



Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2011

Robert J. Porche, Jr., MTAX Director of Finance

Monica Jones, MPA Budget Officer

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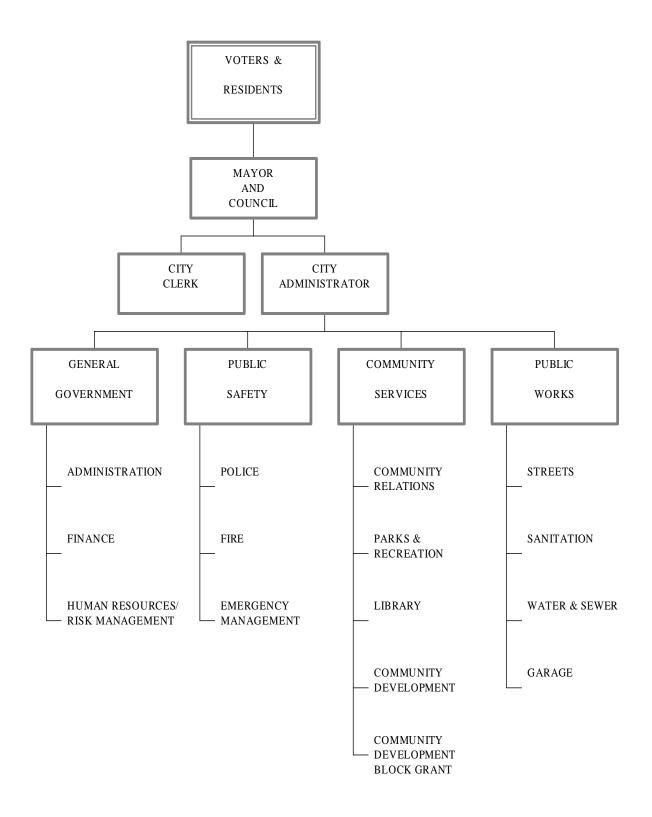
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ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA



Principal Officials

City of Smyrna, Georgia

Mayor & City Council



Mayor



Melleny Pritchett



Ron Newcomb Ward 2



Ward 3



Mike McNabb Ward 4





Wade Lnenicka Ward 6



Ward 7

Appointed Officials

Susan Hiott City Clerk / Court Services

Tammi Saddler **Assistant City Administrator**

Jason Lanyon Fire Chief/Emergency Mgt. Dir.

Steve Ciaccio Director of Parks and Recreation

Michael Seigler Library Director

Ann Kirk Director of Keep Smyrna Beautiful **Eric Taylor** City Administrator

Department Heads

Jennifer Bennett **Community Relations Director**

Robert Porche Director of Finance

Chris Addicks - Information Systems Manager

Stan Hook Chief of Police

Kay Bruner

Director of Human Resources/Risk Management

Ken Suddreth

Director of Community Development Andrea Hall - Redevelopment Coordinator

Scott Stokes Public Works Director

Keith Williams - City Engineer



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable A. Max Bacon, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Smyrna Smyrna, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Smyrna, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Smyrna, Georgia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Smyrna, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Michael R. Crace Jean K. Hawkins Richard H. Lewis Tammy A. Galvis Donald L. McGrath Jr. Retired: C. Frank Moore Edwin W. Cubbedge III

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-10, the schedule of funding progress on page 46 and the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund on pages 47, 48, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Smyrna, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, statistical section, and compliance section are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the compliance section have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Moore & Cubbedge, LLP Marietta, Georgia

Moore & Cubbudge, LLP

November 29, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Smyrna, Georgia, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- ◆ The City's combined <u>net assets increased \$5.93 million</u> to \$127.89 million from \$121.96 million in 2010.
- ◆ Combined <u>revenue increased \$.5 million</u> to \$62.9 million from \$62.4 million in 2010, of which governmental activities totaled \$46.2 million and business-type activities totaled \$16.7 million.
- Overall expenses totaled \$57.0 million of which governmental activities totaled \$42.9 million and business-type activities totaled \$14.1 million.
- ♦ As of June 30, 2011, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37.79 million. Approximately 32.0% is available for use (unassigned fund balance).
- ♦ As of June 30, 2011, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13.1 million, or 35.8% of total general fund expenditures.
- ◆ Total City's combined outstanding <u>long-term liabilities increased</u> \$13.3 million in 2011, due primarily to the Hickory Lake acquisition.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Smyrna's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the primary government as well as a legally separate entity that has a significant financial and operational relationship with the City. This legally separate entity is a discretely presented component unit of the City. Additional information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's operations, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All governmental and business-type activities are consolidated to arrive at a total for the Primary Government. There are two government-wide statements, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, which are described below.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judiciary, public safety, public works, housing and development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities include the water and sewer system.

The government-wide financial statements include the primary government as well as a legally separate entity that has a significant and operational relationship with the city. This legally separate entity is a discretely presented component unit of the City. Additional information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

Governmental Funds. Most of the basic services provided by the City are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three governmental fund types: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Funds. Four individual funds are considered major funds – the General Fund, the Hickory Lake Apartments Fund, the 1% Road Improvement Tax (SPLOST) Fund and the Downtown Development Authority Fund. Data from the other Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that operate similar to those commercial enterprises found in the private sector. The City maintains its Water and Sewer Fund as an enterprise fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-45 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information regarding the budgetary comparison for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 46-48 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net assets (government and business-type activities) totaled \$127.89 million at June 30, 2011.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (77.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental activities		Business-type		Total	
			acti	activities		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current and other assets	\$ 20,119,688	\$ 18,958,237	\$ 1,276,395	\$ 789,728	\$ 21,396,083	19,747,965
Capital assets	119,735,462	121,393,281	21,003,204	22,624,240	140,738,666	144,017,521
Restricted asets-noncurrent	22,021,490	3,609,093	6,415,405	4,764,304	28,436,895	8,373,397
Total assets	161,876,640	143,960,611	28,695,004	28,178,272	190,571,644	172,138,883
Long-term liabilities outstanding	52,380,529	38,460,242	2,536,560	3,123,157	54,917,089	41,583,399
Current liabilities	5,293,525	6,198,549	2,466,509	2,394,234	7,760,034	8,592,783
Total liabilities	57,674,054	44,658,791	5,003,069	5,517,391	62,677,123	50,176,182
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	81,770,529	81,282,475	17,880,048	18,479,678	99,650,577	99,762,153
Restricted	7,837,807	4,373,680	5,887,601	4,228,788	13,725,408	8,602,468
Unrestricted	14,594,250	13,645,665	(75,714)	(47,585)	14,518,536	13,598,080
Total net assets	104,202,586	99,301,820	23,691,935	22,660,881	127,894,521	121,962,701

An additional portion of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2011, the City is able to report positive balances in net assets for the governmental and business-type activities.

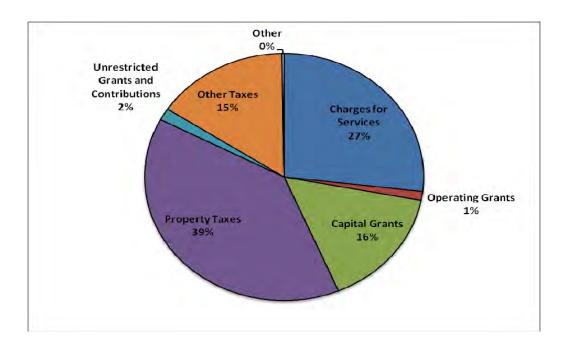
For fiscal year 2011, the City's net assets increased \$5.93 million.

	Govern	nmental	Business-type		To	Total	
	activities		activities				
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 12,421,617	\$ 12,144,864	\$ 16,751,785	\$ 15,210,052	\$ 29,173,402	\$ 27,354,916	
Operating grants and							
contributions	532,759	314,589	-	-	532,759	314,589	
Capital grants and							
contributions	7,213,565	7,302,908	-	-	7,213,565	7,302,908	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	18,051,649	19,663,081	-	-	18,051,649	19,663,081	
Other taxes	7,160,668	6,973,918	-	=	7,160,668	6,973,918	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	727,139	734,538	-	-	727,139	734,538	
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	35,637	31,959	8,135	11,904	43,772	43,863	
Sale of capital assets	74,464	72,114	=	-	74,464	72,114	
Total revenues	46,217,498	47,237,971	16,759,920	15,221,956	62,977,418	62,459,927	
Expenses:							
General government	6,585,526	6,618,073	-	-	6,585,526	6,618,073	
Judicial	548,959	555,925	-	-	548,959	555,925	
Public Safety	17,029,989	16,331,914	=	=	17,029,989	16,331,914	
Public works	10,476,228	10,577,151	=	-	10,476,228	10,577,151	
Housing and development	1,656,854	871,326	-	=	1,656,854	871,326	
Culture and recreation	4,492,687	5,249,173	-	=	4,492,687	5,249,173	
Water and sewer	-	=	14,137,739	12,066,240	14,137,739	12,066,240	
Interest & fiscal changes on							
long-term debt	2,117,616	2,044,644	-	-	2,117,616	2,044,644	
Total expenses	42,907,859	42,248,206	14,137,739	12,066,240	57,045,598	54,314,446	
Change in net assets	3,309,639	4,989,765	2,622,181	3,155,716	5,931,820	8,145,481	
before transfers							
Transfers	1,591,127	1,500,000	(1,591,127)	(1,500,000)	-	-	
Change in net assets	4,900,766	6,489,765	1,031,054	1,655,716	5,931,820	8,145,481	
Net assets - beginning	99,301,820	92,812,055	22,660,881	21,005,165	121,962,701	113,817,220	
Net assets - ending	\$ 104,202,586	\$ 99,301,820	\$ 23,691,935	\$ 22,660,881	\$ 127,894,521	\$ 121,962,701	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$4.9 million.

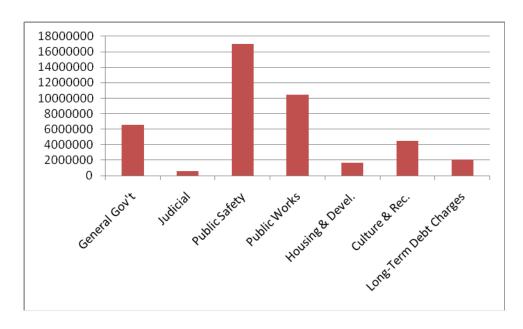
Property tax revenue declined 8% in direct correlation to the Cobb County tax digest. Revenue for Charges for Services grew 6.6%, and Other Taxes rose 2.7%.

Revenues – Governmental Activities FY 2011



Governmental activity revenues are generated from a variety of sources including fees, grants, intergovernmental transfers and taxes. Taxes are the majority revenue source for the City at 54% of total revenue.

Expenses – Governmental Activities FY 2011



Governmental activity expenses generate a variety of services. The largest use of funds is for public safety (fire and police), public works (streets, traffic engineering, sanitation and Keep Smyrna Beautiful), and culture and recreation (parks and recreational activities). General government includes administrative activities such as human resources, information technology, finance, community relations, etc., and maintenance of government property.

Public safety expense reflects the city's desire to invest in this important area. Public works expense includes SLOST expenditures and culture and recreation expense reflects expenditure of the 2005 bond issue for park additions and improvements.

Business-Type Activities. Business type revenues exceeded expenses (including transfers out of \$1.6 million) resulting in an increase in net assets of \$1.03 million. Increased utility rates and elimination of drought restrictions contributed to the operating revenue increase in FY 2011. Rates are scheduled to increase as needed on an ongoing annual basis.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Smyrna uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2011, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37.79 million. Of this total, \$12.1 million or 32.0% constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending in the coming year. The remainder of fund balance is *Nonspendable*, *Restricted*, *Committed*, *or Assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to encumbrances, inventories, prepaid expenditures and capital projects (\$25.7 million). This restatement of Fund Balance is a direct result of the GASB Statement 54; which is in effect as of June 30, 2011.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, Unassigned Fund Balance of the General Fund was \$13.1 million, and total fund balance was \$14.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the Unassigned Fund Balance and total Fund Balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned Fund Balance represents 35.8% of total general fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 39.7% of that same amount.

In FY 2011, the Total Fund Balance of the General Fund increased by \$.96 million.

The key factor to this increase is:

 Revenues exceeded Expenditures, plus the Sale of Capital Assets and the Other Financing Sources contributed to the increase.

The Hickory Lake Apartments Fund is restricted to the redevelopment of that designated area. The fund balance at the end of FY2011 is \$15.0 million.

The 1% Road Improvement Tax (SPLOST) Fund is used to account for financial resources collected and used for construction and enhancement of the city's infrastructure. The fund balance increased in FY 2011 as projects expenditures were less than tax proceeds.

The Downtown Development Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by Proprietary Funds. These funds were used for the completion of the Downtown Redevelopment Projects.

Non-Major Governmental Funds.

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the City's collection and disbursement of specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Included in this classification are: Marietta, Cobb and Smyrna Narcotics Squad (MCS), Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, , Multiple Grant Fund, Auto Rental Tax, Emergency 911 Telephone Fund, Housing and Urban Development Grant Fund (CDBG) and Tax Allocation District (TAD) Fund.

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Included in this classification are: CIP Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, Fire Station Construction Fund and Bio Diesel Fund.

Non-major governmental funds revenues and other financing sources totaled \$3.4 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Non-major governmental funds expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$2.9 million. Fund balance for all non-major governmental funds was a surplus of \$2.2 million.

Proprietary Fund. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has one enterprise fund, which is the Water and Sewer Fund.

The *Unrestricted* Fund Balance for Water and Sewer is (\$75,714). Total net assets increased \$1.03 million. As noted earlier, the City is raising utility rates in anticipation of funding future capital infrastructure projects. The *Restricted* Cash Balance totals \$6.4 million as of June 30, 2011.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is at the department level within funds. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The original budget of \$35,904,658 was amended to \$36,399,770 in a series of budget amendments. These amendments were necessary to meet changing economic conditions.

Actual revenues were greater than the final budget and expenditures were less than the final budget. The City ended the year with a net increase in fund balance of \$844,121 on a budgetary basis.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 amounts to \$140.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the city, such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage, curb and gutter and the water and sewer systems.

The net decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for fiscal year 2011 was 2.3% from \$144.0 million to \$140.7 million, a decrease of \$3.3 million. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Long – term debt. As of June 30, 2011, the City of Smyrna had a net of \$56.9 million in outstanding long-term debt, which does not include interest expense. The City has no general obligation debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Economic Factors

The Mayor and Council, along with a dedicated staff of professionals, have continued to aggressively address the current and future needs of the City by focusing on sound financial management, the use of current resources for capital expenditures, and an extensive budgeting process.

