FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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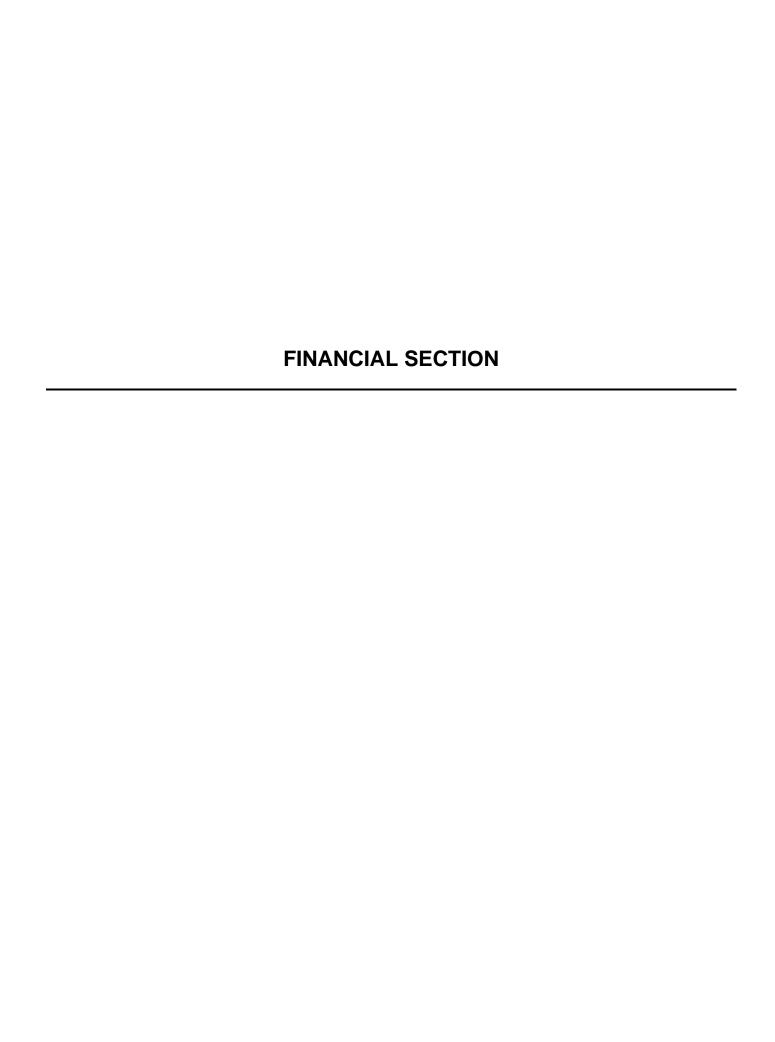
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Social Circle, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Social Circle, Georgia** as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Social Circle, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Social Circle, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Social Circle, Georgia as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1, the City of Social Circle, Georgia implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as of July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Social Circle, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 – 10 and Schedules of Funding Progress on page 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Social Circle, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-21, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia December 5, 2011

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Social Circle, Georgia we present management's analysis of the City's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This information should be read and considered in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2011 by \$19,844,908 (total net assets).
- Of this amount, \$4,910,896 (unrestricted net assets) was available for use to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$881,735.
- At the close of fiscal year 2011 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,780,262. Of this amount, \$839,000 or 47.13% is available for spending at the government's discretion (Unassigned fund balance). The remaining balance of \$941,262, is allocated as \$505,823 (Non spendable), \$348,058 (Restricted) and \$87,381 (Assigned).

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the City of Social Circle's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A should be read and considered with the basic audited financial statements and supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to commercial enterprises.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected property taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and housing and development. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, natural gas, and solid waste management.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Government funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and SPLOST Fund, which are considered major funds. The data from the three other funds, the non-major funds, is aggregated into a single presentation. The individual fund data for these funds is located in the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement for this fund has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The City also adopted an annual budget for its special revenue funds. Project length budgets were adopted for the capital project fund. Budgetary comparisons for the nonmajor funds are included as supplementary information.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste operations, water and sewer system operations and its natural gas system operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information on the Water and Sewer Fund and the Natural Gas Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The Solid Waste Fund is reported as a nonmajor enterprise fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes provide information about the City's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information regarding the City's obligation in funding pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The assets exceeded the liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2011 by \$19,844,908.

The largest component of net assets, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors, is unrestricted assets in the amount of \$4,910,896 or 24.74%. Restricted assets are Debt Service, \$206,198, Public safety \$1,430, Capital Projects \$285,967 Library Expendable \$60,661, and Library non expendable \$350,000. Another component of the City's net assets is investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding, which comprises \$14,029,756 or 70.70%. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Social Circle Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Tot	tals
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Assets:				<u> </u>		
Current assets	\$ 2,302,356	\$ 2,236,637	\$ 3,961,265	\$ 4,251,340	\$ 6,263,621	\$ 6,487,977
Restricted assets	-	-	737,062	646,192	737,062	646,192
Other assets	-	-	145,658	141,286	145,658	141,286
Capital assets	5,905,394	6,417,940	14,842,311	14,585,510	20,747,705	21,003,450
Total assets	8,207,750	8,654,577	19,686,296	19,624,328	27,894,046	28,278,905
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	344,268	374,072	647,310	542,416	991,578	916,488
Unearned Revenue		27,639	-		-	27,639
Long-term liabilities	392,211	233,525	7,547,084	7,256,345	7,939,295	7,489,870
Total liabilities	736,479	635,236	8,194,394	7,798,761	8,930,873	8,433,997
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	5,580,394	6,238,522	7,849,033	7,791,234	13,429,427	14,029,756
Restricted for						
Capital Projects	-	285,967	-		-	285,967
Debt Service	-	-	205,845	206,198	205,845	206,198
Public Safety		1,430	-	-	-	1,430
Library Expendable	70,761	60,661	-	-	70,761	60,661
Library Nonexpendable	350,000	350,000	-	-	350,000	350,000
Unrestricted	1,470,116	1,082,761	3,437,024	3,828,135	4,907,140	4,910,896
Total net assets	\$ 7,471,271	\$ 8,019,341	\$ 11,491,902	\$ 11,825,567	\$ 18,963,173	\$ 19,844,908

An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$904,256 (0.46 %), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. \$410,661 for the library of which \$350,000 is nonexpendable, \$1,430 for public safety, \$285,967 for capital projects and \$206,198 for revenue bond (water & sewer) reserves.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$548,070 or 62.16% of the total growth in the net assets of the City.

City of Social Circle Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities		Business Type	_	Totals			
	2010	2011		2010	2011	_	2010		2011
Revenues:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· 		·					
Program revenues:									
Charges for service	\$ 300,417	\$ 268,741	\$	5,364,152	\$ 5,362,69	5 \$	5,664,569	\$	5,631,436
Operating grants and contributions	130,100	270,433		-		-	130,100		270,433
Capital grants and contributions	579,411	320,869		1,123,050	77,858	3	1,702,461		398,727
General revenues:									
Property taxes	1,108,849	1,193,573		-		-	1,108,849		1,193,573
Sales tax	564,329	546,131		-		-	564,329		546,131
Other taxes	745,106	825,716		-		-	745,106		825,716
Investment earnings	55,374	35,455		53,923	69,286	3	109,297		104,741
Other	7,796	14,044		-		-	7,796		14,044
Total revenue	3,491,382	3,474,962		6,541,125	5,509,839)	10,032,507		8,984,801
Expenses:									J.
General government	544,623	553,763		-		-	544,623		553,763
Judicial	25,781	22,688		-		-	25,781		22,688
Public safety	1,852,501	1,511,933		-		-	1,852,501		1,511,933
Public works	631,393	487,224		-		-	631,393		487,224
Health & Welfare	67,682	79,973		-		-	67,682		79,973
Culture and recreation	139,683	141,558		-		-	139,683		141,558
Housing and development	54,151	79,878		-		-	54,151		79,878
Interest and fiscal charges	14,551	8,875		=		-	14,551		8,875
Water and sewer	-	-		1,953,089	2,048,097	7	1,953,089		2,048,097
Natural gas	-	-		2,709,901	2,842,450)	2,709,901		2,842,450
Solid waste	-	-		309,972	326,629)	309,972		326,629
Total expenses	3,330,365	2,885,892		4,972,962	5,217,170	3	8,303,327		8,103,068
Increase in net assets before transfers	161,017	589,070		1,568,163	292,66	5	1,729,180		881,735
Transfers	168,620	(41,000))	(168,620)	41,000)	-		-
Increase in net assets	329,637	548,070		1,399,543	333,66	5	1,729,180		881,735
Net assets - beginning	7,141,634	7,471,271		10,092,359	11,491,902	2	17,233,993		18,963,173
Net assets - ending	\$ 7,471,271	\$ 8,019,341	\$	11,491,902	\$ 11,825,567	′\$	18,963,173	\$	19,844,908

