CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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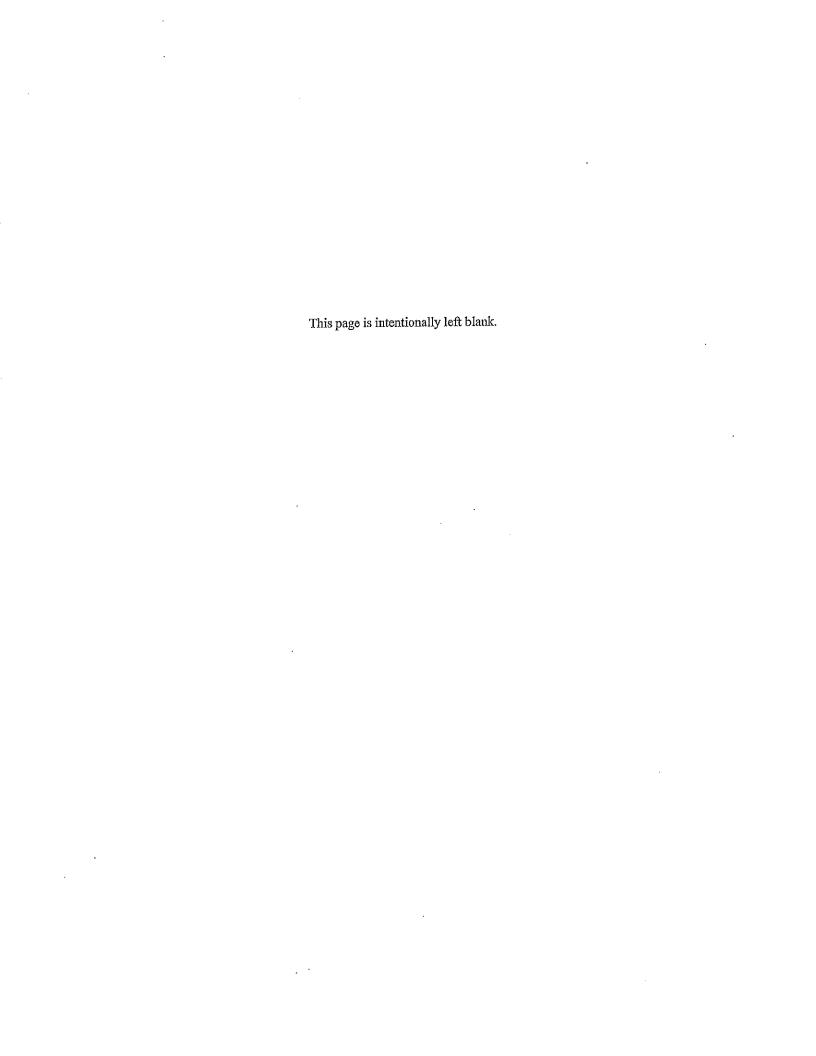
CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Snellville, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Snellville, Georgia (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Snellville, Georgia, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 and the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 49 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Snellville, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor and individual fund financial statements and budget schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the individual fund financial statements and budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the individual fund financial statements and budgetary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the City of Snellville, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Snellville, Georgia's basic financial statements as a whole. The individual fund financial statements, related to the 2014 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2014 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2014 individual fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 29, 2016 on our consideration of City of Snellville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Snellville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Janes & Whitaker, P. C.

Snellville, Georgia March 29, 2016

CITY OF SNELLVILLE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

As management of the City of Snellville, we offer readers of the City of Snellville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Snellville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this analysis with their review of the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Snellville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$49,485,121 (Net position). Of this amount unrestricted net position of \$7,463,500 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,152,591. This increase is due to an increase in net position of \$4,757,845 in governmental activities and an increase in business-type activities net position of \$394,746. The beginning fund balance was adjusted by a positive \$813,597 to implement GASB Statement No. 68: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Snellville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,109,468. Of this amount \$5,076,171 is unassigned and available for spending, \$3,217,806 is restricted for SPLOST Capital Projects, \$443,925 is restricted for other Capital Projects, \$98,092 is restricted for Police Activities, \$110,935 is restricted for Tree Bank Projects, \$45,851 is restricted for Economic Development and \$99,285 is a non-spendable for Prepaid Items and \$17,403 has been assigned for redevelopment purposes.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,577,242 or 51.6% of total General Fund revenues.
- The City of Snellville's total debt obligations (including accrued compensated absences) decreased by the net of \$897,231. This decrease is due to repayment of \$332,000 in Revenue Bonds, \$54,271 in capital lease obligations, \$793,448 in Police Facilities Capital Lease, \$40,053 on the DDA Capital Lease, an increase of \$9292 in termination benefits due and a net increase of \$15,851 in accrued compensated absences. There was also a net increase of \$297,398 in Police Equipment Capital Leases for new mobile and car radios.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Snellville's basic financial statements. The City of Snellville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Snellville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Snellville include general government, public safety and courts, highways and streets, parks and recreation, economic development, community development, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City are solid waste management and recycling and Stormwater Management.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Snellville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains six major governmental funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Urban Redevelopment Fund, the LCI Capital Project Fund, and the SPLOST I, II and III Capital Projects Funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all five major funds.

The City of Snellville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. On page 18 of this report a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the FY 15 budget. A project length budget is presented for the City Center Capital Project Fund, the Police Facilities Fund, SPLOST I, II and III Capital Projects Funds and the LCI Fund in the supplementary information following the Basic Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds. The City of Snellville maintains two proprietary funds. Enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented separately in Statement of Net Position of the Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund and the Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund as well as the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for each fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information, which consists of budget comparisons for all Governmental Funds' revenues and expenditures.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2015, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$49,485,121.

The largest portion of the City's net position (77.0%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Of the total net position, \$3,916,609 (7.9%) is restricted for Capital Projects,

Police Activities, Economic Development and Tree Bank Projects and \$7,463,500 or (15.1%) is unassigned and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Snellville's Net Position

		City of Si	nellville's Net Positi	on			
	Governme	ental Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	tivities Total		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Current and other assets	\$13,429,880	\$12,692,293	\$951,385	\$916,753	\$14,381,265	\$13,609,046	
Capital assets	\$38,837,898	\$33,613,355	\$2,961,317	\$2,632,710	\$41,799,215	\$36,246,065	
Total assets	\$52,267,778	\$46,305,648	\$3,912,702	\$3,549,463	\$56,180,480	\$49,855,111	
Defered Outflows	\$56,645	\$54,360	-	-	\$56,645	\$54,360	
Current liabilities	\$2,255,798	\$1,070,337	\$207,033	\$184,269	\$2,462,831	\$1,254,606	
Long-term liabilities	\$4,183,246	\$5,026,206	\$55,455	\$109,726	\$4,238,701	\$5,135,932	
Total liabilities	\$6,439,044	\$6,096,543	\$262,488	\$293,995	\$6,701,532	\$6,390,538	
Deferred Inflows	50,472				50,472		
Net Position:	\$45,834,907	\$40,263,465	\$3,650,214	\$3,255,468	\$49,485,121	\$43,518,933	
Net investment in capital assets	\$35,199,150	\$29,112,491	\$2,905,862	\$2,522,984	\$38,105,012	\$31,635,475	
Restricted	\$3,916,609	\$5,538,805		-	\$3,916,609	\$5,538,805	
Unrestricted	\$6,719,148	\$5,612,169	\$744,352	\$732,484	\$7,463,500	\$6,344,653	
Total net position	\$45,834,907	\$40,263,465	\$3,650,214	\$3,255,468	\$49,485,121	\$43,518,933	

As of June 30, 2015, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole and for each individual fund except the LCI Fund which negative fund balances of \$501,071 is expected to be zeroed out at the end of project business.

City of Snellville's Change in Net Position

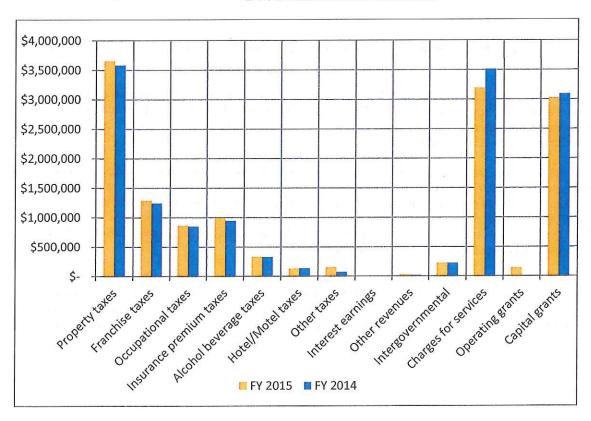
	. City o	Otherranie 2 Cu	any	ge iii ivet i c	/310	OH				
	Governmenta		Business-type Activities				Total			
	2015	2014		2015 2014				<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
										
Revenues:										
Program Revenues -										
Charges for Services	\$3,190,068	\$3,508,326		\$2,106,187		\$2,003,812		\$5,296,255		\$5,512,138
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	\$ -	\$1,000	\$	-		\$1,000	\$	-		\$1,000
Capital Grants and										
Contributions	\$5,079,468	\$3,089,782	\$	-	\$	-		\$5,079,468		\$3,089,782
General Revenues -								#0. CO# 015		62 EG0 G04
Property Taxes	\$3,637,315	\$3,578,704			\$	-		\$3,637,315 \$3,749,665		\$3,578,704 \$3,554,814
Other Taxes	\$3,749,665	\$3,554,814			\$	-		\$220,229		\$220,229
Intergovernmental	\$220,229	\$220,229	\$	-	\$	-		\$220,229		<i>Ф</i> 220,229
Interest	\$3,920	\$5,208		\$475		\$439		\$4,395		\$5,647
Other	\$152,725	\$15,554	\$	-	\$			\$152,725		\$15,554
Total Revenues	\$16,033,390	\$13,973,617		\$2,106,662		\$2,004,251		\$18,140,052		\$15,977,868
Expenses:										
G1 C	\$1,725,247	\$1,880,326						\$1,725,247		\$1,880,326
General Government	\$1,723,247 \$5,382,514	\$5,145,254						\$5,382,514		\$5,145,254
Public Safety and Courts Parks and Recreation	\$1,030,465	\$910,532						\$1,030,465		\$910,532
Highhways and Streets	\$1,742,659	\$1,841,592						\$1,742,659		\$1,841,592
Economic Development	\$189,169	\$133,949						\$189,169		\$133,949
Community Development	\$496,765	\$479,923						\$496,765		\$479,923
Interest on Long-term Debt	\$83,282	\$128,363						\$83,282		\$128,363
Solid Waste	ψ0.5,202	Ψ120,303		\$2,086,308		\$2,033,611		\$2,086,308		\$2,033,611
Stormwater				\$251,052		\$265,285		\$251,052		\$265,285
Total Expenses	\$10,650,101	\$10,519,939		\$2,337,360		\$2,298,896		\$12,987,461		\$12,818,835
Increase (Decrease) in net position										
before transfers	\$5,383,289	\$3,453,678		(\$230,698)		(\$294,645)		\$5,152,591		\$3,159,033
Transfers	(\$625,444)	(\$527,107)		\$625,444		\$527,107	\$	- <u>1</u>	\$	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$4,757,845	\$2,926,571		\$394,746		\$232,462		\$5,152,591		\$3,159,033
Net Position-Beginning of Year, Adjusted (1)	\$41,077,062	\$37,336,894		\$3,255,468		\$3,023,006		\$44,332,530		\$40,359,900
ragusion (1)		•								
Net Position-End of Year	\$45,834,907	\$40,263,465		\$3,650,214		\$3,255,468		\$49,485,121		\$43,518,933
-										

⁽¹⁾ Governmental activities net position as of 7-1-14 was adjusted by a positive \$813,597 to implement GASB 68: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

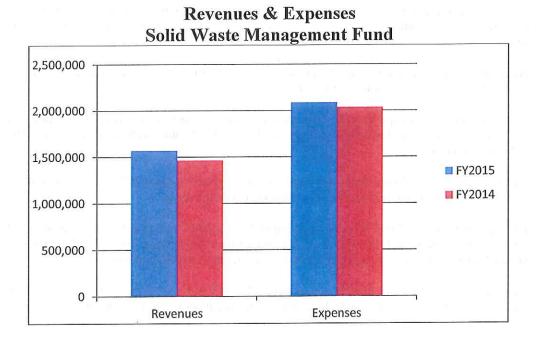
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$4,757,845 accounting for over 90% of the total growth in the NET POSITION. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Occupational taxes continue to increase which we believe is a positive sign of entrepreneurial growth in our community.
- Property tax revenue grew by 2% even though the Mayor and Council reduced our millage rate once again
 to 4.588 mils. Tax millage has now been reduced by 25% over the last 5 years without cuts in service
 delivery.
- Proceeds from a county Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax totaled \$3,022,591 in FY15. These funds are restricted to Capital Projects.
- The City's LCI streetscape improvement project in the Towne Center began construction in FY 15. Construction of the project was substantially completed in FY 15 and will be funded 80% by GDOT with 20% budgeted by the City.
- Entrepreneurial efforts in our Parks and Recreation Department led to a 25% increase in facility rentals. New facilities coming online in FY16 should help continue this trend.
- The net transfer to our Solid Waste (Sanitation and Recycling) rose from \$527,107 to \$625,444. This transfer allows us to provide household garbage service at no charge to our citizens. A fall off on the resale market for recyclables also contributed to the increase in the General Fund subsidy.
- The cash in our Storm Water Fund was reduced by \$247,243 as our capital project needs continue to grow. A rate study will be conducted FY16/17 to evaluate the adequacy of our fee schedule.

Program Revenues by Source Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities: The Solid Waste Management Fund sustained an operating loss for the year of \$517,678 and our Storm Water Fund unrestricted balances continue to move lower.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Snellville used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Snellville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Snellville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,109,468. Of this amount, \$5,076,171 (56%) is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to pay for police activities (\$98,092), 2) Tree Bank (\$110,935), 3)Economic Development (\$45,851), 4) Prepaid Items (\$99,285) and 5) Other capital projects (3,661,731) through SPLOST funds. The city also has assigned fund balance for redevelopment purposes of \$17,403.