The City's top priorities will continue to be the redevelopment of older neighborhoods and aging commercial areas, parks and transportation. There are three major financial issues for FY 2012 and beyond:

- Commercial redevelopment. There are several major projects; both public and private, that is in various stages of redevelopment. Once completed these projects will bring major commercial and residential development to downtown Smyrna and surrounding areas.
- Continued redevelopment and expansion of the city park system through the \$22 million Parks and Recreation Bond. This project should be completed in FY 2012.
- Continued transportation improvements to roads, sidewalks and traffic issues using the Cobb County 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) approved by voters in 2005, and again in 2011.

Smyrna continues to change and mature. The City's 15-year downtown redevelopment plan, capped by the award-winning Market Village, has been a catalyst for millions of dollars of investment and redevelopment in Smyrna, with restaurants and retail establishments once again flourishing in downtown Smyrna.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Smyrna's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Smyrna, Office of the Finance Director, 2800 King Street, Smyrna, Georgia, 30080. Budget information can be obtained by going to www.smyrnacity.com, and selecting financial documents from the drop down menu on quick links.

	Pr			
	Primary Government Governmental Business-type			Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 13,895,557	\$ 1,034,913	\$ 14,930,470	\$ 1,448,111
Receivables, net:				
Trade _	765,105	1,873,022	2,638,127	17,625
Taxes	590,101	-	590,101	-
Other	15,765	- (4 (04 5 40)	15,765	50,901
Internal balances	1,631,540	(1,631,540)	- 4 (04 57(-
Due from other governments	1,684,576	-	1,684,576	-
Inventories	368,710	-	368,710	-
Prepaid items	6,495	- 415 405	6,495	-
Restricted assets	12,345,579	6,415,405	18,760,984	804,116
Land held for sale	9,675,911	-	9,675,911	1 022 242
Capital assets, non depreciated Capital assets, depreciated, net	24,066,172 95,669,290	21,003,204	24,066,172 116,672,494	1,022,362 3,795,326
Net OPEB asset	730,630	21,003,204	730,630	3,193,320
Other assets, net	431,209	-	431,209	236,874
Other assets, her	431,209		431,207	230,074
Total assets	161,876,640	28,695,004	190,571,644	7,375,315
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,353,924	1,358,634	3,712,558	97,707
Unearned revenue	36,670	-	36,670	-
Deposits payable	328,173	521,279	849,452	_
Noncurrent liabilities:	020,170	021,277	017,102	
Due within one year	2,574,758	586,596	3,161,354	160,000
Due in more than one year	52,380,529	2,536,560	54,917,089	8,035,000
•				
Total liabilities	57,674,054	5,003,069	62,677,123	8,292,707
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	81,770,529	17,880,048	99,650,577	(3,225,326)
Restricted for:	01,770,027	17,000,010	,,,000,011	(0,220,020)
Healthcare	21,270	_	21,270	_
Culture and recreation	619,208	_	619,208	_
Debt service	-	1,117,370	1,117,370	652,130
Housing and development	162,162	-	162,162	-
Completion of projects	6,749,314	4,770,231	11,519,545	-
Public safety	285,853	-	285,853	_
Unrestricted	14,594,250	(75,714)	14,518,536	1,655,804
Total net assets	\$ 104,202,586	\$23,691,935	\$ 127,894,521	\$ (917,392)

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Functions/Programs Expenses Charges for Services Primary Government activities: General government activities: General government activities: General government activities and cevelopment bublic safety: Police Emergency 911	operating Operating s for Grants and es Contributions (1,197 \$ 10,696	Capital		1		
Expenses	2 8	-	Pri	Primary Government	nt	
iffies: \$ 6,585,526 548,959 9,396,918 6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 elopment action tal activities referes on long-term debt 14,137,739 referes: 14,137,739 ment Reference premate Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous tax	₩	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
#ities: # 6,585,526	↔					
\$ 6,585,526 548,959 9,396,918 6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 1,656,887 es on long-term debt 1,656,887 tivities 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 16eneral revenues Property taxes Hotel, motel tax Insurance prem Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous ta	↔					
9,396,918 6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 1,6492,687 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 tivities 42,907,859 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 Toperty taxes Property taxes Hotel, motel tay Insurance premere premer		· \$	\$ (4,662,633)	· \$	\$ (4,662,633)	
9,396,918 6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 1,656,887 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 tivities 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 16eneral revenues Property taxes Hotel, motel tay Insurance prem Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous ta		•	2,083,199	•	2,083,199	
9,396,918 6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 10,476,228 10,476,228 10,476,228 1,492,687 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 42,907,859 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 10,11ies \$ 1,038,848 \$ 1,038,848 Ceneral revenues Property taxes Hotel, motel tay Insurance premarks taxes Alcohol taxes Alcohol taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes						
6,259,732 1,373,339 10,476,228 10,476,228 1,656,854 4,492,687 es on long-term debt 4,492,687 es on long-term debt 42,907,859 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 16,738,848 Est.,038,848 Est.,038,848 Est.,038,848 Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes		1	(9,241,396)	•	(9,241,396)	
1,373,339 1,373,339 10,476,228 1,656,854 4,492,687 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 42,907,859 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 16,1038,848 S57,045,598 S60eral revenues Property taxes Hotel, motel tax Insurance prem Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes	- 120,138	•	(6,139,594)	•	(6,139,594)	
10,476,228 1,656,854 4,492,687 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 42,907,859 tivities 14,137,739 14,137	- 109	•	(336,230)	•	(336,230)	
1,656,854 4,492,687 es on long-term debt 2,117,616 42,907,859 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 14,137,739 16,57,045,598 S 1,038,848 S 1,038,848 Franchise taxes Hotel, motel tay Insurance prem Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous ta	,244 5,947	7,051,362	2,122,325	,	2,122,325	
# 4492,687 es on long-term debt	28		(944,015)	•	(944,015)	
es on long-term debt 2,117,616 42,907,859 14,137,73		162,203	(3,503,958)	•	(3,503,958)	
tivities			(2,117,616)	•	(2,117,616)	
tivities 14,137,739 \$\frac{14,137,739}{\\$57,045,598} = \frac{\\$57,045,598}{\\$57,045,598} = \frac{\\$1,038,848}{\\$1,038,848} = \\$1,038,84	,617 532,759	7,213,565	(22,739,918)	1	(22,739,918)	
\$57,045,598	- '282'	•	•	2,614,046	2,614,046	
\$ 57,045,598 \$ 1,038,848 \$ \$ 1,038,848 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		-	-	2,614,046	2,614,046	
General revenues: Property taxes Hotel, motel tax Insurance premium t Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes	3,402 \$ 532,759	\$ 7,213,565	\$ (22,739,918)	\$ 2,614,046	\$ (20,125,872)	
General revenues: Property taxes Hotel, motel tax Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes	- \$ 848	-				\$ (479,000)
Property taxes Hotel, motel tax Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes						
Hotel, motel tax Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes			18,051,649	•	18,051,649	1
Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes			782,113	•	782,113	•
Franchise taxes Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes			2,207,050	•	2,207,050	•
Alcohol taxes Miscellaneous taxes			3,412,969	•	3,412,969	•
Wiscellaneous taxes			695,298	•	695,298	
			63,238		63,238	
Operating grants not restricted to a specific program	stricted to a specific pro	ogram	727,139	' L	727,139	0
Unrestricted investment earnings	earnings		35,637	8,135	43,772	2,094
Gain on sale of capital assets	ssets		/4,464	' í	/4,464	•
ransters	9000		1,591,127	(1,591,127)	- 20 / 120 / 0	1 000
iotal general revenues and transfers	and transfers		27,640,684	(1,582,992)	26,057,692	2,094
Change in net assets			4,900,766	1,031,054	5,931,820	(476,906)
Net assets - beginning Net assets - endina			\$ 104,202,586	\$ 23,691,935	\$ 127,894,521	(440,486)

	General Fund	Hickory Lake Apartments	1% Road Improvement Tax	Downtown Development Authority Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>	. and	7.10.11101113	· an			. ands
Cash	\$ 12,589,412	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,306,145	\$ 13,895,557
Restricted cash	328,173	5,420,283	5,250,195	-	1,314,752	12,313,403
Receivables, net:						
Trade	765,105	-	-	-	-	765,105
Taxes	590,101	-	-	-	-	590,101
Other Due from other funds	15,765 3,071,645	-	-	-	- 294,099	15,765
Due from other governments	3,071,043	-	1,579,451	-	105,125	3,365,744 1,684,576
Inventories	368,710	-	1,577,451	-	105,125	368,710
Restricted investments	-	-	-	-	32,176	32,176
Prepaid items	6,495	-	-	-	· -	6,495
Land held for sale	· <u> </u>	9,675,911				9,675,911
Total assets and other debits	\$ 17,735,406	\$15,096,194	\$ 6,829,646	\$ -	\$ 3,052,297	\$ 42,713,543
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,187,038	\$ 37,183	\$ 80,332	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,304,553
Accrued liabilities	951,455	-	-	-	97,916	1,049,371
Deferred revenue	479,101	-	-	-	24,670	503,771
Due to other funds	250,000	-	-	755,489	728,715	1,734,204
Deposits payable	328,173					328,173
Total liabilities	3,195,767	37,183	80,332	755,489	851,301	4,920,072
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	6,495	-	-	-	-	6,495
Inventories Restricted for:	368,710	-	-	-	-	368,710
Healthcare	21,270					21,270
Capital projects	21,270	5,383,100	6,749,314		_	12,132,414
Public safety	29,127	-	-	_	256,728	285,855
Culture and recreation	802	-	-	-	651,384	652,186
Housing and development	162,162	_	-	-	-	162,162
Debt service	-	9,675,911	-	-	-	9,675,911
Committed for:						
Healthcare	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	1,556,145	1,556,145
Assigned for:	24 025					27.025
General government Public safety	36,935 84,137	-		-	-	36,935 84,137
Culture and recreation	41,384	_	-	_	_	41,384
Housing and development	169,138	_	_	_	_	169,138
Unassigned	13,119,479			(755,489)	(263,261)	12,100,729
Total fund balances	14,539,639	15,059,011	6,749,314	(755,489)	2,200,996	37,793,471
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,735,406	\$15,096,194	\$ 6,829,646	\$ -	\$ 3,052,297	
Amounts reported for governmental acti different because: Capital assets used in governmental						
are not reported in the funds.						119,735,462
Property tax revenue earned but una	•					467,101
Other long-term assets are not availate and, therefore, are deferred in the fundamentized bond costs	ınds:	ent-period expen	ditures			431,209 730,630
Net OPEB asset		ent period and th	nerefore			
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and	payable in the curr	one portou and th				
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and are not reported in the funds:		on ponou and a				(51.740.000
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and are not reported in the funds: Unmatured bonds payal	ble	on ponou una u				•
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and are not reported in the funds: Unmatured bonds payal Unamortized deferred c	ble	on ponda ana n				(685,25
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and are not reported in the funds: Unmatured bonds payal	ble harges	o po o				(685,253 (1,368,736
Net OPEB asset Long-term liabilities are not due and are not reported in the funds: Unmatured bonds payal Unamortized deferred c Capital leases payable	ble harges bsences	o po o				(51,740,000 (685,253 (1,368,736 (1,161,298 \$104,202,586

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General Fund	Hickory Lake Apartments	1% Road Improvement Tax	Downtown Development Authority Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 24,443,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 867,825	\$ 25,311,443
Charges for services	6,940,732	-	-	-	1,037,109	7,977,841
Licenses and permits	1,950,950	-	-	-	-	1,950,950
Fines and forfeitures	2,160,447	-	-	-	-	2,160,447
Intergovernmental	756,835	-	7,043,467	-	466,167	8,266,469
Investment earnings	25,870	5,374	7,895	-	4,399	43,538
Miscellaneous revenue	365,561	265,621			500	631,682
Total revenues	36,644,013	270,995	7,051,362		2,376,000	46,342,370
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	10,617,279	-	-	-	-	10,617,279
Judicial	435,885	-	-	-	-	435,885
Public safety						
Police	7,090,634	-	-	-	175,443	7,266,077
Fire	4,726,467	-	_	-	-	4,726,467
Other	37,575	-	_	-	1,324,888	1,362,463
Public works	6,285,578	-	_	-	-	6,285,578
Culture and recreation	2,529,233	_	_	-	772,653	3,301,886
Housing and development	722,717	710,947	_	-	· -	1,433,664
Capital Projects Debt Service	-	-	3,815,137	-	286,822	4,101,959
Principal, interest, and fees	4,155,585	451,037				4,606,622
Total expenditures	36,600,953	1,161,984	3,815,137		2,559,806	44,137,880
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	43,060	(890,989)	3,236,225	-	(183,806)	2,204,490
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,838,638	-	-	50,000	1,031,405	2,920,043
Sale of capital assets	74,464	-	-	-	-	74,464
Long term debt issued	-	15,950,000	-	-	-	15,950,000
Transfers out	(995,193)				(333,723)	(1,328,916)
Total other financing sources (uses)	917,909	15,950,000	-	50,000	697,682	17,615,591
Net change in fund balance	960,969	15,059,011	3,236,225	50,000	513,876	19,820,081
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated	13,578,670		3,513,089	(805,489)	1,687,120	17,973,390
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 14,539,639	\$ 15,059,011	\$ 6,749,314	\$ (755,489)	\$ 2,200,996	\$ 37,793,471

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 19,820,081
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Depreciation expense (5,955,5 Capital outlays 4,297,7	•
The net effect of revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(105,617)
OPEB contributions in excess of annual actuarial costs are recorded as expenses in the governmental funds	268,423
This issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Bond proceeds (15,950,0 Bond discount 159,5 Bond issuance costs 152,7	00
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payme reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	nt 2,176,799
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences 87,3 Amortization of bond costs and deferred charges (50,6)	
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,900,766

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	_
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund
Current assets: Cash	\$ 1,034,913
Trade receivables, net Total current assets	1,873,022 2,907,935
Total current assets	2,707,733
Noncurrent assets Restricted assets: Cash	6,415,405
Property, plant and equipment, net	21,003,204
Total noncurrent assets	27,418,609
Total assets	\$ 30,326,544
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deposits payable Capital lease - current	\$ 1,267,518 91,116 1,631,540 521,279 296,596
Bonds payable - current Total current liabilities	290,000 4,098,049
Long-term liabilities (net of current portion): Capital lease payable Total noncurrent liabilities	2,536,560 2,536,560
Total liabilities	6,634,609
Fund equity: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for completion of projects Unrestricted	17,880,048 1,117,370 4,770,231 (75,714)
Total fund equity	23,691,935
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 30,326,544

