and strategic services	615,536			
Information and public affairs	118,679			
Management services	767,760			773,677
Governmental operations	419,167			
Water resources	1,356,670			
Planning and economic development	681,222			
Police	339,736			
Recorder's court	6,046			
Fire	85,474			
Community services	225,034			1,407,297
Other capital projects		178,785,479		. ,
Unassigned:	59,598,399	, ,		
Total fund balances	\$64,213,723	\$ 178,785,479	\$ 134,947,122	\$ 77,721,041

For fund balances reported as committed, the government's highest level of decision making authority is the Mayor and Alderman, which may establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment through the passage of an ordinance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to have been spent.

The Statement of Net Position shows certain amounts as net investment in capital assets. Governmental activities net investment in capital assets included capital assets of \$1,012,509,060 less related debt of \$95,474,646, which includes contractor retainage payable and accrued accounts payable of \$10,031,208 and debt of \$85,443,438. The contractor retainage payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Business-type activities net investment in capital assets included capital assets of \$774,366,042 less related debt of \$155,949,836, which includes contractor retainage payable and accrued accounts payable of \$13,071,905 and debt of \$142,877,931. The contractor retainage payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable amount is presented in the financial statements in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Encumbrances are commitments to unfilled purchase orders or unfilled contracts. Funds have been committed to a specific order, but the goods or services have not been billed or received. The City had significant outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2024 as follows:

	<u>General Fund</u>
Contract services	\$3,874,110
Commodities	<u>741,214</u>
Total	<u>\$4,615,324</u>

#### **NOTE 14 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable 60 days after final notification on delinquency of property taxes. Property taxes are levied on all taxable real, public utilities, and personal property (including vehicles) located within the City. Assessed values for property tax purposes are determined by the Chatham County Board of Tax Assessors for all property except public utility. Assessed value is set at 40% of market value. Public utility assessed value is set by the State of Georgia.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

2024 (tentative) millage rate adopted by resolution	
Beginning of fiscal year for taxes	
First installment real property tax bills rendered	
First installment real property tax payment due	
County Tax Digest approved by the State of Georgia	
2024 final millage rate adopted by resolution	
Second installment real property tax bills rendered	
Personal property tax bills rendered	
Second installment real property tax payment due	
Personal property tax payment due	

December 31, 2023 January 1, 2024 April 11, 2024 May 15, 2024 September 12, 2024 July 31, 2024 October 4, 2024 October 4, 2024 November 21, 2024 November 27, 2024

#### NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The City participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, the City will have a single audit performed for the year ended December 31, 2024. The City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established upon the completion of the single audit. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City reviews all outstanding claims and judgements to determine if any estimated liabilities should be accrued at year end. Based on the review of the claims and past experience, it has been determined that there were no material claims and judgements outstanding at December 31, 2024, which have not been accrued.

## **NOTE 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

As of December 31, 2024, the City provides tax abatements through the creation of enterprise zones pursuant to O.C.G.A. 36-88-1 to encourage private enterprises to invest in certain areas of the City by creating jobs and trade, providing services, and other economic activities. Abatements are obtained through application by qualifying businesses or homeowners. Applicants must meet one of the following requirements: 1) job creation incentive – create and maintain five new full-time equivalent jobs for the duration of the ten year graduated tax abatement period, or 2) land improvement incentive – invest in new residential construction or rehabilitation or other rehabilitation of an existing structure such that the value of the improvements exceeds the value of the land by a ratio of five to one. Under the program, municipal ad valorem property taxes may be exempted in accordance with the following schedule:

- 1. One hundred percent of the property taxes shall be exempted for the first five years;
- 2. Eighty percent of the property taxes shall be exempted for the next two years;
- 3. Sixty percent of the property taxes shall be exempted for the next year;
- 4. Forty percent of the property taxes shall be exempted for the next year;
- 5. Twenty percent of the property taxes shall be exempted for the next year.

During 2024, as part of the enterprise zone tax abatement program, the City tax revenues were reduced by \$289,642 under agreements entered into by the City of Savannah.

#### NOTE 17 - TRANSPORTATION RELATED EXPENDITURES

In accordance with O.C.G.A. 48-8-267(b)(2) the City's total General Fund expenditures for transportation were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2024:

For transportation reported in Section 4200 of the Uniform Chart of Accounts (Sections 4210-4290) the City expended \$45,660,655.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 103,449,694	\$ 110,386,078	\$ 111,129,224	\$ 743,146
Intangible, transfer and franchise taxes	25,056,647	25,014,548	26,794,571	1,780,023
General sales tax	71,000,000	67,000,000	66,417,360	(582,640)
Selective sales taxes	9,700,314	7,130,000	7,749,613	619,613
Business taxes	13,500,543	13,893,763	14,098,794	205,031
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	543,183	850,000	893,040	43,040
Licenses and permits	2,873,822	2,715,630	2,839,742	124,112
Inspection fees	6,515,410	5,817,000	7,468,907	1,651,907
Intergovernmental revenue	2,842,772	4,405,180	7,249,103	2,843,923
Charges for services	5,160,385	4,636,706	4,754,586	117,880
Indirect cost allocations	7,768,806	7,813,314	7,813,317	3
Fines and forfeitures	3,914,000	4,713,326	4,917,584	204,258
Investment income	2,100,000	8,725,000	9,320,797	595,797
Miscellaneous revenue	2,611,432	2,263,237	1,539,702	(723,535)
Total revenues	257,037,008	265,363,782	272,986,340	7,622,558
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Governance and strategic services	13,575,277	14,294,056	12,188,195	2,105,861
Information and public affairs	3,114,425	3,161,380	3,069,050	92,330
Management services	25,214,873	27,431,499	27,321,137	110,362
Governmental operations	39,933,994	38,850,460	37,616,054	1,234,406
Water resources	7,945,485	8,221,425	7,331,791	889,634
Planning and economic development	26,440,394	26,237,309	25,352,549	884,760
Police	67,838,692	66,093,335	66,010,368	82,967
Recorder's court	2,879,626	3,196,453	3,158,718	37,735
Fire	39,441,552	40,629,738	40,617,416	12,322
Community services	23,926,741	20,881,327	19,226,431	1,654,896
Debt Service:				
Principal		1,500,000	1,450,675	49,325
Interest and fiscal charges		200,000	194,245	5,755
Total expenditures	250,311,059	250,696,982	243,536,629	7,160,353
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,725,949	14,666,800	29,449,711	14,782,911
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	17,649,821	18,875,000	27,797,129	8,922,129
Transfers out	(24,425,770)	(41,497,934)	(55,859,208)	(14,361,274)
Debt issuance			3,271,092	3,271,092
Sale of capital assets	50,000	1,756,134	1,839,152	83,018
Total other financing sources and uses	(6,725,949)	(20,866,800)	(22,951,835)	(2,085,035)
I otal other infancing sources and uses	(0,723,949)	(20,000,000)	(22,951,055)	(2,003,033)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (6,200,000)	6,497,876	\$ 12,697,876
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1			57,715,847	
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$ 64,213,723	

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Revenue Charges for services Interest earned Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 6,991,939	\$ 8,284,650	\$ 4,167,322 1,790,624 23,154	\$ (4,117,328) 1,790,624 23,154
Total revenues	6,991,939	8,284,650	5,981,100	(2,303,550)
EXPENDITURES:				
Community development program and administration	9,703,227	10,925,585	8,102,248	2,823,337
Total expenditures	9,703,227	10,925,585	8,102,248	2,823,337
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,711,288)	(2,640,935)	(2,121,148)	519,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Total other financing sources	2,711,288	2,640,935	2,121,148	<u>(519,787)</u> (519,787)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	2,121,140	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1				
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			<u>\$ -</u>	

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	BODGLI	BODGLI	ACTUAL	TINAL BODGLT
Selective sales taxes	\$ 45,000,000	\$ 48,000,000	\$ 47,442,692	\$ (557,308)
Total revenues	45,000,000	48,000,000	47,442,692	(557,308)
EXPENDITURES:				
Planning and economic development	21,510,000	22,944,000	22,677,607	266,393
Total expenditures	21,510,000	22,944,000	22,677,607	266,393
Excess of revenues over expenditures	23,490,000	25,056,000	24,765,085	(290,915)
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers out	(23,490,000)	(25,056,000)	(24,765,085)	(290,915)
Total other financing uses	(23,490,000)	(25,056,000)	(24,765,085)	(290,915)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$-		\$ (581,830)
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1				
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$-	

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS 2024 <u>2023</u> 2022 2021 2020 2019 <u>2018</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2016</u> 2015 Total pension liability 13,156,932 11,773,197 Service cost \$ \$ \$ 11,727,549 \$ 11,805,608 \$ 11,411,039 \$ 12,197,176 \$ 12,277,259 \$ 13,751,371 \$ 12,832,463 \$ 12,803,097 41,851,322 40,384,046 38,513,298 38,145,085 37,031,735 35,850,147 34,059,918 32,713,986 31,983,189 30,562,389 Interest Differences between expected and actual experience 9,955,476 4,381,029 11,643,568 1,762,039 (1,025,181) 7,761,517 (1,248,522) 4.870.999 (9,445,475) Change of assumptions 5.452.648 (4.829.920)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (38,737,175) (36,630,269) (35,623,005) (33,318,110) (32,616,874) (30,396,491) (27,404,258) (26,130,536) (25,750,547)(24,314,601) Net change in total pension liability 26,226,555 19,908,003 26,261,410 23,847,270 14,800,719 25,412,349 17,684,397 20,375,900 9,619,630 19,050,885 Total pension liability - beginning 583,471,266 563,563,263 537,301,853 513,454,583 498,653,864 473,241,515 455,557,118 435,181,218 425,561,588 406,510,703 Total pension liability - ending (a) \$ 609,697,821 \$ 583,471,266 \$ 563,563,263 \$ 537,301,853 \$ 513,454,583 \$ 498,653,864 \$ 473,241,515 \$ 455,557,118 \$ 435,181,218 \$ 425,561,588 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 11,989,213 \$ 12,975,840 \$ 12,258,946 \$ 12,019,866 \$ 11,243,151 10.643.079 10.331.820 10,361,785 \$ 10.588.773 11.378.991 Contributions - employer \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,572,831 7,903,062 7,459,327 6,948,068 6,656,241 Contributions - employee 8,822,722 7.883.418 7,222,808 7,794,899 7.522.500 Net investment income 42,604,355 (78, 177, 688) 61,559,295 62,207,444 72,761,682 (11, 332, 027)50,376,309 26,131,579 3,612,074 23,393,123 (38,737,175) (33,318,110) (30,396,491) (25,750,547) (24,314,601) Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (36,630,269) (35,623,005) (32,616,874) (27,404,258) (26, 130, 536)(60,680) (188,292) (167.060) (166.473) (174,546) (156.206) (122,121) (75.177) (157.329) (99.358) Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position 25,477,450 (94,832,653) 45,362,514 47,861,001 57,854,489 (24,059,492) 41,053,558 18,051,636 (3,968,743) 17,624,618 419,076,560 420,685,698 362,831,209 327,785,507 314,129,632 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 513,909,213 468.546.699 386,890,701 345.837.143 331,754,250 Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) 444,554,010 419,076,560 513,909,213 468,546,699 420,685,698 362,831,209 386,890,701 345,837,143 327,785,507 331,754,250 \$ 135,822,655 \$ 93,807,338 Employers' net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) 165,143,811 \$ 164,394,706 49,654,050 68,755,154 92,768,885 \$ 86,350,814 \$ 109,719,975 \$ 107,395,711 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 72.91% 71.82% 91.19% 87.20% 81.93% 72.76% 81.75% 75.92% 75.32% 77.96% 124,317,051 113,344,761 115,163,120 108,499,848 114,069,874 \$ 115,437,152 108,873,305 99,962,326 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 106,204,028 \$ \$ \$ \$ 100,296,655 Covered payroll Employers' net pension liability as a percentage of 132.84% 145.04% 43.12% 63.37% 87.35% 119.07% 74.80% 100.78% 107.44% 93.53% covered payroll

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: There have been no benefit changes since the last valuation.

Change of assumptions: There have been no assumption changes since the last valuation.

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$11,378,988	\$11,378,991	(\$3)	\$99,962,326	11.38%
2016	10,588,767	10,588,773	(6)	108,873,305	9.73%
2017	10,233,131	10,361,785	(128,654)	115,437,152	8.98%
2018	10,331,820	10,331,820	0	114,069,874	9.06%
2019	10,643,079	10,643,079	0	106,204,028	10.02%
2020	11,243,151	11,243,151	0	108,499,848	10.36%
2021	12,019,866	12,019,866	0	115,163,120	10.44%
2022	12,258,946	12,258,946	0	113,344,761	10.82%
2023	11,475,840	12,975,840	(1,500,000)	124,317,051	10.44%
2024	13,226,664	14,746,664	(1,520,000)	146,200,916	10.09%

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF VALUATION DETAILS **DECEMBER 31, 2024**

Valuation date	Actuarially determined conribution rates are calculated as of January 1 and then projected to be paid in the following fiscal year
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit method for actuarilly determined contributions; Entry age actuarial cost method for total pension liability
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, using a 2.75% salary inflation
Remaining amortization period	Closed period, 20 years as of January 1, 2023
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five-year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of the market value.

Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Projected salary increases	Varies by age
Cost of living adjustments	5.00% at participant's adjustment date, 1.00% annually thereafter
Mortality:	
Pre-retirement	Pri-2012 Employee Amount-weighted Mortality Table; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020
Healthy	Pri-2012 Healthy Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020
Disabled	Pri-2012 Disabled Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table, multiplied times 1.25; projected generationally with 60% of Scale SSA-2020
Other information:	Please see the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation for a full listing of assumptions.

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Year Ended December 31	Annual Money- weighted Rate of Return
2015	0.6 %
2016	8.6
2017	15.6
2018	-3.1
2019	20.6
2020	15.7
2021	13.3
2022	-15.2
2023	11.0
2024	10.2

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPORTIONAL SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PLANS WITHOUT A SPECIAL FUNDING SITUATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City's Proportion (Percentage) of the Collective Net Pension Liability	City's Proportion (Amount) of the Collective Net Pension Liability (A)	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Collective Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of the City's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
City of Savannah Employees' Retirement Plan					
2016	90.45%	\$97,139,421	\$90,288,005	107.59%	75.32%
2017	89.29%	97,968,965	98,340,447	99.62%	75.92%
2018	89.85%	77,586,206	104,200,270	74.58%	81.75%
2019	89.30%	121,286,328	102,424,489	118.42%	72.76%
2020	88.43%	82,031,901	95,050,007	86.30%	81.93%
2021	90.10%	61,946,161	97,364,151	63.62%	87.20%
2022	90.64%	45,008,085	104,408,490	43.11%	91.19%
2023	91.10%	149,756,860	104,290,225	143.60%	71.82%
2024	91.54%	151,178,958	114,986,058	131.48%	72.91%

Note: This information is not readily available for 10 years.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPORTIONAL SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PLANS WITH A SPECIAL FUNDING SITUATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City's Proportion (Percentage) of the Collective Net Pension Liability	City's Proportion (Amount) of the Collective Net Pension Liability (A)	State of Georgia's Portion of the Total Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the City (B)	Total (A) + (B)	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Collective Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of the City's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia							
2015	0.00%	\$0	(\$844,334)	(\$844,334)	N/A	N/A	103.58%
2016	0.00%	0	(428,086)	(428,086)	N/A	N/A	97.68%
2017	0.00%	0	(2,035,480)	(2,035,480)	N/A	N/A	92.18%
2018	0.00%	0	(461,193)	(461,193)	N/A	N/A	101.62%
2019	0.00%	0	(596,001)	(596,001)	N/A	N/A	101.79%
2020	0.00%	0	(860,534)	(860,534)	N/A	N/A	102.93%
2021	0.00%	0	469,419	469,419	N/A	N/A	98.36%
2022	0.00%	0	(113,993)	(113,993)	N/A	N/A	100.33%
2023	0.00%	0	6,067,370	6,067,370	N/A	N/A	80.74%
2024	0.00%	0	4,168,073	4,168,073	N/A	N/A	85.04%
Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fu	nd						
2015	0.00%	\$0	\$2,016,199	\$2,016,199	N/A	N/A	89.72%
2016	0.00%	0	3,610,412	3,610,412	N/A	N/A	83.06%
2017	0.00%	0	5,072,023	5,072,023	N/A	N/A	79.03%
2018	0.00%	0	4,278,583	4,278,583	N/A	N/A	83.74%
2019	0.00%	0	4,072,405	4,072,405	N/A	N/A	83.95%
2020	0.00%	0	4,040,647	4,040,647	N/A	N/A	84.67%
2021	0.00%	0	5,117,928	5,117,928	N/A	N/A	80.82%
2022	0.00%	0	986,678	986,678	N/A	N/A	96.77%
2023	0.00%	0	7,391,469	7,391,469	N/A	N/A	77.76%
2024	0.00%	0	5,947,754	5,947,754	N/A	N/A	81.44%

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY(ASSET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		<u>2024</u>		2023		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	\$	2,122,302	\$	2,255,661	\$	2,264,672	\$	2,958,375	\$	3,229,606	\$	3,908,039	\$	3,900,114
Interest Differences between expected and actual experience		5,347,610 293,845		5,564,528 4,905,496		5,630,796 (2,045,921)		5,901,521 (1,833,032)		6,448,883 2,425,527		6,717,194 (1,930,903)		6,285,651
Change of assumptions		4,367,676		(12,312,140)		(3,128,379)		(6,941,130)		(15,626,260)		(12,280,003)		153,173
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(4,395,740) 7,735,693		(3,803,800) (3,390,255)		(3,546,413) (825,245)		(3,336,364) (3,250,630)		(3,845,887) (7,368,131)		(4,293,905) (7,879,578)		<u>(3,638,344)</u> 6,700,594
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		77,107,849		80,498,104		81,323,349		84,573,979		91,942,110		99,821,688		93,121,094
(a) Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	84,843,542	\$	77,107,849	\$	80,498,104	\$	81,323,349	\$	84,573,979	\$	91,942,110	\$	99,821,688
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	154,047	\$	156,581	\$	898,051	\$	2,033,175	\$	2,901,830	\$	4,259,109	\$	5,586,200
Contributions - employee Net investment income		2,194,758 16,075,768		2,265,824 (22,557,502)		2,399,127 15,809,396		2,689,807 14,952,600		2,583,727 16,583,104		(3,787,843)		11,347,263
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(6,590,498)		(6,069,624)		(5,945,540)		(6,026,171)		(6,429,614)		(4,293,905)		(3,638,344)
Administrative expense		(413,178)		(348,727)		(403,089)		(374,093)		(327,958)		(308,339)		(266,941)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		11,420,897		(26,553,448)		12,757,945		13,275,318		15,311,089		(4,130,978)		13,028,178
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		92,995,547		119,548,995		106,791,050		93,515,732		78,204,643		82,335,621		69,307,443
<ul> <li>(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending</li> <li>(c) Net OPEB Liability(Asset) - ending (a) - (b)</li> </ul>	¢	104,416,444 (19,572,902)	\$	92,995,547 (15,887,698)	\$	119,548,995 (39,050,891)	¢	106,791,050 (25,467,701)	\$	93,515,732 (8,941,753)	\$	78,204,643	\$	82,335,621 17,486,067
(c) Net OFEB Liability(Asset) - ending (a) - (b)	φ	(19,572,902)	φ	(15,887,098)	ą	(39,050,891)	φ	(23,407,701)	φ	(8,941,755)	φ	13,737,407	φ	17,480,007
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		100.070		100.000/				101000				05.000/		00.400/
Total OPEB Liability(Asset)		123.07%		120.60%		148.51%		131.32%		110.57%		85.06%		82.48%
Covered employee payroll	\$	116,486,100	\$	106,000,644	\$	106,088,473	\$	98,990,306	\$	96,741,021	\$	104,236,901	\$	106,198,860
Plan Net OPEB Liability(Asset) as percentage of covered employee payroll		-16.80%		-14.99%		-36.81%		-25.73%		-9.24%		13.18%		16.47%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes:

- For 2024 Reporting - None

- For 2023 Reporting - None

Changes of assumptions:

- For 2024 Reporting:

- Per capita health and prescription drug costs and their associated trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience and future expectations.