Revenues. Property taxes of \$1,193,573 and sales tax of \$546,131 accounted for 50.06% of total general revenues

Operating Grants and contributions consisted of the following:
Board of Education for Resource Officer \$16,500
Housing Authority In Lieu of Taxes\$7,185
Walton county Fire \$52,000
Section 18 Transportation Grant \$27,967
GMA Safety Grant \$6,000
FEMA Grant \$46,121
USDA Rural Bus Enterprise Grant \$2,941
GEFA Energy Grant \$111,719

Capital Grants and Contributions consisted of the following: SPLOST Revenue \$320,869

Expenses. The total expense for the governmental activities is \$2,885,892. The largest single expenditure activity is public safety. Public safety includes the police department and the fire department. The total public safety expense is \$1,511,933 or 52.39% of total governmental activity expense.

Total program revenues, general revenues and transfers exceeded expenses by \$881,735.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$333,665 (37.84%) of the total growth in the government's net assets. Water revenues increased mainly due to a small rate increase required to meet the covenants of the bond issue. Expenditures also increased slightly due to some small infrastructure improvements. In the Gas Fund during the year, revenues were lower than budgetary estimates mostly due to the fluctuation in gas prices. Expenditures were under budget mostly due to the lower cost of gas and contingencies not spent In Solid Waste revenues were higher than budgetary estimates mostly due to a new line item for franchise fee from Advanced Disposal. Expenditures were higher than budget due to higher disposal costs due to fuel charges.

Revenues. Water and sewer revenue was \$1,948,048. Natural gas revenue was \$3,142,527. Solid Waste revenue was \$272,122. Water and sewer revenue is derived from the sale of water and sewer services to the citizens of the City. Natural gas revenue is derived from the sale of natural gas to the citizens of the City. Solid Waste revenue is derived from the billing of the service to pick up household garbage.

Expenses. Water and sewer expense was \$2,048,097. Natural gas expense was \$2,842,450. Solid Waste expense was \$326,629.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Social Circle uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,780,262. Approximately 47.13% of this amount \$839,000 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reported in nonmajor funds. These funds are Nonspendable, Restricted or Assigned and may only be used within the guidelines of each fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the June 30, 2011 unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$839,000. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved balance and total fund balances to total fund expenditures. Unassigned balance represents 29.01% of total fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 37.42% of total fund expenditures.

The SPLOST Fund is used to account for capital projects funded by the City's portion of the special purpose local option sales tax. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$285,967 which is restricted by agreements with third party entities (Walton County, Georgia).

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at June 30, 2011 amounted to \$450,294; the Natural Gas Fund amounted to \$3,377,249; and the Solid Waste Fund amounted to \$592. The total change in Water and Sewer net assets was a decrease of \$12,049; the change in Natural Gas net assets was \$359,221; and the change in Solid Waste net assets was a decrease of \$13,507.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues were higher than budgetary estimates by \$91,814 and expenditures were lower than budgetary estimates by \$98,736. Revenue is higher than budget mainly due to increased collection of penalties on delinquent taxes. Expenditures are lower than budget mainly due to due diligence by the City Manager to keep the department heads within budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 amounts to \$21,003,450, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, infrastructure, building and improvements, equipment and vehicles.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS

HVAC/Lighting at Public Safety Building and Visitor Center \$111,719. Sidewalks Holly/Dogwood \$306,880 Bridge Project \$305,730

WATER

Water System Improvements \$168,592

City of Social Circle Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>Governmen</u>	tal	<u>Activities</u>		Business Type Activities				Totals			
	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u> 2011</u>	
Land	\$ 828,828	\$	869,411	\$	-	\$	-	\$	828,828	\$	869,411	
Construction in progress	8,250		627,313		-		72,460		8,250		699,773	
Infrastructure	2,347,325		2,333,332		14,730,637		14,436,441		17,077,962		16,769,773	
Building	1,962,633		2,025,160		-		-		1,962,633		2,025,160	
Equipment	758,358		562,724		62,553		45,378		820,911		608,102	
Vehicles	-		-		49,121		31,231		49,121		31,231	
Total	\$ 5,905,394	\$	6,417,940	\$	14,842,311	\$	14,585,510	\$	20,747,705	\$	21,003,450	

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total outstanding revenue bond and loan indebtedness in the amount of \$7,220,545. Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds account for \$1,890,104 and a Georgia Environmental Facilities water and sewer loan accounts for \$5,330,441.

City of Social Circle Outstanding Debt Long-term Liabilities

	Governmental Activities				_	Business Type Activities				Totals			
		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u> 2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u> 2011</u>	
Revenue Bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,888,399	\$	1,890,104	\$	1,888,399	\$	1,890,104	
GEFA Loan		-		-		5,599,955		5,330,441		5,599,955		5,330,441	
Capital lease		325,000		179,418		36,140		13,725		361,140		193,143	
Total	\$	325,000	\$	179,418	\$	7,524,494	\$	7,234,270	\$	7,849,494	\$	7,413,688	

Readers should refer to Note 6 and 7 of the financial statements for more detail on capital assets and long-term debt activity.

Economic Factors

The City has been lucky during the current downturn in the economy. We have not lost too many jobs in the industrial area, but we have lost several small retail/commercial businesses and that trend will likely continue.

Our tax base is still strong, but utility sales have been down due to lower production demand. We were able to use remaining funds in a Federal EDA grant to run a new sewer service into an area primed for future development for job creation.

We continue to do a good job with the overall City budget for the year and by being conservative we came in with an overall positive revenue balance for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Clerk and Treasurer, City of Social Circle, P. O. Box 310, Social Circle, Georgia, 30025.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	P	rimary Governme	ent		Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Better Hometown, Inc.	Downtown Development Authority	Development Authority
ASSETS	4 040 040		4 470 000			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,319,818	\$ 2,858,984	\$ 4,178,802	\$ 26,529	\$ 3,625	\$ 93,570
Investments	409,815	833,613	1,243,428	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	35,667	559,838	595,505	-	3,240	-
Taxes receivable, net of allowances	78,967	-	78,967	-	-	-
Interest receivable	-	2,874	2,874	-	-	-
Internal balances	59,029	(59,029)	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	176,637	499	177,136	-	-	-
Due from component unit	881	-	881	-	-	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	-	51	-
Prepaid expenses	155,823	54,561	210,384	-	-	-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	646,192	646,192	-	-	-
Other assets	-	141,286	141,286	-	-	-
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable	1,496,724	72,460	1,569,184	-	100,000	932,037
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	4,921,216	14,513,050	19,434,266	20,557	583,214	
Total assets	8,654,577	19,624,328	28,278,905	47,086	690,130	1,025,607
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	330,921	170,108	501,029	89	2,286	250
Accrued liabilities	43,151	108,161	151,312	-	1,089	-
Unearned revenues	27,639	100,101	27,639	_	1,000	_
Customer deposits	21,039	264,096	264,096	_	2,100	_
•	_	51	204,090	_	2,100	
Due to component unit	_	31	31	-	- 881	_
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-	001	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Portion due or payable within one year:	70.070	40.705	00.004			
Capital leases	79,276	13,725	93,001	-	-	-
Notes payable	-	222,092	222,092	-	27,761	125,158
Compensated absences	52,837	11,803	64,640	-	-	-
Portion due or payable in more than one year						
Capital leases	100,142	-	100,142	-	-	-
Notes payable	-	5,108,349	5,108,349	-	530,569	-
Bonds payable, net	-	1,890,104	1,890,104	-	-	-
Compensated absences	1,270	10,272	11,542		-	
Total liabilities	635,236	7,798,761	8,433,997	89	564,686	125,408
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,238,522	7,791,234	14,029,756	20,557	124,884	806,879
Restricted for:	0,200,022	.,,	,,.	,	,	222,013
Debt service	_	206,198	206,198	_	_	_
Public safety	1,430	200,100	1,430	_	-	-
Capital projects	285,967	_	285,967		_	_
οαριαί ρισμούδ		-	60,661	-	-	-
Library - expendable			00.001	-	-	-
Library - popeypendable	60,661 350,000		,			
Library - expendable Library - nonexpendable Unrestricted	350,000 1,082,761	- 3,828,135	350,000 4,910,896	- 26,440	- 560	93,320