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	ter and Sewer terprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 16,751,785
Total operating revenues	 16,751,785
Operating expenses:	
Personal services and employee benefits	1,479,568
Repairs and maintenance	2,627,728
Supplies	8,169,812
Depreciation and amortization	 1,722,596
Total operating expenses	13,999,704
Operating income	2,752,081
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	8,135
Interest expense and fees	(138,035)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(129,900)
Income (loss) before transfers	2,622,181
Transfers out	 (1,591,127)
Change in fund equity	1,031,054
Total fund equity, beginning	 22,660,881
Total fund equity, ending	\$ 23,691,935

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		ter and Sewer
Cash flows from (to) operating activities:	En	terprise Fund
Cash received from customers	\$	16,531,412
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	*	(9,816,362)
Cash payments for employee services and fringe benefits		(1,497,080)
Net cash from (to) operating activities		5,217,970
Cash flows from (to) noncapital financing activities:		
Transfers out		(1,591,127)
Net cash from (to) noncapital financing activities		(1,591,127)
Cash flows from (to) capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(94,389)
Principal payments on revenue bonds		(780,000)
Principal payments on capital lease		(241,406)
Interest paid on revenue bonds and capital lease		(155,195)
Net cash from (to) capital and related financing activities		(1,270,990)
Cash flows from (to) investing activities:		0.405
Interest earned on assets	-	8,135
Net cash from (to) investing activities		8,135
Net increase (decrease) in cash		2,363,988
Cash at beginning of year (including \$4,764,304 in restricted accounts)		5,086,330
Cash at end of year (including \$6,415,405 in restricted accounts)	\$	7,450,318
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	2,752,081
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash from operating activities:		1 700 507
Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:		1,722,596
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(220,373)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		532,308
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		9,448
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		439,422
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(17,512)
Net cash from operating activities	\$	5,217,970
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	155,195

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

Assets:	TRI	OPEB UST FUND
Current assets: Investments - money market mutual funds	\$	555,013
Total assets	\$	555,013
Net assets:		
Net assets held in trust for other post employment benefits	\$	555,013
Total net assets held in trust	\$	555,013

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Additions	TR	OPEB UST FUND
Contributions: Employer Employee	\$	780,697 122,681
Total contributions		903,378
Investment earnings		67,847
Total additions		971,225
Deductions: Benefits and claims		747,594
Total deductions		747,594
Change in net assets		223,631
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year		331,382
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$	555,013

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City of Smyrna, Georgia, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the City's Annual Financial Report.

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City was created in 1872 and operates under an elected Mayor/Council form of government. The City's major operations included public safety, culture-recreation, water and sewer services, highways and streets, sanitation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Smyrna (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the financial relationship with the City.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14. "The Financial Reporting Entity", the financial statements of the component units have been included as either a blended component unit or a discretely presented component unit. The fiscal year end of the component units is June 30. The component units do not issue separate Component Unit Financial Statements. A brief description of the component units is as follows:

<u>Downtown Smyrna Development Authority</u>: The Downtown Smyrna Development Authority was created by the City of Smyrna, pursuant to the resolution of the Georgia General Assembly in October 1988. The Authority provides funding through capital lease agreements for the construction of governmental facilities. Currently the Authority is being used to provide funding sources to the City for the construction of governmental facilities. The Authority is not actively working to redevelop the downtown area.

The City Council appoints seven of the eight members of the Authority. The eighth position is filled by the Mayor who serves as the chairman. The Authority imposes a financial burden to the City. The Authority provides services almost entirely to the City. The Authority is presented as a blended component unit and presented as a Capital Projects Fund.

Smyrna Downtown Area Development Corporation: The Smyrna Downtown Area Development Corporation was created by the Smyrna Housing Authority in July 2008. The Corporation acquired an apartment project through the issuance of revenue anticipation notes. The Corporation entered into an Intergovernmental Service Agreement with the City whereby the City will provide sufficient working capital for the operation of the apartments and provide funds necessary to make debt service payments, if needed. The Corporation is to operate the apartments as directed by the Mayor. The Corporation is presented as a discretely presented component unit.

<u>Related Organization:</u> The Smyrna Housing Authority is a related organization which has not been included in the reporting entity. The Authority provides housing assistance to eligible families in the City. The Board consists of seven members appointed by the Mayor and City Council; however, the City does not have the ability to impose its will or have a financial

benefit or burden relationship. The debts of the Housing Authority are not secured by the City and deficits are not financed by the City. No budgetary or financial relationship exists between the City of Smyrna and the Smyrna Housing Authority.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The City's net assets are reported in three parts -invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when a payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Hickory Lake Apartments Capital Projects Fund – The Hickory Lakes Apartment Fund accounts for money received from bond proceeds that is restricted for use on redevelopment areas.

1% Road Improvement Fund - The City's 1% Road Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the construction and expansion of roads and bridges, and the replacement of 800 MHz radios.

Downtown Development Authority Fund - The DDA fund provides funding through capital lease agreements for construction of governmental facilities.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of providing water and sewer services to the residents of the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City's special revenue funds account for money received for the promotion of tourism, monies received from the U.S. Housing and Urban Development under the Community Development Block Grant Program, monies collected for operations of the Emergency 911 system, monies received for law enforcement expenditures, to account for the financing transactions of the redevelopment of the downtown area and construction of governmental facilities and to account for tax increments collected for the redevelopment project within the tax allocation district.

Capital Project Funds – Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Trust Funds – The Trust Fund accounts for the assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals. The City's OPEB Trust Fund is utilized to account for the activity of the City's OPEB Plan.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of

following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water, sewer, sanitation and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is legally adopted each fiscal year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, the 1% Road Improvement Fund, and the Capital Project Funds.

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that the Parks and Recreation DDA Capital Projects, Hickory Lake Apartments, & the Fire Station Construction funds adopt project length budgets and encumbrances are treated as budgetary expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase. Certain intergovernmental revenue is not budgeted for in the MCS Narcotics Funds. Investment earnings are not budgeted for in the MCS Narcotics, Multiple Grant, and 1% Road Improvement Tax Funds. Miscellaneous revenue is not budgeted for in the Hotel Motel Premium Tax Fund. In the General Fund debt service expenditures are budgeted as general governmental expenditures.

The City generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. A proposed operating budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them is submitted to the City Council by the City Administrator.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held.
- 3. The budget is then revised and adopted or amended by the City Council at the first regular meeting following the hearing.
- 4. The level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each of the above adopted budgets is at the department level. The

City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with approval from the City Administrator and Finance Director. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Mayor and City Council. The total budget so adopted may be revised during the year only by formal action of the City Council in a regular meeting and no increase shall be made therein without provision also being made for financing the same. For a non-budgeted activity or item, or one which has a high likelihood of exceeding the budget appropriation, approval must come from the Mayor and City Council.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include restricted and unrestricted amounts in demand accounts and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments are stated at fair value. Statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia which are rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association, repurchase agreements when collateralized by U.S. Government or agency obligations, and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. See note (2) for additional information regarding Cash and Investments.

F. Short-Term/Long-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds."

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and items needed for repairs or improvements. The consumption method is used to account for inventories.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2011 are recorded as prepaid items.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

GASB No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective in the first year of implementing GASB No. 34. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The City implemented the retroactive infrastructure provisions in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004 for all previous infrastructure assets.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The capitalized threshold for capital assets is \$5,000.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation has been calculated on an estimated useful life as follows:

	Water and	Governmental	Component
	Sewer	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Unit</u>
Buildings and Improvements	40 years	80 years	28 years
Vehicles, machinery, furniture and equipment	4-10 years	5 years	-
Infrastructure and improvements	40 years	30 years	-

J. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay and comp time amounts are accrued when incurred by the City in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. A liability in the governmental funds is reported only if the benefit has matured.

Accumulated sick pay benefits for City employees have not been recorded as a liability because the payment of the benefits is contingent upon the future illness of an employee. It is not expected that any unrecorded sick pay benefits will exceed a normal year's accumulation.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Nature and Purpose of Classifications of Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through an ordinance or resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by City management based on Council direction. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy; however City Council address various targeted reserve positions and in the Finance Department calculates targets and actuals and reports the results to Council on a regular basis.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 is further explained in Note 18 Restatement.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City reduces its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with State law. As of June 30, 2011, the primary government and its component unit were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Per the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to custodial risk by requiring full collateralization on two certain types of investments: certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements. As of June 30, 2011, none of the government's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments of the City were comprised entirely of money market mutual funds and had a fair market value of \$587,189. The money market funds were rated AAAm and had investment maturities of less than one year.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits direct investments in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase, unless matched by a specific cash flow.

(3) RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

	Taxes and Fines	Utility Accounts Other		Other	Allowance for Uncollectibles		Net Receivables		
General Fund	\$ 590,101	\$	815,715	\$	15,765	\$	(50,610)	\$	1,370,971
Water and Sewer Fund			2,445,460				(572,438)		1,873,022
Total	\$ 590,101	\$	3,261,175	\$	15,765	\$	(623,048)	\$	3,243,993

(4) DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

	Cobb County, GA	U.S. Department of Energy		Colise	b-Marietta um & Exhibit Authority	Total	
1% Road Improvement	\$ 1,579,451	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,579,451	
Nonmajor Funds: HUD CDBG Fund	39,594		-		-	39,594	
Hotel/Motel Premium Tax Fund	-		-		17,240	17,240	
Bio Diesel Fund			48,291			48,291	
	\$ 1,619,045	\$	48,291	\$	17,240	\$ 1,684,576	

(5) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund loans receivable are considered "available spendable resources."

Such balances at June 30, 2011 include Due from (to) and are summarized as follows:

	RECEIVABLE TO								
PAYABLE FROM	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	250,000			
Downtown Development Authority Fund	7	55,489		-		755,489			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6	84,616		44,099		728,715			
Water and Sewer	1,6	31,540				1,631,540			
Total	\$ 3,0	71,645	\$	294,099	\$	3,365,744			

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, and other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds.

Interfund transfers for the current year were as follows:

		TR				
			Ν	lonmajor	_	
	(General	Go۱	vernmental	Water &	
TRANSFER IN TO		Fund	Fund Funds		Sewer Fund	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	247,511	\$1,591,127	\$1,838,638
Downtown Development Authority		50,000		-	-	50,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		945,193		86,212		1,031,405
Total	\$	995,193	\$	333,723	\$1,591,127	\$2,920,043

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, maintaining debt service on a routine basis, or in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(6) RESTRICTED ASSETS

In the governmental funds, customer deposits that will be refunded upon termination of service are restricted assets. Cash and investments that have accumulated in the special revenue funds, the 1% Road Improvement Tax Fund, the Hickory Lake Apartments Fund, and the Fire Construction Fund are restricted to use per the fund description.

In the proprietary fund, certain resources set aside for bond repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "revenue bond construction" account is used to report those proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "revenue bond debt service" account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The "revenue bond debt service reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account. The "revenue bond replacement" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpensed contingencies or to fund asset renewals and replacements. Customer deposits that will be refunded upon termination of service are restricted assets.

The City's restricted assets at June 30, 2011, consist of the following:

Governmental Funds:		Total
General Fund: Customer deposits	\$	328,173
Hickory Lake Apartments Fund: Housing and development		5,420,283
1% Road Improvement: Completion of projects		5,250,195
Nonmajor governmental funds: E911 operations Law enforcement Tax allocation district Culture and recreation Unspent grant money Completion of projects Tourism	_	467,583 56,220 181,904 32,176 32,268 2 576,775 1,346,928
Total governmental funds	\$ 1	2,345,579
Proprietary Funds Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund: Revenue bond debt service Completion of projects Customer deposits	\$	1,123,895 4,770,231 521,279
Total proprietary funds	\$	6,415,405

(7) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Primary Government

Covernmental activities	Balance		Additions	R	eductions	Balance
Carramana antal antirritian.						
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		_				
Land	\$ 23,176,970	\$	889,202	\$		\$ 24,066,172
Total capital assets not being depreciated	23,176,970		889,202			24,066,172
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure	117,075,314		3,195,204		_	120,270,518
Buildings and improvements	59,061,231		48,291		_	59,109,522
Motorized and heavy equipment	1,325,326		-		_	1,325,326
Office furniture and equipment	1,300,938		_		_	1,300,938
Computer equipment	2,333,053		58,598		_	2,391,651
Motor vehicles	9,816,682		106,453		(161,735)	9,761,400
Nonmotorized equipment	2,922,765		-		(101,700)	2,922,765
Total capital assets being depreciated	193,835,309		3,408,546		(161,735)	197,082,120
3 - 4	.,,				, , , , , ,	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure	(62,482,588)		(2,927,703)		-	(65,410,291)
Buildings and improvements	(17,918,624)		(2,231,498)		-	(20,150,122)
Motorized and heavy equipment	(1,424,751)		(98,874)		-	(1,523,625)
Office furniture and equipment	(1,255,942)		(3,272)		-	(1,259,214)
Computer equipment	(1,534,272)		(8,565)		-	(1,542,837)
Motor vehicles	(8,948,552)		(646,405)		161,735	(9,433,222)
Nonmotorized equipment	(2,054,269)		(39,250)			(2,093,519)
Total accumulated depreciation	(95,618,998)		(5,955,567)		161,735	(101,412,830)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	98,216,311		(2,547,021)		_	95,669,290
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 121,393,281	\$	(1,657,819)	\$		\$119,735,462
Descinate Association						
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure and improvements	¢ 20 025 220	Φ.	04.200	Φ.		¢ 20 010 727
	\$ 29,925,338	\$	94,389	\$	-	\$ 30,019,727
Buildings and improvements	84,329		-		-	84,329
Machinery and equipment	7,974,240		-		-	7,974,240
Motor vehicles	921,947		-		-	921,947
Computer equipment	82,882		94,389			82,882
Total capital assets being depreciated	38,988,736		94,389			39,083,125
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure and improvements	(11,900,492)		(879,628)		-	(12,780,120)
Buildings and improvements	(76,230)		(911)		-	(77,141)
Machinery and equipment	(3,575,397)		(752,792)		-	(4,328,189)
Motor vehicles	(724,995)		(86,594)		-	(811,589)
Computer equipment	(87,382)		4,500		-	(82,882)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,364,496)		(1,715,425)		-	(18,079,921)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,624,240		(1,621,036)			21,003,204
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,624,240	\$	(1,621,036)	\$	-	\$ 21,003,204

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 834,963
Public safety	1,013,883
Public works, including depreciation of general infrastructure	3,152,479
Culture and recreation	954,242
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 5,955,567

Business-type activities:

Water and sewer ____\$ 1,715,425

Component Unit

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 827,021 390,680 1,217,701	\$ - - -	\$ - (195,339) (195,339)	\$ 827,021 195,341 1,022,362
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	3,873,021	195,339		4,068,360
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	(139,073)	(133,961)		(273,034)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,733,948	61,378		3,795,326
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,951,649	\$ 61,378	\$ (195,339)	\$ 4,817,688

(8) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2011:

2011.	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$37,105,000	\$ 15,950,000	\$ (1,315,000)	\$ 51,740,000	\$ 1,370,000
Deferred charges	822,378	159,500	(296,625)	685,253	
	37,927,378	16,109,500	(1,611,625)	52,425,253	1,370,000
Capital leases	2,230,535	-	(861,799)	1,368,736	397,648
Compensated absences	1,248,633	673,829	(761,164)	1,161,298	807,110
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$41,406,546	\$ 16,783,329	\$ (3,234,588)	\$ 54,955,287	\$ 2,574,758
Business-type activities:					
Capital leases	\$ 3,074,562	\$ -	\$ (241,406)	\$ 2,833,156	296,596
Revenue bonds	1,070,000	-	(780,000)	290,000	290,000
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 4,144,562	\$ -	\$ (1,021,406)	\$ 3,123,156	\$ 586,596
					
Component Unit:					
Revenue anticipation notes	\$ 8,195,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,195,000	\$ 160,000

Compensated absences are typically liquidated in the general fund.

