PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the County Commissioner Pulaski County, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pulaski County, Georgia (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of Pulaski County Board of Health, which is a discretely presented component unit and which represents 48.31 percent, 45.80 percent, and 48.76 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pulaski County Board of Health, which represent 48.31 percent, 45.80 percent, and 48.76 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pulaski County Board of Health, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pulaski County, Georgia, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The County has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pulaski County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the General Fund Departmental Statements, and the schedules to meet regulatory requirements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the General Fund Departmental Statements, the schedules to meet regulatory requirements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the General Fund Departmental Statements, the schedules to meet regulatory requirements, and other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 11, 2014, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pulaski County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ll. M. Vickers & associates, P.C.

July 11, 2014

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	PRIMARY		
	GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	COMPONENT U HAWKINSVILLE- PULASKI COUNTY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	NITS PULASKI COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH
ASSETS:	¢ 1 0 4 1 0 0 7		÷ • • • = = •
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Receivables (net of allowance,	\$ 1,241,337	\$124,514 	\$ 96,772 58,232
where applicable): Accounts	26,525		
Notes		40,000	
Interest	6,831	1,450	
Taxes	565,856		
Intergovernmental	344,245		
Inventory	4,749		
Prepaid items	57,844		
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	2,641,702		
Depreciable, net	9,756,054		77
Total assets	14,645,143	165,964	155,081
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	444,440		
Interest payable	14,859		
Unearned revenue	222,271		
Accrued liabilities	84,266		
Net pension obligation Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year:	3,926		
Compensated absences	119,282		2,964
Capital leases payable	203,518		
Post-closure care costs	5,520		
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences			11 , 857
Capital leases payable	486,965		
Post-closure care costs	95,588		
Total liabilities	1,680,635		14,821
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	11,707,273		77
Capital projects	245,490		
Jail construction	5,947		
Drug condemnation	16,130		
E-911 operations	11,663		
Law library	2,791		
Adopt-a-cop bullet proof vests	225		
Health incentives	718		
Culture and recreation	6,345		
Prior year program income Unrestricted	967,926	165,964	4,229 135,954
UNITEDETTCLER	JU1, JZU	100,904	10,904
Total net position	<u>\$12,964,508</u>	<u>\$165,964</u>	<u>\$140,260</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			PROGRAM REVENUES	3	NET (CHAN		
						COMPONENT	UNITS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	HAWKINSVILLE- PULASKI COUNTY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	PULASKI COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH
Primary Government Governmental activities: General government Judicial	\$1,281,603 567,988	\$ 119,331 165,101	\$	\$	\$(1,162,272) (402,887)	\$	\$
Public safety Public works Health and welfare	3,640,158 1,108,311 418,923	1,122,284 33,059	6,841 211,019 	62,534 340,327 	(2,448,499) (556,965) (385,864)		
Culture and recreation Community and economic development Interest on long-term debt	343,372 174,449 39,320	148,241 15,879	6,169 14,917 	30,769	(188,962) (112,884) (39,320)	 <u></u>	
Total governmental activities	7,574,124	1,603,895	238,946	433,630	(5,297,653)		
Total primary government	\$7,574,124	<u>\$1,603,895</u>	\$ 238,946	\$433,630	(5,297,653)		
Component Units Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority Pulaski County Board of Health	\$9,522,917 	\$ 23,700 101,185	\$9,502,215 	\$ 		2,998	
Total component units	<u>\$9,808,737</u>	<u>\$ 124,885</u>	\$9,679,109	<u>\$</u>		2,998	(7,741)
	Tax P Sa In A F F In Inte Miss Gain	roperty taxes, 1 ales taxes nsurance premium lcoholic beverag inancial institu ranchise taxes ntergovernmental erest and invest cellaneous n on sale of pro	ge taxes utions taxes L tment earnings operty	3,680,635 1,274,006 344,645 22,553 14,607 26,555 - 75 90,035 3,871		38,063	
	To	otal general rev			5,456,982	41,450	39,447
	Net n	Change in net p osition - begin:			159,329 _12,805,179	44,448 121,516	31,706 108,554
		osition - ending	-		\$12,964,508	\$165,964	\$140,260

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	GENERAL FUND	2010 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash on hand Cash - financial institutions Receivables:	\$ 200 1,053,717	\$ 172 , 549	\$ <u></u> 14,870	\$ 200 1,241,136
Accounts Interest Property taxes Due from other funds Intergovernmental Inventory Prepaid items	6,831 565,856 132,535 4,749 57,603	6,532 144,003	26,525 9,952 67,091 241	26,525 6,831 565,856 16,484 343,629 4,749 57,844
Total assets	<u>\$1,821,491</u>	<u>\$323,084</u>	<u>\$118,679</u>	<u>\$2,263,254</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Other payables Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 268,515 2,226 6,532 294,270	\$ 71,062 9,952 144,003	\$104,862 444 	\$ 444,439 2,670 16,484 438,273
Total liabilities	571,543	225,017	105,306	901,866
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Unavailable revenue - property tax	238,504		<u> </u>	238,504
Total deferred inflows of resources	238,504		<u> </u>	238,504
<pre>FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Prepaid items Inventory Restricted:</pre>	57,603 4,749		241	57,844 4,749
Jail construction Drug condemnation E-911 operations Law library Capital projects	5,947 16,130 	 98,067	36,302 2,791	5,947 16,130 36,302 2,791 98,067
Adopt-A-Cop bullet proof vests Health incentives Culture and recreation Unassigned:	225 718 	 	 9,589	225 718 9,589
General fund Capital projects	926,072		(35,550)	926,072 (35,550)
Total fund balances	1,011,444	98,067	13,373	1,122,884
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$1,821,491</u>	<u>\$323,084</u>	<u>\$118,679</u>	<u>\$2,263,254</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 1,122,884
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Net Pension Asset (Obligation) is not available during the current period and is not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	2	(3,926)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:		
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$19,499 (7,101	•
Other receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:		
Property taxes Sales taxes Intergovernmental revenues		5,504 5,002 <u>616</u> 455,122
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet but are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position:		
Interfund receivables Interfund payables		5,484 5,484)
Liabilities, including notes payable, compensated absences, and capital leases payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:		
Accrued compensated absences Salaries and wages payable Capital leases payable Post-closure care costs Accrued interest payable	(690 (101),282) ,596) ,483) ,108) ,859) (1,007,328)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$12,964,508

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	GENERAL FUND	2010 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$4,602,095	\$ 863,722	\$	\$5,465,817
Licenses and permits	22,414	·		22,414
Intergovernmental	263,545		527,514	791,059
Charges for services	282,890		218,749	501,639
Fines and forfeitures	147,014			147,014
Interest	75	365		440
Miscellaneous	811,791		29,341	841,132
Total revenues	6,129,824	864,087	775,604	7,769,515
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	821 , 399			821,399
Judicial	566 , 228		5,043	571 , 271
Public safety	2,821,732		445,603	3,267,335
Public works	954,311			954,311
Health and welfare	385,663			385,663
Culture and recreation Community and economic	32,706		250,072	282,778
development	174 , 127			174,127
Intergovernmental		369,361		369,361
Capital outlay:		0007001		0007001
General government		15,793		15,793
Public safety		266,541		266,541
Public works		89,283	398,649	487,932
Culture and recreation		571,626		571,626
Debt service:				
Principal retirements	104,372		721	105,093
Interest and finance charges	40,811	1,262	741	42,814
Total expenditures	5,901,349	1,313,866	1,100,829	8,316,044
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	228,475	(449,779)	(325,225)	(546,529)

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	GENERAL FUND	2010 SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (from previous page)	<u>\$ 228,475</u>	<u>\$(449,779</u>)	<u>\$(325,225</u>)	<u>\$ (546,529</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sales of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	1,751 444 (211,173)	15,000 (444)	211,173	16,751 211,617 (211,617)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(208,978)	14,556	211,173	16,751
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	19,497	(435,223)	(114,052)	(529,778)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	991,947	533,290	127,425	1,652,662
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$1,011,444</u>	<u>\$ 98,067</u>	<u>\$ 13,373</u>	<u>\$1,122,884</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$(529 , 778)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net Pension Asset is the change in pension assets resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contributions and is not reported in Governmental Funds		21
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Expenditures for capital assets Donated capital assets Less: current year depreciation	\$1,335,417 62,534 (683,904)	714,047
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets disposed of and accumulated depreciation:		
Cost of disposed capital assets Accumulated depreciation of disposed capital assets	\$ (84,758) 71,878	(12,880)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in Governmental Funds:		(12,000)
Property taxes Sales taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$ (81,241) (21,575) 348	(102,468)
Expenditures in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds:		
Compensated absences Salaries and wages	\$ (9,964) (12,496)	(22,460)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to Governmental Funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of Governmental Funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position:		
Capital lease principal payments Post-closure care costs Accrued interest paid	\$ 105,093 5,519 2,235	112,847
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u>\$ 159,329</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS

\$801,394

Cash - financial institutions	\$801,394
Total assets	<u>\$801,394</u>
LIABILITIES	
Other liabilities Funds held in escrow Due to other governments	\$ 35,869 35,311 730,214

Total liabilities

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -11-

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Pulaski County, Georgia (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia. The County operates under a sole commissioner form of government. The County provides various services, levies taxes, and issues licenses as provided by the Charter. These services include public safety, highways and streets, and administrative services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's reporting entity applies all relevant GASB pronouncements. The financial statements of the business-type activities, if any, apply pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. THE REPORTING ENTITY: As required by GAAP, the financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government (the County), (2) organizations for which the County is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies that have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the County.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Some component units, because of the closeness of their relationship with the County, should be blended as though they are part of the County. Otherwise, most component units should be discretely presented. At present, there are three organizations which would be considered discretely presented component units of the County because the County appoints the majority of the governing board of these respective organizations, and two organizations that are considered blended component units because of the close relation to and financial integration with the County:

Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Recreation Board - Management has determined that the Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Recreation Board (the Recreation Board) is considered to be a blended component unit of the County, due to the closeness of its relationship to the County and is included as a Special Revenue Fund. During 2012, this fund was shown as a discretely presented component unit. During 2013, the County assumed financial responsibility changing the presentation. The Recreation Board is governed by a nine member advisory board appointed by the County Commissioner and the City of Hawkinsville's Board of Commissioners. The Recreation Board's purpose is to establish a system of supervised recreation for the citizens of Pulaski County, Georgia and the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia. The Recreation Board's financial statements were audited in conjunction with the County audit. However, a separate set of financial statements is not issued.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

Pulaski-Wilcox County Regional Jail Authority - Management has determined that the Pulaski-Wilcox County Regional Jail Authority (the Jail Authority) is considered to be a blended component unit of the County due to the closeness of its relationship with the County and should be included as a Capital Projects Fund and a Debt Service Fund. However, the Jail Authority had no financial activity during 2013. The Jail Authority is governed by a five member board appointed by the County Commissioner and the Wilcox County's Board of Commissioners and one member is elected by the Jail Authority Board. The Jail Authority's purpose is to establish and maintain a jail or a jail-holding facility in Pulaski County, Georgia and Wilcox County, Georgia. Due to the Jail Authority not having any financial activity, no financial statements were prepared, audited, or issued.

Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority - Management has determined that the Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority (the Authority) is considered to be a discretely presented component unit of the County. The Authority is governed by a nine member board appointed by the County Commissioner and the City of Hawkinsville's Board of Commissioners. The Authority's purpose is to encourage and promote the expansion and development of industrial and commercial facilities in Pulaski County, Georgia and the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia. Component unit financial statements are available from the Authority, P.O. Box 29, Hawkinsville, Georgia.

Pulaski County Board of Health - Management has determined that the Pulaski County Board of Health (the Board of Health) is considered to be a discretely presented component unit of the County. The Board of Health is governed by a seven member board appointed by the County Commissioner and the City of Hawkinsville's Board of Commissioners. The Board of Health provides various health services for citizens in the County under a contract with the Georgia Department of Human Resources. Component unit financial statements are available from the Board of Health, Lumpkin Street, Hawkinsville, Georgia.

Hospital Authority of Pulaski County, Georgia - Management has determined that the Hospital Authority of Pulaski County, Georgia (the Hospital Authority) is considered to be a discretely presented component unit of the County due to the closeness of its relationship with the County and should be included as a Special Revenue Fund. However, the Hospital Authority had no financial activity during 2013. The Hospital Authority was created December 31, 2012 and is governed by a nine member board appointed by the County Commissioner. The Hospital Authority's purpose is to evaluate and assist in providing healthcare to citizens and visitors including availability, accessibility, and affordability of quality care. Due to the Hospital Authority not having any financial activity, no financial statements were prepared, audited, or issued.

B. <u>RELATED ORGANIZATIONS</u>: The County's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. The County Commissioner appoints the board members of the Pulaski County Board of Family and Children Services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

C. JOINT VENTURE -

Middle Georgia Regional Commission - Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with municipalities and counties in the eleven (11) county Middle Georgia area are members of the Middle Georgia Regional Commission (MGRC), formerly known as the Middle Georgia Regional Development Center. Membership in an MGRC is required for each municipality and county in the Middle Georgia region. The Official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 provides for the organizational structure of the RCs. The MGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and the chief elected official of each municipality. The County board members and municipal board members from the same county elect one Member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the County or municipality) to serve as a nonpublic member and a minority member who must be an elected official to serve as board members from a County. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements for the MGRC are available from:

Middle Georgia Regional Commission 175 Emery Highway, Suite C Macon, GA 31217

D. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS: The County, in connection with the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia (the City), has created the Library Board, Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Recreation Board, and the Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority. The board members for each organization are composed as follows:

Library Board - 6 appointed by the County, 6 appointed by the City; Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Recreation Board (the Recreation Board) - 5 appointed by the County, 4 appointed by the City; Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority (the Authority) - 3 appointed by the County along with the sole Commissioner, 3 appointed by the City with Commission Chairman, and 1 member at large.

The County's expenditures for December 31, 2013, were \$31,318 and \$24,000 to the Library Board, and the Authority, respectively. During 2013, the County transferred \$92,491 to the Recreation Board, a blended component unit of the County.

E. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GASB STATEMENT NO. 34: The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. Both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. These statements provide valuable information that can be analyzed and compared.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements display information about the reporting government as a whole and provide a consolidated financial picture of the government. All funds other than fiduciary activities are included at the government-wide reporting level. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both governmental activities and component units columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each component unit of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities also reports functional categories of programs provided by the County and demonstrates how and to what degree those programs are supported by specific revenues. Program revenues are classified into three categories: charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services relate to charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function. Grants and contributions refer to revenues restricted for specific functions for operational or capital requirements. The general revenues section displays revenues collected that help support all functions of the government and contribute to the change in the net position for the fiscal year. The gross expenses (including depreciation) are reduced by related program revenues, operating grants, and capital grants. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements for the government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. The governmental funds statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary funds statements are presented by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following the statement which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

F. BASIS OF PRESENTATION: The financial transactions of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which the resources are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise funds combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB No. 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination. The non-major funds, if more than one, are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the supplementary information section of this report.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the government's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities - except those accounted for in other funds - are accounted for through governmental funds. The flow of current financial resources measurement focus is used for governmental funds. It is based on the determination of financial position, rather than on net income determination. Major Governmental Funds used by the County include:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets other than those financed by Proprietary Funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

2010 SPLOST Fund is used to account for and report SPLOST revenues and expenditures to be used to purchase capital items for the Recreation Board, the Pulaski County Fire Department, Pulaski County Road Department, and Sheriff Department and construction and maintenance of roads within the county.

Additionally, the County reports the following nonmajor governmental fund type:

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources and grants that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. Restricted or committed specific revenue sources should comprise a substantial portion of fund's resources. The proceeds from these special revenue sources should be expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of inflows.

E-911 Fund is used to account for and report revenues from various telephone and cellular companies and expenditures to be used in support of the Enhanced 911 service.

Pulaski County Law Library Fund is used to account for and report the law library fees included in all fines which are specifically designated for the County's law library.

Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Recreation Board Fund is used to account for and report the revenues and expenditures for the Recreation Board. This fund was a discretely presented component unit for 2012. The effect of the transfer to a blended component unit is an increase in beginning government-wide net position and beginning non-major fund balance of \$102,088 and \$14,222, respectively. Governmental activities depreciable capital assets, net increased by \$91,707 and capital leases payable due in more than one year increased by \$3,840.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

Capital Projects Fund -

CDBG Fund is used to account for and report the revenues and expenditures of the CDBG Grant for sanitary sewer infrastructure improvements in the Forest Hill Circle area.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary Funds used by the County include -

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus.

Noncurrent Governmental Assets/Liabilities - GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

G. <u>BASIS OF ACCOUNTING</u>: Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the calendar year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current calendar year. For the County, the phrase, "available for exchange transaction" means expected to be received within 60 days of year end.

Revenues - Nonexchange Transactions - Nonexchange transactions in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place and on the modified accrual basis, it is recognized in the year received (i.e., when considered available). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the calendar year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the calendar year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days of year end) before it can be recognized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: grants, interest on investments, and property taxes.

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

On governmental fund financial statements (i.e., on the modified accrual basis), receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unearned revenue (i.e., they are measurable but not available) rather than as revenue. Sales taxes collected by the State of Georgia, Department of Revenue, for the November and December sales are reported as unearned revenue at year end. Property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of year end have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants received before the eligibility requirements are met also are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

Interfund Activity - The County has two types of interfund transactions. Services rendered transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved and operating appropriations are accounted as transfers in the funds involved. Interfund transfers, except interfund services provided and used and reimbursements, are reported as transfers in or out in the funds involved as other financing sources. However, as a general rule, recorded interfund revenues and expenditures have been eliminated in the GAAP-basis government-wide financial statements.

- H. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- I. <u>CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>: The County follows the practice of maintaining separate cash accounts for each fund.

Various restrictions on deposits and investments, including repurchase agreements, are imposed by State statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount equal to 110% of uninsured deposits. However, the County may waive the collateral requirement for operating funds placed in demand deposit accounts.

Investments - The County may invest and reinvest funds subject to its control and jurisdiction in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities; and in bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this State and of its agencies and instrumentalities; and certificates of deposit of banks that have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The County may also invest through the Georgia Fund 1 state investment pool and other specific Georgia and Georgia related financial instruments.

J. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>: The County does not normally record an allowance for doubtful accounts, nor does the County account for bad debts. The amounts that are potentially uncollectible are considered immaterial.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

- K. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES: Outstanding balances resulting in transactions between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." To the extent that these balances are between governmental funds, they have been eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.
- L. **PROPERTY TAXES**: Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 2. Taxes are levied on August 1, and are due and payable by December 1. All unpaid taxes levied October 1, become delinquent after December 1, and fifa's are recorded on or after March 1.
- M. <u>INVENTORIES</u>: On government-wide financial statements, inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market using the first in first out flow assumption and are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are recorded at cost using the first in first out flow assumption and are accounted for using the purchase method.

- N. <u>PREPAID ITEMS</u>: Payments made to vendors for services that benefit periods beyond December 31, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items.
- **O.** <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, water and sewerage distribution systems and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities and discretely presented component units columns in the government-wide financial statements. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized in the governmental activities columns of the governmentwide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and the Recreation Board's capitalization threshold of \$2,500 is met. Likewise, such items are capitalized in the component units columns of the government-wide financial statements to the extent the Board of Health's capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is met.

All property, plant, and equipment acquired after December 31, 1983, is valued at cost. Assets acquired before 1984 are recorded at historical cost where available and insured values which approximate appraised value which is a departure from GAAP. Donated property, plant, and equipment is valued at the estimated fair value on the date donated. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired or constructed subsequent to January 1, 2004.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The County follows the policy of capitalizing interest as a component of the cost of property, plant, and equipment constructed for its own use. During the current fiscal year, no interest was capitalized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

Depreciation for capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the assets estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives for governmental activities and component units are as follows:

		Component	Units
	Governmental Activities	Recreation Board	Board of <u>Health</u>
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Intangibles	20-50 years	20-40 years 20-50 years 5-10 years 20-50 years 3 years	 5 years

- P. <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>: Vacation leave is earned by all full-time County employees at the rate of five days per year for the first two years of service. After two years of service and up to ten years of service, the employees earn at a rate of ten days per year. After ten years of service, the employees earn at a rate of fifteen days per year. Vacation leave may be accumulated and carried over to a maximum of one-half the annual leave eligible to be earned each year. Upon termination or retirement from the County, employees are entitled to accumulated vacation leave. At December 31, 2013, accrued vacation leave of \$119,282 has been recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position in the Governmental Activities, which represents the County's commitment to fund such cost from future operations. In governmental fund financial statements, the cost of vacation leave is recognized when due to employees.
- **Q.** <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

R. <u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, as of January 1, 2013. These new standards establish accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows / inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. *Unavailable revenue* is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

S. <u>FUND EQUITY</u>: Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the County Commissioner through the adoption of a resolution. Only the County Commissioner may modify or rescind a commitment.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances do not meet any of the above criteria. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed, then assigned, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

The County does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

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<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is categorized as follows:

Net investment in Capital Assets - This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - This category results when constraints placed on net position item use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category consists of net position items that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often designated to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position items are available, the County's policy is to apply restricted net position items first.