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

					Progra	m Revenues			
					0	perating		Capital	
			C	Charges for	Gı	rants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Cor	ntributions	Contributions		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	553,763	\$	249,080	\$	10,126	\$	-	
Judicial		22,688		-		-		-	
Public safety		1,511,933		-		120,621		-	
Public works		487,224		17,161		139,686		320,869	
Health and welfare		79,973		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		141,558		2,500		-		-	
Housing and development		79,878		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		8,875				-		-	
Total governmental activities		2,885,892		268,741		270,433		320,869	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		2,048,097		1,948,048		-		77,858	
Natural gas		2,842,450		3,142,527		-		-	
Solid waste		326,629		272,122		-		-	
Total business-type activities		5,217,176		5,362,697		-		77,858	
Total primary government	\$	8,103,068	\$	5,631,438	\$	270,433	\$	398,727	
Component units:									
Better Hometown, Inc.	\$	56,510	\$	28,570	\$	416	\$	-	
Downtown Development Authority		80,029		78,677		-		-	
Development Authority		6,334		<u>-</u>		6,133			
Total component units	\$	142,873	\$	107,247	\$	6,549	\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business taxes

Hotel Motel taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

					and Changes in Net Assets Component Units							
		Prima	ary Government	<u> </u>								
	overnmental Activities	В:	usiness-type Activities	Total		Hon	Better netown, Inc.	De	owntown velopment Authority		velopment	
Φ.	(004.557)	•		•	(004.557)	•		•		•		
\$	(294,557)	\$	-	\$	(294,557)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	(22,688)		-		(22,688)		-		-		-	
	(1,391,312)		-		(1,391,312)		-		-		-	
	(9,508)		-		(9,508)		-		-		-	
	(79,973)		-		(79,973)		-		-		-	
	(139,058)		-		(139,058)		-		-		-	
	(79,878)		-		(79,878)		-		-		-	
	(8,875)				(8,875)						-	
	(2,025,849)		-		(2,025,849)		-		-		-	
	_		(22,191)		(22,191)		-		_		-	
	-		300,077		300,077		_		-		-	
	_		(54,507)		(54,507)		_		-		_	
	_		223,379		223,379		_		_		-	
\$	(2,025,849)	\$	223,379	\$	(1,802,470)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(27,524)	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		(1,352)		-	
											(201)	
\$		\$		\$		\$	(27,524)	\$	(1,352)	\$	(201)	
Φ.	4 400 570	•		•	4 400 570	•		•		•		
\$	1,193,573	\$	-	\$	1,193,573	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	546,131		-		546,131		-		-		-	
	451,685		-		451,685		-		-		-	
	17,555		-		17,555		-		-		-	
	1,010		-		1,010		-		-		-	
	355,466		-		355,466		-		-			
	35,455		69,286		104,741		124		5		542	
	14,044		-		14,044		-		-		-	
	(41,000)		41,000		<u> </u>		-				-	
	2,573,919		110,286		2,684,205		124		5		542	
	548,070		333,665		881,735		(27,400)		(1,347)		341	
	7,471,271	_	11,491,902		18,963,173		74,397		126,791		899,858	
\$	8,019,341	\$	11,825,567	\$	19,844,908	\$	46,997	\$	125,444	\$	900,199	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

ASSETS		General Fund	;	SPLOST Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash	\$	921,682	\$	382,838	\$	15,298	\$	1,319,818
Investments		-		-		409,815		409,815
Taxes receivable		78,967		-		-		78,967
Accounts receivable		34,727		-		940		35,667
Due from other governments		176,637		-		-		176,637
Due from other funds		154,783		-		-		154,783
Due from component unit		881		-		-		881
Prepaid expenditures		155,823		-				155,823
Total assets	\$	1,523,500	\$	382,838	\$	426,053	\$	2,332,391
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	293,343	\$	24,626	\$	12,952	\$	330,921
Accrued liabilities		38,383		-		-		38,383
Deferred revenues Due to other funds		87,071		- 72,245		1 010		87,071 05.754
Total liabilities		22,499 441,296		96,871		1,010 13,962		95,754 552,129
		441,290	-	90,071		13,902		332,129
FUND BALANCES Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Permanent fund corpus		_		-		350,000		350,000
Prepaids		155,823		-		· -		155,823
Restricted:								
Library		-		-		60,661		60,661
Public safety		-		285,967		1,430		1,430
Capital projects Assigned:		-		200,907		-		285,967
Library		50,234		_		-		50,234
Cemetery		37,147		-		-		37,147
Unassigned		839,000						839,000
Total fund balances		1,082,204		285,967		412,091		1,780,262
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,523,500	\$	382,838	\$	426,053		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			ets ar	e different bed	cause:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities a resources and, therefore, are not reported in t								6,417,940
Some receivables are not available to pay for o								0,417,940
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the		•						59,432
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in			nd.					33, 132
au payable in	5 50	p 300 ui	,					
therefore, are not reported in the funds.								(238,293)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General Fund		SPLOST Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,552,475	\$ -	\$	1,010	\$	2,553,485
Licenses and permits		14,322	-		-		14,322
Intergovernmental		270,433	320,869		-		591,302
Fines and forfeitures		225,946	-		-		225,946
Charges for services		25,973	-		-		25,973
Interest income		14,615	-		20,840		35,455
Miscellaneous		16,520	 24				16,544
Total revenues		3,120,284	 320,893	-	21,850		3,463,027
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		539,726	-		-		539,726
Judicial		22,688	-		-		22,688
Public safety		1,442,542	-		16,175		1,458,717
Public works		439,730	3,400		-		443,130
Health and welfare		80,660	-		-		80,660
Culture and recreation		130,043	-		9,007		139,050
Housing and development		79,878	-		-		79,878
Capital outlay		-	638,818		-		638,818
Debt service:							
Principal retirements		145,582	-		-		145,582
Interest		10,904	-				10,904
Total expenditures	-	2,891,753	 642,218	-	25,182		3,559,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		228,531	 (321,325)		(3,332)		(96,126)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		6,872	-		-		6,872
Transfers out		(41,000)	-		(6,872)		(47,872)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(34,128)	-		(6,872)		(41,000)
Net change in fund balances		194,403	(321,325)		(10,204)		(137,126)
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated		887,801	 607,292		422,295		1,917,388
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,082,204	\$ 285,967	\$	412,091	\$	1,780,262

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because.	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (137,126)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	512,546
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	11,935
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount represents repayments of the	
principal of long-term debt.	145,582
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	15,133

\$ 548,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net assets - governmental activities

