CITY OF SWAINSBORO, GEORGIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2021

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City of Swainsboro, Georgia Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2021

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Stacie W. Avery Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 189 241 W. Main Street Swainsboro, GA 30401

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council City of Swainsboro, Georgia

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Swainsboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended November 30, 2021 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. According, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate

discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Swainsboro, Georgia as of November 30, 2021, and the respective change in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 24, 2022 on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Swainsboro, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the SPLOST schedule and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements as a whole.

The combining and individual non major fund financial statements and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements as a whole. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

tani W. Avery CPA

June 24, 2022 Stacie W. Avery, CPA Swainsboro, Georgia

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Net Position November 30, 2021

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				Downtown Development
]	Primary Government		Authority
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3A)	\$ 3,721,936	\$ 1,348,456	\$ 5,070,392	\$ 76,159
Investments Receivables:	591,204	78	591,282	
Accounts	66,041	74,741	140,782	
Taxes	2,257,609	/4,/41	2,257,609	
Intergovernmental	105,457	-	105,457	
Other	105,157		105,457	
Interfund	416,721		416,721	
Inventories		ŝ		ŝ
Restricted assets	1,149,044	521,732	1,670,776	¥
Total Current Assets	8,308,012	1,945,007	10,253,019	76,159
Noncurrent Assets				
Net pension liability (excess)	1,539,482	÷	1,539,482	2
Capital assets (Note 3D)				
Nondepreciable	1,207,930	520,300	1,728,230	
Depreciable, net	11,571,456	16,291,263	27,862,719	<u> </u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,318,868	16,811,563	31,130,431	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	107,743		107,743	×
Total Assets and Total Deferred Outflows	22,734,623	18,756,570	41,491,193	76,159
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	154,363		154,363	a
Accrued expenses	167,432		167,432	-
Other payable	16,744		16,744	
Compensated absences payable	50,243	*	50,243	ě.
Customer deposits	×	241,885	241,885	2
Interfund payable	2	416,721	416,721	S
Capital leases payable	-			
Promissory notes payable	161,126	-	161,126	31,120
GEFA loans payable	*	174,149	174,149	÷
USDA bonds payable	<u> </u>	129,146	129,146	¥
Total Current Liabilities	549,908	961,901	1,511,809	31,120
Long-term Liabilities: (net of current portion) (Note 3G)				
Compensated absences payable	75,365	4	75,365	54 (S
GEFA loans payable		245,834	245,834	
USDA bonds payable	,	5,167,569	5,167,569	
Promissory notes payable	72,315	· · · ·	72,315	
Total Long-term Liabilities	147,680	5,413,403	5,561,083	· · · ·
Total Liabilities	697,588	6,375,304	7,072,892	31,120
Deferred Inflows of Resources	679,473	<u> </u>	679,473	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,377,061	6,375,304	7,752,365	31,120
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets (Note 3I)	12,545,945	11,094,865	23,640,810	
Restricted for debt service	12,545,945	521,732	521,732	-
Restricted for housing and development	385,553	561,152	385,553	45,039
Restricted for Covid	1,408,599		1,408,599	10,007
Restricted for capital outlay	1,243,177	<u>i</u>	1,243,177	3
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,774,288	764,669	6,538,957	
Total Position	\$ 21,357,562	\$ 12,381,266	\$ 33,738,828	\$ 45,039

Program Revenues Net (Expense) Reven	Statement of Activities For the Year Ended November 30, 2021
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			Program Revenues		INER (EXPERISE)	TACL (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHARGES IN LACE FUSITION	10 1461 1 0311101	
	F	Charges for	Operating	Capital	Governmental	Business-Type	Ē	Component VI-14
L'UNCHORNE TOPERA	EXDERSES	DELVICES AILO DAIES	Grauts	Crauts	ACUVINES	ALUVIUES	IRIOT	
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities			я	9	() 10 H () 10	6		
General government	\$ 712,608	\$ 275,392		8	(437,216)		\$ (437,216)	•
Public safety	3,690,974	509,941	83,290	ŝ	(3,097,743)	•	(3,097,743)	Ŷ
Public works	3,148,948	1,274,717	123,574	1	(1,750,657)	•	(1,750,657)	9
Health and welfare	3.061	. (ŝ	(3.061)	¢	(3.061)	ţ
Culture and representation	1 227 669	58 774	401 336	203 923	(961 136)		(564 136)	
	100,117,1 000 CL0	1 45 064	CC 39		(001(100)	1 1	(511 547)	1 1
	1000,770		110,00			6 0		(5
Interest	10.2/4		•		(10,2/4)		110,2141	
Total Governmental Activities	9,624,422	2,264,288	673,577	203,923	(6,482,634)	¥.,	(6,482,634)	×
Business-type Activities:								
Water and sewerage	3,061,250	2,275,286		2		(785,964)	(785.964)	14
Total - Primary Government	\$ 12,685,672	\$ 4,539,574	\$ 673,577	\$ 203,923	(6,482,634)	(785,964)	(7,268,598)	•
Component Unit Downtown Development Authority	\$ 255,988	\$ 286,310	s	\$	5	k)	r	30,322
		General Revenues						
		Property taxes levied						
		IUI REIELAI RUVUIIIIIUUII			2 554 410	•	2 554 410	,
		Purposes Salae fav			1 695 540	: :•	1 695 540	1 (4
		T EDI OET			01C,C/0,1	6.9	147 212	
					210,241 200		210,241 200 /12	
		IIA I			600 403		600 V03	3
					173 L73	i (C44,000	6.9
		Franchise tax			100,000	*: :	105,505	
		Beer and liquor tax			196,833	•	196,833	1
		American rescue plan			1,408,229		1,408,229	
		Hotel/motel tax			143,142	¥	143,142	20
		Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	ital assets				2	đ
		Investment earnings			3,725	2,295	6,020	13
		Miscellaneous			134,157	3.335	137,492	2
		Total General Revenues			8,341,821	5,630	8,347,451	13
		Change in Net Position			1,859,187	(780,334)	1,078,853	30,335
		Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year	of Year		19,498,375	13_161_600	32,659,975	14,704
		Not Position (Deficit) End of Veer	L		\$ 21357562	\$ 12 381 266	\$ 33 738 878	\$ 45.039
		זאפן ג מצוונמת (הבווכוו) החות מי זבים	4					