T. OPERATING LEASES: The County is currently involved in one 60 month lease for a copier with GDP Capital. The monthly lease expense for this copier is \$68 at December 31, 2013. During 2011, the County leased a mail meter from Pitney Bowes for 60 months. The monthly lease expense for the mail meter is \$180. During 2012, the County entered into two leases for copiers from Xerox requiring 60 monthly payments in the amount of \$720 for 60 months for the two leases. The County also entered into a 60 month lease for E-911 communications equipment with ComSouth requiring monthly payments of \$5,732. During 2013, the County entered into a lease for two fax printers from Xerox requiring 60 monthly payments in the amount of \$250. For the year ended December 31, 2013, rent expenditures for the County totaled \$83,150. The following is a schedule of annual lease requirements as of December 31, 2013:

Year ending December 31	Amount
2014	\$ 82,584
2015	82,584
2016	82,584
2017	61,040
2018	250

\$309,042

U. <u>POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u>: Effective January 1, 2009, there will be no post-retirement health and medical benefits provided by the County other than those benefits under COBRA.</u>

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the County provides health care benefits to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. This program is offered for a duration of 18 months after the determination date. There is no cost to the County under this program. There was one former employee or eligible dependent participating in this plan as of December 31, 2013.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

- V. <u>ACCUMULATED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AMOUNTS</u>: Accumulated employee benefit amounts are not accrued in governmental funds. The County has available a Section 125 Cafeteria Plan and a 457 tax deferred plan, explained in Note 12, for its employees. Each of these plans are available to all employees who choose to participate. The County does not have any expenses associated with these plans.
- W. <u>RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS</u>: As of December 31, 2013, GASB has issued the following statements which are effective for audits beginning after June 15, 2013, and various other periods:

Statement No.	67 -	"Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25"
Statement No.	68 -	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27"
Statement No.	69 -	"Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations"
Statement No.	70 -	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees"
Statement No.	71 -	"Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68"

Management is currently evaluating the impact of applying these statements.

2. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - DEPOSITS: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

Primary Government

The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2013, \$192,334 of the County and its Blended Component Units' bank balances of \$641,963 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateralized with securities held in the pledging financial institution's trust	
department or agent in the County's name	<u>\$192,334</u>
Total	\$192,334

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2013, the Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority's bank balance was 100% insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The Pulaski County Board of Health's (the Board) deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires collateral at 110% of the Board's deposits, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance, to be held in the Board's name by the safekeeping agent in accordance with Georgia statute. As of December 31, 2013, the Pulaski County Board of Health's bank balance was 100% insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

2. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - DEPOSITS: (continued)

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds

The Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds do not have deposit policies for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2013, \$991,877 of the Agency Funds' bank balance of \$1,484,611 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name

\$991,877

Total

\$991,877

The Tax Commissioner Agency Fund was the bank balance exposed to the custodial credit risk.

3. NOTE RECEIVABLE - HAWKINSVILLE-PULASKI COUNTY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY:

During 2013, the Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Development Authority loaned People Helping People \$40,000 to acquire the "Old Taylor Memorial Hospital Property." The terms of the note are interest payments of 3.25% per annum due in one installment of accrued interest only on February 23, 2013, and the final installment of accrued interest and principal on February 23, 2014. The Authority previously recorded an allowance of \$40,000 due to the nature of this receivable. In April 2014, this note was collected in full.

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund balances at December 31, 2013, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The County expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

Primary Government

	Payable from:			
Payable to:	General Fund	2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	<u>Total</u>	
2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$6,532 	\$ 9,952	\$ 6,532 9,952	
Total	<u>\$6,532</u>	<u>\$9,952</u>	<u>\$16,484</u>	

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2013, consisted of the following:

10110#1Hg.	Transfers from:		
Transfers to:	General Fund	2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	Total
General fund	\$	\$ 444	\$ 444
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	211,173		211,173
Total	<u>\$211,173</u>	<u>\$ 444</u>	<u>\$211,617</u>

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided, once a project is completed. Transfers from the General Fund to the E-911 Special Revenue Fund were to fund E-911 salaries and related expenses in the E-911 Special Revenue Fund. Transfers from the 2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund to General Fund were to correct a recording error.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Assets Donated	Balance December 31, 2013
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,052,632 153,479	\$ 1,115,665	\$ 680,074	\$ 	\$ 2,052,632 589,070
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,206,111	1,115,665	680,074		2,641,702
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	9,992,151	707,507			10,699,658
Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	490,921 591,349	126,758			617,679 591,349
Intangibles Machinery and equipment	5,500 4,899,893	65,561	84,758	62,534	5,500 4,943,230
Total capital assets, being depreciated	15,979,814	899,826	84,758	62,534	16,857,416
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	3,474,341	272,818			3,747,159
Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	138,942 86,044	20,145 19,217			159,087 105,261
Intangibles Machinery and equipment	306 2,789,703	1,833 369,891	71,878		2,139 3,087,716
Total accumulated depreciation	6,489,336	683,904	71,878		7,101,362
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,490,478	215,922	12,880	62,534	9,756,054
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$11,696,589	<u>\$1,331,587</u>	\$692,954	\$62,534	<u>\$12,397,756</u>

5. CAPITAL ASSETS: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$144,068
Public safety	323 , 519
Public works	144,530
Health and welfare	33,182
Culture and recreation	38,605
	+
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$683,904</u>

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Pulaski County Board of Health for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

Pulaski County Board of Health				
	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets, being depreciated Machinery and equipment	- \$47,703	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 850</u>	<u>\$46,853</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	47,703		850	46,853
Less accumulated depreciation for Machinery and equipment	47,587	39	850	46,776
Total accumulated depreciation	47,587	39	850	46,776
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	116	(39)	<u> </u>	77
Pulaski County Board of Health capital assets, net	<u>\$ 116</u>	<u>\$ (39</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 77</u>

6. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The County issues tax anticipation notes in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its General Fund. These notes are necessary because the County's supplemental payments to various agencies are made on a monthly basis, whereas tax collections are received shortly before their December 1 due date.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Tax anticipation notes	<u> \$</u>	\$1,330,000	<u>\$1,330,000</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total short-term debt	<u> \$</u>	<u>\$1,330,000</u>	<u>\$1,330,000</u>	<u> \$</u>

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Primary Government

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions	<u>Reductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences Capital leases payable Post-closure care costs	\$ 109,318 795,576 106,627	\$9,964 	\$ 105,093 5,519	\$119,282 690,483 101,108	\$119,282 203,518 5,520
Total governmental activities	<u>\$1,011,521</u>	<u>\$9,964</u>	\$110,612	\$910 , 873	\$328 , 320

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences for governmental activities are generally paid by the General Fund.

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (continued)

<u>Capital leases payable</u> - Leases payable consisted of the fol December 31, 2013:	lowing leases at
First Continental Leasing:	
Collateralized by a 140M Caterpillar motorgrader for \$207,000 due in five annual installments of \$19,912 and one balloon payment of \$138,000, including interest at 3.60%.	\$180,612
BancorpSouth Equipment Finance:	
Collateralized by a Caterpillar D6K Dozer for \$159,000, due in five annual installments of \$23,693 and one balloon payment of \$62,000, including interest at 3.45%.	62,184
Collateralized by a Caterpillar 12M motorgrader for \$190,746, due in five annual installments of \$21,869 and one balloon payment of \$110,000, including interest at 3.45%.	109,685
Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation:	
Collateralized by a 140M Caterpillar motorgrader for \$205,064 due in four annual installments of \$22,580 and one balloon payment of \$144,580, including interest at 3.45%.	156 , 925
Collateralized by a 320DL Caterpillar excavator for \$188,500 due in four annual installments of \$27,877 and one balloon payment of \$101,877, including interest at 3.45%.	122,142
Collateralized by a 930H Caterpillar wheel loader for \$136,171 due in five annual installments of \$19,808, including interest at 3.20%.	55 , 815
Marlin Business Bank:	
Collateralized by a Xerox 5330 copier for \$4,801 due in 60 monthly installments of \$80 per month including interest at 0.0%.	3,120
Total	690,483
Less current portion	(203,518)
Total long-term portion	<u>\$ 486,965</u>
The assets acquired under capital leases at December 31, 201	3 are as follows:
Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$1,151,282 378,105
Carrying value	<u>\$ 773,177</u>

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (continued) 7

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2013:

Year ending December 31,

2014 2015 2016 2017	\$223,030 309,030 200,574 240
Total minimum lease payments	732,874
Less amount representing interest	42,391
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$690 , 483

Landfill closure and post-closure care costs - The County was under contract with the City of Hawkinsville to share in the cost of operating the local landfill. Therefore, the County is responsible to share in the cost of closure and post-closure of the local landfill.

State and federal laws and regulations require that a final cover be placed on the landfill when it stops accepting waste, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site. The local landfill was closed on April 8, 1994. All requirements for closure have been met, and the Certificate of Closure (Certificate) was received by the County as of April 19, 2002. Conditions of the closure certificate include monitoring and maintenance for a period of thirty years from the Certificate date.

The County has provided one-half of the cost to place a final cover on the landfill and monitoring costs to date. The remaining cost to monitor the landfill is estimated to be \$101,108 and has been included in accrued expenses of the governmental activities. These expenses were estimated by the County's outside engineering firm and do not specifically include any estimates due to the effect of inflation or deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. During the current year, actual post-closure expenses of \$5,519 were paid. Post-closure care costs are generally paid by the General Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Pulaski County Board of Health - The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	<u>\$11,851</u>	<u>\$2,970</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$14,821	\$2,964
Total	<u>\$11,851</u>	\$2,970	<u>\$</u>	\$14,821	\$2,964

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences for the Board of Health are generally paid by the General Fund.

8. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY:

There were no deficit net position items for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The CDBG Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of \$35,550 due to the recording of construction in progress at December 31, 2013. Management expects to eliminate this deficit by drawing down CDBG funds as construction is completed.

9. VIOLATION OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS:

Excess of expenditures over appropriations - There were no excesses of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Violations of Georgia law - The County during 2013 used SPLOST funds for purposes that were not approved in the referendum. State law prohibits the expenditure of SPLOST funds for purposes not approved in the referendum. These funds will be reimbursed by the General Fund during 2014.

