

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

A Component Unit of the City of Calhoun, Georgia

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

CITY OF CALHOUN BOARD OF EDUCATION, GEORGIA (A Component Unit of the City of Calhoun, Georgia)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by: Finance Department

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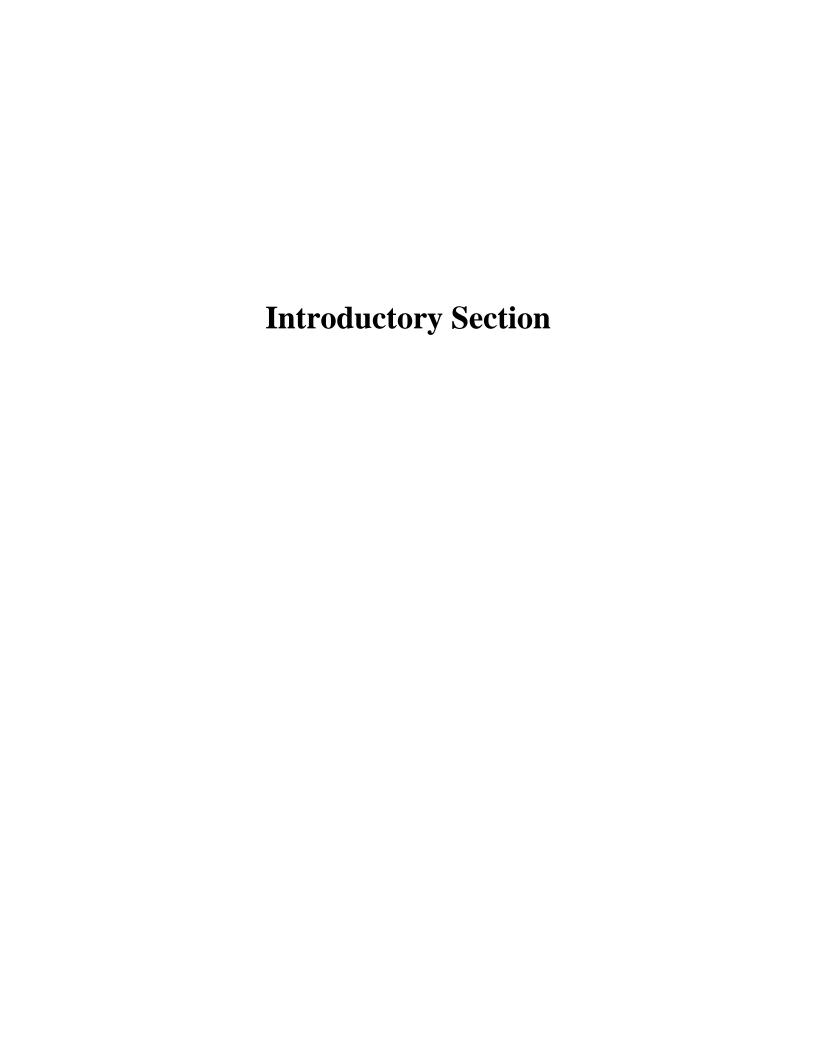
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a tradition of excellence

January 30, 2023

To the Members of the Calhoun City School Board,
The Citizens of the City of Calhoun, Georgia and the Financial Community:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Calhoun School Board, Georgia (the Board) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the Board's finance department and is intended to fulfill the requirements for audit prescribed by Georgia Statutes for local boards of education. A separate report is issued to fulfill Single Audit Requirements of Federal and State governments. Board management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Finance Department prepared this report in conformance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Government Finance Officers Association. The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the fund level for the governmental fund type.

R. M. Dobbs & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the Board of Calhoun's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) document immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

SCHOOL SYSTEM PROFILE

The Calhoun City School System was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent, appointed by the Board. The Board provides education for grades K-12 as well as Pre-kindergarten for students within the City of Calhoun and for non-resident students from surrounding communities. The School System is considered to be a component unit of the City of Calhoun.