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Fund November 30, 2021

		General		2018 SPLOST		ARP	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	692,050	\$	1,147,052	\$	1,408,599	\$	474,235	\$	3,721,936
Investments	Ψ	591,204	Ψ	1,117,052	Ψ	1,400,577	Ψ	-	Ψ	591,204
Receivables:										,
Accounts		58,598						7,443		66,041
Taxes		2,257,609						۲		2,257,609
Intergovernmental		÷.								
Other		105,457								105,457
Interfund		416,721						۲		416,721
Inventories Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,149,044								1,149,044
Restricted easil and easil equivalents		1,149,044			-					1,149,044
Total Assets		5,270,683	5	1,147,052	5	1,408,599	\$	481,678	\$	8,308,012
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	154,363	\$	÷	\$		\$	200	\$	154,363
Accrued expenditures		167,432		3 5 5		÷				167,432
Other payable		16,744		120		2				16,744
Notes payable		•		200		2		240		
Interfund payable		*				2				
Total Liabilities		338,539		×		-		(a)		338,539
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Intergovernmental						1,408,229				1,408,229
- Property Taxes		503,453	-		_	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>		503,453
Total Liabilities and Deferred										
Inflows of Resources		841,992	-	7		1,408,229		<u>.</u>		2,250,221
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable				. .		-				
Restricted		-		1,147,052		370		481,678		1,629,100
Unassigned		4,428,691				*	_		_	4,428,691
Total Fund Balances		4,428,691		1,147,052		370		481,678		6,057,791
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position November 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 6,057,791
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	23,883,797 (11,104,411)	12,779,386
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions reported on the government-wide statement of position but not reported on the governmental fund balance sheet.		(679,473)
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions reported on the government-wide statement of position but not reported on the governmental fund balance sheet.		107,743
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		1,911,682
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets but are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.	<i></i>	
Compensated absences \$ Promissory note payable Net pension liability payable (excess)	(125,608) (233,441) 1,539,482	 1,180,433
Net Position of Governmental Activities	94	\$ 21,357,562
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

Davanua	General	2018 SPLOST	ARP	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$ 6,107,150	\$ 602,473	\$ =	\$ 143,142	¢ (050 7(5
Licenses and permits	\$ 0,107,130	\$ 002,473	\$ =	\$ 143,142	\$ 6,852,765
Intergovernmental	877,500	2 2			255,554
Charges for services	1,506,682				877,500
Fines and forfeitures	490,152		-		1,506,682
Investment earnings	,	- 991	370	-	490,152
Miscellaneous	1,987 58,532	991	370	377 87,525	3,725 146,057
Total Revenues	9,297,557	603,464	370	231,044	10,132,435
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	702,339	<u>_</u>	2	9	702,339
Public safety	3,439,702		-	-	3,439,702
Public works	3,121,676	6,381			3,128,057
Health and welfare	520	3	-		520
Culture and recreation	1,223,475	2 2		2	1,223,475
Housing and development	877,799	×	*	36,844	914,643
Capital Outlay		241,503		-	241,503
Debt Service:					,
Principal	369,630	94	÷		369,630
Interest	18,265	÷	¥	9	18,274
Total Expenditures	9,753,406	247_884		36,853	10,038,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(455,849)	355,580	370	194,191	94,292
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt proceeds			-		=
Transfers in	÷.	÷.	2	-	5
Transfers (out)				·	÷
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(455,849)	355,580	370	194,191	94,292
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	4,884,540	791,472		287,487	5,963,499
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 4,428,691	\$ 1,147,052	\$ 370	\$ 481,678	<u>\$ 6,057,791</u>

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	94,292
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures on the governmental fund type operating statement. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded the depreciation expense in the current period. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (790,836) 615,602		(175,234)
Property tax revenues in the government-wide statement of activities do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund operating statement.			
Liability @ 11/30/21 Liability @ 11/30/20	\$ 503,453 (560,508)		(57,055)
The American Rescue Plan intergovernmental revenue is deferred at the fund level, but recognized as revenueat the government wide level.			1,408,229
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows for pensions reported on the government-wide statement of activities but not reported on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.			(225,969)
Pensions costs reported on the government-wide statement of activities but not reported on the governmental fund operating statement. These amounts are negative expenses.			431,364
Repayment of general obligation debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			369,630
Compensated absences are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Liability @ 11/30/21 Liability @ 11/30/20	\$ (125,608) 139,538	_	13,930
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	1,859,187

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund November 30, 2021

Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,348,456
Investments	78
Accounts receivable (net)	74,741
Interfund receivable	-
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	521,732
Total Current Assets	1,945,007
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	520,300
Depreciable, net	16,291,263
Total Noncurrent Assets	16,811,563
Total Assets	18,756,570
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	-
Customer deposits payable	241,885
Interfund payable	416,721
Note payable	
GEFA loans payable	174,149
USDA bonds payable	129,146
Total Current Liabilities	961,901
Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion):	
Note payable	-
GEFA loans payable	245,834
USDA bonds payable	5,167,569
Total Long-term Liabilities	5,413,403
Total Liabilities	6,375,304
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,094,865
Restricted for debt service	521,732
Unrestricted	764,669
Total Net Position	\$ 12,381,266
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	
1 7 5	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

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Operating Revenues Charges for services Service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 2,148,056 127,230 3,335
Total Operating Revenues	 2,278,621
Operating Expenses	
Personal services - salaries	25,712
Personal services - benefits Purchased services - professional and technical	21,813
Materials and supplies	1,399,916 460,385
Other	130,629
Depreciation	1,014,650
Total Operating Expenses	3,053,105
Operating (Loss)	 (774,484)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment earnings	2,295
Interest and fiscal charges	 (8,145)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 (5,850)
Income Before Contributions	(780,334)
Contributions	 ÷
Change in Net Position	(780,334)
Net Position Beginning of Year	 13,161,600
Net Position End of Year	\$ 12,381,266

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,463,799
Cash payments to employees for services	(47,525)
Cash payments for goods and services	(2,011,377)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 404,897
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Interfund receivable	~
Interfund payable	 (105,039)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital	<i></i>
Financing Activities	 (105,039)
Cash Flows from Capital and	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
-	
Capital grants Principal paid on USDA loan	(102.020)
Principal paid on notes and capital leases	(123,030)
Interest paid on notes and capital leases	(227,709)
Accquisition of capital assets	(8,145)
Accountion of capital assets	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Canital and Related	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(358 884)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (358,884)
Financing Activities	 (358,884)
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments	 98,653
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings	 98,653 2,295
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments	 98,653
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings	 98,653 2,295
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	 98,653 2,295
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in	 98,653 2,295 100,948
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in	 98,653 2,295 100,948
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets	 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266 1,870,188
Financing ActivitiesCash Flows from Investing ActivitiesNet decrease (increase) in investmentsInvestment earningsNet Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesNet Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash EquivalentsCash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of YearCash and Cash Equivalents End of YearReconciliation to Statement of Net Assets Cash and cash equalivalents	\$ 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266 1,870,188 1,348,456
Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net decrease (increase) in investments Investment earnings Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets	 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266 1,870,188
Financing ActivitiesCash Flows from Investing ActivitiesNet decrease (increase) in investmentsInvestment earningsNet Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesNet Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash EquivalentsCash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of YearCash and Cash Equivalents End of YearReconciliation to Statement of Net Assets Cash and cash equalivalents	 98,653 2,295 100,948 41,922 1,828,266 1,870,188 1,348,456

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

For the Year Ended November 30, 202.	l 	(continued)
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(774,484)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation		1,014,650
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		
Accounts receivable		(37,629)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		,
Accounts payable		(20,447)
Customer deposits		222,807
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	404,897

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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The City of Swainsboro, Georgia (the "City") was incorporated in 1890. The City operates under a council-mayor form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, public improvements, sanitation, and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates a public utility (water and wastewater).