- Administrative costs were updated to reflect recent experience and future expectations.

- Contribution rates were updated to reflect known experience and for the medical and life insurance plans.

- The actuarial factors used to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age and by gender were updated. The new factors are based on a review of historical claims experience by age,

gender, and status (active vs retired) from Segal's claims data warehouse.

- The discount rate effective December 31, 2023, for the unfunded groups was decreased to 3.26%.

- For 2023 Reporting:

- Per capita health costs and prescription drug trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience

and future expectations.

- Administrative costs were updated to reflect recent experience and future expectations.

- The discount rate effective December 31, 2022, for the unfunded groups was increased to 3.72%.

Note: This information is not readily available for 10 years.

#### **CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN** SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	\$8,154,429	\$10,768,104	(\$2,613,675)	\$92,213,838	11.68%
2016	5,960,277	10,089,939	(4,129,662)	100,272,452	10.06%
2017	4,135,057	5,586,200	(1,451,143)	106,198,860	5.26%
2018	4,259,109	4,259,109	0	104,236,901	4.01%
2019	2,901,830	2,901,830	0	96,741,021	2.78%
2020	2,033,175	2,033,175	0	98,990,306	2.05%
2021	898,051	898,051	0	106,088,473	0.85%
2022	83,824	156,581	(156,581)	106,000,644	0.15%
2023		154,047	(154,047)	116,486,099	0.13%
2024		161,297	(161,297)	138,007,693	0.12%

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to establish

"actuarially determined contribution" rates:

Valuation date

Amortization method

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Cost Method 30-year closed, level percent of pay Remaining amortization period 14 years remain as of December 31, 2022 Asset valuation method The Market Value of Assets

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Year Ended December 31	Annual Money-weighted Rate of Return
2017	16.2 %
2018	-3.2
2019	21.4
2020	16.1
2021	15.0
2022	-19.2
2023	17.7
2024	12.5

Note: This information is not readily available for 10 years.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City's proportion of the net OPEB	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u> 108.85%		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
liability/(asset)	109.06%				105.02%	107.89%		129.07%		79.83%		79.94%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (21,345,545)	\$	(17,294,345)	\$	(41,012,366)	\$	(27,476,869)	\$	(11,541,212)	\$	10,966,141	\$ 13,979,898
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 114,923,711	\$	104,290,225	\$	104,304,126	\$	97,364,151	\$	95,049,409	\$	102,424,489	\$ 104,200,270
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-18.57%		-16.58%		-39.32%		-28.22%		-12.14%		10.71%	13.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)	125.70%		122.85%		152.22%		134.64%		114.08%		87.70%	85.49%

Note: This information is not readily available for 10 years.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF SAVANNAH OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF VALUATION DETAILS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Valuation date	December 31, 2022									
Measurement date	December 31, 2023									
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit									
Amortization method	30 years closed, level percent of pay									
Remaining amortization period	14 years as of December 31, 2022									
Asset valuation method	The market value of assets									
Actuarial assumptions:										
Investment rate of return	7% for City of Savannah and Youth Futures, 3.26% (3.72% for December 31, 2022 measurement) for Savannah Airport Authority and Metropolitan Planning Commission									
Inflation rate	2.75%									
Projected salary increases	Specific rates by age, varying from 5.50% to 3.50%, including inflation									
Medical cost trend rate (pre-65) Medical cost trend rate (post-65)	Initial rate is 7.00%, trending down to 4.50% over 10 years Initial rate is 5.00%, trending down to 4.50% over 2 years									
Prescription drug Administrative costs	Initial rate is 8.00%, trending down to 4.50% over 14 years 3.00%									
Plan membership:										
Current retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents	1,130									
Current active members	2,094									
Total	3,224									

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#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NOTE A - BUDGET

The City adopted annual budgets for the 2024 fiscal year for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds and all Debt Service Funds. Budgets for all governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgets for capital project funds are adopted as project length budgets.

Presentation of major fund budgets can be found in the Required Supplementary Information. Nonmajor fund budgets are detailed in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.

The City is organized into major functional areas that are called service centers. The service center within each fund is the legal level of control. The legal level of control is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget without approval by the City Council. The City Manager may approve changes below the legal level of control. Appropriations lapse at year-end with two exceptions. First, in the capital project funds appropriations are carried forward until project completion. Second, encumbered appropriations do not lapse but are carried forward to the ensuing budget year as budgetary amendments.

Budgeted amounts shown in the required supplemental information are as adopted by the City Council. Budgetary activity for 2024 is presented below:

Fund	-	nal Expenditure ppropriations	App Carı	cumbered propriations ied Forward From rior Years	Budgetary Amendments		Final Expenditure Appropriations	
Major Funds:								
General	\$	250,311,059	\$	3,827,924	\$	(3,442,001)	\$	250,696,982
Community Development		9,703,227		14,162		1,208,196		10,925,585
Hotel/motel Tax		21,510,000				1,434,000		22,944,000
Nonmajor Funds:								
Grant		7,867,172		790,801		1,968,015		10,625,988
Disaster Recovery		35,000,000		64,212		(17,064,212)		18,000,000
Economic Development		2,000,000		7,755		(7,755)		2,000,000
Hazardous Materials Team		690,959		149,824		64,699		905,482
Automobile Rental Tax		0						0
Per Occupied Room Fee		1,928,160		944		(229,104)		1,700,000
Recorders Court Technology Fee		100,000				(32,000)		68,000
Confiscated Assets		300,000		36,267		63,733		400,000
General Obligation Bond Debt Service		6,064,646				(731,653)		5,332,993
Special Assessment Debt Service		100,000						100,000

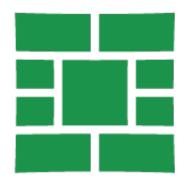
## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

## NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NOTE A – BUDGET (CONTINUED)

In accordance with State law, new appropriations for projects for the capital project funds were adopted by resolution and totaled \$100,873,143 in 2024.

To prepare its budget for the next fiscal year, City Budget staff and departments work together to analyze funding needs beginning in the preceding June. The Budget Department prepares a draft budget for the City Manager in August. After reviewing the draft budget and meeting with the bureaus, the City Manager and Budget staff prepare a Recommended Service Program and Budget as well as a five-year Capital Improvement Plan. Both are presented to the City Council in October. The City Council conducts public hearings in November and December and adopts budgeted revenues and appropriations for the upcoming fiscal year by resolution in December. Subsequent budgetary amendments can be adopted upon majority vote of the City Council.





SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION COMBINING STATEMENTS

OTHER SCHEDULES



# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

In the Notes to the Financial Statements, the City has described its major funds and its internal service and fiduciary funds. Other non-major funds of the City include:

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The non-major Special Revenue Funds maintained by the City follow:

<u>Grant Fund</u> – The Grant Fund accounts for all grants not properly accounted for in another fund. This fund's major grant revenues are received from the State of Georgia for this service area under the Workforce Investment Act.

<u>Disaster Recovery Fund</u> – The Disaster Recovery Fund accounts for all activity related to the City's recovery efforts arising from damages suffered during 2016's Hurricane Matthew, 2017's Hurricane Irma and the COVID19 pandemic.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> – The Economic Development Fund reports the proceeds and uses of a Section 108 Note guaranteed by the Secretary of HUD and secured by the City's future CDBG allocations. Note proceeds fund certain business loans and costs related to the development of an entrepreneurial center.

<u>Hazardous Materials Team Fund</u> - The Special Revenue Fund for the Hazardous Materials Team is used to account for the activities of a group of fire personnel who work to control and reduce risks related to industrial chemical events in Chatham County. Operating revenue for the Hazardous Materials Team Fund is supplied 25% by the City, 25% by Chatham County, and 50% by area facilities that manufacture, use or store hazardous materials.

<u>Automobile Rental Tax Fund</u> – The Automobile Rental Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds and uses of a three percent selective sales tax applied to automotive vehicle rentals from locations within the City of Savannah. This sales tax is applied to the rental charge of each motor vehicle and collected by merchants who then remit the taxes to the City Treasurer.

<u>Per Occupied Room Fee Fund</u> – The Per Occupied Room Fee Fund is used to account for the proceeds and uses of the per occupied room fee charged by the City on larger hotels located within the City's convention transportation special service district. The proceeds of this fee are used to provide transportation incentives to conventions held in Savannah and to also provide for downtown amenities.

<u>Court Technology Fee Fund</u> – The Recorders Court Technology Fee Fund is used to account for the proceeds and uses of the Recorders Court Technology Fee. This fee is levied as an additional fee to fines within the Chatham County Recorders Court and its collection and allowable uses are legislated by state law. The amounts collected are available to the Court for expenditures related to improving and enhancing the technological capabilities within the Court.

<u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> - Income generated from assets seized in drug-related cases as well as the use of the funds is accounted for in the Special Revenue Fund Confiscated Assets Fund.

#### Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by the City that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u> - The Cemetery Fund accounts for the revenues received for the upkeep of cemetery lots located in Greenwich, Bonaventure, and Laurel Grove perpetual care cemeteries. Interest earned on investments held by this fund is transferred to the General Fund to defray a portion of the cost of cemetery maintenance.

#### Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds account for funds accumulated and expended to pay principal, interest, and related costs of City debt, other than debt service payments made from the Enterprise Funds.

The Debt Service Funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Debt Service Fund for General Obligation Bonds</u> - The Debt Service Fund for General Obligation Bonds accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund for Special Assessment Debt - The Debt Service Fund for Special Assessment Debt accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, special assessment principal, interest and related costs.

#### Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

Non-major Capital Projects Funds of the City are:

<u>SPLOST 1998-2003 Fund</u> – The SPLOST 1998-2003 Fund accounts for special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) revenues and expenditures of those revenues. SPLOST funds were previously collected over a five-year period beginning October 1998 and ending September 2003. In years prior to 2010, this fund was entitled the Drainage Improvement Fund.

<u>SPLOST 2003-2008 Fund</u> – The SPLOST 2003-2008 Fund accounts for special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) revenues and expenditures of those revenues. SPLOST funds were previously collected over a five-year period beginning October 2003 and ending September 2008.

<u>SPLOST 2009 – 2014 Fund</u> – This fund accounts for special purpose local option sales tax resources provided to the City of Savannah by Chatham County in accordance with a 2006 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum, which was passed on a county-wide basis. This SPLOST commenced on October 1, 2008 and expired on September 30, 2014. These funds are used by the City to design and construct major capital improvements that will benefit the entire county. Projects include streets, drainage improvements, public buildings and other community development projects.

<u>SPLOST 2014 – 2020 Fund</u> – This fund accounts for special purpose local option sales tax resources provided to the City of Savannah by Chatham County in accordance with a 2013 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum, which was passed on a county-wide

basis. This SPLOST commenced on October 1, 2014 and expired on September 30, 2020. These funds are used by the City to design and construct major capital improvements that will benefit the entire county. Projects include streets, drainage improvements, public buildings and other community development projects.

<u>Tax Allocation District I Fund</u> - The Tax Allocation District I Fund is used to account for resources devoted to construction of capital improvements in a redevelopment district located east of the City's downtown. Incremental property tax revenues derived from the increases in market values of properties located within the district will be devoted to infrastructure improvements.

Lodging Tax Tourism Development Fund – The Lodging Tax Tourism Development Fund is used to account for the expenditure of 14.7 percent of the hotel/motel taxes collected on overnight lodging in Savannah. Per state law these funds can be used for tourism product development projects as defined in state law pursuant to O.C.G.A. §48-13-50.2(6).

<u>Impact Fee Fund</u> - The Impact Fee Fund is used to account for the collection and expenditure of impact fees assessed on development within the City of Savannah city limits. These fees are expended to acquire and construct public infrastructure related to parks and recreation, trail systems, public safety, and roadways.

#### Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charge; or, (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Non-major Enterprise Funds maintained by the City include:

<u>Golf Course Fund</u> - The Golf Course Fund accounts for the transactions related to the lease between the City and the golf course management company.

<u>Resource Recovery Fund</u> - The Resource Recovery Fund accounts for the transactions related to the Resource Recovery Development Authority (Authority) for the City of Savannah. The purpose of the Authority is to provide the recovery and utilization of resources contained in solid waste.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

PERMANENT

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS											
	GRANT FUND	DISASTER RECOVERY FUND	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TEAM FUND	AUTOMOBILE RENTAL FUND	PER OCCUPIED ROOM FEE FUND	COURT TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND	CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND	TOTAL	CEMETERY FUND		
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from other governments Restricted assets: Cash and investments	\$- 2,267,916	\$ 773,677 479,569	\$ 1,261,364 406,219	\$-	\$-	423,174	\$- 34,970	\$-	2,747,485 1,360,853	\$-		
Receivables net Notes receivable, long-term Property held for resale			22,182 145,933		232,206	124,885			357,091 22,182 145,933	331,859		
Total assets	\$ 2,267,916	\$ 1,253,246	\$ 1,835,698	\$ 3,182	\$ 232,206	\$ 548,059	\$ 34,970	\$ 493,308	\$ 6,668,585	\$ 9,518,919		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unexpended grant proceeds Due to other funds	\$ 512,656 1,006,788 281,044	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,182	\$ - 232,206	\$ 224,689	\$ 867	\$ -	\$    741,394 1,006,788 513,250	\$-		
Total liabilities	1,800,488			3,182	232,206	224,689	867		2,261,432			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable program income Unavailable grant proceeds	467,428	479,569	22,182						22,182 946,997	331,859		
Total deferred inflows of resources	467,428	479,569	22,182						969,179	331,859		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed		773,677	406,219 1,407,297			323,370	34,103	493,308	1,257,000 2,180,974	9,187,060		
Total fund balance		773,677	1,813,516			323,370	34,103	493,308	3,437,974	9,187,060		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,267,916	\$ 1,253,246	\$ 1,835,698	\$ 3,182	\$ 232,206	\$ 548,059	\$ 34,970	\$ 493,308	\$ 6,668,585	\$ 9,518,919		

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS											
	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	TOTAL	SPLOST 1998-2003	SPLOST 2003-2008	SPLOST 2009-2014	SPLOST 2014-2020	TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT I	LODGING TAX TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	IMPACT FEES	TOTAL	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from other funds Due from other governments Restricted assets:	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ - 497,718	\$ - 456,644	\$-	\$ - 456,644 497,718	\$ 2,035,041 456,644 3,245,203
Cash and investments Receivables, net Special assessments receivable, net Notes receivable, long-term Property held for resale	1,800,352	36,254 121,679	1,836,606 121,679	216,286	10,487,797	4,255,550	35,234,576	3,604,006	8,817,636	3,494,097	66,109,948	78,494,467 688,950 121,679 22,182 145,933
Total assets	\$ 1,800,352	\$ 157,933	\$ 1,958,285	\$ 216,286	\$ 10,487,797	\$ 4,255,550	\$ 35,234,576	\$ 4,101,724	\$ 9,274,280	\$ 3,494,097	\$ 67,064,310	\$ 85,210,099
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unexpended grant proceeds Due to other funds	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,483,935	\$-	\$ 308,971	\$-	\$ 12,003	\$-	\$ 3,804,909	\$ 4,546,303 1,006,788 513,250
Total liabilities					3,483,935		308,971		12,003		3,804,909	6,066,341
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable program income Unavailable grant proceeds		121,679	121,679									475,720 946,997
Total deferred inflows of resources		121,679	121,679									1,422,717
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed	1,800,352	36,254	1,836,606	216,286	7,003,862	4,255,550	34,925,605	4,101,724	9,262,277	3,494,097	63,259,401	9,187,060 66,353,007 2,180,974
Total fund balance	1,800,352	36,254	1,836,606	216,286	7,003,862	4,255,550	34,925,605	4,101,724	9,262,277	3,494,097	63,259,401	77,721,041
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,800,352	\$ 157,933	\$ 1,958,285	\$ 216,286	\$ 10,487,797	\$ 4,255,550	\$ 35,234,576	\$ 4,101,724	\$ 9,274,280	\$ 3,494,097	\$ 67,064,310	\$ 85,210,099