Established in 1902 the Calhoun City School System celebrates 120 years of excellence. Through its storied history, Calhoun City Schools has been known for its strong and rich tradition of excellence; excellence in academics, arts, and athletics. Throughout Calhoun City Schools' existence, stakeholder involvement has been a critical component of its success. Although challenges exist, Calhoun City Schools looks at these challenges as opportunities to reach its mission of

inspiring all students to become lifelong learners in the pursuit of excellence. Interwoven into the tapestry of the historical lineage of Calhoun City Schools, is a commitment to excellence and community spirit that rests on the very pulse of its existence. This rich tradition of Calhoun City Schools would not be possible were it not for the involvement of stakeholders over the years.

Calhoun City Schools opened on schedule on August 11, 2021 with continued Covid-19 safety and security measures in place. Although Covid-19 cases continued to be reported during the year, all schools remained open the entire year.

Our 2022 enrollment was 3,949 in grades K-12 plus 226 enrolled in the Pre-kindergarten program, a total of 4,175 students. Approximately 38% percent of our students are Hispanic, 6% black, 49% white, and approximately 7% Asian, Pacific Islander, multi-racial, or American Indian. The Calhoun City School System is a system of choice. Approximately 23% of our students apply to attend our schools from surrounding districts. We serve our diverse student population through both regular and special education programs. Additionally, the system uses special programs such as English to Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL), Gifted Education, Early Intervention Programs (EIP), Remediation and Advanced Placement. The Calhoun College and Career Academy, a school within Calhoun High School, offers the courses and programs needed to achieve a well-rounded education while attaining the skills necessary to be successful beyond high school. Career clusters/pathways available to students include Hospitality and Tourism, Audio & Video Technology and Communications, Health Science, Education and Training, Architecture and Construction, Information Technology, Law and Public Safety, Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources, Career & Technical Instruction, and STEM.

In FY 2022 our school family included 226 classroom teachers, 132 support personnel and 13 administrators working in our schools (Pre-K-12). Eleven administrators, 17 support and 23 maintenance and transportation personnel provide system-wide support. Our multi-talented staff is committed to providing an exemplary education to our diverse student body.

Our fleet of nineteen route buses transported approximately 2,028 students during the morning route and afternoon route; three of these buses which are equipped to transport special needs children throughout the City are staffed with monitors to assist in caring for the students of varying ages and disabilities. In addition, we have eight buses used to replace out of service buses and to support extracurricular activities. Calhoun City Schools continued to use buses to deliver meals to the students in the community during the summer break when school was not in session.

During FY 2022, our cafeteria workers prepared and served approximately 4,853 meals each day to our students, faculty, and support staff. Since free and reduced lunch applications were not submitted this year, our free and reduced lunch percentage was only 20.27%. This percentage was derived from Direct Certifications we received from the state.

Our technology department supports an inventory of approximately 9,000 devices. These devices include iMacs, MacBooks, Chromeboxes, Chromeboxes, Chrome Tablets, iPads, Windows laptops, interactive panels, TV's, document cameras, printers, wireless access points, switches, and servers. They support a wide-area network powered by Cisco that provides added capabilities within our schools via the internet with up-to-date Cybersecurity standards in place to protect student and staff data along with the network's integrity. This infrastructure ensures that our students, faculty, and support staff have safe and reliable access to their lessons, lesson plans, application software, and data from computers, smart phones and tablets. This is protected with a 60GB capacity firewall, Cisco Umbrella for content filtering, and Go Guardian monitoring/content filtering for student devices on and off the CCS network. Other supported devices are items classified for life, health and safety including security cameras, intercoms, access control, HVAC controls, digital signage, digital radio communication, battery backups, student health monitoring devices, staff security and health alert devices and more. In addition, they provide student and staff access to Microsoft Office 365 and Google's Workspace for Education. They maintain and support our 1-to1 K-12 environment to help ensure our students become lifelong learners in their pursuit of excellence.

All of our schools have Emergency Response Plans approved by the Georgia Emergency Management Agency. The purpose of these plans is to provide a functional, procedural framework for school staff and school emergency responders to follow when responding to emergencies in and around a school campus. The plan insures as much as humanly possible the safety, security and medical treatment of school students, staff, and visitors in an actual or threatened emergency or full-fledged disaster.

