## BANKS COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified:

None reported

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered material weaknesses: One reported

Noncompliance material to financial

Statements noted? None reported

B. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None reported

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered material weaknesses: None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

of major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

Reported in accordance with Circular

A-133, Section .510(a)?

Identification of major program:

CFDA 66.458 ARRA Capitalization Grants for

Clean Water State Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

Between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?

# BANKS COUNTY, GEORGIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the expenditures relating to the County's federal award programs. The schedule is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### BANKS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANT/PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Grant/ Contract Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Indirect Federal Funding: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA): ARRA-Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Federal Portion) Clearwell Project	66.458	DWSRF 09-015	\$ <u>740,169</u>
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			740,169
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency			
FEMA Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.044	EMW-2008-FO-02131	161,278
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency			161,278
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$ 901,447

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Banks County, Georgia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Banks County, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Banks County, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Duncan & Kitchens, LLC

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#### **DUNCAN & KITCHENS, LLC**

Joseph Duncan, CPA, ATA, ATP Joe Kitchens, CPA Certified Public Accountants 327-D MONROE STREET CLARKESVILLE, GA 30523 (706) 754-5814 FAX (706) 754-9069

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## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

November 19, 2010

To the Commissioners Banks County, Georgia Homer, Georgia

We have audited the compliance of the Banks County, Georgia with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Banks County, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Banks County, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Banks County, Georgia's compliance based on our audit.

Banks County, Georgia's basic financial statements include the operation of a legally separate component unit, Banks County Health Department. Any amounts of federal awards received by that component unit are not included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of Banks County Health because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform any audit required in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Banks County, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Banks County, Georgia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Banks County, Georgia, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Banks County, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. We did not audit Banks County, Georgia's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Duncan & Kitchens, LLC

#### Comment 09-1

Condition:

County personnel may require additional training in the application of generally accepted principles and the preparation of financial statements. Currently, the County relies on the external auditors for technical assistance in applying generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the financial statements. This is common in governments of similar size and structure to the County. Under current auditing standards, providing technical assistance does not impair the independence of the external auditor. However, future changes to auditing standards by standards setting boards could state that providing technical assistance would impair the independence of the external auditor. This does not indicate that the Finance Director is not trained to perform the daily accounting functions, but that the County has elected as a cost benefit to outsource this expertise to their auditors. As required, we have indicated this as a significant deficiency in our letter on Internal Control and Compliance.

Criteria:

Effective internal control requires that the County accept responsibility and understanding of the audited financial report.

Effect:

Failure to understand the financial statements may lead to material misstatements.

Recommendation: County personnel should continue to receive training in the identification and application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the County's financial statements.

Banks County Management agrees with this finding and understands the Management Response: requirement of SAS 112 to issue this statement as a Significant Deficiency. All employees of the Board of Commissioners Finance Office will continue to seek training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and in the preparation of the County's financial statements. Until such time it is financially feasible for the County finance staff to prepare the County's financial statements, the Finance Office will continue to rely on an independent auditor to prepare them.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more that a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Banks County Georgia's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies, and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Banks County, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 19, 2010

To the Commissioners Banks County Homer, Georgia

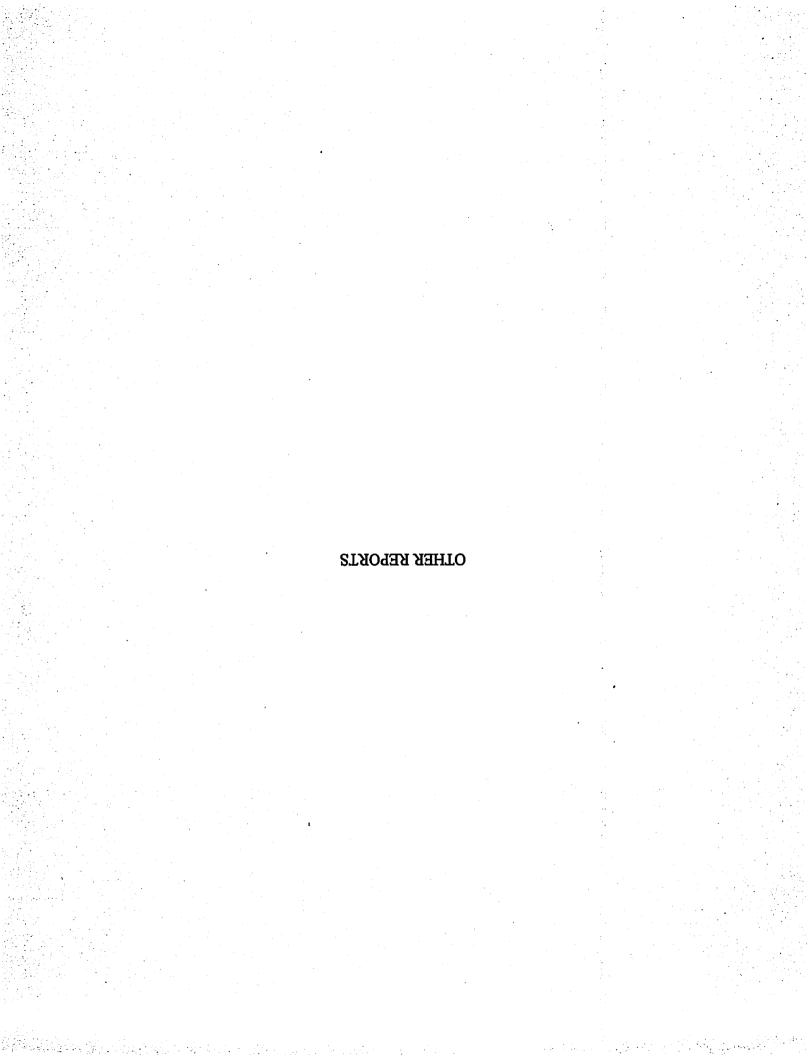
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business —type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Banks County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise Banks County Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2010. We did not audit the financial statements of the Banks County Health Department, a component unit of Banks County, Georgia. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Banks County Health Department, is based on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Banks County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Banks County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more then inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We noted the following significant deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting:



# BANKS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### 2001 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED <u>COST</u>	ADJUSTED ESTIMATED <u>COST</u>	PRIOR <u>TOTAL</u>	CURRENT TOTAL	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETION
Jail Construction	\$ 3,356,250	\$ 3,766,122	\$ 3,650,844	\$ 0	96.94%
Safety Facilities and Fire Trucks	2,013,750	1,952,183	1,790,954	0	91.74%
Recreation Facilities	1,074,000	1,573,241	688,376	0	43.76%
Roads & Bridges	1,611,000	1,336,429	458,928	0	34.34%
Water Treatment Facilties	5,370,000	4,474,131	4,662,116	0	104.20%
	\$_13,425,000	\$ 13,102,106	\$ <u>11,251,218</u>	\$0	

#### 2006 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST		PRIOR TOTAL		CURRENT TOTAL	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETION
Courthouse Annex Building	\$ 8,000,000	\$	7,302,033	\$	256,296	94.48%
Fire/EMS Buildings and Equipmen	t 158,000		158,000		0	100.00%
Sewage Expansion Project	1,000,000		1,264,563		0	126.46%
Roads and Bridges	1,000,000		1,479,099		0	147.91%
City Projects						
Homer	950,000		987,579		0	103.96%
Maysville	460,000		477,532		0	103.81%
Baldwin	300,000		313,512		0	104.50%
Alto	75,000		76,867		0	102.49%
Lula	57,000	_	58,905	-	0	103.34%
	12,000,000	=	12,118,090		256,296	

#### Reconciliation to Exhibit 4

Banks County General Obligation Bonds Series 2006		
Principal		1,960,000
Interest		338,200
Less Sales Tax Allocated To Cities	_	0
Total Expenditure per Exhibit 4	\$_	2,554,496

#### BANKS COUNTY AGENCY FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSET AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

CLERK OF COURT		2009	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	2010
ASSETS	_				
Cash	s _	169,807 \$	755,552 \$	728,523 \$	196,836
TOTAL ASSETS	s <sub>=</sub>	169,807 \$	755,552 \$	728,523 \$	196,836
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	97,602 \$	408,041 \$	416,281 \$	89,362
Unsettled Escrow	_	72,205	347,511	312,242	107,474
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ =	169,807 \$	755,552 \$	728,523 \$	196,836
MAGISTRATE					
ASSETS					
Cash	<b>s</b> _	7,543 \$	85,266 \$	78,807 \$	14,002
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	7,543 \$	<u>85,266</u> \$	78,807 \$	14,002
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	2,530 \$	38,359 \$	36,693 \$	4,196
Unsettled Escrow	•	5,013	46,907	42,114	9,806
	-				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ =	7,543 \$	85,266 \$	78,807	14,002
PROBATION OFFICE					
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	25,317 \$	79,291 \$	83,940 \$	20,668
	_				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	25,317 \$	79,291 \$	83,940 \$	20,668
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	\$	42,652 \$	42,652 \$	
Unsettled Escrow	_	25,317	36,639	41,288	20,668
	_				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ =	25,317 \$	79,291 \$	83,940 \$	20,668
TOTALS					
Acerte					
ASSETS	•	10//01/	12 501 525 6	12 425 646 6	1 630 006
Cash	\$_	1,266,215 \$	13,701,525 \$	13,437,645	1,530,095
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	1,266,215	13,701,525 \$	13,437,645	1,530,095
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	896,050 \$	13,221,898 \$	13,042,001 \$	1,075,947
Unsettled Escrow	•	370,165	479,627	395,644	454,148
	-				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	s =	1,266,215 \$	13,701,525 \$	13,437,645	1,530,095