This statement is continued from the previous page.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

PERMANENT

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												
	GRANT FUND	DISASTER RECOVERY FUND	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TEAM FUND	AUTOMOBILE RENTAL FUND	PER OCCUPIED ROOM FEE FUND	COURT TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND	CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND	TOTAL	FUND CEMETERY FUND			
REVENUES: Selective sales tax Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous revenue	\$ - 6,141,416 	\$-	\$ - 2,289 56,072 232,942	\$ - 34,774 312,300	\$ 3,350,610	\$- 1,706,335	\$-64,748	\$ - 110,450 21,855	\$ 3,350,610 6,286,640 2,085,672 77,927 544,176	\$- 375,505			
Total revenues	6,452,650	·	291,303	347,074	3,350,610	1,706,335	64,748	132,305	12,345,025	375,505			
EXPENDITURES: Governmental operations Police Recorders court Fire Grant program and administration Community development program and administration Debt Service:	6,992,519	2,186	46,616	905,087		1,734,427	30,645	36,070	1,734,427 36,070 30,645 905,087 6,994,705 46,616				
Principal	362,075								362,075				
Interest and fiscal charges	37,325								37,325				
Total expenditures	7,391,919	2,186	46,616	905,087		1,734,427	30,645	36,070	10,146,950				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(939,269)	(2,186)	244,687	(558,013)	3,350,610	(28,092)	34,103	96,235	2,198,075	375,505			
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b> Transfers in Transfers out Debt issuance	776,938 (75,000) 237,331			558,013	(3,350,610)				1,334,951 (3,425,610) 237,331				
Total other financing sources and uses	939,269			558,013	(3,350,610)				(1,853,328)				
Net change in fund balances FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1		(2,186) 775,863	244,687 1,568,829			(28,092) 351,462	34,103	96,235 397,073	344,747 3,093,227	375,505 8,811,555			
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ -	\$ 773,677	\$ 1,813,516	\$-	\$-	\$ 323,370	\$ 34,103	\$ 493,308	\$ 3,437,974	\$ 9,187,060			

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	D	EBT SERVICE FUNDS				(	CAPITAL PROJEC	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS				
	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	TOTAL	SPLOST 1998-2003	SPLOST 2003-2008	SPLOST 2009-2014	SPLOST 2014-2020	TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT I	LODGING TAX TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	IMPACT FEES	TOTAL	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:												
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,378,531	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,378,531	\$ 1,378,531
Selective sales tax												3,350,610
Intergovernmental revenue								4,042,671			4,042,671	10,329,311
Charges for services Investment income	86,070	1,733	87,803	00.000	671,469	203,448	1,790,273	465,987	000,000	2,880,950 73,872	2,880,950	5,342,127 3,635,891
Miscellaneous revenue	86,070	1,733	67,003	26,822	071,409	203,446	1,790,273	400,907	238,290	13,012	3,470,161	544,176
Miscellaneous revenue												544,176
Total revenues	86,070	1,733	87,803	26,822	671,469	203,448	1,790,273	5,887,189	238,290	2,954,822	11,772,313	24,580,646
EXPENDITURES:												
Management services									44,511		44,511	44,511
Governmental operations												1,734,427
Police												36,070
Recorders court												30,645
Fire Grant program and administration												905,087 6,994,705
Community development program and administration												46,616
Debt Service:												40,010
Principal	3,134,169		3,134,169					1.925.000			1.925.000	5,421,244
Interest and fiscal charges	1,744,204		1.744.204					754,430			754,430	2,535,959
Capital outlay	.,,		.,,					,	95,613		95.613	95.613
Capital outlay - SPLOST funded					8,627,016		3,843,743				12,470,759	12,470,759
Total expenditures	4,878,373		4,878,373		8,627,016		3,843,743	2,679,430	140,124		15,290,313	30,315,636
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,792,303)	1,733	(4,790,570)	26,822	(7,955,547)	203,448	(2,053,470)	3,207,759	98,166	2,954,822	(3,518,000)	(5,734,990)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in	4.878.373		4,878,373						6,974,076	13,736	6.987.812	13.201.136
Transfers out	1,010,010		1,010,010					(9,123,212)	0,011,010	10,100	(9,123,212)	(12,548,822)
Debt issuance								(-,-=,=-=)			(-, -=-,= -=)	237,331
Total other financing sources and uses	4,878,373		4,878,373					(9,123,212)	6,974,076	13,736	(2,135,400)	889,645
3												
Net change in fund balances	86,070	1,733	87,803	26,822	(7,955,547)	203,448	(2,053,470)	(5,915,453)	7,072,242	2,968,558	(5,653,400)	(4,845,345)
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1	1,714,282	34,521	1,748,803	189,464	14,959,409	4,052,102	36,979,075	10,017,177	2,190,035	525,539	68,912,801	82,566,386
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,800,352	\$ 36,254	\$ 1,836,606	\$ 216,286	\$ 7,003,862	\$ 4,255,550	\$ 34,925,605	\$ 4,101,724	\$ 9,262,277	\$ 3,494,097	\$ 63,259,401	\$ 77,721,041

		GR	ANT FUND			DISASTER RECOVERY					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 7,867,172	\$ 10,625,988	\$ 6,141,416 <u>311,234</u>	\$ (4,484,572) 311,234	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 18,000,000	\$-	\$ (18,000,000)			
Total revenues	7,867,172	10,625,988	6,452,650	(4,173,338)	35,000,000	18,000,000		(18,000,000)			
EXPENDITURES: Grant program and administration Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	6,867,172 500,000 500,000	9,625,988 500,000 500,000	6,992,519 362,075 37,325	2,633,469 137,925 462,675	35,000,000	18,000,000	2,186	17,997,814			
Total expenditures	7,867,172	10,625,988	7,391,919	2,633,469	35,000,000	18,000,000	2,186	17,997,814			
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures			(939,269)	(1,539,869)			(2,186)	(2,186)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Debt issuance Total other financing sources and uses			776,938 (75,000) 237,331 939,269	776,938 (75,000) 701,938							
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (837,931)	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	(2,186)	\$ (2,186)			
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1							775,863				
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$ -				\$ 773,677				

		ECONOMIC D	EVELOPMENT FU	JND	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TEAM						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	ORIGINAL	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous revenue	\$ - 2,000,000	\$ - 2,000,000	\$ - 2,289 56,072 232,942	\$ - (1,997,711) 56,072 232,942	\$ 290,040	\$ 341,000	\$ 34,774 312,300	\$ (306,226) 312,300			
Total revenues	2,000,000	2,000,000	291,303	(1,708,697)	290,040	341,000	347,074	6,074			
EXPENDITURES: Fire Community development program and administration	2,000,000	2,000,000	46,616	1,953,384	690,959	905,482	905,087	395			
Total expenditures	2,000,000	2,000,000	46,616	1,953,384	690,959	905,482	905,087	395			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			244,687	244,687	(400,919)	(564,482)	(558,013)	6,469			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Total other financing sources					400,919 400,919	564,482 564,482	558,013 558,013	(6,469) (6,469)			
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ -	244,687	\$ 244,687	\$-	\$-		\$-			
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1			1,568,829								
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$ 1,813,516				<u>\$ -</u>				

This schedule is continued from the previous page.

		AUTOMOBILE RENTAL					PER OCCUPIED ROOM FEE						
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	A 071141		ANCE WITH	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH				
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINA	L BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: Selective sales taxes	¢ 2.220.000	¢ 2 220 000	¢ 0.050.040	\$	00.040	\$-	¢	¢	¢				
Charges for services	\$ 3,328,000	\$ 3,328,000	\$ 3,350,610	φ	22,610	ء - 1,928,160	\$- 1,700,000	\$- 1,706,335	\$- 6,335				
·													
Total revenues	3,328,000	3,328,000	3,350,610		22,610	1,928,160	1,700,000	1,706,335	6,335				
EXPENDITURES:													
Governmental operations			·			1,928,160	1,700,000	1,734,427	(34,427)				
Total expenditures						1,928,160	1,700,000	1,734,427	(34,427)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,328,000	3,328,000	3,350,610		22,610			(28,092)	(28,092)				
OTHER FINANCING USES:													
Transfers out	(3,328,000)	(3,328,000)	(3,350,610)		(22,610)	. <u></u>		<u> </u>					
Total other financing uses	(3,328,000)	(3,328,000)	(3,350,610)		(22,610)								
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$-		\$	-	\$ -	\$-	(28,092)	\$ (28,092)				
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1								351,462					
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$-					\$ 323,370					

		COURT TEC	HNOLOGY FEE		CONFISCATED ASSETS						
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH			
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Investment income	\$ - 100,000	\$ - 68,000	\$- 64,748	\$	\$ 300,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 110,450 21,855	\$ (289,550) 21,855_			
Total revenues	100,000	68,000	64,748	(3,252)	300,000	400,000	132,305	(267,695)			
EXPENDITURES: Police Recorders court	100,000	68,000	30,645	37,355	300,000	400,000	36,070	363,930			
Total expenditures	100,000	68,000	30,645	37,355	300,000	400,000	36,070	363,930			
Excess of revenues over expenditures			34,103	(40,607)			96,235	(631,625)			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	34,103	\$ 34,103	\$ -	\$-	96,235	\$ 96,235			
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1							397,073				
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$ 34,103				\$ 493,308				

	G	ENERAL OBLIGA	TION BOND DEBT	SERVICE	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS DEBT SERVICE				
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: Special assessments Investment income Miscellaneous revenue	\$-	\$-	\$ 86,070	\$ 86,070	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ - 1,733	\$ (100,000) 1,733	
Total revenues			86,070	86,070	100,000	100,000	1,733	(98,267)	
EXPENDITURES: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	3,818,147 2,246,499 6,064,646 (6,064,646) 6,064,646	3,515,000 1,817,993 5,332,993 (5,332,993) 5,332,993	3,134,169 1,744,204 4,878,373 (4,792,303) 4,878,373	380,831 73,789 454,620 540,690 (454,620)	50,000 50,000 100,000 -	50,000 50,000 100,000 -	1,733	50,000 50,000 100,000 1,733	
Total other financing sources	6,064,646	5,332,993	4,878,373	(454,620)					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	86,070	\$ 86,070	\$ -	\$-	1,733	\$ 1,733	
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1			1,714,282				34,521		
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31			\$ 1,800,352				\$ 36,254		

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

		 GOLF COURSE	 TOTAL
ASSETS			
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 	\$ 302,858	\$ 302,858
Total current assets	 	302,858	302,858
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land	1,592,559		1,592,559
Plant, buildings, stations, reservoirs, etc		1,514,735	1,514,735
Improvements, other than buildings		7,370,205	7,370,205
Machinery and equipment		54,443	54,443
Other capital assets		17,794	17,794
Less accumulated depreciation	 	 (5,825,449)	 (5,825,449)
Total noncurrent assets	1,592,559	 3,131,728	 4,724,287
Total assets	\$ 1,592,559	\$ 3,434,586	\$ 5,027,145
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,592,559	\$ 3,131,728	\$ 4,724,287
Unrestricted		302,858	302,858
	 	<u> </u>	 ,
Total net position	\$ 1,592,559	\$ 3,434,586	\$ 5,027,145

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	RESOURCE RECOVERY	GOLF COURSE	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Rental fees	\$ -	\$ 100,300	\$ 100,300
Total operating revenues		100,300	100,300
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Contractual services		100,300	100,300
Depreciation		274,254	274,254
Total operating expenses		374,554	374,554
Operating Loss		(274,254)	(274,254)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:			
Interest earned		14,479	14,479
Total nonoperating revenues		14,479	14,479
Change in net position		(259,775)	(259,775)
Total net position - beginning	1,592,559	3,694,361	5,286,920
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,592,559	\$ 3,434,586	\$ 5,027,145

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	GOLF COURSE		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers	\$	100,300 (100,300)	
Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income	\$	-	
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	14,479	
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		14,479	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1		288,379	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$	302,858	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(274,254)	
Depreciation		274,254	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	-	

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	REVOLVING	RISK MANAGEMENT	TOTAL
ASSETS			
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 52,678,090	\$ 23,440,562	\$ 76,118,652
Receivables, net	3,888	847,000	850,888
Inventories	878,493		878,493
Total current assets	53,560,471	24,287,562	77,848,033
Capital assets:			
Plant, buildings, stations, reservoirs, etc	2,479,758		2,479,758
Improvements, other than buildings	610,615		610,615
Machinery and equipment	121,432,104		121,432,104
Lease and subscription right-of-use assets	16,534,758	541,950	17,076,708
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(90,426,495)	(114,999)	(90,541,494)
Total noncurrent assets	50,630,740	426,951	51,057,691
Total assets	\$ 104,191,211	\$ 24,714,513	\$ 128,905,724
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of claims and judgments Current obligation under leases and subscriptions Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	\$ 656,301 231,640 <u>3,470,931</u> 4,358,872	\$ 681,889 4,134,086 111,595 4,927,570	\$ 1,338,190 231,640 4,134,086 3,582,526 9,286,442
Compensated absences	368,997		368,997
Claims and judgments		2,518,079	2,518,079
Obligations under leases and subscriptions	6,671,863	315,356	6,987,219
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,040,860	2,833,435	9,874,295
Total liabilities	11,399,732	7,761,005	19,160,737
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	40,305,046		40,305,046
Unrestricted	52,486,433	16,953,508	69,439,941
Total net position	92,791,479	16,953,508	109,744,987
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 104,191,211	\$ 24,714,513	\$ 128,905,724

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	R	EVOLVING	RISK MANAGEMENT		TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Risk management fees	\$	36,233,886	\$	- 34,226,910	\$ 36,233,886 34,226,910
Total operating revenues		36,233,886		34,226,910	 70,460,796
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Depreciation and amortization		11,786,548		114,999	11,901,547
Central garage		11,551,503			11,551,503
Information services		12,208,709			12,208,709
Risk management				37,848,545	 37,848,545
Total operating expenses		35,546,760		37,963,544	 73,510,304
Operating Income (Loss)		687,126		(3,736,634)	 (3,049,508)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest earned		2,433,655		1,173,142	3,606,797
Interest expense		(284,386)		.,,	(284,386)
Gain on disposal of assets		1,371,475			 1,371,475
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,520,744		1,173,142	 4,693,886
Change in net position		4,207,870		(2,563,492)	1,644,378
Total net position - beginning		88,583,609		19,517,000	 108,100,609
Total net position - ending	\$	92,791,479	\$	16,953,508	\$ 109,744,987

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	REVOLVING	N	RISK MANAGEMENT		TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from other funds for services	\$ 36,233,886	\$	\$-	\$	36,233,886
Cash received from other funds for services and fees			34,226,910		34,226,910
Cash paid to suppliers	(23,802,207)				(23,802,207)
Cash paid for claims and insurance			(40,873,402)		(40,873,402)
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	12,431,679		(6,646,492)		5,785,187
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Sale of equipment	1,371,475				1,371,475
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(13,773,226)				(13,773,226)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(3,062,295)		(114,999)		(3,177,294)
Interest paid	(284,386)				(284,386)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(15,748,432)		(114,999)		(15,863,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Investment income	2,433,655		1,173,142		3,606,797
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,433,655	_	1,173,142	_	3,606,797
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(883,098)		(5,588,349)		(6,471,447)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	53,561,188		29,028,911		82,590,099
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 52,678,090	\$	23,440,562	\$	76,118,652
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 687,126	\$	(3,736,634)	\$	(3,049,508)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:	11,786,548		114,999		11,901,547
Increase in receivables	(1,029)				(1,029)
Decrease in inventories	606,905				606,905
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable	(709,360)		161,417		(547,943)
Increase in compensated absences	61,489				61,489
Decrease in claims and judgments payable			(3,186,274)		(3,186,274)
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ 12,431,679	\$ =	(6,646,492)	\$ _	5,785,187
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Leases and SBITAS	\$ 4,169,837	\$	541,950	\$	4,711,787

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	PENSION (A	ND OTHER EMP	LOYEE BENEFIT) TR	CUSTODIAL FUNDS					
	PENSION	OLD PENSIO	OPEB		RECORDERS	FLEXIBLE			
	TRUST	TRUST	TRUST	TOTAL	COURT	BENEFITS	TOTAL		
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,281,980	\$ 211,93	5 \$ 893,725	\$ 7,387,640	\$ 348,330	\$ 311,658	\$ 659,988		
Accrued income	890,480	φ 211,00	φ 000,720	\$90,480	φ 040,000	φ 511,000	φ 000,000		
Accounts receivable:	000,400			000,400					
From employers	32,899			32,899					
From participants	47,093			47,093					
Investments, at fair value:	,			,					
U.S. government obligations	91,280,327		9,783,481	101,063,808					
Foreign corporate bonds	1,214,546		-,, -	1,214,546					
Domestic corporate bonds	29,475,013		21,862,579	51,337,592					
Domestic equities	221,358,814		56,961,873	278,320,687					
International equities	71,052,473		10,914,545	81,967,018					
Real estate fund	50,897,372		10,253,934	61,151,306					
Total investments	465,278,545		109,776,412	575,054,957					
Total assets	472,530,997	211,93	5 110,670,137	583,413,069	348,330	311,658	659,988		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	425,936		165,538	591,474	348,330	2,319	350,649		
Total liabilities	425,936		165,538	591,474	348,330	2,319	350,649		
Net Position:									
Restricted for:									
Pensions	472,105,061	211,93	5	472,316,996					
Post employment benefits other than pensions	,,	2,000	110,504,599	110,504,599					
Individuals			.,,	- ,		309,339	309,339		
Total net position	\$ 472,105,061	\$ 211,93	\$110,504,599	\$ 582,821,595	\$-	\$ 309,339	\$ 309,339		