The City of Calhoun offers a safe, friendly, small town atmosphere, conveniently located on I-75 one-hour north of Atlanta and 45 minutes south of Chattanooga. This enviable location has attracted and continues to attract commercial and industrial enterprises such as major carpet and floor covering manufacturers, food processors, and distribution firms. The City of Calhoun has positioned itself very well for growth, due to capacity for expansion in the areas of water, sewer and electricity. Additionally, the City and the surrounding area possess a vast array of quality-of-life resources including civil war historic sites, state parks, quality health care, excellent public and higher educational opportunities, a cultural arts center, and a regional outlet center.

The City incorporated in January 1852 occupies a land area of approximately 12 square miles and serves a residential population of 17,339. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation as deemed appropriate by the Mayor and Council. Section 5-102 (a) of the Charter of the City of Calhoun states that the "mayor and council of the city are authorized to levy a tax annually on the real and personal property in the City of Calhoun for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a system of public schools in the city; provided, however, that the money so raised shall be used for school purposes."

Section 7-105 of the Charter of the City of Calhoun states that the "school board of education shall submit to the mayor and council at a regularly scheduled council meeting an annual operating and capital budget to be funded from local sources of revenue. The mayor and council shall not be authorized to adopt the budget submitted by the school board of education until at least the next regular council meeting following the date of submission." To prepare the budget for submission the Board adopts a budget calendar which establishes the dates by which the Superintendent will submit the budget to accomplish the approved priorities and goals for the upcoming fiscal year. Throughout the budget process meetings are held with school system administrators, the Board, and the Mayor and/or his City Council representative. Input received from each of the listed groups is used to formulate the tentative budget. Once the Board has reviewed and approved the Superintendent's tentative budget it is then submitted to the mayor and council in accordance with Section 7-105. The final budget is then approved by the Board and Council respectively at their next scheduled meeting. The Fiscal Year 2022 budget was adopted in June 2021.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The Board has a large industrial base, which includes several Fortune 500 companies. Calhoun is the home of manufacturing facilities for several major companies, including Mohawk Industries, Shaw Industries, Mannington Floor Covering, and Engineered Floors LLC. Other industries, such as Kerry Inc., FieldTurf USA, Calhoun Outlets, and Buc-cee's which represent food processing, synthetic turf production, and retail outlets help to diversify the industrial base.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

On November 2, 2010 the voters of the City of Calhoun and Gordon County approved the continuation of the existing ESPLOST effective July 2012 through June 2017, ESPLOST IV. The voters of the City of Calhoun also authorized the City to issue general obligation bonds in principal amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 to pay the cost of the construction, furnishing, and equipping of a new middle-high complex and other projects as specified in the resolution calling the

election. In May 2011 the City issued, on behalf of Calhoun City Schools, \$21,000,000 of General Obligation School Bonds, Taxable – Qualified School Construction Bonds (Series 2011 QSCB). In August 2012, the City issued, on behalf of Calhoun City Schools, \$12 million of local general obligation bonds (Series 2012) at a premium netting approximately \$12.7 million. Monthly ESPLOST receipts will be deposited into the Debt Service Account (U.S. Bank) until sufficient moneys have accumulated therein to satisfy the interest payment requirements on the Series 2011 QSCB and Series 2012 Bonds and the required payment to the Series 2011 QSCB Invested Sinking Fund for the current bond year. The Invested Sinking Fund for the Series 2011 QSCB will be used to pay the principal due on the Series 2011 QSCBs on September 1st of 2022 through 2025. Monthly ESPLOST receipts will be used to pay the principal due on the Series 2012 Bonds on September 1st of 2026 through 2032.

On November 3, 2015 and March 16, 2021, the voters of the City of Calhoun and Gordon County approved the continuation of the existing ESPLOST effective July 2017 through June 2022, ESPLOST V and effective July 2022 through June 2027 ESPLOST VI. Monthly ESPLOST receipts will continue to be deposited into the Debt Service Account (U.S. Bank) to pay the above-mentioned debt.