10. RESTRICTED NET POSITION:

RESTRICTED NET POSITION:	Restricted by Enabling Legislation	External or Constitutional Restrictions	Total
Governmental Activities -			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	\$245,490	\$	\$245 , 490
Jail Construction	5,947		5,947
Drug Condemnation	16,130		16,130
E-911 operations	11,663		11,663
Law library	2,791		2,791
Adopt-a-cop bullet			
proof vests		225	225
Health incentives		718	718
Culture and recreation	6,345		6,345
Total restricted net position - Governmenta Activities	1 \$288,366	\$ 042	\$280 200
ACLIVILLES	4200,300	<u>\$ 943</u>	<u>\$289,309</u>

11. 2010 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX:

The voters of the County approved a One Percent Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) on July 20, 2010 for the following purposes: acquisition of the property, construction and equipping three fire substations in the County; improvements needed at the public safety facility; to provide for a multi service building at the recreation complex; to purchase vehicles for the sheriff and road departments; to provide for relocation of road department and improvements to certain county buildings and roads; to provide for a parking lot at the Library; to provide matching funds for state contracts on roads and other grants. Collections began October 1, 2010 and will continue for six years. These funds must be kept separate from other cash deposits held by the County.

12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN:

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the Pulaski County 457 Deferred Compensation Plan. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Pursuant to changes in Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the plan has been amended to convert the deferred compensation plan to a trust. The plan is administered by GEBCorp. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the trust, established for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The County has no liability for these assets and they are not subject to the claims of the County's general creditors. All contributions to this plan are voluntary employee contributions.

13. PENSIONS:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The County sponsors the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Restated Pension Plan for Pulaski County Employees (the Plan) which is a defined benefit pension plan. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of an adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by GEBCorp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The ACCG issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the County's pension plan. A copy of this report is on file at the County Commissioner's office.

Funding Policy - The County is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount annually to the Plan's trust. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans. Administrative expenses are based on total covered payroll of plan members and are added to the state-required annual funding requirement. The projection of benefits for financial accounting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of the legal or contractual funding limitations.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Commissioner, to establish and amend from time to time, the contribution rates for the employer and its plan members.

Effective January 1, 2009, no contributions are required by Participants. The County contributes the entire cost of the Plan, using the actuarial basis described in the annual valuation report. The annual County contribution meets or exceeds the minimum funding requirements of Georgia Statute 47-20.
13. PENSIONS: (continued)

The County's covered compensation for employees participating in the Plan as of January 1, 2013 was \$889,770. The required contribution for 2013 was \$81,180, which represents 9.1% of the covered payroll. The actual contribution for 2013 was \$83,215, which represents 9.4% of the covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (Asset) - The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the Plan for the current year were determined as follows:

Derivation of Net Pension Obligation (Asset):

Net Pension Obligation (Asset) as of Beginning of Prior Year	\$ 3,947
Annual Pension Cost for Prior Year\$ 85,4Actual Contributions to Plan for Prior Year(85,4	
Increase in Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	(21)
Net Pension Obligation (Asset) as of Beginning of the Year	<u>\$ 3,926</u>

Derivation of Annual Pension Cost:

Annual Required Contribution	\$83,215
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	304
Amortization of Net Pension Obligation	(326)
Annual pension cost	<u>\$83,193</u>

Basis of Valuation:

Current Valuation Date	January 1, 2013
Annual Return on Invested Plan Assets	7.75% per year
Projected Annual Salary Increases	5% - 7.5% per year, based on age
Expected annual inflation	3.0% per year
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market Value
Actuarial Funding Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay (closed)
Amortization Period	10 years

The governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position reports a net pension obligation of \$3,926.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Changes}}$ to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Plan}}$ – There have been no substantive changes since the last actuarial valuation.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual	Actual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	County	of APC	Pension
Beginning	<u>Cost (APC)</u>	<u>Contribution</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
01/01/11	\$69,796	\$69,817	100.0%	\$3,968
01/01/12	85,404	85,425	100.0%	3,947
01/01/13	83,193	83,215	100.0%	3,926

13. PENSIONS: (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress - The funded status of the plan for the current year is as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2013
Actuarial value of assets	\$1,483,841
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$1,630,594
Actuarial value of assets as percentage of AAL	91.0%
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$146,753
Annual covered payroll	\$889,770
UAAL as percentage of annual covered payroll	16.5%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financials statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The County offers its employees a defined contribution money purchase retirement plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(a). The ACCG 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan for Employees of Pulaski County (401(a) Plan) is a defined contribution plan established by the County Commissioner on December 1, 2008. This plan is administered by GEBCorp. The 401(a) Plan provides benefits at retirement to Pulaski County employees. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the County.

Employees are eligible to participate in the 401(a) Plan on their employment date and must work at least 40 hours per week. Employees are not required to contribute to the 401(a) Plan. Participants are fully vested in the County's contributions upon completion of five years of service. Participants are fully vested immediately in their contributions to the 401(a) Plan. The County shall make a basic contribution on behalf of each employee equal to 2.0% of compensation. The County shall make a matching contribution on behalf of each participant to this 401(a) Plan equal to half of the first 4.0% the participant contributes to the Pulaski County 457 Deferred Compensation Plan up to a maximum contribution by the County of 2%. Therefore, an employee who contributes 4% to the Pulaski County 457 Deferred Compensation Plan will receive an additional 2% contribution to this 401(a) Plan.

The County's contributions were calculated using the formula detailed above. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the County's contribution to the 401(a) Plan was \$87,363.

In addition, the following pension and retirement plans are in effect, but are not under the direct control of the County:

Probate Judge's Retirement Fund of Georgia - The Probate Judge is covered under a pension plan that requires that certain sums from marriage licenses and fines or forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.

13. PENSIONS: (continued)

<u>Clerk of Superior Court Retirement Fund</u> - The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from fees and fines or forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.

Sheriff's Retirement Fund/Peace Officer's Annuity and Benefit Fund - The Sheriff and sheriff deputies are covered under a pension plan that requires that certain sums from fines or forfeitures be remitted by the Probate Judge or Clerk of Superior Court to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.

14. RURAL TRANSPORTATION:

The County currently operates a public transit system in the Pulaski County area. The County received a capital contract for public transportation through the Georgia Department of Transportation (DOT). The Georgia DOT agreed to a matching grant for the costs of operations. Within a given budget limit, the Georgia DOT will pay 80% of the administrative costs and 50% of the net operation costs. These funds paid by the state are pass-thru funds from the federal government.

For 2013, the expenses listed in the schedule of departmental expenditures are considered correct for purposes of reimbursements from the Georgia DOT.

15. CONDUIT DEBT:

On September 4, 2003, the Pulaski County/Hawkinsville Development Authority (Authority) issued \$19,500,000 in revenue bonds for the express purpose of financing the acquisition of various health care facilities and operations for Health Systems Facilities, Inc. (HSFI). There were three separate issues: \$17,200,000 for the Elder Care Pharmacy Project, \$1,540,000 for the ECP Distributors Project, and \$760,000 for the Golden Age Nursing Home Project. The bonds will bear interest at a tax exempt rate not to exceed 9.0% per annum and will mature no later than January 1, 2034. The principal outstanding at December 31, 2013 was \$11,633,216. The first payment on the bonds was due January 1, 2004. The bonds were purchased by the former shareholders of Elder Care Pharmacy, ECP Distributors, and Golden Age Nursing Home and all payments will be made directly to these individuals (lenders) by the borrower, HSFI.

These bonds shall constitute only a limited obligation of the issuer, the Authority, and shall be payable solely from the amounts received from the Company under the Lease Agreement and any other security specifically pledged therefor and will not constitute a debt or a general obligation or pledge of the faith and credit of the State of Georgia or any political subdivision thereof, including the City of Hawkinsville and Pulaski County, and shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the State of Georgia or any political subdivision, including the City of Hawkinsville and Pulaski County, to levy or to pledge any form of taxation whatever for the payment thereof.

16. UPPER PAYMENT LIMIT INTERGOVERNMENTAL TRANSFERS:

The Authority, HSFI, and various nursing centers have applied to the State of Georgia for the Upper Payment Limit Rate Adjustment (UPLRA) payments available with respect to the nursing centers under the Upper Limit Payment Rate Adjustment program (Upper Limit Program). The Authority, HSFI, and the nursing centers have agreed upon a mutually agreeable funding mechanism to fund the Upper Payment Limit Intergovernmental Transfers required in order to qualify for and obtain the UPLRA Payments under the Upper Limit Program. The Authority at the request of HSFI and the nursing centers will transfer to the State of Georgia certain funds which HSFI has arranged to borrow and provide to the Authority. The Authority is entitled to a transaction handling fee in an amount equal to one-fourth of one percent (.25%) of the aggregate wire transfer amount. During 2013, the Authority received and transferred \$9,478,215 of UPLRA Payments to the State of Georgia and received \$23,700 in handling fees.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of these risks of loss other than injuries to employees. The risks of loss for injuries to employees is provided through participation in the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund (Fund) and Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. This membership allows the County to share liability, crime, motor vehicle, and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. GIRMA is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities. GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The liability of the Fund to the employees of the County is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability. GIRMA members shall be jointly and severally liable for all legal obligations of the pools. Based upon the financial performance of the risk pools, the County may be liable for additional premium assessments to meet any financial deficiencies or be entitled to receive a dividend. The County's risk is constituted by a \$1,000 deductible for each automobile occurrence and a \$2,500 deductible each for all other occurrences.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

The fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the realm of the Worker's Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding compensation therefore, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false, or fraudulent. The fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage provided in any of the past three fiscal years.

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The County has received federal and state grant or loan monies for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as a result of these reviews or audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time. Management believes that the amount, if any, would be immaterial.

The County entered into an agreement with the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia to establish and maintain an enhanced 911 emergency communications system for the County and the City. The agreement will last for a term of one year and will automatically renew unless terminated. Each party will contribute to the E-911 Fund through cellular and phone line subscriber charges with any additional program costs being shared.

The County signed a Boat Ramp Operation and Maintenance Agreement and a Lease for Boat Ramp Construction with the Georgia Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The County will be responsible for maintaining and operating the boat ramp at no charge to the public. The lease will be in effect for 25 years after execution.