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		PENSION	(AND O	THER EMPLO	YEE	<b>BENEFIT) TRUS</b>	T FU	INDS			CUS	FODIAL FUND	s	
		PENSION TRUST		PENSION		OPEB TRUST		TOTAL		CORDER'S COURT		LEXIBLE EFITS PLAN		TOTAL
ADDITIONS Contributions:														
Employers	\$	14.746.664	\$	-	\$	161.297	\$	14,907,961	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan members	Ŧ	9,652,982	Ŧ		•	2,083,349	+	11,736,331	+		Ŧ	781,096	Ŧ	781,096
Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		4,826,127				4,826,127
Total contributions		24,399,646				2,244,646		26,644,292		4,826,127		781,096		5,607,223
Investment income:														
Interest		1,523,706		10,170		100,310		1,634,186						
Dividends		4,580,341				406,896		4,987,237						
Real estate net income (loss) Net appreciation in fair value of investments		(86,357) 39,066,883				703,732 12,069,262		617,375 51,136,145						
Total investment income		45,084,573		10,170		13,280,200	-	58,374,943				,		
Less investment expense		1,817,093		10,170		583,546		2,400,639						
Net investment income		43,267,480		10,170		12,696,654		55,974,304						
Total additions		67,667,126		10,170	_	14,941,300		82,618,596		4,826,127		781,096		5,607,223
DEDUCTIONS														
Benefits		38,293,670		1,500		8,385,481		46,680,651				763,430		763,430
Refunds of contributions		1,663,113						1,663,113						
Payments of fines and forfeitures to other governments										4,826,127				4,826,127
Administrative expense		159,292				467,664		626,956				26,835		26,835
Total deductions		40,116,075		1,500		8,853,145		48,970,720	·	4,826,127		790,265		5,616,392
Change in net position		27,551,051		8,670		6,088,155		33,647,876				(9,169)		(9,169)
Beginning of year - January 1		444,554,010		203,265		104,416,444		549,173,719				318,508		318,508
End of year - December 31	\$	472,105,061	\$	211,935	\$	110,504,599	\$	582,821,595	\$	-	\$	309,339	\$	309,339

				<u>-</u>		Sales Tax Funded E	xpenditures	_
Project Number		Total Estimated Cost to be Funded from All Sources	Original Sales Tax Funding per Referendum Resolution	Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Remaining Balance
PLOST 9	8-2003		Reference	Tundoù by bulob Tux	rouro	1 dui	lota	Balance
. 2001 0	Savannah Drainage Projects		\$ 77,500,000					
DR0111	Kayton Pump Station Phase 2	\$ 1,219,860	•,	\$ 987,471	\$ 987,471	\$-\$	987,471	\$
DR0112	Harman Canal Drainage Improvements	1,255,555		1,219,555	1,219,555	Ŷ Ŷ	1,219,555	Ŷ
DR0112	Kayton Canal Equipment Purchase	948,947		948,947	948,947		948,947	
R0114	Kayton Railroad Bridge Replacement	513,231		513,231	513,231		513,231	
DR0115	Montgomery Crossroads Bridge	75,829		55,004	55,004		55,004	
R0116	Montgomery Crossroads Equipment Purchase	1.413.719		1,409,619	1,409,619		1,409,619	
DR0117	Springfield Canal Bridges	157,966		156,166	156,166		156,166	
DR0118	Williams Ward Detention	370,094		370,094	370,094		370,094	
DR0119	Springfield Canal 2-Year Storm	2,966,599		2,966,555	2,966,555		2,966,555	
DR0120	Westside Equipment Purchase	2,226,160		283,900	283,900		283.900	
DR0120	Westside Detention	895,997		112	112		112	
DR0121	Westside Pump Station & Line	14,230,285		12,728,054	12,728,054		12,728,054	
DR0122	Westside Interceptor	9,230,669		3,171,712	3,171,712		3,171,712	
DR0123	Montgomery Crossroads Pump Station	10,287,983		10,213,431	10,213,431		10,213,431	
DR0124	Wilshire Canal	2,848,286		2,848,286	2,848,286		2,848,286	
0R0125	Holland Canal	3,139,533		3,137,685	3,137,685		3,137,685	
DR0120	Windsor Canal	2.810.852		1,659,473	1,659,473		1,659,473	
DR0127	Local Match GEMA Grants	7,677,531		2,651,266	2,651,266		2,651,266	
DR0129	Kayton Spill Clean Up	1,093,173		39,504	39,504		39,504	
DR0130	DeRenne Pump Station	15,848,251		970,000	970,000		970,000	
DR0201	Casey South Drainage	24,607,402		21,507,611	21,507,611		21,507,611	
R0204	Demere Ward Detention	75,751					75,751	
0R0205 0R0206	Springfield Canal Roads	328,729		75,751 285,014	75,751 285,014		285,014	
0R0200	Nicholson Woods-White Bluff	112,152		48,657	48,657		48,657	
0R0207	Windsor Sub-Basin	50,926		50,926	48,057 50,926		50,926	
		52,833					,	
0R0212 0R0214	SCADA I			17,330	17,330 245,993		17,330 245,993	
R0214	Pump Station Metal Building Upgrade	245,993		245,993			245,993 205.000	
	Bilbo-North Casey Drainage	1,490,913		205,000	205,000		,	
DR0301	Springfield Canal	12,144,945		7,652,969	7,652,969		7,652,969	
R0304	SCADA II	94,817		36,446	36,446		36,446	
DR0305	Bilbo Basin	15,766,216		157,366	157,366		157,366	
0R0501	Cranman Drive Culvert Replacement	336,133		336,133	336,133		336,133	
DR0503	Wilshire Basin Study	9,480,032		1,746,691	1,746,691		1,746,691	
DR0505	Brick Line Replacement	1,972,603		865,733	865,733		865,733	
DR0507	Downtown Bilbo Drainage Basin	143,300		143,300	143,300		143,300	
DR0601	City Lot Drainage Improvements	277,975		23,475	23,475		23,475	
DR0800	Westside Flooding Remediation	1,740,616		640,616	640,616		640,616	
DR0802	Placentia Phase I	1,203,715		42,000	42,000		42,000	
DR0803	Jackson Woods Drainage-Phase 2	2,084,696		98,736	98,736		98,736	
DR0805	Nicholson Woods-Phase 2	235,505		75,142	75,142		75,142	
DR0901	Windsor-Wilshire Basin	525,668		525,668	525,668		525,668	
DR0910	Storm Sewer Rehab	1,621,535		115,919	115,919		115,919	
DR0911	Casey South Drainage-Phase II	40,224,526		1,063,707	1,063,705		1,063,705	
VT0510	Extension to Unserved Areas	115,854		58,437	58,437		58,437	
	Other Capital Outlay Projects		16,292,341					
P0120	RR Roundhouse Battlefield Park	1,528,258		190,000	190,000		190,000	
P0327	Electric Street Cars	1,385,419		170,000	170,000		170,000	
P0541	Hwy 21/Snow Green Land	1,507,437		1,507,437	1,507,437		1,507,437	
P0611	Eastside Sidewalks	500,778		17,268	17,268		17,268	
DP0638	Railroad Property Acquisition	6,398,268		3,590,551	3,590,551		3,590,551	
PB0310	History Museum Bldg Repair	838,311		15,000	15,000		15,000	
PB0412	Forsyth Park Fort	6,723,755		1,003,550	1,003,550		1,003,550	
PB0621	Ellis Square Parking Garage	54,076,595		1,691,000	1,691,000		1,691,000	
PD0801	West 57th Street Boulevard	2,105,369		555,117	555,117		555,117	
PD0901	Meding Street Curve	206,059		206,059	206,059		206,059	

This schedule is continued on the next page.

						Sales Tax Funded	Expenditures	
Project		Total Estimated Cost to be	Original Sales Tax Funding per	Current Estimated Cost to be	Prior	Current		Remainin
Number		Funded from All Sources	Referendum Resolution	Funded by Sales Tax	Years	Year	Total	Balance
SPLOST 9	98-2003							
RE0604	Band Shell	595,770	787,500	577,950	577,950		577,950	
RE0805	Daffin Park Master Plan	4,783,503		3,495,000	3,495,000		3,495,000	
SP0212	1% Sidewalk Construction	675,220		674,423	674,423		674,423	
SP0214	Wheelchair Access Ramps	321,384		735	735		735	
SP0308	Cuyler-Brownsville Sidewalk	28,665		23,265	23,265		23,265	
SP0608	2020 LMIG	2,219,647		218,146	218,146		218,146	
SP0910	1% Sidewalk Construction	1,068,137		808,309	808,309		808,309	
SQ0411	MLK Median Landscaping	833,130		322,000	322,000		322,000	
SQ0502	Elbert Square Acquisition	828,635		828,635	828,635		828,635	
SQ0603	Historical Wall Preservation	1,096,139		200,000	200,000		200,000	
Q0701	Liberty Square Reconstruction	134,640		80,000	80,000		80,000	
E0502	MLK Median Installation	330,616		48,000	48,000		48,000	
P0515	Fire Capital Outlay	229,535	250,000	172,566	172,566		172,566	
	Open Space Acquisition		3,339,424					
P0339	Wilshire Complex	418,258		12,258	12,258		12,258	
P0529	Mohawk Lake Acquisition	348,443		348,443	348,443		348,443	
B0820	Crusader Neighborhood Center	422,698		110,746	110,746		110,746	
D0400	Savannah Gardens Phase I	13,745,795		872	872		872	
E0123	Master Plan-Mohawk Property	72,040		1,557	1,557		1,557	
E0129	Edgemer/Sackville Recreation	195,967		82,470	82,470		82,470	
E0307	Windsor Forest Pond	121,979		121,979	121,979		121,979	
E0511	Cuyler-Brownsville Park	1,141,463		404,458	404,458		404,458	
E0512	Vernon River Park	275,345		113,043	113,043		113,043	
E0611	Open Space Acquisition	409,426		407,143	407,143		407,143	
E0612	Habersham Woods Park	183,543		183,543	183,543		183,543	
E0613	Stark-Clinch Greenspace	122,107		122,107	122,107		122,107	
E0615	Southside Park-Mohawk	595,734		595,734	595,734		595,734	
RE0807	Largo-Windsor Area Lake	1,161,430		402,233	402,233		402,233	
	TOTALS SPLOST 98-2003 FUND	\$ 301,795,665	\$ 98,169,265		101,672,280	\$-\$	101,672,280	\$

NOTE: (1) This schedule lists projects that are funded by special purpose sales tax revenue. Projects may have additional funding sources.

						unded Expenditures		
PROJECT		Total Estimated Cost to be	Original Sales Tax Funding per		PRIOR	CURRENT		Remaining
UMBER	003-2008 FUND:	Funded from All Sources	Referendum Resolution	Funded by Sales Tax	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	Balance
PL051 20	Savannah Roads, Sidewalks and Drainage		\$ 64,770,000					
R0115		\$ 75,829	\$ 04,770,000	\$ 19,329 \$	19,329	\$-\$	19,329 \$	
R0122	Westside Pump Station & Line	14,230,285		1,500,575	1.500.575	ψ - ψ	1.500.575	
R0122	Windsor Canal	2,810,852		1,143,379	1,143,379		1,143,379	
R0204	Casey South Drainage	24,607,402		3,091,390	3,091,390		3,091,390	
R0215	Bilbo-North Casey Drainage	1,490,913		425,000	425,000		425,000	
R0305	Bilbo Drainage Improvements	15,766,216		15,508,841	15,508,841		15,508,841	
R0503	Wilshire North Branch	9,480,032		7,733,341	7,733,341		7,733,341	
R0505	Brick Line Replacement	1,972,603		192,941	192,941		192,941	
DR0802	Placentia Phase I	1,203,715		1,160,868	1,160,868		1,160,868	
R0803	Jackson Woods Drainage-Phase 2	2,084,696		1,977,224	1,977,224		1,977,224	
DR0804	Brick Line Replacement	753,723		753,723	753,723		753,723	
R0809	Bilbo Drainage Improvements	2,000		2,000	2,000		2,000	
R0904	Paradise Park Drainage Improvements	280,424		224,382	224,382		224,382	
R0905	Springfield Drainage Improvements	45,892,900		1,154,759	1,154,759		1,154,759	
DR0906	Sylvan Terrace Sub-basin	17,553		17,553	17,553		17,553	
R0911	Casey South Drainage-Phase II	48,063,968		14,691,386	2,315,134	6,570,564	8,885,698	5,805,68
IA0601	LMIG Grant Match Reserve	91,117		91,117				91,11
D0302	Cann Park Sidewalks	310,144		179,002	179,002		179,002	
D0303	Gordonston Sidewalk Improvements	84,597		84,597	84,597		84,597	
PD0304 P0115	Entrepreneurial Center Parking	14,969		14,969	14,969		14,969	
P0115 P0204	Fernwood-Parkwood Curb-Gutter Historic District-ADA Ramps	1,744,215 713,491		1,744,215 315,971	1,744,215 315,971		1,744,215 315,971	
P0204	State Routes ADA Ramps	135.757		110.886	110.886		110.886	
P0203	Edgemore-Sackville Curb	1,904,931		212,510	212,510		212,510	
P0413	Riverstreet Ramps Reconstruction	532.838		315.000	315.000		315.000	
P0415	Street Paving	575,119		3,634	3,634		3,634	
P0416	Street Reconstruction	12,008		12,008	12,008		12,008	
P0608	2020 LMIG Paving	2,219,647		188,877	188,877		188,877	
SP0716	2021 LMIG	1,858,493		378,899	378,899		378,899	
SP0717	President Street-General McIntosh Sidewalk	43,097		43,097	43,097		43,097	
SP0718	Bay Street Reconstruction Crosswalk	550,918		550,918	550,918		550,918	
P0804	1% Sidewalk Construction-Phase 2	769,584		674,584	674,584		674,584	
P0904	Street Reconstruction	1,929,584		1,714,074	1,714,074		1,714,074	
P0910	1% Sidewalk Construction	1,068,137		259,828	259,828		259,828	
E0101	East Anderson Curve Reconstruction	706,227		267,000	267,000		267,000	
E0305	LaRoche-Delesseps Widening	33,259		33,259	33,259		33,259	
E0310	President Street-General McIntosh Improvements	35,282,226		1,924,864	1,924,864		1,924,864	
E0512	Jimmy DeLoach Parkway Signal	126,590		29,069	29,069		29,069	
E0613	Tatemville Sound Barrier	1,214,904		1,214,904	1,214,904		1,214,904	
E0708	LaRoche-Delesseps Design	11,469,802		3,470,837	1,436,444	2,034,393	3,470,837	
E0709 E0813	Gwinnett St. Widening Design	17,191,582		1,988,000	1,988,000		1,988,000	
E0813 E0906	Traffic Signal-Chatham Parkway	155,498 830,947		135,931 218,000	135,931 218,000		135,931 218,000	
E0906 Q0411	Jimmy DeLoach/Crossroad Interchange MLK Median Landscaping	833,130		218,000 11,452	218,000		218,000	
Q0804	MLK Streetscape	3.939.453		3,280,231	3,280,231		3,280,231	
00004	Parks, Recreation and Squares	3,939,433	22,231,471	5,200,251	3,200,231		3,200,231	
B0821	Cultural Arts Center	24,161,787	22,231,471	3,000,000	3,000,000		3,000,000	
B0828	Westside Land Assemblage	3,619,002		2,759,500	2,759,500		2,759,500	
B0831	Battlefield Park Roundhouse Roof	186,256		21,335	21,335		21,335	
P0832	Battlefield-RR Roundhouse SPLOST	7,763,665		7,763,665	7,763,665		7,763,665	
T0803	Baker-Fell Street Park	289,000		175,000	175,000		175,000	
T0905	Ellis Square Restoration	3,284,045		3,254,668	3,254,668		3,254,668	
E0220	Bacon Park Athletic Field Rehab	787,802		576,896	576,896		576,896	
	Other Capital Outlay		9,339,424					
P0152	WW Law Collection Archival	507,000		507,000	474,321	22,059	496,380	10,6
P0641	Hope 6 Infrastructure	3,441,211		1,930,814	1,930,814		1,930,814	
P0834	West Savannah & Corridors	28,890		15,000	15,000		15,000	
P0923	Gate Precast Property Acquisition	2,181,641		240,500	240,500		240,500	
B0530	Paulsen Building Purchase/Renovation	2,554,017		2,400,000	2,400,000		2,400,000	
00000								

					Sales Tax F	unded Expenditures		
PROJECT		Total Estimated Cost to be	Original Sales Tax Funding per		PRIOR	CURRENT		Remaining
NUMBER		Funded from All Sources	Referendum Resolution	Funded by Sales Tax	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	Balance
	003-2008 FUND:							
PB0621	Ellis Square Parking Garage	54,076,595		7,114,296	7,114,296		7,114,296	
PB0634	Moses Jackson Center Roof	943,543		14,644	14,644		14,644	
PB0730	Bacon Park Tennis Courts Reconst.	731,868		376,104	376,104		376,104	
PB0824	Moses Jackson-Phase 2	2,051,473		1,049,424	1,049,424		1,049,424	
PB0827	Bacon Park Clubhouse Renovations	868,702		380,000	380,000		380,000	
PD0101	MURP II	1,181,119		457,750	457,750		457,750	
PD0102	Midtown Street Improvements	9,663		9,663	9,663		9,663	
PD0107	Woodville Park Improvement	1,563		1,563	1,563		1,563	
PD0108	Dixon Park	23,381		23,381	23,381		23,381	
PD0109	Dixon Park Street Improvement	77,561		77,561	77,561		77,561	
PD0110	Feiler Terrace Passive Park	12,262		12,262	12,262		12,262	
PD0111	East Savannah Lighting	84,939		84,939	84,939		84,939	
PD0114	Housing Construction Svc. Office	153,691		1,480	1,480		1,480	
PD0202	Hudson Hill Sidewalk Improvements	93,612		93,612	93,612		93,612	
PD0203	Sylvan Terrace Irrigation System	98,465		98,465	98,465		98,465	
PD0205	Metro Sidewalk West 41st Street	49,430		49,430	49,430		49,430	
PD0309	Waters Avenue Corridor	7,281,031		367,831	367,831		367,831	
PD0310	Youth Advancement Center	839,229		416,000	416,000		416,000	
PD0400	Savannah Gardens Phase I	13,745,795		242,766	242,766		242,766	
PD0801	West 57th Street Blvd.	2,105,369		484,599	484,599		484,599	
PD0805	WS-Acquisition Moses Jackson Property	114,224		114,224	114,224		114,224	
PD0806	Augusta Avenue Revitalization	1,235,473		1,132,582	1,132,582		1,132,582	
PD0808	WS-Tree Lawn & Buffering	10,012		10,012	10,012		10,012	
PD0902	Montgomery-Meding-56th	152,870		152,870	152,870		152,870	
PD0903	Eastside Sidewalk Access	100,158		100,158	100,158		100,158	
PD0904	West 56th Street Rebricking	378,314		378,314	378,314		378,314	
PD0906	Midtown Acquisition	433,352		433,352	433,352		433,352	
PD0907	Kline Street Play Area	125,984		125,984	125,984		125,984	
PD0908	37th & Bulloch Greenspace	48,592		48,591	48,591		48,591	
PD0909	Historic Street Lighting CB	5,335		5,335	5,335		5,335	
PD0910	Rockwell Park	76,970		76,970	76,970		76,970	
PD0911	40th Street Lane Paving	27,665		27,665	27,665		27,665	
PD0912	Municipal Parking Lot	31,900		31,900	31,900		31,900	
PD0915	Right-of-Way Improvements	135,000		135,000	135,000		135,000	
PD0916	Edgemore-Sackville Curbing	97,490		97,490	97,490		97,490	
RE0224	Cann Park Improvements	298,935		43,102	43,102		43,102	
PD0313	Savannah Shines	1,559,981		531,340	531,340		531,340	
	Public Safety Equipment	1,241,500	1,300,000	1,241,500	1,241,500		1,241,500	
	TOTALS SPLOST 2003-2008 FUND	\$ 394,456,262	\$ 97,640,895	\$ 107,824,481 \$		8,627,016 \$	101,917,056 \$	5,907,42