CONSTRUCTION

The Early Learning Academy was completed in FY22 with a projected opening date of August 2022. This facility will be home to our Junior Jacket Academy, Pre-K and Kindergarten on our old Pre-K/Central Office site. This project was funded by Capital Outlay Advanced Funding in the amount of \$5.274 million, in addition to ESPLOST and local funds.

MAJOR BUDGETARY INITIATIVES

In FY 2022, the City of Calhoun went to 100% Freeport. This was projected to increase exemptions between \$45 million and \$55 million which resulted in a projected loss of \$705,000 in our tax revenues. Our QBE allotment increased by \$739,477 due to a decrease in the austerity cut. In addition, we were awarded two federal grants as part of the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief funding. These grants are available over multiple years. The first grant, ESSER II, is available until fiscal year 2023, and it totals \$3,369,742. This grant will be used for paraprofessionals, custodial costs and a new counselor at the middle school. The second grant, ESSER III, is available until fiscal year 2024, and it totals \$7,547,749. This grant will be used to address the learning loss experienced due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Calhoun City Schools budgeted several new positions for fiscal year 2022. These positions included a visually impaired teacher, an exceptional student services specialist, a full-time teacher for the Calhoun On-Line learning Academy, a principal for the new Early Learning Academy, and a bus driver.

AWARDS

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial and required supplemental information sections of this report, the Board continues meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Calhoun Board of Education for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this annual comprehensive financial report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department. Thank you to our department heads and principals for understanding the importance of the financial status of this Board and as such, working diligently to provide quality service within our financial means. We also wish to extend our appreciation to the auditing firm of R. M. Dobbs & Company, Certified Public Accountants for their professionalism in conducting the audit of the Board's basic financial statements and related note disclosures.

Finally, credit also must be given to the School Board for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Board's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dee Wrisley

Assistant Superintendent

Michele Taylor, Ed.D.

Superintendent

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Elected School Board Members

(In Office as of June 30, 2022)

Rhoda Washington, Chair

In office since September 2009 Current term expires January 2026

Andy Baxter, Vice Chair

In office since January 2018 Current term expires January 2026

Becky George, Secretary

In office since January 2020 Current term expires January 2024

Stephen King

In office since September 2021 Current term expires January 2026

Eddie Reeves

In office since October 2009 Current term expires January 2024

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Appointed Principal Officials