# BANKS COUNTY AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSET AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

TAX COMMISSIONER					
ASSETS		2009	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	2010
Cash	\$	1,026,012 \$	11,832,822 \$	11,591,666 \$	1,267,168
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,026,012 \$	11,832,822 \$	11,591,666 \$	1,267,168
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies Unsettled Escrow	\$	758,382 \$	11,784,252 \$	11,591,666 \$	950,968
Unsettled Escrow		267,630	48,570		316,200
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,026,012 \$	11,832,822 \$	11,591,666 \$	1,267,168
SHERIFF					
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	24,099 \$	153,669 \$	160,436 \$	17,332
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	24,099 \$	153,669 \$	160,436	17,332
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	24,099 \$	153,669 \$	160,436 \$	17,332
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	24,099 \$	153,669 \$	160,436 \$	17,332
PROBATE JUDGE					
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	7,045 \$	369,936 \$	371,622 \$	5,359
	-				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,045 \$	369,936 \$	371,622 \$	5,359
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	7,045 \$	369,936 \$	371,622 \$	5,359
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,045	369,936 \$	371,622 \$	5,359
FEDERAL EQUITY SHARING					
ASSETS					
Cash	s	6,392 \$	424 989 \$	422,651 \$	8,730
	•				
TOTAL ASSETS	S	6,392 \$	424,989	422,651 \$	8,730
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					
Due to Other Government Agencies	\$	6,392 \$	424,989 \$	422,651 \$	8,730
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	6,392 \$	424,989	422,651 \$	8,730

BANKS COUNTY
AGENCY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
JUNE 30, 2010

SCHEDULE 5

	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Unsettled Esc	ASSETS Cash
TOTAL LIABILITIES	TIES ounts Payable Due to Other Government Agencies Unsettled Escrow	TOTAL ASSETS
<b>69</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>↔</b> ••
1,267,168	950,968 316,200	TAX C <u>OMMISSIONE</u> R 1,267,168 1,267,168
<b>&amp;</b> ∥	<i></i>	<i>⇔ ⇔</i>
20,668	20,668	PROBATION OFFICE 20,668 20,668
<b>∞</b>	<b>ب</b>	&
17,332	17,332	SHERIFF 17,332
<b>⊗</b>	<b>ب</b>	<b>∞</b> ∞
5,359	5,359	PROBATE JUDGE 5,359 5,359
<b>∽</b>		ω ω 
8,730	8,730	FEDERAL EQUITY SHARING 8,730 8,730
<b>S</b>	•	& & 
196,836	89,362 107,474	CLERK OF COURT 196,836
<b>∞</b> ∥	ω 	%
14,002	4,196 9,806	MAGISTRATE COURT 14,002
<b>∽</b> ∥	<b>∞</b> 	» »     C
1,530,095	1,075,947 454,148	COMBINED TOTALS 1,530,095

# BANKS COUNTY FAMILY CONNECTIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

REVENUES	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FROM BUDGET
Grants	\$ 50,000	\$ 34,511	\$ (15,489)
Local Matching		2,572	2,572
Interest Income		10	10
TOTAL REVENUE	50,000	37,093	(12,907)
EXPENDITURES			
Operating	3,300	162	3,300
Per Diem & Contract Fees	45,600	45,600	•
Telecommunications	1,100	900	200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	50,000	46,662	3,500
EXCESS -DEFICIENCY REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES		(9,569)	(9,407)
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR		(840)	
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR		\$(10,409)	

	\$ 	=		\$ <b>ENND BALANCES END OF YEAR</b>
	_	<del>_</del>	<del></del>	ENND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR
				OVER EXPENDITURES
				EXCESS -DEFICIENCY REVENUES
858,21 888,21 858,71	901,81 6012,71	<del>-</del> -	2,837 199,15 328,45	EXPENDITURES Administrative Transportation TOTAL EXPENDITURES
(862,7) (862,7) (220,8) (882,71)	\$ 0LZ'L1 bb6'E E99'9 E99'9	_ _ \$	159,51 16,51 828,45	\$ Grants Local Matching Fees TOTAL REVENUE
VARIANCE BUDGET	ACTUAL	<del>, -</del>	BUDGET BUDGET	<b>KEVENUES</b>

BANKS COUNTY

POR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND STATEMENT OF REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## SPECIAL REVENUE

				EVENUE				
JUVENILLE SUPERVISION FUND	JAIL FUND	<u> </u>	LAW IBRARY	DRUG SURCHARGE	TRANS	UBLIC PORTATION	GOVI	TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	6,663	\$	57,350
								285,558
						6,663		9,235
430	131,		11,813	25,978		3,944		195,735
8		58	<del></del>	24				110
438	131,	653	11,813	26,002		17,270		547,988
								113,792
	171,	055		7,124				209,440
	,		13,122	.,				13,122
						17,270		17,270
								46,662
								5,748
	171,	055	13,122	7,124		17,270		406,034
438	(39,	402)	(1,309)	18,878				141,955
438	(100, (139,		(1,309)	18,878				(271,766) (129,812)
19,250	167,	587	44,030	50,358				303,285
\$19,688	\$ 28,	185 \$	42,721	\$ 69,236	\$		s	173,474

# BANKS COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### SPECIAL REVENUE

	REVENUE									
REVENUES		FAMILY NNECTIONS		HOTEL MOTEL TAX		ICTIMS SISTANCE		NDEMIC J GRANT		P GRANT FUND
Grants	s	34,511	<b>\$</b> _		` <u>\$</u>		\$	6,176	\$	10,000
Taxes				285,558				•		•
Local Matching		2,572		•						
Fees		•				21,975				
Interest		10				6		4		
TOTAL REVENUE	_	37,093	_	285,558		21,981		6,180		10,000
EXPENDITURES										
Tourism and Promotion				113,792						
Law Enforcement				•		31,261				
Law Library						,				
Transportation System										
Family Connections		46,662								
General Government								3,846		1,901
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	46,662	_	113,792		31,261		3,846		1,901
<b>EXCESS -DEFICIENCY REVENUES</b>										
OVER EXPENDITURES		(9,569)		171,766		(9,280)		2,334		8,099
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers Out:				(171,766)						
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		(9,569)				(9,280)		2,334		8,099
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		(840)				22,900				
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	\$ <u></u>	(10,409)	\$_		\$	13,620	<b>\$</b>	2,334	\$	8,099

#### KEVENUE SPECIAL

SCHEDOLE 1

186,463	<b>=</b> \$	9£2,69	=_\$	[27,24	=\$	28,185	<b>—</b> s
474,871	\$	9£Z,69	_ <sub>\$</sub>	127,24	-s	281,85	_ <sub>s</sub>
12,989	- - \$		_ 		- - \$		_ 
186,463	= - \$	9£2,69 9£2,69	= - \$	127,24	= - \$	28,185	s
TOTAL NOWMAJOR GOVERUMENTAL FUNDS	<b>-</b>	DRUG DRUG	S	LAW		JAIL	<del></del>
		NOE	FAFL	Я			

#### NONWAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET BANKS COUNTY

660,8	= <sub>s</sub>	2,334	*	889'61	<b>=</b> \$	13,620	\$	\$	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND
660'8	<b>-</b> s	2,334	\$	889'61	<b>-</b> \$	13,620	\$	(604,01) \$	EUND BALANCE
	- - s		- - \$		- - \$		· `\$	\$	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES
660,8	= - \$	2,334	- \$ \$	889'6I	- \$ \$	13,620	\$ \$	\$ 2,580	ASSETS Cash TOTAL ASSETS
EMP GRANT		PANDEMIC FLU GRANT	•	OPERVISION JUVENILLE	5	VICTIMS		CONNECTIONS FAMILY	
						KEVENUE SPECIAL			