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City has elected not to follow private-sector guidance issued after November 30, 1989.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

The following separate entity is the discretely presented component unit of the City.

The City of Swainsboro Downtown Development Authority (Development Authority) – The Development Authority is a public body, corporate and politic, and was created upon the adoption and approval of the Development Authorities Law of the State of Georgia. The Mayor and City Council appoint all members of the Development Authority Financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority, if material, are required to be included in the City's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. This is in accordance with a determination made for such entities by the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts. Specific information relative to the Authority may be obtained at City Hall, Swainsboro, Georgia as the Development Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

Emanuel County and City of Swainsboro Development Authority and Swainsboro Housing Authority are related organizations in that the City appoints all or some of the members of the authorities/commission but does not have any financial responsibility for them.

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with charges to external customers.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

The three major individual funds, the general fund, the SPLOST fund and the water and sewer system enterprise fund are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following is the City's major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of State of Georgia.

The American Rescue Plan Funds (ARPF) – This fund accounts for federal aid provided to local governments to offset loss in revenues due to Covid.

2018 SPLOST Fund - This fund accounts for the cost of certain improvements to the following projects in the City that are financed with the 2018 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) revenues (i.e., the City's share) including water improvements, public safety equipment, fire building, recreation site improvements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Fund - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is classified as a major enterprise fund, which is the water and sewer fund, which provides utility services to the City's citizens.

The Water and Sewer System Fund – This fund is used for the operation of the City's water and sewer system which renders services to the residents and businesses located within the incorporated and immediately surrounding areas.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the way the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels and the fiduciary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (Note 3C) Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within sixty days) before it can be recognized.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, investment earnings and federal and state grants.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

1-E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled utility charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at November 30, 2020.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

1-E-4. Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when consumed.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-5 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the government fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise fund's statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars for equipment and vehicles, fifty thousand dollars for buildings, and two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for infrastructure. The City began capitalizing its infrastructure in December 2003. The City is not capitalizing their infrastructure retroactively to 1980. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated Lives						
Asset Class	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities					
Buildings and improvements	30-50 Years	30-50 Years					
Infrastructure	15-50 Years	N/A					
Utility plant and lines	N/A	40 Years					
Machinery and equipment	5-10 Years	N/A					

1-E-6 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The enterprise fund reports the total compensated liability in the individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only *"when due."*

1-E-7 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

1-E-8 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the approval of a motion. Only, the City also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. By motion, the City Council has authorized the Mayor or City Clerk or designee to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds. Currently, the City only reports unassigned fund balance.

Net Position Flow Assumptions – In order to report net position as a restricted – net position and an unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the City has established a flow assumption policy. It is the City's policy to use restricted – net position first before using unrestricted – net position.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions – It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been used before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net position - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net asset amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

1-E-9. Bond Premiums, Discounts, Issuance Costs and Bond Refunding Gains and Losses

On the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund type statement of net position, debt premiums and discounts are netted against the debt payable for reporting purposes. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

Debt refunding gains and losses are reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources on the statements of net position. These gains and losses are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding debt (new debt) or the refunded debt (the old debt).

Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the reporting period in which they are incurred with the exception of prepaid bond insurance costs which are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt as amortization expense.

At the government fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

1-E-10 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for sanitation services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the water and sewerage services. All other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating and include interest expense, operating grants, gains and the losses on the disposition of capital assets and earnings on investments.

1-E-11 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital reported in proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets (e.g. developers), and grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

1-E-12 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and the after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business-type activities column are eliminated.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-13 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-14 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund, each special revenue and the water and sewer system fund. The City also adopts a project length budget for the various SPLOST capital projects funds.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except the SPLOST capital projects fund, which is adopted on a project length basis, rather than an annual basis.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. The City Administrator may transfer appropriations between line items within a department. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires approval of the Mayor and City Council, as a budget amendment. The 2019 budget was not amended.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

2-B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following departments had expenditures in excess of departmental appropriations:

General fund:

Criminal investigation and other	\$32,338
Public works – operations	1,025,475
Sanitation and recycling	37,791
Community services	40
Recreation	99,412
Airport	372,251
Economic development	73,049
Debt service	148,640

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The City's bank balances of deposits as of November 30, 2021, are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

State statutes require banks holding public funds to secure these funds by FDIC insurance, securities pledged at par value, and surety bonds at face value in combined aggregate totaling not less than 110 percent of the public funds held.

Investments – The fair value of investments of the City is as follows at November 30, 2021:

Maturity

Certificates of deposit

\$591,204 current to one year

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at November 30, 2021, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charges), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility. At November 30, 2019, allowances for uncollectibles were reported as follows:

Water and sewerage fund (charges for services) \$39,141

3-C. Property Taxes

The City Council levied property taxes August 22, 2021. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of Janary 1 2021. Property taxes are billed on November 12, 2021 and were payable on January 31, 2022

(This page continued on the subsequent page)

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-D. Capital Assets

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Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended November 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 12/1/2020		Additions		Deductions		Balance 11/30/2021		
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land		1,139,999	_\$	67,931	_\$	<u>×</u>	\$	1,207,930	
Other capital assets:									
Buildings and improvements		10,805,185		401,895				11,207,080	
Machinery and equipment		3,562,247		6,376				3,568,623	
Infrastructure		7,760,764	_	139,400		<u></u>	-	7,900,164	
Total other capital assets		22,128,196		547,671		<u>.</u>		22,675,867	
Total capital assets		23,268,195		615,602		×	-	23,883,797	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements		4,451,968		326,925		iπ.		4,778,893	
Machinery and equipment		3,781,237		254,975		100		4,036,212	
Infrastructure	_	2,080,370		208,936		3 9	. 	2,289,306	
Total accumulated depreciation		10,313,575		790,836				11,104,411	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	12,954,620	\$	(175,234)	\$	725	\$	12,779,386	
Governmental activities depreciation expense:									
General government			\$	9,975					
Public safety				259,350					
Public works				164,911					
Health and welfare				2,750					
Culture and recreation				195,730					
Housing and development			_	158,120					
Total governmental activities depreciation expense			\$	790,836					

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended November 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 12/1/2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance 11/30/2021
Water and sewerage fund	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 520,300	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 520,300
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	31,319		-	31,319
Utility plant and lines	32,708,187	9 0)		32,708,187
Machinery and equipment	875,835		÷	875,835
Total other capital assets	33,615,341		¥.,	33,615,341
Total capital assets	34,135,641			
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	26,743	1,081	-	27,824
Utility plant and lines	15,435,201	1,006,849	-	16,442,050
Machinery and equipment	847,484	6,720		854,204
Total accumulated depreciation	16,309,428	1,014,650	<u> </u>	17,324,078
Water and sewerage fund capital assets, net	\$ 17,826,213	\$ (1,014,650)	\$ -	\$ 16,811,563

3-E. Interfund Balances

The general fund has loaned the water and sewer fund a net amount of \$416,721 for cash flow purposes.