The County entered into an agreement with the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia (City) to consolidate the Sheriff and Police Departments for the County and the City. The agreement will commence July 1, 2010 and shall terminate on June 30, 2013. This agreement shall continue after termination under the same terms unless terminated by either party upon ninety days' written notice. The City paid the County \$43,333.33 per month for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013. Effective July 1, 2013, the City began paying \$47,858.17 per month.

The County entered into an agreement with the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia (City) to consolidate the fire protection and emergency management services for the County and the City. The agreement will commence July 1, 2011 and shall terminate on June 30, 2014. This agreement shall continue after termination under the same terms unless terminated by either party upon ninety days' written notice. The City began paying the County \$15,158.33 per month beginning July 10, 2011.

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES: (continued)

The County entered into an agreement with Armory Consultants, LLC during December 2012 to act as construction manager for the Armory addition. Under the contract's original terms, the County was to pay Armory Consultants, LLC ten percent of all monthly costs incurred on the project. Effective January 2013, the Commissioner amended the contract to limit total payments to Armory Consultants, LLC to \$40,000. This contract was completed during 2013.

The County entered into an equipment lease agreement with ComSouth for the rental of E-911 equipment. The agreement will commence on October 1, 2012 and shall terminate in September 2017. This agreement shall continue after termination under the same terms unless terminated by either party by June 30 by written notice. The County began paying ComSouth \$5,732 per month beginning October 2012.

The County was awarded a FY 2014 Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant in the amount of \$284,402. The grant requires the County to provide a match with local funds in the amount of \$65,631.

The County entered into a contract with Graham & Studstill General Contractors during December 2013 to construct the Fire Department Building at the 911 Center for the amount of \$92,300.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

The County was awarded an Assistance to Firefighters Grant totaling 61,771. This grant requires the County to provide a 5.0% match with local funds which totals 3,088.

Subsequent to year end, the County entered into an agreement with the City of Hawkinsville, Georgia (City) for the provision of the services of the Hawkinsville Planning and Zoning Commission to review planning and zoning issues arising outside of the City of Hawkinsville, but within Pulaski County. The agreement will commence May 5, 2014 and shall terminate on May 5, 2015. This agreement shall continue after termination under the same terms unless terminated by either party upon ninety days' written notice. The County will pay the City at the same rate and in the same amounts as paid by the City to its own Planning and Zoning Board Commission members.

During April 2014, the County entered into a capital lease in the amount of \$156,813 with Yancey Brothers for a 2013 140M2 motorgrader.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS -ACCG RESTATED PENSION PLAN FOR PULASKI COUNTY EMPLOYEES

Actuarial Valuation Date (01/01)	(1) Actuarial Value <u>of Assets</u>	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Funded Ratio <u>(1) / (2)</u>	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll <u>(prior year)</u>	(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
2011	1,368,855	1,589,801	86.1%	220,946	996,288	22.2%
2012	1,390,464	1,637,284	84.9%	246,820	954,171	25.9%
2013	1,483,841	1,630,594	91.0%	146,753	889,770	16.5%

The assets and liabilities shown above reflect expected amounts as of the last day of the plan year. These amounts may vary from those used in determining the required contribution, since those calculations use actual amounts as of the first day of the next plan year.

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$4,915,079	\$4,915,079	\$4,602,095	\$(312,984)
Licenses and permits	37,000	37,000	22,414	(14,586)
Intergovernmental	12,000	12,000	263,545	251,545
Charges for services	320,000	320,000	282,890	(37,110)
Fines and forfeitures	231,000	231,000	147,014	(83,986)
Interest	200	200	, 75	(125)
Miscellaneous	943,120	943,120	811,791	(131, 329)
Total revenues	6,458,399	6,458,399	6,129,824	(328,575)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	826,802	826,802	821,399	5,403
Judicial	607,923	607,923	566,228	41,695
Public safety	2,868,767	2,868,767	2,821,732	47,035
Public works	1,232,259	1,083,779	954,311	129,468
Health and welfare	396,771	396,771	385,663	11,108
Culture and recreation Community and economic	127,520	38,000	32,706	5,294
development Debt service:	242,844	242,844	174,127	68,717
Principal retirement		106,000	104,372	1,628
Interest and				
finance charges	10,000	49,000	40,811	8,189
Total expenditures	6,312,886	6,219,886	5,901,349	318,537
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	145,513	238,513	228,475	(10,038)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sales of		~ ~ ~ ~ ~	4 554	(10,040)
capital assets	20,000	20,000	1,751	(18,249)
Transfers in			444	444
Transfers out	(165,513)	<u>(258,513</u>)	(211,173)	47,340
Total other financing sources (uses)	(145,513)	(238,513)	(208,978)	29,535
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u> (</u>	<u>(200,010</u>)	, 19 , 497	19,497
				エフ , 任フ /
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	991,947	991,947	991,947	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 991,947</u>	<u>\$ 991,947</u>	<u>\$1,011,444</u>	<u>\$ 19,497</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. BUDGETARY POLICY:

The budget is prepared by the sole County Commissioner using generally accepted accounting principles. It is presented in an advertised public hearing forum for discussion and published in a local newspaper. The budget for the year ending December 31 is then adopted by a Resolution, as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Capital Projects Funds are prepared and adopted on a total project or project-length basis rather than on an annual basis.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level within individual funds. A Departmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual is included as supplemental information. As required by Georgia law, the amount budgeted for specific items or purposes is not required to be utilized for such items or purposes and may be spent by the County Commissioner for other items within the same department for which allocations are originally made.

2. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS:

No individual major fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2013.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	SI	PECIAL REVENUE			
	<u>E-911</u>	PULASKI COUNTY LAW LIBRARY	HAWKINSVILLE - PULASKI COUNTY RECREATION BOARD	CDBG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS					
Cash - financial institutions Receivables:	\$ 172	\$2 , 791	\$11,906	\$ 1	\$ 14,870
Accounts Due from other funds Intergovernmental	26,185 9,952		340	 67,091	26,525 9,952 67,091
Prepaid items	241				241
Total assets	<u>\$36,550</u>	<u>\$2,791</u>	<u>\$12,246</u>	<u>\$ 67,092</u>	<u>\$118,679</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Other payables	\$	\$ 	\$ 2,213	\$102,642	\$104,862
Total liabilities	7		2,657	102,642	105,306
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS): Nonspendable - Prepaid items	241				241
Restricted for: E-911 operations Law library	36,302	2, 791			36,302 2,791
Culture and recreation Capital projects			9,589	(35,550)	9,589 <u>(35,550</u>)
Total fund balance (deficits)	36,543	2,791	9,589	(35,550)	13,373
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$36,550</u>	<u>\$2,791</u>	<u>\$12,246</u>	<u>\$ 67,092</u>	<u>\$118,679</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	SPE	CIAL REVENUE F			
	<u>E-911</u>	PULASKI COUNTY LAW LIBRARY	HAWKINSVILLE- PULASKI COUNTY RECREATION BOARD	CDBG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES :					
Intergovernmental	\$ 112,552	\$	\$ 75,000	\$339,962	\$ 527,514
Charges for services	138,704	6,804	73,241		218,749
Miscellaneous	36		6,169	23,136	29,341
Total revenues	251,292	6,804	154,410	363,098	775,604
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Judicial		5,043			5,043
Public safety	445,603				445,603
Culture and recreation			250,072		250,072
Capital outlay -					
Public works				398,649	398,649
Debt service:			701		701
Principal retirements			721		721
Interest and finance charges			741		741
Total expenditures	445,603	5,043	251,534	398,649	1,100,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(194,311)	1,761	(97,124)	(35,551)	(325,225)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -					
Transfers in	118,682		92,491		211,173
Total other financing sources	118,682		92,491		211,173
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(75,629)	1,761	(4,633)	(35,551)	(114,052)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	112,172	1,030	14,222	1	127,425
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 36,543</u>	<u>\$2,791</u>	<u>\$ 9,589</u>	<u>\$(35,550</u>)	<u>\$ 13,373</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT	PROBATE _JUDGE	SHERIFF	TAX COMMISSIONER	TOTAL AGENCY <u>FUNDS</u>
ASSETS					
Cash - financial institutions	<u>\$30,980</u>	<u>\$35,364</u>	\$4,836	<u>\$730,214</u>	<u>\$801,394</u>
Total assets	<u>\$30,980</u>	<u>\$35,364</u>	<u>\$4,836</u>	<u>\$730,214</u>	<u>\$801,394</u>
LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities Funds held in escrow Due to other governments	\$23,359 7,621 	\$ 7,674 27,690	\$4,836	\$ _ 730,214	\$ 35,869 35,311 730,214
Total liabilities	<u>\$30,980</u>	<u>\$35,364</u>	<u>\$4,836</u>	\$730,214	<u>\$801,394</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - E-911 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 110,000 125,987	\$ 125,500 156,987	\$ 112,552 138,704 36	\$(12,948) (18,283) <u>36</u>
Total revenues	235,987	282,487	251,292	(31,195)
EXPENDITURES -				
Current - Public safety	401,500	448,000	445,603	2,397
Total expenditures	401,500	448,000	445,603	2,397
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(165,513</u>)	(165,513)	(194,311)	(28,798)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - Transfers in	165,513	165 , 513	118,682	(46,831)
Total other financing sources	165,513	165,513	118,682	(46,831)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			(75,629)	(75,629)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	112,172	112,172	112,172	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 112,172</u>	<u>\$ 112,172</u>	<u>\$ 36,543</u>	<u>\$(75,629</u>)

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PULASKI COUNTY LAW LIBRARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Charges for services Interest	\$ 9,900 100	\$ 9,900 100	\$6,804 	\$(3,096) (100)
Total revenues	10,000	10,000	6,804	(3,196)
EXPENDITURES - Current -				
Judicial	10,000	10,000	5,043	4,957
Total expenditures	10,000	10,000	5,043	4,957
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			1,761	1,761
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,030	1,030	1,030	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,030</u>	<u>\$ 1,030</u>	<u>\$2,791</u>	<u>\$ 1,761</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -HAWKINSVILLE-PULASKI COUNTY RECREATION DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$157 , 000	\$ 75 , 000	\$75 , 000	\$
Charges for services	65,800	67,400	73,241	5,841
Miscellaneous	11,100	16,600	6,169	(10,431)
Total revenues	233,900	159,000	154,410	(4,590)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current - Culture and recreation	233,900	250,200	250,072	128
Debt service:	200,000	200,200	230,072	120
Principal		900	721	179
Interest		900	741	159
Total expenditures	233,900	252,000	251,534	466
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVEN	UES	(02,000)		(4 104)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(93,000)	(97,124)	(4,124)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -				
Transfers in		93,000	92,491	(509)
Total other financing				
sources		93,000	92,491	(509)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			(4,633)	(4,633)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	14,222	14,222	14,222	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 14,222</u>	<u>\$ 14,222</u>	<u>\$ 9,589</u>	<u>\$ (4,633</u>)