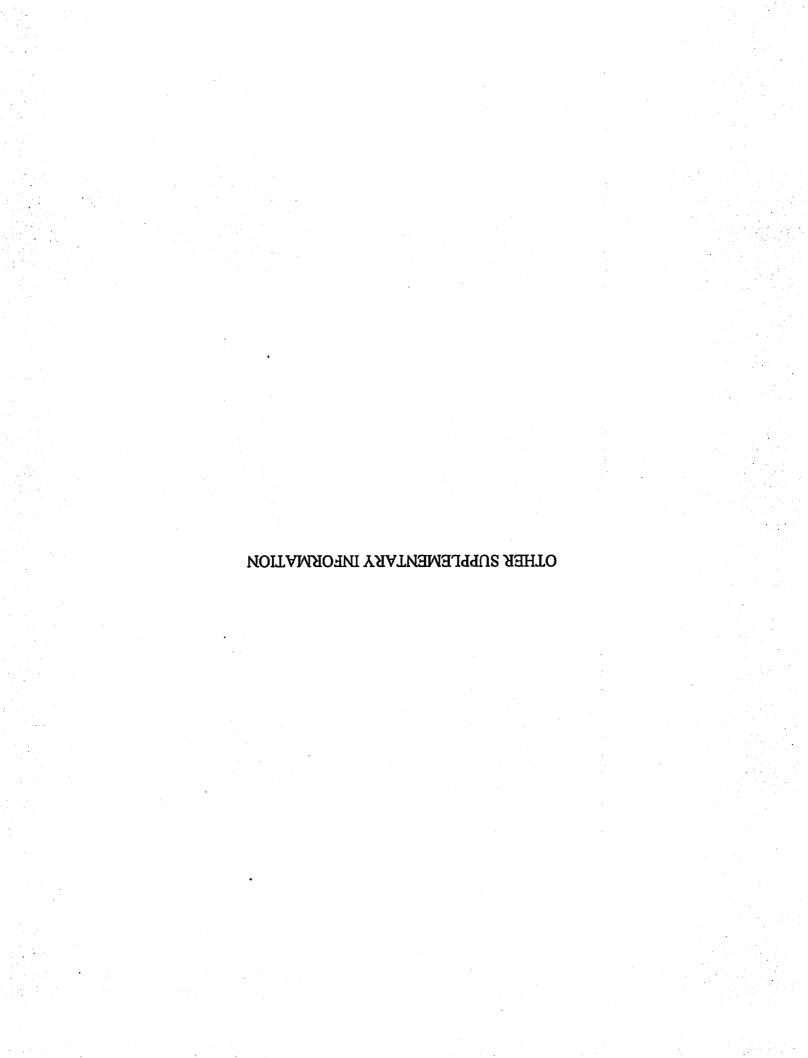
## BANKS COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

				BUDGET				
		ORIGINAL		AS				VARIANCE
	_	BUDGET		<u>AMENDED</u>		<u>ACTUAL</u>	<u>FR</u>	OM AMENDED
REVENUES								
Taxes	_							
Property Tax	\$	4,809,450	\$	4,988,607	\$	4,616,566	\$	(372,041)
Local Option Sales Tax		2,600,000		2,406,000		2,450,814		44,814
Beverage		230,850		230,850		211,356		(19,494)
Other		682,500		677,500		637,755		(39,745)
License and Permits		135,000		120,000		100,891		(19,109)
Fines & Forfeitures		777,000		687,000		590,578		(96,422)
Fees		1,467,500		1,203,500		1,260,304		56,804
Interest		150,000		110,000		45,388		(64,612)
Other	_	5,000	_	5,000	_	14,176		9,176
TOTAL REVENUES	-	10,857,300	-	10,428,457	_	9,927,828		(500,629)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		2,209,851		2,088,452		1,862,181		226,271
Judicial		984,869		967,869		916,863		51,006
Public Safety		4,638,083		4,564,083		4,285,922		278,161
Public Works		1,371,728		857,678		637,073		220,605
Health and Welfare		281,715		252,165		206,481		45,684
Culture and Recreation		726,060		719,560		641,143		78,417
Housing and Development		350,263		327,038		188,686		138,352
Debt Service		•		,		<b>,</b>		,
Debt Retirement		625,000		625,000		617,957		7,043
Interest		75,000		75,000		58,692		16,308
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	11,262,569	-	10,476,845	_	9,414,998		1,061,847
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								_
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(405.200)		(40.200)		£12.020		561 210
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(405,269)	-	(48,388)	-	512,830	_	561,218
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers (To) from Other County Funds		(437,841)		(365,341)		(349,045)		16,296
Lease Proceeds		110,000						
Prior Years Reserve	_	733,110	_	413,729	_			(413,729)
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)	_	405,269	-	48,388	_	(349,045)	_	(397,433)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS								
Gain on Extinguishment of Debt	_		_		_	199,167		199,167
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE						362,952		362,952
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					_	9,346,751		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$_	9,709,703		

Note to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule

<sup>1.</sup> The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.



#### **NOTE 15 – HOTEL MOTEL TAX**

The County collects a 5% hotel-motel tax and is required to spend 40% of this for promoting tourism, conventions and trade shows. Below is a summary of collections and expenditures.

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Collections	\$ 285,558	100%
Tourism Promotion	113,792	40%

#### NOTE 16 - DEFICIT EQUITY BALANCES

The Family Connections Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$10,409 which is expected to be eliminated in the next few years.

The E-911 Special Revenue fund has a deficit fund balance of \$1,974,566. This is due to management's decision to show the transfers to E-911 from Special Revenue as an Interfund liability rather than an operating transfer.

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Material estimates have been made by management about the historical cost of fixed assets and the life of depreciated fixed assets. Management has used a conservative approach on these estimates.

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other counties in the state as part of the Interlocal Risk Management Agency (IRMA) for property and liability insurance and the ACCG-Group Self-Insurance Worker's Compensation Fund (WCSIF), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could results in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

Management estimates liabilities for unpaid claims based on the probability of losses exceeding the occurrence limits and the reasonableness of estimating these losses. At June 30, 2010 the County has no losses that are probable or estimable and accordingly has not recognized any liability.

#### NOTE 14- GEORGIA MOUNTAIN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER

Banks County, in conjunction with cities and counties in the Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Development Center (RDC). Membership in an RDC is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the RDCs. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the RDC. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and the chief elected official of each municipality. The County Board members and municipal Board members from the same county elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the county or municipality) to serve as the non-public Board member from a County. Separate financial statements can be obtained from:

Georgia Mountains Regional Development Center PO Box 2534 Gainesville, Georgia 30503

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines RDCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members". Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC beyond its resources. (O.C.G.A. 50-8-39.1)

#### NOTE 11 – (Continued)

Effect of plan changes on the actuarial accrued liability of any current-year changes in assumption or benefit provisions is:

The plan provision valued and the actuarial assumptions are the same as those used in the preceding valuation.

The effect on the recommended contributions of any current-year changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions or actuarial funding method is:

The plan provisions valued and the actuarial assumptions and cost methods are the same as those used to determine the contribution requirement for the preceding year.

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

Effective October 14,1997, the County, by resolution, adopted the ACCG Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan, which operates in conjunction with the Deferred Compensation Plan. There is no waiting period for employees to participate. The County adopted a graduated vesting system, as follows: 1-2 years of service, employees are not vested; after 3 years of service, employees are 50% vested; after 4 years of service, employees are 75% vested; and after 5 years of service, employees are 100% vested. The County contributes 3% of salary as a base contribution for employees. In addition, the County will match 50% of employee voluntary contributions up to 6% of salary. The County may change the contribution requirements by resolution.

The employee contributions for 2009 were \$16,628 and the County base and matching contribution totaled \$88,615.

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employee, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Because the assets are held in trust for the employees, they are not assets of the County and are not reported in these financial statements.

#### **NOTE 12- CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 11 – (Continued)

Banks County Retirement Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on a closed basis. The County's total payroll for the year ending December 31, 2009 was \$3,998,342 Total covered payroll was \$347,973. The County's required contribution to the plan for the year ending December 31, 2008 was \$17,806.

Retirees, Beneficiaries and Disables receiving benefits	10
Terminated plan participants entitled to but Not yet receiving benefits	24
Active employees participating in the Plan	 11
Total Number of Participants	45
Covered compensation for active participants	\$ 347,973

### Trend Information for The Banks County Retirement Plan

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
<b>Beginning</b>	Cost (APC)	<u>Contributed</u>	<b>Obligation</b>
01-01-09	\$ 17,811	n/a	(\$754)
01-01-08	10,671	100.%	(757)
01-01-07	15,080	100.%	(760)
01-01-06	16,594	101.1%	(572)
01-01-05	17,846	100. %	(575)
01-01-04	13,397	100.%	(578)

#### Required Supplementary Information for The Banks County Retirement Plan Analysis of Funding Progress

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued				
	Value of	Liability (AAL)		Unfunded		UAAL as a
Fiscal	Assets	Projected Unit	Funded	AAL	Covered	Percentage of
Year		Credit	Ratio	(UALL)	Payroll (	Covered Payroll
<b>Ending</b>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12-31-08	\$693,428	\$761,788	91.0%	\$68,360	\$315,498	21.7%
12-31-07	\$759,019	\$746,491	101.7%	(\$12,528)	\$372,539	-3.4%
12-31-06	\$733,060	\$716,566	101.9%	(\$13,494)	\$367,082	-3.7%
12-31-05	689,518	718,142	96.0%	28,624	357,759	8.0%
12-31-04	659,493	677,539	97.3%	18,046	380,680	4.7%
12-31-03	671,643	669,439	100.3%	(2,204)	376,171	(0.6%)

#### NOTE 11 – (Continued)

Plan assets do not include any loans, notes, bonds or other instruments or securities of the County or related parties.