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Buc	dget		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ 2,441,600	\$ 2.482.184	\$ 2,552,475	\$ 70,291
	. , ,	. , - , -	φ 2,552,475 14,322	1,522
Licenses and permits	12,800	12,800	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fines and forfeitures	223,000	223,000	225,946	2,946
Interest	18,000	18,000	14,615	(3,385
Charges for services	17,800	18,918	25,973	7,055
Intergovernmental	107,740	265,580	270,433	4,853
Miscellaneous Total revenues	6,500 2,827,440	7,988 3,028,470	16,520 3,120,284	8,532 91,814
Expenditures	2,021,440	0,020,470	0,120,204	31,014
Current:				
General government:				
Governing body	93,885	93,885	92,287	1,598
Chief executive	46,715	46,715	44,260	2,455
Clerk - administrative	25,720	25,720	22,090	3,630
Elections	, <u>-</u>	418	345	73
Financial administration	272,626	384,345	364,439	19,906
Law	25,000	25,000	16,305	8,695
Total general government	463,946	576,083	539,726	36,357
Judicial:				
Municipal court	25,500	25,500	22,688	2,812
Total judicial	25,500	25,500	22,688	2,812
Public safety:				
Police	1,401,490	1,487,983	1,442,400	45,583
Fire prevention	12,293	13,993	142	13,851
Total public safety	1,413,783	1,501,976	1,442,542	59,434
Public works:				,
Highways and streets	436,215	436,215	439,730	(3,515
Cemetery	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Total public works	437,215	437,215	439,730	(2,515
Health and welfare:				
Transportation services	82,260	82,960	80,660	2,300
Total health and welfare	82,260	82,960	80,660	2,300
Culture and recreation:				
Library	126,715	126,715	130,043	(3,328
Total culture and recreation	126,715	126,715	130,043	(3,328
Housing and development:				
Urban redevelopment and housing	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Economic development and assistance	72,310	78,510	79,878	(1,368
Total housing and development	77,310	83,510	79,878	3,632
Debt service				
Principal	145,605	145,605	145,582	23
Interest	17,125	10,925	10,904	21
Total debt service	162,730	156,530	156,486	44
Total expenditures	2,789,459	2,990,489	2,891,753	98,736
Excess of revenues over expenditures	37,981	37,981	228,531	190,550
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	7,000	7,000	6,872	(128
Transfers out	(44,981)	(44,981)	(41,000)	3,981
Total other financing sources (uses)	(37,981)	(37,981)	(34,128)	3,853
Net change in fund balances			194,403	194,403
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	887,801	- 887,801	887,801	194,403
				Ф 404.400
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 887,801	\$ 887,801	\$ 1,082,204	\$ 194,403

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Rı	ısine	ss-tyne Activit	ties - Enterprise F	unds
ASSETS	Water and Sewer Fund		Natural Gas Fund	Non-major Solid Waste Fund	Totals
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Interest receivable Prepaid items	\$ 294,380 296,858 4,634 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,564,604 833,613 232,608 71,395 499 2,874 21,706 3,727,299	\$ - 30,372 9,912 - - 3,714 43,998	\$ 2,858,984 833,613 559,838 85,941 499 2,874 54,561 4,396,310
Restricted assets			-,,		.,,
Cash and cash equivalents	646,192	<u>!</u>	-		646,192
Total current assets	1,271,205	<u> </u>	3,727,299	43,998	5,042,502
NONCURRENT ASSETS	_				
Other assets	141,286	i	-	-	141,286
	141,286		-	_	141,286
CAPITAL ASSETS					
Non-depreciable	72,460		-	-	72,460
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>13,101,807</u> 13,174,267		1,411,243 1,411,243	-	14,513,050 14,585,510
Total assets	14,586,758		5,138,542	43,998	19,769,298
LIABILITIES			0,.00,0.2		. 5,1 55,255
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	37,663		132,445	-	170,108
Accrued liabilities	75,058	,	16,251	16,852	108,161
Customer deposits	87,361		176,735	-	264,096
Compensated absences payable	10,053		1,750	-	11,803
Due to other funds	95,547		22,869	26,554	144,970
Due to component unit Notes payable - current	51 222,092		-	-	51 222,092
Capital lease - current	11,421		2,304	-	13,725
Total current liabilities	539,246		352,354	43,406	935,006
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Revenue bonds payable	1,890,104		_	_	1,890,104
Notes payable	5,108,349		-	-	5,108,349
Compensated absences payable	10,272	·	-		10,272
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,008,725	<u> </u>	-		7,008,725
Total liabilities	7,547,971		352,354	43,406	7,943,731
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:	6,382,295		1,408,939	-	7,791,234
Debt service	206,198			-	206,198
Unrestricted	450,294 \$ 7,038,787		3,377,249	\$ 592	3,828,135 \$ 11,825,567
Total net assets	\$ 7,038,787	\$	4,786,188	\$ 592	\$ 11,825,567

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Non-major Solid Waste Fund	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services	\$ 1,948,048	\$ 3,142,527	\$ 272,122	\$ 5,362,697	
Total operating revenues	1,948,048	3,142,527	272,122	5,362,697	
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales and services General operating expenses Depreciation & amortization Total operating expenses	1,370,620 375,728 1,746,348	1,980,739 803,827 55,739 2,840,305	326,629 - 326,629	1,980,739 2,501,076 431,467 4,913,282	
Operating income (loss)	201.700	302,222	(54,507)	449,415	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Intergovernmental Interest expense Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	10,142 77,858 (301,749) (213,749)	59,144		69,286 77,858 (303,894) (156,750)	
Income (loss) before transfers	(12,049)	359,221	(54,507)	292,665	
Transfers in	-		41,000	41,000	
Change in net assets	(12,049)	359,221	(13,507)	333,665	
Net assets, beginning of year	7,050,836	4,426,967	14,099	11,491,902	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 7,038,787	\$ 4,786,188	\$ 592	\$ 11,825,567	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Busi	nes	s-type Activitie	es -	Enterprise Fu	ınds	i
	Water and Sewer Fund		Natural Gas Fund		Non-major Solid Waste Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,954,440 (946,514) (521,323) 486,603	\$	3,141,299 (2,175,993) (600,300) 365,006	\$	267,736 (249,912) (58,824) (41,000)	\$	5,363,475 (3,372,419) (1,180,447) 810,609
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in from other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 -		-		41,000 41,000		41,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Reimbursement from grants Principal payments on capital lease Principal payments on notes payable Interest paid Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(168,590) 77,858 (17,914) (213,643) (294,976) (617,265)		(4,501) (55,871) (1,153) (61,525)		- - - - -		(168,590) 77,858 (22,415) (269,514) (296,129)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchased investments Interest received Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 10,142 10,142 (120,520)		(317,712) 59,144 (258,568) 44,913	_	- - -		(317,712) 69,286 (248,426) (75,607)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,061,092		2,519,691		-		3,580,783
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 940,572	\$	2,564,604	\$	-	\$	3,505,176
Classified as: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 294,380 646,192 940,572	\$	2,564,604 - 2,564,604	\$	-	\$	2,858,984 646,192 3,505,176

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					•		
	Non-major							
	W	ater and Sewer Fund		Natural Gas Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Tunu		runu		Tunu		Totals
Operating income (loss)	\$	201,700	\$	302,222	\$	(54,507)	\$	449,415
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		375,728		55,739		-		431,467
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Decrease in accounts receivable		11,026		10,503		78		21,607
Increase in due from other funds		(4,634)		(11,232)		(4,464)		(20,330)
Increase in due from other governments		-		(499)		-		(499)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		54		(4,685)		(229)		(4,860)
Decrease in accounts payable		(62,798)		(2,269)		-		(65,067)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(70,182)		10,007		12,059		(48,116)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		1,968		(1,443)		-		525
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		704		(1,219)		-		(515)
Increase in due to other funds		33,037		7,882		6,063		46,982
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	486,603	\$	365,006	\$	(41,000)	\$	810,609

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

AS	SETS	Board of Education Fund			
Cash Taxes receivable	<u>-</u>	\$	9,094 305,547		
Total assets	=	\$	314,641		
Accounts Payable Uncollected taxes	SILITIES -	\$	9,094 305,547		
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	\$	314,641		

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Social Circle, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Incorporated in 1904, under the laws of the State of Georgia, the City of Social Circle is governed by a five member Mayor/Council form of government. The mayor and council are elected to four-year terms. The Mayor and the other four council members serve on a part-time basis. The Mayor and council appoint a city manager to handle the daily operations of the City.

