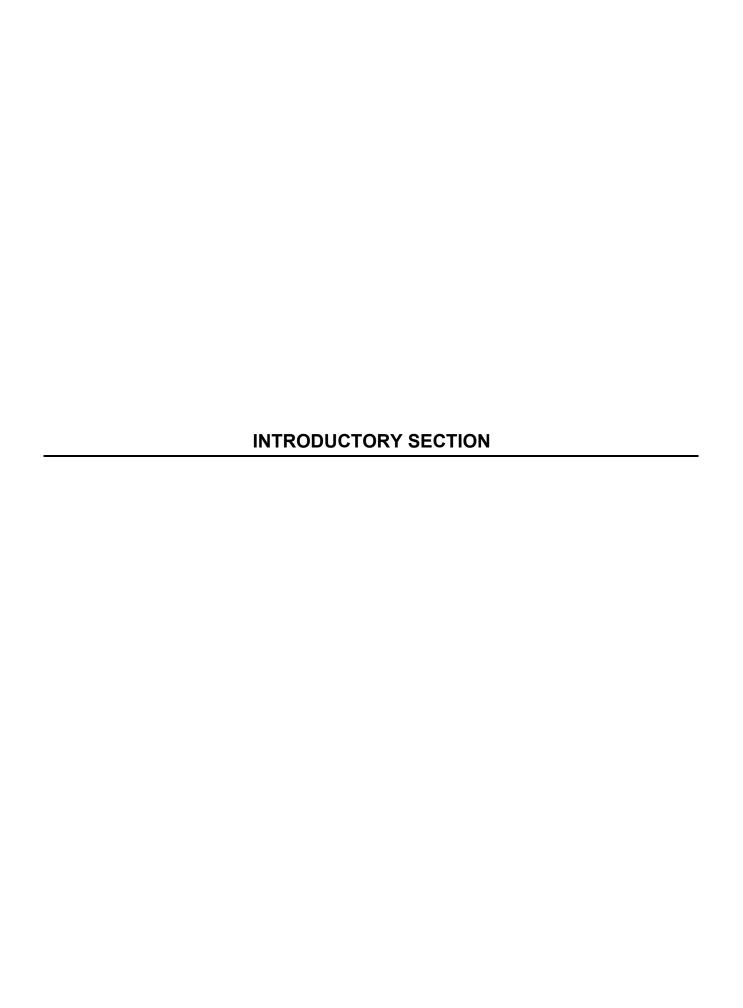
LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared By:
The Lumpkin County Office of Financial Administration



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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June 5, 2018

To the Citizens of Lumpkin County, Georgia:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Lumpkin County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Lumpkin County and was prepared by the Office of Financial Administration. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatements. We believe the data is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Lumpkin County, Georgia's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Thus, internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

General Information on Lumpkin County

Lumpkin County was officially established on December 3, 1832. Named in honor of Wilson Lumpkin, who served in both state houses, as governor, and in the U.S. House of Representatives and Senate, the County was carved out of what were then Cherokee, Hall and Habersham Counties.

Resting in the foothills of the Appalachian Mountains, Lumpkin County is 285 square miles in area, approximately 44% of which is located within the Chattahoochee National Forest. The population of the County has grown by 29% over the past ten years with a current 2017 census population estimate of 32,873.

In 1836, the Old Courthouse was built in the center of Dahlonega and is today the oldest public building in North Georgia. Also, in 1836 the U.S. government opened one of the first Federal Branch Mints in Dahlonega. More than \$6 million in gold coins were minted at the site that was later to become University of North Georgia's Price Memorial Hall (the original mint building was burned to the foundation in 1878). The University was one of the first Federal Land Grant colleges and is to this day one of the premier military institutions in the nation.

Government Structure

Prior to January 1, 2005, Lumpkin County's Charter set forth a Sole Commissioner form of government under which the Commissioner was elected to serve as the executive and legislative body for the County.

The form of government was changed to a five-person Board of Commissioners, effective January 1, 2005. The Board is comprised of four members that live in a specific district but are elected by voters countywide. Terms for the Board of Commissioners are staggered, so as to provide some continuity on the board. The Chairman is elected by voters countywide to serve a four-year term. Each year, the members of the Board elect one of their own to serve as vice-chairman for the coming year. A County Manager, appointed by the Board of Commissioners, serves as the administrative head of Lumpkin County Government.

The County Manager provides direction to department heads and managers to implement policies set forth by the Board of Commissioners.

The citizens also elect other officials, such as the Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Magistrate Court Judge, Probate Court Judge, Superior Court Judges, Clerk of Courts, Coroner and County Surveyor.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, and recreational facilities.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners and State law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund, and all special revenue funds. Project-length budgets are adopted for all capital projects funds. Annual operating budgets are not legally required for enterprise funds, but are prepared for use in planning, control and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control is essential to good financial management and the County has established a legacy of balanced budgets and good budgetary control. For each fund, financing sources are identified for all expenditures/expenses. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the approved budget) is established at the department level. The County does not currently use an encumbrance system under which purchase orders, contracts or other commitments for goods and services not yet received would be recorded as a reservation of fund balance. Instead, such commitments are re-budgeted each year.

Prior to January 1, 2005, the Sole Commissioner, the Director of Finance, and the Budget Officer acted as a Budget Committee. Subsequent to January 1, 2005, Georgia Senate Bill 58, the Act creating the Board of Commissioners, places the duty of budget preparation upon the County Manager.

Revenue and expenditure estimates are prepared by the responsible department and presented to the Budget Committee/County Manager in hearings open to the public. The Budget Committee/County Manager reviews the budget requests and makes decisions regarding the proposed budget. The proposed budget is presented to interested citizens during a public hearing. The Board of Commissioners then adopts the final budget at an official meeting.

Unforeseen situations may arise during the year that might require budget amendments. Department heads may request line-item budget amendments through the Finance Department, provided that the budget amendment does not increase or decrease the overall budget for that department. Any changes in department totals require approval at an official meeting by the Board of Commissioners.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Lumpkin County lies just 40 miles north of the perimeter highway that circles Atlanta, Georgia. It is also adjacent to Dawson County, which is one of the fastest growing counties in the nation. The busy State Route 400 crosses the southern portion of Lumpkin County, providing easy access for Atlanta area commuters. As the metropolitan Atlanta growth moves northward, Lumpkin County is now on the fringes of dense development creating a demand for residential properties. This growth also increases the demand for police and fire protection and water and sewer services.

The County's economy is based largely on a mix of tourism and related services, manufacturing, and agriculture. While the County has experienced a slight reduction in the rate of economic growth, its location and broad mix of industries has lessened the impact felt in other counties in the State. We believe that the County is poised to rebound to the growth rates experienced in prior years, as the state and national economies continue to improve.

Major Initiatives & Accomplishments

During 2017, Lumpkin County was awarded four grants for personnel, renovations and equipment totaling \$866,992.

Other accomplishments during the year include:

- □ Resurfacing approximately 27 lane miles of County roads, using a combination of Federal, State, and local money.
- □ Completed construction of a fueling station for the county's fleet.
- □ Implemented a digital emergency radio system.
- □ Began construction of Fire Station 7.
- □ Completed ADA parking and accessibility to County Administration Building and Community Center.
- □ Purchased a ladder truck.
- □ Completed a Service Delivery Strategy agreement with the City of Dahlonega.
- □ Completed an update to the county's Comprehensive Plan.
- □ Completed a revision to the county's sign regulations.

Financial Policies

The Finance Department strives to keep current with recommendations on financial policies and procedures. The policies and procedures adopted by the Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners are published in the codification of county ordinances and distributed to all departments as needed. There was no significant impact to the current financial statements based on adopted policies or procedures.

Acknowledgements

The preparation, design and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our appreciation and thanks to the firm of Mauldin & Jenkins CPA's, LLC. The firm's dedication to the highest standard of governmental accounting and auditing and strong support of the finance office staff throughout the year has proven to be extremely beneficial.

Sincere appreciation also goes to the various elected officials, and county department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

We would also like to thank local photographer Jack Anthony for generously allowing us to use his photographs in this document.

Finally, we thank the Board of Commissioners for their support and direction in conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Stanley J. Kelley County Manager

C. Allison Martin
Division Director
Finance and Support Services

OFFICIALS OF LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE

Chris Dockery
David Miller
Bobby Mayfield
Rhett Stringer
Bob Pullen
Chairman
District 1
District 2
District 3
District 3

Stanley J. Kelley
Kathleen Walker

County Manager
County Clerk

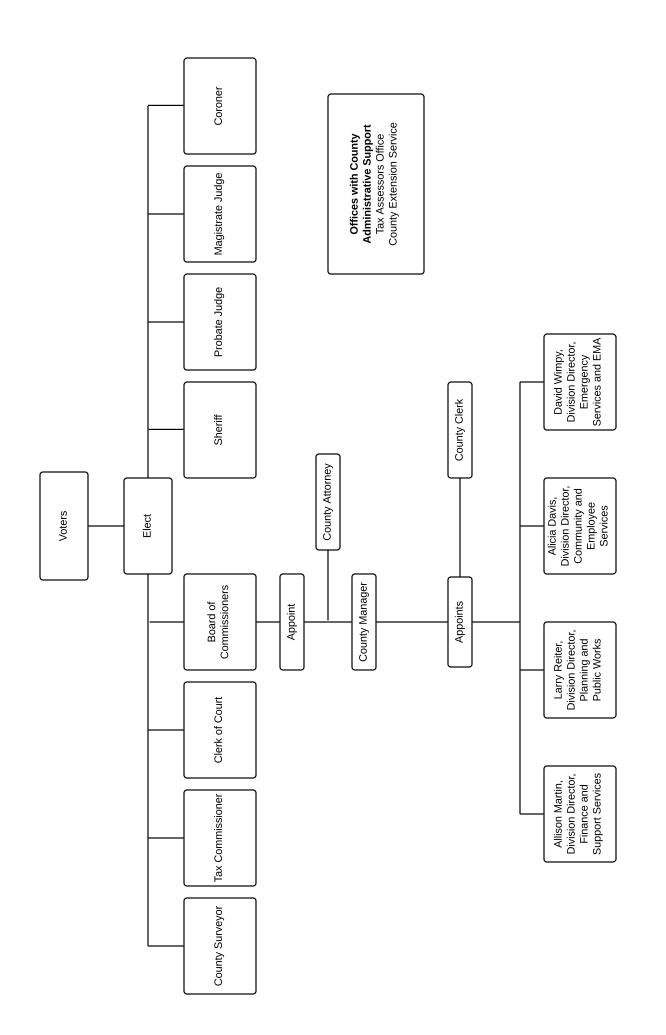
DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

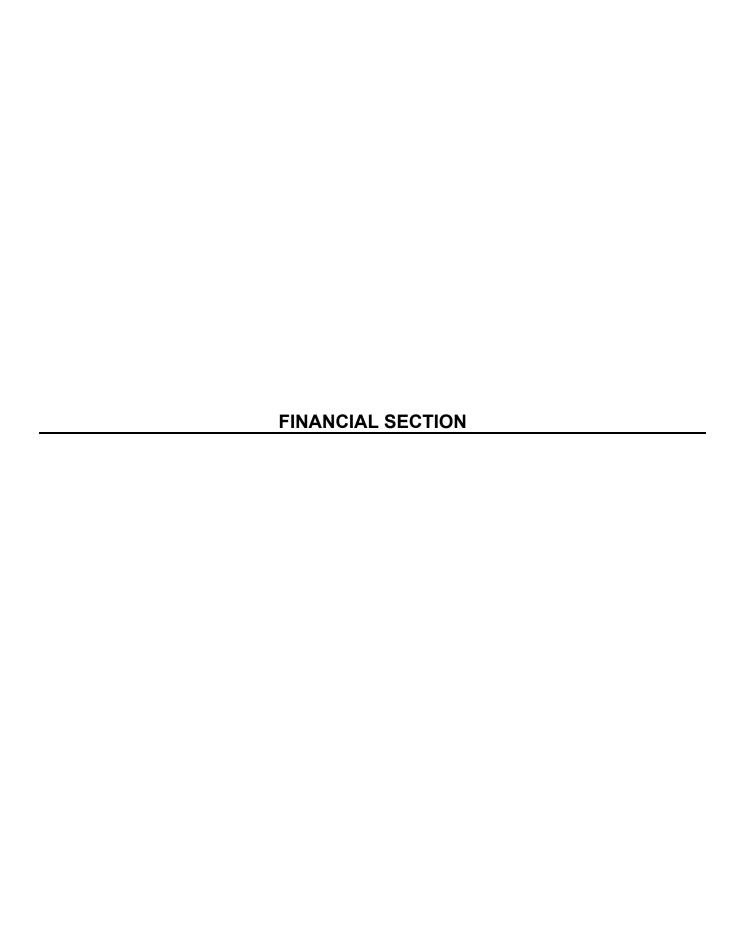
JUDICIAL & OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

County Surveyor

C. Allison Martin	Finance	Rita Harkins	Clerk of Court
Alicia Davis	Human Resources	Michael Chastain	Probate Judge
Wade Chandler	Parks & Recreation	Randy Pruitt	Magistrate Judge
Larry Reiter	Planning/County Engineer	Jeff Langley	District Attorney
Vacant	Public Works	Murphy Miller	Chief Superior Court Judge
Linda Kirkpatrick	Senior Center	Raymond George	Superior Court Judge
Danny Ziemer	Chief Appraiser	Stan Gunter	Superior Court Judge
Ashley Peck	Registrar	Jeremy Clough	Juvenile Court Judge
Eddy Harris	Animal Shelter	Rachel Pruitt	Tax Commissioner
David Wimpy	Emergency Management	Stacy Jarrard	Sheriff
		Jim Sheppard	Coroner

John Gaston







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners of Lumpkin County, Georgia Dahlonega, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Lumpkin County**, **Georgia** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lumpkin County, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Lumpkin County Department of Public Health or the Development Authority of Lumpkin County, which represents 27 percent, 17 percent, and 33 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Lumpkin County Department of Public Health and the Development Authority of Lumpkin County, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lumpkin County, Georgia as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of County contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lumpkin County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds (collectively "the supplementary information") are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2018, on our consideration of Lumpkin County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia June 5, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Lumpkin County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal at the front of this report, the County's basic financial statements, and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of Lumpkin County.

The County is required to present a discussion and analysis of our financial condition and performance for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Financial Highlights

- □ Lumpkin County's governmental activities assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2017 by \$81.2 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$6.5 million (*unrestricted*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- □ As of December 31, 2017, the governmental funds of Lumpkin County reported combined ending fund balances of \$12.0 million, a decrease of approximately \$.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 47.4% of this amount, \$5.7 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- □ At the end of 2017, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5.7 million, or 31.9% of total general fund expenditures.
- During 2002, the voters of Lumpkin County approved a Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) to be collected and used exclusively to service the debt associated with the Public Building Authority Issue, Series 2001. At the end of 2017, the Debt Service Fund had accumulated \$1.9 million toward the goal of retiring the 2001 issue.
- During 2017, Lumpkin County made principal and interest payments totaling \$0.6 million on the Public Building Authority Issue, Series 2001. This was the final payment to retire the debt. The original issue was for \$15.75 million. The residual funds will be used for a public purpose in Lumpkin County.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's *Basic Financial Statements*. The Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements (including component unit statements), fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- □ The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the County's overall financial status.
- □ The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - □ Governmental Fund Statements tell how general government services like general government, public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, cultural and recreation, and housing and development were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - □ **Proprietary Fund Statements** offer *short-term* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the County government operates similar to a private business. The Solid Waste Fund is reported as an enterprise fund.
 - □ *The Fiduciary Fund Statements* provides information about *Agency Fund* assets held by the County, which is acting solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required components, a section is included with combining statements that provide further detail about our non-major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in a single column in each of the basic financial statements.