Operating Leases

The City has several operating leases for equipment that are not material.

Governmental Activities:

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds have been issued for governmental activities and are comprised of the following individual issues at June 30, 2011:

\$8,285,000 Series 1997 Downtown Smyrna Development Authority bonds, serviced through lease payments from the City, due in annual installments commencing February 1, 1998 of \$35,000 to \$1,700,000 through February 1, 2020; interest at 3.7 to 5.6 percent (\$7,155,000 outstanding). The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the Series 1994 bonds and to finance the cost of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a new fire station to be leased to the City.

\$2,875,000 Series 2001 Downtown Smyrna Development Authority bonds, serviced through lease payments from the City, due in annual installments commencing February 11, 2002 of \$85,000 to \$225,000 through February 2021; interest at 5.14 percent (\$1,925,000 outstanding). The bonds were issued to purchase property.

\$11,885,000 Series 2002 Downtown Smyrna Development Authority bonds, serviced through lease payments from the City, due in annual installments commencing February 1, 2003 of \$755,000 to \$1,160,000 through February 1, 2016; interest at 2.25 to 5.25 percent (\$5,270,000 outstanding). The bonds were issued to refund a portion of Series 1989 and 1993 bonds.

\$22,000,000 Series 2005 Downtown Smyrna Development Authority bonds, serviced through lease payments from the City, due in annual installments commencing on August 1, 2005 of \$220,000 to \$3,070,000 through February 1, 2028; interest at 3% to 5.25% (\$21,440,000 outstanding). The bonds were issued for acquiring, construction, and renovation of parks and recreation facilities.

\$15,950,000 Series 2010 Downtown Smyrna Development Authority bonds, serviced through lease payments from the City, due in annual installments commencing on February 1, 2014 of \$420,000 to \$1,300,000 through February 1, 2035; interest at 2.49% to 6.90% (\$15,950,000 outstanding). The bonds were issued for acquiring, construction, and redeveloping the site of an existing apartment complex and preserving the site for future development got future development and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

On November 21, 2002, the City and the Smyrna Downtown Development Authority entered into an amended and restated intergovernmental contract. The contract obligates the City to make lease payments directly to the Authority for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the outstanding balance of the Series 1997, 2001 and 2002 Revenue Bonds issued by the Authority. The contract will not expire until full payment of the bonds, however, the agreement will terminate absolutely on August 1, 2039. On April 1, 2005 the City and the Authority entered into an additional intergovernmental contract obligating the City to make lease payments directly to the Authority for the purpose of paying principal

and interest on the Series 2005 Revenue bonds issued by the Authority. The contract will not expire until full payment of the bonds, however, the agreement will terminate absolutely on February 1, 2028. The contracts enable the City to lease from the Authority the facilities constructed by the Authority. The leases are a direct financing lease in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority has no obligation for the debt beyond the resources provided by the City under the contract; therefore the obligation for the bonds is not reported on the financial statements of the Smyrna Downtown Development Authority. Each agreement provides that prior to expiration of the leases upon payment in full of the bonds outstanding, the City may purchase the project from the Authority for \$100.

The following is a schedule of the future payments on outstanding Governmental Activities revenue bonds as of June 30, 2011:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 2,821,744	\$ 4,191,744
2013	1,425,000	2,764,172	4,189,172
2014	1,920,000	2,693,504	4,613,504
2015	2,005,000	2,606,070	4,611,070
2016	2,095,000	2,511,308	4,606,308
2017-2021	12,225,000	10,822,250	23,047,250
2022-2026	15,765,000	7,240,600	23,005,600
2027-2031	10,220,000	2,992,525	13,212,525
2032-2035	4,715,000	840,420	5,555,420
Total	\$ 51,740,000	\$ 35,292,591	\$ 87,032,591

The amount of defeased debt outstanding but removed from the City's records totaled \$19,435,000 at June 30, 2011.

Capital Leases

The City leases certain equipment with costs totaling \$4,141,068 and accumulated depreciation totaling \$2,967,376. The equipment acquired under the leases represents the use of a portion of the City's share of the proceeds from GMA's issuance of Pool Bond Certificates of Participation, Series 1990 and 1998. The City also has a lease with Key Government Finance Inc. which bears interest at 4.45%. In 2008, the City entered into two leases with GMA for computer equipment and an emergency siren system. The interest rates for the leases are 3.83% and 3.06% respectively. In 2009, the City entered into two additional leases with GMA for a ladder truck and sanitation carts. The interest rates for the leases are 3.76% and 3.19% respectively. The leases qualify as capital leases.

The following is a schedule of the future payments on outstanding Governmental Activities capital leases as of June 30, 2011:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal		Interest	 Total
2012	\$ 397,648		\$ 44,189	\$ 441,837
2013	371,803		33,283	405,086
2014	90,898		22,534	113,432
2015	94,316		19,116	113,432
2016	97,862		15,570	113,432
2017-2019	 316,209		29,218	 345,427
Total	\$ 1,368,736		\$ 163,910	\$ 1,532,646

Business-type Activities:

Capital Leases

On November 29, 2004, the City entered into a lease agreement to acquire meter reading equipment with a total cost of \$7,025,205 for use in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. The original principal amount of the agreement was \$4,300,000 following a down payment of \$2,725,205. The terms of the lease call for principal and interest payments over 156 months, with an annual interest rate of 4.16% and an option to purchase at the end of the lease term for \$1. The lease qualifies as a capital lease. As of June 30, 2011, accumulated depreciation expense totaled \$3,654,453.

The following is a schedule of the future payments on outstanding Business-Type Activities capital leases as of June 30, 2011:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2012	\$ 296,596	\$ 110,899	\$ 407,495	
2013	357,550	97,569	455,119	
2014	422,914	83,417	506,331	
2015	498,573	62,780	561,353	
2015	541,669	41,483	583,152	
2017-2018	715,854	21,199	737,053	
Total	\$ 2,833,156	\$ 417,347	\$ 3,250,503	

Revenue Bonds

\$6,645,000, Series 1999- Water and Sewerage Revenue bonds due in annual installments commencing July 1, 2000 of \$395,000 to \$290,000 through July 1, 2011; interest at 3.08 to 4.05 percent (\$290,000 outstanding). Bonds were issued to provide for additions, extensions, and improvements to the water and sewerage system of the City.

The following is a schedule of the future payments on outstanding Business-Type Activities revenue bonds as of June 30, 2011:

Drincipal	1				
Principal		nterest	Total		
290,000	\$	6,525	\$	296,525	

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the \$6.6 million in water and sewerage revenue bonds issued in 1999. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for water and sewer infrastructure. The bonds are payable from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2012. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total net pledged revenues were \$810,210 and \$4,474,677 respectively.

Component Unit:

During fiscal year 2009, the Smyrna Development Corporation issued \$8,195,000 of revenue anticipation notes. The notes were issued to purchase and renovate an apartment complex. The notes are due in annual installments commencing December 1, 2011 of \$160,000 to \$615,000 through December 1, 2030. Interest on the notes is 4.55%. The following is a schedule of the future payments as of June 30, 2011:

Year Ending					
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total	
2012	\$ 160,000	\$ 369,233	\$	529,233	
2013	275,000	359,336		634,336	
2014	290,000	346,483		636,483	
2015	300,000	333,060		633,060	
2016	315,000	319,069		634,069	
2017-2021	1,805,000	1,361,474		3,166,474	
2022-2026	2,245,000	902,606		3,147,606	
2027-2031	2,805,000	 330,899		3,135,899	
Total	\$ 8,195,000	\$ 4,322,159	\$1	2,517,159	

(9) PROPERTY TAXES

The City bills and collects its own real and personal property taxes. Ad valorem tax on motor vehicles and mobile homes is collected by the Cobb County Tax Commissioner and remitted to the City. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Property taxes are levied in September of each year on the assessed valuation of property as of the preceding January 1. Taxes were levied on September 15, 2011. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is based on a period ending 60 days after the tax bill mailing. At that later date, generally mid-November, the bill becomes delinquent, subject to lien, and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

Assessed values are established by the Cobb County Tax Assessor's office and are currently calculated at 40% of the market value. The net assessed values of real and personal property (excluding public utility franchise motor vehicles, heavy duty equipment and mobile home taxes) at January 1, 2010 were \$1,859,843,154.

Based on the 2010 millage levy of 8.99, a property owner would pay \$8.99 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Current tax collections of \$16,201,095 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were 97 percent of the tax levy.

(10) EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City contributes to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System ("System"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the state of Georgia. The City's payroll for employees covered by the System's defined benefit plan was \$15,444,882 as of January 1, 2010. The Plan also provides death benefits for early retirees.

The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the System and the Adoption Agreement executed by the City.

All full-time City employees are eligible to participate in the System upon completion of one year of service; elected officials have no waiting period for eligibility. Benefits vest after completing seven years of service.

All full-time employees become eligible for the plan after one year of service; elected officials have no waiting period for eligibility. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, all personnel were offered the option of acquiring an early retirement benefit at age 55 with thirty years of service completed. All new employees are automatically covered by the early retirement benefits. The plan was amended on April 1, 2010. Normal retirement age is now 65 with 10 years of credited service. A reduced benefit is payable at age 55 with 10 years of service. An early unreduced benefit is payable after 35 years of service or after achieving the Rule of 80 (minimum age plus years of service to equal 80).

Employee benefits are calculated as a percentage of the average basic earnings in the five consecutive years prior to retirement multiplied by the number of years of service.

The death and disability benefits are based on a percentage of final average earnings.

All employees are covered under the early retirement benefit and are required by the City to contribute 3.25% of their annual salary towards the additional cost of this benefit.

The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the GMEBS pension plan, using the frozen initial liability actuarial cost method.

The January 1, 2010 valuation is used to determine the recommended contribution for the fiscal year 2011. During the plan year, total pension contributions were \$3,019,985 (\$2,497,181 from the City).

The net pension obligation was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2011. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75% a year, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% a year, (c) additional projected salary increases attributable to seniority or merit, (d) 0% inflation, and (e) no post retirement benefit increases.

Fiscal

Contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method (roll forward prior years actuarial value with contributions, disbursements, and expected return on investments, plus 10% of investment gains (losses) during 10 prior years).

The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1981 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

Employer contributions represented 14.62% of current year covered payroll and were in accordance with actuarial recommendations. The contribution requirement was \$3,019,985.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Annual

		, .					
	Year	Require	Required Percentage		age	Pension	
	<u>Ended</u>	Contribu	<u>ıtion</u>	Contributed		<u>Obligation</u>	
	6/30/09	\$ 1,640	944	100%			
	6/30/10	2,670	,067	100%	6		
	6/30/11	3,019	,985	1009	6		
	Actuarial	Actuarial					UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfur	nded AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(۱	JAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(o - a)	(a / b)	(c)	((b - a) / c)
01/01/10	\$ 32,802,886	\$ 42,819,173	\$ 10	,016,287	76.6%	\$ 15,444,882	64.9%

Net

The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System issues a publicly available financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to:

Georgia Municipal Association Risk Management and Employee Benefit Service 201 Pryor Street, SW Atlanta, Georgia 30303

(11) POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

The City implemented GASB 45 prospectively during the year ended June 30, 2009.

Plan Description - The City of Smyrna OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Smyrna. The City of Smyrna OPEB Trust is an irrevocable trust established pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code for the purpose of pre-funding other postemployment health benefits in accordance with GASB Statement 43 and GASB Statement 45. The trust was established June 1, 2009, by the City Council to pre-fund medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their eligible dependents who are eligible for such benefits under existing City policy. The City provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and life insurance benefits to retirees. Retirees' spouses are eligible for the same benefits as the retiree. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they retire on or after the age of 65 with 10 years of service, or provided that the employee's age (minimum age of 55) plus completed years of service with the City at the time of the employee's retirement is equal to or greater than 80. As of April 2008, there were 68 retirees and 29 spouses eligible for the benefits and 328 active employees. The City has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

<u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> - The plan financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the City are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investment income is recognized as earned by the plan. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments held by the pension plan is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the statement of plan net assets.