The City's major operations include public safety, public works maintenance, culture and recreation, housing and development, utility services and general administrative services. In addition, the City exercises sufficient control over other governmental entities that are included as part of the City's reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, which if excluded would cause the financial statements of the City to be misleading. The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Social Circle Better Hometown, Inc. was activated by resolution in 1998 to accomplish the following objectives: develop a workable strategic plan for future growth, identify available resources to enable the City to accomplish short and long range goals of the plan, and bring together numerous and divergent groups and individuals to develop a shared vision for the community. The governing body of Social Circle Better Hometown, Inc. consists of 15 individuals elected at large and the Social Circle City Manager, who serves as an ex-officio member. Although the City does not have the authority to approve or modify Social Circle Better Hometown, Inc.'s operational and capital budgets, the City provides a significant amount of their revenues. Social Circle Better Hometown, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial report. Social Circle Better Hometown, Inc. is presented as a proprietary fund type.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Downtown Development Authority was activated by resolution in 1984 to promote and further develop trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities within the central business district of the City of Social Circle, Georgia. It operates under a seven member board, which is all appointed by the City Council members. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial report. The Authority is presented as a proprietary fund type.

The Development Authority was activated by resolution in 1988 to promote and further develop trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities within the City of Social Circle, Georgia. It operates under a seven member board, which is all appointed by the City Council members. The City also guarantees the interest payments on the Authority's debt. The Authority is presented as a proprietary fund type. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial report.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable. The statement of net assets will include non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions," the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The **SPLOST Fund** is used to account for the one percent Special Purpose Local Option Tax (SPLOST) funds collected by Walton County and disbursed to the City. The funds are used for specific capital projects as approved by voter referendum.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Water and Sewer Fund** accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's water and sewer system and services.

The **Natural Gas Fund** accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's natural gas system.

The City also reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes, such as law enforcement and the collection of hotel/motel tax levies.

The **permanent fund** accounts for the operations of the City's Library endowment for which the corpus of the investments held in this fund cannot be used.

The **agency fund** is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting, and is used to account for the collection and disbursement of property taxes by the City on behalf of the City of Social Circle Board of Education.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds, with the exception of capital projects funds for which project length budgets are adopted. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

E. Deposits and Investments

Georgia statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: (1) obligations of Georgia or any other state; (2) obligations of the United States; (3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; (4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; (5) prime bankers' acceptances; (6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; (7) repurchase agreements; and (8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2011, are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for non-infrastructure tangible assets, \$50,000 for intangible assets and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, five years and five years, respectively. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. In accordance with GASB 34, infrastructure assets acquired prior to June 30, 1999 have not been capitalized.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Infrastructure	15-99
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	3-10
Machinery and equipment	3-10

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Restricted Assets

Expenditures of the Stanton Library Permanent Fund are restricted per the terms of the bequest for the following purposes: maintenance of the library building, purchase of books for the library, purchase of items to aid the impaired, and to assist in meeting cultural opportunities for the City.

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

J. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Equity

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as of July 1, 2010. This new standard changed the overall definitions and classifications of governmental fund balances.

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net assets."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal vote of the City Council. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has expressly delegated to the City Clerk the authority to assign funds for particular purposes.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Equity (Continued)

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

Net Assets – Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$238,293 difference are as follows:

Capital lease payable	\$ (179,418)
Accrued interest payable	(4,768)
Compensated absences	 (54,107)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance- total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (238,293)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$512,546 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 868,602
Depreciation expense	 (356,056)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 512,546

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$15,133 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 13,104
Accrued interest	 2,029
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 15,133

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City of Social Circle, Georgia employs the following procedures in establishing its annual budget:

- Prior to July 1, the City Manager and the Council Budget Committee prepare a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The proposed budget is submitted to the Mayor and City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 2. The City Council holds a public hearing on the budget of the City of Social Circle, Georgia.
- The budget is then revised and adopted or amended by the City Council at a subsequent regular meeting in the year to which it applies and within forty-five days following January 1.
- 4. The adopted budget may be revised during the year only by formal action of the City Council in a regular meeting and no increase shall be made therein without provision also being made for financing same, for anything above the legal level of budgetary control, which is the department level. The final budget amounts shown in these financial statements reflect amendments approved by the City Council.

The General Fund's highways and streets, library, and economic development departments had an excess of actual expenditures over appropriations of \$3,515; \$3,328; and \$1,368, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2011.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of June 30, 2011 are summarized as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity wide statement of net assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,178,802
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	646,192
Investments	1,243,428
Total	\$ 6,068,422
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 5,658,607
Money market mutual funds	12,528
Fixed income mutual funds	397,287
	\$ 6,068,422

Credit Risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2011, the City had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities (in years)	 Fair Value
Money market mutual funds	< 0.25 yrs	\$ 12,528
Certificate of deposit	16 months	833,613
Fixed income mutual funds	2.18 yrs	44,809
Fixed income mutual funds	2.94 yrs	49,080
Fixed income mutual funds	3.20 yrs	62,028
Fixed income mutual funds	4.44 yrs	148,583
Fixed income mutual funds	8.28 yrs	55,892
Fixed income mutual funds	12.05 yrs	 36,895
Total		\$ 1,243,428

The investments above are not rated by a national rating organization.

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes, and City policy, require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state governmental instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2011, the City's deposits are insured or collateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

Downtown Development Authority

As of June 30, 2011, the bank balances for the Downtown Development Authority were insured or collateralized as defined by GASB.

Development Authority

As of June 30, 2011, the bank balances for the Development Authority were insured or collateralized as defined by GASB.

Better Hometown, Inc.

As of June 30, 2011, the bank balances for Better Hometown, Inc. were insured or collateralized as defined by GASB.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The taxes are levied by November 5 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1 and are due on January 7 of following year.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues when assessed. Revenues are recognized when available.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Receivables at June 30, 2011, for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	(Other	1	Water &				Solid
 General	Government		Sewer		Gas		Waste	
\$ 199,857	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
34,727		940		476,846		307,630		84,108
176,637		-		-		499		-
120,890		-		179,988		75,022		53,736
\$ 290,331	\$	940	\$	296,858	\$	233,107	\$	30,372
	34,727 176,637 120,890	General Gove \$ 199,857 \$ 34,727 176,637 \$ 120,890	\$ 199,857 \$ - 34,727 940 176,637 -	General Governmental \$ 199,857 \$ - \$ 34,727 940 176,637 - 120,890 -	General Governmental Sewer \$ 199,857 \$ - \$ - 34,727 940 476,846 176,637 - - 120,890 - 179,988	General Governmental Sewer \$ 199,857 \$ - \$ - \$ 34,727 940 476,846 - - - 176,637 - - - 179,988 - 179,988 - - 179,988 -	General Governmental Sewer Gas \$ 199,857 \$ - \$ - \$ - 34,727 940 476,846 307,630 176,637 - - 499 120,890 - 179,988 75,022	General Governmental Sewer Gas \$ 199,857 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 34,727 940 476,846 307,630 499 \$ 120,890 - 179,988 75,022 75,022 75,022