<u>Name</u> <u>Position</u>

Dr. Michele Taylor Superintendent

Dee Wrisley Chief Financial Officer

Peter Coombe Assistant Superintendent

Michelle Griffith Chief Human Resources Officer

Community Education Director

Kelli Kendrick Chief Academic Officer

Amanda Schutz Student Services Director

Melanie Harwell Online Learning/Student Information

Director

Kimberly Kiker School Nutrition Director

Hayley Gilreath Exceptional Students Director

Jennie Coker School and Community Relations Director

Shane Shelton Technology Director

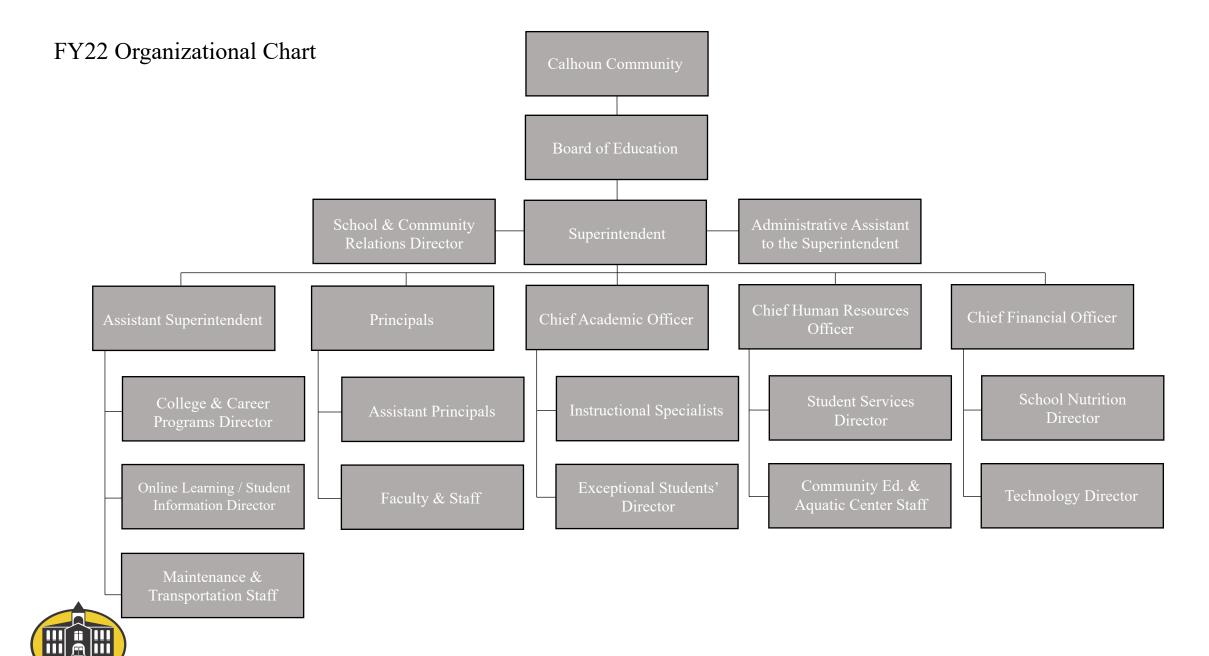
Susan Bennett Principal, Calhoun Early Learning Academy

Mana Smith Principal, Calhoun Primary School

Jaime Garrett Principal, Calhoun Elementary School

Allison Eubanks Principal, Calhoun Middle School

Casey Parker Principal, Calhoun High School



CALHOUN CITY SCHOOLS

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

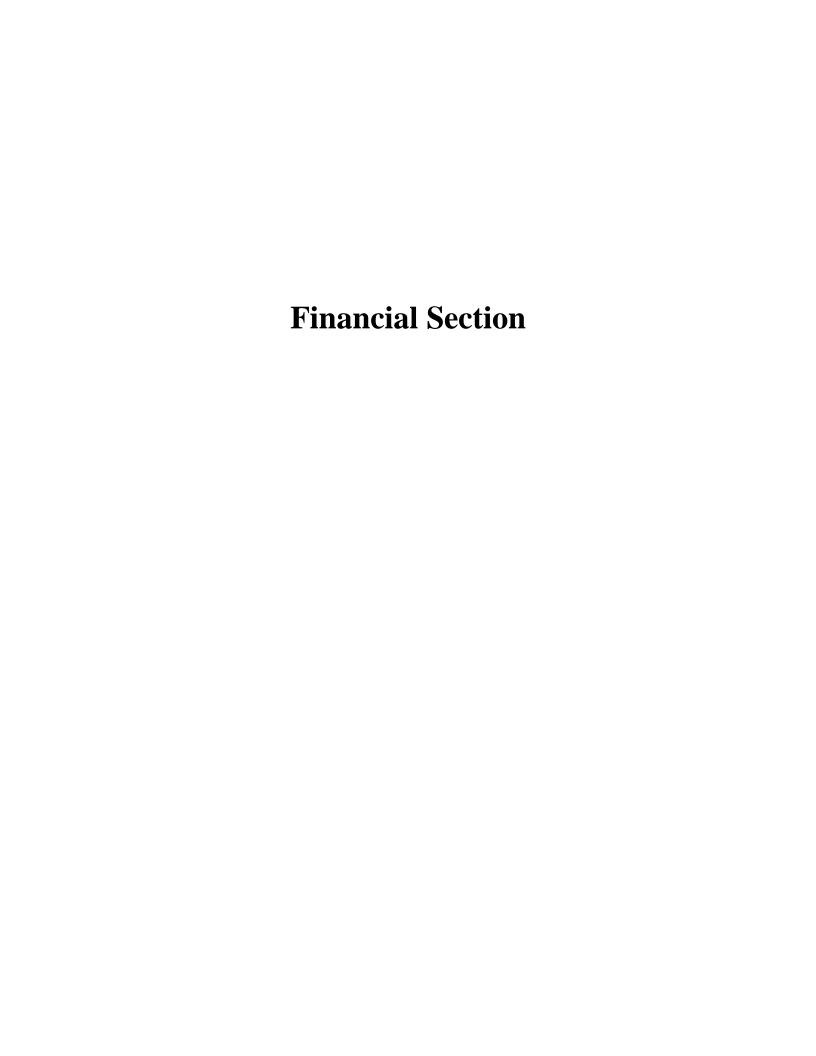
City of Calhoun Board of Education Georgia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