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CDBG FUND FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL TO DATE	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$500 , 000	\$500,000	\$380,962	\$(119,038)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	23,137	13,137
Total revenues	510,000	510,000	404,099	(105,901)
EXPENDITURES - Capital outlay -				
Public works	510,000	510,000	439,649	70,351
Total expenditures	510,000	510,000	439,649	70,351
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			(35,550)	(35,550)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$(35,550</u>)	<u>\$ (35,550</u>)

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - 2010 SPLOST FUND FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL TO DATE	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$7,200,000	\$7,200,000	\$2,843,973	\$(4,356,027)
Intergovernmental		50 , 500	50,679	179
Interest		3,000	1,165	(1,835)
Total revenues	7,200,000	7,253,500	2,895,817	(4,357,683)
EXPENDITURES:				
Intergovernmental Capital outlay:	3,225,000	3,225,000	1,229,279	1,995,721
General government	100,000	101,500	40,185	61,315
Public safety	1,300,000	1,326,586	584,452	742,134
Public works	1,795,000	1,782,000	275,695	1,506,305
Culture and recreation	780,000	795,000	670,019	124,981
Debt service:		00 000	71 000	10 100
Principal Interest		90,000 10,000	71,838 2,874	18,162 7,126
INCELESC		10,000	2,074	//120
Total expenditures	7,200,000	7,330,086	2,874,342	4,455,744
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u>(76,586</u>)	21,475	98,061
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		15,000	15,000	
Sheriff Department note proceeds		62,036	62,036	
Transfers out		(450)	(444)	6
			,	<u>_</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		76,586	76,592	6
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			98,067	98,067
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 98,067</u>	<u>\$ 98,067</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA DEPARTMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

REVENUES:	
Tax Commissioner	\$3,832,216
Local option sales tax	431,859
Insurance premium tax	344,645
Mobile home tax	18,339
Franchise fee tax	26,555
Beer tax	22,553
Real estate transfer tax	7,793
Magistrate Court	13,915
Building permits	14,414
Bank business licenses	14,607
Beer and liquor licenses	8,000
Clerk of Superior Court	70,547
Probate Court	73,835
Sheriff	116,926
Intergovernmental	6,840
Grants	256,705
Reimbursements:	
Landfill expense	8 , 395
Building expense	23,058
Insurance	3,906
Payroll taxes	6,347
Transit system	33,059
Animal control	313
Sheriff	547,149
Fire/EMA	181,900
Building inspection	15,879
Other	4,978
Miscellaneous	23,493
Jail Construction Fund	13,028
Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund	8,495
Interest	75
	C 100 004

Total revenues

\$6,129,824

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA DEPARTMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

EXPENDITURES:	
Administrative and general	\$ 325,066
Courthouse building	80,796
Tax Commissioner	193,699
Tax Assessor	176,307
Sheriff and jail	2,129,887
Civil defense	28,741
Public safety building	5,704
Fire department	349,410
Ambulance service	287,537
Roads and bridges	749,552
Environmental protection	136,093
Clerk of Superior Court	202,366
Superior Court	93,071
Probate Court	141,112
Magistrate Court	129,679
Public health	304,580
Department of Family and Children Services (DFACS)	7,200
Multipurpose senior center	17,622
Public library	31,318
Agriculture	33,247
Building inspection	67,859
Rural transportation	56,261
Regional Development Center	9,582
Industrial development	37,000
Coroner	18,797
Registrar	45,531
Other expenditures	26,439
Capital expenditures:	
Sheriff and jail	1,656
Roads and bridges	68,666
Recreation	1,388
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	104,372
Interest and finance charges	40,811
Total expanditures	5 001 240
Total expenditures	5,901,349
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	
EXPENDITURES	228,475
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,751
Transfers in	444
Transfers out	(211,173)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(208 , 978)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING	
SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	19,497
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	991,947
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$1,011,444</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA DEPARTMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES:			
Tax Commissioner	\$4,073,279	\$3,832,216	\$(241,063)
Local option sales tax	495,000	431,859	(63,141)
Insurance premium tax	330,000	344,645	14,645
Mobile home tax	30,000	18,339	(11,661)
Franchise fee tax	25,000	26,555	1,555
Beer tax	26,000	22,553	(3,447)
Real estate transfer tax	15,000	7,793	(7,207)
Magistrate Court	20,000	13,915	(6,085)
Building permits	32,000	14,414	(17,586)
Bank business licenses	15,000	14,607	(393)
Beer and liquor licenses	5,000	8,000	3,000
Clerk of Superior Court	79 , 500	70,547	(8,953)
Probate Court	137,000	73,835	(63 , 165)
Sheriff	150,000	116,926	(33,074)
Intergovernmental	12,000	6,840	(5,160)
Grants		256,705	256 , 705
Reimbursements:			
Landfill expense	15,000	8,395	(6 , 605)
Building expense	29,530	23,058	(6,472)
Insurance	12,000	3,906	(8,094)
Board of prisoners	1,000		(1,000)
Payroll taxes	8,000	6,347	(1,653)
Transit system	35,000	33,059	(1,941)
Juvenile services	6,000		(6,000)
Animal control	500	313	(187)
E-911	120,000		(120,000)
Sheriff	520,000	547,149	27,149
Fire/EMA	181,890	181,900	10
Building inspection	15,000	15,879	879
Other	20,000	4,978	(15,022)
Miscellaneous	19,500	23,493	3,993
Jail Construction Fund	20,000	13,028	(6,972)
Drug Abuse Treatment and Education			
Fund	10,000	8,495	(1,505)
Interest	200	75	(125)
Total revenues	6,458,399	6,129,824	<u>(328,575</u>)

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA DEPARTMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
EXPENDITURES:			
Administrative and general Courthouse building Tax Commissioner Tax Assessor Sheriff and jail Civil defense Public safety building Fire department Ambulance service Roads and bridges Environmental protection Clerk of Superior Court Superior Court Probate Court Magistrate Court Public health	\$ 320,932 93,707 190,873 179,109 2,105,066 35,000 11,900 320,434 287,300 849,970 143,809 200,014 96,800 183,047 125,562 298,600	<pre>\$ 325,066 80,796 193,699 176,307 2,129,887 28,741 5,704 349,410 287,537 749,552 136,093 202,366 93,071 141,112 129,679 304,580</pre>	<pre>\$ (4,134) 12,911 (2,826) 2,802 (24,821) 6,259 6,196 (28,976) (237) 100,418 7,716 (2,352) 3,729 41,935 (4,117) (5,980)</pre>
	298,600	304,580	(5,980)
Department of Family and Children Services (DFACS) Multipurpose senior center Public library Agriculture Building inspection Rural transportation Regional Development Industrial development Coroner Registrar Other expenditures	7,200 25,200 38,000 41,537 74,228 65,771 15,000 68,000 17,067 32,631 44,079	7,200 17,622 31,318 33,247 67,859 56,261 9,582 37,000 18,797 45,531 26,439	7,578 6,682 8,290 6,369 9,510 5,418 31,000 (1,730) (12,900) 17,640
Capital expenditures: Administrative and general Courthouse building Tax Commissioner Tax Assessor Sheriff and jail Fire department Roads and bridges Clerk of Superior Court Probate Court Magistrate Court Recreation Debt service:	2,550 3,000 1,000 3,000 37,000 55,000 90,000 1,000 1,000 500	 1,656 68,666 1,388	2,550 3,000 1,000 3,000 35,344 55,000 21,334 1,000 1,000 500 (1,388)
Principal retirement	106,000	104,372	1,628
Interest and finance charges	49,000	40,811	8,189
Total expenditures	6,219,886	5,901,349	318,537

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA DEPARTMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 238,513</u>	<u>\$ 228,475</u>	<u>\$(10,038</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sales of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	20,000 (258,513)	1,751 444 (211,173)	(18,249) 444 47,340
Total other financing sources (uses)	(238,513)	(208,978)	29,535
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		19,497	19,497
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	991,947	991,947	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 991,947</u>	\$1,011,444	<u>\$ 19,497</u>

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ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL:	
Salaries	\$126,876
Office supplies and printing	8,665
Telephone and utilities Travel	24,570 10,123
Dues and subscriptions	3,144
Repairs and maintenance	12,245
Insurance and bonding	32,678
Legal and audit	79,683
Payroll taxes	9,200
Retirement	7,684
Office equipment leases	2,209
Miscellaneous	7,989
Total	_325,066
COURTHOUSE BUILDING:	
Salaries	21,306
Supplies	4,557
Telephone and utilities	26,104
Repairs and maintenance	19,982
Insurance	5,818
Payroll taxes	1,569 691
Retirement Miscellaneous	769
Filscerraneous	
Total	80,796
TAX COMMISSIONER:	
Salaries	122,440
Office supplies and printing	7,708
Telephone	4,060
Travel	2,246
Repairs and maintenance	741
Insurance	15 , 508
Legal advertising	2,948
Payroll taxes	8,853
Retirement	11,361
Miscellaneous	17,834
Total	193,699
TAX ASSESSOR:	
Salaries	108,581
Office supplies and printing	9,153
Telephone	2,072
Travel	2,287
Repair and Maintenance	1,506
Insurance	12,176
Payroll taxes	7,922
Retirement	11 , 543
Service of Tax Assessors Board	2,256
Fees Board of Equalization	7,500
Legal services	2,855
Office equipment leases	2,891
Miscellaneous	5,565
Total	176,307
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SHERIFF AND JAIL:	
Salaries	\$1,279,502
Office supplies and printing	35,095
Supplies (Jail)	22,521
Telephone	20,775
Utilities (Jail)	50,686
Travel	119,603
Dues and subscriptions Repairs and maintenance	12,667 74,922
Insurance and bonding	206,724
Payroll taxes	96,193
Retirement	62,754
Board of prisoners	114,271
Medical - prisoners	24,470
Uniforms	3,496
Rent - equipment Miscellaneous	3,066
MISCEITANEOUS	3,142
Total	2,129,887
CIVIL DEFENSE:	
Miscellaneous	626
Animal control	28,115
Total	28,741
PUBLIC SAFETY BUILDING:	
Telephone and utilities	4,745
Miscellaneous	959
Total	5,704
FIRE DEPARTMENT:	
Salaries	198,747
Operational supplies	40,971
Utilities	22,305
Travel	5,175
Repairs and maintenance Insurance	9,913 42,489
Payroll taxes	14,096
Retirement	6,594
Services	7,961
Rent equipment	125
Miscellaneous	1,034
Total	349,410
AMBULANCE SERVICE:	
Appropriation	275,004
Insurance	5,833
State license	6,700
Total	287,537