The general fund is the City's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance of the general fund was \$5,577,242 while the total fund balance totaled \$5,704,956. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund revenues. Unassigned fund balance represents 51.6 % of the total general fund revenues, while total fund balance represents 52.8% of that same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$159,294. Revenues increased by 3%, but there was an offsetting increase of 3% in expenditures resulting in an overall excess of revenue of \$1,466,357. The General Fund transferred \$381,126 to the Urban Redevelopment Authority for debt service requirements. The General Fund also transferred \$625,444 to the Solid Waste Management Fund to finance the City's recycling facilities and residential garbage service.

The LCI Grant Capital Project Fund received a transfer of \$1,029,687 from the General Fund, but future grant and contract revenue from GDOT will offset this current negative fund balance of \$501,071.

Since being passed by referendum in November 2004, the proceeds from the 2005 SPLOST have generated \$11,688,581 for the City of Snellville's share. The proceeds are to be used exclusively for the following purposes: 1) roads, including stormwater, 2) cultural/historic/recreation purposes and 3) public safety needs. The 2009 SPLOST has recognized \$13,708,477 in revenues since collection began in April 2009. These proceeds have been used for public safety improvements and improvement to roads, streets, bridges and our public works facility. The 2014 SPLOST has generated \$3,698,391 in revenue and will be used mainly for transportation purposes.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Solid Waste fund at the end of the year was \$1,412,745. The net position increased \$107,883 during FY2015 which was due to an increased General Fund transfer.

Net position of the Stormwater Management Fund at the end of the year was \$2,237,469 of which \$1,696,178 was invested in capital assets. The fund has unrestricted assets of \$541,291, which is expected to be used for stormwater management capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The only significant variance between the final budget and the actual was a \$398,255 expenditure in Public Safety for a capital radio purchase which should have been budgeted for in a different manner.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Snellville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$41,799,215 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, automobiles/equipment, sidewalks, bridges and roads.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- * \$2,956,272 on streetscape improvements in the Towne Center
- * \$425,000 in Stormwater Infrastructure
- * \$548,727 on police communications and vehicles
- \$2,716,000 in park improvements
- * \$592,000 on street resurfacing and maintenance needs

Additional information on the city's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$4,238,701 in outstanding debt consisting of Revenue Bonds, capital lease obligations, accrued compensated absences and termination benefits. Land and buildings secured the Revenue Bonds.

The City's total debt has decreased by \$897,231. This is attributed to payment of \$793,448 on the Police Facilities Capital Lease (which is now paid off and closed), a payment of \$40,053 on the DDA capital lease and the impact of a \$9292 increase in termination benefits and a \$15,851 increase in Accrued Compensated Absences. The city made principal payments on a Jet Vac truck lease of \$54,271 for Stormwater use. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9.

Status of the City of Snellville Economy

Economic activity in Snellville during the year continued to reflect most national and regional trends. The City has a thriving retail sector consisting of approximately 3.0 million square feet of business retail with commercial growth which is finally showing signs of positive activity. New construction permitting in FY-15 allows us to forecast almost 300,000 square feet of new commercial space reasonably expected to be completed in FY-16/17.

The City's medical sector, with HCA Eastside Medical Center still being its largest employer by far, also continues to progress. HCA Eastside employs over 1,300 total employees with a medical staff of over 500 physicians. They serve 14,000 annual inpatients, tally 65,000 annual E.D. visits, have over 85,000 annual outpatient visits and perform more than 6,500 surgeries annually. They opened a new 80,000 square foot medical office building in 2011 and new patient care facilities fully opened this year. The new tower added 48 surgical beds and two new cutting edge surgical operating rooms.

A total of approximately 1,700 businesses contribute to the economic stability of the City. This core tax base helped sustain the city finances through the recession which began in earnest in 2008. The value of our total taxable property increased in FY 2015 and that means for the first time since 2006/2007 we enjoyed two consecutive years of digest growth. Even with the Mayor and Council rolling back the millage rate once again, this growth trend still provides optimism and some budgetary options. All figures are compiled by Gwinnett County's Appraisal Office.

The Evermore Community Improvement District, an association of property owners along U.S. Highway 78 that voluntarily taxes itself for corridor improvements, stretches from Snellville to Stone Mountain. About 16% of the CID is within Snellville. The CID continues significant transportation improvements along the Highway 78 corridor, much of it in Snellville, that will help to revitalize the west end of the community and provide transportation alternatives to the congested Highway 78. The much needed continuous flow intersection improvement at the intersection of US 78/GA 124 is now in the serious ROW acquisition phase. Construction is programmed and budgeted for in the state's FY-17 budget year.

The M&C and Downtown Development Authority (DDA) have completed a planning process which will be the foundation for the redevelopment of our Towne Center. Redevelopment of this area into a true downtown will greatly enhance our Central Business District and help create a sense of place that Snellville currently lacks. The City's previous 10.5 acre purchase of property on Wisteria Drive will be a focal point of this redevelopment effort and we added another adjacent two acre tract to our property inventory in FY-15.

These redevelopment efforts are aimed at developing a walkable, exciting City Center where people want to live, work and play. In the last year, our inclusive planning efforts have gained private sector interest and potential investors in our vision and give us great hope for future success. We feel our strong fund balance in tandem with an economy that continues to improve and offer more leeway for private sector financing will make Snellville Towne Center a reality.

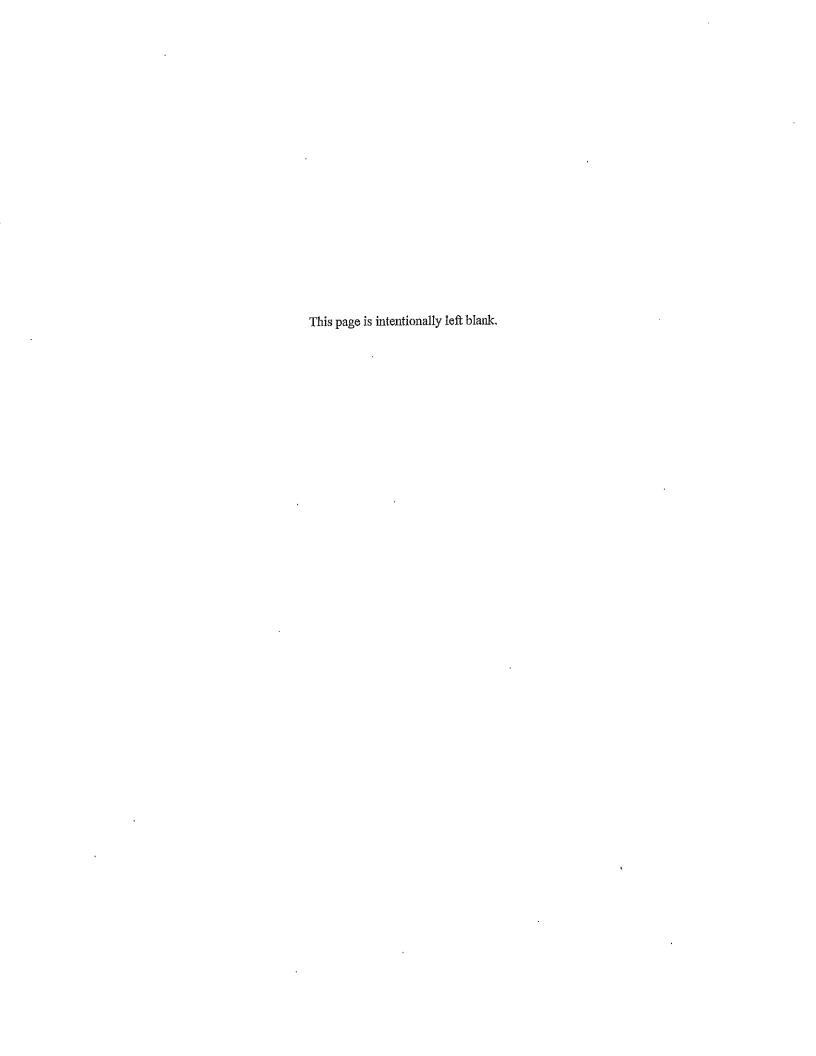
With the Towne Center attracting an inflow of new private dollars into the community and onto our tax digest, that can only help our somewhat limited revenue stream and greatly improve our overall financial condition as we look to the future.

FY-2015 was a positive year for most, if not all, of our revenue items that we are grateful for, but we maintain a conservative stance toward expenditures and expansion of programs in order to both continue the strengthening of our financial status and to confirm indicators which guarantee such growth will be sustained.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Snellville's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information can be obtained by contacting the City at (770) 985-3500 or at the following address:

City of Snellville Finance Department 2342 Oak Road Snellville, GA 30078



CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental		Business-Type Activities Total			Total	Downtown Development Authority		Snellville Art Commission	
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,305,298	\$	761,702	\$	7,067,000	\$	3,347	\$	6,532
Investments		216,102		-		216,102		60,148		-
Receivables (net of allowance for										
uncollectibles)										
Taxes		236,995		-		236,995		-		-
Fines		92,786		-		92,786		-		-
Intergovernmental		1,488,029		.00.600		1,488,029		-		-
Accounts		16,307		189,683		205,990		-		-
Prepaid Items		99,285		-		99,285		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets -		3,984,395				3,984,395				_
Cash Non Donnaciable Conited Assets		15,121,174		-		15,121,174		-		_
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		23,716,724		2,961,317		26,678,041		_		_
Net pension asset		990,683		2,901,517		990,683		_		_
Due from primary government		990,003 -		_		JJV,065		595,391		_
	-		_	2 012 702	-			658,886		6,532
Total Assets	_	52,267,778	-	3,912,702		56,180,480		030,000		0,334
Deferred Outflows										
Deferred Pension Outflows		8,272		-		8,272		-		-
Deferred Charge From Refunding	****	48,373		-		48,373		-		
Total Deferred Outflows		56,645				56,645				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	_	52,324,423		3,912,702	_	56,237,125		658,886		6,532
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		1,481,538		493,826		1,975,364		-		_
Accrued Liabilities -				•		, -				
Wages		153,396		13,129		166,525		-		-
Customers and Developers Deposits		23,328		6,218		29,546		-		-
Police bonds and court fees		58,678		-		58,678		-		-
Interest		2,432		201		2,633		10,216		-
Due to other Governments		216,434		-		216,434		-		-
Due to other funds		306,341		(306,341)		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues		13,651		-		13,651		-		-
Long-Term Liabilities -										
Due Within One Year		707,568		55,455		763,023		60,501		-
Due In More Than One Year		3,475,678		-		3,475,678		524,674		-
Total Liabilities		6,439,044		262,488		6,701,532		595,391		-
Deferred Inflows										
Deferred Pension Inflows		50,472		-		50,472		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows		50,472				50,472				
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	-	6,489,516	_	262,488	_	6,752,004		595,391		
Total Plantifies and Deterior Infows		0,409,510	_	202,466		0,732,004		393,391		
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for -	3	35,199,150		2,905,862	:	38,105,012		-		-
Capital Projects		3,661,731		-		3,661,731		-		-
Police Activities		98,092		_		98,092		-		-
Tree Bank		110,935		-		110,935		-		-
Economic Development		45,851				45,851		-		-
Unrestricted		6,719,148		744,352		7,463,500	*****	63,495		6,532
Total Net Position		5,834,907	\$	3,650,214	\$ 4	19,485,121	\$	63,495	\$	6,532
	*****				CONTRACT PROCESSION					

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Progra	m Revenue	s	
Form the sea (Dominion)		Ewnongeg	Charges for Services	Gra	erating ants and cributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Functions/Programs		Expenses	 Services	Cont	TIDULIONS		mu ibutions
Governmental Activities:				1			
General Government	\$	1,725,247	\$ 41,102	\$	-	\$	148,249
Public Safety and Courts		5,382,514	2,667,819		-		172,898
Public Works		1,742,659	_		-		4,077,625
Parks and Recreation		1,030,465	203,356		-		680,696
Economic Development		189,169	-		-		-
Community Development		496,765	277,791		-		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		83,282	-				_
Total Governmental Activities		10,650,101	 3,190,068		4		5,079,468
Business-Type Activities							
Solid Waste Management		1,849,875	1,475,885		-		
Recycling		236,433	92,745		-		-
Stormwater		251,052	537,557				
Total Business-Type Activities		2,337,360	 2,106,187		-		
Total	_	12,987,461	 5,296,255				5,079,468
Component Units:							
Downtown Development Authority		29,182	-		-		-
Art Commission		2,117	_		6,112		-
Total Component Units	\$	31,299	\$ -	\$	6,112	\$	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Franchise