3-F. Compensated Absences

In general, employees earn annual leave at the rate of 3 days per year for the first year of service, 6 days per year for 1-4 years of service, 12 days per year for 5-9 years of service and 15 days per year for over 10 years of service. A maximum of 30 days may be carried over into an employee's next service year. Any unused, accrued leave more than 30 days from service year to service year will be forfeited. Upon termination, employees are paid for any accrued annual leave.

In general, employees accrue sick leave at the rate of 12 days per year. Unused sick leave is allowed to accumulate from service year to service year. Upon termination, employees forfeit all accumulated unused sick leave.

3-G. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the outstanding long-term debt issues at November 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities Debt

Promissory Notes Payable - The City has two outstanding promissory notes at November 30, 2021.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

2019 BB&T Promissory Note – On January 10, 2019, the City issued a promissory note for a pumper fire truck with BB&T bank for \$266,495. The financing period is 20 quarterly payments of \$14,809 (which includes interest expense) at a 4.11% interest rate.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of November 30, 2019 follow:

Fiscal						
Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	54,867	\$	4,369	\$	59,236
2023		57,157		2,079		59,236
2024		14,658		151		14,809
Total	\$	126,682	\$	6,599	\$	133,281

Bancorp Promissory Note – On June 11, 2015, the City entered into a promissory note for 1 million to finance the construction of an airport hanger. The note carries a variable interest rate. The loan is secured by a land parcel at 23 Airport Road.

Year	P	Principal						
2021	\$	106,759						

Business-type Activities - November 30, 2021, the City has three loans outstanding.

GEFA Loan –*CW* 98-006 – On April 1, 2003 the City borrowed \$2,876,436 at a 3% interest rate for extending the water system. Payments of \$50,792, which includes principal and interest, are due quarterly with a final maturity date of January 1, 2023.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of November 30, 2021 follow:

Fiscal Year	Principal		It	nterest	Total		
2021	\$	\$ 149,149		2,235	\$	163,304	

GEFA Loan –DW09034—During fiscal year 2011, the City was advanced \$349,579 on a \$500,000 construction loan for a water tank project. The additional \$150,421 was advanced resulting in a total loan of \$500,000. Loan was converted to a fixed amortization loan on March 1 2012. Payments are being made at \$2,917 for 240 months at a 0% interest rate.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of November 30, 2021 follow:

Fiscal		
Year	F	rincipal
2022	\$	25,000
2023		25,000
2024		25,000
2025		25,000
2026		25,000
2027-2031		125,000
2032		18,750
Total	\$	268,750

USDA Rural Development Loan – On December 21, 2011, the USDA loaned the City \$6,413,000 to construct a water treatment plant. A portion of the loan proceeds were used to repay the advance funding from the GEFA which was used to begin this project. Payments of \$20,330, which includes principal and interest, are due monthly with a final maturity date of November 21, 2051.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of November 30, 2021 follow:

USDA							
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
					-		
2022	\$	114,337	\$	129,623	\$	243,960	
2023		128,688		115,272		243,960	
2024		131,299		112,661		243,960	
2025		134,598		109,362		243,960	
2026		137,658		106,302		243,960	
2027-2031		736,379		483,421		1,219,800	
20322036		823,808		395,992		1,219,800	
2037-2041		922,109		297,691		1,219,800	
2042-2046		1,031,846		187,954		1,219,800	
2047-2051		1,135,993		83,807		1,219,800	
	-						
Total	\$	5,296,715	\$	2,022,085	\$	7,318,800	

International Decision Systems, Inc. - On March 22, 2016, the City entered into a promissory note for one Mini-excavator with Bancorp Equipment Finance for \$48,447. The financing period is six annual payments \$9,806 (with includes monthly interest expense) at a .40% interest rate. This note was originally reported in governmental activities but was moved to debt in the water and sewer fund in this fiscal year. This note was retired in fiscal year 2021.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended November 30, 2021:

	(Dutstanding 12/1/2020	A	dditions	R	eductions		Dutstanding 11/30/2021		ounts Due One Year
Governmental Activities:	¢	170 251	•		<i>ф</i>	10 ((0)	¢	10 ((00	•	
Promissory note - fire pumper	\$	179,351	\$	-	\$	52,669	\$	126,682	\$	54,867
Promissory note - Airport hanger		423,720				316,961		106,759		106,759
Net pension liability (excess)		(1,108,118)		\sim		(431,364)		(1,539,482)		8
Compensated absences		139,538		41,885		55,815		125,608		50,243
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(365,509)	\$	41,885	\$	(5,919)	\$	(1,180,433)	\$	211,869
Business-type Activities:										
GEFA loan - CW 98-006	\$	344,172	\$. 7	\$	195,023	\$	149,149	\$	149,149
GEFA loan - DW09034		293,750		-		22,917		270,833		25,000
USDA loan		5,419,745		n 🖬		123,030		5,296,715		129,146
Promissory note - International		9,769		÷		9,769	-			9,769
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	6,067,436	\$		\$	350,739	\$	5,716,697	\$	313,064

The promissory notes of the City's governmental funds are retired by general fund and SPLOST fund revenues. Principal and interest payments related to the City's GEFA loans payable and USDA bonds are being repaid from the City's water and sewerage fund.

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, normally the general fund.

3-J. Pensions

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a defined benefit plan, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia. GMEBS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan, adopted by a City Council Ordinance dated September 24, 1973, established the benefit provisions and has the authority to amend these provisions through City ordinance. GMEBS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the City.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

That report may be obtained by writing to:

Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System 201 Pryor Street SW Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3606 404/688-0472

All full-time City employees (i.e., 30 hours per week) have immediate participation in the plan with benefits vesting after 10 years of service. The plans provide either:

- Normal retirement benefit, whereas the employee retires at age 65 with five years of service
- Early retirement benefit, whereas the employee may retire at age 55 or older with ten years of service

Membership in the plan is as follows:

Active participants	54
Fully vested former participants	18
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	55
Active elected officials	7
Total membership	134

Benefits Provided.

Employees who retire at or after age sixty-five with five years of credited service or after age fifty-five with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 to 1.75 percent of their average monthly earnings as defined in the plan for each year of credit service. The system also provides death and disability benefits.

Contributions. City employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City contributes the entire cost of the Plan, using the actuarial basis described in the annual valuation report. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2021 was .78% of covered-employee payroll. The City's covered payroll for employees participating in the Plan as of January 1, 2021, (the most recent actuarial valuation date) was \$2,674,955 (based on covered earnings for the preceding year). The City's contributions were \$21,254.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the City, the City Council, to establish, and amend from time-totime contribution rates for the City and its Plan participants.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At November 30, 2020 the City reported a net pension liability of (\$1,539,448) (an excess). The net pension liability was measured as of November 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. For the year ended November 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of (\$183,789).