Table A on the following page summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

TABLE A

Major Features of Lumpkin County's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire County government (except fiduciary funds). The County's Component Units are shown in separate columns on the required financial statements	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general government, public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and housing and development	Activities the County operates similar to private business, including the Solid Waste Fund.	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	☐ Statement of Net Position ☐ Statement of Activities	☐ Balance Sheet ☐ Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	□ Statement of Net Position □ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position □ Statement of Cash Flows	□ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the County's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow / outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All receipts and disbursements during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the County's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the County's financial health or current position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- □ To assess the overall health of the County, consideration should be given to additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- □ Governmental activities: Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and housing and development. Property taxes, local option sales taxes, and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.
- □ Business-type activities: The County charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The County's only Enterprise Fund, the Solid Waste Fund is included.
- Component units: The County includes five other entities in its report: the Lumpkin County Health Department, the Lumpkin County Water & Sewerage Authority, Development Authority of Lumpkin County, the Lumpkin County Hospital Authority and the Lumpkin County Public Building Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the County is financially accountable for them. The Public Building Authority is reported as a blended component unit, since the operations are indistinguishable from those of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds*, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- □ Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- □ The County establishes other funds to control and manage resources for particular purposes (i.e. Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) or show that certain revenues are used appropriately (i.e. Special Revenue Funds).

The County has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between the two types of statements.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the County charges customers a fee and are expected to be largely self-supporting, are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The County's Enterprise Fund is classified as a business-type activity on the government-wide statements, but more detailed information is provided in the Proprietary Fund Statements, such as its cash flows.
- □ *Fiduciary funds:* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These balances are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Net position. As discussed earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2017, the County's net position was \$81.5 million, which is an increase of approximately \$2.9 million from the prior year. Table B on the following page provides a summary of the County's Governmental and Business-type net positions for 2017 and 2016.

TABLE B

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA'S NET POSITION December 31, 2017 and 2016

(\$ in thousands)

	GOVERNI ACTIV			SS-TYPE VITIES	ТОТ	r A L
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
CURRENT AND OTHER	2017	2010	2017	2010	2017	2010
ASSETS*	\$26,124	\$26,482	\$13	\$10	\$26,137	\$26,492
CAPITAL ASSETS	7 - 7	, ,, ,	, -	* -	, ,, ,,	· -, -
(net of depreciation)	83,101	80,948	591	607	83,692	81,555
	ŕ	ŕ			ŕ	•
TOTAL ASSETS	109,225	107,430	604	617	109,829	108,047
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	14,766	17,303	339	374	15,105	17,677
OTHER LIABILITIES*	13,221	11,824	9	2	13,230	11,826
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,987	29,127	348	376	28,335	29,503
NET POSITION:						
NET INVESTMENT IN						
CAPITAL ASSETS	69,680	66,028	591	607	70,271	66,635
RESTRICTED FOR DEBT						
SERVICE	2,008	2,704	0	0	2,008	2,704
RESTRICTED FOR						
CAPITAL PROJECTS	2,317	2,512	0	0	2,317	2,512
RESTRICTED FOR PUBLIC						
SAFETY ACTIVITIES	154	190	0	0	154	190
RESTRICTED FOR						
PLANNING	297	48	0	0	297	48
RESTRICTED FOR LAW						
LIBRARY OPERATIONS	65	62	0	0	65	62
RESTRICTED FOR						
JUDICIAL ACTIVITIES	131	115	0	0	131	115
RESTRICTED FOR						
TOURISM	18	7	0	0	18	7
UNRESTRICTED	6,568	6,637	(335)	(366)	6,233	6,271
TOTAL	\$81,238	\$78,303	\$256	\$241	\$81,494	\$78,544
NET POSITION	. 1 1 1		CI C		7 7	1. 1.1

^{*}Current and other assets include deferred outflows of resources and other liabilities includes deferred inflows of resources

A significant portion (86%) of the net position represents the *net investment in capital assets*. This includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets, offset with associated long-term debt liabilities. Capital assets are restricted for the purpose of providing services to the citizens of Lumpkin County; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Other restricted net position components represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and total 6.18% of the total. Included in this category are unspent SPLOST proceeds for Debt Service Reserves (2.46% of the total), funds restricted for capital projects (2.84% of the total), public safety activities (0.20% of the total), planning (.37% of the total), law library activities (0.08% of the total), judicial activities (0.20% of the total), and tourism (.02% of the total). The remaining 7.60% of net position represent the unrestricted portion available for the County's ongoing obligations to its citizens.

Changes in Revenues and Expenses. Table C presents the County's 2017 and 2016 revenues and expenses for Governmental and Business-type activities as they are reported in the Entity Wide Statements.

TABLE C LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

(\$ in thousands)

	GOVERN		TY	NESS- PE /ITIES	тот	ΓAL
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
REVENUES:						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$4,335	\$4,157	\$131	\$34	\$4,466	\$4,191
OPERATING GRANTS &						
CONTRIBUTIONS	1,175	1,146	0	0	1,175	1,146
CAPITAL GRANTS &						
CONTRIBUTIONS	1,410	1,296	0	0	1,410	1,296
GENERAL REVENUES:						
PROPERTY TAXES	12,191	10,627	0	0	12,191	10,627
SALES TAXES	6,130	5,681	0	0	6,130	5,681
OTHER TAXES	1,672	1,584	0	0	1,672	1,584
UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT			0	0		
EARNINGS	76	52			76	52
TOTAL REVENUES	26,989	24,543	131	34	27,120	24,577
EXPENSES:						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	4,614	4,270	0	0	4,614	4,270
PUBLIC SAFETY	10,764	9,918	0	0	10,764	9,918
JUDICIAL SYSTEM	2,318	2,348	0	0	2,318	2,348
PUBLIC WORKS	3,055	3,162	0	0	3,055	3,162
HEALTH & WELFARE	734	689	0	0	734	689
CULTURE & RECREATION	1,511	1,406	0	0	1,511	1,406
HOUSING & DEVELOPMENT	668	511	0	0	668	511
INTEREST	394	477	0	0	394	477
SOLID WASTE	0	0	112	109	112	109
TOTAL EXPENSES	24,058	22,781	112	109	24,170	22,890
INCREASE IN NET POSITION BEFORE						
TRANSFERS	2,931	1,762	19	(75)	2,950	1,687
TRANSFERS	4	(92)	(4)	92	(0)	(0)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION		\ \ /	. ,			` ′
	2,935	1,670	15	17	2,950	1,687
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	78,303	76,633	241	224	78,544	76,857
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$81,238	\$78,303	\$256	\$241	\$81,494	\$78,544

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities accounted for \$2.9 million of the excess in the County's net revenues over expenses for 2017 primarily due to the collection of back property taxes, interest and penalties, and capital grants and contributions.

Business-type Activities: The County's only business-type activity, the Solid Waste Fund, is privately leased and the only revenue from this activity will be rental income.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental Funds Overview: Lumpkin County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As described earlier, the County's governmental funds provide information on short-term inflows and outflows, as well as what remains for future spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. For example, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2017, Lumpkin County Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12 million. This amount was down approximately \$.9 million from 2016. Of the total combined fund balance, approximately 47.4% consists of *unassigned fund balance*, the portion of fund balance, which serves as a measure of current available financial resources.

The *restricted fund balance* represented resources not available for spending or those on which legal restrictions have been placed. The County's restricted fund balance makes up 41.2% of the combined total.

The General Fund and SPLOST Fund are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund. The General Fund of Lumpkin County accounts for all transactions not accounted for in other funds. As the County's major operating fund, the General Fund accounts for ordinary operating expenditures financed primarily by property taxes and charges for services. The General Fund completed the year with a fund balance of \$7.05 million. This was an increase from the previous year of \$0.72 million. Of the \$7.05 million, 81.16% is unassigned while the remaining 18.84% is non-spendable or assigned.

SPLOST. This fund accounts for the 2014 SPLOST money, including earned interest, which is to be used for various capital projects as provided in Title 48, Chapter 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. At December 31, 2017, the fund balance of this fund was \$2.0 million.

Proprietary Funds Overview. The Proprietary fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector where determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Lumpkin County has one type of Proprietary Fund, The Enterprise Fund. The County's Proprietary Fund Statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public are being financed or recovered primarily through user charges on a continuing basis. The Solid Waste Management Fund is the County's single enterprise fund. Total net position of the enterprise fund at the end of 2017 was \$256 thousand, representing an increase of \$15 thousand.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the governing authority revised the County's budget several times. The three primary reasons for amending the budget are:

- Carry forwards from the prior year's capital improvement projects that were not completed in the prior year and continued into the current year.
- Supplemental appropriations to increase revenue and expenditure accounts due to receipt of unanticipated grant revenue.
- Increases in appropriations due to unexpected needs.

Even with these adjustments, actual net change in fund balance was \$1.2 million below final budget amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the County had acquired \$83.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities including land, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, heavy machinery, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

- All infrastructure assets acquired to date are included in capital assets in accordance with GASB 34 requirements.
- Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

Georgia Statutes provide for a general obligation debt limit of 10.0% of assessed valuation. The County had a general obligation debt capacity of \$104.6 million in 2017. The County currently has no debt subject to the limitation.

At December 31, 2017, Lumpkin County had the following outstanding long-term debt:

- \$13.9 million in notes payable and bonds payable.
- \$357 thousand in compensated absences.
- \$339 thousand in landfill postclosure costs
- \$ 1.8 million in net pension liability.
- Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic conditions in the County stabilized during 2017, with minimal growth in the business sector. New housing starts were up in the County during 2017, with no real impact to the tax base and increasing demands for services. In an effort to stimulate growth of light industry and shift more of the tax burden from homeowners, a project to extend water and sewerage service was begun during 2003 and was completed during 2006 in the southern part of the County. This project has been completed and the County is beginning to see some retail growth in that area of the County.

The 2018 budget planned for an increase in tax revenues to fund a Capital Improvement Program and a merit increase for employees. The economy has necessitated a tight spending budget for 2018 as the value of the digest continues to decline and the economy remains sluggish. The budget increased by \$.7 million, largely due to the tax increase. The County has also implemented a number of cost saving measures and is currently looking at joint ventures within the community to ease the burden placed on the operating budget.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, 99 Courthouse Hill, Suite D, Dahlonega, GA 30533.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Primary Government	
ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,995,585	\$ -	\$ 20,995,585
Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	- 3,067,177	- 9,541	3,076,718
Prepaid items	614,143	3,639	617,782
Inventories	156,211	-	156,211
Due from component units	1,092	-	1,092
Capital assets, nondepreciable Capital assets, depreciable, net of	37,176,337	192,103	37,368,440
accumulated depreciation	45,925,037	398,327	46,323,364
Total assets	107,935,582	603,610	108,539,192
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charges on refunding	487,071	-	487,071
Pension related items	802,980		802,980
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,290,051	<u> </u>	1,290,051
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	727,185	7,802	734,987
Accrued liabilities	302,915	1,152	304,067
Customer deposits	-	-	-
Due to primary government Noncurrent liabilities due within one year	-	-	-
Compensated absences	356,824	227	357,051
Landfill closure and postclosure	-	21,180	21,180
Notes payable	305,882	-	305,882
Bonds payable	645,000	-	645,000
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year		047.700	047 700
Landfill closure and postclosure Notes payable	6,569,836	317,700	317,700 6,569,836
Bonds payable	6,387,434	-	6,387,434
Net pension liability	1,808,314	-	1,808,314
Total liabilities	17,103,390	348,061	17,451,451
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned revenues - property taxes	10,334,953	_	10,334,953
Unearned revenues - intergovernmental	549,042	_	549,042
Pension related items			
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,883,995		10,883,995
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	69,680,293	590,430	70,270,723
Debt service	2,008,224	-	2,008,224
Capital projects	2,317,361	-	2,317,361
Public safety activities	161,864	-	161,864
Planning department operations	304,519	-	304,519
Law library operations Judicial activities	64,905 159,555	- -	64,905 159,555
Tourism	17,972	-	17,972
Unrestricted	6,523,555	(334,881)	6,188,674
Total net position	\$ 81,238,248	\$ 255,549	\$ 81,493,797

		Compor	nent Un	nits	
Health epartment		evelopment Authority		Hospital Authority	Water and Sewerage Authority
\$ 512,007	\$	664,700	\$	218,259	\$ 572,486
-		-		1,200,539	-
50,741		2,046,572		10,144	212,034
-		3,570		-	19,052 27,404
-		-		-	27,404
-		15,600		-	1,327,842
 2,141		2,150			 5,382,374
 564,889		2,732,592		1,428,942	 7,541,192
_		_		_	40,280
212,191		-		-	-
	-	-		-	 -
 212,191					 40,280
24,192		2,447		-	98,607
-		18,610		-	9,266
-		-		-	109,150
-		-		-	1,092
36,439		-		-	9,944
-		-		-	- 77,213
-		60,107		-	278,696
-		-		-	-
-		- 1,343,154		-	1,301,829 621,916
707,718		1,343,134		_	021,910
 768,349		1,424,318		-	 2,507,713
700,040	-	1,424,010			 2,007,710
-		-		-	-
1,634		-		_	_
1,634		_		-	-
				_	
2,141		17,750		-	4,415,421
-		-		-	-
-		-		-	-
-		-		-	-
-		_		_	_
-		-		-	-
- 4,956		- 1,290,524		- 1,428,942	- 658,338
\$ 7,097	\$	1,308,274	\$	1,428,942	\$ 5,073,759
 ,		, ,		,,-	 -,,

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

					Progr	ram Revenue	s	
E wattom (Dames)	_		c	harges for	G	Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		ntributions		ontributions
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:	•	4 04 4 00 4	•	004.404	•	045.044	•	
General government	\$	4,614,284	\$	891,124	\$	215,641	\$	-
Judicial		2,317,491		1,002,932		400,665		-
Public safety		10,763,698		1,928,292		296,791		-
Public works		3,055,477		831		38,000		1,409,350
Health and welfare		733,810		24,767		224,167		-
Culture and recreation		1,510,923		250,082		-		-
Housing and development		667,977		237,099		=		-
Interest on long-term debt		394,290		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		24,057,950		4,335,127		1,175,264		1,409,350
Business-type activities:								
Solid waste management		111,530		130,599		-		-
Total business-type activities		111,530		130,599		-		_
Total primary government	\$	24,169,480	\$	4,465,726	\$	1,175,264	\$	1,409,350
Component units:								
Health Department	\$	843,298	\$	313,353	\$	535,175	\$	_
Development Authority		185,867		-		-		-
Hospital Authority		70,426		-		_		-
Water and Sewerage Authority		971,725		1,219,071		-		791,882
Total component units	\$	2,071,316	\$	1,532,424	\$	535,175	\$	791,882
'		, , -		<u> </u>				

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Insurance premium taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted net investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of capital asset