NOTE: (1) This schedule lists projects that are funded by special purpose sales tax revenue. Projects may have additional funding sources. (2) The Total Estimated Cost to be Funded From All Sources reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

							ded Expenditures	
PROJECT NUMBER		Total Estimated Cost to be Funded from All Sources	Original Sales Tax Funding per Referendum Resolution	Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL	Remaining Balance
	009-2014 FUND:	Funded Ironi All Sources	Referendum Resolution	Funded by Sales Tax	TEARS	TEAR	TUTAL	Dalalice
3FL0312	City of Savannah Projects		\$ 160,000,000					
DR0215	Bilbo-North Casey Drainage	\$ 1,490,913	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 860.913 \$	860.913	\$ - \$	860.913 \$	
DR0308	Bilbo Box Culver Improvements	25,715,393		10,210,000	10,210,000	φ - φ	10,210,000	-
DR0602	Baldwin Park Drainage	3.740.363		3.740.362	3,740,362		3,740,362	
DR0911	Casey South Drainage Phs II	48,063,968		2,465,721	3,740,302		3,740,302	2,465,721
OP0136	Public Safety Video Surveillance	1,246,456		1,246,455	1,246,455		1,246,455	2,403,721
OP0130 OP0208	Children's Museum - Battlefield Park	6,535,504		6,500,000	6,500,000		6,500,000	
OP0208 OP0253	Public Safety Camera Plan	136,054			3,550			
				3,550			3,550	
OP0651 PB0138	E911 System Upgrade Savannah Public Services Complex	356,571 909.089		356,572	356,572 495,803		356,572	
				495,803			495,803	
PB0149	SCMPD Central Precinct	8,393,884		7,223,020	7,223,020		7,223,020	
PB0220	Bacon Park Tennis Building	1,151,349		1,151,280	1,151,280		1,151,280	
PB0227	Grayson Stadium Renovations	3,023,188		3,000,000	3,000,000		3,000,000	
PB0240	Bomb Squad Roof Replacement	73,900		40,919	40,919		40,919	
PB0423	New Fire Stations	3,217,102		3,217,102	3,217,102		3,217,102	
PB0426	Waters Ave Property Purchase	1,949,014		1,949,014	1,949,014		1,949,014	
PB0428	Public Safety Headquarters	1,058,872		1,058,872	1,058,872		1,058,872	
PB0526	Command Control Center	993,248		16,738	16,738		16,738	
PB0537	Facilities at Interchange Ct	43,001,741		19,462,178	19,462,178		19,462,178	
PB0539	Acquire 2155 West Gwinnett St Property	1,448,156		1,448,157	1,448,157		1,448,157	
PB0637	Fire Training Facility	1,891,049		1,282,899	1,282,899		1,282,899	
PB0644	Sav Fire Support Center & Code Compliance Offices	3,279,303		129,303	129,303		129,303	
PB0646	Edwin Street Parking Lot	300,000		300,000	85,721		85,721	214,279
PB0821	Cultural Arts Center	24,161,787		17,400,001	17,400,001		17,400,001	
PB0828	Westside Property Acquisition	3,619,002		837,860	837,860		837,860	
PB0836	Savannah Public Safety Metroplex	10,084,819		9,536,844	9,536,844		9,536,844	
PD0308	Fellwood Homes Site Infrastructure	3,658,417		3,658,417	3,658,417		3,658,417	
PD0309	Water Avenue Streetscape	6,613,936		3,350,000	3,350,000		3,350,000	
PD0400	Savannah Gardens Phase I	13,745,795		11,055,577	11,055,577		11,055,577	
PD0601	MLK Corridor-Savannah Pharmacy	464,093		464,093	464,093		464,093	
RE0309	Coffee Bluff Fishing Pier	5,521,719		4,490,000	4,490,000		4,490,000	
RE0805	Daffin Park Master Plan	4,783,503		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	
TE0422	I-16 Flyover Conceptual Master	25,000		25,000	25,000		25,000	
TE0607	Street Lighting Upgrade	1,000,000		1,000,000	164,624		164,624	835,376
TE0610	37th St Corridor Signal	340,000		340,000				340,000
TE0611	Eisenhower Drive Signal Interconnection	360,000		360,000	22,209		22,209	337,791
TE0612	Downtown Traffic Signal	346,986		300,000	300,000		300,000	,
TE0615	Stiles Ave Extension	480,404		411,491	411,491		411,491	
TE0709	Gwinn St Widening (116 Stiles)	17,191,582		582,649	582.649		582,649	
	TOTALS SPLOST 2009-2014 FUND	\$ 250,372,160	\$ 160,000,000			\$-\$	116,777,623 \$	4,193,167

NOTE: (1) This schedule lists projects that are funded by special purpose sales tax revenue. Projects may have additional funding sources.

(2) The Total Estimated Cost to be Funded From All Sources reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

					Sales Tax Funded Expenditures					
PROJECT		Total Estimated Cost to be	Original Sales Tax Funding	Current Estimated Cost to be	PRIOR	CURRENT		Remaining		
NUMBER		Funded from All Sources	per Referendum Resolution	Funded by Sales Tax	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	Balance		
SPLOST 20	014-2020 FUND:		¢							
000000	City of Savannah Projects	\$ 168,275,109	\$ 190,000,000	\$ 119.324.690 \$	110 224 697	¢	110 204 607 0	3		
CC0206	New Cc Arena				119,324,687	\$	119,324,687 \$	-		
DR0131	Drainage Box Rehabilitations	8,240,000		8,240,000	2,616,331	18,609	2,634,940	5,605,060		
DR0132	Placentia Basin Drainage Impro	7,000,000		7,000,000	2,521,019	2,448,342	4,969,361	2,030,639		
DR0308	Bilbo Box Culvert Impro	25,715,393		4,941,839	4,941,839		4,941,839			
DR0309	Colonial Drive Drainage	355,929		355,929	355,929		355,929	0.45		
DR0508	Bilbo Basin Study	70,000		70,000	66,845	0.000	66,845	3,15		
DR0705	Montg Xrd Pump Stn Ctrl Upgrade	450,000		450,000	352,733	9,308	362,041	87,959		
DR0811	Bilbo Box Culvert Impr phase II	7,766,336		654,830	654,830	050 505	654,830			
OP0144	Savannah Children's Museum	1,499,345		1,499,345	1,245,760	253,585	1,499,345			
OP0145	Pedestrian Wayfinding Signage	700,000		500,000	94,797	23,477	118,274	381,720		
OP0146	Wireless/Fiber Infrastructure	2,399,081		2,383,500	925,359	224,324	1,149,683	1,233,817		
OP0255	Data Ctr move out of Civic Ctr	1,076,181		116,500	116,500		116,500			
OP0414	Traffic Calming Devices	809,551		500,000	500,000		500,000			
OP0429	Caretaker's Cottage Restoration	605,522		500,000	500,000		500,000			
OP0432	Washington Ave Tree Lawn	27,943		27,943	27,943		27,943			
OP0434	Leedsgate Community Improve	130,573		4,483	4,483		4,483			
OP0932	Radio Network Infrastructure	2,152,432		2,152,432	2,152,432		2,152,432			
PB0148	Grant Center	4,224,189		2,000,000	2,000,000		2,000,000			
PB0150	Hutchinson Is Public Safety Facility	235,960		235,960	235,960		235,960			
PB0153	LaVida Property Acquisition	463,857		463,857	463,857		463,857			
PB0336	Highlands Fire Station	3,674,600		3,674,600	3,674,600		3,674,600			
PB0533	Fire Station Sweetwater	3,329,912		2,932,354	2,932,354		2,932,354			
PB0537	Facilities at Interchange Ct	43,001,741		6,337,822	6,337,822		6,337,822			
PB0640	Tricentennial Pk Facility Impr	115,788		115,788	54,417	22,882	77,299	38,489		
PB0641	Arena Parking Facility	13,884,357		5,376,890	5,376,890		5,376,890			
PB0642	John Delaware Ctr Renovation	1,602,938		1,600,000	1,557,658	42,342	1,600,000			
PB0643	8 Interchange Ct Fac Improvements	1,484,778		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000			
PB0644	Sav Fire Support Ctr & Code Cor	3,279,303		2,150,000	1,906,976	45,070	1,952,046	197,954		
PB0754	Priority Public Safety Facilities	14,800,000		800,000	87,886	111,628	199,514	600,486		
PB0755	Arena Pkg Pedestrian Bridge	1,309,852		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000			
PB0821	Cultural Arts Center	24,161,787		600,000	600,000		600,000			
PB0840	Fire Building Maint	765,676		50,000	50,000		50,000			
PB0842	Tomkins Ctr Renov & Expansion	3,070,715		1,500,367	1,500,367		1,500,367			
PB0929	Family Resource Center Penn Ave	7,164,043		7,159,504	7,159,504		7,159,504			
PD0117	Hitch Village Redevelopment	6,224,000		6,224,000	2,533,617		2,533,617	3,690,383		
PD0208	Ogeecheeton Sign	10,115		10,115	10,115		10,115			
PD0209	Fernwood Sign	7,027		7,027	7,027		7,027			
PD0211	Carver Village Neighbor Sign	5,644		5,644	5,644		5,644			
PD0212	Twickenham Sign	9,382		9,382	9,382		9,382			
PD0213	Summerside Sign	11,897		11,897	11,897		11,897			
PD0214	Feiler Terrace Signs	17,067		17,067	17,067		17,067			
PD0215	Feiler Terrace Park Improvments	2,675		2,675	2,675		2,675			
PD0302	Cann Park Sidewalks	310,144		131,143	131,143		131,143			
PD0309	Waters Ave Corridor Improvements	6,613,936		900,000	900,000		900,000			
PD0311	Tremont Park Sign	11,613		11,613	11,613		11,613			
PD0312	Cann Park Sign	7,497		7,497	7,497		7,497			

							nded Expenditures	
PROJECT NUMBER		Total Estimated Cost to be Funded from All Sources	Original Sales Tax Funding per Referendum Resolution	Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL	Remaining Balance
	14-2020 FUND:							
PD0314	Twickenham/Pine Garden Park	18,532		18,532	18,532		18,532	
PD0400	Sav Gardens Phase 1	13,745,795		530,000	530,000		530,000	
PD0403	Woodville Neighborhood Sign	4,423		4,423	4,423		4,423	
PD0404	Parkwood Sign	6,093		6,093	6,093		6,093	
PD0504	Glynnwood Sign	12,657		12,657	12,657		12,657	
PD0506	Poplar Place Sign	17,237		17,237	17,237		17,237	
PD0700	Neighborhood Improvements	38,445		38,445		38,445	38,445	
PD0703	Water Works Lot Redevelopment	629,006		629,008	619,928	9,080	629,008	
PD0806	Augusta Ave Revitalization	1,235,473		80,862	80,862		80,862	
PT0202	Factors Walk Wall Stabilization	1,105,447		800,000	101,188	36,877	138,065	661,935
PT0401	District 4 Irrigation Improvements	22,358		22,358	22,358		22,358	
PT0701	Forsyth Park Lighting Improvements	1,000,000		1,000,000	2,350		2,350	997,650
RE0124	Southside Park Development	1,436,484		1,249,378	1,249,378		1,249,378	
RE0125	Athletic Field Turf	1,593,195		1,593,196	1,593,196		1,593,196	
RE0128	Bee Road Park	66,235		66,235	66,235		66,235	
RE0129	Edgemere/Sackville Recreation	195,967		113,497	113,497		113,497	
RE0130	Kensington Park Playground	77,550		77,550	77,550		77,550	
RE0131	Hudson Hill Ballpark Lighting	13,253		13,253	13,253		13,253	
RE0133	Sylvan Terrace Park	305,276		305,276	305,276		305,276	
RE0134	Ogeecheeton Park Improvements	2,100		2,100	2,100		2,100	
RE0135	Summerside Playground	187.262		12.262	_,	7,169	7.169	5.093
RE0222	Twickenham Holly Heights Green Space	290,097		290,097	290,097	.,	290.097	-,
RE0223	Summerside Playground	332,836		332,837	332,837		332,837	
RE0224	Cann Park Improvements	298,935		255,834	255,834		255,834	
RE0225	Mayfair Playground Improvements	124,611		100,000	100,000		100,000	
RE0226	Ambush Park Improvements	37,233		37,233	37,233		37,233	
RE0227	Myers Park	1,354		1,353	1,353		1,353	
RE0228	Liberty City Comm Ctr	34,470		34,470	34,470		34,470	
RE0309	Coffee Bluff Fishing Pier	5,521,719		85,000	85,000		85,000	
RE0314	Avondale Park Shelter	39,750		39,750	39,750		39,750	
RE0316	Attwood Street Park Improvements	357,885		357,885	357,885		357,885	
RE0317	Windsor Rd Property Acquisition	272,009		271,809	271,809		271,809	
RE0414	Joe Tribble Park	195,710		195,710	195,710		195,710	
RE0415	Tremont Basketball Resurfacing	86,771		86,771	86,771		86.771	
RE0416	Brinkman Park Improvements	1,858		1,858	1.858		1.858	
RE0417	Windsor Neighborhood Park	406,547		406,547	406.547		406.547	
RE0418	Treat Park Expansion	66,202		66,202	66,202		66,202	
RE0419	Veterans Park	134,293		134,293	134,293		134,293	
RE0413	Holly Heights Improvements	434,367		378,741	378,340		378,340	401
RE0422	Cloverdale Park Playground Improvements	56,799		56,799	56,799		56,799	401
RE0422	Jan Street Park Improvementst	102,371		102,371	102,371		102,371	
RE0423 RE0424	Kensington Park Improvements	2,708		2,708	2,708		2,708	
RE0424	Sheridan Circle Greenscape	7,446		7,446	7,446		7,446	
RE0425 RE0426	•	43,485		43,486	43,486		43,486	
RE0426 RE0427	District 5 Basketball Court Improvements	-		43,486 539,588	43,486 539,588			
	Highlands Park Developments	1,295,588			,		539,588	
RE0517	Ogeecheeton Playground Improvements	88,464		88,464	88,464		88,464	
RE0616	Crusader Bball Court Resurface	5,982		5,982	5,982		5,982	404 500
RE0720	Fernwood Neighborhood Park	450,000		450,000	48,408		48,408	401,592
RE0820	Joe Tribble Park Improvements	2,571,535		24,525	24,525	045 045	24,525	
RE0821	Athletic Facilities Rec Improv	1,688,112		377,898	32,550	345,348	377,898	
RE0822	Playground & Park Rec Improve	1,077,545		8,728		5,224	5,224	3,504
RE0907	Lady Bamford Plygrnd Repairs	104,929		74,929	74,929		74,929	

						Sales Tax Fun	ded Expenditures	
PROJECT NUMBER		Total Estimated Cost to be Funded from All Sources	Original Sales Tax Funding per Referendum Resolution	Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL	Remaining Balance
SPLOST 20	14-2020 FUND:		•					
SP0118	Sidewalk Repairs	2,801,966		200,000	200,000		200,000	
SP0219	New Sidewalk Installs	149,313		70,644	70,644		70,644	
SP0419	Liberty Wheaton Bike Lane	585,000		300,000	20,158	169,075	189,233	110,767
SP0421	Atlantic Park Improvements	172,290		172,290	116,375		116,375	55,915
SP0422	Cedar Street Improvements	35,056		35,056	35,056		35,056	
SP0423	Sylvan Terrace ROW Improvements	103,514		103,514	103,514		103,514	
SP0516	Mercy Blvd Sidewalk Install	42,054		42,054	42,054		42,054	
SP0517	Latimore St Park Sidewalk Improvements	47,660		47,660	47,660		47,660	
SP0519	Bridge Rehabilitation	1,200,000		500,000	18,340	4,850	23,190	476,810
SP0611	Police Memorial Sidewalk Replacement	619,845		619,845	619,845		619,845	
SP0720	Wheelchair Access Ramps	409,508		9,144	9,144		9,144	
SQ0101	Riverwalk Extension at Marriot	4,407,435		1,536,000	1,536,000		1,536,000	
SQ0102	Victory Drive Corridor Impr	1,000,000		1,000,000	653,605		653,605	346,395
SQ0103	Factors Walk Wall Restoration	712,053		600,000	600,000		600,000	
SQ0418	Washington Ave Median Improve	25,525		25,525	25,525		25,525	
SQ0706	Square Lighting & Electric Upgrade	100,000		100,000	60,782	6,499	67,281	32,719
SQ0707	Yamacraw Square Improvements	109,503		109,503	109,503		109,503	
TE0216	Habersham & Kensington Speed	208,782		200,000	200,000		200,000	
TE0309	Derenne Ave Traffic Anl	20,119,887		11,800,000				11,800,000
TE0310	President St Imprvmnts	35,282,226		5,000,000	5,000,000		5,000,000	
TE0614	Benton Blvd Widening	5,635,880		1,200,000	1,896		1,896	1,198,104
TE0717	Stiles Ave Phase II	209,139		40,000	18,391	21,609	40,000	
	Public Safety Vehicles	1,384,212		1,384,212	1,384,212		1,384,212	
	TOTALS SPLOST 2014-2020 FUND	\$ 480,279,135	\$ 190,000,000	\$ 229,603,816 \$	195,799,517	\$ 3,843,743 \$	199,643,260 \$	29,960,556