The amount shown below as the "actuarial accrued liability" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the plan on a going concern basis, and assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The measure is the actuarial value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the plan.

The actuarial cost method used for this report is known as the Aggregate method. This measures past service liabilities as the actuarial present value of benefits accrued for service up to the valuation date, but based on salaries projected to the date of assumed retirement from the plan. The current year accrual is based on benefits accrued for the year of service beginning on the valuation date, but based on salaries projected to the date of assumed retirement from the plan.

#### Banks County Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Plan)

Effective October 31, 1997, Banks County froze future accruals under the defined benefit plan. However, an employee who retires from Banks County during the ten year period immediately following the effective date of this plan change, has the option to receive their accruals after the date of the plan freeze had the plan not been frozen. A participant who retires and chooses to receive accruals after the date of the plan freeze shall forfeit their accrual balance from the newly implemented defined contribution plan.

#### RECOMMENDED CONTRIBUTIONS

County employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The County contributes the entire cost of the Plan, using the actuarial basis in the annual valuation report. The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish and amend from time to time, the contribution rates for the employer and its plan members.

The ACCG Plan Trustees have adopted an actuarial funding policy for determination of annual contributions and the systematic funding of liabilities arising under the plan. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2009 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.0 % investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases of 5.5%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The assets actually lost 20% of their value which would have led to an investment experience loss exceeding 28% of plan assets. However, the Board of Trustees changed the method for determining plan assets for valuation purposes to a smoothed asset value which mitigated a significant portion of the adverse investment experience. In spite of the change in asset valuation method, the investment experienced loss caused the actuarial value of the plan assets to decrease below the value of the actuarial liabilities. As a result, a new amortization base was established to "pay down" the unfunded liability. The net result of the asset experience loss, modest liability loss and change in amortization period was an increase in the plan cost of 2.5 % of payroll.

The actuarial value of The Banks County Retirement Plan's assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four year period. The

#### NOTE 10 – (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2010:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ <u>374,332.30</u>	\$_	7,699.70	\$ 382,032.00
	\$ <u>374,332,30</u>	\$_	7.699.70	\$ 382,032.00

#### NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

#### DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### PLAN DESCRIPTION

The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Defined Benefit Plan (Plan), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia. The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish, and amend from time-to-time, the contribution rates for the County and its plan participants. The Plan issues a stand-alone report. This report may be obtained from: Pension Service Company, 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 300, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of an adoption agreement adopted by resolution of the County Board of Commissioners, is affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Second Restated Defined Benefit Plan (The ACCG Plan, and agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Government Employee's Benefit Corporation (GEBCorp). The ACCG, in its role as Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of The ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of The Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document.

The County's covered payroll for employees participating in the Plan as of January 1, 2009 (the most recent actuarial valuation date) was \$347,973 (based on covered earnings of preceding year).

Before January 1, 1998, all full-time County employees were eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service. No employees can become participants after January 1, 1998. Benefits are fully vested after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire at age 65 with 3 years of participation in the Plan, but not beyond age 70. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to an annual benefit in the amount of 1.00% of average compensation up to \$6,600 plus 1.50% of average compensation in excess of \$6,600 plus \$36.00 for each year of credited service payable as a life annuity. Service is limited to 35 years.

Compensation is averaged over a five-year period prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, modified to include unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities owned by the Plan and increments in the cash value of pre-retirement life insurance policies owned by the trust.

#### NOTE 10 – (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010 were as follows:

Year ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2010	432,207.44
2011	
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
2025-2029	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	432,207.44
Less: amount representing interest	10,534.02
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 421,673.42

#### Government Capital Corporation.

On September 12, 2006 the County entered into a Capital Lease with Government Capital Corporation for the acquisition of an E-911 Telephone System and Consoles for the E-911 Center. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfers at end of lease term) and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The original amount of the lease was \$ 214,734. The lease calls for five annual payments of \$50,759.15 on June 1. This lease has interest rate of 5.99% per annum. The asset is recorded in the General Fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2010:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ <u>47,341.12</u>	\$ <u>2,834.32</u>	\$ <u>50,175.44</u>
	\$ <u>47,341.12</u>	\$ <u>2,834.32</u>	\$ 50,175.44

#### Caterpillar Financing.

On July 20, 2006 the County entered into a Capital Lease with Caterpillar Financial Corporation for the acquisition of two 140H Motor Graders, one 420E Backhoe Loader, One 930G Wheel Loader, One 303C-CR Mini Hydraulic Excavator for the Road Department. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfers at end of lease term) and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The original amount of the lease was \$ 536,643. The lease calls for forty-eight monthly payments of \$6,014 and a balloon payment of \$363,990. due one month after final monthly payment beginning September 15, 2006. This lease has interest rate of 6.2731% per annum. The asset is recorded in the General Fund.

#### NOTE 9 - (Continued)

2021-2025	254,293.02	44,257.48	298,550.50
2026-2028	278,355.79	15,303.28	<u>293,659.07</u>
	\$ 965.814.34	\$ 223,496,03	\$ 1.189,310.37

#### Notes Payable - Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

To finance the construction of Sewer Improvements. Total amount of loan approved was \$1,070,600. This loan was completed January 23, 2004 leaving \$409,370.85 in undisbursed funds, which reverted back to GEFA. Principal and interest shall be due and payable in eighty payments of \$12,882.04 each commencing on May 1, 2004 and continuing quarterly on the first day of each third month thereafter. The note bears an interest rate of 4.78% per annum.

<u>Year</u>		<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$	27,294.28	\$ 24,233.78	\$ 51,528.06
2012		28,622.62	22,905.54	51,528.16
2013		30,015.50	21,512.66	51,528.16
2014		31,476.17	20,051.99	51,528.16
2015		33,007.93	18,520.23	51,528.16
2016-2020		190,755.49	66,885.39	257,641.88
2020-2024		175,944.91	17,286.38	193,231.29
	\$_	517,116.90	\$ 191,395.97	\$ 708,512.87

#### Notes Payable - Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

In 2009, the County began work on a project to include construction of a 1.0 million gallon clearwell, a finished water pumping station, finished water supply line, and appurtenant work. The project is expected to cost \$2,591,600 to complete and is being funded with the proceeds of GEFA loan DWSRF 09-015 (\$777,480) and an indirect federal capital grant through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (\$1,814,120).

Fiscal year 2010 expenditures on the project totaled \$1,057,385, GEFA Loan (\$317,216) and American Recovery and Reinvestment Act capital grant (\$740,169).

These expenditures are recorded as assets in the Public Utilities Fund. This note has not gone into permanent financing as of the fiscal year ended.

NOTE 10 - LEASES

#### Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the County when all terms of the lease agreement are met.

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental
	<u>Activities</u>
Equipment	\$ 1,363,218
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(815,860)
Net Value	\$ 547,358

#### NOTE 9 - (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize this contract payable as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Year End			
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 2,025,000.00	\$ 247,125.00	\$ 2,272,125.00
2012	2,100,000.00	150,750.00	2,250,750.00
2013	2,175,000.00	50,625.00	2,225,625.00
	\$_6,300,000,00	\$ 448,500.00	\$ 6.748,500.00

#### **Business Type Activities:**

••	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Payments</b>	<b>Balance</b>	One Year
Long Term					
Notes Payable	\$ 3,482,231.84	\$ <u>343,973.29</u>	\$ <u>112,930.16</u>	\$ <u>3,713,274.97</u> \$	<u>153,573.83</u>

#### Notes Payable - Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

To finance the waterline extension and water tanks on Yonah Homer Road as well as phase II of the sewage expansion and spay fields located off McDonald Circle. Total amount of loan approved was \$2,394,686.80. This loan was completed June 13, 2008 and went into permanent financing. Principal and interest shall be due and payable in two hundred and forty payments of \$14,410.58 each commencing on July 1, 2008 and continuing monthly on the first day of each month thereafter. The note bears an interest rate of 3.92% per annum.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 87,045.04	\$ 85,881.92	\$ 172,926.96
2012	90,386.36	82,540.60	172,926.96
2013	94,257.50	78,669.46	172,926.96
2014	97,888.66	75,038.70	172,927.36
2015	101,795.61	71,131,35	172,927.36
2016-2020	573,176.00	291,458.80	864,634.80
2021-2025	697,227.57	167,407.23	864,634.80
2026-2028	<u>488,566.99</u>	30,101.30	518,668.29
	\$ 2,230,343,73	\$ 882,229,36	\$ 3,112,573,09

#### Notes Payable - Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

To finance the waterline extension. Total amount of loan was \$969,012.51. This loan was completed May 1, 2010 and went into permanent financing. Principal and interest shall be due and payable in two hundred and forty payments of \$4,975.84 each commencing on June 1, 2010 and continuing monthly on the first day of each month thereafter. The note bears an interest rate of 2.16% per annum.