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The components of the net pension liability are as follows:

		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		FiduciaryPensionlet PositionLiability	
Balances at November 30, 2019	\$	7,404,994	\$ 8	,513,112	\$ (1,1	08,118)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		93,195		-		93,195
Interest		536,612			5	536,612
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		83,250		Ξ.		83,250
Employer contributions		-		21,606	((21,606)
Net investment income			1	,142,490	(1,1	42,490)
Benefit payments		(444,175)	1	(444,175)		-
Administrative expense				(19,675)		19,675
Other changes	-			-	-	· · · · · ·
Net changes		268,882		700,246	(4	131,364)
Balances at November 30, 2020	\$	7,673,876	\$ 9	,213,358	\$ (1,5	539,482)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to Covered employee payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered emp				120.06% 2,674,955 -57.55%		

At November 30,2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

	Iı	Deferred nflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	_
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption change Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	(35,289) (27,343)	\$ 107,743	
on pension plan investments		(616,841)	 	÷
Total	\$	(679,473)	 107,743	= 2

The (\$571,730) of deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's demographic changes, assumption changes, experience difference and investment changes will be recognized as an increase or decrease of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending November 30, 2021.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

•

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
November 30	
2022	\$ (256,588)
2023	(46,838)
2024	(162,113)
2025	 (106,191)
Totals	\$ (571,730)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Projected salary increases	2.25% plus service based merit increases
Cost of living adjustments	2.25%
Net investment rate of return	7. 375%

Healthy mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.40%
International equity	20%	7.05%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.15%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Global fixed income	5%	1.25%
Total	100%	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.375%) or one percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

	Rate	Rate Lia	
1% decrease	(0.06375)	\$	(685,913)
Current discount rate	(0.07375)		(1,539,482)
1% increase	(0.08375)		(2,256,183)

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Actuary Assumptions. The following amounts reported in fiscal year ending in 2021 and later reflect the following assumption changes based upon an actuarial study conducted on January 1, 2021. There were no changes in plan provisions and in methods and assumptions in this valuation.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Association County Commissioners of Georgia GEBCorp financial report.

3-I. Fund Equity

• *Restricted* – The following fund balances are legally restricted to specified purposes:

Major Capital Projects: SPLOST 18 \$1,147,052

Nonmajor Capital Project: Capital Projects \$96,125

Nonmajor Special Revenue Hotel/Motel: Housing and Development \$385,553

Unassigned – The following fund balances include the general fund unassigned amount:

\$4,428,691

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets on the government-wide statement of net position as of November 30, 2020 are as follows:

Net investment in capital assets:	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities		
Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 23,883,797 11,104,411	\$	34,135,641 17,324,078	
Book value Less capital related debt	12,779,386		16,811,563 5,716,697	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,545,945	\$	11,094,866	

Note 4 - Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

Both the City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for its property and liability insurance. The City manages its risk of potential loss from injuries to employees by participating in the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current year.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent them in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against them within the scope of loss protection provided by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against any liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The Funds are to pay all costs assessed to its members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

Settled claims in the last three years have not exceeded coverage.

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The City was a defendant in several lawsuits at November 30, 2019. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

4-C. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other municipalities and counties in the middle Georgia area, is a member of the Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Development Center (RDC). Membership in the RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes representation from each county and municipality of the area, as well as representatives from the private sector and other governmental entities. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements for the RDC are available from:

Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Development Center 501 Oak Street Eastman, Georgia 31023

Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

4-D. Hotel/Motel Taxes

The City levies a 5% lodging tax. A summary of the transactions in the hotel/motel tax fund for the year ended November 30, 2021 follows:

Fund balance, December 1, 2020	\$ 272,885
Add hotel/motel taxes and investment earnings	143,467
Less expenditures	 (30,799)
Fund balance, November 30, 2021	\$ 385,553

Expenditures of \$30,779 (21.5% current year's receipts) were for promotion of tourism as required by OCGA 48-13-51. This complies with the expenditure requirements of OCGA 48-13-51.
City opf Swainsboro, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions City of Swainsboro Retirement Plan For the Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended November 30,	De	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Employer Contribution		ntribution eficiency Excess)	ficiency Covere		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$	141,871	\$	130,048	\$	11,823	\$	1,997,936	6.51%
2018		138,264		150,087		(11,823)		2,104,249	7.13%
2019		151,061		151,061		ā		2,435,693	6.20%
2020		19,924		21,606		(1,682)		2,560,994	0.84%
2021		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A

Notes to The Schedule:

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Valuation Timing
Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method
Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method Inflation Rate Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Cost of Living Adjustments Retirement Age

Mortality

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, 2020, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year ending November 30, 2021.

P:rojected unit credit

Closed Level Dollar for the remaining unfunded liability N/A

Some of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plud the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at year end. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

3.25% 2.25% plus service based merit increases 7.375% 2.25% Rates Based on Age and History RP-2000 mortality with sex-distinct rates, set forward 2 years for males and one year for females.

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios City of Swainsboro Retirement Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	_				_							
Total Pension Liability		mber 30, 2016	Nove	November 30, 2017 Novem		November 30, 2018 November 30, 2019		November 30, 2020		Nove	mber 30, 2021	
Service cost	\$	91,846	\$	89,074	\$	101,808	\$	106,312	\$	111,790	\$	93,195
Interest on total pension liability		498,108		517,174		525,326		511,312		525,068		536,612
Differences between expected and actual experience		66,286		(82,695)		(148,073)		(22,696)		90,606		83,250
Ghanges in assumptions		8		n.:		(126,933)				(3,912)		÷.
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(403,729)	_	(416,726)	-	(420,014)	-	(418,658)		(415,344)	_	(444,175)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		252,511		106,827		(67,886)		176,270		308,208		268,882
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Fiscal Year	5	6,629,084		6,881,575	-	6,988,402	-	6,920,516	s	7,096,786	\$	7,404,994
Total Pension Liability - End of Fiscal Year	\$	6,881,595	S	6,988,402		6,920,516	\$	7,026,785	5	7,404,994	5	7,673,876
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Employer contributions	\$	138,271	s	130,048	ŝ	150,087		151,061		18,502		21,606
Net investment income		215,620		361,391		1,286,225		130,235		965,339		1,142,490
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(403,729)		(416,726)		(420,014)		(418,658)		(415,344)		(444,175)
Administrative expenses		(13,407)		(12,077)	-	(19,965)	_	(19,448)		(18,655)	_	(19,675)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(63,245)		62,636		996,333		(156,810)		549,842		700,246
Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year		7,124,366	_	7,061,111	-	7,123,747	\$	8,120,080	\$	7,963,270	\$	8,513,112
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	5	7.061.121	5	7,123,747	3	8,120,080	3	7,963,270	\$	8,513,112	\$	9,213,358
City's Net Pension Liability (Excess)- End of Fiscal Year	5	(179,526)	\$	(135,345)	5	(1,199,564)	\$	(866,484)	5	(1.108,118)	\$	(1.539.482)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	_	102.61%	_	101_94%	-	117,33%	_	112.21%		114.96%	_	120.06%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,997,936	s	2,104,249	\$	2,435,693	\$	2,552.052	\$	2,560,994	s	2.674,955
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	_	-8 99%	_	-6.43%	-	-49,25%	_	-93 95%		-43 27%	_	-57 55%
Notes to this Schedule: This schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated												

Schedule of Investment Returns

Annual money-weighted 20 rate of return, net of investment expensed 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%

Notes to this Schedule: This schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Notes to Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended November 30,2021

I. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund.