NOTE: (1) This schedule lists projects that are funded by special purpose sales tax revenue. Projects may have additional funding sources. (2) The Total Estimated Cost to be Funded From All Sources reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

(3) The Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

		Total		Original	Current		Sales Tax I	Fund	ed Expenditures	
PROJECT NUMBER		Estimated Cost to be Funded from All Sources	Inte	Sales Tax Funding per ergovernmental Agreement	Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR		TOTAL	Remaining Balance
SPLOST 20	020-2026 FUND:									
	City of Savannah Projects		\$	155,824,915						
	GO Bond Debt Service	\$ 6,843,67	9		\$ 6,621,016 \$	3,740,879	\$ 1,219,397	\$	4,960,276 \$	1,660,740
DR0135	Springfield Canal Ph1 Bric Grant	184,25	0		184,250		130,178		130,178	54,072
DR0905	Springfield Drg Imprvs	46,077,15	0		44,815,750	5,778,714	401,527		6,180,241	38,635,509
DR0911	Casey South Drg Phs II	40,224,52	6		22,000,000					22,000,000
OP0727	Fire Truck Replacement	1,998,99	0		1,998,990		1,998,990		1,998,990	
PB0148	Grant Center	4,224,18	9		2,224,189	2,214,135	10,054		2,224,189	
PB0540	Police HQ Bldg Envelop Repair	9,752,43	В		4,700,000	3,175,318	1,524,681		4,699,999	1
PB0849	Liberty City Parking Facility	300,00	D		300,000	11,709	25,959		37,668	262,332
PB0851	City Hall Historic Renovation	3,001,00	0		3,000,000	274,843	2,557,264		2,832,107	167,893
PD0309	Waters Ave Corridor Imp	6,613,93	6		1,512,296	1,512,296			1,512,296	
PD0505	Blighted Prop Acq & Redevelop	6,500,00	0		5,500,000	1,228,655	211,952		1,440,607	4,059,393
PD0920	Abercorn Streetscape	500,00	0		500,000					500,000
RE0617	Grayson Stadium Improvements	2,500,00	0		2,500,000	659,291	1,140,711		1,800,002	699,998
RE0717	Pool Repairs & Improvements	1,250,00	0		1,250,000	11,916	727,334		739,250	510,750
RE0815	Daffin Park Improvements	205,00	0		205,000	205,000	(35,610)	)	169,390	35,610
RE0816	Daffin Park Pool Improvements	295,00	0		295,000	121,313	107,132		228,445	66,555
RE0817	Southside Community Center	9,000,00	0		1,000,000	17,938	27,050		44,988	955,012
RE0818	Tide to Town	1,327,05	5		1,000,000	21,572	126,350		147,922	852,078
SP0120	Sidewalk Replacements & New Install	2,400,00	0		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000	
SP0121	LMIG 2024	2,312,63	2		550,000		290,173		290,173	259,827
SP0122	Street Paving & Rehab	2,450,00	0		2,450,000		171,000		171,000	2,279,000
SP0221	Broughton St Streetscape	21,207,28	0		7,673,394	2,536,997	(278,899)	)	2,258,098	5,415,296
SP0222	River St Streetscape	1,203,99	6		76,224					76,224
SP0223	Bay St Streetscape	679,80	2		103,700					103,700
SP0610	Street Paving & Resurfacing	3,622,00	5		2,999,133	2,999,133			2,999,133	
SP0716	2021 LMIG	1,858,49	3		49,984	49,984			49,984	
SP0721	Sidewalk Rehab & New Install	2,377,61	5		2,200,000	2,200,000			2,200,000	
SP0722	Cohen Street Extension	500,00	0		500,000	133,391	36,919		170,310	329,690
SP0812	LMIG 2022	2,127,96	1		520,000	520,000			520,000	
SP0813	Street Paving & Resurfacing	3,000,86			3,000,867	3,000,867			3,000,867	
SP0918	Sidewalk Rehab & New Install	1,100,00			1,100,000	1,100,000			1,100,000	
SP0919	LMIG 2023	2,189,23	9		550,000	550,000			550,000	
SP0920	Street Paving & Resurfacing	3,300,00			3,300,000	3,001,565	298,435		3,300,000	
SQ0101	Riverwalk Extension at Marriot	4,407,43			2,000,000	2,000,000	,		2,000,000	
TE0716	Traffic Safety & Calming	3,520,46			3,500,000	680,626	642,254		1,322,880	2,177,120
TE0907	Windsor & Largo Traffic Circle	750,00			487,704	,	44,980		44,980	442,724
	TOTALS SPLOST 2020-2026 FUND	\$ 199,805,00		155,824,915	\$ 132,667,497 \$	37,746,142		\$	51,123,973 \$	81,543,524

NOTE: (1) This schedule lists projects that are funded by special purpose sales tax revenue. Projects may have additional funding sources.

(2) The Total Estimated Cost to be Funded From All Sources reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

(3) The Current Estimated Cost to be Funded by Sales Tax reported on this schedule is different than the amounts reported on the prior year's schedule.

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Beginning September 1, 2023, in accordance with O.C.G.A. 48-13-51(b), the City of Savannah levied an 8% tax on hotel/motel lodging and disbursed collected funds to the Convention and Visitors Bureau and the Georgia International Trade Center.

This schedule provides information on the amount of Hotel/Motel tax cash receipts and the amount of such receipts which were disbursed or contractually committed to be disbursed to the Convention and Visitors Bureau the Georgia International Trade Center and the Savannah Civic Center.

	Amount	Amount as a Percentage of Revenue
Hotel/Motel tax collected at 8%	\$ 47,442,692	
Expenditures made to:		
Convention and Visitors Bureau Georgia International Trade Center	\$ 16,035,630 \$ 6,641,977	33.80% 14.00%

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### CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES - RENTAL MOTOR VEHICLE TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

During 2024, the City collected rental motor vehicle excise tax as authorized in O.C.G.A. 48-13-93.

	Amount	Amount as a Percentage of Revenue
Rental motor vehicle tax	\$ 3,350,610	
Transfers made to:		
Civic Center Fund	\$ 3,350,610	100.00%

The City of Savannah uses this revenue to pay for debt service and operating costs related to the City's civic center located on Montgomery Street and to the City arena located on Gwinnett Street.

# SOURCE and APPLICATION OF FUNDS SCHEDULE OneGeorgia

# City of Savannah, Georgia Recipient Name

### ORG0241 (OGA) OneGeorgia Rural Workforce Housing Initiative Fund FY 24 (24wh-025-5-5190) Grant Number

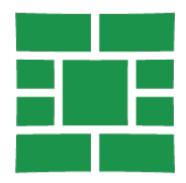
### For the Period Ending: December 31, 2024

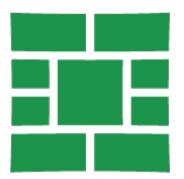
# (Cumulative)

I. Total Fiscal Year 2024 OneGeorgia Funds Awarded to Recipient:	\$ 2,500,000
II. Total Amount Drawdown by Recipient from DCA:	 -
III. Less OneGeorgia Funds Expended by Recipient:	 
IV. Amount of Fiscal Year 2024 OneGeorgia Funds held by Recipient:	\$ -

# OneGeorgia PROJECT COST SCHEDULE Recipient Name: City of Savannah Grant Award Number: 24wh-025-5-5190 For the Period Ending: December 31, 2024

Program Activity	OneGeorgia Activity Number	Latest Approved Budget	Accumulated OneGeorgia Expenditures to Date	Accumulated Expenditures to Date (Other Funds)	Grant Total of Expenditures to Date	Questioned Costs (if applicable)
Sewer	G70-1402-I	\$ 2,500,000	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	N/A





STATISTICAL SECTION

# STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical tables differ from financial statements since they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present nonaccounting data. These tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the City. Due to the nature of the information contained therein, the tables are unaudited.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Savannah's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Cont	tents	Pages
Finar	ncial Trends	147-151
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Reve	enue Capacity	152-155
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt	Capacity	156-160
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Dem	ographic and Economic Information	161-162
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Oper	ating Information	163-170
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Net Position By Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 582,292 170,564 (11,427)	\$     596,139 185,145 (11,818)	\$ 615,738 214,481 (14,335)	\$ 637,819 234,076 2,416	\$ 646,366 239,491 35,885	\$ 674,725 245,165 42,172	\$ 776,053 155,107 110,927	\$ 833,917 170,143 165,653	\$ 882,150 217,514 160,492	\$ 917,034 251,726 223,156
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 741,429	\$ 769,466	\$ 815,884	\$ 874,311	\$ 921,742	\$ 962,062	\$ 1,042,087	\$ 1,169,713	\$ 1,260,156	\$ 1,391,916
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 316,149 2,370 110,391 \$ 428,910	\$ 318,418 3,870 120,280 \$ 442,568	\$ 329,224 3,212 139,613 \$ 472,049	\$ 391,907 3,267 162,564 \$ 557,738	\$ 414,570 3,345 177,143 \$ 595,058	\$ 440,312 3,345 177,955 \$ 621,612	\$ 500,499 3,327 137,700 \$ 641,526	\$ 536,490 1,895 155,109 \$ 693,494	\$ 560,963 6,104 160,232 \$ 727,299	\$ 618,416 6,861 157,393 \$ 782,670
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 898,441 172,934 98,964 \$ 1,170,339	\$ 914,557 189,015 108,462 \$ 1,212,034	\$ 944,962 217,693 125,278 \$ 1,287,933	\$ 1,029,726 237,343 164,980 \$ 1,432,049	\$ 1,060,936 242,836 213,028 \$ 1,516,800	\$ 1,115,037 248,510 220,127 \$ 1,583,674	\$ 1,276,552 158,434 248,627 \$ 1,683,613	\$ 1,370,407 172,038 320,762 \$ 1,863,207	\$ 1,443,113 223,618 320,724 \$ 1,987,455	\$ 1,535,450 258,587 380,549 \$ 2,174,586

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

F	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses Governmental activities:	2013	2010	2017		2013	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities. Governance and strategic services	\$ 14,722	\$ 5,237	\$ 5.440	\$ 5.606	\$ 6,576	\$ 7,803	\$ 5,286	\$ 5,942	\$ 6,861	\$ 13,176
5	\$ 14,722 4,065	\$ 5,237 3,517	\$ 5,440 2,728	\$ 5,606 9,229	\$ 0,576 12,843	5 7,003 14,738	5,200 14,169	5,942 14,048	23,268	\$ 13,170
Municipal Services	4,065	3,517	2,728	9,229	12,843	14,738	14,169	14,048	23,268	0.400
Information and public affairs										3,126
Management services	40.005	44 475	40.004	50 550	50.007	50.040	04.005	C4 004	70.000	22,230
Infrastructure and Development	42,305	44,175	42,861	50,553	53,307	52,948	81,835	64,831	73,638	10.000
Government Operations								3,713	5,500	40,209
Water Resources										7,513
Planning and economic development										66,757
Police	67,028	75,375	74,032	65,473	60,974	62,493	53,007	51,071	71,739	71,114
Recorder's court	2,082	2,154	2,092	2,216	2,488	2,567	2,119	1,929	2,736	3,306
Fire	30,331	30,442	30,214	32,685	34,933	36,198	31,587	35,019	42,874	44,810
Parks and Recreation	22,202	24,130	24,334	10,816	13,975	11,914	10,060	9,651	16,481	
Tourism enhancement	11,314	11,884	12,690	11,694	12,448	7,863	15,132	18,729	22,179	
Public Development	1,704	1,589	1,370	1,277						
Community Services	6,200	7,238	5,538	7,520	16,498	13,232	13,380	15,750	14,090	25,927
Grant program and administration	5,764	19,423	17,536	9,722	8,279	2,364	6,662	5,750	6,912	7,217
Community development program and administration	8,572	8,959	9,832	9,281	14,204	8,829	9,882	21,129	12,758	8,309
Interest on long-term debt	1,036	1,332	1,415	1,906	1,679	1,765	2,157	2,137	2,088	2,041
Interest on capital leases	.,000	.,002	.,	.,	.,	.,	2,.07	210	348	516
Total governmental activities expenses	217,325	235,455	230,082	217,978	238,204	222,714	245,276	249,909	301,472	316,251
	211,525	200,400	200,002	211,010	200,204	222,114	240,210	240,000	001,472	010,201
Business-type activities:	50.010	50.000	50.400	50.404	05 000	04 500	74 004	00 757	70 710	00.470
Water and sewer	56,949	56,962	58,462	59,401	65,639	64,538	71,621	69,757	78,716	92,172
Sanitation	22,895	24,814	26,029	16,599	26,032	25,822	24,863	34,965	38,036	42,190
Parking facilities	11,218	11,752	12,992	14,533	16,583	14,977	16,558	18,933	18,925	20,614
Civic center	3,577	3,812	3,546	3,764	5,053	5,394	4,104	4,528	5,424	5,027
Golf course	165	218	212	224	234	249	267	326	375	375
Total business-type activities expenses	94,804	97,558	101,241	94,521	113,541	110,980	117,413	128,509	141,476	160,378
Total primary government expenses	\$ 312,129	\$ 333,013	\$ 331,323	\$ 312,499	\$ 351,745	\$ 333,694	\$ 362,689	\$ 378,418	\$ 442,948	\$ 476,629
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: Municipal Services (Management, Governmental Ops)	\$ 2,821	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,776	\$ 3,798	\$ 3,985	\$ 3,814	\$ 4,087	\$ 4,425	\$ 4,613	\$ 10,488
Planning and economic development	4 00 4	1 007	4.050	0.17	4 007	4 000		4 000	0.000	682
Infrastructure and Development	1,034	1,327	1,358	817	1,607	4,026	992	1,209	2,382	
Police	26,212	23,006	22,011	13,445	3,636	2,462	2,286	2,260	4,347	4,246
Recorder's court	1,901	1,940	2,387	3,407	3,495	2,728	3,537	2,673	1,933	2,324
Fire	409	425	504	426	547	519	516	551	675	760
Parks and Recreation	1,170	1,004	1,267	1,283	1,189	641	969	1,410	1,392	
Tourism enhancement	1,367	1,450	1,795	1,789	1,821	1,166	1,695	1,972	2,294	
Community Services	3,735	3,741	3,383	4,369	5,039	3,730	5,208	6,661	7,540	8,806
Community development program and administration	2,836	1,511	2,047	1,368	1,941	1,948	342	6,941	1,165	1,584
Operating grants and contributions	8,935	13,875	31,907	18,471	14,801	14,269	40,903	45,923	15,877	13,810
Capital grants and contributions	41,270	40,303	42,034	46,549	52,453	46,643	49,039	55,627	66,032	107,475
Total governmental activities program revenues	91,690	90,907	111,469	95,722	90,514	81,946	109,574	129,652	108,250	150,175
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	66,508	68,474	71,165	72,187	81,994	80,131	79,242	91,627	100,442	107,045
Sanitation	26,674	28,896	29,338	28,272	30,169	30,715	30,285	37,385	38,195	40,407
Parking facilities	12,965	13,180	13,924	17,567	19,825	14,999	19,742	19,687	20,343	20,338
Civic center	1,946	1,530	1,844	1,371	1,539	1,061	792	1,927	2,239	2,426
Golf course	.,040	.,000	1,044	.,	.,000	1,001	. 02	137	101	100
Resource recovery								157	101	100
Operating grants and contributions	73	70	64	67	64	72				
Capital grants and contributions	3,474	4,114	3,106	52,539	4,755	6,601	3,668	8,623	11,590	26,670
	111,640		119,441	172,003		133,579	133,729		172,910	196,986
Total business-type activities program revenues		116,264			138,346			159,386		
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 203,330	\$ 207,171	\$ 230,910	\$ 267,725	\$ 228,860	\$ 215,525	\$ 243,303	\$ 289,038	\$ 281,160	\$ 347,161
Net (expense)/revenue	A (105 005)		A (110 0 · · · ·	A (100 0-5)		A (110 700)		A (100 0)	. (100.000)	
Governmental activities	\$ (125,635)	\$ (144,548)	\$ (118,613)	\$ (122,256)	\$ (147,690)	\$ (140,768)	\$ (135,702)	\$ (120,257)	\$ (193,222)	\$ (166,076)
Business-type activities	16,836	18,706	18,200	77,482	24,805	22,599	16,316	30,877	31,434	36,608
Total primary government net expense	\$ (108,799)	\$ (125,842)	\$ (100,413)	\$ (44,774)	\$ (122,885)	\$ (118,169)	\$ (119,386)	\$ (89,380)	\$ (161,788)	\$ (129,468)