Occupational

Insurance premium

Alcohol beverage

Hotel / Motel

Other

Intergovernmental

Interest Earnings

Other

Total General Revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated

Net Position - End of Year

Changes in Net Position

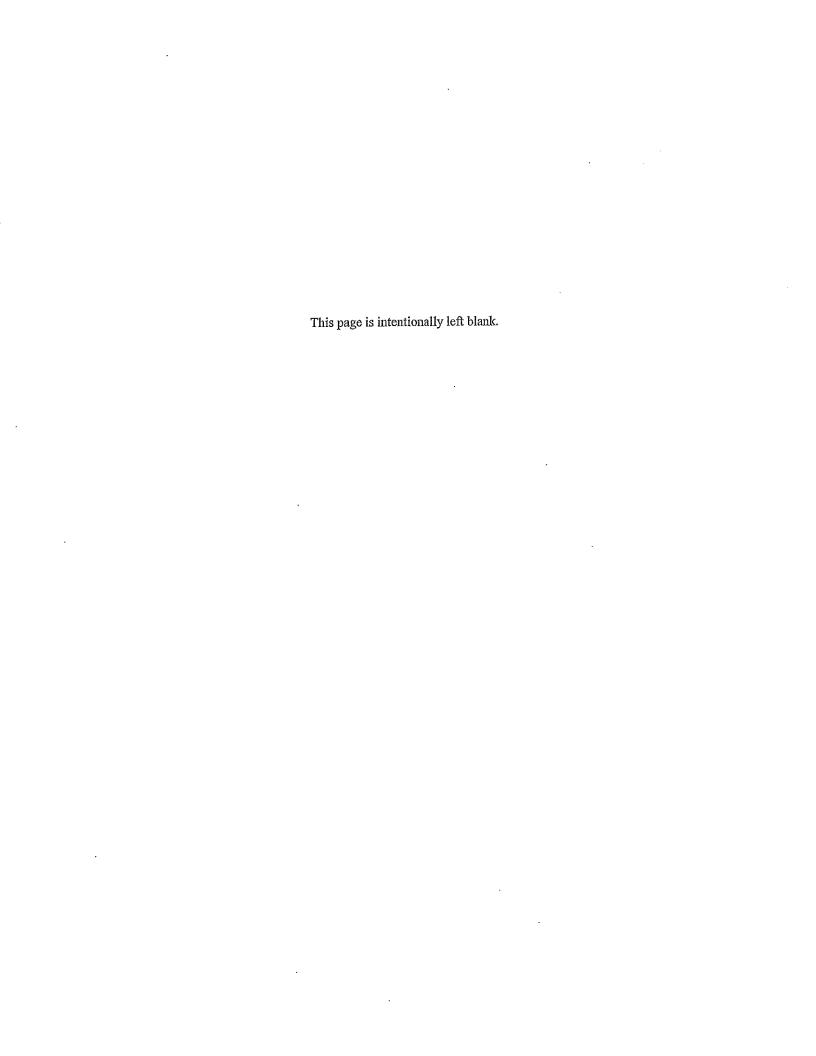
	Business-	Net Position	Downtown	Snellville
Governmental	Туре		Development	Art
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Commission
\$ (1,535,896)	\$ -	\$ (1,535,896)	\$ -	\$ -
(2,541,797)	ψ <u>-</u>	(2,541,797)	Ψ	φ -
2,334,966	<u> </u>	2,334,966	-	=
(146,413)	_	(146,413)		_
(189,169)	•	(189,169)	-	-
(218,974)	_	(218,974)	-	-
(83,282)	_	(83,282)		-
(2,380,565)		(2,380,565)		
(2,500,505)		(2,300,303)	<u> </u>	
-	(373,990)	(373,990)		-
-	(143,688)	(143,688)	-	-
	286,505	286,505		-
H	(231,173)	(231,173)		-
(2,380,565)	(231,173)	(2,611,738)		
4		-	(29,182)	-
		-		3,995
-			(29,182)	3,995
3,637,315	-	3,637,315	-	-
1,284,366	-	1,284,366	-	-
860,454	-	860,454	-	-
985,119	-	985,119	-	-
329,914	-	329,914	-	-
130,399	-	130,399	-	-
159,413	•	159,413	-	-
220,229	-	220,229	-	-
3,920	475	4,395	241	-
152,725	,	152,725		
7,763,854	475	7,764,329	241	-
(625,444)	625,444			
7,138,410	625,919	7,764,329	241	-
4,757,845	394,746	5,152,591	(28,941)	3,995
41,077,062	3,255,468	44,332,530	92,436	2,537
\$ 45,834,907	\$ 3,650,214	\$ 49,485,121	\$ 63,495	\$ 6,532

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		GENERAL	•	LCI GRANT CAPITAL ROJECTS	C	PLOST I APITAL ROJECTS	C	PLOST II APITAL ROJECTS
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,305,298	\$	2,176	\$	266,312	\$	211,519
Investments	Ψ	216,102	Ψ	2,170	Ψ	200,512	Ψ	-
Receivables (net of allowance for		210,102						
uncollectibles)								
Taxes		225,088		_		-		-
Fines	•	92,786		_		-		~
Intergovernmental		-		1,012,356		-		· –
Accounts		7,307				-		-
Due from other funds		2,974		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		99,285				-		<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$	6,948,840	\$	1,014,532	\$	266,312	\$	211,519
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	622,670	\$	286,813	\$	41,540	\$	186,948
Accrued Liabilities:								
Salaries and wages		153,396		-		-		-
Deposits		23,328		-		-		-
Police bonds and court fees		58,678		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		216,434		-		-
Due to other funds		321,805		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues						-		-
Total Liabilities		1,179,877		503,247		41,540		186,948
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Unavailable revenues		64,007		1,012,356		-		=
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable -		00.085						
Prepaid items		99,285		-		-		-
Restricted -						224,772		24,571
Capital Projects Police Services		-		_		227,112		2-1,5 / 1
Tree Bank				_		_		_
Economic Development		28,429		-		_		-
Assigned -		20,427						
Redevelopment				_		-		_
Unassigned		5,577,242		(501,071)		-		-
Total Fund Balances		5,704,956		(501,071)	******	224,772		24,571
Total Pully Dalances		J, 70T, 9JU		(301,071)		22 1,172	******	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
and Fund Balance	\$	6,948,840	\$	1,014,532	\$	266,312	\$	211,519

(PLOST III CAPITAL ROJECTS	RED	JRBAN DEVELOP- MENT	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	2,785,330	\$	17,403 -	\$	701,655 -	\$	10,289,693 216,102
	-		-		11,907		236,995 92,786
	475,673		_		-		1,488,029
	9,000		-		-		16,307
	14,990		-		-		17,964
	-						99,285
\$	3,284,993	\$	17,403	\$	713,562	\$	12,457,161
\$	316,530	\$	-	\$	27,037	\$	1,481,538
			_		_		153,396
	_		#		_		23,328
	-		-		-		58,678
	-		-		-		216,434
	-		-		2,500		324,305
				_	13,651		13,651
	316,530		-		43,188		2,271,330
							1,076,363
	-		-		-		99,285
	2,968,463				443,925		3,661,731
	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-		98,092		98,092
	_		-		110,935		110,935
	<u></u>		-		17,422		45,851
	-		17,403		ш		17,403
-	2.060.462		17 402	,	670.274		5,076,171
	2,968,463	-	17,403		670,374		9,109,468
<u>\$</u>	3,284,993	\$	17,403	\$	713,562	\$	12,457,161

•



CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances total governmental funds	\$	9,109,468
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		38,837,898
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Unavailable revenues		1,076,363
Debt discounts, premiums and related deferred items are considered		•
other financing uses in governmental funds in the year incurred		
but are deferred items and are amortized over the life of the related debt		
in the statement of net position:		
Deferred charge from refunding		48,373
Net pension liabilities, assets and related deferred items are not considered		
current assets or liabilities and are therefore not reported in the funds:		
Net pension asset		990,683
Deferred pension outflows		8,272
Deferred pension inflows		(50,472)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	ı	
Accrued interest		(2,432)
Revenue bonds		(2,845,000)
Capital lease obligation		(297,398)
Capital lease obligation - DDA		(544,723)
Long-term portion of termination benefits		(134,648)
Long-term portion of compensated absences		(361,477)
Net position of governmental activities.	\$	45,834,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GENERAL	LCI GRANT CAPITAL PROJECTS	SPLOST I CAPITAL PROJECTS	SPLOST II CAPITAL PROJECTS
REVENUES	A 550.000	dn.	ά	ф
Taxes	\$ 7,258,832	\$ ~	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	234,188	1 000 073	-	<u>-</u>
Intergovernmental	359,808	1,009,972	-	_
Charges for services	852,203	-	-	<u>-</u>
Fines and forfeitures	1,981,809	-	-	
Tree Bank Bonds	2.450	58	314	1,041
Investment income	3,459	36	314	1,041
Rental income	99,934	_	-	-
Miscellaneous	23,170			7.041
Total Revenues	10,813,403	1,010,030	314	1,041
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	1,419,106	-	-	-
Municipal Court	723,097	-	-	-
Public Safety	4,072,804		-	-
Public Works	944,458	-	-	•
Parks and Recreation	709,824	-	-	-
Tree Bank	4	-	-	
Economic Development	-	-	-	-
Community Development	554,234	~	-	-
Capital:				
General Government	72,344	***	-	-
Public Safety	548,727	-	40 7 0 7 7	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Public Works	208,077	2,487,549	495,951	115,527
Parks and Recreation	34,284	-	••	2,540,469
Community Development	-		-	-
Debt Service:	10.050			702 449
Principal	40,053	-	-	793,448
Interest	20,038	•	-	11,276
Issue costs on debt		-		- 460 700
Total Expenditures	9,347,046	2,487,549	495,951	3,460,720
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	1,466,357	(1,477,519)	(495,637)	(3,459,679)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Debt issue	399,059	-	-	-
Transfers	(2,035,303)	1,029,687	-	-
Sale of capital assets	10,593			
Total	(1,625,651)	1,029,687		
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance - Beginning of the year	(159,294) 5,864,250	(447,832) (53,239)	(495,637) 720,409	(3,459,679) 3,484,250
_ -				
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$ 5,704,956</u>	<u>\$ (501,071)</u>	\$ 224,772	\$ 24,571

	SPLOST III CAPITAL PROJECTS	URBAN REDEVELOP- MENT	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,399	\$ 7,389,231	
	ψ -	φ -	φ 130,377	234,188	
	3,022,591	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,392,371	
	5,022,571		_	852,203	
	_	_	97,648	2,079,457	
	_	_	<i>51</i> ,010	2,075,107	
	761	8	394	6,035	
	-	-		99,934	
	-	-	**	23,170	
	3,023,352	8	228,441	15,076,589	
	3,023,332		220,441	13,070,389	
	269	-	_	1,419,375	
	-	-		723,097	
		_	12,916	4,085,720	
	_	_		944,458	
	4	_	-	709,824	
	-	-		-	
			130,399	130,399	
	-	-		554,234	
	-	-	н	72,344	
	9,950	-	72,156	630,833	
	289,822	-	-	3,596,926	
	328,975	•	-	2,903,728	
	-	-	~	-	
	101,661	332,000	₩	1,267,162	
		49,189	-	80,503	
	_	,	• _		
•	730,677	381,189	215,471	17,118,603	
	2,292,675	(381,181)	12,970	(2,042,014)	
	<u></u>	_		399,059	
		381,126	(954)	(625,444)	
	₩	,	-	10,593	
		381,126	(954)	(215,792)	
	2,292,675	(55)	12,016	(2,257,806)	
	675,788	17,458	658,358	11,367,274	
	\$ 2,968,463				

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ (2,257,806)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation	6,319,324 (1,093,521)
The net effect of other miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. This is the amount of net book value of assets disposed of during the current period.	(1,260)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the difference between the beginning and ending deferred revenue balances in the current period.	816,043
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: Repayments Proceeds	1,267,162 (399,059)
Bond premiums, discounts and related deferred items are considered deferred costs in the statement of net position and are amortized over the life of the related debt while they are considered other financing uses in governmental funds in the year they are incurred:	
Amortization	(5,987)
Change in net pension asset and related deferred items	134,886
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in the long term portion of accrued compensated absences	(15,851)
Change in the long term portion of termination benefits	(9,292)
Change in accrued interest	 3,206
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 4,757,845

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	•	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
REVENUES	P							
Taxes	\$	7,049,900	\$	7,049,900	\$	7,258,832	\$	208,932
Licenses and permits	·	211,050	·	211,050	·	234,188		23,138
Intergovernmental		360,000		360,000		359,808		(192)
Charges for services		820,050		820,550		852,203		31,653
Fines and forfeitures		1,800,500		1,800,500		1,981,809		181,309
Investment income		3,500		3,500		3,459		(41)
Rental income		81,700		81,700		99,934		18,234
Miscellaneous		30,600		30,100	_	23,170		(6,930)
Total Revenues		10,357,300		10,357,300		10,813,403		456,103
EXPENDITURES			•					
Current:								
General Government		1,487,009		1,487,009		1,419,106		67,903
Municipal Court		703,573		703,573		723,097		(19,524)
Public Safety		4,092,889		4,092,889		4,072,804		20,085
Public Works		981,005		981,005		944,458		36,547
Parks and Recreation		739,186		739,186		709,824		29,362
Community Development		598,858		598,858		554,234		44,624
Capital:								
General Government		105,000		105,000		72,344		32,656
Public Safety		150,472		150,472		548,727		(398,255)
Public Works		277,600		277,600		208,077		69,523
Parks and Recreation		25,000		25,000		34,284		(9,284)
Community Development		-		#		-		_
Debt Service:								
Principal		36,100		36,100		40,053		(3,953)
Interest		23,942		23,942		20,038		3,904
Total Expenditures		9,220,634		9,220,634		9,347,046	•	(126,412)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		1,136,666		1,136,666		1,466,357		329,691
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					_			
Transfers		(1,143,666)		(1,143,666)		(2,035,303)		(891,637)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		7,000		7,000		10,593		3,593
Debt issue		, -		-		399,059		399,059
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(1,136,666)		(1,136,666)		(1,625,651)		(488,985)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,150,000)		(2,200,000)		(159,294)	-	(159,294)
Fund Balance -		-		, -		(132,434)		(133,434)
Beginning of year		5,864,250		5,864,250		5,864,250		.
End of year	¢		<u></u>		Φ.		<u> </u>	(150.204)
THE OF YEAR	\$	5,864,250	<u>\$</u>	5,864,250	<u>\$</u>	5,704,956	<u>\$</u>	(159,294)

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		SOLID WASTE	STO	RMWATER	TOTAL	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	194,307	\$	567,395	\$	761,702
Receivables		-		-		70.600
Trade accounts		51,181		19,452		70,633
Unbilled sales		119,050		-		119,050
Due from other funds		-		306,815		306,815
Prepaid items				-		1.050.000
Total Current Assets		364,538		893,662		1,258,200
Property, plant and equipment:						
Buildings		577,673		-		577,673
Machinery and equipment		227,846		252,189		480,035
Vehicles		21,118		-		21,118
Infrastructure		-		1,634,054		1,634,054
Land improvements		1,188,251			_	1,188,251
		2,014,888		1,886,243		3,901,131
Less accumulated depreciation		(805,204)	*****	(134,610)		(939,814)
	·	1,209,684	_	1,751,633		2,961,317
Total Assets		1,574,222		2,645,295		4,219,517
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						100.000
Accounts payable		151,155		342,671		493,826
Customer deposits		6,218		_		6,218
Accrued liabilities -				201		201
Interest		-		201		201
Payroll		3,630		9,499		13,129
Due to other funds		474		- 55 155		474 55,455
Capital lease payable			-	55,455		
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	,	161,477		407,826		569,303
Long-term obligations				***	_	
Total Liabilities		161,477		407,826	<u> </u>	569,303
NET POSITION		·				
Net investment in capital assets		1,209,684		1,696,178		2,905,862
Unrestricted		203,061		541,291		744,352
Total Net Position	\$	1,412,745	\$	2,237,469	\$	3,650,214