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government					Component Units								
G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		Health epartment		evelopment Authority		Hospital Authority	;	Vater and Sewerage Authority	
\$	(3,507,519)	\$ -	\$	(3,507,519)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	(913,894)	-		(913,894)		-		-		-		-	
	(8,538,615)	-		(8,538,615)		-		-		-		-	
	(1,607,296)	-		(1,607,296)		-		-		-		-	
	(484,876)	-		(484,876)		-		-		-		-	
	(1,260,841)	-		(1,260,841)		-		-		-		-	
	(430,878)	-		(430,878)		_		_		-		-	
	(394,290)	_		(394,290)		_		-		_		_	
	(17,138,209)	-		(17,138,209)		-		-		-		-	
	-	19,069		19,069		-		-		-		-	
	-	19,069		19,069		_		_		-		-	
	(17,138,209)	19,069		(17,119,140)		-		-		-		-	
	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -		5,230 - - - - - 5,230		(185,867) - - (185,867)		(70,426) (70,426)		- - 1,039,228 1,039,228	
	40 404 224			10 101 221		0,200		(100,007)		(10,420)		1,000,220	
	12,191,331 6,130,414	-		12,191,331 6,130,414		-		-		-		-	
	1,478,853	-		1,478,853		-		-		-		-	
	1,476,653	-		1,476,653		-		-		-		-	
	75,672	-		75,672		-		55,338		92,733		-	
	13,012	-		13,012		81,135		2,389		32,133		_	
	-	-		-		01,100		47,450		-		_	
	4,042	(4,042)		-		_		+1, 4 50		-		<u>-</u>	
	20,073,664	(4,042)		20,069,622		81,135	_	105,177		92,733			
	2,935,455	15,027	_	2,950,482	_	86,365	_	(80,690)		22,307		1,039,228	
	78,302,793	240,522		78,543,315		(79,268)		1,388,964		1,406,635		4,034,531	
\$	81,238,248	\$ 255,549	\$	81,493,797	\$	7,097	\$	1,308,274	\$	1,428,942	\$	5,073,759	
Ψ	01,200,240	Ψ 200,049	Ψ	01, 1 00,131	Ψ	1,031	Ψ	1,000,214	Ψ	1,720,072	Ψ	5,015,155	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Inventories Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities DEFERRED \$ Service of the serv	15,121,885 2,511,095 156,211 274,222 1,092 569,745 18,634,250 410,655 255,176 71,316 737,147	\$ \$	1,817,289 303,830	\$ \$	4,056,411 252,252 - 71,316 - 44,398 4,424,377 230,465 - 203,643 434,108	\$	20,995,585 3,067,177 156,211 345,538 1,092 614,143 25,179,746 727,185 255,176 345,538
for uncollectibles) Inventories Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	156,211 274,222 1,092 569,745 18,634,250 410,655 255,176 71,316 737,147		2,121,119 86,065 70,579		71,316 - 44,398 4,424,377 230,465 - 203,643		156,211 345,538 1,092 614,143 25,179,746 727,185 255,176
Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	274,222 1,092 569,745 18,634,250 410,655 255,176 71,316 737,147		86,065 70,579		44,398 4,424,377 230,465 203,643		345,538 1,092 614,143 25,179,746 727,185 255,176
Prepaid items Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	1,092 569,745 18,634,250 410,655 255,176 71,316 737,147		86,065 70,579		44,398 4,424,377 230,465 203,643		1,092 614,143 25,179,746 727,185 255,176
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	410,655 255,176 71,316 737,147		86,065 70,579		230,465 203,643		727,185 255,176
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	255,176 71,316 737,147 587,557	\$	70,579	\$	203,643	\$	255,176
Accounts payable \$ Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities \$	255,176 71,316 737,147 587,557	\$ 	70,579	\$	203,643	\$	255,176
Other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	255,176 71,316 737,147 587,557	* 	70,579	*	203,643	>	255,176
Due to other funds Total liabilities	71,316 737,147 587,557						
	587,557		156,644		434,108		
DEFERRED							1,327,899
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unearned revenue - property taxes	-,,		-		24,946 371,302		612,503 10,334,953
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental Unearned revenue - intergovernmental	296,157 -		<u>-</u>		735 549,042		296,892 549,042
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,847,365		<u>-</u>		946,025		11,793,390
FUND BALANCES							
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	569,745				44,398		614,143
Inventories	156,211		-		44,390		156,211
Restricted for:	,						,
Debt service	-		-		1,995,492		1,995,492
Capital projects	-		1,964,475		352,886		2,317,361
Public safety activities	-		-		154,262		154,262
Planning department operations	-		-		284,524		284,524
Law library operations	-		-		64,905		64,905
Judicial activities Tourism	-		-		129,805 17,972		129,805 17,972
Assigned for:	_		_		17,572		17,372
Fire station construction	102,218		_		_		102,218
Use of reserves in subsequent budget	500,000		_		-		500,000
Unassigned	5,721,564		-				5,721,564
Total fund balances	7,049,738		1,964,475		3,044,244		12,058,457
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	18,634,250	\$	2,121,119	\$	4,424,377		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in t Capital assets used in governmental acti therefore, are not reported in the fund	vities are not cur				ise		83,101,374
Other long-term assets are not available therefore, are unavailable in the funds		t-perio	d expenditures a	nd,			909,395
Long-term liabilities are not due and pay not reported in the funds. The deferred outflows of resources, defe	rred inflows of re	source	es, and the net pe	nsion			(13,825,644)
liability related to the County's pensio expendable available financial resour	•		•		S.		(1,005,334)
Net position of governmental activities						\$	81,238,248

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General		SPLOST		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	15,782,105	\$	3,377,084	\$	789,036	\$	19,948,225
Licenses and permits	•	48,663	•	-	•	224,039	*	272,702
Fines and forfeitures		610,073		_		80,170		690,243
Charges for services		2,466,876		_		576,672		3,043,548
Interest income		61,658		13,460		14,014		89,132
Intergovernmental		515,570		212,227		1,124,240		1,852,037
Contributions and donations		43,949		,		75,835		119,784
Other		297,501		_		31,133		328,634
Total revenues		19,826,395		3,602,771		2,915,139		26,344,305
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		3,596,275		_		75,063		3,671,338
Judicial		1,641,205		_		667,657		2,308,862
Public safety		9,140,533		_		933,777		10,074,310
Public works		1,425,269		35,371		19,801		1,480,441
Health and welfare		686,320		6,933		6,177		699,430
Culture and recreation		1,266,397		-		14,148		1,280,545
Housing and development		81,511		_		582,406		663,917
Intergovernmental				638,328		-		638,328
Capital outlay		_		3,223,631		1,404,947		4,628,578
Debt service:				-, -,		, - ,-		, ,
Principal		53,397		635,000		855,582		1,543,979
Interest and fees		65,642		151,923		148,976		366,541
Total expenditures		17,956,549		4,691,186		4,708,534		27,356,269
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	į							
over expenditures		1,869,846		(1,088,415)		(1,793,395)		(1,011,964)
						<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Other financing sources (uses):		400.070						400.070
Proceeds from the sale of capital asse	IS	109,370		-		4 000 000		109,370
Transfers in		4,042		541,565		1,293,026		1,838,633
Transfers out	_	(1,265,252)	_			(569,339)		(1,834,591)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,151,840)		541,565		723,687		113,412
Net change in fund balances		718,006		(546,850)		(1,069,708)		(898,552)
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,331,732		2,511,325		4,113,952		12,957,009
Fund balances, end of year	\$	7,049,738	_	1,964,475	\$	3,044,244	\$	12,058,457

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (898,552)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the	
current period.	2,424,168
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-	
ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(271,199)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	338,207
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount	
is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,543,979
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(201,148)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 2,935,455

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

Current assets: \$ 9,541 Prepaid items 3,639 Total current assets 13,180 Noncurrent assets: 2 Capital assets: 2 Capital assets, not being depreciated 192,103 Capital assets, being depreciated 1,029,561 Less accumulated depreciation (631,234) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 590,430 Total assets 603,610 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 7,802 Accounts payable 7,802 Other accrued liabilities 1,152
Prepaid items 3,639 Total current assets 13,180 Noncurrent assets: 2 Capital assets: 192,103 Capital assets, being depreciated 1,029,561 Less accumulated depreciation (631,234) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 590,430 Total assets 603,610 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 7,802 Accounts payable 7,802
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Total assets 603,610 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 7,802
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 7,802
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 7,802
Accounts payable 7,802
Other gear and liabilities 4 450
Other accrued liabilities 1,152
Compensated absences 227
Landfill postclosure, current 21,180
Total current liabilities 30,361
Long-term liabilities:
Landfill postclosure 317,700
Total long-term liabilities 317,700
Total long total liabilities
Total liabilities 348,061
NET POSITION
Investment in capital assets 590,430
Unrestricted (334,881)
Total net position \$ 255,549

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Solid Waste Management Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 33,626	
Other operating revenue	 96,973	
Total operating revenues	 130,599	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits	53,719	
Supplies and maintenance	41,102	
Depreciation expense	16,709	
Total operating expenses	 111,530	
Operating income before transfers	19,069	
Transfers out	 (4,042)	
Change in net position	15,027	
NET POSITION, beginning of year	240,522	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 255,549	

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		olid Waste Inagement Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	100 700
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and service providers	\$	126,789 (68,996)
Payments to employees		(53,751)
Taymond to simpleyous		(00,701)
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,042
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4.5.45)
Transfer out to other funds		(4,042)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(4,042)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		-
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year		-
End of year	\$	
Reconciliation of operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	19,069
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		40.700
Depreciation		16,709
Increase in receivables		(3,810) 524
Decrease in prepaids Increase in accounts payable		6,702
Increase in accounts payable Increase in other accrued liabilities		169
Decrease in compensated absences		(201)
Decrease in landfill postclosure care costs		(35,120)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,042

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$ 1,555,897 2,006,332 18,858
Total assets	\$ 3,581,087
LIABILITIES	
Due to others Uncollected taxes due to other entities	\$ 1,574,755 2,006,332
Total liabilities	\$ 3,581,087

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lumpkin County, Georgia (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Lumpkin County operates under a commissioner-manager form of government under which a five member Board of Commissioners is elected to serve as the legislative body for the County. The commission chairman is elected at large, while the remaining four commissioners are elected by geographical districts in which they reside by voters county-wide. The County provides the following services: public safety, judicial, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, housing and development, and general administrative services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit

The Lumpkin County Public Building Authority (the "Building Authority"), which provides financing exclusively for County buildings, is governed by a five member board appointed by the Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners. The debt of the Building Authority is reported as part of the County's debt, and all debt service activity is reported in the County's debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Building Authority.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Lumpkin County Department of Public Health (the "Health Department") is governed by a seven member board consisting of one member of the Board of Commissioners and two members as appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The County has the authority to modify and approve the Health Department's budget and the ability to approve environmental health service fees. The Health Department has a June 30th year-end and is presented as a governmental type component unit.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

The Health Department's financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Lumpkin County Health Department, 60 Mechanicsville Road, Dahlonega, GA 30533.

The Development Authority of Lumpkin County (the "Development Authority") is governed by a nine member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The Authority is responsible for promoting economic development within Lumpkin County. The Development Authority provides a financial benefit to the County. The Authority is reported as a proprietary type component unit.

The Development Authority's financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Development Authority of Lumpkin County, 194 Courthouse Hill, Annex A, Dahlonega, GA 30533.

The Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority (the "Water Authority") is governed by a seven member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The County has the ability to impose its will upon the Water Authority in addition to its appointment of a voting majority of the Water Authority's governing body. The Water Authority is reported as a proprietary type component unit.

The Water Authority's financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Lumpkin County Water & Sewerage Authority, 194 Courthouse Hill, Annex A, Dahlonega, GA 30533.

The Lumpkin County Hospital Authority (the "Hospital Authority") is governed by a nine member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The County has the authority to approve or modify the budget of the Hospital Authority and has the ability to impose its will upon the Hospital Authority. The Authority provides medical services for indigent citizens of the County and is reported as a proprietary type component unit. The Hospital Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers property taxes to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Other revenues susceptible to accrual are considered available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if availability criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County. The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund (SPLOST)** is used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the County's 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax issues.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **Solid Waste Management Fund** is used to account for the activities of the County's solid waste disposal program.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The *capital projects funds* account for large capital outlay projects funded locally, with state funding and federal funding.

The **debt service fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The **agency funds** are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, and ad valorem and property taxes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the County applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used have not been eliminated in this process.

D. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Increases or decreases in the fair value during the year are recognized as a component of interest income.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are accounted for using the consumption method.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Intangible assets, such as internally generated or purchased software, are defined as having an initial cost of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years, and all remaining intangible assets are defined as having an initial cost in excess of \$100,000 and an estimated life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The County has elected to capitalize all general infrastructure assets regardless of the acquisition date and has used the estimated historical cost to value these assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Category	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	3 - 10
Infrastructure	19 - 50

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. One item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred charge on refunding which is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County reports deferred inflows of resources in both its governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position.

The County also has deferred inflows and outflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the County's actuary which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. Additionally, any contributions made by the County to the pension plan before year end but subsequent to the measurement date of the County's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, qualify for reporting in this category. The governmental funds balance sheet will report unavailable revenues from property taxes and other sources as these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available in accordance with the County's revenue recognition policy.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The governmental funds balance sheet and the government wide statement of net position will report deferred inflows of resources for unearned revenues. The County reports unearned revenues from property taxes which are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes have been levied. Additionally, the County reports unearned intergovernmental revenues from voluntary exchange transactions for resources received before time requirements are met but after all other eligibility requirements have been met.

I. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amount when employees separate from service with the County. All vacation and annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when they include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (passage of a resolution) of the Board of Commissioners. The same formal action is required to subsequently remove a commitment of fund balance.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when they include amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. By passage of a resolution establishing the County's fund balance policy, the Board of Commissioners has delegated the County Manager the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In addition, any remaining deficits in the County's governmental funds which remain after all other fund balances have been exhausted are classified as unassigned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Equity (Continued)

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the County has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Lumpkin County Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$13,825,644 difference are as follows:

Notes payable	\$ (6,875,718)
Revenue bonds payable	(7,010,000)
Premium on issuance of revenue bonds	(22,434)
Deferred loss on refunding	487,071
Accrued interest payable	(47,739)
Compensated absences	(356,824)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (13,825,644)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and the net pension liability related to the County's pension plan are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$1,005,334 difference are as follows:

Net pension liability	\$ (1,808,314)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related items	 802,980
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (1,005,334)

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$2,424,168 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 4,952,253
Depreciation expense	(2,528,085)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 2,424,168

Another element of the reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position." The details of this \$271,199 difference are as follows:

In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets	
sold.	\$ (578,050)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	306,851
	 000,001
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ (271,199)

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of the reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this \$1,543,979 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments of revenue bonds	\$ 635,000
Principal repayments of notes payable	 908,979
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,543,979

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$201,148 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (20,152)
Amortization of original issue premium	4,002
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	(48,706)
Accrued interest	16,955
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	 (153,247)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (201,148)

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to July 1, the County Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for each department for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
 The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, giving notice thereof at least seven days in advance by publication in the official organ of the County.
- 3. The budget is then adopted by the Board of Commissioners at a public meeting.
- 4. Budget amounts can be transferred between line items within any department (the legal level of budgetary control); however, any revisions of the budget must be amended by formal action of the Board of Commissioners in a regular meeting.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and special revenue funds. Project length budgets are adopted for the capital projects funds.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a measurement control device during the year for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the special revenue funds. An annual operating budget is prepared for the Solid Waste Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Commissioners. The supplementary budgetary appropriations made are reflected in the final budget amounts.

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2017 expenditures exceeded the budget in the funds and General Fund departments as follows:

Fund/Department	Excess	
General Fund:		_
Legislative	\$	3,590
Risk management		301,619
Judicial administration		6,013
Superior court		96,071
Clerk superior court		1,113
District attorney		2,541
Police		11,132
Public works administration		259
Sanitation and wastewater		814
Health		100
Conservation		807
Technology Fee Fund		17,584
Multiple Grant Fund		90,652
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		63,229
Debt Service Fund		14,147

The excess of expenditures over budget that are noted above were primarily funded by greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Primary Government

Custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes and County policy require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. Government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities of the State of Georgia. As of December 31, 2017, the County's deposits were insured and/or collateralized as defined by state statutes and GASB pronouncements.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Component Unit – Hospital Authority

Credit risk. State statutes authorize the Authority to invest in U.S. Government obligations; U.S. Government agency obligations; obligations of the State of Georgia; obligations of other counties; municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia which are rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association; repurchase agreements when collateralized by the U.S. Government or agency obligations; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

Categorization of investments. As of December 31, 2017, the Hospital Authority had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity Rating (S&P)		F	air Value
GA Municipal Association COP	December 1, 2023	AA+	\$ 108,54	
GA State Revenue Bonds	December 1, 2041	AAA		200,964
City of Americus Bonds	June 1, 2030	AA	AA 120,23	
City of Dahlonega Revenue Bonds	July 1, 2030	AA	213,062	
Tennessee Valley Authority	July 15, 2033	AA+		122,518
Federal Farm Credit Bank	June 8, 2037	AA+		121,789
Federal Home Loan Bank	October 26, 2022	AA+		99,841
Decatur GA School System COP	May 1, 2044	AA-		213,590
	Total		\$	1,200,539

Interest rate risk. The Hospital Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Component Unit – Hospital Authority (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements. The Hospital Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Hospital Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

Investment	Level 1 Level 2		Leve		Level 2	Fa	ir Value
GA Municipal Association COP	\$	-	\$	108,541	\$	108,541	
GA State Revenue Bonds		-		200,964		200,964	
City of Americus Bonds		-		120,234		120,234	
City of Dahlonega Revenue Bonds		-		213,062		213,062	
Tennessee Valley Authority		122,518		-		122,518	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		-		121,789		121,789	
Federal Home Loan Bank		-		99,841		99,841	
Decatur GA School System COP		-		213,590		213,590	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	122,518	\$	1,078,021	\$	1,200,539	

The Tennessee Valley Authority classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy is valued using prices quoted in active markets for that investment. The investments in Georgia Municipal Association, Georgia State Revenue Bonds, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, City of Americus Bonds, City of Dahlonega Revenue Bonds, and Decatur Georgia School System COP classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2017, all of the Hospital Authority's deposits were collateralized with the depository financial institution.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

A. Primary Government

Receivables at December 31, 2017, for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	 lid Waste nagement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Receivables:					
Taxes	\$ 1,502,319	\$ 303,830	\$ -	\$ 61,729	
Other governments	565,170	-	-	72,801	
Accounts	1,511,244	-	9,541	117,722	
Gross receivables	3,578,733	303,830	9,541	252,252	
Less allowance					
for uncollectibles	 (1,067,638)	 _	 	 	
Net receivables	\$ 2,511,095	\$ 303,830	\$ 9,541	\$ 252,252	