### Continued from previous page.

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 64,604	\$ 67,569	\$ 70,368	\$ 78,573	\$ 78,918	\$ 79,722	\$ 84,431	\$ 92,751	\$ 99,009	\$ 114,406
Intangible, transfer and franchise taxes	20,069	20,671	20,043	20,893	21,696	21,536	22,626	24,344	25,194	26,795
General sales taxes	37,841	37,787	40,547	43,801	46,835	45,435	55,571	66,266	66,531	66,417
Selective sales taxes	25,055	26,461	28,049	29,451	30,739	20,018	37,987	47,097	50,715	58,543
Business taxes	8,601	9,253	9,913	10,606	11,227	11,110	11,357	12,053	13,107	14,099
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	785	796	447	734	760	655	934	573	622	893
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	1,675	1,352	1,736	2,018	1,815	2,367	2,958	2,391	6,324	6,784
Investment earnings, unrestricted	73	249	794	1,973	3,135	937	74	3,502	12,025	13,812
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,376	1,847	579	515	5,986	1,409	923	1,145	1,384	3,210
Miscellaneous	1,148	692	2,096	501	1,325	179	1,817	1,287	1,577	1,249
Contributions to cemetery perpetual care										
Transfers	(1,417)	5,908	(9,540)	(6,173)	(7,316)	(2,281)	(2,950)	(3,527)	7,177	(8,372)
Total governmental activities	159,810	172,585	165,032	182,892	195,120	181,087	215,728	247,882	283,665	297,836
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings, unrestricted	360	1,198	1,198	2,801	4,191	1,136	73	2,631	8,220	8,875
Gain on sale of capital assets								12,812		
Miscellaneous	500	543	543	756	1,008	539	574	2,121	1,327	1,516
Transfers	(5,908)	9,540	9,540	6,173	7,316	2,281	2,950	3,528	(7,177)	8,372
Total business-type activities	(5,048)	11,281	11,281	9,730	12,515	3,956	3,597	21,092	2,370	18,763
Total primary government	\$ 154,762	\$ 183,866	\$ 176,313	\$ 192,622	\$ 207,635	\$ 185,043	\$ 219,325	\$ 268,974	\$ 286,035	\$ 316,599
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 15,262	\$ 28,037	\$ 46,419	\$ 60,636	\$ 47,430	\$ 181,087	\$ 80,026	\$ 127,625	\$ 90,443	\$ 131,760
Business-type activities	20,685	13,658	29,481	87,213	37,320	3,956	19,913	51,969	33,804	55,371
Total primary government	\$ 35,947	\$ 41,695	\$ 75,900	\$ 147,849	\$ 84,750	\$ 185,043	\$ 99,939	\$ 179,594	\$ 124,247	\$ 187,131

### City of Savannah, Georgia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund Committed	\$ 2,904	\$ 2,613	\$ 3,908	\$ 3,758	\$ 4,566	\$ 3,435	\$ 1,739	\$ 3,615	\$ 3,828	\$ 4,615
Unassigned	32,566	34,096	35,508	37,945	40,928	42,976	47,154	49,360	53,888	59,598
Total general fund	\$ 35,470	\$ 36,709	\$ 39,416	\$ 41,703	\$ 45,494	\$ 46,411	\$ 48,893	\$ 52,975	\$ 57,716	\$ 64,213
All other governmental funds Nonspendable, reported in										
Special revenue funds	\$ 6,073	\$ 6,308	\$ 6,615	\$ 6,883	\$ 7,200	\$ 7,530	\$ 7,972	\$ 8,460	\$ 8,812	\$ 9,187
Restricted, reported in										
Special revenue funds	3,423	2,745	2,471	2,160	2,180	2,047	3,076	3,309	2,904	3,094
Capital projects funds	136,102	161,398	181,015	198,726	208,736	213,790	123,134	132,086	167,712	198,206
Committed, reported in										
Special revenue funds							1,378	1,891	1,938	2,181
Capital projects funds	43,032	32,348	35,728	48,236	67,730	56,272	99,914	138,541	156,236	178,786
Unassigned										
Special revenue funds			(4,640)	(6,262)	(6,323)	(1,483)	(36)			
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 188,630	\$ 202,799	\$ 221,189	\$ 249,743	\$ 279,523	\$ 278,156	\$ 235,438	\$ 284,287	\$ 337,602	\$ 391,454

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Revenues	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Taxes	\$ 158.682	\$ 162,167	\$ 168.453	\$ 184,247	\$ 190,828	\$ 177,367	\$ 213.710	\$ 243.822	\$ 253.357	\$ 279,254
Licenses and permits	5,245	5,283	4,956	6,401	7,209	5,835	7,149	\$,785	9,670	10,308
Intergovernmental	49.105	49.803	64,234	62,488	58,007	60.724	87,873	91,648	71.991	70,947
Charges for services	30,849	26,556	26,431	14,233	7,950	6,829	6,982	11,306	9,813	11,887
•	,	20,550	3.040		3,999	3.094	3.928	2.937	4.370	4.918
Fines	2,496 684	,	- ,	3,860	- ,	- ,	- ,	,	,	,
Investment earnings	684	1,352	2,191	4,803	6,204	1,998	310	4,630	15,891	19,646
Special assessments	7 004	0.070	0.000	0.554	10.005	44 700	10 504	40.000	10 500	10.074
Miscellaneous	7,821	8,078	9,938	8,551	10,285	11,726	10,591	10,390	10,533	10,274
Total revenues	254,882	255,905	279,243	284,583	284,482	267,573	330,543	373,518	375,625	407,234
Expenditures										
Governance and strategic services	14,399	4,760	5,341	5,535	6,229	7,666	5,766	6,535	7,792	12,188
Information and public affairs										3,069
Municipal services	8,011	7,963	7,429	15,100	18,074	20,586	21,145	20,537	26,133	27,366
Governmental Operations								3,713	4,094	39,350
Infrastructure and development	29,083	30,289	29,225	37,448	38,985	39,986	68,750	53,390	54,646	
Water resources										7,332
Planning and economic development										48,030
Police	69,395	74,037	74,080	70,100	57,545	62,166	59,034	62,966	63,876	66,046
Recorder's court	2,188	2,151	2,155	2,385	2,444	2,781	2,418	2,452	2,841	3,189
Fire	30,801	29,388	29,682	33,525	33,047	35,140	34,168	36,384	38,515	41,523
Parks and recreation	21,462	21,816	22,523	9,478	10,285	9,524	10,086	11,677	11,865	,
Tourism enhancement	11,333	11,886	12,695	11,715	12,453	7,871	15,148	18,771	21,543	
Social and cultural	1,704	1,590	1,370	1,277	,				,	
Community services	7.683	8,260	6,709	9.007	17,312	12.967	14.354	16.748	12,755	19.226
Grant program and administration	5,827	19,392	17,611	9,867	8,340	2,527	11,838	5,792	6,419	6,995
Community development program and administration	7,229	7,525	6,304	7,808	8,437	7,555	8,513	19,647	10,728	8,149
Capital outlay	34,087	33,477	36,456	48,113	46,611	52,566	145,867	56,354	54,832	50,151
Debt service	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Principal	2,740	3.565	3.780	3,870	1.835	3.400	4.335	6.123	6,577	8.403
Interest	849	1,449	1,491	1,571	2,290	1,974	2,637	2,864	2,829	2,873
Bond issuance costs	402	127	124	349	76	.,	589	98	62	_,
Total expenditures	247,193	257,675	256,975	267,148	263,963	266,709	404,648	324,051	325,507	343,890
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,603	7,689	(1,770)	17,435	20,519	864	(74,105)	49,467	50,118	63,344
Other financing sources (uses)	20.040	20.704	00.000	05 700	04.040	07.445	440.007	454.000	00.005	04.004
Transfers in	32,642	30,701	28,299	35,706	31,612	27,415	110,927	151,893	80,385	84,831
Transfers out	(31,368)	(24,889)	(38,122)	(42,083)	(33,848)	(29,529)	(108,994)	(155,346)	(77,833)	(93,173)
Debt issuance proceeds	19,950	10,000	8,585	16,095	8,440		26,720	6,222	5,081	3,508
Payment to fiscal agent					(8,270)					
Premium on bond debt	452		<i>a</i> -	716			4,402			1.05-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		1,367	67	2,972	15,118	801	814	694	304	1,839
Total other financing sources (uses)	21,676	17,179	(1,171)	13,406	13,052	(1,313)	33,869	3,463	7,937	(2,995)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 38,279	\$ 24,868	\$ (2,941)	\$ 30,841	\$ 33,571	\$ (449)	\$ (40,236)	\$ 52,930	\$ 58,055	\$ 60,349
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.7%	2.2%	2.4%	2.5%	1.9%	2.5%	2.7%	3.4%	3.5%	3.8%

### City of Savannah, Georgia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Real P	Property	Persona	Personal Property			other ty	Total			
Year Ended December 31	Assessed Value	Estimated True Value	Assessed Value	Estimated True Value	Asses: Valu		Estimated True Value		Assessed Value	Estimated True Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2015	\$ 4,191,749	\$ 10,479,373	\$ 802,164	\$ 2,005,410	\$ 104	,102 \$	\$ 260,255	\$	5,098,015	\$ 12,745,038	12.48
2016	4,239,601	10,599,003	771,703	1,929,258	110	,151	275,378		5,121,455	12,803,638	12.48
2017	4,465,495	11,163,738	809,379	2,023,448	129	,634	324,085		5,404,508	13,511,270	12.48
2018	4,736,526	11,841,315	761,653	1,904,133	142	,749	356,873		5,640,928	14,102,320	13.40
2019	4,983,275	12,458,187	834,726	2,086,814	150	,804	377,010		5,968,804	14,922,011	12.86
2020	5,347,542	13,368,854	635,593	1,588,982	159	,681	399,202		6,142,815	15,357,038	12.74
2021	5,642,148	14,105,370	736,648	1,841,619	167	,135	417,838		6,545,931	16,364,827	12.74
2022	6,478,714	16,196,786	729,980	1,824,951	160	,009	400,023		7,368,704	18,421,760	12.20
2023	7,317,455	18,293,638	806,767	2,016,918	175	,251	438,128		8,299,473	20,748,683	12.20
2024	8,201,274	20,503,185	827,266	2,068,165	180	,690	451,725		9,209,230	23,023,075	12.20

Source: Chatham County Tax Assessor's Office.

**Note:** Property in the county is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at 40% of estimated true value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated true value is calculated by dividing assessed value by 40%. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

# City of Savannah, Georgia Direct and Overlapping<sup>1</sup> Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	City of	City of Savannah Special			Chatham Area Transit		Total Direct & Overlapping
Year	Savannah	District <sup>2</sup>	Schools	County	Authority	State	Rates
2015	12.480	0.200	16.631	11.543	1.000	0.050	41.904
2016	12.480	0.200	16.631	11.543	1.000	0.000	41.854
2017	12.480	0.200	16.631	11.543	1.150	0.000	42.004
2018	13.400	0.200	18.881	11.543	1.150	0.000	45.174
2019	12.856	0.200	18.881	11.543	1.150	0.000	44.630
2020	12.739	0.200	18.881	11.543	1.150	0.000	44.513
2021	12.739	0.200	18.131	11.543	1.150	0.000	43.763
2022	12.200	0.200	17.631	10.518	1.056	0.000	41.605
2023	12.200	0.200	17.631	10.518	1.056	0.000	41.605
2024	12.200	0.200	17.481	10.518	1.056	0.000	41.455

Source: Chatham County Tax Assessors Office.

<sup>1</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Savannah. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Savannah property owners (e.g., the rates for the special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

<sup>2</sup> In 2003, the City of Savannah created special district called the "Water Transportation District." Only properties located within this district are subject to this millage levy.

## City of Savannah, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2024		2015			
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Georgia Power Company	Electric utility	\$ 101,667,424	1	1.10%	\$	56,710,184	1	1.11%
Commuteair LLC	Commercial airline	72,696,400	2	0.79%				
Savannah Health Services, LLC	Healthcare provider	69,724,000	3	0.76%				
Rolls Royce North America	Aerospace parts manufacturer	48,685,466	4	0.53%				
Oglethorpe Mall LLC	Retail shopping mall	38,003,920	5	0.41%		31,691,398	3	0.62%
Memorial Health Hospital	Hospital	37,145,752	6	0.40%				
5670 Savannah LLC	Distribution center	34,408,124	7	0.37%				
S O Savannah One LLC	Distribution center	27,966,918	8	0.30%				
Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation	Airplane manufacturer	27,307,014	9	0.30%				
Southwest Airlines	Commercial airline	21,186,490	10	0.23%				
Home Depot	Distribution Center					38,666,487	2	0.76%
Columbia Properties Savannah	Marriott hotel					30,000,000	4	0.59%
International Paper Company	Cardboard box manufacturer					29,053,478	5	0.57%
CWT Savannah Hotel LLC	Westin hotel					27,600,000	6	0.54%
HH Savannah LLC	Hyatt hotel					26,400,000	7	0.52%
Dollar Tree Stores Inc	Distribution Center					18,591,564	8	0.36%
Chatham Parkway Apartments	Apartment Complex					16,426,760	9	0.32%
Chatham Savannah SHS LLC	Springhill Suites Hotel					15,316,458	10	0.30%
Totals		\$ 478,791,508		5.19%	\$	290,456,329		5.69%

Source: Chatham County Tax Assessors Office

# City of Savannah, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collec	ted within the	Co	ollections in	Total Collections to Date			
Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Y	ear of the Levy	S	ubsequent		Percent		
December 31	Fiscal Year <sup>1</sup>	Amount	Percentage of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy		
2015	\$ 64,065,372	\$ 61,412,883	95.9%	\$	2,570,891	\$ 63,983,774	99.9%		
2016	62,181,988	58,925,636	94.8%		3,151,790	62,077,426	99.8%		
2017	65,196,277	61,187,224	93.9%		3,832,104	65,019,328	99.7%		
2018	72,090,925	68,199,144	94.6%		3,625,022	71,824,166	99.6%		
2019	74,414,549	70,990,632	95.4%		3,099,701	74,090,333	99.6%		
2020	75,722,588	71,447,125	94.4%		3,911,876	75,359,001	99.5%		
2021	78,462,635	74,908,954	95.5%		3,251,029	78,159,983	99.6%		
2022	88,710,439	85,155,210	96.0%		3,042,483	88,197,693	99.4%		
2023	93,073,929	86,972,707	93.4%		4,625,372	91,598,079	98.4%		
2024	108,011,745	100,403,075	93.0%			100,403,075	93.0%		

Source: City of Savannah.

<sup>1</sup> Includes: Real Property Industrial Area Personal Property Utility Vehicles Mobile Home Taxes

Note: The Levy Year is from January 1 to December 31. Real property is billed in two installments - April and September. Personal property is billed annually with payments due in November.

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Gov	ernmental Acti	ivitie	s			Business -Type Activities								
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Contractual Obligations	Long-term Notes		Leases	Sub	scriptions	Water & Sewer Bonds	Water & Sewer Notes	Sanitation Contractual Obligations	Parking Contractual Obligations	Parking Leases	Civic Center Contractual Obligations	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Household Income	Per Capita
2015		\$ 43,778,917	\$ 500,000					\$ 17,196,559	\$ 21,188,415	\$ 12,306,356	\$ 30,096,427			\$ 125,066,674	2.2%	\$ 918
2016	\$ 2,000,000	48,212,484	400,000					33,648,038		9,275,620	61,774,476			155,310,618	2.6%	1,140
2017	4,000,000	51,017,031	300,000					29,994,518	3,358,710	6,217,191	60,483,228			155,370,678	2.5%	1,140
2018	6,000,000	61,958,984	200,000					27,379,141	16,867,540	14,211,741	89,764,478			216,381,884	3.3%	1,588
2019	6,000,000	60,062,094	100,000					24,633,695	18,749,335	11,085,000	98,024,726		\$ 45,740,797	264,395,647	4.1%	1,940
2020	5,685,000	56,911,013						21,890,524	19,350,610	10,115,000	105,124,030		45,005,216	264,081,393	3.8%	1,938
2021	4,975,000	83,911,559		\$	1,297,564			19,104,764	18,621,375	9,120,000	103,559,617		44,402,356	284,992,235	3.4%	1,928
2022	3,875,000	85,769,576			7,758,309	\$	428,166	16,841,454	17,737,994	8,095,000	99,873,980	\$ 4,197,527	43,784,908	288,361,914	3.4%	1,951
2023	2,755,000	84,000,319			12,328,375		202,596	14,521,908	16,845,471	7,040,000	95,484,926	3,674,283	43,152,880	280,005,758	3.3%	1,895
2024	1,605,000	78,054,425			15,259,466		501,671	12,151,245	15,943,710	5,950,000	90,942,736	15,635,820	42,501,285	278,545,358	3.1%	1,885

# City of Savannah, Georgia Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Assessed Value (000)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Population	Per apita
2015		\$	5,098,015		136,286	
2016	\$ 2,000,000	)	5,121,455	0.0391%	136,286	\$ 14.68
2017	4,000,000	)	5,404,508	0.0740%	136,286	29.35
2018	6,000,000	)	5,640,929	0.1064%	136,286	44.03
2019	6,000,000	)	5,968,804	0.1005%	136,286	44.03
2020	5,685,000	)	6,142,815	0.0925%	136,286	41.71
2021	4,975,000	)	6,545,931	0.0760%	147,780	33.66
2022	3,875,000	)	7,368,704	0.0526%	147,780	26.22
2023	2,755,000	)	8,299,473	0.0332%	147,780	18.64
2024	1,605,000	)	9,209,230	0.0174%	147,780	10.86

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

# City of Savannah, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2024

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt*
City of Savannah			
General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$ 1,605,000	100.0%	\$ 1,605,000
Leases	15,259,466	100.0%	15,259,466
Subscription Based IT Arrangements	501,671	100.0%	501,671
Contractual Obligations:			
Downtown Savannah Authority, Series 2014	983,832	100.0%	983,832
Downtown Savannah Authority, Series 2015	12,174,901	100.0%	12,174,901
Downtown Savannah Authority, Series 2016	4,200,000	100.0%	4,200,000
Downtown Savannah Authority, 2017	4,135,000	100.0%	4,135,000
Downtown Savannah Authority, 2018	11,516,138	100.0%	11,516,138
Downtown Savannah Authority, 2019	8,315,000	100.0%	8,315,000
Savannah Economic Development Authority, 2021	28,464,554	100.0%	28,464,554
Savannah Economic Development Authority, 2022	5,805,000	100.0%	5,805,000
Savannah Economic Development Authority, 2023	2,460,000	100.0%	2,460,000
Total Direct Debt	95,420,562		95,420,562
Chatham County			
Leases	1,271,200	43.9%	557,646
Subscription Based IT Arrangements	3,288,093	43.9%	1,442,409
Contractual Obligations:			
Downtown Savannah Authority (Union Mission), Series 2009	940,000	43.9%	412,356
Downtown Savannah Authority (Chatham County Projects), Series 2014	1,980,000	43.9%	868,579
Downtown Savannah Authority (Chatham County Projects), Series 2020	67,415,000	43.9%	29,573,377
Unamortized bond premiums	9,736,272	43.9%	4,271,074
Savannah/Chatham County School Board			
Certificates of Participation	7,664,000	43.9%	3,362,017
Leases	4,737,153	43.9%	2,078,078
Subscription Based IT Arrangements	6,340,323	43.9%	2,781,351
Overlapping Debt	103,372,041		45,346,887
Total Direct and Indirect General Obligation Supported Bonded Debt	\$ 198,792,603		\$ 140,767,449

\* Note: Overlapping percentage calculated based on assessed property values.