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	SOLID WASTE		STO	STORMWATER		TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Solid waste	\$	1,427,671	\$	-	\$	1,427,671
Recycling		92,745		-		92,745
Stormwater utility		-		534,735		534,735
Penalties		15,860		2,822		18,682
Miscellaneous		32,354		<u> </u>		32,354
Total Operating Revenues		1,568,630		537,557		2,106,187
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Purchases of product/service		1,795,877		-		1,795,877
Salaries and benefits		135,268		109,503		244,771
Contracted / purchased services		89,720		86,916		176,636
Supplies		9,947		1,787		11,734
Bad debt expense		-		-		-
Depreciation		55,496		50,651		106,147
Total Operating Expenses		2,086,308		248,857		2,335,165
Operating Income (Loss)		(517,678)		288,700		(228,978)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES):						
Interest expense		-		(2,195)		(2,195)
Interest revenue		117		358		475
Net income (loss) before transfers						
and capital contributions		(517,561)		286,863		(230,698)
Transfers in		625,444		-		625,444
Capital contributions	ţ	-	***************************************			_
NET INCOME		107,883		286,863		394,746
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		1,304,862		1,950,606		3,255,468
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,412,745	\$	2,237,469	\$	3,650,214

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	SOLID WASTE	STORMWATER	TOTAL		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 1,575,941 (1,939,241) (91,462)	\$ 533,779 (122,712) (71,156)	\$ 2,109,720 (2,061,953) (162,618)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(454,762)	339,911	(114,851)		
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	117 117	358 358	475 475		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Transfers Net Cash Provided by Non-capital	474 625,444	(422,426)	(421,952) 625,444		
Financing Activities	625,918	(422,426)	203,492		
Cash flows from capital financing activities: Proceeds from debt issue Principal payments Interest payments Purchase and construction of capital assets	- - -	(54,271) (2,392) (108,423)	(54,271) (2,392) (108,423)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)		(165.096)	(1.65.006)		
Capital Financing Activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	171,273	(165,086) (247,243)	(165,086) (75,970)		
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of Year	23,034	814,638	837,672		
Cash and cash equivalents - End of Year	\$ 194,307	\$ 567,395	\$ 761,702		

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities

		SOLID WASTE	STO	RMWATER	TOTAL		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(517,678)	\$	288,700	\$	(228,978)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided					•		
by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		55,496		50,651		106,147	
(Increase) decrease in receivables		8,786		(3,778)		5,008	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		_		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		5,547		(3,230)		2,317	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(1,475)		-		(1,475)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(5,438)		7,568		2,130	
Total Adjustments		62,916		51,211		114,127	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(454,762)	\$	339,911	\$	(114,851)	

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

B. The Reporting Entity

The City of Snellville, Georgia (the "City") was incorporated in 1923 under the provisions of the State of Georgia. A Mayor and City Council, composed of five members, govern and direct the legislative affairs of the City. In a manner consistent with the principles and practices of a Council-Manager form of government, the legislative policies and daily operations of the City are executed and/or administered by an appointed City Manager. The City Manager is vested with the authority and responsibility to provide for effective and efficient delivery of municipal services and to attend to the management of municipal affairs within legislative and legal parameters established by federal, state and local laws and regulations. The City provides the following services: police, highways and streets, sanitation, recycling, stormwater, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services. The City's annual financial report includes the accounts of all City operations and its component unit. Water, sewer, and fire protection services are provided by Gwinnett County.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 14, as amended by GASB No. 61 defines the reporting entity for determining which potential component units should be included in a primary government's financial statements. Inclusion is based on organization's for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit. The criteria for determining financial accountability includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens on the City regardless of whether the organization has a separate elected or appointed governing board. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. The City reports the City of Snellville's Downtown Development Authority and the City of Snellville Art Commission as component units. The Urban Redevelopment Agency of Snellville is considered a blended component unit of the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units -

The component unit column in the Government — Wide Financial Statements includes the financial data of City of Snellville, Georgia Downtown Development Authority. This component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The City of Snellville, Georgia Downtown Development Authority was organized to develop and promote commerce, industry, and general welfare within the City. The City appoints the Authority's board members and reviews the annual budget. Funding of the Authority is provided by the City's General Fund and contributions from individuals and private companies. Separate financial statements for the Authority are not issued. The Authority's fiscal year is from January 1 to December 31.

The City of Snellville Art Commission is also a legal separate entity and was created during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to promote art throughout the City of Snellville. The City appoints the Commission's board members and reviews its annual budget. Funding of the Commission is provided through fundraisers and contributions from the City, individuals and private companies. The Commission does not issue separate financial reports.

(See Independent Auditor's Report)

<u>CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA</u> NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

B. The Reporting Entity - (Continued)

Blended Component Unit -

The Urban Redevelopment Agency of Snellville (URA) was created in 2010 by the City to serve as a financing vehicle for certain community development projects. The URA is a legally separate organization governed by a board that is appointed by the mayor and city council of the City of Snellville. Although it is legally separate from the City, the URA is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to oversee and participate, if necessary, in financing community development projects for the benefit of the City and its citizens. Furthermore, the URA is included as a component unit as the URA has no ability to issue debt or otherwise carry out its activities without the participation and agreement of the City or appropriation of funds by the city council. The operations of the URA are included in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements as a separate debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not published for the URA which follows the same accounting policies as the City of Snellville.

C. Basic Financial Statements—Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position are reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect cost. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or use taxes, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

(See Independent Auditor's Report)

<u>CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA</u> NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Basic Financial Statements-Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The City considers the General Fund, the LCI Grant Fund, all SPLOST Capital Projects Funds and the Urban Redevelopment Agency Fund to be major funds. The Hotel/Motel Fund, Confiscated Assets Fund, Tree Bank Fund, City Center Fund, and the Police Facilities Fund are considered non-major funds. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

LCI Grant Capital Projects Fund – The LCI Grant Capital Projects Fund accounts for the proceeds from a grant from the U. S. Department of Transportation. The proceeds from the grant are to be used to finance improvements to the City's Town Center streetscapes.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Funds — The SPLOST Capital Projects Funds are used by the City to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that were approved by the voters of Gwinnett County, Georgia through the special purpose local option sales tax referendums.

Urban Redevelopment Agency Fund — This fund was originally used as a special revenue fund to account for the proceeds for the issuance of bonds to finance or refinance urban improvement projects. It is currently being used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on the City's Refunding Revenue Bond Obligation.

Proprietary Fund Type – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major proprietary funds:

Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund - The Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund is used to account for the revenues generated from the charges for sanitation and recycling services provided to the residential and commercial users of the City.

Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund - The Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund is used to account for the charges generated from stormwater services provided to citizens of the City of Snellville, Georgia.

(See Independent Auditor's Report)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

E. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements – All governmental funds, the Snellville Downtown Development Authority and the City of Snellville Arts Commission are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of government-wide financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. The Statement of Changes in Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

On the proprietary funds financial statements, operating revenues are those that flow directly from the operations of the activity, i.e. charges to customers or users who purchase or use the goods or services of that activity. Operating expenses are those that are incurred to provide the goods or services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are items such as investment income and interest expense that are not a result of the direct operations of the activity.

F. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

F. Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are taxes, state and federal grants, fines, interest revenue and charges for services. Major revenues that are determined not to be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable include licenses, penalties and miscellaneous revenues which are recorded as revenues when received in cash. Those revenues that are measurable but are not collected within 60 days after year end are recorded as deferred revenues.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agents. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

H. Investments

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. All investments of the City as of June 30, 2015 consisted of non-participating interest-earning investment contracts, certificates of deposit, and money market mutual funds.

I. Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory, if any, in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

J. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for service that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015 are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed during the period benefited.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued):

K. Capital Assets - (Continued)

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$3,500 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	30-40 years
Land improvements	30-40 years
Furniture and equipment	7-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Infrastructure	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	40-50 years

The City only reports infrastructure assets purchased subsequent to June 30, 2003.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. In applying GASB No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

N. Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

O. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 16 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

P. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

O. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the City. At June 30, 2015 there were no encumbrances outstanding.

R. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditures) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category as of June 30, 2015. The items, deferred charge from refunding and deferred pension outflows, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, probation fines, and intergovernmental revenues. In addition, the City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position. The item, deferred pension inflows, is reported only in the government-wide statement of net position.

S. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital asset consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City's government-wide statement of net position reports \$3,916,609 of restricted net position, of which \$3,472,684 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

T. Fund Equity - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City of Snellville's Council. Snellville's Council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council prior to end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Only the City Council may assign amounts for specific purposes through passage of a resolution. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily and do not normally have to have an additional action taken for their removal.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General	 LCI Grant		SPLOST Funds	 URA	 Nonmajor Funds	Total	
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids	\$ 99,285	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	99,285
Restricted:								
Capital Projects	-	-		3,217,806	-	443,925		3,661,731
Police Services	-	-		-	-	98,092		98,092
Tree Bank		-		-	-	110,935		110,935
Economic Development	28,429	-		-	-	17,422		45,851
Committed		-			-	-		-
Assigned	-			-	17,403	-		17,403
Unassigned	 5,577,242	 (501,071)	,	-	 -	 -	_	5,076,171
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,704,956	\$ (501,071)	\$	3,217,806	\$ 17,403	\$ 670,374	\$	9,109,468

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditures is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued):

U. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

V. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

W. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. During June, the mayor and council legally enact the budget through passage of an ordinance. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) except that proprietary funds expense capital outlay instead of depreciation. The legal level of control (the level at which the City Council must approve expenditures in excess of appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is at the department level. Budget amounts are as originally adopted or as last amended. Unexpended budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

X. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Snellville Retirement Plan (SRP) and additions to/deductions from SRP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the SRP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions, if applicable) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows the State investment policies which require all deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance be collateralized by securities equal to at least 110% of the excess deposits. As of June 30, 2015, \$10,686,118 of the City's bank balances of \$11,417,249 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's agent	 10,686,118
Total	\$ 10,686,118

In accordance with state law, the City of Snellville can invest in: 1) Obligations issued by the U.S. Government, any state, any political subdivision of the State of Georgia, or Local Government Investment Pool established by state law; 2) Prime bankers' acceptances; and 3) Repurchase agreements.

The City's investment as of June 30, 2015 consisted of a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$216,102.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 1 year.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in debt issues to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.

3. PROPERTY TAX

The City's property taxes are billed and collected by Gwinnett County through an intergovernmental agreement. The taxes were levied July 14, 2014 and are due and payable October 15th and November 15th. All taxes unpaid after the October 15th and November 15th due dates are considered delinquent. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property the following January 1st. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectable.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of yearend, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Allowance for	
	Gross	Bad Debts	Net
Governmental Funds			
Taxes	\$ 236,995	\$ -	\$ 236,995
Fines	299,309	206,523	92,786
Intergovernmental	1,488,029	_	1,488,029
Accounts	16,307	=	16,307
Solid Waste Management Fund			
Accounts	283,531	113,300	170,231
Stormwater Management Fund			
Accounts	19,452		19,452
Total	\$ 2,343,623	\$ 319,823	\$ 2,023,800

5. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental revenues for the year ended June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Governmental Funds -	•
Gwinnett County - SPLOST Projects, See Note 9	\$ 3,022,591
U. S. Dept. of Justice - COPS Grant	3,032
Gwinnett County - Annual Appropriation	220,229
State of Georgia - DOT, LMIG Program	136,547
State of Georgia - Department of Transportation LCI Grant	 1,009,972
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 4,392,371
Intergovernmental receivables as of June 30, 2015 consist of the following:	
Gwinnett County - SPLOST	\$ 475,673
State of Georgia - Department of Transportation LCI Grant	 1,012,356
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$ 1,488,029

6. INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

Inter-fund payables and receivables as of June 30, 2015 were as follows.

	Due To										
Due From	General	SI	PLOST III	St	tormwater	Total					
General fund Sanitation Confiscated Assets	\$ - 47 ² 2,500		14,990 - -	\$	306,815	\$	321,805 474 2,500				
Total	\$ 2,974		14,990	\$	306,815	\$	324,779				

The Sanitation Fund and the Confiscated Assets Fund owed the General Fund \$474 and \$2,500, respectively, for items expended from the General Fund's operating bank account that were related to Sanitation and Confiscated Assets and had not been reimbursed as of June 30, 2015.

Individual inter-fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		Transfer to												
	Transfer From	General			URA		LCI	S	anitation	Total				
General Nonmajor		\$	954	\$	381,126	\$	1,029,687	\$	625,444	\$	2,036,257 954			
		\$	954	\$	381,126	\$	1,029,687	\$	625,444	\$	2,037,211			

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 the General Fund transferred \$2,036,256 to various governmental and proprietary funds, including \$625,444 to the Solid Waste Management Fund to help fund utility operations, \$381,125 to the Urban Redevelopment Agency Fund to help finance debt service requirements of the refunding revenue bonds payable and \$1,029,687 to the LCI Grant Fund to help finance the streetscapes and sidewalk project in the town center area. The Hotel/Motel Fund (a nonmajor fund) transferred \$954 to the General Fund to reimburse the General Fund for promotional expenses.

7. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES:

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits as of June 30, 2015 including a lawsuit brought by the Mayor of Snellville against the City Council, City Manager and City Clerk. This lawsuit pertains to the issue of the authority to appoint a city manager and a city clerk. The City has incurred approximately \$160,000 in legal fees for the representation of the City Council and the City's manager and clerk. The Mayor is seeking restitution for her legal fees of approximately \$91,000. Although a settlement was reached regarding the authority issue as of June 30, 2015, the Mayor's legal fees issue has yet to be resolved. The outcome of other lawsuits and other possible claims are not yet determinable but are not expected to materially affect the financial situation of the City.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 9,188,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,188,246
Construction in progress	259,732	5,673,196	Ψ	5,932,928
Total	9,447,978	5,673,196	-	15,121,174
10002	2,447,270			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	19,040,400	-	-	19,040,400
Improvements other than buildings	2,734,177	-	-	2,734,177
Infrastructure	4,792,934	-	-	4,792,934
Vehicles, including related equipment	2,064,539	591,600	(60,927)	2,595,212
Furniture and other equipment	2,842,949	54,528	-	2,897,477
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,474,999	646,128	(60,927)	32,060,200
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,431,028	476,739	-	3,907,767
Improvements other than buildings	463,347	67,573	_	530,920
Infrastructure	648,387	114,832	_	763,219
Vehicles, including related equipment	1,245,084	202,899	(59,667)	1,388,316
Furniture and other equipment	1,521,776	231,478		1,753,254
Total accumulated depreciation	7,309,622	1,093,521	(59,667)	8,343,476
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,165,377	(447,393)	(1,260)	23,716,724
Governmental capital assets, net	\$ 33,613,355	\$ 5,225,803	\$ (1,260)	\$ 38,837,898

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Administrative	\$ 305,849 477,707
Police and Court Public Works	161,296
Parks	147,901
Community Development	768
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,093,521

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, (Continued)

	•	ginning dance	I	ncreases	Dec	creases	Ending Balance			
Business-Type Activities										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	φ		ф		\$		\$			
Land	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	_	Φ			
Construction in progress		-								
Total										
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		577,673		-		-		577,673		
Improvements other than buildings	1,	188,251		-		-	1,188,251			
Infrastructure	1,	208,400		425,654		-	1	,634,054		
Vehicles, including related equipment		21,118		-		-		21,118		
Furniture and other equipment		470 <u>,935</u>		9,100				480,035		
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,	466,377		434,754		-	3	,901,131		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		135,809		14,446		-		150,255		
Improvements other than buildings		366,377		39,608		-		405,985		
Infrastructure		47,112		24,649		-		71,761		
Vehicles, including related equipment		21,118		-		-		21,118		
Furniture and other equipment		263,251		27,444		-	,	290,695		
Total accumulated depreciation		833,667		106,147		-		939,814		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,	632,710		328,607			2	,961,317		
Business-Type Activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,	632,710	\$	328,607	\$	-	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>,961,317</u>		

Depreciation expense of \$55,496 was recorded in the Solid Waste Management Fund and \$50,651 was recorded in the Stormwater Management Fund.

CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENT-

The City has entered into contracts for street improvements such as sidewalks, streetscapes and utility relocation in the downtown area of the city. Estimated cost for these improvements is estimated to be \$2,900,000. Financing for the project is to be provided through a grant from the Georgia Department of Transportation in the amount of \$2,022,328 with the remaining \$877,672 to be paid out of the City's SPLOST Funds. Cost of the project incurred through June 30, 2015 amounted to approximately \$2,808,600.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities reported in the government-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Beginning Balance		Increases			Decreases	 Ending Balance	Current Portion		
Governmental Activities										
Revenue Bonds	\$	3,177,000	\$	-	\$	(332,000)	\$ 2,845,000	\$	-	
Police Facilities Capital Lease		793,448		-		(793,448)	-		-	
Police Equipment Capital Lease		-		399,059		(101,661)	297,398		97,884	
Intergovernmental Agreement -										
DDA Capital Lease		584,776		-		(40,053)	544,723		544,723	
Termination Benefits		125,356		24,253		(14,961)	134,648		14,961	
Accrued Compensated Absences		345,626		309,272	_	(293,421)	 361,477		50,000	
Total	\$	5,026,206	\$	732,584	\$	(1,575,544)	\$ 4,183,246	\$	707,568	
Business-Type Activities										
Capital Lease Obligation	\$	109,726	\$	ч	\$	(54,271)	\$ 55,455	\$	55,455	

The General Fund typically has been used to liquidate long-term liabilities. However, SPLOST III will be used to liquidate the police equipment capital lease. The Stormwater Management Fund will be used to liquidate the business-type activity long-term liabilities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT ISSUES -

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

Police and Public Works Facilities -

In December 2010 the City entered into an installment sale agreement in the amount of \$7,505,000 with the Georgia Municipal Association to construct new police and public works facilities. The fixed interest rate is 2.842% for five years. Since the City intends to continue to abide by the terms of these lease agreements and eventually own the new facilities, the assets and the related liabilities were recorded at the present value of the future payments due under the lease. Under the terms of the installment sale agreement, the City pledged future SPLOST revenues to pay the principal and interest outstanding. SPLOST revenues were projected to produce \$16.027 million of which \$6.4 million has been budgeted for public safety facilities related expenditures. The installment sale agreement was paid off as of June 30, 2015. For the year ended June 30, 2015, principal and interest payments were \$793,448 and \$11,276, respectively. Depreciation on the two buildings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$189,866 and accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$759,465.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT ISSUES - (Continued)

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Police Equipment -

In November 2014 the City entered into a lease purchase and security agreement with a financial institution for the purchase of mobile radios in the amount of \$399,059. Depreciation on the mobile radios for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$9,976 and accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2015 amounted to \$9,976. The interest rate under the terms of the lease agreement is 1.27%. Since the City intends to continue to abide by the terms of these lease agreements and eventually own the equipment, the asset and the related liability were recorded at the present value of the future payments due under the lease.

Land Purchase -

In June 2012 the Snellville Downtown Development Authority (DDA) obtained financing from a bank for the purchase of approximately 10 acres of land in the City's Town Center Area. The City and the DDA did enter into an intergovernmental agreement whereby the City has guaranteed funding of the debt service of the note through a capital lease obligation. At the end of the capital lease the City will own the land. As a result the DDA recorded a liability for the note payable and an amount due from the City in the amount of \$697,450 and reduces the balance as the City pays the debt service on the lease. The City has also recorded a liability in the governmental-wide financial statements for the amount due under the intergovernmental agreement.

REVENUE BONDS

In May 2013 the Urban Redevelopment Agency of Snellville issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$3,496,000 to refinance the Certificates of Participation (originally used to finance the acquisition of the new city hall) and to pay cost associated with the issuance of the bonds. Interest is being charged at 1.55% and the debt is secured by the city administrative facilities. The bonds mature in July 2023.

Annual repayment requirements under the revenue bonds and capital lease agreements are as follows:

		REVE	NUE		CAPITAL LEASES									
F/Y/E		BOY	IDS			POLICE E	QUIPN	MENT	LAND AND BUILDINGS					
JUNE 30,	PR	INCIPAL	_IV	TEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TEREST	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL	
2016	\$		\$	_	\$	97,884	\$	3,777	\$	544,723	\$	18,241	\$	664,625
2017		337,000		41,486		99,128		2,534		-		-		480,148
2018		342,000		36,223		100,386		1,275		-		-		479,884
2019		347,000		30,883		-		-				-		377,883
2020		353,000		25,458		-		-		-		-		378,458
2021		358,000		19,948				-		-		-		377,948
2022		364,000		14,353		-		-		-		-	•	378,353
2023		369,000		8,672										377,672
2024	<u> </u>	375,000		2,906						<u> </u>	_	-		377,906
TOTALS	<u>\$</u>	2,845,000	\$	179,929	\$	297,398	\$	7,586	\$	544,723	\$	18,241	<u>\$</u>	3,892,877

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT ISSUE

In April 2013 the City entered into a lease purchase and security agreement with a financial institution for the purchase of a 2013 Vactor Sewer Jetter Combo Truck in the amount of \$219,504. Depreciation on the machine for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$21,950 and accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2015 amounted to \$56,705. The interest rate under the terms of the lease agreement is 2.18%. Since the City intends to continue to abide by the terms of these lease agreements and eventually own the equipment, the asset and the related liability were recorded at the present value of the future payments due under the lease.

Annual repayment requirements under the capital lease agreement are as follows:

F/Y/E	CAPITAL LEASE
JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL INTEREST TOTTAL
2016	\$ 55,455 \$ 1,209 \$ 56,664

Advanced Refunding -

As indicated earlier in this note, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued \$3,496,000 of revenue bonds in May 2013. The proceeds of the issue provided resources to purchase U.S. Government and State and Local Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for a short period of time for the purpose of generating resources to pay off the principal balance and interest due on the certificates of participation as of July 1, 2013. As a result, the refunded debt is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the Governmental Type Activities in the statement of net position.

The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$60,346. This amount is reported as a "deferred charge from refunding" and will be amortized over the old debt's life, which is to July 1, 2023. The transaction also resulted in a net present value savings of \$464.413 and a reduction of \$1,145,501 in future debt service payments.

10. UNAVAILABLE REVENUES

Unavailable revenues as of June 30, 2015, reported in the Governmental Fund's balance sheet, consisted of the following revenue items which had been earned and were measurable but were not received within 60 days after year end and therefore were not considered available:

General Fund	
Property taxes	\$ 49,260
Fines and forfeitures	14,747
LCI Fund	
Intergovernmental	1,012,356
Total	\$ 1,076,363

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Snellville is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for property and liability insurance and the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risks pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agent and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds. The City pays an annual premium to GIRMA for its general insurance and has coverage of \$1,000,000 for the risks discussed above, except for buildings, which are covered at 100% of the value of the City's holdings. The City's coverage for worker's compensation claims is statutory.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage.

12. HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

The City levies a 8% hotel/motel tax in accordance with the provisions of OCGA 48-13-51. In order to comply with the expenditures provisions of this code section, the City expends 100% of monies collected under this provision for tourism and promotional purposes by contracting with the Snellville Tourism and Trade Association. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City's collections and related remittances were as follows:

	_ Amount	Percent
Total Collections	\$ 130,399	100%
Total Remittances	\$ 130,399	100%

The City was in compliance with the state laws regulating hotel/motel taxes and the related expenditures as of June 30, 2015.

13. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the city, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Metro Atlanta area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Membership in this organization is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the Commission in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county, one representative for all the cities in a member county and 15 citizen representatives. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Atlanta Regional Commission 3715 Northside Parkway Building 200, Suite 300 Atlanta, Georgia 30327

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Money Purchase Pension Plan -

On March 1, 2002 the City converted its defined benefit pension plan and adopted the City of Snellville, Georgia Employee Pension Plan (a defined contribution plan). The City now uses the money purchase pension plan to provide pension benefits to most of its full-time employees. The plan is being administered by Pension Financial Services, a private corporation. The pension plan is authorized by city council through the passage of an ordinance. The city council is responsible for establishing and amending the plan's provision and for establishing and amending contribution requirements.

Under the terms of the plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after completing one year of service. The City's contribution to the plan depends upon each participant's base salary. The City will contribute 6% of each eligible employee's base monthly salary to the plan. Employees are not required to make any contributions to the plan. The amount of payroll covered under the plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, amounted to approximately \$3,566,000. Gross payroll for the year was \$4,427,196.

The City's contribution for each employee vests in accordance with the following schedule:

Completed years	Vested
of Services	Percentage
3	50%
5	100%

Contributions made by the City to the money purchase pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, amounted to \$213,975 which is 6% of covered payroll.

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan -

Under the terms of the deferred compensation plan, any employee can voluntarily defer receipt of up to 25% of gross compensation, not to exceed \$15,000 per year. Each participant selects one of various options to administer the investment of the deferred funds. All administration costs of the plan are deducted from the participants' accounts. The deferred amounts may be distributed to the employee upon retirement or other termination of employment, disability, death, or financial hardship (as defined).

Defined Benefit Plan -

In prior years the City contributed to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The City of Snellville Retirement Plan was a defined benefit plan that provided retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries (superseded plan). The Public Retirement Systems Standard Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10) assigns the authority to establish and amend the plan to the City of Snellville. The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

As mentioned under the caption "Money Purchase Pension Plan" the defined benefit plan was converted to a defined contribution plan (successor defined contribution plan) on March 1, 2002. GMEBS was authorized to continue making monthly retirement and death benefit payments after March 1, 2002 to retirees and beneficiaries who were in pay status under the superseded plan on or before such date and to provide future benefits for any vested terminated participant as of February 28, 2002. In order to ensure adequate funding for benefits to be provided to retirees, beneficiaries and vested terminated participants, the City Council approved an ordinance that provides for the following:

- Retention of assets in the City's GMEBS administered trust fund in an amount equal to 110% of the combined present value of accrued benefits payable to retirees and beneficiaries.
- 2. The assets in the trust fund shall share in any investment gains or losses of the GMEBS Retirement Trust Fund.
- 3. Subsequent valuations of the trust fund's liabilities shall be made annually and any gains or losses will be amortized over five years.
- 4. The City shall make an annual contribution to the trust fund equal to 110% of the recommended contribution amount reflected in each annual valuation plus administration fees.

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

For 2015, the City's annual pension cost was \$ -0- for SRP as calculated under the above mentioned City ordinance. However, the City did pay administrative fees of \$8,272. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included 7.75% investment rate of return and a cost of living adjustment of 3.25%. There were no active employees and therefore no projected salary increases were used. The value of SRP assets was determined using market values. The actuarial accrued liability as of January 1, 2015 was \$848,071. The annual pension contribution for 2015 was calculated as follows:

Total actuarial accrued liability (as of 1/1/15)	\$ 848,071
10% of actuarial accrued liability (margin)	<u>84,807</u>
Target asset value	932,878
Actual market value of assets	1,838,754
Difference or contribution to fund plan	<u>\$ (905,876</u>)

The City was not required to make any contributions to the plan during the year except for administrative fees as mentioned above.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 the City implemented GASB Statement NO. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". The newly adopted statement requires the following disclosures:

At January 1, 2015, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 41 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	23
Active employees - vested	0
Active employees - nonvested	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>41</u>

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$374,312 for its net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015. The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the year ended September 30, 2014 (the measurement date) were as follow:

	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Balances at September 30, 2013	\$ 898,648	\$ 1,704,087	\$	(805,439)
Changes for the year- Interest Differences between expected and	67,317	-		67,317
actual experience Contributions - Employer Net investment income	(45,378) - -	8,158 192,902		(45,378) (8,158) (192,902)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net Changes	(60,071) - (12,445) (50,577)	(60,071) (6,322) 		6,322 (12,445) (185,244)
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$ 848,071	<u>\$ 1,838,754</u>	<u>\$</u>	(990,683)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Service cost Interest on The Pension Liability (TPL) Administrative expenses Expected return on assets	\$	67,317 6,322 (129,810)
Deferred Inflows -		
Expensed portion of current year period differences between expected and actual experience in TPL Expensed portion of current year period assumption changes		(45,378) (12,445)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between projected and actual investment earnings		(12,620)
Total expense	<u>\$</u>	(126,614)

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

\$8,272 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

F/Y/E	Deferred Defer		
June 30,	Outflows	Inflows	
2016	\$ -	\$ (12,618)	
2017	→	(12,618)	
2018	-	(12,618)	
2019		(12,618)	
	<u>\$</u>	\$ (50,472)	

Outstanding balances of deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2015 are as follow:

	O	utflows	In	ıflows
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	8,272	\$	_
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-
Investment				50,472
Assumption change		_		
Total	\$	8,272	\$	50,472

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Projected Salary Increases	N/A
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.25%
Mortality Rates -	
Healthy	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-
	distinct rates, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year
	for females
Disabled	RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table - unisex rates
Plan Termination Basis	1994 Group Annuity Reserving Unisex Table

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Nominal Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	50.00%	5.95%	9.20%
International equity	15.00%	6.45%	9.70%
Fixed income	25.00%	1.55%	4.80%
Real estate	10.00%	3.75%	7.00%
Cash	0.00%		
Total	100.00%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the City will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability
To Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u>

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (899,145) \$	(990,683)	\$(1,068,205)

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS, (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

Pension Plan Net Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued City of Snellville Retirement Plan financial report.