R.M. Dobbs & Company

JERRY L. CLEMENTS, C.P.A LOUISE McGOWAN, C.P.A. JUDY M. FAGAN, C.P.A. MITZI B. POWELL, C.P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. BOX 423
CALHOUN, GEORGIA 30703-0423
706-629-4511

MEMBER OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
AND
GEORGIA SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Superintendent and the Members of the City of Calhoun Board of Education Calhoun, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia, a component unit of the City of Calhoun, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the School Service Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of OPEB amounts on pages 4-14 and 47–50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual comparative fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of approved local option sales tax projects, as required by the Georgia Code section OCGA 48-8-121, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of approved local option sales tax projects, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

A. M. Dobbs a Company

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 30 2023, on our consideration of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calhoun, Georgia January 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's (the "Board") annual financial report, the Board's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Board's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Board's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by (\$9,219,771) (net deficit position) for the fiscal year reported. Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Total assets of \$47,462,653 are comprised of current assets and capital assets which are equipment, buses, and vehicles. All land and buildings are owned by the City of Calhoun.
 - (2) Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1,054,598 due to changes in OPEB and pension reporting.
 - (3) Total liabilities of \$40,360,477 are comprised of current and long-term liabilities. Total liabilities decreased over \$31 million from 2021 to 2022. The majority of this decrease is due to the pension and OPEB liability decreasing. Also, the Early Learning Academy capital outlay project was nearing completion by June 2022, so construction contracts payable and retainage payable were less. These decreased from \$1,708,192 in 2021 to \$780,256 in 2022.
 - (4) Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$24,790,912 due to changes in OPEB and pension reporting.
 - (5) The net investment in capital assets of \$1,123,872 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets (if applicable).
 - (6) Net position restricted of \$2,661,317 by constraints imposed from outside the Board such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
 - (7) Unrestricted net (deficit) position of (\$13,004,960) represents the portion available to maintain the Board's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Board's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$39,526,200 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$38,724,897, showing an increase of only \$801,303 during the current year. The governmental unassigned fund balance of \$33,361,256 for fiscal year 2022 shows a \$5,798,746 increase from the prior year mainly due to having a lower committed fund balance.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$33,361,256 or 103.5% of total general fund expenditures.
- Overall, the Board continues to maintain a strong financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the Board's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The Board also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements. Comparative data is presented when available.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Board's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Board's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the Board. Evaluation of the overall health of the Board would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Board's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Board's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Board's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the Board that are principally supported by property and sales taxes. Governmental activities include regular instruction, specialized instruction and numerous supporting services such as school administration and the operation and maintenance of the schools.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15 & 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds rather than the Board as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The Board has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Board's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Fund financial statements are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of current spendable resources.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements, including the general fund's budgetary statement are presented on pages 17-22 of this report.

Individual fund information for nonmajor governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The other fund type, fiduciary funds, are used to account for the Board's school activity accounts and scholarships. The combining statement of fiduciary net position and the combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position are presented on pages 23-24.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

As discussed, the Board reports major funds in the basic financial statements.