Property taxes for the 2017 fiscal year were levied on October 5, 2016, with property values assessed as of January 1, 2016. Bills are payable on or before December 5, 2016, after which the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest as assessed. Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes levied during 2017 are to fund operations for the County's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018. Amounts recorded as a receivable as well as amounts collected as of December 31, 2017 related to these taxes are recorded as deferred inflows of resources — unearned property taxes in the fund financial statements and in the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Inorosoo		Dooroooo		Ending
		Dalance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated:								
Land and improvements	\$	20,319,559	\$	236,302	\$	(139,386)	\$	20,416,475
Infrastructure land improvements		15,969,973		150,164		(189,700)		15,930,437
Construction in progress		386,893		482,211		(39,679)		829,425
Total capital assets, not								
being depreciated		36,676,425		868,677		(368,765)		37,176,337
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		42,278,642		694,338		-		42,972,980
Machinery and equipment		5,536,203		973,751		(29,452)		6,480,502
Vehicles		5,452,337		1,307,657		(489,353)		6,270,641
Infrastructure		21,798,804		1,414,681		(905,094)		22,308,391
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		75,065,986		4,390,427		(1,423,899)		78,032,514
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		9,772,035		964,555		-		10,736,590
Machinery and equipment		3,533,883		318,043		(26,507)		3,825,419
Vehicles		3,372,023		431,459		(429,503)		3,373,979
Infrastructure		14,116,065		814,028		(758,604)		14,171,489
Total accumulated depreciation		30,794,006		2,528,085		(1,214,614)		32,107,477
Total capital assets, being		_						
depreciated, net		44,271,980		1,862,342		(209,285)		45,925,037
Governmental activities capital	•	00 040 405	•	0.704.040	•	(570.050)	•	00 404 074
assets, net	\$	80,948,405	\$	2,731,019	\$	(578,050)	\$	83,101,374

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

	eginning Balance	<u>Ir</u>	ncreases	Decrea	ases	 Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 192,103	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 192,103
Total capital assets, not						
being depreciated	192,103				-	192,103
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	291,585		-		-	291,585
Buildings and improvements	551,470		=		-	551,470
Machinery and equipment	134,506		_		-	134,506
Vehicles	 52,000					52,000
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated	 1,029,561					 1,029,561
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	291,585		-		-	291,585
Buildings and improvements	169,146		12,970		-	182,116
Machinery and equipment	106,994		3,739		-	110,733
Vehicles	46,800		-			46,800
Total accumulated depreciation	 614,525		16,709			631,234
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	415,036		(16,709)			 398,327
Business-type activities capital						
assets, net	\$ 607,139	\$	(16,709)	\$		\$ 590,430

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 622,013
Public safety	696,322
Public works	934,595
Health and welfare	33,014
Culture and recreation	233,063
Housing and development	 9,078
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,528,085

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Water Authority

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases and Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total	\$ 51,312 414,551 465,863	\$ - 861,979 861,979	\$ - - -	\$ 51,312 1,276,530 1,327,842
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure	7,086,745	832,949	-	7,919,694
Machinery and equipment Vehicles Total	106,157 71,002 7,263,904	832,949	<u>-</u>	106,157 71,002 8,096,853
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Machinery and	(2,388,086)	(190,456)	-	(2,578,542)
equipment Vehicles Total	(72,460) (51,472) (2,512,018)	(8,617) (3,388) (202,461)	- - -	(81,077) (54,860) (2,714,479)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,751,886	630,488	<u>-</u>	5,382,374
Total capital assets, net	\$ 5,217,749	\$ 1,492,467	<u> </u>	\$ 6,710,216

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount		
General Fund	SPLOST Fund	\$	70,579	
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		203,643	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		71,316	

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The balance between the SPLOST Fund and the General Fund relates to supplemental funding of a SPLOST project.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount		
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	\$ 4,042		
SPLOST Fund	General Fund	30,951		
SPLOST Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	510,614		
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	1,234,301		
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	58,725		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Due from/to primary government and component units:

Receivable entity	Payable entity	Amount			
Lumpkin County General Fund	Water & Sewerage Authority	\$	1,092		

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Primary Government

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Beginning				Ending	ue Within
	Balance	 Additions	F	Reductions	 Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Revenue bonds	\$ 7,645,000	\$ -	\$	(635,000)	\$ 7,010,000	\$ 645,000
Plus: Premium	26,436	 		(4,002)	22,434	
Total revenue bonds	7,671,436	-		(639,002)	 7,032,434	 645,000
Notes payable	7,784,697	-		(908,979)	6,875,718	305,882
Net pension liability	1,510,585	755,738		(458,009)	1,808,314	-
Compensated absences	336,672	 365,262		(345,110)	 356,824	 356,824
Governmental activities						
long-term liabilities	\$ 17,303,390	\$ 1,121,000	\$	(2,351,100)	\$ 16,073,290	\$ 1,307,706
Business-type Activities:						
Landfill postclosure costs	\$ 374,000	\$ _	\$	(35,120)	\$ 338,880	\$ 21,180
Compensated absences	428	 84		(285)	 227	 227
Business-type activities						
long-term liabilities	\$ 374,428	\$ 84	\$	(35,405)	\$ 339,107	\$ 21,407

For governmental activities, compensated absences and the net pension liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes Payable. In September 1999, Lumpkin County and the City of Dahlonega borrowed \$4,475,000 from the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) to develop a reservoir. During 2001, the City and County entered into an agreement to increase the loan amount to \$14,000,000. During 2006, the reservoir was completed and the loan finalized. The County's share of the obligation as of December 31, 2017, was \$5,997,730 which is 51% of the total debt outstanding. The note carries an interest rate of 3%.

In April 2016, the County entered into a 5-year and 10-year note payable agreement with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) to purchase various equipment and vehicles in the amount of \$606,542 and \$428,563 respectively. Due to the County receiving proceeds subsequent to the agreement, the debt issuance is recorded as two notes payable. The notes carry an interest rate of 1.44% for the 5-year agreement and 1.91% for the 10-year agreement.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

The County's debt service requirements to maturity on the GEFA notes payable and ACCG notes payables are as follows:

Year ending					
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2018	\$ 305,882	\$ 192,405	\$	498,287	
2019	312,818	185,469		498,287	
2020	319,928	178,358		498,286	
2021	327,233	171,054		498,287	
2022	208,100	163,594		371,694	
2023-2027	1,084,065	726,913		1,810,978	
2028-2032	1,048,734	572,273		1,621,007	
2033-2037	1,218,228	402,780		1,621,008	
2038-2042	1,415,112	205,894		1,621,006	
2043-2046	 635,618	 22,144		657,762	
Total	\$ 6,875,718	\$ 2,820,884	\$	9,696,602	

Revenue Bonds. In May 2013, the County completed its purchase of a judicial facility from the Association County Commissioners of Georgia by issuing the Lumpkin County Public Building Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 which refunded previously outstanding certificates of participation. The proceeds from the bonds, together with certain other moneys, were deposited into an escrow fund which provided sufficient money to pay, when due, the principal and interest on the certificates up to and including November 1, 2014 when the certificates were fully redeemed. The revenue bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.25 – 2.00% and payments are made semiannually on May 1 and November 1 beginning in 2013 and concluding when the bonds are retired on November 1, 2027.

The County's debt service requirements to maturity on its revenue bonds are as follows:

Year ending			
December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2018	\$ 645,000	\$ 138,578	\$ 783,578
2019	660,000	125,676	785,676
2020	670,000	117,428	787,428
2021	680,000	107,378	787,378
2022	690,000	96,158	786,158
2023-2027	 3,665,000	 262,697	 3,927,697
Total	\$ 7,010,000	\$ 847,915	\$ 7,857,915

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Landfill post-closure costs. Effective June 17, 2003, the Lumpkin County Landfill was closed and no additional waste has been accepted. According to state and federal laws and regulations, the County must perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of 30 years. As of December 31, 2017, the County has 16 years of monitoring remaining. Engineering studies estimate post-closure costs of approximately \$338,880 over the 16 year period. These costs are based on what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in 2017, adjusted annually for inflation. Actual costs may be higher due to changes in inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. Should any problems occur during this post-closure period, the costs and time period required for the maintenance and monitoring functions may substantially increase.

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Development Authority

Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	•		Additions Reductions		 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable	\$ 1,461,782	\$	-	\$	(58,521)	\$ 1,403,261	\$ 60,107	
	\$ 1,461,782	\$	-	\$	(58,521)	\$ 1,403,261	\$ 60,107	

Bonds Payable. On March 30, 2015, the Development Authority issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The total maximum amount to be issued is \$1,500,000 with a 10 year maturity date of March 1, 2026. The repayment is interest only through March 1, 2016 with an interest rate of Libor plus 2.1%. After March 1, 2016, principal and interest will be paid monthly through maturity with a fixed interest rate of 2.64% with a balloon payment of the remaining balance March 1, 2026. As of December 31, 2017 the outstanding balance is \$1,403,261. In the event that the Development Authority is unable to meet payment obligations, the full faith, credit and taxing power of Lumpkin County is ultimately responsible.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Development Authority (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Development Authority's note payable are as follows:

Year ending				
December 31,	P	rincipal	 nterest	 Total
2018	\$	60,107	\$ 36,848	\$ 96,955
2019		61,738	35,217	96,955
2020		63,317	33,638	96,955
2021		65,130	31,825	96,955
2022		66,899	30,058	96,957
2023-2026		1,086,070	 206,662	 1,292,732
Total	\$	1,403,261	\$ 374,248	\$ 1,777,509

Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2017 is \$38,307.

C. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Water Authority

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 for the Water Authority is as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance		Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance	oue Within One Year
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$	1,174,039 450,705	\$	- 942,996	\$	(273,427) (14,659)	\$	900,612 1,379,042	\$ 278,696 77,213
Compensated absences		8,475	_	13,564		(12,095)	_	9,944	 9,944
Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,633,219	\$	956,560	\$	(300,181)	\$	2,289,598	\$ 365,853

Bonds Payable. On May 1, 2013, the Water Authority issued the Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2013. The bond was issued for the purpose of refunding and paying off the outstanding principal amount, premium and accrued interest on the Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority Water Revenue Bond, Series 2010. The Series 2013 bonds bear interest at 1.910% and is payable in monthly installments of \$24,456 which includes principal and interest. As a result of this transaction, the Water Authority reports a deferred charge on refunding which is reported as a deferred outflow of resources. This item is being recognized as an expense (amortized) over the life of the bonds and has a balance of \$40,280 as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Water Authority (Continued)

The debt service requirements to maturity on the Series 2013 bonds are as follows:

Year ending	 Principal	Interest		Total		
December 31,						
2018	\$ 278,696	\$	14,779	\$	293,475	
2019	284,065		9,410		293,475	
2020	289,539		3,936		293,475	
2021	 48,312		117		48,429	
Total	\$ 900,612	\$	28,242	\$	928,854	

Notes Payable. On March 23, 2011, the Water Authority issued a note payable to borrow a total of \$408,000 from the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority for the purpose of funding the Copper Ridge well improvement project. Additionally, the agreement with GEFA included a principal forgiveness component equal to 30% of the face value of the note or \$122,400. Monthly principal and interest payments are paid each month beginning June 1, 2012 through June 1, 2032 at an interest rate of 3.0%.

On February 24, 2015, the Authority executed a promissory note to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) to borrow up to \$1 million from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund for the construction of a 500,000 gallon elevated water storage tank. Additionally, the agreement with GEFA included a principal forgiveness component equal to 25% of the face value of the note, or \$250,000. Monthly principal and interest payments are paid each month beginning through April 1, 2018 through March 1, 2038 at an interest rate of 2.03%

On March 15, 2016, the Authority executed a promissory note to the GEFA to borrow up to \$750,000 from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing water mains and appurtenances. Additionally, the agreement with GEFA included a principal forgiveness component equal to 40% of the face value of the note, or \$300,000. Monthly principal and interest payments are paid each month beginning through January 1, 2018 through December 1, 2027 at an interest rate of .52%.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Water Authority (Continued)

The Authority's debt service requirements to maturity on its notes payable are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2018	\$ 77,213	\$ 22,838	\$ 100,051
2019	85,679	21,957	107,636
2020	86,905	20,731	107,636
2021	88,158	19,478	107,636
2022	89,437	18,199	107,636
2023-2027	467,329	70,851	538,180
2028-2032	266,703	37,504	304,207
2023-2037	206,724	11,951	218,675
2038	 10,894	40	 10,934
Total	\$ 1,379,042	\$ 223,549	\$ 1,602,591

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NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The County, as authorized by the County Commission, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan, The Lumpkin County Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan"), covering substantially all of the County's employees. The County's pension plan is administered through the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (the "ACCG Plan"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by GEBCorp and affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan benefits are provided for Plan participants who were participants in the Plan before January 1, 2004 whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. Plan benefits are provided for Plan participants who were participants in the Plan on or after January 1, 2004 whereby retirees receive 1% multiplied by the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the sole authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions and the contribution rates of the County related to the Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The County Commission retains this authority. The ACCG Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension trust. That report may be obtained at www.gebcorp.com or by writing to the Association County Commissioners of Georgia, Retirement Services, 191 Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (800) 736-7166.

Plan membership. As of January 1, 2017, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retireees, Beneficiaries and Disables receiving benefits	42
Terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	131
Active employees participating in the Plan	136
Total number of Plan participants	309

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of the ACCG Plan has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the County Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. No contributions are made by plan participants. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County's contribution rate was 5.7% of annual payroll. County contributions to the Plan were \$317,767 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Net Pension Liability of the County

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of December 31, 2016.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.5% - 5.5%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study through December 31, 2015.

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability of the County (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined through a blend of using a building-block method based on 20-year benchmarks (33.33%) and 30-year benchmarks (33.33%), as well as forward-looking capital market assumptions for a moderate asset allocation (33.34%), as determined by UBS. Expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30%	6.78%
Large Cap equity	30%	9.77
International equity	15%	7.47
Other equity	20%	9.23
Real estate	5%_	10.63
Total	100%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 3.00% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made based on the average County contribution made to the Plan over the prior five years. Based on this assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. As of December 31, 2016 the expected long-term rate of return was revised to 7.25%.

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the County. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	tal Pension Liability (a)	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 12/31/16	\$ 4,204,986	\$ 2,694,401	\$ 1,510,585
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest	178,104 328,874		178,104 328,874
Differences between expected and actual experience	42,009		42,009
Assumption changes Contributions—employer Net investment income	175,216 - -	277,885 180,124	175,216 (277,885) (180,124)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	(146,542)	(146,542) (31,535)	- 31,535_
Net changes	577,661	279,932	297,729
Balances at 12/31/17	\$ 4,782,647	\$ 2,974,333	\$ 1,808,314

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
		(6.25%)	_	Discount Rate (7.25%)	_	1% Increase (8.25%)		
County's net pension liability	\$	2,607,974	\$	1,808,314	\$	1,158,106		

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2016 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$471,014. At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Plan contributions made subsequent to the measurement period Assumption changes Experience differences Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	317,767 244,596 90,685		
investments		149,932		
Total	\$	802,980		

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$317,767 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	
2018	\$ 135,456
2019	135,456
2020	129,992
2021	72,014
2022	 12,295
Total	\$ 485,213

NOTE 10. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The County, by resolution, adopted the ACCG 401(a), a defined contribution retirement plan, administered by GEBCorp. The plan provisions and contribution rates may also be amended by resolution. Current full-time employees are eligible to participate, beginning on their date of hire. The County shall make a matching contribution on behalf of each participant to the plan equal to 4% of the participant's compensation for each participant who contributes 2% of their compensation.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County's covered payroll for employees participating in this plan was \$6,157,745 and total payroll was \$9,946,530. The County's contribution was \$247,029 and employee contributions were \$179,402.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; injuries to employees; and losses resulting from providing accident and health benefits to employees and their dependents.