There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the pension plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution was determined by an actuarial valuation. During the fiscal year 2011, the City contributed \$780,697 to the plan. The cost of benefits for retirees is paid by the City and by the retiree. The retirees' contribution is based on their enrollment in a City sponsored wellness program, as well as their smoker/nonsmoker status. Total retiree contributions to the plan during the fiscal year 2011 totaled \$122,681.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

			Net		
Fiscal	Annual		Pension	Annual	
Year	OPEB	Percentage	Obligation	Amount	
Ended	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)	Contributed	
6/30/09	\$ 613,710	129%	\$ (178,273)	\$ 791,983	
6/30/10	613,681	146%	(462,207)	897,615	
6/30/11	512,274	152%	(730,630)	780,697	

The following is the funding status of the Plan as of the most recent valuation date:

	Actuarial	Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	_(a / b)_	(c)	((b - a) / c)
07/01/10	\$ 331,382	\$ 5.121.788	\$ 4,790,406	6.5%	\$ 16,476,737	29.1%

The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a thirty year period. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation (asset):

Annual required contribution	\$ 529,690
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(36,976)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	19,560
Annual OPEB cost	512,274
Contributions made	(780,697)
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	(268,423)
Net OPEB asset, beginning of year	(462,207)
Net OPEB asset, end of year	\$ (730,630)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of employer contributions present information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year

and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a thirty year period. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Valuation date 7/1/2010

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit with benefits attributed

From date of hire to date of decrement

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, open

Remaining amortization period 30 years
Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 8%

Healthcare cost trend rate 9.5% graded to 5.0% over 9 years

The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

(12) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City of Smyrna 457 Plan (the "Plan") is a single employer defined contribution plan established by the City of Smyrna and administered by The Hartford Insurance Company. All full time employees and regular part time employees are eligible and may contribute a portion of their compensation to this plan not to exceed annual IRS limitations. Employees participating in the Plan may begin contributions upon hire and are fully vested immediately. Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. For eligible full time employees hired on or after April 1, 2010 who voluntarily elect to participate in the 457 Plan, the City contributes a discretionary amount as determined by the City Council and places it in a 401(a) Defined Contribution plan. Contribution amounts may be amended by the City Council. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the City's contributions were \$36,155 and employee contributions were \$343,380.

(13) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City participates in a public entity risk pool managed by the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) whereby the risk is pooled with other entities. Participation in this pool allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. GIRMA is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities - GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. Other responsibilities of the City are as follows:

To pay all contributions, assessments or other sums due to GIRMA at such times and in such amounts as shall be established by GIRMA.

To select a person to serve as a Member representative.

To allow GIRMA and its agents reasonable access to all facilities of the City and all records, including but not limited to financial records, which relate to the purposes of GIRMA.

To allow attorneys appointed by GIRMA to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the Fund or Funds established by GIRMA.

To assist and cooperate in the defense and settlement of claims against the City.

To furnish full cooperation to GIRMA's attorneys, claims adjusters, Service Company, and any agent, employee, officer or independent contractor of GIRMA relating to the purpose of GIRMA.

To follow all loss reduction and prevention procedures established by GIRMA.

To furnish to GIRMA such budget, operating and underwriting information as may be requested.

To report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any Coverage Descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in GIRMA or any Fund established by GIRMA being required to pay claim for loss or injuries to municipal property or injuries to persons or property when such loss or injury is within the scope of the protection of a Fund or Funds in which the City participates.

The City is also exposed to risks of loss related to job-related illnesses or injuries to employees for which the City has transferred its risk through participation in a public entity risk pool managed by the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund whereby the risk is pooled with other entities.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City became a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability.

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in

accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The Fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the preview of the Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding compensation therefore, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false or fraudulent. The Fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, maintaining debt service on a routine basis, or in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(14) JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City in conjunction with other cities and counties in the ten county Atlanta region is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Membership in a RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the officials of political subdivisions and private citizens representing districts with the Atlanta region. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that certain member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Atlanta Regional Commission, 40 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

(15) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Cobb County Water System

The City entered into an agreement with Cobb County, Georgia (the "County") in April 2005. The term of the agreement is 30 years. The agreement provides for the County to take and treat wastewater from the City and requires the purchase of the County's water in certain circumstances. The County is authorized to establish rates and charges. The City purchased water and wastewater treatment services totaling \$6,992,306 from the County during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Encumbrances outstanding at year end totaled \$1,386,792 (General fund \$39,935 and Hickory Lakes Apartments Fund \$1,346,857).

(16) FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)

Downtown Development Authority Fund	<u>\$ (755,489)</u>
Tax Allocation District	\$ (263,261)

Deficits in the Downtown Development Authority Fund will be funded by a transfer from the General Fund. The deficit in the Tax Allocation District Fund will be funded by future tax increment revenues.

(17) EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

	 Budget	 Actual	ance with al Budget
General Fund: Public Works:			
Public education	\$ 160,478	\$ 161,333	\$ (855)

These over expenditures were funded by current year unbudgeted revenues.

(18) RESTATEMENT

GASB Statement 54 "Fund balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The City implemented this standard in fiscal year 2011. The City analyzed all funds previously reported as special revenue funds and determined that the Downtown Development Revenue Bond Fund should not be classified as a special revenue fund. The Downtown Development Revenue Bond Fund had a fund balance of \$2 as of June 30, 2011. The transactions of Downtown Development Revenue Bond Fund are reported within the General Fund beginning in fiscal year 2011.

Beginning Fund Balance before Restatement	\$ 13,578,668
Restatement (Downtown Development Revenue Bond Fund)	2
Beginning Fund Balance after Restatement	\$ <u>13,578,670</u>

(19) SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the City's component unit, the Smyrna Downtown Area Development Corporation, sold the apartment project owned by the Corporation for approximately \$2.9 million. The Corporation paid off the related debt with the proceeds from the sale, existing cash, and approximately \$3.3 million from the City's General Fund.

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

A) PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Actuarial	Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	_(a / b)_	(c)	((b - a) / c)
01/01/10	\$ 32,802,886	\$ 42,819,173	\$ 10,016,287	76.6%	\$ 15,444,882	64.9%
01/01/09	25,285,502	38,650,174	13,364,672	65.4%	16,362,871	81.7%
01/01/08	29,502,118	35,406,436	5,904,318	83.3%	15,244,165	38.7%

B) POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Lia	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	Ur	nfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)		(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	((b - a) / c)
07/01/10	\$ 331,382	\$	5,121,788	\$	4,790,406	6.5%	\$ 16,476,737	29.1%
07/01/09	160,000		5,273,546		5,113,546	3.0%	n/a	n/a
07/01/08	-		5,181,471		5,181,471	0.0%	n/a	n/a

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Revenues: Taxes Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	9 33,947,659 6,917,520 1,657,220 2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	Final Budget \$24,196,659 7,034,453 1,657,220 2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481 36,399,770	\$24,443,618 6,940,732 1,950,950 2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561 36,644,013	Budget- Positive (Negative) \$ 246,959 (93,721) 293,730 (309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080 244,243
Taxes Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	\$ 23,947,659 6,917,520 1,657,220 2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	\$24,196,659 7,034,453 1,657,220 2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481	\$24,443,618 6,940,732 1,950,950 2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561	\$ 246,959 (93,721) 293,730 (309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080
Taxes Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	6,917,520 1,657,220 2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	7,034,453 1,657,220 2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481	6,940,732 1,950,950 2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561	(93,721) 293,730 (309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080
Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	6,917,520 1,657,220 2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	7,034,453 1,657,220 2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481	6,940,732 1,950,950 2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561	(93,721) 293,730 (309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	1,657,220 2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	1,657,220 2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481	1,950,950 2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561	293,730 (309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	2,405,000 720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658	2,469,957 740,000 20,000 281,481	2,160,447 756,835 25,870 365,561	(309,510) 16,835 5,870 84,080
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	720,000 20,000 237,259 35,904,658 263,907	740,000 20,000 281,481	756,835 25,870 365,561	16,835 5,870 84,080
Investment income Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	20,000 237,259 35,904,658 263,907	20,000 281,481	25,870 365,561	5,870 84,080
Miscellaneous revenue Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	237,259 35,904,658 263,907	281,481	365,561	84,080
Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	35,904,658 263,907			
Expenditures: Current:	35,904,658 263,907			
Current:				
Conoral government				
General government				
Governing body		265,251	265,251	_
Chief executive	518,395	511,456	483,272	28,184
Financial administration	622,990	607,140	600,715	6,425
Data processing	564,386	598,589	598,589	-
Human resources	355,110	319,970	318,539	1,431
Buildings and plant	8,746,294	8,914,303	8,455,271	459,032
Judicial	.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	
Recorders court	433,551	441,947	435,885	6,062
Public safety				
Police	7,554,673	7,637,423	7,484,644	152,779
Fire				
Fire administration	4,216,306	4,335,760	4,335,760	-
Fire prevention	290,729	298,338	298,338	-
Fire training	204,270	206,480	205,801	679
Emergency management	93,378	94,758	94,758	-
Public Works				
Highways and streets	2,148,290	2,286,907	2,286,907	-
Traffic engineering	205,260	178,760	170,341	8,419
Sanitary administration	3,848,632	3,410,542	3,389,938	20,604
Recyclable collections	274,826	262,551	259,594	2,957
Public education	158,468	160,478	161,333	(855)
Maintenance and shop	312,765	319,185	318,147	1,038
Culture and recreation				
Administration	1,177,489	1,290,386	1,290,386	_
Participant recreation	366,542	332,987	329,153	3,834
Recreation center	280,406	271,526	268,925	2,601
Library administration	646,923	653,053	640,769	12,284
Housing and development	3.3,720	222,230	0.07.07	. 2/201
Protective inspection administration	740,875	778,503	722,717	55,786
Total expenditures	34,024,465	34,176,293	33,415,033	761,260

Continued on next page.

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

_	(Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		1,880,193	:	2,223,477	3,228,980	1,005,503
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		1,849,319		1,849,319	1,838,638	(10,681)
Sale of capital assets		35,000		35,000	74,464	39,464
Transfers out		(3,764,512)	(4	4,039,354)	(4,229,519)	(190,165)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,880,193)	(:	2,155,035)	(2,316,417)	(161,382)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	68,442	912,563	\$ 844,121
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2011 Unbudgeted debt service Unbudgeted transfers in					36,935 (3,222,855) 3,234,326	
Fund balance at beginning of year- GAAP bas	sis				13,578,670	
Fund balance at end of year- GAAP basis					\$14,539,639	

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CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

				Special F	Rever	nue Funds	6			
	MC Narce			Hotel/Motel Premium Tax		Multiple Grant Fund		Auto Rental Tax		nergency Telephone Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash Restricted cash Restricted investments	\$ 5	- 6,220 -	\$	- 576,775 -	\$	- 32,268 -	\$	- - -	\$	- 467,583 -
Due from other governments Due from other funds		-		17,240 27,430		- -		<u>-</u>		- -
Total assets	\$ 56	,220	\$	621,445	\$	32,268	\$		\$	467,583
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	Φ. 0	045	Φ.	40.000	•	70/	•		•	07.004
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	\$ 3	3,015	\$	18,993	\$	796 24,670	\$	-	\$	26,821
Due to other funds	1	,349				1,274				241,420
Total liabilities	4	,364		18,993		26,740				268,241
Fund balances: Restricted for:										
Public safety	51	,856		-		5,528		-		199,342
Culture and recreation		-		602,452		-		-		-
Committed for capital projects Unassigned		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				-
Total fund balance (deficit)	51	,856		602,452		5,528				199,342
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 56	,220	\$	621,445	\$	32,268	\$		\$	467,583

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

						Capital Proj	ects Fur	nds				Total
	Ta		Parks			Capital		Station				Non-Major
HUD	Alloc		Recre			Projects		ruction	Bio Die		Go	vernmental
CDBG	Dist	rict	Fu	nd		Fund	Ft	und	Fun	<u>d</u>		Funds
\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,306,145	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,306,145
-	18	31,904		-		-		2		-		1,314,752
-		-	32	2,176		-		-		-		32,176
39,594		-		-		-		-	48,2	291		105,125
 			16	,669		250,000						294,099
\$ 39,594	\$ 18	1,904	\$ 48	3,845	\$	1,556,145	\$	2	\$ 48,2	291	\$	3,052,297
\$ - - 39,507	\$ 44:	- - 5,165	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 48,2	291 - -	\$	97,916 24,670 728,715
39,507	44!	5,165		_					48,2	291_		851,301
- 87 -		- - -	48	- 3,845 -		- - 1,556,145		2 -		- - -		256,728 651,384 1,556,145
	(26	3,261)										(263,261)
87	(26	3,261)	48	3,845		1,556,145		2				2,200,996
\$ 39,594	\$ 18°	1,904	\$ 48	0.45	.	1,556,145	\$	2	\$ 48,2	001	\$	3,052,297

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

			ial Revenue Fu			
	MCS Narcotics	Hotel / Motel Premium Tax	Multiple Grant Fund	Auto Rental Tax	Emergency 911 Telephone Fund	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 781,613	\$ -	\$ 86,212	\$ -	
Charges for services	Φ -	\$ 701,013 -	D -	\$ 60,212	1,037,109	
Intergovernmental	99,750	-	61,117	-	-	
Investment earnings Miscellaneous revenues	16 	1,938 500	851 		1,586	
Total revenues	99,766	784,051	61,968	86,212	1,038,695	
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety:						
Police	113,475	-	61,968	-	4 004 006	
Emergency 911 Culture and recreation	-	- 610,456	-	-	1,324,888	
Capital Projects		-	· 			
Total expenditures	113,475	610,456	61,968		1,324,888	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(13,709)	173,595		86,212	(286,193	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	86,212	-	-	286,193	
Transfers out		(247,511)		(86,212)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(161,299)		(86,212)	286,193	
Net change in fund balance	(13,709)	12,296				
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	65,565	590,156	5,528		199,342	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 51,856	\$ 602,452	\$ 5,528	\$ -	\$ 199,342	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

						Capital	Projects					Total
HUD CDBG		Tax Allocation District		Parks and Recreation Fund		Proje	Capital Projects Fund		Station struction Fund)iesel nd	Non-Major vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 867,825 1,037,109
162,1	97 - -	22,96	- - - -		- 6 -		- - -		71,847 2 -	48,	.291 - -	 466,167 4,399 500
162,1	97	22,96	55		6_				71,849	48,	291	2,376,000
	- -		-		-		-		-		-	175,443 1,324,888
162,1	97 -		<u>-</u>	6	- 3,829	10	- 2,855		- 71,847	48,	- 291	 772,653 286,822
162,1	97		<u>-</u> -	6	3,829	10:	2,855		71,847	48,	291	 2,559,806
		22,96	55_	(6	3,823)	(10:	2,855)		2			 (183,806)
	- -		- -		-	65	9,000		- -		- -	1,031,405 (333,723)
						65	9,000		_			697,682
		22,96	55	(6	3,823)	55	6,145		2			513,876
	87	(286,22	26)	11	2,668	1,000	0,000		-			 1,687,120
\$	87	\$ (263,26	51)	\$ 4	8,845	\$ 1,55	6,145	\$	2	\$	_	\$ 2,200,996

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA MCS NARCOTICS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ 122,148 16	\$ 99,750 16	\$ (22,398)
Total Revenues	122,164	99,766	(22,398)
Expenditures: Current: Police	\$ 122,164	\$ 113,475	\$ 8,689
Total Expenditures	122,164	113,475	8,689
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(13,709)	\$ (13,709)
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis		65,565	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$ 51,856	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL PREMIUM TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