Supplementary Information

This final section of the financial report includes combining and individual statements and schedules for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, beginning on page 47.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

The Board's net position at fiscal year-end is a deficit of (\$9,219,771). The following table provides a summary of the Board's net position:

Summary of Net Position

		2022			2021			
	(Governmental Activities	Percentage of Total	Restated Governmental Activities		Percentage of Total		
Assets:								
Current assets	\$	45,538,352	96%	\$	45,379,661	95%		
Capital assets		1,924,301	4%		2,243,722	5%_		
Total assets		47,462,653	100%		47,623,383	100%		
Deferred outflows of resources		15,997,270	100%		17,051,868	100%_		
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities		6,068,479	15%		6,734,916	9%		
Long-term liabilities		34,291,998	85%		64,840,664	91%		
Total liabilities		40,360,477	100%		71,575,580	100%		
Deferred inflows of resources		32,319,217	100%_		7,528,305	100%_		
Net position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets		1,123,872	-12%		535,530	-4%		
Restricted		2,661,317	-29%		1,951,584	-14%		
Unrestricted		(13,004,960)	141%		(16,915,748)	117%_		
Total net position	\$	(9,219,771)	100%	\$	(14,428,634)	100%		

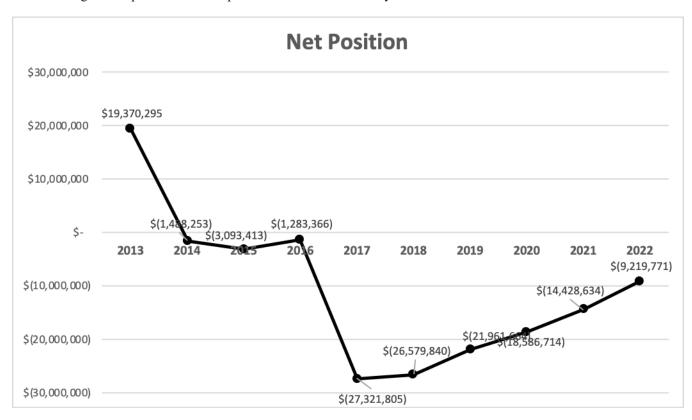
The Board continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities is 7.5 to 1 at June 30, 2022 versus 6.7 to 1 at June 30, 2021. This increase in the ratio is due to the decrease in contracts payable and retainage payable for the capital outlay project in addition to the decrease in compensated absences payable.

The Board reported a deficit in total net position for its governmental activities totaling \$9,219,771. The majority of this deficit relates to the unfunded pension liability (\$13,506,888) and the unfunded other post-employment benefits (OPEB) (\$20,576,621). Because deficits are reported does not necessarily mean the School District has financial issues. Both of these liabilities are being funded actuarially.

Total net position increased \$5,208,863 for governmental activities in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to revenues continuing to exceed expenses, as a result of an increase in federal and state revenues.

Note that only 4% of the governmental activities' total assets is tied up in capital. The Board uses these capital assets to provide services to its students. The School Board is unique, since they are a component unit of the City of Calhoun. The City owns all of the school buildings and the City issues the debt to finance these buildings. Thus, the percentage is very low as compared to other Georgia school boards.





In fiscal year 2014, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 which recorded a net pension liability and in fiscal year 2017, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 88, the other postemployment benefits liability.

Both of these pronouncements require the reporting of deferred inflows and outflows accounts.