<u>Year</u>	<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 39,234.41	\$ 20,475.67	\$ 59,710.08
2012	40,058.84	19,651.24	59,710.08
2013	40,994.91	18,715.17	59,710.08
2014	41,858.47	17,851.61	59,710.08
2015	42,771.61	16,938.47	59,710.08
2016-2020	228.247.29	70.303.11	298,550,40

#### NOTE 9 – (Continued)

All long-term obligations of the County's governmental funds are financed through future General Fund expendable available financial resources as they become due. The compensated absences liability has been paid from the fund from the general fund.

#### General Obligation Bonds -

The Government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both their general government and proprietary activities. These bonds therefore are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund both general obligation and revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

#### Banks - Jackson-Commerce Hospital Bonds

On July 1, 1978, Banks County entered into a contract with Jackson County and Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority to fund repayment of an issue of \$2,580,000 of Series 1978 Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority Revenue Anticipation Certificates, which mature April 1, 2008, bear interest at rates from 6.2% to 6.75%. The contract states that Banks County is to make payments to the Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority Sinking fund in amounts equal to 25% of the principal and interest of the Series 1978 Certificates.

These Certificates were refunded in October of 2003, along with series 1988 Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority Revenue Anticipation Certificates, with the issuance of Series 2003 A and 2003 B Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority Revenue Anticipation Certificates in the amount of \$2,250,000. The contract related to these Certificates states that Banks County is to make payment to the Banks-Jackson-Commerce Hospital Authority Sinking Fund in amounts equal to 25 % of the principal and interest.

During the year, the Hospital Authority sold its assets to a private party who will recruit and operate the hospital. As part of this transaction, the 2003 Certificates were paid off.

#### Banks County General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006

On June 13, 2006, the Banks County Commissioners issued General Obligation bonds in the amount of \$12,000,000. Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Commissioners and an election by the citizens of Banks County to impose a one percent sales and use tax for the purpose of (1)acquiring, constructing and equipping a Banks County Administration building, (2) renovating and equipping the Banks County Courthouse, (3) Constructing, installing and equipping wastewater facilities and sewer lines, (4) renovating recreation facilities and acquiring recreation equipment, improving and constructing roads and bridges, (5) improving and constructing roads and bridges, (6) constructing, installing and equipping a water reservoir, water lines and facilities and retiring general obligation debt of Banks County incurred for the Thompson Street road Project. The proceeds will also be used to fund capital projects for the cities of Homer, Lula, Maysville, Baldwin, and Alto.

These bonds, which mature in 2012, bear interest rates from 4.25 % to 5.00% percent. The bonds are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 in each year beginning with an interest payment on June 1.

#### NOTE 8 – (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units:**

Banks County Industrial Building Authority – Activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	07/01/09	_	Additions	Deletions	<u>06/30/10</u>
Recreation Building	\$ 1,499,260	\$		\$	\$ 1,499,260
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(149,928)	_	(37,482)		<u>(187,410)</u>
Net Depreciable Assets	\$ 1,349,332	\$ _	(37,482)	\$	\$ <u>1,311,850</u>

Banks County Health Department - Activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	07/01/09	<u>Additions</u>	Deleti	<u>ons</u>	06/30/10
Equipment	\$ 7,167	\$	\$	\$	7,167
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(6,749)	(418)			<u>(7,167)</u>
Net Depreciable Assets	\$ <u>418</u>	\$ (418)	\$		

In the governmental and business-type activities, the following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation using the straight-line method:

General Government Buildings	40 Years
Water and Sewer System	50 Years
Utility Plant	50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 Years

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of Long-Term Debt transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2010:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

		Beginning Balance	Additions		<u>Payments</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable	\$	8,632,500.00 \$		\$	2,332,500.00	\$ 6,300,000.00	\$2,025,000.00
Obligation Under Capital Leases	-	667,130.20			245,456.88	421,673.32	<u>421,673.31</u>
	\$	9,299,630,20	\$	\$ <u></u>	2,577,956.88	\$ <u>6,721,673.32</u>	\$ <u>2,446,673.31</u>

#### NOTE 8 – (Continued)

Jail	3,741,174			3,741,174
Recreation	229,194			229,194
Total Depreciable Assets	25,714,021	<u> </u>	42,311	25,671,710
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Building	(1,709,652)	(225,644)		(1,935,296)
Furniture & Equipment	(192,317)	(27,013)		(219,330)
Fire Equipment	(2,246,641)	(329,653)	42,311	(2,533,983)
Machinery & Equipment	(3,224,310)	(267,007)		(3,491,317)
Jail	(133,516)	(22,327)		(155,843)
Recreation	(20,802)	(3,756)		(24,558)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,527,238)	(875,400)	42,311	(8,360,327)
Net Depreciable Assets	18,186,783	(875,400)		<u>17,311,383</u>
Governmental activities assets, net	\$ <u>18,312,158</u>	\$ <u>(875,400)</u>	\$	\$ <u>17,436,758</u>

#### Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Administration	\$ 557,933
Recreation	26,262
Public Safety	291,205
Total	\$ <u>875,400</u>

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

	Balance			Balance		
	07/01/09	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>06/30/10</u>		
Capital Assets Not being Depreciated						
Land	\$ <u>1,337,939</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,337,939</u>		
Depreciable Assets						
Plant	\$ 30,646,746	\$ 1,366,744	\$	\$ 32,013,490		
Furniture & Equipment	229,093		96,251	132,842		
Road	175,069			175,069		
Dam	3,878,261			3,878,261		
Vehicles	168,655		91,456	77,199		
Total Depreciable Assets	35,097,824	1,366,744	187,707	36,276,861		
Less: Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Plant	(6,637,708)	(707,312)	187,707	(7,157,313)		
Furniture & Equipment	(62,946)	(6,181)		(69,127)		
Road	(48,105)	(4,724)		(52,829)		
Dam	(1,065,597)	(104,638)		(1,170,235)		
Vehicles	(46,339)	(4,550)		(50,889)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,860,695)	(827,405)	187,707	(8,500,393)		
Net Depreciable Assets	27,237,129	539,339		27,776,468		
Business -Type activities assets; net	\$ <u>28,575,068</u>	\$ <u>539,339</u>	\$	\$ <u>29,114,407</u>		

#### NOTE 7 – (Continued)

#### **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

		Major Fund	S			Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>		
	<u>General</u>	<u>E-911</u>	2006 <u>SPLOST</u>	Capital <u>Fund</u>	Proprietary	Governmental		Combined
Transfer Out To: Major Funds								
General E-911	S	\$	\$		\$ (7,029)	\$	\$	(7,029)
2006 SPLOST								
Capital Fund	(500,000)		(74,726)				(5	74,726)
Proprietary Nonmajor Funds	(127,841)						(1	27,841)
Governmental						(271,767)	(2	71,767)
Transfers in from: Major Funds								
General				500,000	127,841		6	27,841
2006 SPLOST				74,726				74,726
Capital Fund								
Proprietary	7,029							7,029
Nonmajor Funds							_	
Governmental	<u>271,767</u>		- <del></del>			<u> </u>	2	71,767
Total	\$( <u>349,045)</u>	\$	\$( <u>74,726)</u>	\$ <u>574,726</u>	\$ <u>120,812</u>	\$ <u>(271,767)</u>	2	<del></del>

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use restricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers are eliminated in the government –wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type group.

#### **NOTE 8 - CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

#### **Primary Government:**

Capital Assets Not being	Balance 07/01/09	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>06/30/10</u>
Depreciated Land	\$ <u>125,375</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>125,375</u>
Depreciable Assets Building	\$ 12,997,882	S	\$	\$ 12,997,882
Furniture & Equipment	1,048,857	J.	Ф	1,048,857
Fire Equipment	3,169,187			3,169,187
Machinery & Equipment	4,527,727		42,311	4,485,416

#### **NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Enterprise Fund	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:			
Taxes	\$ 1,697,629 \$		\$ 1,697,629
Accounts	1,049,409	<u>59,747</u>	1,109,156
Total Receivables	\$ <u>2,747,038</u> S	59,747	\$ 2,806,785

The delinquent taxes receivable account represents uncollected tax levies. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided as delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible.

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1, 2010 on property values. Taxes were levied on July 1, 2010 for the 2010 tax year, and were due on September 16, 2010. All unpaid taxes levied on July 1, 2010 become delinquent as of September 17, 2010. Interest and penalties accrue after September 17, 2010.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within 60 days after year end.

Due to the high collection rate in the Enterprise Fund, no allowance has been made for bad debts.

#### **NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES**

#### **DUE TO - FROM OTHER FUNDS**

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2010, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Public Utilities	86,592
General Fund	E-911 Fund	2,186,732
Total		\$ <u>2,273,324</u>

#### NOTE 2 – (Continued)

pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines the participants shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Georgia Office of Treasury and Financial Services. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board.