II. The departments that had excesses of expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

General fund:

Criminal investigation and other Public works – operations Sanitation and Recycling Culture and Recreation Airport Economic Development Debt service

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020)

•

	0	20)21		2020
	Original	Final		Variance With Final	
Real and personal property taxes	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
General property tax - current	\$ 2,435,268	\$ 2,435,268	2,337,949	\$ (97,319)	\$ 2,154,449
Motor vehicle property tax - current	45,000	45,000	29,080	(15,920)	38,070
General property tax - delinquent	-	¥	1,423	1,423	20
Motor vehicle title adv tax (TAVT)	220,000	220,000	170,391	(49,609)	140,501
Mobile home - personal property	1,000	1,000	3,226	2,226	946
Other - personal property	12,000	12,000	16,282	4,282	20,958
AAVT Real estate transfer taxes	5,000	5,000	9,399	4,399	8,697
Real estate transfer taxes Railroad taxes	3,000	3,000	5,919	2,919	4,038
FLIPA exemption	2,000 1,400	2,000 1,400	*	(2,000) (1,400)	6,842
Penalties and interest on taxes	70,000	70,000	37,796	(32,204)	8,897 37,619
Total real and personal property taxes	2,794,668	2,794,668	2,611,465	(183,203)	
	2,794,008	2,794,008	4,011,403	(183,203)	2,421,017
Selective taxes: Sales tax	900,000	900,000	1,093,067	103 0/7	1 107 150
Sales tax TIA	68,000	68,000	899,418	193,067 831,418	1,107,152
Franchise tax	665,000	665,000	563,561	(101,439)	645,059
Alcholic beverage tax	190,000	190,000	196,833	6,833	207,336
Insurance premium tax	550,000	550,000	600,493	50,493	581,696
Lost excise	28,000	28,000	26,012	(1,988)	32,938
T-SPLOST	93,000	93,000	116,301	23,301	111,216
Total selective taxes	2,494,000	2,494,000	3,495,685	1,001,685	2,685,397
Licenses and permits:					
Alcoholic beverages	30,000	30,000	31,775	1,775	30,575
General business license	200,000	200,000	201,699	1,699	186,920
General business license - insurance	16,000	16,000	13,350	(2,650)	15,350
Building structure and equipment permit Inspections	10,000 5,000	10,000 5,000	3,825 4,905	(6,175)	10,850
Business license penalties	1,000	1,000	4,905	(95) (1,000)	3,555
Total licenses and permits:	262,000	262,000	255,554	(6,446)	247,250
Intergovernmental					
Federal State and local	75,000	75,000	65,377	(9,623)	649,088
State and tocal	904,881	904,881	812,123	(92,758)	825,097
Total intergovernmental	979,881	979,881	877,500	(102,381)	1,474,185
Fines and forfeitures:					
Court - superior Court - recorders	1,000	1,000	2,776	1,776	1,054
Court - recorders	325,000	325,000	487,376	162,376	425,944
Total fines and forfeitures:	326,000	326,000	490,152	164,152	426,998
Charges for services:	100 000	140.00-			
Garbage collections Dumpster	450,000	450,000	641,107	191,107	732,352
Recycled materials	668,800	668,800	470,949	(197,851)	474,592
Landfill fees	16,800	16,800	825 161,836	825 145,036	1,140
Airport	87,250	87,250	145,964	58,714	101,831
Public safety	16,000	16,000	16,828	828	15,853
Culture and recreation	51,500	51,500	58,274	6,774	40,597
Animal shelter fees	3,000	3,000	2,961	(39)	1,195
Sale of timber Miscellaneous	500	500	7,938	7,438	22 227
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				32,327
Total charges for services:	1,293,850	1,293,850	1,506,682	212,832	1,399,887
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	1,987	(13)	3,016
Miscellaneous:					
Rents and royalities Miscellaneous	22 762	22 762	11,900	11,900	
	23,762	23,762	46,632	22,870	
Total miscellaneous	23,762	23,762	58,532	34,770	<u> </u>
Total revenues	\$ 8,176,161	\$ 8,176,161	<u>\$ 9,297,557</u>	<u>\$ 1,121,396</u>	<u>\$ 8,657,750</u>

City of Swainsboro, Georgia General Fund Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020)

			2021	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2020
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
General government					
Governing body:	F 140.040	¢ 140.000	. 110.044	e 22.100	
Personal services Operating	\$ 142,062 17,990	\$ 142,062 17,990	\$ 118,864 15,226	\$ 23,198 2,764	\$ 124,514 8,639
Total governing body	160,052	160,052	134,090	25,962	133,153
Mayor and commission:					
Personal services Operating	37,103 14,982	37,103	35,545 12,456	1,558 2,526	35,037
Γotal mayor and commission	52,085	52,085	48,001	4,084	46,44
Total general government	212,137	212,137	182,091	30,046	179,593
Financial administration:					
Personal services	433,231	433,231	431,945	1,286	410,341
Operating Capital outlaw	82,567	82,567	88,303	(5,736)	124,608
Capital outlay Less reimbursement from other funds	36,314	36,314	-	36,314	6,975 (49,500
Total financial administration	552,112	552,112	\$20,248	31,864	492,424
Tax assessor's commission				¥	2,97
'otal general government	764,249	764,249	702,339	61,910	674,990
ublic safety:					
Police:					
Personal services	1,792,816	1,792,816	1,686,042	106,774	1,602,120
Operating Capital outlay	349,058 22,896	349,058 22,896	386,148 14,416	(37,090) 8,480	325,48 21,52
Total police	2,164,770				
	2,104,770	2,164,770	2,086,606	78,164	1,949,13
riminal investigation and other Personal services	77,322	77,322	106,812	(20,400)	06 71
Operating	18,082	18,082	27,640	(29,490) (9,558)	96,71 19,00
Capital outlay	6,710	6,710		6,710	17,00
otal criminal investigation and other	102,114	102,114	134,452	(32,338)	115,71
Fire:					
Personal services	931,705	931,705	945,148	(13,443)	925,56
Operating	113,642	113,642	109,627	4,015	145,66
Capital outlay Other	25,600	25,600	6,376	19,224	51,89
Total fire	1,070,947	1,070,947	1,061,151	9,796	1,123,12
Animal control:					
Personal services	130,348	130,348	133,531	(3,183)	118,22
Operating	42,645	42,645	23,962	18,683	21,19
Capital outlay	980	980	<u>`</u>	980	
Total animal control	173,973	173,973	157,493	16,480	139,41
Total public safety	3,511,804	3,511,804	3,439,702	/2,102	3,327,39
ublic works:					
Public works - operations:	1 209 410	1 208 410	1,350,697	(40.007)	1 639 90
Operating Capital outlay	1,308,410	1,308,410 80,000	1,063,188	(42,287) (983,188)	1,628,80
	1,388,410	1,388,410	2,413,885	(1,025,475)	1,628,80
otal - public works - operations					
			-	12 C	÷
Fotal - public works - operations Sanitation and recycling: Personal services Operating	670,000	670,000	707,791	(37,791)	678,894
Sanitation and recycling: Personal services					678,89