The County participates in the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of the risk pool, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The County also carries insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and errors and omission coverage through a private insurance company. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The County is involved in several pending lawsuits. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

Grant Contingencies

The County has received Federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, County management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Financial Guarantees

In March 2015, the Development Authority of Lumpkin County obtained financing from a financial institution in the form of Taxable Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 in the maximum principal amount of \$1,500,000. Subsequently, the County guaranteed these bonds in accordance with an intergovernmental contract signed between the Development Authority and the County dated March 30, 2015. Payments on the loan are due in monthly installments of principal and interest for a term of 120 monthly payments. As of December 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$1,403,261. In the event that the Development Authority has insufficient funds on deposit to enable the Development Authority to pay the principal and interest on the loan, the County will be required to transfer funds to the Development Authority such that payments from the County, when added to amounts available in the Development Authority's accounts, will be sufficient to pay principal and interest currently due.

In March 2016, the Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority entered into an intergovernmental contract relating to \$750,000 the Authority borrowed from the Drinking Water State Revolving fund administered by Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA). Subsequently, the County guaranteed these notes in accordance with an intergovernmental contract signed between the Water and Sewerage Authority and the County dated March 15, 2016. Payments on the loan are due in monthly installments of principal and interest for a term of 119 monthly payments. As of December 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of this note is \$437,370. In the event that the Water and Sewerage Authority has insufficient funds on deposit to enable the Water and Sewerage Authority to pay the principal and interest on the loan, the County will be required to transfer funds to the Water and Sewerage Authority such that payments from the County, when added to amounts available in the Water and Sewerage Authority's accounts, will be sufficient to pay principal and interest currently due.

NOTE 13. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the County paid \$27,419 in such dues. Membership in the RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of regional development commissions in Georgia.

The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a regional development commission. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Georgia Mountains Regional Commission P.O. Box 1720 Gainesville, GA 30501

The County participates with Union, Banks and Towns Counties in the North Georgia Resource Management Authority. The Authority studied solid waste disposal issues, developed a plan to recycle waste paper and has leased those facilities to private entities. Lumpkin County has an ongoing financial interest and obligation for funding debt service requirements. The participating counties are annually assessed varying amounts to cover the Authority's inability to service its debt. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the County made no payments to the Authority. As of December 31, 2017, the Authority does not have any debt outstanding. Separate financial statements can be obtained from their office at:

North Georgia Resource Management Authority 150 Hudson Ridge, Suite 1 Homer, GA 30547

NOTE 14. HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

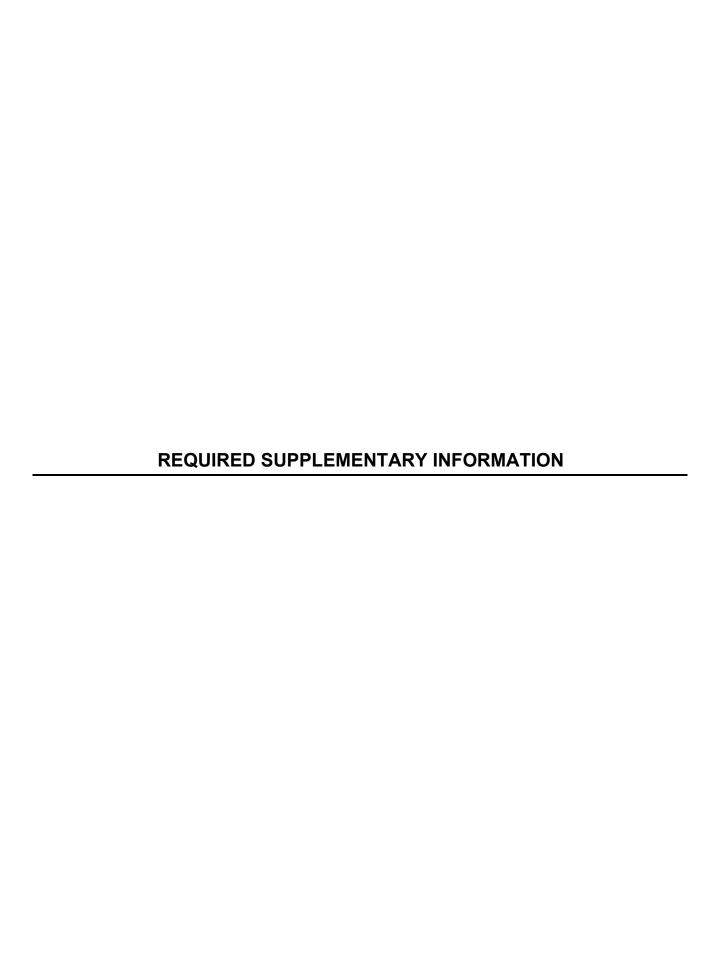
The County has levied a 5% lodging tax. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the County collected \$220,515 in hotel/motel taxes. For the same year then ended, the hotel/motel tax fund reported expenditures of \$210,419 for the promotion of tourism in accordance with the provisions of O.C.G.A. 48-13-51.

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with the Development Authority of Lumpkin County and local businesses under the state law O.C.G.A Section 36-62-1. Under the Act, and in accordance with Lumpkin County Resolution 2006-18, localities may grant property tax abatements of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill in year one, through a property tax credit, with the amount reducing 10% each subsequent year, for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the County and meeting certain investment targets.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the County abated property taxes totaling \$195,173 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements:

- A 90 percent property tax abatement to a company for relocating its operations in the County, producing jobs, and investing in the community. The company is in year 2 of tax abatement. The abatement amounted to \$8,040. If the company does not meet the community jobs goals and the community investment goals, 100% of the ad valorem property taxes saved for that year will be recaptured by the Development Authority.
- A 50 percent property tax reduction for a local business expanding its existing
 manufacturing capabilities and increasing employment. The local business is in year 6 of
 tax abatement. The abatement amounted to \$187,133. If the local business does not meet
 the community jobs goals and community investment goals, 100% of the ad valorem
 property taxes saved for that year will be recaptured pro rata by each taxing authority.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GAAP BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budg	eted Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 16,206,4°	18 \$ 16,206,418	\$ 15,782,105	\$ (424,313)
Licenses and permits	45,00	00 45,000	48,663	3,663
Fines and forfeitures	561,80	00 561,800	610,073	48,273
Charges for services	2,492,49	98 2,492,498	2,466,876	(25,622)
Interest income	16,0°	15 16,015	61,658	45,643
Intergovernmental	446,62	28 446,628	515,570	68,942
Contributions and donations	33,40	00 33,400	43,949	10,549
Other	305,54	41 305,541	297,501	(8,040)
Total revenues	20,107,30	20,107,300	19,826,395	(280,905)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	115,84	45 118,322	121,912	(3,590)
Executive	258,02		256,998	5,280
Board of elections	169,38		145,447	26,124
Human resources	228,0		222,002	8,278
Financial administration	524,36		482,274	42,088
Data processing	211,9	•	155,794	56,671
Tax commissioner	407,4		404,725	6,199
Public/General buildings	818,9		809,743	24,363
Customer service	979,62		245,126	634,933
Tax assessor	643,50		430,635	217,347
Risk management	20,00		321,619	(301,619)
Total general government	4,377,14		3,596,275	716,074
Judicial:				
Judicial administration	214,56	63 214,563	220,576	(6,013)
Superior court	210,84		306,920	(96,071)
Clerk superior court	584,70		593,479	(1,113)
District attorney	29,00		31,541	(2,541)
Magistrate court	231,50		236,009	2,774
Probate court	264,00		252,680	13,380
Total judicial	1,534,69	92 1,551,621	1,641,205	(89,584)
Public safety:				
Police	88,78	88 64,152	75,284	(11,132)
Fire	3,786,50		3,237,578	536,603
Sheriff	5,483,54		5,375,661	122,176
Emergency medical services	107,12		105,434	1,688
Coroner	56,82		48,611	8,212
Other protection	320,64		297,965	22,675
Total public safety	9,843,42		9,140,533	680,222
Public works:				
Public works administration	48,6	76 54,161	54,420	(259)
Highways and streets	1,191,59	•	1,113,079	78,518
Sanitation and wastewater	235,68	· ·	257,770	(814)
Total public works	1,475,9		1,425,269	77,445

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GAAP BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts				Variance with Final
		Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Expenditures: (Continued)								
Health and welfare:	_				_		_	
Health	\$	209,199	\$	209,199	\$	209,299	\$	(100)
Welfare		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Community services		489,071		506,858		462,021		44,837
Total health and welfare		713,270		731,057		686,320		44,737
Culture and recreation:								
Participant recreation		1,012,129		1,012,129		866,397		145,732
Library		400,000		400,000		400,000		-
Total culture and recreation		1,412,129		1,412,129		1,266,397		145,732
Housing and development:								
Conservation		57,028		57,139		57,946		(807)
Economic development		27,172		27,172		23,565		3,607
Total housing and development		84,200		84,311		81,511		2,800
Debt service:								
Principal		210,422		210,422		53,397		157,025
Interest		121,943		121,943		65,642		56,301
Total debt service		332,365		332,365		119,039		213,326
Total expenditures		19,773,182		19,747,301		17,956,549		1,790,752
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		334,118		359,999		1,869,846		1,509,847
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		30,000		30,000		109,370		79,370
Transfers in		-		-		4,042		4,042
Transfers out		(845,733)		(871,614)		(1,265,252)		(393,638)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(815,733)		(841,614)		(1,151,840)		(310,226)
Net change in fund balances		(481,615)		(481,615)		718,006		1,199,621
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,331,732		6,331,732		6,331,732		<u>-</u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$	5,850,117	\$	5,850,117	\$	7,049,738	\$	1,199,621

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	178,104 328,874 42,009 175,216 (146,542)	\$ 155,942 283,967 88,048 159,350 (114,386)	\$ 148,305 246,481 - - (98,269)
Net change in total pension liability		577,661	572,921	296,517
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,204,986 4,782,647	\$ 3,632,065 4,204,986	\$ 3,335,548 3,632,065
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position		277,885 180,124 (146,542) (31,535)	 289,822 (3,783) (114,386) (28,468) (9,103) 134,082	247,977 149,298 (98,269) (26,949) 2 272,059
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,694,401	 2,560,319	 2,288,260
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,974,333	\$ 2,694,401	\$ 2,560,319
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	1,808,314	\$ 1,510,585	\$ 1,071,746
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.2%	64.1%	70.5%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,493,661	\$ 5,319,203	\$ 5,086,023
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		32.9%	28.4%	21.1%

Notes to the Schedule

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	 2017	 2016	2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 317,767	\$ 277,885	\$	249,652	\$	247,977
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	317,767_	277,885		289,822		247,977
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	(40,170)	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	5,526,657	5,493,661		5,319,203		5,086,023
Contributions as a percentage of Covered-employee payroll	5.7%	5.1%		4.7%		4.9%

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation Date January 1, 2016
Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Smoothed market value with a 5-year

smoothing period.

Assumed Rate of Return

On Investments 7.50%

Projected Salary Increases 3.5% - 5.5% (including 2.5% for inflation)

Cost-of-living Adjustment 2.5%

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period None remaining

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes, as described below.

Drug Rehabilitation Fund - to account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be used to create and maintain a Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund; these funds are restricted by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) 15-21-100.

Law Library Fund - to account for the revenues and related expenditures of operating the County's Law Library; these funds are restricted by OCGA 36-15.

Emergency Telephone System Fund - to account for the monthly 911 charge to help fund the cost of providing emergency 911 services; these funds are restricted by OCGA 46-5-134.

Juvenile Services Fund - to account for funds collected to be used for law enforcement activities; these funds are restricted by OCGA 15-11-71.

Confiscated Assets Fund - to account for the use of confiscated assets by the Sheriff's Department; these funds are restricted by the applicable State of Georgia confiscation and seizure laws.

Special Programs Fund - to account for fines, confiscated monies, and donations received that are to be expended within the guidelines of each program as established by the external resource providers.

Public Defender Fund - to account for funds from contributing counties to be used to maintain a circuit public defender's office as established by the external resource providers.

Technology Fee Fund - to account for funds collected from fines to be used by Magistrate and Probate courts for technology related expenditures in accordance with State of Georgia laws.

Multiple Grant Fund - to account for governmental grants received and the related expenditures.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - to account for the collection of hotel/motel taxes within the County and for the expenditures made distributing the collections to the appropriate entities as required by OCGA 48-13-51.

Planning Fund - to account for the revenues from the designated property tax levy and related expenditures for the operations of the County's Planning Department.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund - to account for the resources accumulated and used for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects.

Local Roads Fund - to account for Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant (LMIG) funds received from the Georgia Department of Transportation to fund maintenance of and improvements to the County's roads.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - to account for CDBG grant funds received and the related expenditures for the Lumpkin County Water & Sewer Authority expansion project.

Debt service Fund

Debt Service Fund – to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the County's long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

					_									
ASSETS	Reha	Drug abilitation Fund		Law Library Fund	T	mergency elephone System Fund		uvenile Services Fund		nfiscated Assets Fund	Special Programs Fund			Public efender Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,601	\$	65,034	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,265	\$	71,451	\$	26,995
Receivables (net of allowance for														
uncollectibles)		58		-		95,292		-		-		-		5,500
Due from other funds		49,563		-		-		10,665		-		-		
Prepaid items			_		_	7,602				-	_			29,015
Total assets	\$	53,222	\$	65,034	\$	102,894	\$	10,665	\$	1,265	\$	71,451	\$	61,510
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	129	\$	50,072	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,035	\$	1,432
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		15,861		3
Total liabilities			_	129	_	50,072	_	-				16,896		1,435
DEFERRED														
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	I	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue - intergovernmental		_		-						-		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources			_	-	_		_	-		-				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)														
Nonspendable:														
Prepaid items		-		-		7,602		-		-		-		29,015
Restricted for:														
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Public safety activities		53,222		-		45,220		-		1,265		54,555		
Planning department operations		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Law library operations		-		64,905		-		-		-		-		
Judicial activities		-		-		-		10,665		-		-		31,060
Tourism		-		-						-				
Total fund balances (deficits)		53,222	_	64,905	_	52,822		10,665		1,265		54,555	_	60,07
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							_	40.005	_		_			
of resources, and fund balances	\$	53,222	\$	65,034	\$	102,894	\$	10,665	\$	1,265	\$	71,451	\$	61,51

								Ca	pital	Projects F	ınds					
hnology Fee Fund	N	/lultiple Grant Fund	Н	otel/Motel Tax Fund		Planning Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Local Roads Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajo Governmer Funds	
\$ 13,431	\$	-	\$	126,669	\$	554,774	\$	462,941	\$	550,042	\$	1,000	\$	2,179,208	\$	4,056,411
- 11,088		72,743		16,930		31,083		-		-		-		30,646		252,252 71,316
-						7,781						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		44,398
\$ 24,519	\$	72,743	\$	143,599	\$	593,638	\$	462,941	\$	550,042	\$	1,000	\$	2,209,854	\$	4,424,377
\$ 2,006	\$	6,441	\$	39,187 86,440	\$	20,108 85,192	\$	110,055	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	- 14,147	\$	230,465 203,643
2,006		6,441		125,627	_	105,300		110,055	_	1,000		1,000	_	14,147		434,108
- - - - -	_	735 735		- - - - -		12,214 183,819 - - 196,033		- - - - -		- - 549,042 549,042		- - - - -	_	12,732 187,483 - - 200,215		24,946 371,302 735 549,042 946,025
-		-		-		7,781		-		-		-		-		44,398
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,995,492		1,995,492
-		-		-		- 284,524		-		-		-		-		154,262 284,524
-		-		-		-		352,886		-		-		-		352,886
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		64,905
22,513		65,567		- 17,972		-		-		-		-		-		129,805 17,972
22,513	_	65,567	_	17,972	_	292,305	_	352,886	_		_		_	1,995,492	_	3,044,244
\$ 24,519	\$	72,743	\$	143,599	\$	593,638	\$	462,941	\$	550,042	\$	1,000	\$	2,209,854	\$	4,424,377