#### City of Savannah, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2024

Assessed value 2024 Tax Roll	\$ 9	9,209,229,911
General Bonded Debt Limit, 10% of Assessed Value	\$	920,922,991
Debt applicable to limit:		
Less: outstanding general obligation bonds 1,605,000	_	
Total net debt applicable to limit		1,605,000
Legal debt margin	\$	919,317,991

					Fisca	l Year					
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>		2024
Debt Limit	\$ 509,801,454	\$ 512,145,531	\$ 540,450,752	\$ 564,092,880	\$ 596,880,428	\$ 614,281,505	\$ 654,593,083	\$ 736,870,380	\$ 829,947,342	\$ 93	20,922,991
Total net debt applicable to limit		2,000,000	4,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	5,685,000	4,975,000	3,875,000	2,755,000		1,605,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 509,801,454	\$ 510,145,531	\$ 536,450,752	\$ 558,092,880	\$ 590,880,428	\$ 608,596,505	\$ 649,618,083	\$ 732,995,380	\$ 827,192,342	\$9	19,317,991
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.39%	0.74%	1.06%	1.01%	0.93%	0.76%	0.53%	0.33%		0.17%

Note: Under state law, the City of Savannah's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds. Excludes special assessment bonds that are not legally a part of the City's debt.

# City of Savannah, Georgia Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds (000)										Special Assessment Bonds						
Fiscal		Gross	-	ss: Total enses &	Net	Available		Debt Service			Special Assessment		Debt Service					
Year	Re	evenue <sup>1</sup>	Trans	sfers Out <sup>2</sup>		evenue	Pri	incipal	Int	terest	Coverage	Collections <sup>3</sup>		Principal	Principal Interest			
2015	\$	66,229	\$	42,965	\$	23,264	\$	5,571	\$	923	3.58	\$	357					
2016		68,826		43,287		25,539		5,325		894	4.11		711					
2017		72,904		44,408		28,496		3,600		757	6.54		1,465					
2018		74,751		43,840		30,911		2,585		682	9.46		1,411					
2019		85,231		49,856		35,375		2,640		818	10.23		664					
2020		81,674		46,494		35,180		2,705		669	10.43							
2021		78,911		57,746		21,165		2,750		712	6.11							
2022		94,559		49,686		44,873		3,113		651	11.92							
2023		107,422		57,624		49,798		3,183		586	13.21							
2024		120,439		69,353		51,086		3,247		518	13.57							

<sup>1</sup> Includes transfers in and excludes interest earned on construction funds.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes depreciation expense.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes special assessment principal and interest collected.

# City of Savannah, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (per 2010 census)	Personal come (000)		Per Capita Personal Income	_	Count Reta	atham ty Taxable ail Sales 00,000)	Unemployment Rate (Savannah MSA)	School Enrollment
2015	136,286	\$ 5,707,385	9	6 41,878		\$	6,639	4.9%	44,442
2016	136,286	5,901,048		43,299			6,629	5.0%	44,379
2017	136,286	6,197,606		45,475			7,113	4.4%	44,314
2018	136,286	6,459,684		47,398			7,684	3.6%	43,657
2019	136,286	6,412,256		47,050			8,217	2.7%	43,295
2020	136,286	7,009,189		51,430			7,971	6.0%	43,298
2021	147,780	8,354,890		56,536			9,749	2.3%	42,617
2022	147,780	8,375,579		56,676			11,626	2.8%	42,740
2023	147,780	8,774,585		59,376			12,271	2.6%	42,687
2024	147,780	8,862,331	*	59,970	*		12,387	2.8%	42,282

Sources: Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Personal income data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Chatham County retail sales estimated by the City of Savannah. Unemployment rates provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. School enrollment provided by Chatham County.

\* Estimated. Data for 2024 not available at time of publishing.

# City of Savannah, Georgia Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024		2015				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Gulfstream Aerospace	12,500	1	6.39%	10,126	1	5.78%		
Fort Stewart/Hunter Army Airfield	6,579	2	3.36%					
Savannah-Chatham Board of Education	5,700	3	2.91%	4,808	3	2.74%		
St. Joseph's/Candler Health System	4,832	4	2.47%	3,304	4	1.89%		
Memorial Health University Medical Center	3,869	5	1.98%	5,000	2	2.85%		
Ga. Southern University (Armstrong Campus)	2,741	6	1.40%	602	8	0.34%		
City of Savannah	2,254	7	1.15%	2,795	5	1.60%		
Colonial Group	2,222	8	1.14%					
Savannah College of Art and Design	2,100	9	1.07%	1,590	6	0.91%		
Chatham County	1,892	10	0.97%	1,573	7	0.90%		
Southcoast Medical Group				601	9	0.34%		
US Army Corp of Engineers				600	10	0.34%		
Total	44,689		22.84%	30,999		17.69%		

Information provided by Savannah Chamber of Commerce.

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	2024
Function/Program										
Governance				20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	21.00	19.00	20.00
General Administration	50.00	56.00	57.00							
Strategic Services				32.00	31.00	35.00	35.00	45.00		
Public safety										
Police	729.00	745.00	727.13	603.38	630.62	627.44	628.62	626.62	620.62	624.62
E911	104.00	104.00	104.00	103.00	6.00					
Fire	343.00	360.00	370.00	351.00	336.00	335.00	338.00	338.00	337.00	338.00
Management Services										
Chief Operating Officer				14.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	42.00	49.00
Human Resources				22.00	27.00	21.00	22.00	23.00	26.00	26.00
Financial Services	69.60	69.60	68.60	79.00	80.00	81.00	83.00	90.00	94.00	100.00
Real Estate Services	6.00	6.00	6.00	82.88	82.88	75.88	74.88	66.88	45.25	46.25
Information & Public Affairs										
Department of Information Technology	35.00	36.00	36.00	36.60	36.60	37.60	39.60	37.60	37.60	37.60
Marketing & Communication									15.00	20.00
Information & Public Affairs									12.00	8.00
Recorder's Court	29.00	29.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	29.00	29.00	32.00
Infrastructure and Development										
Chief Infrastructure and Development				13.00	14.00	20.00	20.00	20.00		3.00
Parking Services	74.20	74.45	90.45	62.70	64.70	64.70	64.70	66.70	62.60	62.60
Mobility Services				63.00	64.00	64.00	64.00	65.00	66.00	67.00
Development Services				49.00	48.00	43.00	43.00	44.00	55.00	58.00
Economic Development						6.00	18.00	19.00	22.00	24.00
Park and Tree and Water Resources	502.00	506.00	508.00	457.00	461.00	463.00	467.00	466.00	338.00	339.00
Government Operations										
Chief of Government Operations									3.00	3.00
Code Compliance				48.75	45.00	45.00	45.00	41.00	41.00	44.00
Sanitation	218.00	220.00	221.00	191.00	195.00	195.00	195.00	224.00	225.00	225.00
Parks and Recreation	283.43	290.24	301.70	118.30	129.03	125.62	124.50	124.51	203.63	203.63
Fleet Services	41.00	41.00	42.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	45.00	46.00
Community Services										
Chief Community Services Officer				3.00	4.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	8.00	12.00
Cultural Resources				10.00	13.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	13.50	13.50
Human Services	73.25	71.25	55.25	24.00	38.00	31.00	30.12	31.13	35.63	32.63
Recreation & Leisure Services									119.49	149.45
Housing and Neighborhood Services				15.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	28.00
Total	2,557.48	2,608.54	2,615.13	2,469.61	2,435.33	2,414.74	2,438.92	2,478.94	2,542.32	2,612.28

## City of Savannah, Georgia Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: City Budget Office

## City of Savannah, Georgia Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program										
Police										
Violent crimes	1,065	1,063	992	966	1,205	1,233	1,130	1,248	1,228	984
Property crimes	7,639	7,224	6,588	5,903	5,403	4,169	4,929	5,130	4,660	4,311
Fire										
Fire calls	831	1,273	927	905	941	920	858	908	783	737
Dwelling fires	331	208	181	222	212	176	197	190	148	134
Rescues	142	217	212	148	187	186	184	237	243	329
Refuse Disposal										
Total system City tons	98,241	104,703	100,780	96,984	95,077	90,810	83,487	80,599	78,314	74,482
Other public works										
Traffic sign repairs	7,226	6,579	6,758	7,107	6,416	8,220	9,378	5,399	9,360	16,481
Pothole repairs	853	1,739	4,003	6,677	1,079	2,936	4,478	1,579	1,811	992
Storm drain inlets cleaned	4,563	5,747	2,493	2,894	2,363	5,069	1,060	1,299	1,121	886
Leisure services										
Youth baseball participants	1,354	803	626	410	476	na	55	566	680	482
Youth football participants	481	757	967	720	1,107	na	91	1,145	1,170	914
Neighborhood center participants	3,864	3,830	4,250	4,095	4,816	86,000	1,890	4,133	4,230	4,324
Water										
Average daily ground water production (MGD)	20.42	22.44	21.06	21.27	21.51	19.29	18.48	19.43	18.69	20.31
Average daily surface water production (MGD)	30.71	34.18	31.93	37.91	33.63	37.28	42.58	43.39	46.45	46.00
Sewer										
Average flow (MGD)	27.53	27.38	25.30	24.75	24.99	25.45	24.88	23.69	23.46	27.52
Public Development										
Valuation of new commercial building permits issued (millions)	\$223	\$317	\$154	\$357	\$427	\$309	\$298	\$603	\$515	\$371
Valuation of new residential building permits issued (millions)	\$79	\$71	\$90	\$84	\$70	\$64	\$123	\$99	\$164	\$250

Sources: Data from various City of Savannah departments

# City of Savannah, Georgia Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
nction/Program	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
Police										
Stations	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5	
Fire	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Stations	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	
Refuse Collection										
Available landfill capacity (cubic yards)	1,237,861	1,102,439	946,555	805,293	680,796	574,167	1,023,304	827,554	692,114	4,225,8
Other public works				-						
Streets (miles)	690	690	689	684	680	693	648	648	648	6
Signalized intersections	260	264	265	269	269	269	271	277	280	2
Cemeteries	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	
Leisure services										
Parks (acreage)	667	736	736	629	629	629	629	629	630	6
Playgrounds	68	68	68	71	71	71	69	68	69	
Water										
Wells	49	49	49	49	47	47	47	47	47	
Sewer										
Treatment capacity (MGD)	36.95	36.95	36.95	36.95	36.95	36.95	40.95	40.95	40.95	40.
Parking facilities										
Parking garages	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	
Civic Center										
Arenas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	
Meeting rooms	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	
Theaters	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Sources: Various city departments.

	Ground Water Production			r Production		
Year	Daily Average (MGD)	Peak Day (MGD)	Daily Average (MGD)	Peak Day (MGD)	Number of Water Accounts <sup>1</sup>	Number of Sewer Accounts <sup>1</sup>
2015	20.42	28.79	30.71	42.36	94,545	91,955
2016	22.44	30.75	34.18	51.11	95,228	93,302
2017	21.06	29.56	31.93	44.29	97,471	94,436
2018	21.27	31.53	37.91	47.41	98,200	95,947
2019	21.51	31.56	33.63	48.27	99,913	97,389
2020	19.29	27.21	37.28	54.82	100,688	98,450
2021	18.48	24.55	42.58	52.32	102,730	100,429
2022	19.43	33.04	43.39	51.60	104,396	102,175
2023	18.69	23.11	46.45	54.41	107,109	104,957
2024	20.31	25.64	46.00	53.96	110,393	107,932

CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA WATER SYSTEM PRODUCTION AND NUMBER OF SYSTEM CUSTOMERS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

<sup>1</sup> Water and Sewer account counts based on the total dwelling units served.

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Sewage Treatment Facility	Capacity (MGD)	Average Flow (MGD)	Maximum Dry Weather Daily Flow (MGD)	Maximum Wet Weather Daily Flow (MGD)	Year of Last Upgrade	Treatment Process
President Street Plant	27.00	18.42	24.40	48.75	2021	Primary treatment, activated sludge, clarifier, chlorinator, gravity thickener, belt press, clarifiers, chlorination, sludge disposed at landfill: 2MGD reclaim water by filtration. Dryer and pelletizer added in 2019.
Wilshire Plant	4.50	2.96	3.96	7.91	1999	Activated sludge, clarifier, gravity thickener, chlorinator, belt press, sludge disposed at landfill.
Georgetown Plant	2.45	2.14	2.22	3.53	2005	Activated sludge, clarifiers, effluent filtration, ultra-violet disinfection, belt press, sludge disposed at landfill.
Crossroads Plant	3.00	2.66	3.01	7.84	2008	Screening, grit removal, flow equalization, activated sludge clarifiers, filtration, ultra-violet disinfection, post aeration, belt press, sludge disposed at landfill.
Travis Field Plant	4.00	1.34	2.14	3.13	2022	Influent fine screen, grit removal , EQ tank ,anarobic bioreactor, anoxic bioreactor, aerobic bioreactor, swing zone, membrane bioreactor, UV disinfection. Belt press. Sludge disposted at landfill.
Total	40.95	27.52	35.73	71.16		

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER RATES LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	Bi-Mor	nthly Water Ra	ates for Reside	es for Residential and Commercial Customers Bi-Monthly Sewage Rates for				Rates for Resi	dential and				
		Inside City			Outside Cit	ty .		Inside City	/	_	Outside Cit	y	
Year	Base Charge	First 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Over 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Base Charge	First 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Over 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Base Charge	First 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Over 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Base Charge	First 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Over 1,500 cu. ft. per 100 cu. ft.	Industrial Water Rate (\$ per MG)
2015	\$ 11.06	\$ 0.94	\$ 1.12	\$16.59	\$ 1.41	\$ 1.68	\$ 8.80	\$ 3.04	\$ 3.42	\$13.20	\$ 4.56	\$ 5.13	\$ 735.15
2016	11.06	0.98	1.16	16.59	1.47	1.74	8.80	3.20	3.58	13.20	4.80	5.37	650.57
2017	11.06	1.03	1.21	16.59	1.54	1.81	8.80	3.37	3.75	13.20	5.05	5.62	635.24
2018	11.06	1.07	1.25	16.59	1.60	1.87	8.80	3.48	3.86	13.20	5.22	5.79	515.26
2019	11.06	1.13	1.31	16.59	1.69	1.96	8.80	3.68	4.06	13.20	5.52	6.09	536.12
2020	11.06	1.19	1.37	16.59	1.78	2.05	8.80	3.88	4.26	13.20	5.82	6.39	507.35
2021	11.06	1.19	1.37	16.59	1.78	2.05	8.80	3.88	4.26	13.20	5.82	6.39	537.17
2022	11.06	1.25	1.43	16.59	1.87	2.14	8.80	4.08	4.46	13.20	6.12	6.69	625.98
2023	11.06	1.31	1.49	16.59	1.96	2.23	8.80	4.28	4.66	13.20	6.42	6.99	674.03
2024	11.06	1.37	1.55	16.59	2.05	2.32	8.80	4.48	4.86	13.20	6.72	7.29	776.93

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER CONNECTION FEES EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Meter Installation	Fee (per meter)
	Installed	Installed
Meter Size <sup>1</sup>	by Plumber	by City
5/8 to 3/4 inch	\$450	\$450
1 inch	450	450.00
1 1/2 inch	650	650.00

<sup>1</sup>Larger meters are provided by the City to licensed plumbers at various fees sufficient to cover City costs.

	Tap-in Fee	Tap-in Fee per ERU <sup>2</sup>				
	Inside City	Outside City				
Water Tap-in	\$600	\$900				
Sewer Tap-in	400	500				

<sup>2</sup>Equivalent Residential Unit which is generally equivalent to a water demand of 300 gallons per day.

Note: In addition to the above meter installation fees and tap-in fees, other surcharges are charged for new connections to the water and sewer system on a per ERU basis. The amount of the surcharge fee varies by geographic area and such fees are computed to recover the system's capital costs incurred to serve the specific area. Water impact fees vary by geographic area from zero to \$2,238 per ERU. Sewer impact fees vary by geographic area from \$345 to \$2,300 per ERU.

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, GEORGIA MAJOR WATER AND SEWER CUSTOMERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Ten largest residential/commercial customers of the water and sewer system:

Customer	Product/Business	2024 Customer Revenue	Percent of 2024 Water and Sewer Fund Gross Revenue
City of Pooler	Municipality	\$ 1,893,209	1.76%
Chatham County	County government	1,799,005	1.67%
City of Port Wentworth	Municipality	1,479,436	1.38%
Hospital Corp of America	Hospital	957,990	0.89%
City of Thunderbolt	Municipality	819,828	0.76%
Kerry Inc.	Food producer	644,014	0.60%
Gulfstream Aerospace Corp	Airplane manufacturer	570,122	0.53%
Coastal Correctional Institute	State prison	558,626	0.52%
International Paper	Unbleached kraft products	525,709	0.49%
Georgia Southern University	College	381,608	0.36%
		\$ 9,629,547	8.96%

## Major industrial customers of the water system:

				Percent of 2024			
Customer	Product/Business	2024 Customer Revenue		Customer Sewer Fund			
Weyerhaeuser	Bleached pulp	\$	4,126,186	3.84%	5,311		
International Paper	Unbleached kraft products		3,634,623	3.38%	4,678		
Savannah Foods	Sugar refinery		573,255	0.53%	738		
		\$	8,334,064	7.76%	10,727		