Community services

Operating Capital outlay	480	480	520	(40)	4,057
Community services	480	480	520	(40)	4,057
Total health and welfare	480	480	520	(40)	4,057
Culture and recreation Recreation Personal services Operating Capital outlay	574,586 324,584	574,586 324,584	520,104 318,086 160,392	54,482 6,498 (160,392)	509,747 292,090 18,000
Total recreation	899,170	899,170	998,582	(99,412)	819,837
Senior Citizen Support Operating					¥
Sports facilities: Operating	87,600	87,600	87,600		89,120
Libraries: Operating	137,293	137,293	137,293		137,293
Total culture and recreation	1,124,063	1,124,063	1,223,475	(99,412)	1,046,250
Housing and development: Protective inspection Personal services Operating	83,306	83,306 33,082	83,448 12,136	(142)	78,715
Total protective inspection	116,388	116,388	95,584	20,804	91,997
City Downtown Development Authority: Personal services Operating Capital outlay	67,636 25,682 6,093	67,636 25,682 6,093	58,717 19,949	8,919 5,733 6,093	63,775 20,728
Total City Downtown Development Authority:	99,411	99,411	78,665	20,745	84,503
Enterprise applications Operating	25,591	25,591	21,720	3,871	21,450
Airport: Operating Capital outlay	211,529 25,000	211,529	469,380	(257,851) (114,400)	244,731
Total airport	236,529	236,529	608,780	(372,251)	244,731
Economic development Operating Capital outlay			5,118 67,931	(5,118)	
Total economic development		<u> </u>	73,049	(73,049)	
Total housing and development:	427,919	477,919	877,799	(399,880)	442,681
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	202,669	202,669 36,567	369,630 18,265	(166,961)	200,559 43,664
Total Debt Service	239,236	239,236	387,895	(148,640)	244,223
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,176,161	\$ 8,176,161	\$ 9,753,406	\$ (1,577,226)	\$ 8,047,303

0,09482

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type November 30, 2021

		onmajor Special Revenue Funds	C P	onmajor Capital Gereccts Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	378,110	\$ 96,125		\$	474,235	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	7,443	φ	90,125		7,443	
Total Assets	5	385,553	\$	96,125	\$	481,678	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities Accounts payable Notes payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$	ŕ	\$	1	
Total Liabilities	-	<u>.</u>		*			
Restricted for debt service				3 ≢1			
Restricted for capital projects				96,125		96,125	
Restricted for housing and development		385,553	-			385,553	
Total Fund Balances		385,553		96,125		481,678	
Toral Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	385,553	\$	96,125	\$	481,678	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Schedule of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund			Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	143,142	\$	-	\$		\$	143,142
Charges for services		5 		-) .		
Miscellaneous		1 ei		87,525		×.		87,525
Investment earnings		325		52)•=i	-	377
Total Revenues		143,467		87,577				231,044
Expenditures								
Current:								
Housing and development		30,799		6,045		14 2		36,844
Capital Outlay		1		10		3.7.1		5
Debt Service:								
Principal		3 - 1		×		2 4 1		Ē
Interest and fiscal charges)e	-	<u> </u>		9		9
Total Expenditures		30,799		6,045		9		36,853
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		112,668		81,532		(9)		194,191
Other Financing Sources Transfers in								
Net Change in Fund Balances		112,668		81,532		(9)		194,191
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	-	272,885		14,593		9		287,487
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	385,553	\$	96,125	\$		\$	481,678

City of Swainsboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet November 30, 2021 and 2020

		2021		2020	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	692,050	\$	1,060,489	
Investments		591,204		591,204	
Receivables (net, where applicable):					
Property taxes		2,130,539		2,006,585	
Sales taxes		127,070		188,020	
Federal excise taxes		2		2,154	
Accounts		58,598		194,895	
Ingovernmental		105,457		÷.	
Interfund		416,721		521,761	
Inventories					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,149,044	-	952,144	
Total Assets	\$	5,270,683	\$	5,517,252	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	154,363	\$	72,204	
Accrued expenditures		167,432			
Others payable		16,744		2	
Interfund payable			-		
Total Liabilities		338,539		72,204	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
- Property Taxes		503,453	-	560,508	
Total Liabilities and Deferred					
Inflows of Resources	_	841,992	_	632,712	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable		*		*	
Unassigned	-	4,428,691	_	4,884,540	
Total Fund Balances		4,428,691	_	4,884,540	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	5,270,683	S	5,517,252	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

		2021		2020
Revenues	· · ·			
Taxes	\$	6,107,150	\$	5,106,414
Licenses and permits		255,554		247,250
Intergovernmental		877,500		1,474,185
Charges for services		1,506,682		1,399,887
Fines and forfeitures		490,152		426,998
Investment earnings		1,987		3,016
Miscellaneous		58,532		
Total Revenues		9,297,557		8,657,750
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		702,339		674,990
Public safety		3,439,702		3,327,399
Public works		3,121,676		2,307,702
Health and welfare		520		4,057
Culture and recreation		1,223,475		1,046,250
Housing and development		877,799		442,681
Debt Service:				
Principal		369,630		200,559
Interest and fiscal charges	_	18,265	_	43,664
Total Expenditures		9,753,406		8,047,302
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(455,849)	_	610,448
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		×
Loan proceeds		-		×
Transfers out	_	2	<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources				÷.
Net Change in Fund Balances		(455,849)		610,448
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		4,884,540		4,274,092
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	4,428,691	\$	4,884,540

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Balance Sheet Hotel/Motel Tax Fund November 30, 2021 and 2020

	. <u> </u>	2020	2020		
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	378,110 7,443	\$	273,822	
Total Assets	\$	385,553	\$	273,822	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$		\$	937	
Fund Balances Restricted for housing and development		385,553		272,885	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	385,553	\$	273,822	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Schedule of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Hotel/Motel Tax Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020)

		2021									
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final al Budget			Actual	
Revenues:											
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	143,142	\$	18,142	\$	123,857	
Investment earnings		<u> </u>				325		325		293	
Total Revenues	·	125,000		125,000	-	143,467		18,467		124,150	
Expenditures											
Current:											
Housing and development		125,000		125,000		30,799		94,201		41,976	
Capital Outlay		<u>.</u>				•				·	
Total Expenditures		125,000	·	125,000		30,799		94,201		41,976	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures		<u> </u>	\$			112,668	\$	112,668		82,174	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						272,885			·	190,711	
Fund Balances End of Year						385,553			\$	272,885	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Balance Sheet Debt Service Fund November 30, 2021 and 2020

	2020	2020
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	\$ 9
Fund Balances Restricted for debt service	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 9

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City of Swainsboro, Georgia Schedule of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020)

	2021						2	020		
		iginal Idget		`inal 1dget	A	ctual	With	iance Final dget	A	ctual
Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	ž.	\$		\$	3	\$	•	\$	•
Investment earnings		9				5				
Miscellaneous		· · ·		i i				*		•
Total Revenues	-	<u> </u>	_	-	<u> </u>					
Expenditures										
Debt Service:										
Principal				×				-		2
Interest and fiscal charges						9		(9)		
				•	Δ					
Total Expenditures				2		9		(9)		<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		-				(9)		(9)		
()						())				
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in						<u> </u>				<u>*</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		<u>-</u>	_\$			(9)	\$	(9)		÷
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						9				9
Fund Balances End of Year									\$	9