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

				Spec	ial I	Revenue	Funds				
Revenues:	Drug Rehabilitation Fund	1	Law Library Fund	Emergency Telephone System Fund	J	Juvenile Services Fund	Confiscated Assets Fund	Special Programs Fund			Public Defender Fund
Taxes	\$. \$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	. Ψ	_	Ψ -	Ψ	_	Ψ - -	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Fines and forfeitures	59,653		20,517	_		_	_		_		_
Charges for services	00,000		20,517	518,375		50	_		24,625		_
Interest income			_	010,070		-	12		122		302
Intergovernmental			_			_	12		122		269,493
Contributions and donations			_			_			37,835		203,433
Other revenues			_			_	_		-		_
Total revenues	59,653		20,517	518,375		50	12	_	62,582		269,795
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government			-	-		-	-		-		-
Judicial	50,000)	17,676	-		-	-		-		397,080
Public safety	15,000)	-	693,233		-	3,280		64,408		-
Public works			-	-		-	-		-		-
Health and welfare			-	-		-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation			-	-		-	-		-		-
Housing and development			-	-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay			-	-		-	-		-		-
Debt service											
Principal			-	-		-	-		-		-
Interest			-	-		-	-		-		-
Total expenditures	65,000		17,676	693,233	_	-	3,280	_	64,408		397,080
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,347	')	2,841	(174,858)		50	(3,268)		(1,826)		(127,285)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in			-	144,681		-	-		3,000		124,684
Transfers out			-								-
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	144,681	_				3,000		124,684
Net change in fund balances	(5,347	")	2,841	(30,177)		50	(3,268)		1,174		(2,601)
Fund balances,											
beginning of year	58,569		62,064	82,999	_	10,615	4,533		53,381	_	62,676
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 53,222	<u>\$</u>	64,905	\$ 52,822	\$	10,665	\$ 1,265	\$	54,555	\$	60,075

						Са	pita	ıl Projects Fı	ınds					
hnology Fee Fund	Multiple Grant Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		Planning Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund	_	Local Roads Fund	Dev	mmunity relopment ock Grant Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,515	\$	371,736	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	196,785	\$	789,036
-	-	-		224,039		-		-		-		-		224,039
-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		80,170
20,562	-	-		13,060		-		-		-		-		576,672
-	- 077.055	938		2,044		89		-		40.047		10,507		14,014
-	277,855	-		-		53,331		510,614		12,947		-		1,124,240
-	- 24 422	-		-		38,000		-		-		-		75,835
20,562	31,133	221,453		610,879	_	91,420	_	510,614		12,947	-	207,292		31,133 2,915,139
			· · ·											
-	11,004	-		-		64,059		-		-		-		75,063
27,584	159,831	-		-		15,486		-		-		-		667,657
-	157,856	-		-		-		-		-		-		933,777
-	4,343	-		-		5,000		-		10,458		-		19,801
-	6,177	-		-		-		-		-		-		6,177
-	-	210,419		- 371,987		-		-		-		14,148		14,148 582,406
-	-	210,419		37 1,907		1,401,853		-		3,094		-		1,404,947
_	_	_		_		1,401,000		_		3,034		_		1,404,347
_	_	_		_		157,026		_		_		698,556		855,582
_	-	-		_		17,059		-		_		131,917		148,976
27,584	339,211	210,419	_	371,987		1,660,483	_	-		13,552		844,621		4,708,534
(7,022)	(30,223)	11,034		238,892		(1,569,063)		510,614		(605)		(637,329)		(1,793,395)
_	58,502	_		_		962,159		-		_				1,293,026
-	-	-		-		-		(510,614)		-		(58,725)		(569,339)
-	58,502	-	_	-		962,159	_	(510,614)		-	_	(58,725)		723,687
(7,022)	28,279	11,034		238,892		(606,904)		-		(605)		(696,054)		(1,069,708)
29,535	37,288	6,938		53,413		959,790				605		2,691,546		4,113,952
\$ 22,513	\$ 65,567	\$ 17,972	\$	292,305	\$	352,886	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,995,492	\$	3,044,244

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG REHABILITATION FUND

	 Bud	dget			Vari	ance With
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 37,500	\$	37,500	\$ 59,653	\$	22,153
Total revenues	 37,500		37,500	 59,653		22,153
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Judicial	25,000		50,000	50,000		-
Public safety	 15,000		15,000	 15,000		-
Total expenditures	40,000		65,000	65,000		-
Net changes in fund balances	(2,500)		(27,500)	(5,347)		22,153
Fund balances, beginning of year	 58,569		58,569	 58,569		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 56,069	\$	31,069	\$ 53,222	\$	22,153

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY FUND

		Bud	dget			Varia	ance With
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:			'		 		
Fines and forfeitures	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$ 20,517	\$	(4,483)
Total revenues		25,000		25,000	 20,517		(4,483)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Judicial		25,000		25,000	 17,676		7,324
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000	17,676		7,324
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	2,841		2,841
Fund balances, beginning of year		62,064		62,064	 62,064		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	62,064	\$	62,064	\$ 64,905	\$	2,841

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND

		Bud	dget			Var	iance With
		Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:	<u> </u>						
Charges for services	\$	532,200	\$	532,200	\$ 518,375	\$	(13,825)
Total revenues		532,200		532,200	 518,375		(13,825)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		820,376		820,376	693,233		127,143
Total expenditures		820,376		820,376	 693,233		127,143
Deficiency of revenues							
over expenditures		(288,176)		(288,176)	 (174,858)		113,318
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		288,176		288,176	 144,681		(143,495)
Total other financing sources		288,176		288,176	144,681		(143,495)
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	(30,177)		(30,177)
Fund balances, beginning of year		82,999		82,999	 82,999		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	82,999	\$	82,999	\$ 52,822	\$	(30,177)

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SERVICES FUND

	 Bud	dget				Vari	ance With
	Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:	_	_		·			
Charges for services	\$ 1,300	\$	1,300	\$	50	\$	(1,250)
Total revenues	1,300		1,300		50		(1,250)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Judicial	1,300		1,300				1,300
Total expenditures	1,300		1,300				1,300
Net changes in fund balances	-		-		50		50
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,615		10,615		10,615		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,615	\$	10,615	\$	10,665	\$	50

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND

		Bud	dget			Varia	ance With	
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:		_	_		_			
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ -	\$	(5,000)	
Interest income					12		12	
Total revenues		5,000		5,000	 12		(4,988)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		5,000		5,000	3,280		1,720	
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000	 3,280		1,720	
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	(3,268)		(3,268)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,533		4,533	4,533			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,533	\$	4,533	\$ 1,265	\$	(3,268)	

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA SPECIAL PROGRAMS FUND

		Bud	dget			Vari	ance With
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	24,338	\$	24,338	\$ 24,625	\$	287
Interest income		-		-	122		122
Contributions and donations		30,000		50,000	 37,835		(12,165)
Total revenues		54,338		74,338	62,582		(11,756)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		54,338		78,338	64,408		13,930
Total expenditures		54,338		78,338	64,408		13,930
Deficiency of revenues							
over expenditures				(4,000)	 (1,826)		2,174
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		-		4,000	3,000		(1,000)
Total other financing sources		-		4,000	3,000		(1,000)
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	1,174		1,174
Fund balances, beginning of year		53,381		53,381	 53,381		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	53,381	\$	53,381	\$ 54,555	\$	1,174

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA PUBLIC DEFENDER FUND

	Bud	lget			Varia	ance With
	 Original		Final	Actual	Fina	l Budget
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 269,492	\$	269,492	\$ 269,493	\$	1
Interest income	 			 302		302
Total revenues	 269,492		269,492	 269,795		303
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Judicial	 398,070		398,070	 397,080		990
Total expenditures	 398,070		398,070	 397,080		990
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures	 (128,578)		(128,578)	(127,285)		1,293
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	124,685		124,685	124,684		(1)
Total other financing sources	124,685		124,685	124,684		(1)
Net changes in fund balances	(3,893)		(3,893)	(2,601)		1,292
Fund balances, beginning of year	62,676		62,676	62,676		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 58,783	\$	58,783	\$ 60,075	\$	1,292

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND

	 Bud	lget			Vari	ance With	
	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:	_			_			
Charges for services	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 20,562	\$	10,562	
Total revenues	10,000		10,000	 20,562		10,562	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Judicial	 10,000		10,000	 27,584		(17,584)	
Total expenditures	10,000		10,000	27,584		(17,584)	
Net changes in fund balances				 (7,022)		(7,022)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	29,535		29,535	29,535			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 29,535	\$	29,535	\$ 22,513	\$	(7,022)	

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANT FUND

	_					
		lget				iance With
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 135,032	\$	137,237	\$ 277,855	\$	140,618
Other revenues	 26,759		32,541	 31,133		(1,408)
Total revenues	 161,791		169,778	 308,988		139,210
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	53,500		48,535	11,004		37,531
Health and welfare	-		6,200	6,177		23
Judicial	153,047		153,047	159,831		(6,784)
Public safety	18,502		36,377	157,856		(121,479)
Public works	-		4,400	4,343		57
Total expenditures	225,049		248,559	339,211		(90,652)
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures	 (63,258)		(78,781)	 (30,223)		48,558
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	63,258		78,781	58,502		(20,279)
Total other financing sources	63,258		78,781	58,502		(20,279)
Net changes in fund balances	-		-	28,279		28,279
Fund balances, beginning of year	 37,288		37,288	 37,288		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 37,288	\$	37,288	\$ 65,567	\$	28,279

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Bud	lget				Vari	iance With
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:	 				_		
Hotel/Motel taxes	\$ 148,150	\$	148,150	\$	220,515	\$	72,365
Interest	 45		45		938		893
Total revenues	 148,195		148,195	-	221,453		73,258
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Housing and development	147,190		147,190		210,419		(63,229)
Total expenditures	147,190		147,190		210,419		(63,229)
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	1,005		1,005		11,034		10,029
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out	(1,005)		(1,005)		-		1,005
Total other financing uses	(1,005)		(1,005)		-		1,005
Net changes in fund balances	-		-		11,034		11,034
Fund balances, beginning of year	6,938		6,938		6,938		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 6,938	\$	6,938	\$	17,972	\$	11,034

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA PLANNING FUND

	Bud	dget			Var	iance With	
	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:	 						
Taxes	\$ 231,087	\$	231,087	\$ 371,736	\$	140,649	
Licenses and permits	138,350		138,350	224,039		85,689	
Charges for services	5,800		5,800	13,060		7,260	
Interest income	200		200	2,044		1,844	
Total revenues	 375,437		375,437	 610,879		235,442	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Housing and development	375,437		375,437	 371,987		3,450	
Total expenditures	375,437		375,437	371,987		3,450	
Net changes in fund balances	-		-	238,892		238,892	
Fund balances, beginning of year	 53,413		53,413	 53,413			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 53,413	\$	53,413	\$ 292,305	\$	238,892	

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Bud	not			Var	iance With
	 Original	gei	Final	Actual		al Budget
Revenues:	<u> </u>					
Taxes	\$ 195,500	\$	195,500	\$ 196,785	\$	1,285
Interest income	20,200		20,200	10,507		(9,693)
Total revenues	 215,700		215,700	207,292		(8,408)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation	-		-	14,148		(14,148)
Debt service:						
Principal	698,557		698,557	698,556		1
Interest	 131,917		131,917	 131,917		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	830,474		830,474	844,621		(14,147)
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures	 (614,774)		(614,774)	(637,329)		(22,555)
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	-		-	(58,725)		(58,725)
Total other financing uses			_	(58,725)		(58,725)
Net change in fund balances	(614,774)		(614,774)	(696,054)		(81,280)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,691,546		2,691,546	2,691,546		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,076,772	\$	2,076,772	\$ 1,995,492	\$	(81,280)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Estima	ted C	ost	Expenditures					
<u>Project</u>		Original		Current	F	Prior Years	Cı	ırrent Year		Total
2003 SPLOST										
Debt service - Public Building Authority	\$	15,750,000	\$	20,202,939	\$	19,577,628	\$	625,311	\$	20,202,93
2008 SPLOST										
Judicial Facilities	\$	14,000,000	\$	6,859,839	\$	6,859,839	\$	-	\$	6,859,83
Water & Sewer Infrastructure Expansion		4,000,000		358,103		350,880		7,223		358,10
Library Facilities		4,000,000		322,784		322,784		-		322,78
Roads & Bridges		3,000,000		2,978,493		2,978,493		-		2,978,49
Administrative Facilities		1,000,000		2,281,440		2,281,440		-		2,281,44
Public Safety Vehicles		1,376,000		1,433,437		1,433,437		-		1,433,43
Park & Recreation Facilities		1,000,000		1,115,265		1,115,265		-		1,115,26
ndustrial Development Property		1,000,000		110,769		110,769		_		110,76
Fire Protection Facilities		600,000		123,474		123,474		-		123,47
Public Warning System		250,000		139,728		139,728		-		139,72
Public Works Equipment		250,000		188,172		188,172		_		188,17
E911 Equipment		240,000		213,754		213,754		_		213,75
City of Dahlonega Water Treatment		ŕ		ŕ		•				,
Facilities		4,284,000		3,107,228	_	3,107,228				3,107,22
otal 2008 SPLOST	\$	35,000,000	\$	19,232,486	\$	19,225,263	\$	7,223	\$	19,232,48
2014 SPLOST										
Lease Payments	\$	5,100,000	\$	5,100,000	\$	2,363,928	\$	786,923	\$	3,150,85
Administration Facility Improvements		1,200,000		1,200,000		93,004		345,105		438,10
Public Facility Renovations/Vehicles		300,000		300,000		93,420		25,561		118,98
Animal Shelter Equipment/Facilities, and Vehicles		75,000		79,187		56,166		23,021		79,18
Clerk of Court Archives Upgrade		20,000		20,000		20,000		-		20,00
Economic Development		500,000		500,000		500,000		-		500,00
Board of Elections Upgrades		40,000		40,000		-		-		
Emergency Services Equipment/Vehicles,										
Facility Renovations/Additions		1,485,000		1,485,000		443,244		419,801		863,04
Roads and Bridges Equipment, Vehicles,										
Resurfacing, Improvements		4,270,000		4,270,000		1,110,788		1,472,662		2,583,45
umpkin Co. Library		1,000,000		1,000,000		-		-		
Recreation Equipment/Vehicles/Facilities		1,000,000		1,000,000		501,598		26,099		527,69
Senior Center Facilities		50,000		50,000		-		-		
Sheriff's Department Equipment and Vehicles		360,000		361,667		168,705		192,962		361,66
Nater Authority System Improvements		500,000		500,000		-		102,094		102,09
City of Dahlonega	_	3,000,000	_	3,000,000		1,383,515		535,943		1,919,45
Total 2014 SPLOST	\$	18,900,000	\$	18,905,854	\$	6,734,368	\$	3,930,171	\$	10,664,53
000	2 C C	LOST Expendi	turoo	diahuraad fram	Dah	t Convice Fund	¢	625,311		

^{*}Lumpkin County uses Intergovernmental Revenues as well as contributions from other parties to expand our SPLOST projects. Contributions to the SPLOST Projects are as follows:

Transfers in from other funds to offset project costs
Intergovernmental revenues

Total non-SPLOST expenditures

Total SPLOST Fund Expenditures

4,691,186

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Tax Commissioner - to account for the collection of all property taxes which are disbursed to other taxing units.

Sheriff - to account for collection of cash bonds, fines, forfeitures and other fees which are disbursed to other parties.