The Georgia Fund 1 is rated AAAm by Standards and Poor's. The weighted average maturity at June 30, 2010 was 46 days. At June 30, 2010, the County's balance in Georgia Fund 1 was \$1,731.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The County has no formal policy on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The County has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

#### NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

On or before the end of May of each year, all agencies of the County submit requests for appropriation to the County's Management so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before June 30<sup>th</sup> the Proposed Budget is presented to the County's Commissioners for review. The County Commissioners hold public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the County's Management. The revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the County Commissioners. The budget was amended during the year, and there were no budget overages to report.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS**

At June 30, 2010 the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$16,596,176 and the bank balance was \$17,151,662. All bank balances of deposits as of June 30, 2010 are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the County's agent in the County's name.

#### NOTE 5 - RESTRICTED CASH

#### **Primary Government**

The County's restricted cash in the Governmental Activities on June 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

SPLOST	\$	4,026,746
Capital Projects Fund		1,810,575
Total Restricted Cash	<b>\$</b>	5,837,321

#### NOTE 1 – (Continued)

Interfund transactions are either, loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriated and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services, deemed to be reasonably equivalent in value, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other Interfund transactions are presented as transfers. Transfers within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated upon consolidation.

#### O. Internal Activity

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/ expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

#### **Custodial Risk - Deposits**

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County has no formal policy, but follows the State of Georgia requirement that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The County participates in the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool (Georgia Fund 1). Assets in this pool are invested in the Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, which is a stable net asset investment pool that follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAm rated money market funds. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The

#### NOTE 1 – (Continued)

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Infrastructure (roads, bridges and traffic lights) are not recorded in the County's financial statements.

#### J. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the government fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as long term liabilities.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term debt of governmental activities at face value in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Long-term debt is not reported for governmental activities in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the proprietary fund are reported as liabilities in both the Government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### M. Fund Equity/Net Assets

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, net assets are classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Assets - This category presents internal restrictions imposed by the County Commissioners.

Unrestricted Net Assets – This category represents the net assets of the County, which are not restricted for any project of other purpose.

#### N. Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

#### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, certificates of deposit and money market accounts. State statutes authorize the County to invest only in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentality's, or bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State of Georgia and of its agencies and instrumentality's, or certificates of deposit of banks which have deposits insured by the FDIC with any uninsured amounts collateralized by direct obligations of the United States or State of Georgia.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### F. Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to /from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

#### G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The cost of supplies is recorded as expenditure at the time the individual items are purchased. The amount of inventory on hand is insignificant and therefore not recorded. Certain amounts for insurance reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items.

#### H. Restricted Assets

Certain tax proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable covenants. The "Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax" account is used to account for the activities of the County's SPLOST collections and expenditures. The "Capital Projects Fund" account is set up to accumulate funds for the future capital outlay projects of the County. The County generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The County may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

#### I. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General Fund and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that the County's capitalization threshold is met. The County capitalizes asset purchases valued at \$5,000 or more. Depreciation is recorded on general fixed assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the Proprietary Fund are recorded as fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

#### NOTE 1 – (Continued)

The 2006 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a special local 1% sales tax reserved for construction and various capital projects.

The Capital Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer enterprise funds accounts for the revenues and expenses related to operating and maintaining a water utility system consisting of a water supply and filtration system with storage and transmission capabilities to residents in Banks County. This fund also accounts for the revenue and expenses related to operating and maintaining a sewer utility system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

The Agency Funds\_are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

#### D. - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County Commission annually adopts budgets for the General Fund of the Primary Government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund. On June 15, 2005 the County Commission adopted the original budget. There were no budget amendments made during the year. The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary, as presented in financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is not utilized by the Banks County Commissioners.

#### NOTE 1 – (Continued)

term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the County are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services to customers who directly benefit form goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs requirements of a particular function and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital needs requirements of a particular function.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated, however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. Governmental activities that normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Governmental Fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales tax, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held be the state at year end on behalf of the the government also are recognized as revenue. The County considers property taxes as available in the period for which they are levied if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end. A 60 day availability period is also used for recognition for all other governmental fund revenue.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The E-911 Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the County E-911 Department.

The 2001 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a special local 1% sales tax reserved for construction and various capital projects.

#### NOTE 1 - (Continued)

not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, The Housing Authority of Banks County, Georgia is a related organization.

#### Excluded for the reporting entity:

BANKS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AND BANKS-JACKSON-COMMERCE HOSPITAL. These potential component units have separately elected boards and provide services to residents, generally within the geographical boundaries of the government. These potential component units are excluded from the reporting entity because the government does not have the ability to exercise influence over their daily operations, approve budgets or provide funding.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 34. This statement establishes new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. Its implementation creates new information and restructures much of the information that governments have presented in the past. The GASB's intent is to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The County's government-wide financial statement includes a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type activities for the County. Fiduciary activities of the County are not included in these statements.

These statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Accordingly, all of the County's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as current year infrastructure assets, and long-

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Narrative Profile**

The financial statements of The Banks County Commissioners have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, the County has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than the Financial Accounting Standards Board, in accounting for proprietary funds.

The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- -the organization is legally separate
- -the County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- -the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- -the County is able to impose its will on the organization
- -the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- -there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the County

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Banks County has two component units.

#### **Component Units**

Banks County Industrial Building Authority - The Banks County Industrial Building Authority was created in 1973. The Banks County Industrial Building Authority consists of the chairman of the Banks County Commissioners, the Mayor of Homer as Ex-Officio, as well as three members appointed by the Banks County Commissioners. The Authority serves as a financial conduit for debt issued to construct the recreation building. This Authority is reported as a component unit. Separate financial statements are not prepared for this component unit.

Banks County Health Department – The Health Department provides health services to all citizens of Banks County. These services are offered free or at a nominal charge depending on the person's ability to pay. The County is responsible for a shared portion of the Health Department's annual operating budget. The County is also responsible for continuing the operation of the Health Department in the event of its failure.

Complete financial statements of this component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Banks County Health Department Homer, Georgia 30547

#### **Related organizations:**

The Housing Authority of Banks County, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14. The Housing authority is a legally separate entity having a board composed of members appointed originally by the Banks County Commissioners. The Banks County Commissioners are

#### BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2010

	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,530,095
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>1,530,095</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Governments	\$ 1,075,947
Unsettled Escrow	454,148
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,530,095

# BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 1,348,959
Payments to Suppliers	* -,*,*
Payments to Employees	(756,130)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(426,736)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	166,093
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Taxes	125,835
Transfer( to) from other funds	120,812
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL AND RELATED	120,612
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	246,647
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,366,744)
Proceeds from Debt	661,189
Capital Contributions	740,169
Principal Paid on Notes Payable	(112,930)
Interest Paid On Notes Payable	(116,501)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED	(110,501)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(104 917)
TIMENO ACTIVITES	(194,817)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest Earned	69,830
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	69,830
	07,000
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	287,753
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,352,060
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$3,639,813_
Parametherine of Occasion I and I also also also also also also also also	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (604,476)
Adjustments To Reconcile Operating	\$ (604,476)
Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By	
Operating Activities	
Depreciation	207 105
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	827,405
(Decrease) in Deposits	9,936
Increase in Accounts Payable	(36,798)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(25,916)
(Increase) Decrease in Taxes Receivable	14,594
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(18,652)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u>166,093</u>

### BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Service TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	PUBLIC UTILITIES FUND  1,348,959 1,348,959
OPERATING EXPENSES  Salaries Water Purchased Payroll Tax Office Insurance Testing Engineering Services Utilities Vehicle Expense Supplies Repairs & Maintenance Depreciation Retirement Telephone Uniforms TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	426,736 74,232 42,786 21,878 56,290 85,569 85,568 146,751 54,953 20,839 84,374 827,405 12,628 12,354 1,072 1,953,435
OPERATING INCOME	-604,476
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)  Taxes Interest Income Interest Expense TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	125,835 69,830 -116,501 79,164
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	-525,312
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers In Transfers Out Capital Contributions TOTAL TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	127,841 -7,029 740,169 860,981
NET INCOME (LOSS)	335,669
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,256,468
TOTAL NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$28,592,137

# BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2010

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

	PUBLIC UTILITIESFUND
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 3,639,813
Accounts Receivable	59,747
Prepaid Items	49,345
Total Current Assets	3,748,905
Non-current Assets:	
Capital Assets	
Water Plant and Distribution System	32,013,489
Equipment	132,842
Dam	3,878,261
Land	1,337,940
Road	175,069
Vehicle	77,196
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,500,396)
Total Non-current Assets	29,114,401
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 32,863,306
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	
Current Liabilities	<u>.</u>
Accounts Payable	\$ 75,000
Due to General Fund	86,592
Water Meter Deposits	79,086
Short Term Financing	317,216
Long-TermNotes Payable - Current Portion	1,080,154
Total Current Liabilities	1,638,048
Non-current Liabilities	
Long-term Notes Payable	2,633,121
Total Non-current Liabilities	2,633,121
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,271,169
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of	
Related Debt	25,083,910
Unrestricted Assets	3,508,227
TOTAL NET ASSETS	28,592,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ <u>32,863,306</u>

#### BANKS COUNTY

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### Adjustments to the Statement of Activities