15. EARLY RETIREMENT PLAN

2010 Early Retirement Incentive -

In 2010 the City put together offers for employees as an early retirement incentive. To be eligible for the early retirement incentives, employees must (1) have attained the age of 55; (2) have worked for the City at least ten years; (3) have worked a minimum of 100 days during the year; and (4) have not received an official notice of layoff or termination. Employees could choose between 5 different plans, some of which offered pension contributions as a percentage of salary per year until age 65, health insurance premiums covered by the City until age 65, 6 months payout of salary, and payouts of vacation and sick leave benefits. The total liability to the City at the start of the program was \$399,327. Of this total liability for termination benefits, \$84,327 was paid with expendable available financial resources and was therefore recognized in the fund financial statements in fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The remainder was reported in the government-wide financial statements as a long term obligation. Termination benefits are expected to be paid through 2025. Benefits have been calculated using a 6% discount rate of future benefit payments and a 6% inflation rate, if applicable.

	6/30/15	6/30/14
Salary, vacation and sick leave payouts	\$ -	\$ -
Pension contributions	-	-
Medical insurance benefits	134,64	8 125,356
	134,64	8 125,356
Amounts already accrued for selected employees in compensated absences, etc		_
Net termination benefits to accrue Amounts payable with expendable available resources - fund level	134,64	8 125,356
Long-term obligation	\$ 134,64	<u>\$ 125,356</u>

16. DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTE PAYABLE

In June 2011 the Snellville Downtown Development Authority (DDA) obtained financing from a bank for the purchase of approximately 10 acres of land in the City's Town Center Area. The City and the DDA did enter into an intergovernmental agreement whereby the City has guaranteed funding of the debt service of the note through a capital lease obligation. At the end of the capital lease the City will own the land. As a result the DDA has recorded a liability for the note payable and an amount due from the City in the amount of \$697,450. The City has also recorded a liability in the governmental-wide financial statements for the amount due under the intergovernmental agreement. The remaining annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable as of December 31, 2014 (the DDA's fiscal year end) are as follows:

F/Y/E DECEMBER 31,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2015 2016	60,501 524,674	29,160 8,943	89,661 533,617
TOTALS	\$ 585,175	\$ 38,103	\$ 623,278

17. SETTLEMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY STRATEGY LAWSUIT

On February 7, 2012 the City, along with 14 other Gwinnett municipalities, signed a Final Consent Order settling legal action against Gwinnett County in the Service Delivery Strategy (SDS) matter. With the signing of the Order, the County recognized the value of the City provision of certain services (Police, Planning, 911 Dispatch) within the City's boundaries and agreed to a monetary settlement for such provision. The financial impact for F/Y – 12 amounted to a one-time payment in the amount of \$1,331,000 which can be used for General Fund purposes. Annual payment for Police / 911 services in the amount of approximately \$500,000 will be received for the next six years according to the final agreement. The City will also receive an annual payment of approximately \$220,000 from the County that the City may use to finance operations.

18. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The City implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the City of Snellville Retirement Plan (SRP). This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This Statement also requires enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by pension plans that are within its scope.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 had the following effect:

·	Governmental Activities		
Net position, June 30, 2014 Recognition of deferred pension outflows Recognition of net pension asset	\$	40,263,465 8,158 805,439	
Restated net position, June 30, 2014	\$	41,077,062	

19. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures, as a part of the combined statements - overview, of certain information concerning individual funds including-

- A. Deficit fund balances or retained earnings balances of individual funds –The City's LCI Fund at June 30, 2015 had a deficit fund balance of \$501,071. Management expects to finance the deficit through future intergovernmental revenues under the LCI grant.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds are as follows:

The City's General Fund had two departmental expenditures which materially (if both over 5% and greater than \$10,000) exceeded their corresponding appropriations as follow:

	Budget				
	Final	Actual	Variance		
General Fund -					
Police	\$ 4,243,361	\$ 4,621,531	\$ (378,170)		
Hotel / Motel Tax Fund -					
Economic Development	95,020	130,399	(35,379)		
Urban Redevelopment Agency					
Debt Service	-	381,181	(381,181)		

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Eiscal Year End 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	117 (Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required) (73) (71) (77)	158 102 171) (Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required) 122) 127 127 1287 1287 1287	(Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required)
cal Year End	or to implemen	or to implemer	or to implemen
	nformation pric	nformation pric	nformation pric
	(Historical i	(Historical i	(Historical i
2014			
2015	\$ 67,317 (45,378) (12,445) (60,071) (50,577) 898,648 \$ 848,071	\$ 8,158 192,902 (60,071) (6,322) 134,667 1,704,087 \$ 1,838,754	\$ (990,683)
	T Lifty	on uning	on age
	Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net changes in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - Plan fiduciary net position - ending	Net Pension Liability Net pension liability Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered-employee payroll Net pension liability as a percentage
٠	Total Pension Liabilit Service cost Interest Differences between expected a actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net changes in total pension liability - beginni Total pension liability - ending	Plan Fiduciary Ne Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other Net change in fiduciary n Plan fiduciary net positio	Net Pension Lial Net pension liability Plan's fiduciary net positio percentage of the total liability Covered-employee payroll Net pension liability as a p

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year End	ar End				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contributions	8,272									
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	(8,272)		(Histori	(Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 67/68 is not required)	on prior to in	nplementatio	n of GASB 6	7/68 is not re	quired)	
Covered-employee payroll	•									
employee payroll	0.00%									

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating the actuarially determined calculations are as follow:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period N

Asset Valuation Method Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash

flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year.

The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be

within 20% of market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment Rate of Return7.75%Projected Salary IncreasesN/ACost of Living Adjustments3.25%

Mortality Rates -

Healthy RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-

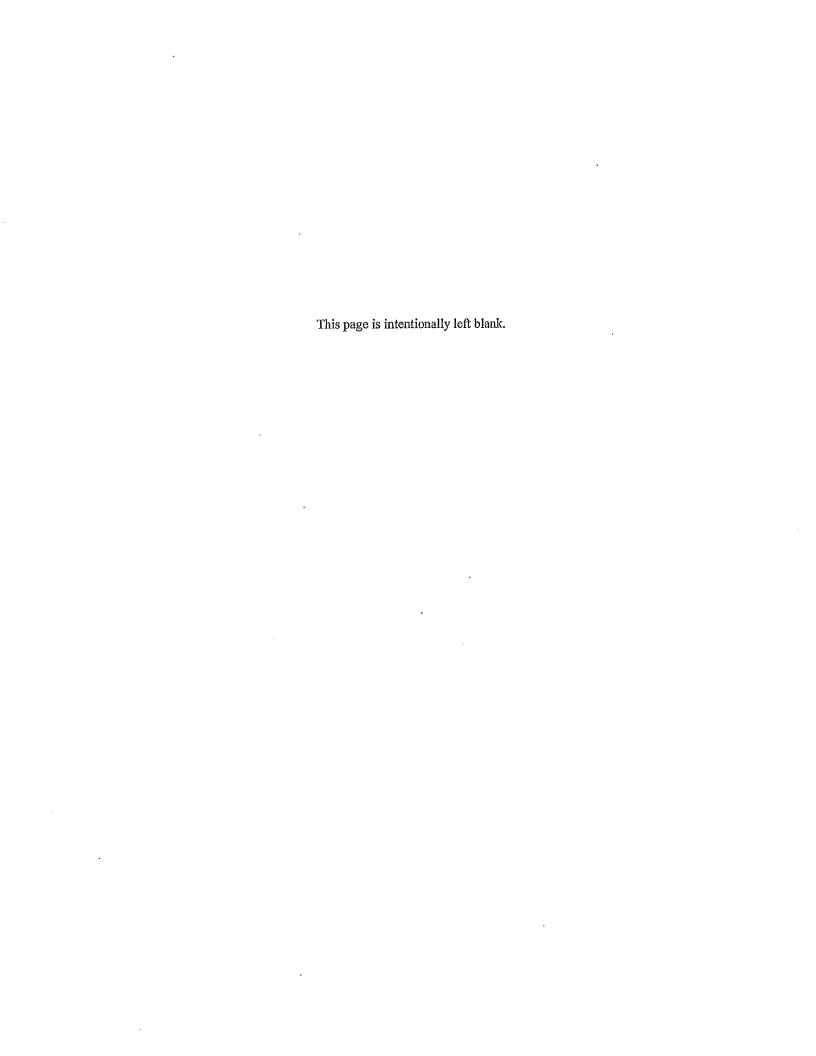
distinct rates, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year

for females

Disabled Retiree Mortality Table - unisex rates

Plan Termination Basis 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Unisex Table

No significant factors changed that significantly affected trends in the amounts reported such as changes in benefit terms, the size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms, or assumptions used.



CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	SPECIAL RI			L REVENUE FUNDS			
		FISCATED ASSETS FUND		TREE BANK FUND		HOTEL/MOTEL FUND	
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	116,557	\$	110,935	\$	30,238	
Investments	•	´-		·		-	
Receivables-							
Taxes		-		-		11,907	
Accounts		-		-			
Grants		_		-		-	
Due from other funds		-					
Total Assets	\$	116,557	\$	110,935	<u>\$</u>	42,145	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			,				
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,314	\$	-	\$	24,723	
Due from other funds		2,500				-	
Unearned revenues		13,651					
Total Liabilities		18,465		-		24,723	
Fund Balance							
Restricted -							
Police Activities		98,092		-		-	
Tree Bank Activities		-		110,935		-	
Economic Development		-		-		17,422	
Capital Projects		-		-		•	
Unassigned		_		-		-	
Total Fund Balance		98,092		110,935		17,422	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	116,557	\$	110,935	\$	42,145	

CAPITAL PROJECTS

		JECT: JNDS	S		TOTAL		
CITY CENTER FUND]	POLICE CILITIES FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
\$	_	\$	443,925	\$	701,655		
	-		-		-		
	_		_		11,907		
	_		-		-		
	-		-				
\$	-	\$	443,925	\$	713,562		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,037		
	-		-		2,500 13,651		
			-		43,188		
	-		-		98,092		
	-		-		110,935 17,422		
	_		443,925		443,925		
	-		-		-		
			443,925		670,374		
\$		\$	443,925	\$	713,562		

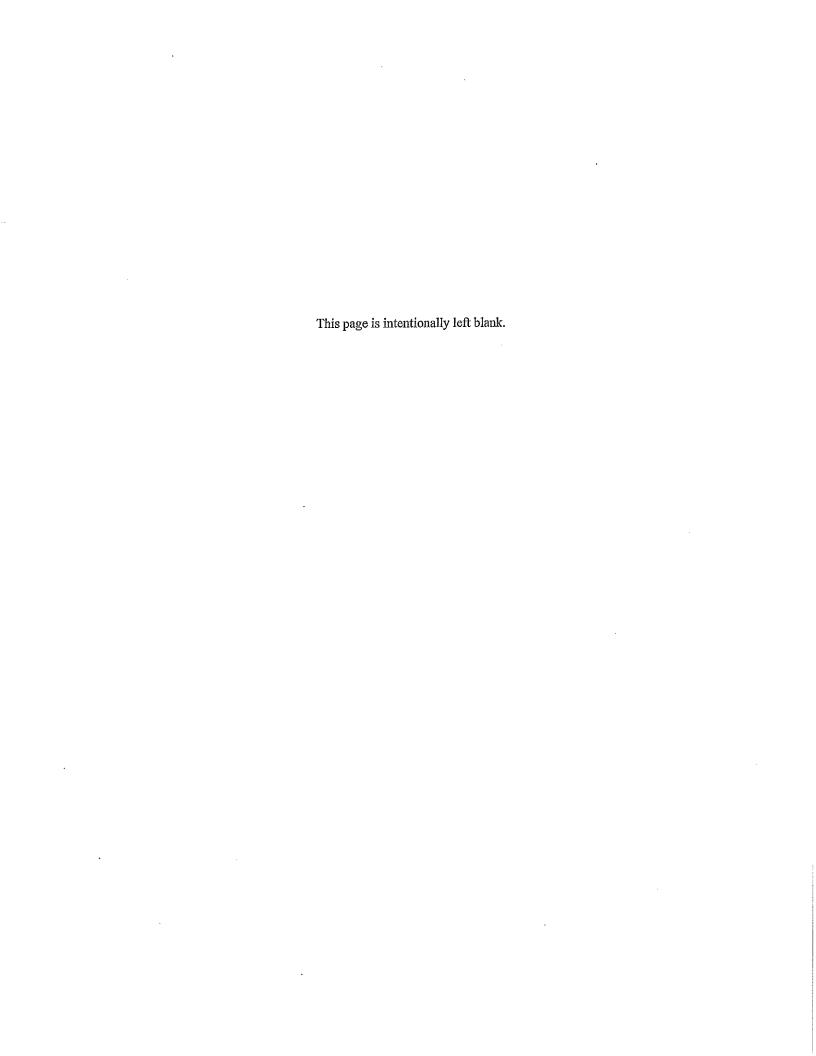
CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		SPECIAL REV			EVENUE FUNDS		
	A	CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND		TREE BANK FUND		OTEL / TEL TAX FUND	
REVENUES							
Confiscations	\$	97,648	\$	-	\$	-	
Tree Bank Bonds		-		-			
Taxes		- 1		-		130,399	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	
Interest		66		54		20	
Miscellaneous				-		-	
Total Operating Revenues		97,714	,	54		130,419	
EXPENDITURES							
Current -							
Police Activities	•	12,916		-		-	
Tree Bank		-		-		-	
Economic Development		-		-		130,399	
Tourism and Promotion		· -		-		-	
Highways and Streets		-		-		-	
Capital -							
Police		72,156		-		-	
Highways and Streets		-		-		-	
Debt service -							
Principal		-		_		_	
Interest		_		-		_	
11101050	*						
Total Expenditures		85,072				130,399	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures		12,642		54		20	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers		<u> </u>		-	,	(954)	
Net Changes in Fund Balances		12,642		54		(934)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 .	85,450		110,881		18,356	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	98,092	\$	110,935	\$	17,422	