The following agency funds are used to account for fines, fees and other moneys collected by the courts and remitted to other parties in accordance with court orders and state law:

Clerk of Courts
Probate Court
Magistrate Court

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

<u>ASSETS</u>	Co	Tax mmissioner	:	Sheriff	Clerk of Courts	 Probate Court	·	istrate ourt	 Total
Cash	\$	1,284,193	\$	25,269	\$ 208,794	\$ 37,615	\$	26	\$ 1,555,897
Taxes receivable		2,006,332		-	-	-		-	2,006,332
Accounts receivable				18,858		 -			18,858
Total assets	\$	3,290,525	\$	44,127	\$ 208,794	\$ 37,615	\$	26	\$ 3,581,087
LIABILITIES									
Due to others	\$	1,284,193	\$	44,127	\$ 208,794	\$ 37,615	\$	26	\$ 1,574,755
Uncollected taxes		2,006,332			 	 			 2,006,332
Total liabilities	\$	3,290,525	\$	44,127	\$ 208,794	\$ 37,615	\$	26	\$ 3,581,087

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Balance anuary 1, 2017		Increases	Decreases		Balance cember 31, 2017
Tax Commissioner						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 701,865	\$	32,219,277	\$ (31,636,949)	\$	1,284,193
Taxes receivable	 2,300,199		14,453,532	 (14,747,399)		2,006,332
Total assets	\$ 3,002,064	\$	46,672,809	\$ (46,384,348)	\$	3,290,525
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$ 701,865	\$	32,219,277	\$ (31,636,949)	\$	1,284,193
Uncollected taxes	 2,300,199	_	14,453,532	 (14,747,399)		2,006,332
Total liabilities	\$ 3,002,064	\$	46,672,809	\$ (46,384,348)	\$	3,290,525
<u>Sheriff</u>						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 25,822	\$	378,426	\$ (378,979)	\$	25,269
Accounts receivable	 21,768		18,858	 (21,768)		18,858
Total assets	\$ 47,590	\$	397,284	\$ (400,747)	\$	44,127
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$ 47,590	\$	397,284	\$ (400,747)	\$	44,127
Total liabilities	\$ 47,590	\$	397,284	\$ (400,747)	\$	44,127
Clerk of Courts						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 139,347	\$	1,482,140	\$ (1,412,693)	\$	208,794
Total assets	\$ 139,347	\$	1,482,140	\$ (1,412,693)	\$	208,794
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$ 139,347	\$	1,482,140	\$ (1,412,693)	\$	208,794
Total liabilities	\$ 139,347	\$	1,482,140	\$ (1,412,693)	\$	208,794
				 		-

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Balance anuary 1, 2017	ncreases	 Decreases		Balance cember 31, 2017
Probate Court						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	24,701	\$ 650,946	\$ (638,032)	\$	37,615
Total assets	\$	24,701	\$ 650,946	\$ (638,032)	\$	37,615
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$	24,701	\$ 650,946	\$ (638,032)	\$	37,615
Total liabilities	\$	24,701	\$ 650,946	\$ (638,032)	\$	37,615
Magistrate Court						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	716	\$ 4,954	\$ (5,644)	\$	26
Total assets	\$	716	\$ 4,954	\$ (5,644)	\$	26
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$	716	\$ 4,954	\$ (5,644)	\$	26
Total liabilities	\$	716	\$ 4,954	\$ (5,644)	\$	26
Total Agency Funds						
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	892,451	\$ 34,735,743	\$ (34,072,297)	\$	1,555,897
Taxes receivable		2,300,199	14,453,532	(14,747,399)		2,006,332
Accounts receivable	-	21,768	 18,858	 (21,768)		18,858
Total assets	\$	3,214,418	\$ 49,208,133	\$ (48,841,464)	\$	3,581,087
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$	914,219	\$ 34,754,601	\$ (34,094,065)	\$	1,574,755
Uncollected taxes		2,300,199	 14,453,532	 (14,747,399)		2,006,332
Total liabilities	\$	3,214,418	\$ 49,208,133	\$ (48,841,464)	\$	3,581,087



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - HOSPITAL AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Hospital Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Payments to suppliers and service providers	\$ (70,426)
Net cash used in operating activities	(70,426)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	47,602
Net cash provided by investing activities	47,602
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(22,824)
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year	241,083
End of year	\$ 218,259
Reconciliation of operating loss to net	
cash used in operating activities: Operating loss	\$ (70,426)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (70,426)
NON CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES Unrealized gain on investments	\$ 45,131

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Lumpkin County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Page</u> Financial Trends89 - 95
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
Revenue Capacity96 - 100
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, property tax.
Debt Capacity101 - 104
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
Demographic and Economic Information105 and 106
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.
Operating Information107 - 109
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	 2009	_	2008
Governmental activities																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 69,680	\$	66,028	\$	64,707	\$	62,155	\$	60,580	\$	59,032	\$	56,295	\$	55,355	\$ 52,684	\$	49,322
Restricted	5,034		6,605		6,103		6,115		6,628		7,765		9,352		9,243	11,484		11,484
Unrestricted	 6,524		5,670		5,824		7,350		7,889		6,853		7,226		6,744	 5,583		5,627
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 81,238	\$	78,303	\$	76,633	\$	75,620	\$	75,097	\$	73,650	\$	72,873	\$	71,342	\$ 69,751	\$	66,433
Business-type activities																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 590	\$	607	\$	625	\$	648	\$	694	\$	694	\$	709	\$	735	\$ 762	\$	798
Unrestricted	 (334)		(366)		(400)		(416)		(457)		(457)		(492)		(506)	 (407)		(419)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 256	\$	241	\$	225	\$	232	\$	237	\$	237	\$	217	\$	229	\$ 355	\$	379
Primary government																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 70,271	\$	66,635	\$	65,332	\$	62,803	\$	61,274	\$	59,726	\$	57,004	\$	56,090	\$ 53,446	\$	50,120
Restricted	5,034		6,605		6,103		6,115		6,628		7,765		9,352		9,243	11,484		11,484
Unrestricted	 6,189	_	5,304		5,424		6,934		7,432	_	6,396		6,734		6,238	 5,176		5,208
Total primary government net position	\$ 81,494	\$	78,544	\$	76,858	\$	75,852	\$	75,334	\$	73,887	\$	73,090	\$	71,571	\$ 70,106	\$	66,812
Restatements	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	(1,039)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-
Total primary government																		
net position, after restatements	\$ 81,494	\$	78,544	\$	76,858	\$	74,813	\$	75,334	\$	73,887	\$	73,090	\$	71,571	\$ 70,106	\$	66,812

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

_	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,614	\$ 4,270	\$ 4,358	\$ 3,900	\$ 3,964	\$ 3,714	\$ 3,144	\$ 3,210	\$ 2,843	\$ 3,437
Judicial system	2,317	2,348	2,262	2,372	2,119	2,375	2,673	2,585	2,403	2,476
Public safety	10,764	9,918	9,474	9,691	9,151	9,235	8,965	9,004	7,958	9,260
Public works	3,055	3,162	2,723	2,960	2,688	2,472	2,614	2,604	2,450	1,182
Health and welfare	734	690	723	666	628	589	595	613	654	1,045
Culture and recreation	1,511	1,405	1,363	1,336	1,235	955	1,014	1,334	1,336	1,450
Housing and development	668	511	962	412	432	426	421	424	458	705
Interest on long-term debt	394	477	470	519	473	863	917	998	750	1,064
Total governmental activities expenses	24,058	22,781	22,336	21,857	20,690	20,629	20,343	20,772	18,852	20,619
Business-type activities:										
Solid Waste	112	110	123	100	109	134	94	225	119	133
Total business-type activities expenses	112	110	123	100	109	134	94	225	119	133
Total primary government expenses	\$ 24,169	\$ 22,891	\$ 22,459	\$ 21,956	\$ 20,799	\$ 20,763	\$ 20,437	\$ 20,997	\$ 18,971	\$ 20,752
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 891	\$ 971	\$ 781	\$ 764	\$ 778	\$ 1,072	\$ 1,018	\$ 1,177	\$ 895	\$ 1,278
Judicial system	1,003	932	1,026	1,000	1,001	619	675	771	682	726
Public safety	1,928	1,776	2,234	2,184	2,013	1,974	2,423	1,921	2,030	1,172
Public works	1	1	2	1	1	30	51	53	49	1
Health and welfare	25	30	23	27	40	58	42	52	2	20
Culture and recreation	250	245	234	232	231	- 400	22	216	262	318
Housing and development	237	203	140	126	122	109	77	96	120	240
Operating grants and contributions	1,175	1,146	1,296	1,147	977	1,287	1,555	1,567	1,276	1,541
Capital grants and contributions	1,409	1,296	1,830	426	748	583	17	54	202	194
Total governmental activities program revenues	6,920	6,600	7,568	5,907	5,911	5,732	5,880	5,907	5,518	5,490
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Solid waste	131	34	35	32	45	115	15	15	20	61
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	131	34	35	32	45	128	15	15	20	61
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 7,051	\$ 6,634	\$ 7,603	\$ 5,939	\$ 5,956	\$ 5,860	\$ 5,895	\$ 5,922	\$ 5,538	\$ 5,551
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (17,138)	\$ (16,181)	\$ (14,768)	\$ (15,949)	\$ (14,779)	\$ (14,897)	\$ (14,463)	\$ (14,865)	\$ (13,334)	\$ (15,129
Business-type activities	19	(76)	(88)	(68)	(64)	(6)	(79)	(210)	(99)	(72
Total primary government net expense	\$ (17,119)	\$ (16,257)	\$ (14,856)	\$ (16,017)	\$ (14,843)	\$ (14,903)	\$ (14,542)	\$ (15,075)	\$ (13,433)	\$ (15,201
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 12,191	\$ 10,626	\$ 9,334	\$ 9,595	\$ 9,553	\$ 8,818	\$ 9,047	\$ 9,850	\$ 9,841	\$ 9,708
Sales taxes	6,130	5,681	5,756	5,468	5,191	5,471	5,358	5,195	5,324	5,777
Insurance premium taxes	1,479	1,381	1,298	1,212	1,148	1,105	1,034	828	852	864
Other taxes	193	203	229	230	222	188	227	219	185	223
Unrestricted investment earnings	76	52	35	45	161	318	394	448	511	732
		02	00	.0		0.0	00.		0	. 02
Unrestricted grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gain on sale of capital assets	-					.	-	-	14	30
Transfers	4	(92)	(81)	(79)	(48)	(26)	(66)	(84)	(76)	(57
Total governmental activities	20,074	17,851	16,571	16,471	16,227	15,874	15,994	16,456	16,651	17,277
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Transfers	(4)	92	81	79	48	26	66	84	75	57
Total business-type activities	(4)	92	81	79	48	26	66	84	75	57
Total primary government	\$ 20,070	\$ 17,943	\$ 16,652	\$ 16,550	\$ 16,275	\$ 15,900	\$ 16,060	\$ 16,540	\$ 16,726	\$ 17,334
Change in Not Position	 -		· 							
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ 2,935	\$ 1,670	\$ 1,803	\$ 522	\$ 1,448	\$ 977	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,591	\$ 3,317	\$ 2,148
Business-type activities Total primary government	15 \$ 2,950	16 \$ 1,686	(7) \$ 1,796	\$ 533	(16) \$ 1,432	\$ 997	(13) \$ 1,518	(126) \$ 1,465	\$ 3,293	\$ 2,133

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2017	 2016	 2015		2014	 2013
General fund							
Reserved	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Unreserved		-	-	_		_	-
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items		570	567	481		678	355
Inventory		156	106	144		129	114
Assigned:							
Fire station construction		102	375	375		375	-
Use of reserves for subsequent budge	t	500	482	135		621	-
Unassigned		5,722	4,802	5,294		5,066	7,178
Total general fund	\$	7,050	\$ 6,332	\$ 6,429	\$	6,869	\$ 7,647
All other governmental funds							
Reserved	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$ _
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		-	-	-		-	-
Capital projects funds (1)		-	-	-		-	-
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items		44	44	40		80	47
Restricted for:							
Debt service		1,995	2,691	3,320		3,928	5,441
Capital projects		2,317	3,472	2,273		1,873	825
Public safety activities		154	190	203		133	148
Planning department operations		285	48	-		-	-
Law library operations		65	62	59		56	77
Judicial activities		130	111	176		110	119
Tourism		18	7	2		1	1
Assigned:							
Capital projects		-	-	-		11	-
Unassigned		-	 	 (31)	-	(25)	(116)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	5,009	\$ 6,625	\$ 6,042	\$	6,167	\$ 6,542

⁽¹⁾ The increase in 2008 is due to the issuance of certificates of participation that are to be used for capital projects. The decrease in 2010 is primarily due to expenditures on capital projects that will be funded by future SPLOST revenues.

⁽²⁾ The County implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011.

		2012		2011 (2)	2010		2009		2008
\$		- -	\$	- -	\$	449 5,439	\$	296 4,993	\$	329 3,550
		265 117		255 86		- -		-		-
		-		-		- -		-		-
		6,464		6,516		-		-		_
	\$	6,846	\$	6,857	\$	5,888	\$	5,289	\$	3,879
	œ.		c		æ	0.207	c	10 404	œ.	11 500
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,297	\$	10,404	\$	11,529
		-		-		512		314		351
		-		-		(320)		524		8,420
		41		35		-		-		-
		6,837		8,073		-		-		-
		432		549		-		-		-
		115		290		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		-
		114		134		-		-		-
		180		165		-		-		-
		8		6		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		_
		(204)		(128)		-		-		_
•	\$	7,523	\$	9,124	\$	9,489	\$	11,242	\$	20,300

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2017	 2016	_	2015	 2014	 2013
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 19,948	\$ 17,869	\$	16,845	\$ 16,440	\$ 16,123
Licenses and permits	273	231		177	163	164
Fines and forfeitures	690	640		657	597	528
Charges for services	3,044	2,840		3,362	3,384	3,292
Interest income	89	62		38	50	163
Intergovernmental	1,852	2,256		2,472	1,480	1,492
Contributions and donations	120	108		64	85	35
Miscellaneous	 329	 447		289	 186	 189
Total revenues	 26,344	 24,453		23,903	 22,385	 21,986
Expenditures						
General government	3,671	3,478		3,463	3,374	3,181
Judicial	2,309	2,337		2,292	2,374	2,117
Public safety	10,074	9,271		9,145	9,184	8,673
Public works	1,480	1,417		1,326	1,281	1,338
Health and welfare	699	651		696	633	595
Culture and recreation	1,281	1,188		1,153	1,124	1,033
Housing and development	664	500		962	415	418
Intergovernmental	638	500		515	775	640
Capital outlay (1)	4,628	3,815		3,155	1,651	1,611
Debt service						
Principal	1,544	1,343		1,294	2,135	1,796
Interest	367	396		440	515	524
Other charges	-	40		-	-	237
Total expenditures	27,356	24,936		24,442	23,461	22,163
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(1,012)	(483)		(539)	(1,076)	(177)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	1,839	1,822		2,178	2,100	1,173
Transfers out	(1,835)	(1,914)		(2,258)	(2,179)	(1,221)
Issuance of debt	-	1,035		-	-	9,835
Premium/discount on issuance of debt	-	-		-	-	43
Refunding payment to escrow agent	-	-		-	-	(9,835)
Sale of capital assets	109	26		55	2	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	113	969		(26)	(77)	(5)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (899)	\$ 486	\$	(565)	\$ (1,153)	\$ (182)
Debt service as a percentage						
of noncapital expenditures	8.5%	8.2%		8.1%	12.2%	12.6%
Total debt service expenditures	1,911	1,779		1,734	2,650	2,557
Total non-capital expenditures	22,404	21,595		21,275	21,724	20,306

⁽¹⁾ Capital outlay varies from year to year depending on the capital projects being conducted by the County at a particular time.

	2012		2011	 2010	 2009	 2008
5	15,655	\$	15,557	\$ 16,292	\$ 15,718	\$ 15,908
	131		112	131	147	215
	577		608	660	606	616
	3,026		3,489	3,312	3,146	2,753
	321		397	456	511	732
	1,587		1,635	1,665	1,256	1,461
	85		69	111	222	229
	118		90	 183	 142	 171
	21,500		21,957	 22,810	 21,748	 22,085
	3,175		2,958	3,029	2,637	3,232
	2,374		2,252	2,585	2,386	2,470
	8,844		9,013	8,611	7,498	8,229
	1,128		1,194	1,056	1,092	1,331
	554		565	600	643	641
	760		826	1,138	1,144	1,309
	429		409	420	440	696
	467		574	504	517	_
	2,994		1,115	3,481	10,596	2,672
	1,502		1,440	1,434	1,306	1,378
	856		942	1,022	1,100	1,022
				 	 	 270
	23,083	_	21,288	 23,880	 29,359	 23,250
	(1,583)		669	(1,070)	(7,611)	(1,165)
	966		898	1,087	829	1,326
	(992)		(964)	(1,171)	(904)	(1,383)
	-		_	-	-	10,000
	-		-	-	-	(99)
	-		-	-	-	-
				 	 39	 49
	(26)		(66)	 (84)	 (36)	 9,893
	(1,609)	\$	603	\$ (1,154)	\$ (7,647)	\$ 8,728
	11.8%		12.1%	12.0%	13.2%	13.1%
	2,358		2,382	2,456	2,406	2,670
	19,997		19,638	20,401	18,253	20,399

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	P	roperty Tax	Sa	les Tax	surance remium Tax	Bev	oholic verage Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2008	\$	9,044	\$	5,777	\$ 864	\$	165	\$ 58	\$ 15,908
2009		9,357		5,324	852		159	26	15,718
2010		10,070		5,175	828		149	70	16,292
2011		8,927		5,370	1,034		152	74	15,557
2012		8,891		5,471	1,105		148	40	15,655
2013		9,562		5,191	1,148		157	65	16,123
2014		9,530		5,468	1,212		163	67	16,440
2015		9,562		5,756	1,298		164	66	16,845
2016		10,604		5,681	1,381		169	34	17,869
2017		12,146		6,130	1,479		160	33	19,948

Note: Other taxes include business & occupation and franchise taxes.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE - ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Tax		Re	al Pro	perty				Personal Property						
Year	Year	Residential	Commerci	1 .	Agricultural	Pub	lic Utilities	Me	otor Vehicles	Mobile Homes			Equipment		Other (1)
2009	2008	\$ 713,461,60	3 \$ 149,641,2	16	\$ 524,516,235	\$ 2	21,881,226	\$	69,567,910	\$	10,111,154	\$	52,266,978	\$	699,332
2010	2009	730,417,43	4 172,847,2	99	526,452,545	2	22,160,994		73,698,120		10,387,091		25,650,315	(2)	215,455
2011	2010	733,853,26	2 163,008,3	55	527,557,546	2	21,633,639		64,059,070		9,842,509		23,508,772	. ,	126,609
2012	2011	674,182,86	7 154,868,0	06	396,482,139	2	22,117,043		62,934,700		7,673,414		25,035,446		32,936
2013	2012	577,710,65	5 146,825,5	00	342,372,210	2	21,836,730		65,738,040		6,874,280		21,184,034		94,477
2014	2013	570,339,67	3 141,351,6	39	340,723,449	2	23,516,594		69,311,340		6,391,829		22,416,738		254,363
2015	2014	568,141,54	3 146,902,9	32	339,058,076	2	22,366,787		58,347,370		5,710,634		24,653,386		829,628
2016	2015	564,759,20	4 141,624,4	53	336,794,733	2	22,335,968		42,005,610		5,284,439		27,199,054		98,287
2017	2016	569,800,10	2 149,482,4	73	338,916,963	2	22,475,945		33,244,030		5,022,406		27,792,737		683,882
2018	2017	618,554,66	6 149,134,6	68	347,291,541	2	22,473,313		25,240,560		4,981,782		28,310,397		255,393

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division

Note: Property in the County is assessed annually. The County assesses property at approximately 40 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

⁽¹⁾ Includes timber and heavy equipment.