	Net Change In Fund Balance	\$	704,474
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which Depreciation (\$875,400) exceeded Capital Outlay (\$ 0).		(875,400)
7	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable deferred revenue.		282,187
	Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	_	2,577,957
C	hange in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	<b>s</b> _	2,689,218

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		FO	K THE FISCAL TE	AK ENI	DED JUNE 30, 2	OIU			
REVENUES Taxes	GENE FUN		E-911 FUND		2001 SPLOST	2006 SPLOST	CAPITAL FUND	NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Property Tax Local Option Sales Tax Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Beverage	2,45	5,566 0,814 1,356	\$	s		\$ 2,971,030	\$	\$	\$ 4,616,566 2,450,814 2,971,030
Other License and Permits Fines & Forfeitures	63 10	7,755 0,891 0,578						285,558	211,356 923,313 100,891 590,578
Grants Local Matching Fees	1 26	),304	257,956					57,350 9,235 195,735	57,350 9,235 1,713,995
Interest Other	4	5,388 4,176	117		12,151	7,089 123,941	27,164	110	92,019 138,117
TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES	9,92	7,828	258,073		12,151	3,102,060	27,164	547,988	13,875,264
Current: General Government Judicial		2,181 5,863					10,462	5,748	1,878,391 916,863
Public Safety Public Works Health and Welfare	4,28 63 20	5,922 7,073 5,481	761,784				5,261	209,440	5,262,407 637,073 206,481
<ul> <li>Culture and Recreation         Housing and Development         Law Library         Family Connections     </li> </ul>		1,143 3,686						13,122	641,143 188,686 13,122
Transportation Tourism and Promotion Debt Service								46,662 17,270 113,792	46,662 17,270 113,792
Principal Retirement Interest Capital Expenditures		7,957 3,692			25,756	1,960,000 338,200 256,296	70,356		2,577,957 396,892 352,408
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,41	1,998	761,784	- :	25,756	2,554,496	86,079	406,034	13,249,147
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	512	2,830	(503,711	<u>.</u>	(13,605)	547,564	(58,915)	141,955	626,118
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other County Funds Transfers (to) Other County Funds Total Other Financing		3,796 7,841)				(74,726)	574,726	(271,766)	581,756 (702,567)
Sources (Uses)	(34	<del>(,045)</del>				(74,726)	574,726	(271,766)	(120,811)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS Gain on Extinguishment of Debt	19	9 <u>,167</u>							199,167
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	36:	2,952	(503,711	)	(13,605)	472,838	515,811	(129,811)	704,474
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,34	5,751	(1,470,855	ւ .	653,840	3,594,863	1,294,764	303,285	13,722,648
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,70	0,703	\$ (1,974,566	<u> </u>	640,235	\$ 4,067,701	\$1,810,575	\$ <u>173,474</u>	\$ 14,427,122

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### BANKS COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

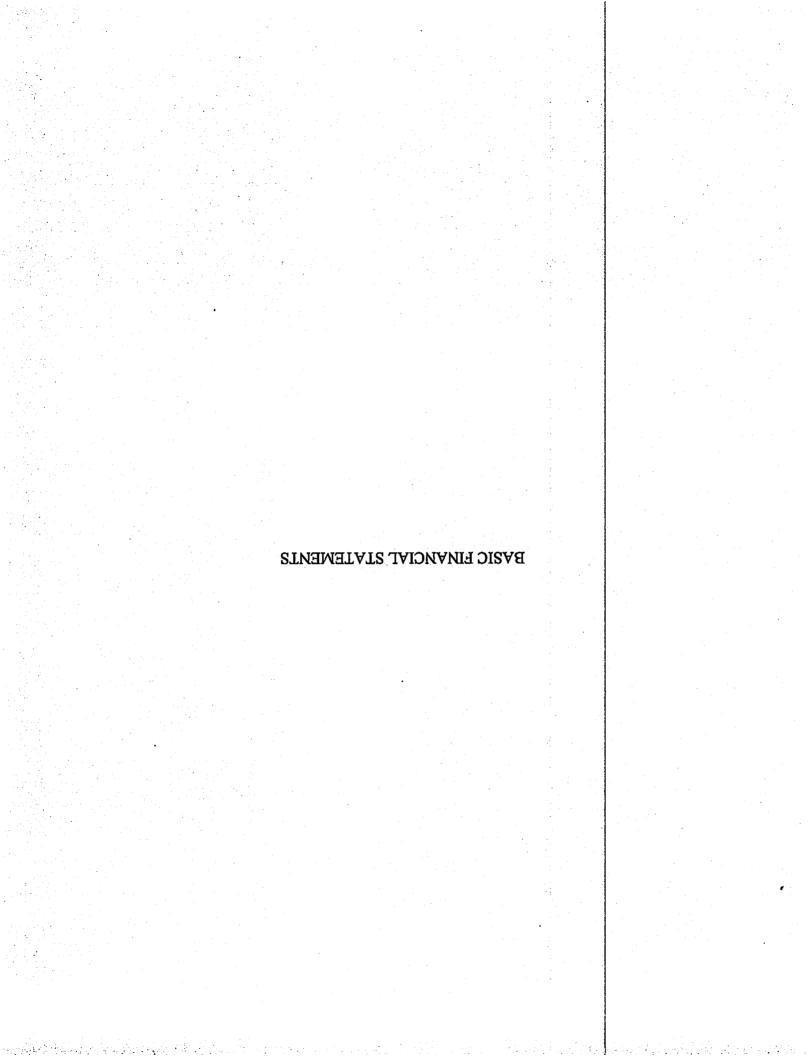
ASSETS	GENERAL FUND	E-911 FUND	2001 SPLOST	2006 SPLOST	CAPITAL FUND	NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash Restricted Cash Receivables Taxes	\$ 6,199,820 953,088	\$ 212,166	\$ 703,586	\$ 3,323,160 744,541	\$ 1,810,575	\$ 186,463	\$ 6,598,449 5,837,321 1,697,629
Accounts Due From Other Funds Prepaid Expenses TOTAL ASSETS	1,049,409 2,273,324 42,587 \$ 10,518,228	\$212,166	\$ 703,586	\$4,067,701	\$1,810,575	\$ 186,463	1,049,409 2,273,324 42,587 \$ 17,498,719
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Payroll Taxes Payable Deferred Revenue - Taxes Due to Other Funds	\$ 133,444 153,383 78,079 443,619	\$ 2,186,732	s	s	s	\$ 12,989	\$ 146,433 153,383 78,079 443,619 2,186,732
Due To Other Government TOTAL LIABILITIES	808,525	2,186,732	63,351 63,351			12,989	63,351 3,071,597
FUND BALANCE Reserved For: Capital Projects Unreserved Reported In:			640,235	4,067,701	1,810,575		6,518,511
General Fund Special Revenue TOTAL FUND BALAN	9,709,703 ACE 9,709,703	(1,974,566) (1,974,566)	640,235	4,067,701	1,810,575	173,474 173,474	9,709,703 (1,801,092) 14,427,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES A FUND BALANCE	AND \$ 10,518,228	\$ 212,166	\$ 703,586	\$4,067,701	\$1,810,575	\$ 186,463	\$ 17,498,719
Adjustments to the Stateme	ent of Net Assets						
Fund Balance				\$ 14,427,122			
Capital assets \$25,797,0 used in governmental aresources and therefore	ctivities are not curren	t financial	60,328)	17,436,758			
Long-term assets (recei expenditures and, there deferred property taxes.	fore, are deferred in th			443,619			
Long-term liabilities are therefore are not report Leases Pa	ed in the governmental		i	(421,673)			
Bond Pre	mium			(145,024)			
General C	Obligation Bonds Paya	ble		(6,300,000)			
Total Net Assets of Govern	mental Activities (Ex	hibit 1)		\$ 25,440,802			

### BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			_		P	rogram Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Ne						in Net Assets			
						Operating		Capital	_	Primary Government				<del>-</del>	Com	Component Units			
			(	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	-	Governmental	В	Business-type			_	Industrial		Banks County	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Services	_	Contributions	_	Contributions	_	Activities	A	Activities		Total	В	uilding Authority		Health Department	
Primary Government						_									_				
Governmental Activities																			
General Government	\$	2,784,064	S	1,661,778	\$		\$		S	(1,122,286)	\$		S	(1,122,286)	\$		\$		
Judicial		916,863								(916,863)				(916,863)					
Public Safety		5,552,498		592,092				161,728		(4,798,678)				(4,798,678)					
Public Works		664,518								(664,518)				(664,518)					
Health and Welfare		206,481								(206,481)				(206,481)					
Culture and Recreation		641,143		149,450						(491,693)				(491,693)					
Housing and Development		193,285								(193,285)				(193,285)					
Law Library		13,122								(13,122)				(13,122)					
Family Connections		46,662				34,511				(12,151)				(12,151)					
Transportation		17,270		3,944		6,663				(6,663)				(6,663)					
Tourism and Promotion		113,792								(113,792)				(113,792)					
Interest and Fiscal Charges		396,892			_					(396,892)				(396,892)					
Total Governmental Activities	_	11,546,590		2,407,264	_	41,174	_	161,728	_	(8,936,424)	_		_	(8,936,424)	_		_		
						2,610,166	_		_		_	·	_				_		
Business-type Activities						2,610,166													
Water and Sewer	_	2,069,936	_	1,348,959	_	<del></del>	_	740,169	_		_	19,192	_	19,192	_		_		
Total Business-type Activities	_	2,069,936	_	1,348,959	_		_	740,169	_		_	19,192	_	19,192	_		_		
Total Primary Government	<b>s</b> _	13,616,526	s_	3,756,223	s_	41,174	<b>s</b> _	901,897		(8,936,424)	_	19,192	_	(8,917,232)	_		_		
Company and Haritan																			
Component Units: Industrial Building Authority	s	37,482					_												
Banks County Health Department	\$	37,482 496,763	3	266 922	\$	272.020	S									37,482		** * * *	
Banks County Health Department		534,245	<u>, —</u>	256,872 256,872	<b>,</b> –	272,038 272,038		<del></del> :	<u>,</u> -				<u>, —</u>			27.402	_	32,147	
	~=	334,243	'—	230,672	·	272,038	³=	<del></del>	<b>'</b> =		<b>`</b> =		<b>'</b> —		<b>'</b> =	37,482	s=	32,147	
4	General R	tevenues:																	
	Taxe	s:																	
	Pr	operty							\$	4,898,755	\$	125,835	S	5,024,590					
	Lo	ocal Option Sale	es Tax	:						2,450,814				2,450,814					
		oecial Purpose 1	Local (	Option Sales T	ax					2,971,030				2,971,030					
		everage								211,356				211,356					
		ther								923,313				923,313					
		stricted investm	ient ea	urnings						92,019		69,830		161,849					
		nary Items:												199,167					
		on Extinguishn	nent o	f Debt						199,167					_		_		
	Transfers		<b>-</b>			: <b>:•</b>			_	(120,812)	_	120,812	_	11.000.110	_		_		
		l general revenu	•	nsiers and extr	zoru	inary items			-	11,625,642	_	316,477	_	11,942,119	-		-		
	CI	hange in Assets								2,689,218		335,669		3,024,887		(37,482)		32,147	
	Net Asset	s - Beginning o	of Yea	г					_	22,751,584	_	28,256,468	_	51,008,052	_	1,349,332	_	180,842	
	Net Asset	s - End of Year							s_	25,440,802	s_	28,592,137	s	54,032,939	<b>\$</b> =	1,311,850	\$_	212,989	

# BANKS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

		Pi	RIMA	RY GOVERNM	ENT			TS		
	GO	VERNMENTAL	В	USINESS-TYPE			n	NDUSTRIAL	BA	NKS COUNTY
		ACTIVITIES_	_	ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	BUILD	ING AUTHORITY	HEALT	H DEPARTMENT
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	6,598,449	\$	3,639,813	\$	10,238,262	\$		\$	217,317
Cash -2001 SPLOST		5,837,321				5,837,321				
Receivables										
Taxes		1,697,629				1,697,629				
Accounts		1,049,409		59,747		1,109,156				34,725
Internal Balances		86,592		(86,592)						
Prepaid Expenses		42,587		49,345		91,932				
Capital Assets										
Land - Non Depreciable		125,375		1,337,940		1,463,315				
Depreciable Assets, Net		17,311,383		27,776,461		45,087,844		1,311,850		
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	_	17,436,758		29,114,401		46,551,159		1,311,850		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	32,748,745	\$ <u></u>	32,776,714	\$ <u></u>	65,525,459	s <u> </u>	1,311,850	\$	252,042
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Due to other Governments	\$	63,351	\$		\$	62.251	•		e	
Accounts Payable	J		Ф	76.000	æ	63,351	\$		\$	2.050
Payroli Taxes Payable		146,433		75,000		221,433				2,950
·		78,079				78,079				27.102
Accrued Vacation		152 202								36,103
Accrued Payroll		153,383		#0.00¢		153,383				
Water Meter Deposits				79,086		79,086				
Short Term Financing				317,216		317,216				
Lease Payable - Current		421,673				421,673				
Long Term Notes Payable - Current Portion	on			1,080,154		1,080,154				
Bonds Payable-Current		2,025,000				2,025,000				
Bond Premium		145,024				145,024				
Noncurrent Liabilities										
General Obligation Bonds Payable		4,275,000				4,275,000				
Notes Payable	_		_	2,633,121	_	2,633,121				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	7,307,943	_	4,184,577	_	11,492,520		<u>.                                    </u>		39,053
NET ASSETS										
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of										
Related Debt		10,715,085		25,083,910		35,798,995		1,311,850		
Restricted for:		,,.		,,_		,,,,,		-,,000		
Capital Projects		5,837,321				5,837,321				
Unrestricted Assets		8,888,396		3,508,227		12,396,623				212,989
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>s</u> –	25,440,802	<b>s</b> -	28,592,137	\$	54,032,939	<u>\$</u>	1,311,850	ş	212,989
IOTAL NEI ABBLID	<b>"—</b>	22,770,002	_ •	40,374,137	⊸	JT,UJ4,7J7	هـــــ	1,511,000	<b>"</b>	212,707



The County has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule identified as Exhibit 9 in the Financial Section of the accompanying table of contents is not part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Banks County Commissioner's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and supplemental budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Banks County, Georgia. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Georgia Statutes (48-8-121 OCGA) and the combining and individual financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Duncan & Kitchens, LLC

Duck & Kituery, LLE

#### **DUNCAN & KITCHENS, LLC**

Joseph Duncan, CPA, ATA, ATP Joe Kitchens, CPA

Certified Public Accountants 327-D MONROE STREET CLARKESVILLE, GA 30523 (706) 754-5814 FAX (706) 754-9069

Members of
American Institute and
Georgia Society of
Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 19, 2010

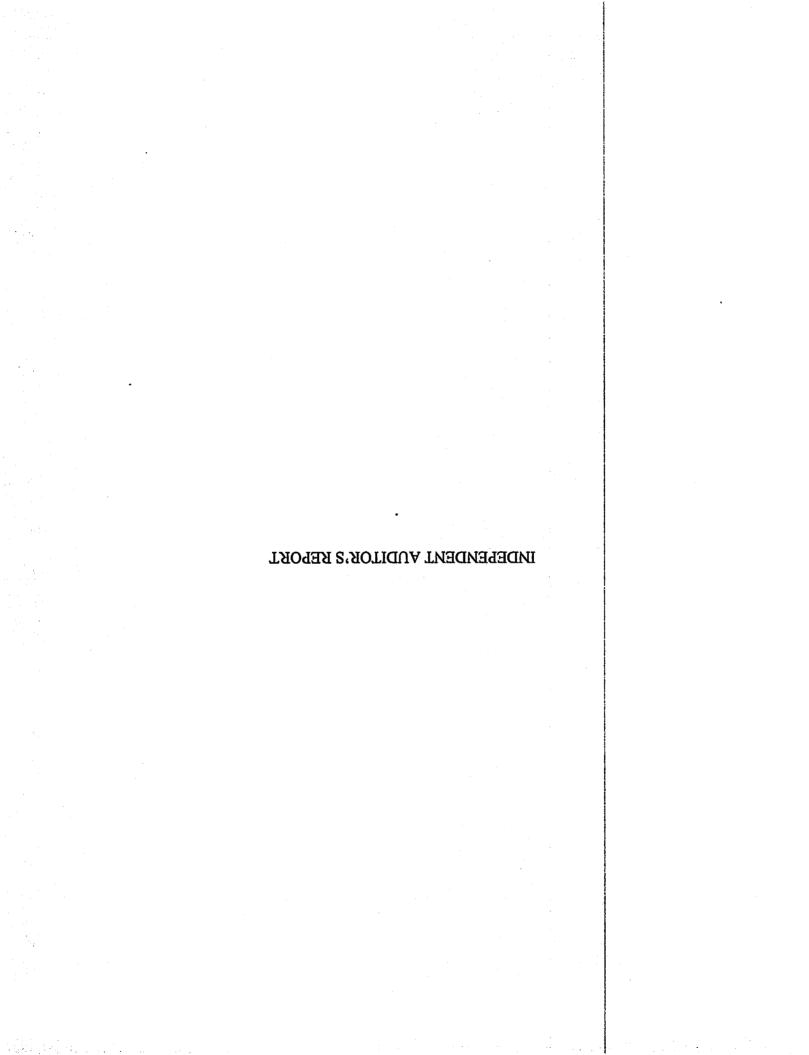
To The Commissioners Banks County Homer, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Banks County Commissioners, Homer, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Banks County Commissioners. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on the audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Banks County Health Department, which is a component unit of Banks Countyas of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which statements reflect total assets of \$252,042 as of June 30, 2010, and total revenues of \$528,910, for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Banks County Health Department, is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Banks County Commissioners as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2010 on our consideration of the Banks County Commissioner's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an intergral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



#### BANKS COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 HOMER, GEORGIA