			_
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 804,976	\$ 781,613	\$ (23,363)
Investment earnings	2,000	1,938	(62)
g			, ,
Total Revenues	806,976	783,551	(23,425)
Expenditures: Current:			
Culture and recreation	613,950	610,456	3,494
Total Expenditures	613,950	610,456	3,494
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	65,165	86,212	21,047
Transfers out	(258,191)	(247,511)	10,680
Total other financing sources (uses)	(193,026)	(161,299)	31,727
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	11,796	\$ 11,796
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:		500	
Unbudgeted miscellaneous revenue		500	
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis		590,156	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$602,452	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ 61,117 851	\$ 61,117 851	\$ - -
Total Revenues	61,968	61,968	
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety: Police	\$ 61,968	\$ 61,968	\$
Total Expenditures	 61,968	 61,968	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$ -
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis		5,528	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$ 5,528	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA AUTO RENTAL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Buuget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 65,165	\$ 86,212	\$ 21,047
Total Revenues	65,165	86,212	21,047
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	(65,165)	(86,212)	(21,047)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(65,165)	(86,212)	(21,047)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis			
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$ -	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 TELEPHONE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services Investment earnings	\$1,058,091 2,000	\$ 1,037,109 1,586	\$ (20,982) (414)
Total Revenues	1,060,091	1,038,695	(21,396)
Expenditures: Current: Emergency 911	1,415,114	1,324,888	90,226
Total Expenditures	1,415,114	1,324,888	90,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(355,023)	(286,193)	68,830
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	355,023	286,193	(68,830)
Total other financing sources (uses)	355,023	286,193	(68,830)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis		199,342	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$ 199,342	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA HUD COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$216,142	\$162,197	\$ (53,945)	
Total Revenues	216,142	162,197	(53,945)	
Expenditures: Current:				
Culture and recreation	216,142	162,197	53,945	
Total Expenditures	216,142	162,197	53,945	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year-GAAP basis		87		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year-GAAP basis		\$ 87		

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$		\$ 22,965	\$	22,965
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			22,965		22,965
Net change in fund balance	\$		22,965	\$	22,965
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year-GAAP basis		(286,226)			
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year-GAAP basis			\$(263,261)		

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Capital Projects	\$ 109,000	\$ 102,855	\$ 6,145
Total Expenditures	109,000	102,855	6,145
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(109,000)	(102,855)	6,145
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	109,000	659,000	550,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	109,000	659,000	550,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	556,145	\$ 556,145
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis		1,000,000	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$1,556,145	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA BIO DIESEL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	E	Budget	Actual	Final B Pos	ce with udget - itive ative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	48,291	\$ 48,291	\$	
Total Revenues		48,291	48,291		
Expenditures:					
Capital Projects		48,291	 48,291		
Total Expenditures		48,291	 48,291		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					
Net change in fund balance	\$		-	\$	
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis					
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis			\$ 		

CITY OF SMYRNA 1% ROAD IMPROVEMENT TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 7,515,573	\$ 7,043,467	\$ (472,106)
Total Revenues	7,515,573	7,043,467	(472,106)
Expenditures: Capital projects	7,515,573	3,815,137	3,700,436
Total Expenditures	7,515,573	3,815,137	3,700,436
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	3,228,330	\$ 3,228,330
Reconciliation to GAAP basis: Unbudgeted investment earnings		7,895	
Fund balance at beginning of year-GAAP basis	S	3,513,089	
Fund balance at end of year-GAAP basis		\$6,749,314	

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT-SMYRNA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	•	nt Unit - Smyrna ment Corporation
Cash flows from (to) operating activities:		•
Cash received from customers	\$	518,831
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(488,475)
Net cash from (to) operating activities		30,356
Cash flows from (to) capital and related financing activities:		
Interest paid on revenue anticipation notes		(372,874)
Net cash from (to) capital and related financing activities		(372,874)
Cash flows from (to) investing activities:		
Interest earned on assets		2,094
Net cash from (to) investing activities		2,094
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(340,424)
Cash at beginning of year (includes restricted cash totaling \$975,993)		2,592,651
Cash at end of year (includes restricted cash totaling \$804,116)	\$	2,252,227
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(106,127)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		146,110
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(10,513)
(Increase) decrease in other receivable		(30,504)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		31,390
Net cash to operating activities	\$	30,356
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	372,874

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of The City of Smyrna's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
Financial	Trends	65-68
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue	Capacity	69-76
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capa	acity	77-78
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demograp	ohic and Economic Information	80-82
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating	Information	83-84
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual

financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Net Assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2004	2002*	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 68.274.146	\$ 67.983.187	\$ 69.604.930	\$ 71.979.849	\$ 75.669.686	\$ 75.593.976	\$ 81.282.475	\$ 81.770.529
Restricted	1,069,728	712,543	1,281,985	2,091,749	4,815,539	6,667,299	4,373,680	7,837,807
Unrestricted	8,631,238	8,198,506	8,133,917	8,336,439	5,681,691	10,550,780	13,645,665	14,594,250
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 77,975,112	\$ 77,975,112 \$ 76,894,236	\$ 79,020,832	\$ 82,408,037	\$ 86,166,916	\$ 92,812,055	\$ 99,301,820	\$ 104,202,586
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 9,983,739	\$ 13,861,541	\$ 14,682,078	\$ 17,414,278	\$ 18,200,667	\$ 18,388,326	\$ 18,479,678	\$ 17,880,048
Restricted	4,347,912	2,396,565	1,490,748	2,115,917	3,386,157	3,506,281	4,228,788	5,887,601
Unrestricted	1,537,183	38,231	(121,682)	(988,888)	(1,305,473)	(889,442)	(47,585)	(75,714)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 15,868,834	\$ 16,296,337	\$ 16,051,144	\$ 18,541,307	\$ 20,281,351	\$ 21,005,165	\$ 22,660,881	\$ 23,691,935
65								
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 78,257,885	\$ 81,844,728	\$ 84,287,008	\$ 89,394,127	\$ 93,870,353	\$ 93,982,302	\$ 99,762,153	\$ 99,650,577
Restricted	5,417,640	3,109,108	2,772,733	4,207,666	8,201,696	10,173,580	8,602,468	13,725,408
Unrestricted	10,168,421	8,236,737	8,012,235	7,347,551	4,376,218	9,661,338	13,598,080	14,518,536
Total primary government net assets	\$ 93,843,946	\$ 93,190,573	\$ 95,071,976	\$ 100,949,344	\$ 106,448,267	\$ 113,817,220	\$ 121,962,701	\$ 127,894,521

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. *-As restated

City of Smyrna, Georgia Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	Fiscal Year			
	2004	2005*	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses Governmental Activities: General government	\$ 4,727,112	. Б	\$ 6,101,807	\$ 5,294,279	8 5,903,609	\$ 4,979,546	\$ 6,618,073	\$ 6,585,526
Judicial	605,288		533,912	591,093	590,922	574,258	555,925	548,959
Public Safety	13,932,542	•	14,719,398	16,766,728	17,667,184	17,452,477	16,331,914	17,029,989
Public works	10,160,371	10,	10,370,411	12,590,787	11,579,574	11,167,574	10,577,151	10,476,228
Housing and development	770,838	891,318	957,813	1,218,863	1,129,385	1,047,730	871,326	1,656,854
Culture and recreation	3,834,675	4	4,996,967	6,001,248	7,299,235	5,316,392	5,249,173	4,492,687
Interest on long-term debt	1,057,578	1,048,059	1,968,668	2,140,076	2,080,483	2,039,188	2,044,644	2,117,616
Total governmental activities expenses	35,088,404	37,072,718	39,648,976	44,603,074	46,250,392	42,577,165	42,248,206	42,907,859
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer	8,880,983	3 10,131,868	10,886,149	11,741,282	11,579,835	12,184,207	12,066,240	14,137,739
Total business-type activities expenses	8,880,983	10,131,868	10,886,149	11,741,282	11,579,835	12,184,207	12,066,240	14,137,739
Total primary government expenses	\$ 43,969,387	47,204,586	\$ 50,535,125	\$ 56,344,356	\$ 57,830,227	\$ 54,761,372	\$ 54,314,446	\$ 57,045,598
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for services		€						
Sanitation License & Permits	\$ 4,647,148 1,825,774	5 \$ 5,130,342 1,936,494	\$ 5,417,943 1,945,013	\$ 5,501,152 1,993,553	\$ 5,517,203 1,952,951	\$ 5,973,325 1,826,310	5,592,877 1,756,512	\$ 5,522,014 1,950,949
Fines and Forfietures	2,354,812	, 2,	2,034,379	2,508,556	2,485,583	2,213,893	2,417,397	2,095,490
Rents & Royalties	104,368		1,612,000	1,852,821	1,680,979	1,732,707	955,949	930,399
Other activities Operating grants and contributions	2,510,490 36,290	2,324,989	355,099	499,249	679,602	490,670	1,422,129	1,922,765
Capital grants and contributions	1,265,548		3,775,755	7,637,502	8,992,171	7,671,445	7,302,908	7,213,565
Total governmental activities program revenues	12,744,430	12,493,102	15,155,453	20,037,271	21,355,187	20,080,102	19,762,361	20,167,941
Business-type activities: Charges for services			0 1					
water	3,686,064		4,547,956	4,631,803	4,274,878	4,378,221	4,193,412	5,077,849
Sewer Capital grants and contributions	6,334,005	6,438,822 962,100	6,740,555 453,600	8,516,714 1,944,692	9,124,433 846,085	9,818,627	11,016,640	11,673,936
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,020,069	11,673,098	11,742,111	15,093,209	14,245,396	14,196,848	15,210,052	16,751,785
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 22,764,499	3 24,166,200	\$ 26,897,564	\$ 35,130,480	\$ 35,600,583	\$ 34,276,950	\$ 34,972,413	\$ 36,919,726

City of Smyrna, Georgia Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year			
!		2004	2002*	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-type activities	↔	(22,343,974) 1,139,086	\$ (24,579,616) 1,541,230	\$ (24,493,523) 855,962	\$ (24,565,803) 3,351,927	\$ (24,895,205) 2,665,561	\$ (22,497,063) 2,012,641	\$ (22,485,845) 3,143,812	\$ (22,739,918) 2,614,046
Total primary government net expense	↔	(21,204,888)	\$ (23,038,386)	\$ (23,637,561)	\$ (21,213,876)	\$ (22,229,644)	\$ (20,484,422)	\$ (19,342,033)	\$ (20,125,872)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities: Taxes									
Property taxes	↔	15,348,338	\$ 15,919,079	\$ 16,624,127	\$ 17,443,721	\$ 18,351,230	\$ 18,884,117	\$ 19,663,081	\$ 18,051,649
Franchise taxes		2,375,225	2,766,775	2,604,368	3,424,371	3,341,633	3,259,685 2,294,641	3,209,116	3,412,969
Other taxes		1,166,146	1,198,440	1,251,097	1,652,310	1,842,839	1,751,648	1,491,690	1,540,649
Investment earnings		121,061	489,252	1,294,339	607,371	321,987	57,599	31,959	35,637
Grants / Contributions		•	- 00007	1,510,729	1,676,211	1,507,091	1,505,426	734,538	727,139
macenaricous Transfers		1,176,000	1,176,000	1,176,000	964,890	1,013,135	1,320,000	1,500,000	1,591,127
o√otal governmental activities		21,947,887	23,498,740	26,620,119	27,953,008	28,654,084	29,142,202	28,975,610	27,640,684
Business-type activities Investment earnings		39,001	62,273	74,845	103,126	87,618	31,173	11,904	8,135
Miscellaneous Transfers		(1,176,000)	(1,176,000)	(1,176,000)	(964,890)	(1,013,135)	(1,320,000)	(1,500,000)	_ (1,591,127)
Total business-type activities		(1,136,999)	(1,113,727)	(1,101,155)	(861,764)	(925,517)	(1,288,827)	(1,488,096)	(1,582,992)
Total primary government	↔	20,810,888	\$ 22,385,013	\$ 25,518,964	\$ 27,091,244	\$ 27,728,567	\$ 27,853,375	\$ 27,487,514	\$ 26,057,692
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities Business-type activities	↔	(396,087) 2,087	\$ (1,080,876) 427,503	\$ 2,126,596 (245,193)	\$ 3,387,205 2,490,163	\$ 3,758,879 1,740,044	\$ 6,645,139 723,814	\$ 6,489,765 1,655,716	\$ 4,900,766 1,031,054
Total primary government	↔	(394,000)	\$ (653,373)	\$ 1,881,403	\$ 5,877,368	\$ 5,498,923	\$ 7,368,953	\$ 8,145,481	\$ 5,931,820

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

^{*-}Ac rectated

Increase in capital grants and contributions for fiscal year 2006 and 2007 was due to the passing of a special local option sales tax (splost) for 1% roads. Grants / Contributions for fiscal year 2006 and 2007 includes payments from The State of Georgia for the Homeowner Tax Relief Grant. This payment was shown in property taxes for prior years.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

									Fiscal Year	Year				
		2002		2003		2004	20	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund														
Reserved	↔	1,418,053	↔	481,508	s	705,923	\$	757,301	\$ 826,801	\$ 448,302	\$ 1,647,937	\$ 450,793	\$ 350,645	· •
Unreserved		8,554,598		10,000,791		7,823,831	7,5	7,926,076	9,279,471	10,463,499	9,219,222	11,733,060	13,228,023	•
Nonspendable		•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	375,205
Restricted		•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	213,361
Committed		•		•		•		ı	•	•	•	•	•	500,000
Assigned		•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	331,594
Unassigned		•		•		•		٠	•	•	•	•	•	13,119,479
Total general fund	↔	9,972,651	↔	10,482,299	છ	8,529,754	\$ 8,6	8,683,377	\$ 10,106,272	\$ 10,911,801	\$ 10,867,159	\$ 12,183,853	\$ 13,578,668	\$ 14,539,639
All Other Governmental Funds														
Reserved	↔	1	↔	•	↔	331,831	₩	•	\$ 134,942	' \$. ↔	\$ 3,625,757	· &
Special revenue funds		163,020		290,494		660,827	(1)	379,832	285,758	246,643	429,186	835,703	574,454	•
Capital projects funds		(166,686)		(1,764,744)			23,6	23,951,212	20,339,218	19,323,695	12,592,114	6,591,511	194,511	- 22 716 437
Committed		•		•		•				•	•			1,556,145
Unassigned			ļ					1						(067,810,1)
Total all other governmental funds	↔	(3,666)	↔	(3,666) \$ (1,474,250)	ક	992,658	\$ 24,3	\$ 24,331,044	\$ 20,759,918	\$ 19,570,338	\$ 13,021,300	\$ 7,427,214	\$ 4,394,722	\$ 23,253,832
Total fund balances, before restatements Restatements*	↔	9,968,985 (382,299)	↔	9,008,049	↔	9,522,412	\$ 33,0	\$ 33,014,421 665,054	\$ 30,866,190	\$ 30,482,139	\$ 23,888,459	\$ 19,611,067	\$ 17,973,390	\$ 37,793,471
Total fund balances, after restatements	↔	9,586,686	↔	9,270,514	ઝ	9,522,412	\$ 33,6	33,679,475	\$ 30,866,190	\$ 30,482,139	\$ 23,888,459	\$ 19,611,067	\$ 17,973,390	\$ 37,793,471

Note: The increase in unreserved Capital Projects in fiscal year 2005 is due to bonds being issued for improving parks and recreation facilities.