⁽²⁾ Decrease is due to new exemptions giving \$100,000 off assessed values or \$250,000 off fair market values, as well as lost large manufacturing companies within the County.

⁽³⁾ Increase is due to the addition of the exemption for the elderly (65 and older) and disabled.

	Less: Ex Real	emp	otions Personal	_	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	_	stimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$	263.318.330	\$	6.240.595	\$	1.272.586.729	6.893	\$	3.181.466.823	40.00%
•	275,738,365	•	96,194,591	(3)	1,189,896,297	6.947	·	2,974,740,743	40.00%
	289,980,685		108,375,389	` '	1,145,233,688	7.318		2,863,084,220	40.00%
	215,892,161		113,055,175		1,014,379,215	7.852		2,535,948,038	40.00%
	184,407,536		113,687,442		884,540,948	8.962		2,211,352,370	40.00%
	186,227,302		123,313,100		864,765,223	9.121		2,161,913,058	40.00%
	189,156,111		128,159,260		848,694,985	9.160		2,121,737,463	40.00%
	190,928,919		132,110,874		817,061,955	10.662		2,042,654,888	40.00%
	193,433,964		138,581,869		815,402,705	12.180		2,038,506,763	40.00%
	191,164,650		149,829,990		855,247,680	11.531		2,138,119,200	40.00%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
-										
Lumpkin County rates										
Unincorporated	11.531	12.180	10.662	9.160	9.121	8.962	7.852	7.318	6.947	6.893
Incorporated	13.604	14.232	12.566	10.877	10.743	10.436	8.881	7.907	7.842	7.707
Special services (reservoir)	0.293	0.310	0.310	0.295	0.294	0.289	0.253	0.220	0.191	0.178
Special services (planning)	0.285	0.597	0.171	0.157	0.187	0.184	0.161	0.098	0.409	-
Municipal rates Dahlonega	6.589	6.781	5.781	4.739	4.739	4.656	4.212	3.988	3.950	3.950
Board of Education										
Maintenance & Operations	16.819	16.819	16.829	16.651	16.540	16.239	14.259	12.800	12.800	11.840
State of Georgia	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.100	0.150	0.200	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
Total Unincorporated Total Incorporated	28.928 37.012	29.906 37.832	27.972 35.226	26.363 32.367	26.292 32.163	25.875 31.531	22.775 27.602	20.686 24.945	20.597 24.842	19.161 23.747

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017			2008	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
KOYO Bearings North America LLC	\$ 12,932,160	1	1.51 %	\$		%
Georgia Power Company	7,648,865	2	0.89	5,385,639	7	0.42
Roberta A Green, As Trustee of the Robi	5,420,700	3	0.63			
Dahlonega Student Housing Partners LLC	4,053,418	4	0.47			
Windstream Standard Inc.	4,481,906	5	0.52	6,208,766	5	0.49
Amicalola EMC	4,250,981	6	0.50	4,788,649	10	0.38
Dahlonega Group LLC	3,273,238	7	0.38			
HD Development of Maryland INC.	3,899,075	8	0.46	4,848,731	9	0.38
Dunn Betty L Trustee	5,718,010	9	0.67			
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	2,656,532	10	0.31			
Montalvina LLC				13,167,288	1	1.03
Forestar (USA) Real Estate Group Inc.				13,032,029	2	1.02
Timken US Corporation				9,554,125	3	0.75
Southern Cross Ranch LLC				8,850,636	4	0.70
Edna A Noblin Estate				6,199,048	6	0.49
Milson Group LLC				4,022,067	8	0.32
	\$ 54,334,885		6.35 %	\$ 76,056,978		5.98 %

Source: Lumpkin County Tax Commissioner

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Tax		Total	F		within the	 ections in	<u></u>	otal Collec	tions to Da	
Year	Year	_Ta	x Levy	Α	mount	Pct. of Levy	 Years	A	mount	of Levy	
2009	2008	\$	8,148	\$	6,268	76.93 %	\$ 1,881	\$	8,147	99.99	%
2010	2009		7,966		6,400	80.34	1,568		7,965	99.99	
2011	2010		7,682		6,435	83.77	1,263		7,681	99.99	
2012	2011		7,674		6,600	86.00	1,094		7,673	99.99	
2013	2012		7,527		6,698	88.99	871		7,526	99.99	
2014	2013		7,493		6,475	86.41	889		7,364	98.28	
2015	2014		7,487		6,739	90.01	365		7,104	94.88	
2016	2015		8,550		7,573	88.57	970		8,543	99.92	
2017	2016		9,834		8,769	89.17	946		9,715	98.79	
2018	2017		9,906		9,077	91.63	-		9,077	91.63	

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		G	overnment	tal Act	ivities					
Fiscal Year	pital ases		ficates of icipation		evenue Bonds	Notes ayable	P	Total rimary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per oita (1)
2008	\$ -	\$	9,630	\$	-	\$ 16,254	\$	25,884	3.56 %	\$ 957
2009	-		9,503		-	15,083		24,586	3.22	893
2010	-		9,375		-	13,784		23,159	2.98	773
2011	-		9,242		-	12,484		21,726	2.71	723
2012	-		9,104		-	11,127		20,231	2.44	661
2013	-		-		9,520	9,686		19,206	2.26	621
2014	-		-		8,915	8,151		17,066	1.90	547
2015	-		-		8,301	7,467		15,768	1.90	502
2016	-		-		7,671	7,785		15,456	1.58	492
2017	_		-		7,032	6,876		13,908	1.34	423

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics within this section for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	General Digation Debt	Availa	Amounts ble in Debt rice Fund	1	otal	Percentage Estimate Actual Taxa Value of Property (d ible	Per Capita (2)	
2008	\$ 8,965	\$	8,965	\$	-	-	%	\$	_
2009	7,945		7,945		-	-			-
2010	6,855		6,855		-	-			-
2011	5,695		5,695		-	-			-
2012	4,460		4,460		-	-			-
2013	3,145		3,145		-	-			-
2014	1,740		1,740		-	-			-
2015	1,190		1,190		-	-			-
2016	610		610		-	-			-
2017	-		-		-	-			-

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014
Debt limit	\$ 104,641	\$ 100,884	\$ 100,807	\$ 103,785
Total net debt applicable to limit	 	 	 	
Legal debt margin	\$ 104,641	\$ 100,884	\$ 100,807	\$ 103,785
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0%	0%	0%	0%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016

Assessed value Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value	\$ 855,248 191,165 1,046,412
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	104,641
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation debt	- , ·
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	-
Total net debt applicable to limit	-
Legal debt margin	\$ 104,641

2013	2012	 2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 105,099	\$ 106,895	\$ 123,027	\$ 143,522	\$ 146,563	\$ 153,591
\$ 105,099	\$ 106,895	\$ 123,027	\$ 143,522	\$ 146,563	\$ 153,591
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Pe	er Capita			
Fiscal		F	Personal	Р	ersonal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	In	icome (2)	!	Income	Age	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
2008	27,056	\$	727,084	\$	26,873	32.5	3,732	11.1 %
2009	27,528		763,163		27,723	35.0	3,776	11.3
2010	29,966		776,536		25,914	34.8	3,836	10.8
2011	30,031		801,577		26,692	35.0	3,879	8.8
2012	30,611		828,043		27,051	36.0	4,248	9.1
2013	30,918		850,317		27,502	36.0	3,706	7.3
2014	31,176		898,545		28,822	36.1	3,652	6.6
2015	31,408		947,647		30,172	36.6	3,714	5.1
2016	31,445		980,941		31,195	36.8	3,808	4.4
2017	32,873		1,036,806		31,540	N/A	3,837	3.6

Data sources:

- (1) Bureau of the Census
- (2) Federal Bureau of Economic Analysis (amounts expressed in thousands)
- (3) School District
- (4) State Department of Labor

N/A - Not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS December 31, 2012

		2012	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
University of North Georgia	699	1	5.90 %
Lumpkin Co. Board of Education	612	2	5.17
Lumpkin Co. Board of Commissioners	283	3	2.39
Wal-Mart	265	4	2.24
KOYO (formerly Timken US Corporation)	243	5	2.05
Chestatee Regional Hospital	220	6	1.86
Southern Switches	135	7	1.14
RefrigiWear, Inc.	112	8	0.95
The Home Depot	100	9	0.84
The Louver Shop	100	10	0.84
Mohawk Industries			
	2,769		23.38 %

Sources: State Department of Commerce.

Note: Information prior to and subsequent to 2012 is not available

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function										-
General government	40	39	38	38	34	36	31	32	50	45
Public safety										
Sheriff										
Officers	59	59	59	59	69	62	80	84	72	72
Civilians	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	8	8	8
Emergency	10	10	10	10	9	2	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	36	36	36	36	31	36	30	34	31	26
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	1	13	11
Judicial	20	19	19	19	19	21	15	24	26	20
Public works	20	19	18	18	18	19	23	17	15	22
Culture and recreation	16	16	16	16	12	4	5	9	6	11
Housing and development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Total	212	209	207	207	203	191	217	212	224	218

Source: County Budget Office

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function										
Sheriff										
Traffic violations	1,792	1,526	958	1,257 (1)	2,842	2,534	2,857	3,458	4,072	N/A
Fire										
Number of calls answered	4,715	4,387	4,308	4,409	4,292	4,055	3,800	3,269	3,244	3,426
Inspections conducted	204	192	204	168	192	30*	12*	N/A	377	637
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	13	13	14	12	13	15	10	13	6	6
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	45	44	47	40	35	47	42	43	46	45
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	1	1	1	1	1	1.5	1	1	N/A	2

Source: County departments

Note: Indicators are not available for any functions other than those listed above.

N/A - Information is not available.

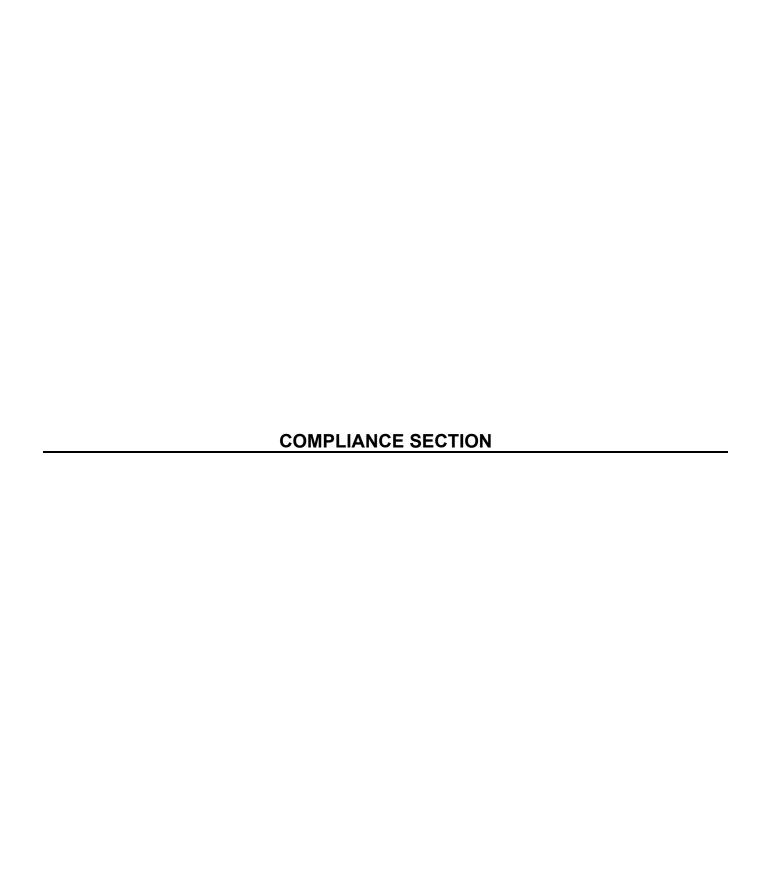
^{(1) -} The decrease in citations is noted to be the result of increased citizen education.

^{*}Prevention provision- full fledge inspections (Late April-Dec. 31st)

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function	2017	2010	2013	2017	2013	2012	2011	2010	2003	2000
General government										
Buildings	16	16	16	16	16	16	13	13	13	13
Vehicles	6	5	5	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Small equipment	29	29	29	27	26	26	25	25	25	25
Public safety										
Buildings	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Vehicles	·	Ū	Ū	•	•	•		•		•
Fire/pumper trucks	15	14	13	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
Other Fire Dept. vehicles	13	13	12	10	9	6	6	6	6	6
Ambulance/rescue	6	7	7	6	6	6	5	4	6	5
Sheriffs vehicles	64	67	60	63	61	48	53	51	46	46
Other public safety vehicles	2	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Equipment	130	114	89	83	82	81	79	78	78	69
Judicial	100	117	00	00	02	01	7.5	70	70	00
Small equipment	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public works	Ū	O	U	U	U	U	U	O	U	U
Buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Road Department	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	11	11
	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Building Inspector Other	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	11	3 11	3 11	5 6	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5
Small equipment	39	38	39	37	34	34	35	34	33	35
Heavy equipment Health and welfare	39	30	39	31	34	34	35	34	33	35
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	_
Buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Vehicles	5	5	3	5	4	3	4	4	4	5
Equipment	21	19	17	14	13	13	13	13	13	11

Source: Various County departments





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners of Lumpkin County, Georgia Dahlonega, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lumpkin County, Georgia (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Lumpkin County Department of Public Health and the Development Authority of Lumpkin County, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2017-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Finding

The County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia June 5, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial	' Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether	
the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	Xyesno
Significant deficiencies identified?	yesX_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no

Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2017-001 Capital Asset Reporting (Lumpkin County Water & Sewerage Authority)

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure that the amounts reported in the Authority's financial statements for capital assets and accumulated depreciation are free of material misstatement.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to detect certain misstatements in the reporting of the Authority's depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation.

Context/Cause: During our audit for the year ended December 31, 2017, we noted the Authority incorrectly recorded depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in the general ledger. Management provided a capital asset roll-forward which listed out total activity in capital assets and depreciation expense for fiscal year 2017. We noted the depreciation expense on the roll-forward prepared by the Authority and subsequently the depreciation expense recorded in the general ledger did not agree to the current depreciation expense reported in the capital asset tracking system.

Effects: To properly record depreciation expense to match the capital asset tracking system (the subsidiary ledger), an audit adjustment totaling \$123,294 was required to correctly report the current year depreciation expense and the related accumulated depreciation for capital assets as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the depreciation reports from its capital asset tracking system to ensure amounts are being properly calculated and recorded in the general ledger.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that amounts reported for capital assets are accurate and properly calculated.