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases	eases/ nsfers	Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	828,828	\$ 40,583	\$ -	\$	869,411	
Construction in progress		8,250	 619,063			627,313	
Total		837,078	 659,646	-		1,496,724	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure		2,641,198	39,688	-		2,680,886	
Buildings and improvements		2,726,006	160,268	-		2,886,274	
Equipment, furniture & vehicles		2,697,377	9,000	-		2,706,377	
Total		8,064,581	208,956	-		8,273,537	
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(293,873)	(53,681)	-		(347,554)	
Buildings and improvements		(763,373)	(97,741)	-		(861,114)	
Equipment, furniture & vehicles		(1,939,019)	 (204,634)			(2,143,653)	
Total		(2,996,265)	 (356,056)	 -		(3,352,321)	
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		5,068,316	(147,100)	-		4,921,216	
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	5,905,394	\$ 512,546	\$ -	\$	6,417,940	

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 72,460	\$ -	\$ 72,460
Total		72,460		72,460
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	18,690,500	96,130	-	18,786,630
Machinery & equipment	345,374	-	-	345,374
Vehicles	456,790	-	-	456,790
Total	19,492,664	96,130		19,588,794
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(3,959,863)	(390,326)	-	(4,350,189)
Machinery & equipment	(282,821)	(17,175)	-	(299,996)
Vehicles	(407,669)	(17,890)		(425,559)
Total	(4,650,353)	(425,391)		(5,075,744)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	14,842,311	(329,261)		14,513,050
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 14,842,311	\$ (256,801)	\$ -	\$ 14,585,510

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 131,281
Public safety	157,691
Public works	64,576
Culture and recreation	 2,508
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 356,056
Business-type activities:	
Water & sewer	\$ 369,652
Natural gas	55,739
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 425,391

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Better Hometown, Inc.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	ginning alance	In	creases	Decreas	ses	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Machinery & Equipment Total	\$ 901 901	\$	22,378 22,378	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	23,279 23,279	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery & Equipment Total	\$ (901) (901)	\$	(1,821) (1,821)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(2,722) (2,722)	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 	\$	20,557	\$	_	\$	20,557	

Downtown Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 ncreases	Deci	eases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	100,000	\$ -	\$		\$	100,000	
Total		100,000	-		-		100,000	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		610,183	-		-		610,183	
Total		610,183	-		-		610,183	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(12,898)	(14,071)		-		(26,969)	
Total		(12,898)	(14,071)		-		(26,969)	
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		597,285	 (14,071)				583,214	
Total capital assets, net	\$	697,285	\$ (14,071)	\$		\$	683,214	

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases							Ending Balance			
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	932,037	\$	-	\$	-	\$	932,037			
Total		932,037		-		-		932,037			
Total capital assets, net	\$	932,037	\$	-	\$	_	\$	932,037			

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:								
Capital lease	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$	(145,582)	\$	179,418	\$	79,276
Compensated absences	67,211	53,905		(67,009)		54,107		52,837
Governmental activity								
Long-term liabilities	\$ 392,211	\$ 53,905	\$	(212,591)	\$	233,525	\$	132,113
Business-type activities:								
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 1,930,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,930,000	\$	-
Less: Discount	(41,601)	-		1,705		(39,896)		
Net bonds payable	1,888,399	-		1,705		1,890,104		-
Note payable	5,599,955	-		(269,514)		5,330,441		222,092
Capital lease	36,140	-		(22,415)		13,725		13,725
Compensated absences	 22,590	15,836		(16,351)		22,075		11,803
Business-type activity		_				_		_
Long-term liabilities	\$ 7,547,084	\$ 15,836	\$	(306,575)	\$	7,256,345	\$	247,620

For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Revenue Bonds. In March 2010, the City issued Revenue Bonds (Series 2010) in the original amount of \$1,930,000 bearing interest at a rate of 4.50% payable each February 1 and August 1 beginning 2010 through 2035. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the 1974 bonds and certain Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority loans outstanding as well as for the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the City's water and sewerage system. The bonds are secured by the net revenues of the City's utility system.

The debt service to maturity on the Series 2010 revenue bonds is as follows:

	Series 2010							
Year Ending	Princip	al	Ir	ntere st		Total		
June 30,				_				
2012	\$	-	\$	86,850	\$	86,850		
2013		-		86,850		86,850		
2014		-		86,850		86,850		
2015		-		86,850		86,850		
2016		-		86,850		86,850		
2017-2021		-		434,250		434,250		
2022-2026		-		434,250		434,250		
2027-2031	370	,000		413,325		783,325		
2032-2035	1,560	,000		146,475		1,706,475		
Total	\$ 1,930	,000	\$ 1	,862,550	\$	3,792,550		
				_				

Notes Payable. The City has also incurred debt to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for construction of various water and sewer system projects. The notes outstanding at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Interest Rate	Term	Due Date	Ori	ginal Balance
3.82%	20 years	2028	\$	2,540,623
4.20%	20 years	2029		3,356,188
			\$	5,896,811

The City is contractually obligated to repay a portion of the debt service related to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority notes issued by the Four County Industrial Development Authority for the purpose of financing the expansion of water lines in the Four County Industrial Site. The City's share in underlying debt is 8%, amounting to an original amount of \$39,021. Quarterly principal and interest payments will be made through 2022.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The City's notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending June 30,			
2012	\$ 222,092	\$ 211,724	\$ 433,816
2013	231,900	201,916	433,816
2014	241,107	192,709	433,816
2015	251,027	182,789	433,816
2016	261,081	172,736	433,817
2017-2021	1,476,815	691,579	2,168,394
2022-2026	1,796,006	362,798	2,158,804
2027-2029	850,413	38,352	888,765
Total	\$ 5,330,441	\$ 2,054,603	\$ 7,385,044

Capital Leases. The City has entered into a lease-purchase agreement to finance the acquisition of two E-One Fire trucks, vehicles for highways and streets, office equipment, vehicles and a sewer pump for the Water and Sewer fund, and a vehicle for the Gas fund. The leases are for periods of five to fifteen years, at interest rates ranging from 3.09% to 8.3%.

The City's assets under capital lease arrangements at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				Business-ty	Act	Activities				
		Original Cost				Original Accumulated		С	Original		Accumulated	
						oreciation	Cost			Depreciation		
Vehicles	\$	505,756	\$	349,547	\$	44,649	_	\$	25,612			
Machinery & equipment		81,372		50,972		34,600			17,156			
Total	\$	587,128	\$	400,519	\$	79,249	_	\$	42,768			

Future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 ernmental activities	ness-type ctivities	Total
2012	\$ 85,535	\$ 13,993	\$ 99,528
2013	58,098	-	58,098
2014	47,650	-	47,650
2015	 	 -	
Total minimum lease payments	191,283	13,993	205,276
Less: interest payments	(11,865)	(268)	(12,133)
Present value minimum lease payments	\$ 179,418	\$ 13,725	\$ 193,143

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Downtown Development Authority

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, is as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions	R	eductions_	Ending Balance	ue Within ne Year
Notes payable	\$ 584,435	\$ -	\$	(26,105)	558,330	\$ 27,761
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 584,435	\$ -	\$	(26,105)	558,330	\$ 27,761

Notes payable. In July 2009, the Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") issued a note payable with a financial institution in order to finance the purchase of a building. The note matures September 13, 2016 and requires monthly principal and interest payments at an interest rate of 3.9%.