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Balance Sheet 2018 SPLOST Fund November 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,147,052	\$ 791,472
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,147,052</u>	\$ 791,472
Fund Balances Restricted for capital projects	\$ 1,147,052	<u>\$ 791,472</u>

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City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 2018 SPLOST Fund For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

	 2021	2020		
Revenues Sales taxes Investment earnings	\$ 602,473 991	\$	471,909 945	
Total Revenues	 603,464		472,854	
Expenditures <i>Current</i>				
Public works Capital Outlay	6,381 241,503		163,123	
Total Expenditures	 247,884		163,123	
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	355,580		309,731	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 791,472		481,741	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,147,052	\$	791,472	

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Balance Sheet Dixie Theater November 30, 2021 and 2020

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Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	96,125	\$	14,593
Fund Balances Restricted for capital projects		96,125	\$	14,593

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Dixie Theater Fund For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

n	2021		 2020		
Revenues Miscellaneous-contributions Investment earnings	\$	87,525 52	\$ 5,616 180		
Total Revenues		87,577	 5,796		
Expenditures Housing and Development Capital Outlay	,	6,045	 184,259		
Total Expenditures		6,045	 184,259		
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		81,532	(178,463)		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		14,593	 193,056		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	96,125	\$ 14,593		

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund November 30, 2021 and 2020

Current Assets: \$ Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments Receivable: Accounts (net) Interfund Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	2021	·	2020
Investments Receivable: Accounts (net) Interfund Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Noncurrent Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Customer Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Current Liabilit			
Receivable: Accounts (net) Interfund Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Noncurrent Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Current Liabilities Current Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities	1,348,456	\$	1,430,072
Accounts (net) Interfund Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Defre Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	78		98,731
Interfund Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Customer Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable CEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Mode payable Current Liabilities Market Interfund payable Total Current Liabilities Market Interfund payable Total Current Liabilities Customer Depayable Market Interfund payable Total Current Liabilities Market Interfund Payable Market Interfund Payable USDA bonds payable Total Liabilities Market Interfund Payable Market Interfund Paya	74,741		37,112
Cash and cash equivalents Total Current Assets Capital assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Customer Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	-		-
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable VSDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Nondepreciable Promissory note payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Nondepreciable Nondepreciable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net investment in capital assets			
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net investment in capital assets	521,732	-	398,194
Capital assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable, net	1,945,007		1,964,109
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
Depreciable, net			
Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Net Position Net investment in capital assets	520,300		530,300
Total Assets Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Met Position Net investment in capital assets	16,291,263		17,295,913
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Long-term Liabilities Current Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Current Liabilities	16,811,563		17,826,213
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Met Position Net investment in capital assets	18,756,570		19,790,322
Accounts payable Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
Customer deposits payable Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			20,447
Interfund payable Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	241,885		19,078
Promissory note payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	416,721		521,760
GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			9,769
USDA bonds payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	174,149		216,248
Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion): Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	129,146		123,030
Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	961,901		910,332
Promissory notee payable GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
GEFA loans payable USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	з÷		ě.
USDA bonds payable Total Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	245,834		421,675
Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	5,167,569		5,296,715
Total Liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets			
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	5,413,403		5,718,390
Net investment in capital assets	6,375,304		6,628,722
Net investment in capital assets		A	
	11,094,865		11,758,776
Restricted for debt service	521,732		398,194
Unrestricted	764,669		1,004,630
Total Net Position	12,381,266	_\$	13,161,600

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Position Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

City of Swainsboro, Georgia

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	2021	2020
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,148,056	\$ 2,485,870
Service charges	127,230	175,986
Miscellaneous	3,335	4,435
Total Operating Revenues	2,278,621	2,666,291
Operating Expenses		
Personal services - salaries	25,712	24,605
Personal services - benefits	21,813	21,004
Purchased services	1,399,916	1,640,386
Materials and supplies	460,385	369,098
Other	130,629	÷
Depreciation	1,014,650	1,014,650
Total Operating Expenses	3,053,105	3,069,743
Operating (Loss)	(774,484)	(403,452)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	2,295	2,876
Interest and fiscal charges	(8,145)	(129,733)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(5,850)	(126,857)
Change in Net Position	(780,334)	(530,309)
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,161,600	13,691,909
Net Position End of Year	\$ 12,381,266	\$ 13,161,600
	\$ 12,381,266	\$ 13,161,600
	\$	\$-

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

		2021	2020		
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$	2,463,799	\$	2,666,291	
Cash payments to employees for services		(47,525)		(45,609)	
Cash payments for goods and services		(2,011,377)		(2,009,044)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		404,897		611,638	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Other		-		233,303	
Interfund payable	-	(105,039)		319,766	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital					
Financing Activities		(105,039)		553,069	
Cash Flows from Capital and					
Related Financing Activities					
Capital grants		-			
Principal paid on USDA loan		(123,030)		(120,542)	
Principal paid on notes and loans		(227,709)		(118,027)	
Interest paid on notes and capital leases		(8,145)		14	
Accquisition of capital assets	-		.		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related					
Financing Activities		(358,884)		(238,569)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Net decrease (increase) in investments		98,653			
Investment earnings	-	2,295		2,876	
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		100,948		2,876	
Net Increase (Decrease) in					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		41,922		929,014	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		1,828,266		899,252	
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	1,870,188	\$	1,828,266	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position					
Cash and cash equalivalents	\$	1,348,456	\$	1,430,072	
Restricted assets		521,732		398,194	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,870,188	\$	1,828,266	
A Start Cush and Cash Equivalents	ф —	1,070,100	<u>_</u> 9	1,020,200	

(continued)

City of Swainsboro, Georgia Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - Water and Sewerage Fund For the Fiscal Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

		 (continued)
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 2021	 2020
Operating (Loss)	\$ (774,484)	\$ (403,452)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	1,014,650	1,014,650
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		
Accounts receivable	(37,629)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(20,447)	2
Customer deposits	 222,807	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 404,897	\$ 611,198

City of Swainsboro Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For the Year Ended 11/30/2021

		Original	Current		E	xpenditures	
	E	Estimated Cost		stimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
2018 SPLOST	\$	250,000	\$	250,000			
Public Safety Bldg and Equip Recreation Equipment W/S Improvements					188,998 	247,884 - -	436,882 - -
TOTAL					\$ 188,998	\$ 247,884	\$ 436,882

Note A: The SPLOST Schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis.

Stacie W. Avery Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 189 241 W. Main Street Swainsboro, GA 30401

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Mayor and Council City of Swainsboro, Georgia

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Governmental Audit Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Swainsboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended November 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Swainsboro, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated June 24, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Swainsboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Swainsboro Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Swainsboro, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charge with governance.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Swainsboro, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Storie W. tvery CPA

Stacie W. Avery, Certified Public Accountant Swainsboro, GA June 24, 2022