CAP	ITAL PR		S FUNDS		TOTAL
	CITY		POLICE		N-MAJOR
	NTER JND	FA	CILITIES FUND		ERNMENTAL FUNDS
	71417		TUND		PONDS
\$	_	\$	-	\$	97,648
•	-	Ψ	-	*	
	-		-		130,399
	-		- 0.54		-
	-		254		394
			254	_	228,441
	-		_		12,916
	-		-		120,200
	<u>-</u>				130,399
	_		_		
	-		-		72,156
	-		-		-
	_		_		-
	_		_		-
					
					215,471
•					
	-		254		12,970
	_		_		(954)
					(/31)
	-		254		12,016
			443,671		658,358
\$	_	\$	443,925	\$	670,374
<u>¥</u>		Ψ	110,720	Ψ	0,0,0,1

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015	-	2014
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	6,305,298	\$	5,728,833
Investments		216,102		215,838
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		0.00 2.0000	=	
Taxes		225,088		241,941
Fines		92,786		184,139
Accounts		7,307		12,893
Intergovernmental		-		-
Due from other funds		2,974		118,110
Prepaid items	-	99,285	-	99,730
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,948,840	\$	6,601,484
Đ				
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	622,670	\$	330,492
Accrued expenses -		t vertical at the transfer of		and the second s
Salaries		153,396		139,942
Deposits		23,328		19,529
Police bonds and court fees		58,678		94,096
Other				1/2
Due to other funds		321,805		n=
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,179,877	10.	584,059
Deferred Inflows:				
Unavailable revenues	_	64,007		153,175
Fund Equity:				
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable -				
Prepaids		99,285		99,730
Restricted -				
Economic development		28,429		-
Assigned -				
Appropriations for next year's budget		5 577 242	*	5 764 520
Unassigned	-	5,577,242	()	5,764,520
Total Fund Equity	-	5,704,956		5,864,250
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFEERED INFLOWS,				
AND FUND EQUITY	\$	6,948,840	\$	6,601,484



CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	JUNE 30, 2015							
	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2014	
REVENUES:								
Taxes -				·				
Property	\$	3,039,400	\$	3,090,178	\$	50,778	\$	2,906,834
Motor vehicle		120,000		92,310		(27,690)		128,660
Title advalorem		420,000		466,579		46,579		546,550
Franchise		1,270,000		1,284,366		14,366		1,237,933
Alcohol beverage		325,000		329,914		4,914		325,193
Insurance premium		941,000		985,119		44,119		940,995
Business occupational		725,000		789,148		64,148		770,014
Excise		72,000		89,096		17,096		2,298
Intangible		40,000		44,118		4,118		44,188
Transfer		12,500		16,699		4,199		16,530
Financial institution		85,000		71,305		(13,695)		75,727
Total Taxes		7,049,900		7,258,832		208,932		6,994,922
Business Licenses and Permits -								
Alcohol licenses		90,000		96,745		6,745		86,422
Other business licenses		35,000		32,400		(2,600)		32,850
Building permits		62,000		76,369		14,369		101,734
Inspection permits		12,000		14,030		2,030		15,360
Sign permits		5,000		4,011		(989)		6,290
Site development		2,000		3,857		1,857		1,230
Other permits		5,050		6,776		1,726		6,982
Total Business Licenses and Permits		211,050		234,188		23,138		250,868
Intergovernmental -								
County E-911 assistance	•	-		_		-		-
County SDS Settlement		220,000		220,229		229		220,229
COPS Grant		_		3,032		3,032		43,037
LMIG program		140,000		136,547		(3,453)		138,564
Other		-		_		· ·		_
Total Intergovernmental		360,000		359,808		(192)		401,830

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		JUNE 30, 2015						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2014				
REVENUES - Continued:								
Charges for Services -								
Recreational activities	\$ 160,:	550 \$ 140,207	\$ (20,343)	\$ 148,010				
E911 fees	551,0	000 584,188	33,188	655,276				
Public safety fees	77,0	000 81,591	4,591	74,569				
Planning and zoning fees	32,0	000 46,217	14,217	41,076				
Other		-		720				
Total Charges for Services	820,	852,203	31,653	919,651				
Fines and Forfeitures	1,800,5	500 1,981,809	181,309	1,747,708				
Investment Income	3,5	3,459	(41)	3,434				
Rental Income	81,7	700 99,934	18,234	96,583				
Other -								
Reimbursements	3,5	500 2,900	(600)	4,390				
Donations	•		-	1,000				
Penalties and interest	25,0	18,009	(6,991)	16,648				
Miscellaneous	1,6	2,261	661	1,510				
Total Other	30,1	23,170	(6,930)	23,548				
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 10,357,3	900 \$ 10,813,403	\$ 456,103	<u>\$ 10,438,544</u>				

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET BASIS AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		JUNE 30, 2015							
CURRENT EXPENDITURES:		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2014	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	ф	27.140	d)	22.058	m	. 4.100	ø	30,368	
Governing Body	\$	37,140	\$	32,958	\$	4,182	\$	93,102	
City Clerk		85,691		104,383		(18,692) (1,556)		93,102	
Mayor		8,794		10,350		966		161,039	
City Manager		173,493		172,527 240		(240)		4,414	
Elections		007.772		909,360		17,313		978,110	
General Administration		926,673		•		66,286		79,981	
Accounting		82,031		15,745		00,280 186		66,321	
IT Administration		67,753		67,567		1,961		27,110	
Public Information Officer		50,442		48,481 57,495		(2,503)		73,492	
Human Resources	house	54,992							
Total General Government	*********	1,487,009		1,419,106		67,903		1,523,638	
MUNICIPAL COURT									
Judicial		703,573		723,097		(19,524)		645,907	
POLICE									
Administration		602,768		596,679		6,089		690,363	
Criminal Investigation		578,752		550,381		28,371		474,160	
Patrol		2,255,272		2,286,894		(31,622)		2,225,062	
Records		105,086		109,996		(4,910)		104,468	
Dispatch		551,011		528,854		22,157		516,706	
Public Relations						-		-	
Total Police		4,092,889		4,072,804		20,085		4,010,759	
PUBLIC WORKS									
Highways and Streets		728,169		701,667		26,502		684,614	
Paved Streets		199,176		188,671		10,505		196,764	
Maintenance		53,660		54,120		(460)		52,460	
Total Public Works		981,005		944,458		36,547		933,838	

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	JUNE 30, 2015							
	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2014	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES - Continued								
PARKS AND RECREATION								
Administration .	\$	292,334	\$	281,849	\$	10,485	\$	303,863
Participant Recreation		53,664		50,376		3,288		44,656
Park Areas		249,970		235,320		14,650		206,290
Senior Participants		143,218		142,279		939		150,817
Total Parks and Recreation		739,186	_	709,824		29,362	_	705,626
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT								
Planning and Zoning		414,331		380,462		33,869		380,647
Economic Development		184,527		173,772		10,755		101,675
•		598,858	_	554,234		44,624	_	482,322
Total Community Development		370,030	******	334,234		44,024		402,322
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES		8,602,520	_	8,423,523		178,997	,	8,302,090
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
General Government		105,000		72,344		32,656		91,265
Police		150,472		548,727		(398,255)		122,970
Public Works		277,600		208,077		69,523		446,464
Parks and Recreation		25,000		34,284		(9,284)		71,556
Court		-		-		-		-
Community Development		-				-		
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	_	558,072		863,432		(305,360)		732,255
DEBT SERVICE		•						
Principal		36,100		40,053		(3,953)		38,748
Interest		23,942		20,038		3,904		21,293
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE		60,042		60,091		(49)		60,041
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	9,220,634	\$	9,347,046	<u>\$</u>	(126,412)	<u>\$</u>	9,094,386

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

A CCIPTEC	2015			2014		
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	116,557	\$	99,477		
Grant receivable		-		7,998		
Due from other funds		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	116,557	\$	107,475		
		·				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	2,314	\$	10,068		
Due to other funds		2,500		2,500		
Unearned revenues	·	13,651		9,457		
Total Liabilities		18,465		22,025		
Fund Balance						
Restricted for police activities	<u> </u>	98,092		85,450		
Total Fund Balance		98,092		85,450		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	116,557	\$	107,475		

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

JUNE 30, 2015

	BUDGET AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL				ARIANCE IH FINAL	ACTUAL				
				FINAL		ACTUAL.		BUDGET		JUNE 30, 2014
REVENUES										· <u> </u>
Confiscations	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	97,648	\$	57,648	\$	60,445
Interest		50		50		66		16		56
Grants		-						-		7,998
Total Revenues		40,050		40,050		97,714		57,664		68,499
EXPENDITURES										
Police Activities -										
Current		35,000		35,000		12,916		22,084		9,410
Capital		82,000	_	82,000		72,156		9,844		96,327
Total Expenditures		117,000		117,000		85,072		31,928	***************************************	105,737
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(76,950)		(76,950)		12,642		89,592		(37,238)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers				-		-				H
Total				-						
Net Change in Fund Balance		(76,950)		(76,950)		12,642		89,592		(37,238)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		85,450		85,450		85,450				122,688
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	98,092	\$	89,592	\$	85,450

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

TREE BANK FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Cash Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 110,935 - -	\$ 110,881
Total Assets	\$ 110,935	\$ 110,881
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
Total Liabilities	-	-
Fund Balance Restricted for Tree Bank activities	110,935	110,881
Total Fund Balance	110,935	110,881
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 110,935	\$ 110,881

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

TREE BANK FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 WITH COMPARABLE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				JUNE	30, 20	15				
		BUDGET AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL		,	ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2014	
	<u></u>									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REVENUES										
Tree Bank bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		50		50		54		4		59
Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000	_	-	-	(25,000)		
Total Revenues		25,050		25,050		54		(24,996)		59
EXPENDITURES										
Current -										
Community Development -										
Tree Bank		25,050		25,050		•		25,050		159
Capital -										
City Center		-				4				-
Total Expenditures	·····	25,050		25,050				25,050		159
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		-		-		54		54		(100)
							************			<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers				-		-		-		
Total		_				-		_		-
10111			-				,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		54		54		(100)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		110,881		110,881		110,881		**		110,981
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	110,881	\$	110,881	\$	110,935	\$	54	\$	110,881

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	30,238	\$	32,870
Receivables - Taxes		11,907	***	12,692
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	42,145	\$	45,562
·				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				*** ** * * * * * * *
Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	24,723	\$	27,206
Total Liabilities	,	24,723	www.walde.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.	27,206
Fund balance	•			
Restricted for economic development		17,422		18,356
Total Fund Balance		17,422		18,356
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	42,145	\$	45,562

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA HOTEL / MOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

JUNE 30, 2015

(954)

(934)

(934)

16

18,340

18,356

(954)

(934)

18,356

17,422

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

BUDGET AMOUNTS VARIANCE WITH FINAL **ACTUAL** BUDGET JUNE 30, 2014 ACTUAL. **ORIGINAL FINAL** REVENUES 95,000 95,000 130,399 35,399 133,949 Taxes \$ Interest 20 20 20 16 **Donations Total Revenues** 95,020 95,020 130,419 35,399 133,965 **EXPENDITURES** Current -Economic Development-6,000 12,000 Contracted services 6,000 6,000 Payments to others 89,020 89,020 130,399 (41,379)121,949 Tourism and Promotion-Contracted services Cemetery Fence Total Expenditures 130,399 (35,379)133,949 95,020 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 20 20 16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (954)(954)

Total

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance - End of Year

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year

18,356

18,356

18,356

18,356

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA LCI GRANT FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015			2014
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	2,176	\$	270,220
Accounts receivable Grant receivable	<u></u>	1,012,356		107,145
Total Assets	\$	1,014,532	\$	377,365
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities			•	107.005
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	286,813 216,434	\$	107,025 216,434
Due to other funds		-		
Total Liabilities	,	503,247		323,459
Deferred Inflows				
Unavailable grant revenues		1,012,356		107,145
Fund Balance				
Restricted for capital projects		- (501.071)		(53,239)
Unassigned		(501,071)		(33,439)
Total Fund Balance	,	(501,071)		(53,239)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	1,014,532	\$	377,365

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA LCI GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUDGET AMOUNTS							VARIANCE	
		RIGINAL		<u>FINAL</u>		ACTUAL		WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES									
LCI grant	\$	2,022,328	\$	2,022,328	\$	1,009,972	\$	(1,012,356)	
Interest		500		500		58		(442)	
Reimbursements		<u> </u>		-		-			
Total Revenues		2,022,828		2,022,828	_	1,010,030		(1,012,798)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current -									
Contract services		100,000		100,000		-		100,000	
Capital -									
Construction		2,397,113		2,397,113		2,487,549		(90,436)	
Reimbursements	*******	<u> </u>		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		2,497,113		2,497,113	house	2,487,549		9,564	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(474,285)	<u> </u>	(474,285)		(1,477,519)		(1,003,234)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers		220 000		220.000		1 020 697		709,687	
Transfers		320,000		320,000		1,029,687		709,007	
Total		320,000		320,000		1,029,687		709,687	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(154,285)		(154,285)		(447,832)	•	(293,547)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		(53,239)		(53,239)		(53,239)		el .	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	(207,524)	\$	(207,524)	\$	(501,071)	<u>\$</u>	(293,547)	