The City adopted GASB 54 Reporting for Fund Balance in fiscal year 2011.

^{*-}Restatements to ending fund balance were made to 2002, and to 2003 and 2005 for the elimination of the self insurance fund, and for overstated liabilities, respectively.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						risca	ıeai				
		2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
_	Revenues										
	Taxes	\$ 18,120,901	\$ 20,341,751	\$ 20,729,658	\$ 21,997,526	\$ 22,739,056	\$ 24,667,280	\$ 25,684,740	\$ 26,062,361	\$ 26,454,766	\$ 24,443,618
	Charges for services	5,974,999	6,364,596	7,006,064	7,100,775	7,124,795	7,213,455	7,438,557	7,781,500	7,711,343	6,940,732
	Licenses and permits	1,790,145	1,792,688	1,915,871	2,009,500	1,945,013	1,993,553	1,952,948	1,826,310	1,756,512	1,950,950
	Fines and forfeitures	1,650,803	1,744,404	2,354,812	2,215,135	2,034,379	2,508,556	2,485,581	2,213,892	2,417,397	2,160,447
	Intergovernmental	1,472,508	345,895	1,301,838	585,750	4,116,311	8,009,931	8,979,935	9,426,763	8,344,037	10,455,192
	Investment earnings	296,001	178,737	121,061	489,251	1,294,338	1,617,763	903,664	128,369	39,262	25,870
	Miscellaneous revenue	183,067	95,664	165,845	191,942	185,634	289,767	414,232	447,845	364,840	365,561
_	Total revenues	29,488,424	30,863,735	33,595,149	34,589,879	39,439,526	46,600,305	47,859,657	47,887,040	47,088,157	46,342,370
ш	Expenditures										
	General government	2,357,666	3,410,482	3,737,180	4,550,036	5,552,516	4,740,730	6,004,339	10,174,936	9,895,079	10,617,279
	Judicial	570,585	544,130	605,288	720,967	533,912	591,093	590,922	450,839	457,794	435,885
	Police	7,324,095	7,525,541	8,223,032	8,435,641	8,951,135	8,786,483	9,537,406	7,279,317	7,162,825	7,266,077
	Fire	4,350,078	4,495,809	4,910,145	4,927,545	5,000,370	5,841,593	6,029,972	4,605,698	4,962,774	4,726,467
	Other	43,174	55,034	71,670	119,212	90,844	1,338,314	1,279,557	1,504,273	1,270,222	1,362,463
	Public Works	7,448,948	6,884,118	7,321,490	7,791,605	7,569,714	8,561,402	8,659,834	7,202,162	6,489,015	6,285,578
	Culture and recreation	3,152,530	3,024,425	2,566,998	3,672,534	3,753,947	6,839,738	4,585,437	3,638,185	3,965,244	3,301,886
	Housing and development	1,617,828	796,874	1,553,118	920,178	1,085,282	1,153,735	1,157,726	826,438	676,898	1,433,664
	Capital outlay	2,093,675	3,244,539	3,239,171	3,206,129	7,273,847	7,189,488	15,095,817	16,200,199	11,247,776	4,101,959
	Debt service										
4	Interest	1,658,707	1,277,398	1,514,212	1,682,000	2,498,812	2,118,890	2,080,483	2,039,188	2,905,321	3,291,622
9	Principal	685,000	1,226,017	945,000	975,000	1,224,518	1,414,312	1,443,065	1,647,570	1,265,000	1,315,000
_	Total expenditures	31,302,286	32,484,367	34,687,304	37,000,847	43,534,897	48,575,778	56,464,558	55,568,805	50,297,948	44,137,880
ш	Excess of revenues										
	over (under) expenditures	(1,813,862)	(1,620,632)	(1,092,155)	(2,410,968)	(4,095,371)	(1,975,473)	(8,604,901)	(7,681,765)	(3,209,791)	2,204,490
J	Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
	Transfers in	1,176,000	3,834,989	6,919,766	3,279,753	4,197,890	5,070,759	4,733,307	5,426,026	6,283,352	2,920,043
	Transfers out	•	(2,658,988)	(5,743,766)	(2,103,753)	(3,021,890)	(4,105,869)	(3,720,172)	(4,106,026)	(4,783,352)	(1,328,916)
	Bonds issued	•	•	•	22,000,000	•	•	•	•	•	15,950,000
	Premium on bonds issued	•	ı	•	2,431,355	i	•	•	i	•	•
	Capital leases	302,191	45,985	134,927	255,000	•	590,740	962,876	2,015,287	İ	•
	Sale of capital assets	490,563	82,474	33,126	40,622	106,086	35,792	35,210	980'69	72,114	74,464
_	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,968,754	1,304,460	1,344,053	25,902,977	1,282,086	1,591,422	2,011,221	3,404,373	1,572,114	17,615,591
_	Net change in fund balances	\$ 154,892	\$ (316,172)	\$ 251,898	\$ 23,492,009	\$ (2,813,285)	\$ (384,051)	\$ (6,593,680)	\$ (4,277,392)	\$ (1,637,677)	\$ 19,820,081
_	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.02%	8.56%	7.82%	7.86%	10.27%	8.54%	8.52%	%98'6	10.68%	11.51%

City of Smyrna, Georgia Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Total	18,120,901	20,341,751	20,729,658	21,876,985	22,739,056	24,667,280	25,684,740	26,062,361	26,454,766	25,311,443
	↔									
Other	839,324	995,617	971,647	1,020,266	1,318,384	1,273,593	1,422,047	1,591,122	1,393,292	1,414,455
l I	8	7	-	9	7	0	ν.	0	7	4
Vehicle Ad Valorem Tax	1,231,043	1,189,002	1,145,211	1,038,446	1,256,757	1,319,770	1,300,965	1,239,910	1,132,797	1,149,634
	↔									
Premium Tax	1,489,250	1,634,048	1,761,117	1,908,572	2,053,373	2,148,342	2,240,959	2,294,641	2,273,112	2,207,050
_	↔									
Franchise Tax	2,464,517	2,462,074	2,375,225	2,798,594	2,604,368	3,424,371	3,311,506	3,259,685	3,176,922	3,380,408
ĬŤ.	↔									
Alcoholic Beverage Excise Tax	681,557	721,802	713,594	713,985	714,544	764,206	787,896	755,453	708,060	637,194
A B	↔									
Intangible Tax	\$ 347,063	412,247	450,744	326,050	358,370	338,379	268,561	176,203	154,053	149,070
' 		11	00	2	09	6	90	7:	0	7
Property Tax	\$ 11,068,147	12,926,961	13,312,120	14,071,072	14,433,260	15,398,619	16,352,806	16,745,347	17,616,530	16,373,632
Fiscal	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

City of Smyrna, Georgia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	3,173,707,683	3,364,068,680	3,471,620,735	3,610,400,380	3,942,047,735	4,347,888,335	4,722,653,208	4,951,838,915	4,948,270,525	4,649,607,885
 	\$ 01	35	0/	55	57	17	8.99	8.99	66	8.99
Total Direct Tax Rate	10.10	9.85	9.70	9.65	9.57	9.17	8	8	8.99	8.
Fotal Taxable Assessed Value	1,269,483,073	1,345,627,472	1,388,648,294	1,444,160,152	1,576,819,094	1,739,155,334	1,889,061,283	1,980,735,566	1,979,308,210	1,859,843,154
	∻									
Less: Tax-Exempt Property	14,413,626	20,330,840	88,535,525	122,660,982	145,688,754	173,873,140	185,935,996	180,887,128	175,682,832	119,484,864
	€									
Industrial Property	5,560,893	14,259,003	15,770,940	15,690,335	18,532,913	18,382,035	20,094,313	21,984,449	21,738,837	21,228,785
	↔									
Commercial Property	494,003,941	532,456,681	532,213,052	513,992,311	570,119,183	611,053,176	632,738,678	675,484,781	673,337,768	661,030,383
	↔									
Residential Property	784,331,865	819,242,628	929,199,827	1,037,138,488	1,133,855,752	1,283,593,263	1,422,164,288	1,464,153,464	1,459,914,437	1,297,068,850
	↔									
Fiscal Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Source: Cobb County Board of Equalization and Assessment.

Notes: Property in the county is reassessed once every three years. The county assesses property at approximately 40 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Homestead exemptions were increased in the year of 2003.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

			Overlapping Rate	es	Total
Fiscal Year	City of Smyrna	Cobb County	Cobb County Board of Education	State of Georgia	Direct & Overlapping Rates
2002	10.10	7.07	19.90	0.25	37.32
2003	9.85	7.07	19.90	0.25	37.07
2004	9.70	7.07	19.90	0.25	36.92
2005	9.65	7.07	19.90	0.25	36.87
2006	9.57	7.32	19.90	0.25	37.04
2007	9.17	7.04	19.90	0.25	36.36
2008	8.99	7.04	18.90	0.25	35.18
2009	8.99	7.04	18.90	0.25	35.18
2010	8.99	7.04	18.90	0.25	35.18
2011	8.99	7.04	18.90	0.25	35.18

Source: Cobb County Board of Equalization and Assessment.

Note: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within The City of Smyrna.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2011			2002	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Lake Park Properties LLC.	\$44,516,260	1	2.39	_		_
N/A Glen Park 77 LP.	15,819,800	2	0.85	_		_
GS Vinings LP.	15,522,032	3	0.83	_		_
UCB Inc.	14,471,606	4	0.78	_		_
DDRTC Heritage Pavilion LLC.	12,416,596	5	0.67	-		-
Valley Summit LLC	10,600,000	6	0.57	-		-
Hickory Lake LP	9,292,800	7	0.50	-		-
United Distributors, Inc.	9,043,722	8	0.49	-		-
Wyndcliff Equity I LLC.	8,291,560	9	0.45	-		-
Mission Galleria 34 LLC.	8,032,764	10	0.43	-		-
Post Properties	-		-	56,655,422	1	4.46
Walton Park LP.	-		-	11,440,574	2	0.90
Fourth Quarter Properties Inc.	-		-	10,553,457	3	0.83
Windsor Lake Apartments LP.	-		-	9,251,056	4	0.73
MAQ Kingstowne Assoc. LTD.	-		-	8,173,499	5	0.64
Security Capital Atlantic	-		-	6,315,705	6	0.50
Monadnock Property Trust LLC.	-		-	6,222,239	7	0.49
Sungard Recovery Services LP.	-		-	5,722,323	8	0.45
Parkway Properties LP.	-		-	5,525,066	9	0.44
CarrAmerica Realty Corp.				5,346,298	10	0.42
Total	\$148,007,140		7.96%	\$ 125,205,639		9.86%

Source: City of Smyrna Tax Department

City of Smyrna, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

to Date	Percentage	of Levy	100.00%	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.85	98.38	71.66	98.53	98.03	
Total Collections to Date		Amount	\$11,082,481	12,979,728	13,424,634	14,209,967	14,279,799	14,930,677	16,944,098	17,545,232	17,444,144	
Collections	in Subsequent	Years	\$383,894	221,963	450,107	326,923	48,171	57,405	128,361	133,375	54,159	
thin the the the the Levy	Percentage	of Levy	96.55%	98.29	99.96	97.79	99.51	98.00	99.02	97.78	97.73	(()
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount	\$10,698,587	12,757,765	12,974,527	13,883,044	14,231,628	14,873,272	16,815,737	17,411,857	17,389,985	0
Taxes Levied	for the	Fiscal Year	\$11,080,786	12,979,905	13,422,554	14,196,979	14,301,613	15,176,709	16,982,661	17,806,813	17,793,981	1
Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30,	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	,

Sources: Cobb County Board of Equalization and Assessment and The City of Smyrna Finance Department.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities	l Activities	Business-Type Activities	e Activities			
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Water/Sewer Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ²	Per Capita²
2002	\$23,570,000	\$1,464,804	\$5,564,717	ı	\$30,599,521	2.59	\$745
2003	22,825,000	1,059,772	5,110,000	ı	28,994,772	2.25	929
2004	21,880,000	753,725	4,505,000	ı	27,138,725	2.11	610
20051	42,905,000	716,774	4,505,000	4,300,000	52,426,774	4.07	1,177
2006	41,905,000	492,256	3,875,000	4,245,264	50,517,520	3.92	1,104
2007	40,765,000	808,684	3,215,000	4,033,370	48,822,054	3.71	1,025
2008	39,590,000	1,503,495	2,530,000	3,771,116	47,394,611	3.22	975
2009	38,370,000	3,091,212	1,815,000	3,453,341	46,729,553	2.64	936
2010	37,105,000	2,230,535	1,070,000	3,074,562	43,480,097	2.42	828
2011	51,740,000	1,368,736	290,000	2,833,156	56,231,892	3.08	1,097

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ \$22 million revenue bonds were issued in 2005.

² See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities	al Activities		Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total	Actual Taxable Value of Property ¹	Per Capita²
2002	\$23,570,000	\$1,454,804	\$25,024,804	0.79	\$610
2003	22,825,000	1,059,772	23,884,772	0.71	541
2004	21,880,000	753,725	22,633,725	0.65	508
2005	42,905,000	716,774	43,621,774	1.21	826
2006	41,905,000	492,256	42,397,256	1.08	927
2007	40,765,000	808,684	41,573,684	96.0	873
2008	39,590,000	1,503,495	41,093,495	0.87	845
2009	38,370,000	3,091,212	41,461,212	0.84	833
2010	37,105,000	2,230,535	39,335,535	0.79	TTT .
2011	51,740,000	1,368,736	53,108,736	1.14	1,036

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

² See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ¹	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Cobb County General Obligation Debt Cobb County TAN's	\$47,070,000 110,250,000	6.89% 6.89%	\$3,243,123 7,596,225
Other debt			
Cobb County Recreation Authority Cobb County Solid Waste Disposal Cobb County Parking Deck Certificates Cobb-Marietta Coliseum and Exhibit Hall	1,635,000 8,000,000 10,490,000 49,635,000	6.89% 6.89% 6.89%	112,652 551,200 722,761 3,419,852
Subtotal, overlapping debt			15,645,812
City of Smyrna direct debt			51,740,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$67,385,812

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Cobb County Board of Equalization and Assessment. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of The City of Smyrna. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.