ROADS AND DETROTS.	
ROADS AND BRIDGES: Salaries	\$241,946
Supplies and small hand tools	15,047
Telephone and utilities	17,912
Repairs and maintenance	245,689
Insurance	45,465
Payroll taxes	19,941
Retirement	21,306
Construction materials	15,683
Gas, oil, and grease	109,457
Vehicle	760
Uniforms Rent equipment	272 1,478
Roadside spraying	13,200
Miscellaneous	1,396
Total	749,552
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION:	
Salaries	31,357
Supplies	71
Telephone and utilities Repairs and maintenance	3,708 200
Insurance	1,696
Payroll taxes	2,467
Solid waste fees	83,349
Groundwater	10,665
Miscellaneous	2,580
Total	136,093
CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT:	
Salaries	136,638
Office supplies and printing	9,967
Telephone	3,606
Travel	2,071
Repairs and maintenance Insurance and bonding	4,562 14,441
Payroll taxes	9,857
Retirement	15,815
Office equipment leases	1,695
Miscellaneous	3,714
Total	202,366
SUPERIOR COURT:	
Salaries	1,901
Telephone	1,648
Jury and Bailiff Script	12,367
Court appointed attorney	76,150
Office equipment leases	1,005
Total	93,071

PROBATE COURT: Salaries	\$110,123
Office supplies and printing	2,483
Telephone	2,269
Travel	2,285
Repairs and maintenance	594
Insurance and bonding	6,088
Payroll taxes	8,284
Retirement	4,319
Election Office equipment leases	1,029 1,789
Miscellaneous	1,789
hiseerraneous	1,049
Total	141,112
MAGISTRATE COURT:	
Salaries	95 , 290
Office supplies and printing	1,970
Telephone	1,078
Travel	568
Repairs and maintenance	3,836 10,788
Insurance and bonding Payroll taxes	6,521
Retirement	8,580
Miscellaneous	1,048
	· · · · ·
Total	129,679
PUBLIC HEALTH:	
Appropriation	68,004
Repairs and maintenance	157
Mental health clinic	6,084
Burials	600
Indigent care – Taylor Regional Hospital	229,735
Total	304,580
DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY AND CHILDREN SERVICES:	
Appropriation	2,400
Child welfare	4,800
Total	7,200
MULTIPURPOSE SENIOR CENTER:	
Appropriation	7,200
Utilities	8,769
Repairs and maintenance	748
Insurance	905
Total	17,622
PUBLIC LIBRARY:	
Appropriation	28,008
Repairs and maintenance	3,310
Total	31,318

Salaries \$18,739 Supples \$18,739 Supples \$2,563 Travel \$2,563 Travel \$2,563 Travel \$2,563 Travel \$2,563 Travel \$2,563 Payroll taxes \$1,475 Retirement program \$2,247 4 H program supplement \$2,247 differ equipment leases \$1,200 Miscellaneous \$1,200 Miscellaneous \$1,200 Miscellaneous \$1,200 Niscellaneous \$1,200 Miscellaneous \$1,259 Office supplies and printing \$1,639 Travel \$1,639 Travel \$1,630 Retirement \$2,247 BUILDING INSPECTION: Salaries \$1,259 Office supplies and printing \$1,639 Travel \$1,630 Nepairs and maintenance \$1,399 Travel \$2,247 Miscellaneous \$2,259 Office supplies and printing \$1,259 Office supplies and printing \$1,639 Travel \$2,247 Nepairs and maintenance \$1,399 Travel \$2,247 Niscellaneous \$2,250 Total \$67,659 RURAL TRANSPORTATION: Salaries \$25,297 Repairs and maintenance \$7,222 Insurance \$7,446 Payroll taxes \$1,706 Miscellaneous \$12,000 Total \$56,261 Regional Development - Dues \$9,582 IDDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues \$9,582 IDDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues \$9,582 Total \$24,000 Office supples \$2,260 Office supples \$2,270 Telephone \$13,000 Total \$277 Telephone \$24,000 Office supples \$2,277 Telephone \$2,200 Total \$	AGRICULTURE:	
Supplies2,165Telephone2,523Repairs and maintenance2,800Payroll taxes1,475Retirement program2,2474-H program supplement1,200Office equipment leases1,007Miscellaneous1,266Total33,247BUILDING INSPECTION:1,639Salaries51,259Office supplies and printing631Telephone1,639Tavel1,639Repairs and maintenance81Insurance3,280Tatal67559Wiscellaneous3,280Total67559RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Repairs and maintenance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Total56,261Retirement2,310Total56,261Retirement1,300Fuel and oil705Supplements1,600Miscellaneous160Total37,000CORNER:24,000Salaries2,600Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$18,739</td></t<>		\$18 , 739
Travel 2,325 Repairs and maintenance 280 Payroll taxes 1,475 Retirement program 2,247 4-H program supplement 1,200 Office equipment leases 1,007 Miscellaneous 1,266 Total 33,247 BUILDING INSPECTION: 51,259 Salaries 51,259 Office supplies and printing 631 Travel 1,392 Repairs and maintenance 6,878 Insurance 6,878 Payroll taxes 1,504 Miscellaneous 3,280 Total 67,859 RURAL TRANSPORTATION: 25,297 Salaries 7,233 Insurance 7,234 Insurance 7,446 Payroll taxes 1,914 Retirement 2,310 Total 56,261 Recional Developments 160 Total 56,261 Recional Development 24,000 Archway project 13,000 Total 37,000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2,165</td></t<>		2,165
Repairs and maintenance280Payroll taxes1,475Retirement program2,247A+H program supplement1,200Miscellaneous1,226Total33,247BUILDING INSPECTION:1,639Salaries51,259Office supplies and printing631Tavel1,392Repairs and maintenance381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,508Miscellaneous3,220Total6,7,859Miscellaneous3,220Total6,7,859Miscellaneous3,220Total6,7,859Miscellaneous3,220Total6,7,859Miscellaneous1,610Total6,7,859Miscellaneous1,914Miscellaneous1,914Repairs and maintenance7,233Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Miscellaneous100Total56,261Rectinement9,562Insurance9,562INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,562INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:31,2000Total2,800Office supplies52,700Office supplies52,700Ordil taxes2,800Office supplies52,700Payroll taxes2,800Office supplies52,700Payroll taxes2,800Payroll taxes2,800Office supplies527Total3,000 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td></tr<>		
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Retirement program2,2474-H program supplement1,200Office equipment leases1,007Miscellaneous1,266Total33,247BUILDING INSPECTION:51,259Salaries51,259Office supplies and printing631Telephone1,639Travel381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Repairs and maintenance3,280Total67,859Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859Miscellaneous7,23Antal team7,23Miscellaneous1,914Payroll taxes1,914Repairs and maintenance7,464Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous1160Total56,261Regional Development - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues24,000Archway project13,000Total56,261Regional Development - Dues2,800Office supplies527Total37,000COROMENE:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Total37,000Payroll taxes214Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164		
Office equipment leases1,007Miscellaneous1,266Total33,247BUILDING INSPECTION:33Salaries51,259Office supplies and printing631Telephone1,639Travel1,392Repairs and maintenance811Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RUAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Salaries7,233Insurance7,233Insurance7,233Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:81Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inguest214		
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Salaries51,259Office supplies and printing631Telephone1,639Travel1,392Repairs and maintenance381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:2Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues37,000CORONER:31Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes24Inquest214Inquest214	Total	33,247
Office supplies and printing631Telephone1,639Travel1,392Repairs and maintenance381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance7,233Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:527Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance214Inquest214	BUILDING INSPECTION:	
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Travel1,392Repairs and maintenance381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:21,800Salaries22,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance81Insurance214Inguest114Supplement214Inguest15,164		
Repairs and maintenance381Insurance6,878Payroll taxes1,504Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:81Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214		
Payroll taxes1,504Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:81Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214		
Retirement895Miscellaneous3,280Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:9Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Supplement13,000Total37,000CORONER:9Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214		
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Total67,859RURAL TRANSPORTATION:25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:21Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214		
RURAL TRANSPORTATION:Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,446Payroll taxes2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements100Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:22,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone11Payroll taxes11Payroll taxes214Inquest214	MISCELLAHEOUS	
Salaries25,297Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:9,582Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214Inquest15,164	Total	67,859
Repairs and maintenance723Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:9,582Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214	RURAL TRANSPORTATION:	
Insurance7,446Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest214		
Payroll taxes1,914Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:9,582Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:527Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164		
Retirement2,310Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT :9,582Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164		
Fuel and oil705Supplements17,706Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:9,582Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164		
Miscellaneous160Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT: Supplement Archway project24,000 13,000Total37,000CORONER: Salaries Office supplies Telephone Insurance Payroll taxes Inquest2,800 527 81 11 214 15,164	Fuel and oil	705
Total56,261REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT: Supplement Archway project24,000 13,000Total37,000CORONER: Salaries Office supplies Telephone Insurance Payroll taxes Inquest2,800 11 15,164		
REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues9,582INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT: Supplement Archway project24,000 13,000Total37,000CORONER: Salaries Office supplies Telephone Insurance Payroll taxes Inquest2,800 527 81 11 214 15,164	Miscellaneous	160
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	Total	56,261
Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT - Dues	9,582
Supplement24,000Archway project13,000Total37,000CORONER:2,800Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:	
Total37,000CORONER: Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	Supplement	24,000
CORONER:Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	Archway project	13,000
Salaries2,800Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	Total	37,000
Office supplies527Telephone81Insurance11Payroll taxes214Inquest15,164	CORONER :	
Telephone 81 Insurance 11 Payroll taxes 214 Inquest 15,164		
Insurance 11 Payroll taxes 214 Inquest 15,164		
Payroll taxes 214 Inquest 15,164		
Inquest		
Total		
	Total	18,797

REGISTRAR: Salaries Office supplies and printing Telephone Travel Repairs and maintenance Insurance Payroll taxes Miscellaneous Board of Registrars fees	\$ 31,537 5,587 2,453 1,874 161 200 2,192 1,487 40	7 3 1 2 2 7
Total	45,531	<u> </u>
OTHER DISBURSEMENTS: Airport Natural resources Total	2,114 24,325 26,439	5
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES: Sheriff and Jail Roads and bridges Recreation Total	1,656 68,666 <u>1,388</u> 71,710	5
DEBT SERVICE: Principal retirements Interest and finance charges	104,372 40,811	<u>L</u>
Total expenditures	<u>145,183</u> <u>\$5,901,349</u>	_