The DDA's notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	<u>P</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total
Year Ending June 30,						
2012	\$	27,761	\$	21,259	\$	49,020
2013		28,863		20,157		49,020
2014		30,010		19,011		49,021
2015		31,201		17,819		49,020
2016		32,440		16,580		49,020
2017		408,055		3,955		412,010
Total	\$	558,330	\$	98,781	\$	657,111

Development Authority

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, is as follows:

	l	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Rec	luctions	Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Notes payable	\$	124,957	\$ 201	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 125,158	\$ 125,158
Total long-term liabilities	\$	124,957	\$ 201	\$		\$ 125,158	\$ 125,158

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes payable. In August 2009, the Development Authority ("DA") issued two notes payable with a financial institution in order to finance the purchase of a building. The notes mature October 27, 2011 and requires monthly interest payments at an interest rate of 3.25%.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Solid waste fund	\$ 22,575
General fund	Natural gas fund	26,554
General fund	Water and sewer fund	32,399
General fund	SPLOST fund	72,245
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,010
Natural gas fund	Water and sewerfund	60,800
Natural gas fund	General fund	10,595
Solid waste fund	Water and sewer fund	2,348
Solid waste fund	Solid waste fund	294
Solid waste fund	General fund	7,270
Water and sewer fund	General fund	4,634
		\$ 240,724

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	A	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	5,862
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds		1,010
Solid waste fund	Generalfund		41,000
		\$	47,872

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Due from/to primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount		
Component unit - Downtown Development Authority	Primary government - Water and sewer fund	\$	51	
Primary government - General fund	Component unit - Downtown Development Authority		881	
		\$	932	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of Social Circle Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

As provided by state law, benefit provisions for participants in GMEBS are established by the respective employers. As authorized by City Council, the plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials who are immediately eligible, who work twenty hours or more per week are eligible to participate after one year. Benefits vest after ten years of service. A City employee who retires at age 65 with five years of service is entitled to benefits of 1.25% of final average earnings in excess of covered compensation. An employee may elect early retirement at age 55 provided he has a minimum of 25 years total credited service to receive full benefits, otherwise early retirement may be elected after only 10 years of service for reduced benefits. Elected officials are entitled to \$38 for each year of service after reaching normal retirement age.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

At January 1, 2011, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 78 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	12
Active employees - vested	14
Active employees - nonvested	32
Total	78

Funding Policy

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the recommended contribution described below. For 2011, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 9.36% of covered payroll. The City makes all contributions to the plan.

For 2011, the City's recommended contribution was \$148,754. Actual contributions totaled \$148,754. The recommended contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions include a 7.75% rate of return on investments and projected salary increases of 3.5% (3.5% due to inflation). The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1983 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provision and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods are closed for this plan year. The actuarial value of the plan assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a ten year period.

The following is a schedule of funding progress, using the actuarial cost method:

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of	
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a/c)	
1/1/2011	1,851,550	1,853,169	1,619	99.9%	1,440,041	0.1%	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The above schedule of funding progress serves as a surrogate for the funded status and the funding progress of the plan. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan net assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Actuary valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of January 1, 2011.

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	_	Actual Pension entribution	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation
2011	\$ 148,754	\$	148,754	100.0	%	\$ -
2010	135,557		135,557	100.0		-
2009	122,374		122,374	100.0		-

NOTE 10. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City of Social Circle's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan (the "Plan") is a deferred compensation plan and qualifies as a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan is administered by MetLife for all full time employees. The Plan is funded through employee contributions only. No contributions are made by the City. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. At June 30, 2011, there were 18 plan members.

Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. Employees may contribute a portion of their gross salary up to the maximum amount allowed by the IRS. The Plan allows employees to increase, decrease, stop and restart deferrals as often as they wish without penalties or fees. Total employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$36,444.

NOTE 11. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 12 county Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (NEGRC). Dues to the NEGRC are assessed at the County level and are, accordingly, paid by Walton County. Membership in the NEGRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the NEGRC in Georgia. The NEGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and various municipalities of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the NEGRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the NEGRC's administrative office at 305 Research Drive, Athens, Georgia 30610.

NOTE 12. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City's council is responsible for appointing a majority of the board members of the City of Social Circle, Georgia Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for the Authority.

NOTE 13. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied a 6% lodging tax. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated 48-13-50 requires that all lodging taxes levied of 5% or more be expended or obligated contractually for the promotion of tourism, conventions, or trade shows. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City received \$1,010 in hotel/motel taxes. Of this amount, \$1,010, or 100%, was used for the promotion of tourism.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage in the past three years.

The City carries commercial insurance for other risks of losses. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the current or prior year.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation:

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant Contingencies:

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Contractual Commitments:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts totaled \$1,065,722.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Agreements with the Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia:

The City has entered into a contract for the purchase of wholesale natural gas supplies and related services with the Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia (MGAG) that requires the City to purchase all of its natural gas from MGAG. The gas supply contract with MGAG authorizes MGAG to establish rates and charges so as to produce revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs and retire its bonds issued to acquire long-term gas supplies for sale to its members, including the City. In the event that revenues are insufficient to cover all costs and retire bonds issued by MGAG, the City is obligated to pay its obligation share of the costs of the gas supply and related services MGAG provides to the City, which costs include amounts equal to principal and interest on MGAG's bonds. These obligations, which extend through the year 2016, are general obligations of the City to which the City's full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged. The City's obligation to MGAG for gas supply costs are based on MGAG's costs to provide such supply, including bonds issued to purchase long-term rights to bulk supply. Payments to MGAG are made monthly based on actual usage. The total payments under these contracts amounted to \$1,980,739 in 2011.

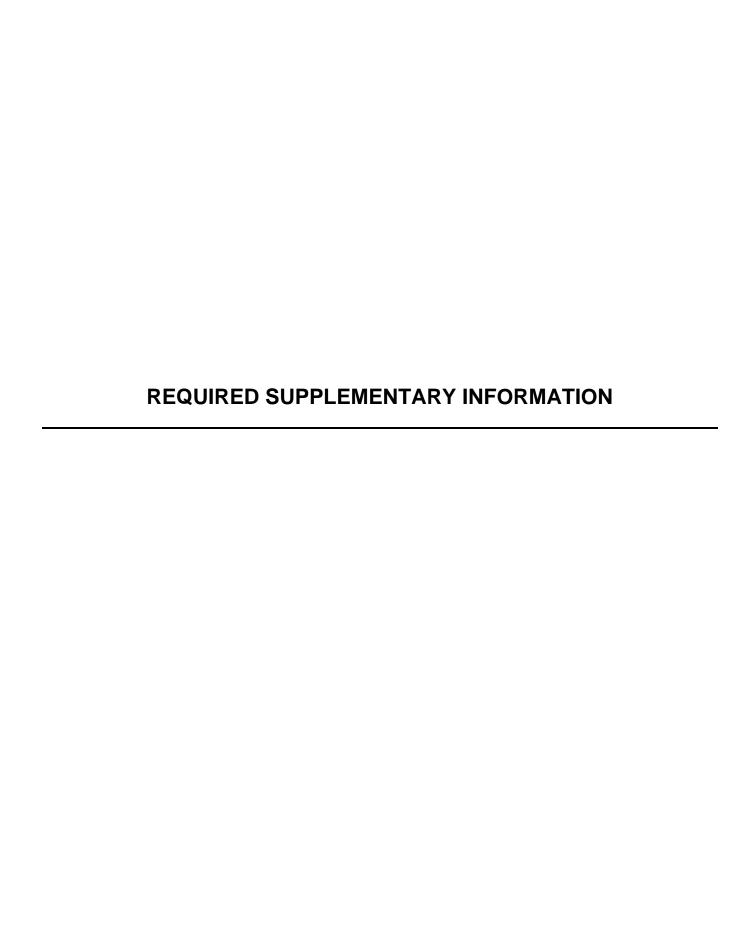
At June 30, 2011, the outstanding debt of MGAG was approximately \$279.4 million. The City's guarantee varies by individual projects undertaken by MGAG and totals approximately \$3.2 million at June 30, 2011.

NOTE 16. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In conjunction with the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, management of the City has made changes to the governmental funds it reports in its basic financial statements. The changes made during the current reporting period affect beginning fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. These changes are described further below.