¹The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt limit	\$ 115,685,954	\$ 151,920,832	\$ 163,742,307	\$ 163,742,307 \$ 160,832,284 \$ 172,250,785 \$ 191,302,847 \$ 207,499,728	\$ 172,250,785	\$ 191,302,847	\$ 207,499,728	\$ 216,162,269	\$ 215,499,104	\$ 197,932,801
Total net debt applicable to limit			•			•	•	,		
Legal debt margin	\$115,685,954	\$151,920,832	\$163,742,307	\$160,832,284	\$172,250,785	\$191,302,847	\$207,499,728	\$216,162,269	\$215,499,104	\$197,932,801
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	%00:0	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0
							Legal Debt Margin Calculation Assessed value	in Calculation fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2011 Assessed value	\$1,859,843,154
							Total assessed value	alue		\$1,979,328,018
							Debt limit (10% of total asses Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside fo	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of	alue) yment of	197,932,801
							general obligation debt Total net debt applicable t Legal debt margin	general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit gal debt margin		\$197,932,801

Notes: Under state finance law, The City of Smyrna's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Water Revenue Bonds

Fiscal		Utility Service		Less: Operating	A	Net Available		Debt Service Payments	e Payn	nents	
Year		Charges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2002	↔	9,445,486	↔	6,748,668	\$	2,696,818	↔	560,000	∽	253,799	3.31%
2003		9,372,580		6,642,913		2,729,667		560,000		273,126	3.28
2004		10,020,069		7,852,259		2,167,810		605,000		220,590	2.63
2005		10,620,328		9,117,496		1,502,832		ı		192,855	7.79
2006		11,288,511		9,679,514		1,608,997		630,000		179,940	1.99
2007		13,148,517		9,923,011		3,225,506		000,099		153,530	3.96
2008		13,399,311		9,588,565		3,810,746		685,000		125,079	4.70
2009		14,196,848		10,298,318		3,898,530		715,000		95,150	4.81
2010		15,210,052		10,243,399		4,966,653		745,000		63,574	6.14
2011		16,751,785		12,277,108		4,474,677		290,000		6,525	15.09

service charges excludes interest earned and tap fees. Operating expenses do not include depreciation and amortization expenses. Notes: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Utility

City of Smyrna, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Personal	Per Capita Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
rear	ropulation	псоше	псоше	Age	Enrollment	Kate
2002	40,999	\$ 1,178,803,248	\$ 28,752	32	97,645	4.60%
2003	44,184	1,287,780,314	28,909	32	100,119	3.40%
2004	44,564	1,287,780,314	28,909	33	101,269	3.90%
2005	44,602	1,287,780,314	28,909	33	103,447	4.90%
2006	45,755	1,289,399,218	27,637	32	105,885	4.20%
2007	47,643	1,316,709,591	27,637	33	107,274	4.10%
2008	48,632	1,473,646,864	30,302	34	106,425	5.10%
2009	49,854	1,767,673,278	35,457	34	106,675	11.30%
2010	50,712	1,798,095,384	35,457	34	107,245	%06'6
2011	51,271	1,823,914,554	35,574	33	106,719	%02'6

Data sources ¹ Atlanta Regional Commission (U.S. Census Bureau for 2010)

Note: School enrollment provided by The Cobb County Board of Education.

²Georgia State Department of Industry and Trade (U.S. Census Bureau for 2010)

³Georgia Department of Labor

City of Smyrna, Georgia Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

2011 2002 Percentage **Percentage** of Total City of Total City **Employer Employees** Rank **Employment Employees** Rank **Employment IBM** 1.71% 500 1 566 1 1.74% 550 2 375 3 **United Distributors** 1.66% 1.30% Emory-Adventist Hospital at Smyrna 499 3 1.51% City of Smyrna 350 4 425 4 1.28% 1.22% 5 5 S. P. Richards 423 325 1.28% 1.13% Ridgeview Institute 420 6 1.27% 270 6 0.94% UCB 7 400 1.21% 390 2 1.36% 8 Bake One 335 1.01% 272 9 National Envelope 0.82% Achdiocese of Atlanta 225 10 0.68% **Cobb County Schools** 165 7 0.57% The Facility Group 140 8 0.49% Quintild Labs 125 9 0.43% **Publix** 120 10 0.42% Total 4115 12.42% 2760 9.60%

Source: Community Development and from the businesses listed above.

For 2011, total city employment total of 33,132 (from latest Bur of Labor Statistics 2007 figures) used to calc percentages.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

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Function/Program			T	m bar-amm	duca angle	loyees as o	Jame 30,			
	COOC	.000	7000	1000	7000	1000	9000	9000	9500	7
General government	2002	2003	2004	<u> 2005</u>	<u> </u>	2007	2008	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> 2011</u>
Governing Body	6	10	10	10	6	6	6	6	6	6
Chief Executive (Mgr. Or Admin.)	4	4	S	5	7	7	7	7	5	S
Data Processing / MIS	1	2	7	2	2	3	3	æ	∞	3
Recorder's Court	10	10	8	6	6	8	8	∞	7	7
Financial Administration	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	∞	7	9
General Govt. Bldgs. & Plant	1	12	12	12	12	13	13	10	9	9
Water Administration	111	11	11	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	7	7
Human Resources	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Safety										
Police Administration	119	122	121	121	127	126	126	126	119	101
Jail Operations	1	1	•	,	,	ı			•	19
Fire Administration	63	63	63	63	63	63	99	99	99	72
Fire Prevention	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4
Fire Training	8	3	ε	3	3	3	3	8	3	3
E-911 Communications	16	17	18	17	17	17	18	18	18	18
Emergency Management	1	1	1	1	П	1	П	1	1	1
Community Services										
Public Information	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	2	2
Public Education	2	2	κ	\mathcal{E}	\mathcal{C}	\mathcal{C}	\mathcal{C}	æ	33	n
Culture/Recreation Administration	6	6	6	6	∞	10	∞	11	10	11
Participant Recreation	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	ϵ	1	П
Recreation Center	2	3	∞	8	3	3	3	æ	4	4
Parks Areas	14	15	15	18	18	21	21	18		•
Library Administration	8	8	∞	%	6	6	6	∞	∞	8
Protective Insp. Administration	11	11	12	12	12	13	14	14	11	13
Public Works										
Highways & Streets Admin.	42	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	29	29
Traffic Engineering	1	co	3	e	co	co	co	æ	κ	2
Sanitary Administration	28	28	28	28	31	31	31	31	21	21
Distribution (Water)	15	16	16	16	19	19	19	21	21	20
Recyclables Collection	1		ı			7	7	7	S	S
Maintenance & Shop	δ.	7	7	7	× 	∞	× 	∞	7	7
Total	392	406	407	407	421	435	438	436	384	391
Source: City of Smyrna Budget Office.										

Jource: City of Sinytha Budget Office.
January 2007 The City of Smyrna added an in house recycling program.
July 2010 The City of Smyrna divided Jail from Police Administration.

City of Smyrna, Georgia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	ear				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	$\underline{2010}$	2011
Function Public Works:										
Street resurfacing (feet)	11,386	33,426	68,595	15,810	59,638	100,525	123,382	0	0	0
Potholes misc. repairs	136	140	140	130	52	51	26	77	32	101
Drainage Creek	27	26	22	23	11	15	æ	15	19	30
Fire protection: Number of calls answered	4,043	4,464	4,772	4,802	4,800	4,800	4,722	4,862	4,784	5,032
Police protection: Number of citations written	18,058	22,450	25,951	25,310	20,199	21,532	21,732	22,000	19,646	18,668
Number of automobile accidents	2,970	2,994	3,043	3,033	3,098	2,865	2,314	1,817	1,865	1,858
Number of reported crimes	2,923	3,003	3,003	3,010	2,862	2,793	2,518	2,544	1,793	1,778
Water system: Water mains breaks	46	24	19	27	6	22	23	21	6	28
Install water meter	256	398	332	223	130	39	87	27	15	45
Sewerage system: Sewer backup	401	209	374	247	132	285	166	269	45	40
Sanitation Large items pick up	1,869	1,604	1,513	1,302	510	981	845	973	369	1,101
Recreation and culture: Community Center bookings Visitors to the Center Senior Aquatic Center classes	2,300 240,000 1,100	2,103 220,000 1,300	1,880 203,000 1,371	2,500 300,000 800	2,257 238,667 995	2,299 250,224 1,367	2,321 254,750 1,310	1,850 250,000 1,367	2,248 272,000 1,339	1,838 277,400 1,230
Library Attendance Circulation	216,308 177,156	248,982 197,502	249,834 201,799	256,244 204,554	130,293 102,170	253,330 203,880	267,558 210,323	268,746 217,523	271,050 232,116	248,383 220,652

Sources: Various city departments, data not available for all years. *- Information not readily available.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Dungelon	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	$\underline{2010}$	2011
Fullction Public Works:	- Cu	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	7
Miles of streets	951	091	571	571	1/0	0/1	1/6	0/1	1/0	0/1
Number of traine lights	76	76	76	76	cc	8	00	660	660	660
Number of street lights:	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	3,972	3,972	3,972	3,972	3,972
Fire protection: Number of stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of fire fighters and officers	70	70	70	70	89	73	92	92	72	72
Police protection: Number of stations	-	-	П	П		-	П	-	1	1
Number of police officers	95	93	93	95	95	76	94	94	94	92
Water system: Number of consumers	14,000	14,000	14,100	14,100	13,391	14,067	14,344	14,110	13,500	13,486
Average daily consumption in gallons	4,712,000	4,712,000	4,926,000	4,926,000	4,890,000	5,200,000	3,356,000	4,168,000	3,700,000	3,791,000
Miles of water mains	240	240	240	242	241	241	241	241	241	241
Sewerage system: Miles of sanitary sewers	240	240	130	131	138	138	138	138	138	138
Miles of storm sewers	*	*	*	*	80	80	80	80	80	80
Building permits issued	964	066	1,117	1,032	1,051	290	118	159	483	989
Recreation and culture: Number of parks	18	20	20	20	27	29	29	29	27	27
Park acreage	210	156	156	156	262	263	265	425	325	327
Number of libraries	1 97 000	1 97 000	1 97 000	104 103	108 894	1	1	111816	109 183	1 112 647
ramoet of reems	000,1	000,17	000,	201,101	100,001	107,701	66,011	010,111	707,103	112,047

Sources: Various city departments. *- Information not readily available.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable A. Max Bacon, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Smyrna Smyrna, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Smyrna, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Smyrna, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Michael R. Crace Jean K. Hawkins Richard H. Lewis Tammy A. Galvis Donald L. McGrath Jr. Retired: C. Frank Moore Edwin W. Cubbedge III

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of City's management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore & Cubbedge, LLP Marietta, Georgia

Moore & Cubbudge, LLP

November 29, 2011



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CAR RENTAL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUE RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES INCURRED

City of Smyrna Smyrna, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred for the City of Smyrna, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2011. This schedule is the responsibility of the City of Smyrna's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred was prepared for the purpose of complying with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 48-13-93 using the modified accrual basis of accounting and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the City of Smyrna's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Car Rental Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and expenditures for each project in the City of Smyrna's resolution or ordinance calling for the tax for the year ended June 30, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

> Moore & Cubbedge, LLP Marietta, Georgia

Moore : Cubbidge, LLP

November 29, 2011

Michael R. Crace Jean K. Hawkins Richard H. Lewis Tammy A. Galvis Donald L. McGrath Jr. Retired: C. Frank Moore Edwin W. Cubbedge III

FOCUSING ON YOU SINCE 1971

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA CAR RENTAL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUE RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES INCURRED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Revenues	Expenditures *	Percentage Expended
\$ 86,212	\$ 86,212	100%

 $^{^{\}star}$ Funds were transferred to the Hotel/Motel Special Revenue fund and were expended in Hotel/Motel Fund



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUE RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES INCURRED

City of Smyrna Smyrna, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred for the City of Smyrna, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2011. This schedule is the responsibility of the City of Smyrna's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred was prepared for the purpose of complying with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 48-13-51 using the modified accrual basis of accounting and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the City of Smyrna's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Hotel/Motel Tax Schedule of Revenue Received and Expenditures Incurred referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and expenditures for each project in the City of Smyrna's resolution or ordinance calling for the tax for the year ended June 30, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Moore & Cubbedge, LLP Marietta, Georgia

Moore & Cubbidge, LLP

November 29, 2011

Michael R. Crace Jean K. Hawkins Richard H. Lewis Tammy A. Galvis Donald L. McGrath Jr. Retired: C. Frank Moore Edwin W. Cubbedge III

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUE RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES INCURRED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Percentage	
Revenues	Expenditures *	Expended	
_			
\$781,613	\$524,244	67%	

^{*} Expended in Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON 1 PERCENT SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS

City of Smyrna Smyrna, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds for the City of Smyrna, Georgia for the year ended June 30, 2011. This schedule is the responsibility of the City of Smyrna's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds was prepared for the purpose of complying with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 48-8-121 using the modified accrual basis of accounting and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the City of Smyrna's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the 1 Percent Sales Tax Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the original estimated cost, the revised estimated cost, and the current and prior year expenditures for each project in the City of Smyrna's resolution or ordinance calling for the tax for the year ended June 30, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Moore & Cubbedge, LLP Marietta, Georgia

Moore & Cubbidge, LLP

November 29, 2011

Michael R. Crace Jean K. Hawkins Richard H. Lewis Tammy A. Galvis Donald L. McGrath Jr. Retired: C. Frank Moore Edwin W. Cubbedge III

CITY OF SMYRNA, GEORGIA 1 PERCENT SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Original		Expenditures		Estimated Percentage
	Estimated	Prior	Current		of
Project	Cost	Years	Year	Total	Completion
2006:					
Transportation Projects	\$ 43,400,391	\$ 25,295,093	\$ 3,815,137	\$ 29,110,230	67%
800 MHz Radios	850,067	796,794	-	796,794	94%
Total	\$ 44,250,458	\$ 26,091,887	\$ 3,815,137	\$ 29,907,024	