SCHEDULES TO MEET REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS - SPLOST

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS - 2010 SPLOST FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original	Expenditures			Estimated		
	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion		
Fire Department facilities and equipment	\$1,000,000	\$ 148,479	\$ 211,137	\$359,616	35.96%		
Various Department vehicles	450,000	171 , 307	55,404	226,711	50.38%		
Road construction and improvements	1,200,000	163,721	89,283	253,004	21.08%		
Library parking lot	30,000		1,300	1,300	4.33%		
County building renovations	75,000	5,945	15,793	21,738	28.98%		
Road Department relocation	470,000				0.00%		
Recreation Board facilities	375,000	49,197	285,794	334,991	89.33%		
Recreation Board facilities - City of Hawkinsville, Georgia	375 , 000	49 , 196	285 , 794	334,990	89.33%		
Intergovernmental - City of Hawkinsville, Georgia	3,225,000	859,918	369,361	1,229,279	38.12%		
Totals	<u>\$7,200,000</u>	<u>\$1,447,763</u>	<u>\$1,313,866</u>	<u>\$2,761,629</u>			

NOTE: The County serves as fiscal agent for the distribution of the City of Hawkinsville's Recreation Board SPLOST proceeds in accordance with an intergovernmental agreement. Accordingly, all expenditures are shown as culture and recreation expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds. Pulaski County, Georgia Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Line No.	O.C.G.A. Reference:			
1	Indicate UCOA Fund Type Used to Account for 9-1-1 Activity (choose one):			
	X Special Revenue Fund Enterprise Fund			
2	Expenditures (UCOA Activity 3800) Wireless service supplier cost recovery charges (identify each supplier individually on lines below - attach list, if necessary)		•	
		:	s	
			s	
3	Emergency telephone equipment, including necessary computer hardware, software, and data base provisioning, addressing, and nonrecurring costs of establishing a 9-1-1 system:			
3a	Lease costs 46-5-134(0(1)(A))		s	
36	Purchase costs 3655134(0(1)(8))	医脑腔	s _	
3c	Maintenance costs 46-5-134(D(1)(Å)		s	
4	Rates associated with the service suppliers 9-1-1 service and other service suppliers recurring charges		\$ _	
5	Employees hired by the local government solely for the operation and maintenance of the emergency 9-1-1 system and employees who work as directors as defined in O.C.G.A. \$46-5-138.2			
5a	Salaries and wages 46.5334(0(1)(C))		\$_	279,936
5b	Employee bonefits 46:5-134(f)(1)(C)		\$_	60,863
6	Cost of training of employees who work as dispatchers or directors <u>36-5-134(D(1)(D)</u> .		s _	1,476
7	Office supplies of the public safety answering points used directly in providing emergency 9-1-1 system services 46:5:134(f)(1)(E).		\$_	823
8	Building used as a public safety answering point:			
8a	Lease costs 26:5:134(0(1)(F))		\$_	
8b	Purchase costs 4635-134(f)(1XF)	ietana.	\$	2,306
9	Computer hardware and software used at a public safety answering point, including computer assisted dispatch systems and automatic vehicle location systems:			
9 a	Lease costs 46-3-134(0(L)(G)		\$	68,825
9b	Purchase costs 46-5-334(0(1)(6)		\$.	
9c	Maintenance costs 4653134(0(1)(0)		\$_	2,208
10	Supplies directly related to providing emergency 9-1-1 system services, including the cost of printing emergency 9-1-1 public education materials 46-5-134(D(1)(H)	<u> 2005/2005</u>	\$	
11	Logging recorders used at a public safety answering point to record telephone and radio traffic:			
lla	Lease costs 46-5-134(()()())		\$	

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Pulaski County, Georgia Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Line No.		A.		
115	Purchase costs 46.5-134(0)(1)(1	D <i>200000000000</i>	s	
110	Maintenance costs 36.5.133(0)11(0.886/688	\$	
12	Insurance purchased to insure against risks and liability in the operation and maintenance of the 9-1-1 system on behalf of the local government or on behalf of employees hired by the local government solely for the operation and maintenance of the 9-1-1 system and employees who work as directors 46.5-134(1)(2)(1)	B)(I)	\$	4,082
13	Mobile communications vehicle and equipment, if the primary purpose and designation of such vehicle is to function as a backup 9-1-1 system center			
13a	Lease costs 46-5-134(1)(2(B	960	s	
136	Purchase costs 46-5-134(1)(2/B	9(ii)	s	
13c	Maintenance costs 46-5-134(0)2(E	900)%%%%	s	
14	Allocation of indirect costs associated with supporting the 9-1-1 system center and operations as identified and outlined in an indirect cost allocation plan approved by the local governing authority that is consistent with the costs allocated within the local government to both governmental and business-type activities 46:5-134(f)(2)(1)	B)((ii)).	\$	
15	Mobile public safety voice and data equipment, geo-targeted test messaging afert systems, or towers necessary to carry out the function of 9-1-1 system operations			
15a	Lease costs 46.5-134(1)(2(E	(vi)(\$	
156	Purchase costs 46:5:134(0)2(E	9XiV)	s	
15c	Maintenance costs 46-5-134(f)(2(E	\$)(ii))	\$	<u></u>
16	Public safety voice and data communications systems located in the 9-1-1 system facility that further the legislative intent of providing the highest level of emergency response service on a local, regional, and state-wide basis, including equipment and associated hardware and software that supports the use of public safety wireless voice and data communication systems			
16a	Lease costs <u>36.5.134(1)(2(E</u>	3)(v) 😳	\$	
16b	Purchase costs 46-5-134(f)(2)(E	3)(v)	s	
16¢	Maintenance costs 36.5-134(D/2)	nin see oo oo	\$	
17	Other expenditures not included in Lines 2 through 16 above. Identify by object and purpose. Maintenance		\$	4,702
	Supplies		s	11,708
	Utilities		\$	8,504

Utilities

Miscellaneous

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\$ _____170

s _____

s _____

Pulaski County, Georgia Certification of 9-1-1 Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Line <u>No.</u>	O.C.G.A. Reference:		
		s	
		s	
18	Total Expenditures (total of all amounts reported on Lines 2 through 17 above)	\$	445,603
	Certification of Local Government Officials		
the 9- Anno gover reimb nonce assoc	e reviewed the information presented in this report and certify that it is accurate and correct. I further certify that -1-1 funds were expended in compliance with the expenditure requirements specified in the Official Code of Georgia bated (OCGA), Section 46-5-134. I understand that, in accordance with OCGA Section 46-5-134(m)(2), any local rument which makes expenditures not in compliance with this Code section may be held liable for pro rata bursement to telephone and wireless telecommunications subscribers of amounts improperly expended. Further, the compliant local government shall be solely financially responsible for the reimbursement and for any costs ciated with the reimbursement. Such reimbursement shall be accomplished by the service providers abating the spitton of the 9-1-1 charges and 9-1-1 wireless enhanced charges until such abatement equals the total amount e rebate.		
Signa	ature of Chief Elected Official mallal		
Print	t Name of Chief Elected Official M.A. Hall		
Title	of Chief Elected Official Sole Commissioner		
Sign	nature of Chief Financial Officer Sara MulersDate 7-11-14		
Print	t Name of Chief Financial Officer Sara Myers		

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PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PUBLIC FACILITY PROGRAM SEWER IMPROVEMENTS GRANT NUMBER 12p-y-116-1-5454 FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Fiscal Year 2012 CDBG Funds Awarded to Recipient	<u>\$500,000</u>
Total Amount Drawdown by Recipient from DCA to Date	\$380,962
Total Amount Brawdown by Recipient from Bon to Bate	<i>4300,302</i>
Less: CDBG Funds Expended by Recipient to Date	380,962
Amount of Fiscal Year 2012 CDBG Funds held by Recipient	<u>\$</u>

PULASKI COUNTY, GEORGIA PROJECT COST SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PUBLIC FACILITY PROGRAM SEWER IMPROVEMENTS GRANT NUMBER 12p-y-116-1-5454 FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Program Activity	CDBG Activity Number	Latest Approved Budget CDBG Funds	Accumulative CDBG Expenditures to Date	Accumulative Expenditures to Date (Other Funds)	Grand Total of Expenditures to Date	Questioned Costs (Explain in Remarks)
Contingencies - Unprogramed Funds Engineering - Water/Sewer	C-022-00	\$ 39,863	\$	\$	\$	NONE
Improvements Sewer Facilities Administration	T-03J-00 P-03J-02 A-21A-00	46,500 389,637 24,000	45,000 319,962 16,000	 	45,000 319,962 16,000	NONE NONE NONE
		<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>\$380,962</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$380,962</u>	

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

D. M. Vickers & Assoc., P. C.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the County Commissioner Pulaski County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pulaski County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pulaski County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 11, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Pulaski County Board of Health, as described in our report on Pulaski County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pulaski County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pulaski County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pulaski County, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pulaski County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item number 2013-2.

Pulaski County, Georgia's Response to Findings

Pulaski County, Georgia's response to the findings in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Pulaski County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

U. M. Vickers & associates, P. C.

July 11, 2014

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2013-1 Segregation of Duties

<u>Condition:</u> There is not appropriate segregation of duties between initiation, authorization, recording, processing, and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds and agencies possessed by the County.

<u>Criteria:</u> Internal controls should be in place which provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without such actions being detected during the normal course of business.

Effect: Failure to properly segregate duties between recording, distribution, and reconciliation of accounts can lead to misappropriation of funds that is not detected during the normal course of business.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The duties of recording, distribution, and reconciliation should be segregated between employees.

<u>Response:</u> The Commissioner concurs with the recommendation. Due to the size of the County's staff, this condition can not be totally addressed; however, this condition is minimized due to the Commissioner's involvement and the involvement of the elected officials of the agency fund offices.

2013-2 Violation of Georgia Law - SPLOST

<u>Condition:</u> The County used SPLOST funds during 2013 for purposes which were not approved in the referendum.

<u>Criteria:</u> State law prohibits the expenditure of SPLOST funds for any purposes that were not approved in the referendum.

<u>Effect:</u> The County is in violation of the SPLOST referendum and Georgia law.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The SPLOST funds should be repaid to the 2010 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund by the General Fund.

<u>Response:</u> The Commissioner concurs with the recommendation. The County will repay all funds used for purposes not specified in the referendum with General Fund funds during 2014.