Previously, the Volunteer Fire Fund was a separate fund used to account for amounts received and expended for volunteer fire fighters equipment and compensation. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the Volunteer Fire Fund no longer met the definition of a special revenue fund and thus the activities of the fund were consolidated into the General Fund. As a result, the following restatement to beginning fund balance was noted for the General Fund:

Fund balance, General Fund, as previously reported Restatement for change in accounting principle Beginning fund balance, General Fund, restated \$ 887,659 142 \$ 887,801



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	[(b-a)/c] UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2011	\$ 1,851,550	\$ 1,853,169	\$ 1,619	99.9%	\$ 1,440,041	0.1%
1/1/2010	1,724,471	1,774,320	49,849	97.2%	1,562,148	3.2%
10/1/2009	1,542,529	1,977,297	434,768	78.0%	1,517,928	28.6%
9/1/2008	1,611,607	1,919,206	307,599	84.0%	1,307,070	23.5%
9/1/2007	1,512,353	1,725,921	213,568	87.6%	1,109,015	19.3%
9/1/2006	1,403,856	1,359,814	(44,042)	103.2%	944,854	-4.7%

Note: See assumptions used for the Schedule of Funding Progress in Note 9 to the financial statements.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Confiscations Pending Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the City's share of monies that have been forfeited through the court system that are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

<u>Hotel Motel Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies collected from the 5% lodging tax levied in the City.

PERMANENT FUND

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

<u>Library Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies restricted for principal trust amounts and related interest earnings; which are used to maintain and operate the community library.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		Special Reve	nue F	unds	Per	manent Fund	Total	
ASSETS	Confiscations Pending Fund		Hotel Motel Fund		Library Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,382	\$	916	\$	_	\$	15,298
Accounts receivable	•	-		94		846		940
Investments		-				409,815		409,815
Total assets	\$	14,382	\$	1,010	\$	410,661	\$	426,053
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	12,952	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,952
Due to other funds		-		1,010		-		1,010
Total liabilities		12,952		1,010				13,962
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable - corpus		-		-		350,000		350,000
Restricted:								
Library		-		-		60,661		60,661
Public safety		1,430		-				1,430
Total fund balances		1,430				410,661		412,091
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	14,382	\$	1,010	\$	410,661	\$	426,053

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Sp	Special Revenue Funds		Permanent Fund		Total		
	Confi Pe		Hotel Motel		Library		onmajor vernmental	
	F	und	ı	Fund		Fund	Fund Fu	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	=	\$	1,010	\$	-	\$	1,010
Investment income		339		=		20,501		20,840
Total revenues		339		1,010		20,501		21,850
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety		16,175		-		-		16,175
Culture and recreation		-				9,007		9,007
Total expenditures		16,175				9,007		25,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(15,836)		1,010		11,494		(3,332)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		-		(1,010)		(5,862)		(6,872)
Total other financing uses		-		(1,010)		(5,862)		(6,872)
Net change in fund balances		(15,836)		-		5,632		(10,204)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		17,266				405,029		422,295
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	1,430	\$	-	\$	410,661	\$	412,091

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA CONFISCATIONS PENDING FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget					ance With	
		Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budg	
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$ -	\$	(16,000)
Interest		300		300	 339		39
Total revenues		16,300		16,300	 339		(15,961)
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety		16,300		16,300	16,175		125
Total expenditures		16,300		16,300	16,175		125
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(15,836)		(15,836)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		17,266		17,266	 17,266		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	17,266	\$	17,266	\$ 1,430	\$	(15,836)

CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA HOTEL MOTEL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budget						ance With
	Original Final		Actual		Final Budget			
REVENUES								
Hotel Motel taxes	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,010	\$	10
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		1,010		10
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,000		1,000		1,010		10
Other financing uses								
Transfers out		-		-		(1,010)		(1,010)
Total other financing uses		-		-		(1,010)		(1,010)
Net change in fund balances		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year								
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$		\$	(1,000)

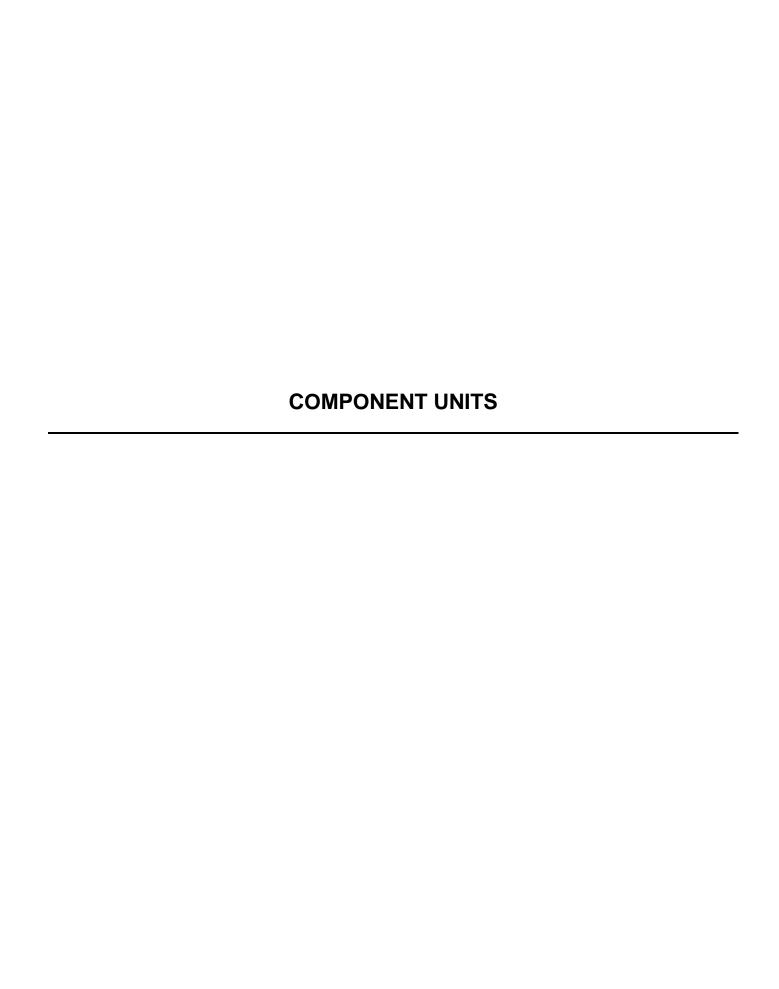
CITY OF SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget						Variance With		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Investment income	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	20,501	\$	(4,499)	
Total revenues		25,000		25,000		20,501		(4,499)	
EXPENDITURES									
Culture and recreation		18,000		18,000		9,007		8,993	
Total expenditures		18,000		18,000		9,007		8,993	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		7,000		7,000		11,494		4,494	
Other financing uses									
Transfers out		(7,000)		(7,000)		(5,862)		1,138	
Total other financing uses		(7,000)		(7,000)		(5,862)		1,138	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		5,632		5,632	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		405,029		405,029		405,029			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	405,029	\$	405,029	\$	410,661	\$	5,632	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

2007 Project		riginal and Current Estimated Cost	C	Prior Years Cumulative openditures	Current Year penditures	_	Total Cumulative Openditures
Transportation, drainage and sidewalks Public safety improvements Cemetery and park improvements	\$	3,536,000 1,500,000 200,000 5,236,000	\$	2,979,190 - - 2,979,190	\$ 336,488 - - - 336,488	\$	3,315,678 - - 3,315,678
Public works projec	•			y grant funds PLOST Fund	\$ 305,730 642,218		



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - BETTER HOMETOWN, INC. FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 28,986
Payments to suppliers	 (54,689)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (25,703)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	 124
Net cash provided by investing activities	 124
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	 (22,378)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (22,378)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(47,957)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 74,486
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 26,529
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET	
CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (27,524)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	
to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	 1,821
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (25,703)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 76,327
Payments to suppliers	 (39,830)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 36,497
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	5
Net cash provided by investing activities	5
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal payments on loans	(26,105)
Interest paid	 (22,929)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(49,034)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(12,532)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	16,157
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,625
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET	
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (1,352)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	14,071
Interest expense	22,929
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	(2,350)
Increase in accounts payable	2,286
Increase in accrued liabilities	13
Increase in customer deposits	 900
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 36,497

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 6,133
Net provided by operating activities	6,133
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Interest paid	 (6,334)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (6,334)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	540
Interest received	 542
Net cash provided by investing activities	 542
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds on loan issuance	201
Net cash provided by financing activities	 201
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	542
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	93,028
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 93,570
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 6,133
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,133