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA POLICE FACILITIES FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Cash Accrued interest receivable	\$ 443,925 	\$ 443,671
Total Assets	\$ 443,925	<u>\$ 443,671</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
Total Liabilities		
Fund balance		
Restricted for capital projects	443,925	443,671
Total Fund Balance	. 443,925	443,671
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 443,925	\$ 443,671

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA POLICE FACILITIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION
REVENUES				
Investment income Miscellaneous income	\$ 16,691	\$ 254	\$ 16,945	\$ -
Total Revenues	16,691	254	16,945	_
EXPENDITURES Capital				
Police facilities	5,827,044	_	5,827,044	6,245,458
Public works facilities	1,201,434	_	1,201,434	1,200,000
Debt Service	1,201,757	···	1,201,131	-
Issue cost on debt	59,542	_	59,542	59,542
Total Expenditures	7,088,020		7,088,020	7,505,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(7,071,329)	254	(7,071,075)	(7,505,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from long-term debt Transfers	7,505,000 10,000	-	7,505,000 10,000	7,505,000
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	7,515,000		7,515,000	7,505,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 443,671	254	\$ 443,925	\$
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year		443,671		
End of year		\$ 443,925		

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST I CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

ASSETS	2	2015		
AGGETG				
Cash	\$	266,312	\$	720,409
Taxes receivable Due from other funds		_		-
Due from other funds		<u></u>	-	
Total Assets	\$	266,312	\$	720,409
			•	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities	•			
Accounts payable	\$	41,540	\$	
Total Liabilities		41,540		
Fund Balance	^			
Restricted for capital outlay	,	224,772		720,409
Total Fund Balance		224,772		720,409
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	266,312	\$	720,409

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST I CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIOR YEARS		CURRENT YEAR		 TOTAL TO DATE		PROJECT HORIZATION
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,688,		\$	-	\$ 11,688,581	\$	11,056,158
Interest	299,			314	299,532		
Reimbursements	153,	<u>615</u>			 153,615		
Total Revenues	12,141,	<u>414</u>		314	12,141,728		11,056,158
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay							
Transportation	3,593,	532		495,951	4,089,483		4,056,158
Public Safety	4,162,	723		-	4,162,723		5,000,000
Cultural, Historic, & Recreation	3,357,	304		-	3,357,304		2,000,000
Debt Service							
Principal	1,236,	926		-	1,236,926		-
Interest	53,	328			53,328		
Total Expenditures	12,403,8	813		495,951	 12,899,764	***************************************	11,056,158
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(262,3	399)		(495,637)	(758,036)		-
Other financing							
sources (uses)							
Transfers	982,8	308			 982,808		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over							·
(under) other financing uses	\$ 720,4	09		(495,637)	\$ 224,772	\$	-
FUND BALANCE Beginning				720,409			
Ending			<u> </u>	224,772			
•			-				

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST II CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015	 2014
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	211,519	\$ 3,594,700
Intergovernmental receivable		-	-
Due from other funds		-	
Total Assets	\$	211,519	\$ 3,594,700
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	186,948	\$ 110,450
Due to other funds	<u> </u>	-	
Total Liabilities		186,948	 110,450
Fund Balance			
Restricted for capital outlay		24,571	 3,484,250
Total Fund Balance		24,571	3,484,250
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	211,519	\$ 3,594,700

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST II CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 13,708,477 10,467	\$ - 1,041	\$ 13,708,477 11,508	\$ 16,027,928
Total Revenues	13,718,944	1,041	13,719,985	16,027,928
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay - Road, Streets and Bridges Public Safety Facilities and Equipment Recreational Facilities Administrative Facilities Debt Service - Public Safety	1,155,684 331,053 1,805,391	115,527 - 2,540,469 -	1,271,211 331,053 4,345,860	2,083,631 6,411,172 5,930,332 1,602,793
Principal Interest	5,474,625 477,633	793,448 11,276	6,268,073 488,909	-
Total Expenditures	9,244,386	3,460,720	12,705,106	16,027,928
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,474,558	(3,459,679)	1,014,879	-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers	(990,308)		(990,308)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) other financing uses	\$ 3,484,250	(3,459,679)	\$ 24,571	\$
FUND BALANCE Beginning		3,484,250		
Ending		\$ 24,571		

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST III CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	***************************************	2015		2014
ASSETS				
Cash Intergovernmental receivable Other receivable Due from other funds	\$	2,785,330 475,673 9,000 14,990	\$	216,570 459,218
Total Assets	\$	3,284,993	\$	675,788
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	316,530	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		316,530	·····	-
Fund Balance Restricted for capital outlay		2,968,463		675,788
Total Fund Balance		2,968,463		675,788
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,284,993	\$	675,788

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST III CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIOR YEARS		CURRENT YEAR		OTAL TO DATE		PROJECT HORIZATION
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 675,800 8	\$	3,022,591 761	\$	3,698,391 769	\$	9,556,219
Total Revenues	 675,808		3,023,352		3,699,160		9,556,219
EXPENDITURES							
Current -							
Administrative	20		269		289		-
Capital Outlay -							
Administrative facilities	-		-		-		449,143
Voting equipment	-		-		-		19,112
Public safety facilities & equipment	-		9,950		9,950		535,148
Recreational facilities & equipment	-		328,975		328,975		2,150,149
Roads, streets, bridges, drainage,			_				
sidewalks and related facilities	-		289,822		289,822		6,402,667
Debt Service - Public Safety:							
Principal	-		101,661		101,661		-
Interest							<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	 20		730,677	*****	730,697		9,556,219
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	675,788		2,292,675		2,968,463		-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers	 Serv and a distribute of the service of the servi	,,,,,,,,,,		Annonemen	-	B.III.	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) other financing uses	\$ 675,788		2,292,675	\$	2,968,463	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE Beginning			675,788				
Ending		\$	2,968,463				•

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF SNELLVILLE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	17,403	\$	17,458
Investment	·			**
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	17,403	<u>\$</u>	17,458
			,	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$		<u>\$</u>	
Total Liabilities		-	*	
Fund balance				
Assigned - Redevelopment		17,403		17,458
Total Fund Balance		17,403		17,458
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	17,403	\$	17,458

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF SNELLVILLE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH COMPARABLE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

JUNE 30, 2015 **BUDGET AMOUNTS** VARIANCE WITH FINAL ACTUAL **ORIGINAL** FINAL ACTUAL BUDGET JUNE 30, 2014 REVENUES Taxes Interest 8 8 8 Miscellaneous 64 Total Revenues 8 8 72 **EXPENDITURES** Current -Economic Development-Contracted services 2,614 Debt Service-Principal 332,000 (332,000)319,000 Interest 49,189 (49,189)62,015 Bond issue cost **Total Expenditures** 381,189 (381,189)383,629 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (381, 181)(381,181)(383,557)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Debt issue Payment to refunded debt agent Transfers 381,126 381,126 381,015 Total 381,126 381,126 381,015 Net Change in Fund Balance (2,542)(55)(55)Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 20,000 17,458 17,458 17,458

17,458

\$

17,458

17,403

(55)

17,458

Fund Balance - End of Year

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 194,307	\$ 23,034
Receivables (net of reserve for doubtful accounts of \$113,300 in 2015 and \$113,000 in 2014)		r
Trade accounts	51,181	68,215
Unbilled sales	119,050	110,802
Total Current Assets	364,538	202,051
Property, plant and equipment:	â	
Buildings	577,673	577,673
Machinery and equipment	227,846	227,846
Vehicles	21,118	21,118
Land improvements	1,188,252	1,188,251
	2,014,889	2,014,888
Less accumulated depreciation	(805,205)	(749,708)
	1,209,684	1,265,180
	•	
Total Assets	1,574,222	1,467,231
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	151,155	145,608
Customer deposits	6,218	7,693
Accrued liabilities -		
Payroll	3,630	9,068
Due to other funds	474	-
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	161,477	162,369
Long-term obligations	-	-
Total Liabilities	161,477	162,369
NET DOCTTION		
NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets	1,209,684	1,265,180
Unrestricted	203,061	39,682
Officerificial	200,001	25,002
Total Net Position	\$ 1,412,745	\$ 1,304,862

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Solid waste	\$ 1,427,671	\$ 1,346,967
Recycling	92,745	92,966
Penalties	15,860	16,770
Miscellaneous	32,354	5,506
Total Operating Revenues	1,568,630	1,462,209
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Solid waste operations -		
Purchases of product/service	1,795,877	1,735,563
Salaries and benefits	44,430	34,365
Contracted / purchased services	9,568	7,326
Bad debt expense	-	5,500
Recycling operations -		•
Salaries and benefits	90,838	105,277
Contracted / purchased services	80,152	78,895
Supplies	9,947	8,306
Depreciation	55,496	58,379
Total Operating Expenses	2,086,308	2,033,611
Operating Income (Loss)	(517,678)	(571,402)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES):		
Interest revenue	117	81
Net income (loss) before transfers		
and capital contributions	(517,561)	(571,321)
Transfers in	625,444	527,107
Capital contributions		***
NET INCOME	107,883	(44,214)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,304,862	1,349,076
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,412,745	\$ 1,304,862

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 1,575,941 (1,939,241) (91,462)	\$ 1,495,504 (2,019,921) (101,534)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(454,762)	(625,951)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	117	81
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	117	81
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Transfers Change in due to/from other funds	625,444 474	527,107
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-capital Financing Activities	625,918	527,107
Cash flows from capital financing activities: Purchase and construction of capital assets		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital Financing Activities	-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	171,273	(98,763)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of Year	23,034	121,797
Cash and cash equivalents - End of Year	\$ 194,307	\$ 23,034

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND - CONTINUED

Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities

	2015	2014
Operating income (loss)	\$ (517,678)	\$ (571,402)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	55,496	58,379
(Increase) decrease in receivables	8,786	32,824
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	5,547	(148,839)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(1,475)	471
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(5,438)	2,616
Total Adjustments	62,916	(54,549)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (454,762)	\$ (625,951)

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 567,395	\$ 814,638
Receivables		
Trade accounts	19,452	15,674
Due from other funds	306,815	-
Prepaid tax billing fees		-
Total Current Assets	893,662	830,312
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Infrastructure	1,634,054	1,208,400
Equipment	252,189	243,089
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(134,610)	(83,959)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	1,751,633	1,367,530
Total Assets	2,645,295	2,197,842
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	342,671	19,570
Accounts payable	342,071	12,570
Accrued expenses - Salaries	9,499	1,931
Interest	201	399
Due to other funds	201	115,610
Capital lease payable	55,455	54,272
Capital lease payable	33,133	
Total Current Liabilities	407,826	191,782
Long-term Obligations		55,454
Total Liabilities	407,826	247,236
NET POSITION		
Net invested in capital assets	1,696,178	1,257,804
Unrestricted	541,291	692,802
Total Net Position	\$ 2,237,469	\$ 1,950,606

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Stormwater utility fees	\$ 534,735	\$ 538,136	
Penalties	2,822	3,467	
Miscellaneous			
Total Operating Revenues	537,557	541,603	
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries and benefits	109,503	100,744	
Contracted / purchased services	86,916	110,558	
Supplies	1,787	4,898	
Depreciation	50,651	45,740	
Total Operating Expenses	248,857	261,940	
Operating Income (Loss)	288,700	279,663	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES):			
Interest revenue	358	358	
Interest expense	(2,195)	(3,345)	
Net income (loss) before transfers			
and capital contributions	286,863	276,676	
Transfers			
NET INCOME	286,863	276,676	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,950,606	1,673,930	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 2,237,469	\$ 1,950,606	

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 533,779 (122,712) (71,156)	\$ 539,241 (148,598) (70,110)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	339,911	320,533
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	358	358
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	358	358
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Transfers	(422,426)	26,805
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-capital Financing Activities	(422,426)	26,805
Cash flows from capital financing activities: Proceeds from debt issue Principal payments Interest payments Purchase and construction of capital assets	(54,271) (2,392) (108,423)	(53,114) (3,549) (393,737)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital Financing Activities	(165,086)	(450,400)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(247,243)	(102,704)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of Year	814,638	917,342
Cash and cash equivalents - End of Year	\$ 567,395	\$ 814,638

CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND - CONTINUED

Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities

·	2015	2014
Operating income (loss)	\$ 288,700	\$ 279,663
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided		
by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	50,651	45,740
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(3,778)	(2,362)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	.	+
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(3,230)	(3,094)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	7,568	586
Total Adjustments	51,211	40,870
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 339,911</u>	\$ 320,533

SNELLVILLE DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

		2014	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2013
ASSETS				
Cash Investment Due from primary government - long term	\$	3,347 60,148 595,391	\$	32,507 59,929 604,810
Total Assets	\$	658,886	\$	697,246
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities Accrued interest	\$	10,216	\$	
Total Liabilities		10,216		-
Fund balance Nonspendable - Long-term portion of amount due from primary government Unrestricted		565,370 83,300		604,810 92,436
Total Fund Balance		648,670		697,246
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	658,886	\$	697,246

SNELLVILLE DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	2013
REVENUES		
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	20,856	22,512
Total Revenues	20,856	22,512
EXPENDITURES		
Current-		
Consultant	28,250	3,258
Promotion	-	**
Training	932	-
Capital-		
Land purchase	-	-
Debt service -	10.625	29.070
Principal Interest	19,635 20,615	38,079 21,962
Interest	20,013	21,902
Total Expenditures	69,432	63,299
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	(48,576)	(40,787)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from debt issuance	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>
Sale of capital assets		-
Net change in fund balance	(48,576)	(40,787)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	697,246	738,033
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 648,670	\$ 697,246

SNELLVILLE ARTS COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	2015
ASSETS	
Cash Investment	\$ 6,532
Total Assets	\$ 6,532
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>
Total Liabilities	
Fund balance Unrestricted	6,532
Total Fund Balance	6,532
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 6,532

SNELLVILLE ARTS COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	2015
REVENUES Contributions Fund raisers	\$ 3,125 2,987
Total Revenues	6,112
EXPENDITURES	
Current- Supplies	2,117
Total Expenditures	2,117
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,995
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Other	
Net change in fund balance	3,995
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,537
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 6,532