The following table provides a summary of the Board's changes in net position:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2022			2021			
		Governmental Activities			vernmental Activities	Percentage of Total	
Revenues:							
Program:							
Charges for services	\$	2,876,885	4.6%	\$	2,606,174	4.5%	
Operating grants		35,602,449	56.6%		29,377,993	50.4%	
Capital grants and contributions		3,553,521	5.6%		6,007,110	10.3%	
General:							
Taxes		20,827,239	33.1%		20,237,354	34.7%	
Other		69,201	0.1%		73,814	0.1%	
Total revenues		62,929,295	100.0%_		58,302,445	100.0%	
Program Expenses:							
Instruction	\$	32,809,048	56.8%		31,811,247	58.7%	
Pupil		3,341,233	5.8%		3,362,903	6.2%	
Improvement of instructional services		1,408,845	2.4%		1,536,398	2.8%	
Instructional staff training		328,497	0.6%		71,894	0.1%	
Media		351,414	0.6%		381,065	0.7%	
General administration		725,815	1.3%		538,712	1.0%	
Federal grant administration		6,228	0.0%		2,923	0.0%	
School administration		2,251,610	3.9%		2,505,481	4.6%	
Business administration		517,433	0.9%		575,682	1.1%	
Operations and maintenance		4,341,777	7.5%		3,451,109	6.4%	
Student transportation		1,334,253	2.3%		1,390,254	2.6%	
Central support		369,695	0.6%		418,300	0.8%	
School nutrition program		3,981,048	6.9%		3,047,594	5.6%	
Other supporting services		25,014	0.0%		28,942	0.1%	
Community services		643,886	1.1%		643,795	1.2%	
Enterprise operations		34,108	0.1%		29,841	0.1%	
Debt service		5,250,528	9.1%		4,348,225	8.0%	
Total expenses		57,720,432	100.0%		54,144,365	100.0%	
Excess		5,208,863			4,158,080		
Beginning net position, as restated	(1	14,428,634)			(18,586,714)		
Ending net position	\$	(9,219,771)		\$	(14,428,634)		

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

The Board's primary revenue source is state aid, primarily the quality basic education aid. State aid and federal aid recognized for operating purposes total 57% of total revenue as compared to 60.4% in fiscal year 2021. In addition, the Board also is reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations and capital purposes. Property taxes provided 24.7% of the Board's total governmental revenues as compared to 27.3% in fiscal year 2021. In 2022, the City of Calhoun went to 100% Freeport which increased exemptions and therefore decreased the Board's property tax revenue. The final result was a property taxes decrease of \$315,362 or 1.98%.

State revenue for capital projects decreased \$4,746,847 because 90% of the capital outlay funds from the state were received in the previous year. This required the Board to use local revenues to continue the early learning academy project causing local revenue for capital projects to increase \$2,374,493.

In response to the Covid-19 pandemic, the federal government awarded additional grants to help local school districts safely operate schools, address gaps in learning and support measures of implementation that will continue to reduce the effects of Covid-19 on students and families. The Board received \$2,112,629 in CSSRA ESSER II funding and \$3,407,971 in American Rescue Plan ESSER III funding.

Also, note that program revenues (excluding capital program revenue) cover approximately 66.7% of governmental operating expenses. The majority of this revenue is used for direct instruction. This means that the government's taxpayers fund 33.3% of the governmental activities.

The existing special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) is effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2022. The referendum included the retirement of previously incurred general obligation debt along with renovations and improvements to the auditorium, construction of a STEM/COLA building, relocation of Central Office to allow expansion of Pre-K facilities and the construction of a new Early Learning Academy that will be the home to our Junior Jacket Academy, Pre-K and Kindergarten students. This new facility is being constructed on the former site of the Central Office.

On March 16, 2021 the voters of the City of Calhoun and Gordon County approved the continuation of the existing special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) effective July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2027. This referendum also included the retirement of previously incurred general obligation debt along with the acquisition of computers and new technology, land acquisition for enrollment growth and parking, HVAC replacement/repairs, acquisition of school buses, and renovations, construction to and equipment for existing academic and athletic facilities.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

This table presents the cost of each of the Board's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the Board's taxpayers by each of these functions:

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	t of Services	Net Cost	of Services
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Instruction	\$ 32,809,048	\$ 31,811,247	\$ (1,934,908)	\$ (11,191,130)
Pupil	3,341,233	3,362,903	(336,479)	(675,437)
Improvement of instructional serv.	1,408,845	1,536,398	412,018	(270,415)
Instructional staff training	328,497	71,894	(328,497)	(68,155)
Media	351,414	381,065	(14,011)	(69,309)
General administration	725,815	538,712	(140,328)	578,155
Federal grant administration	6,228	2,923	(6,228)	(625)
School administration	2,251,610	2,505,481	935,109	398,053
Business administration	517,433	575,682	80,748	(102,927)
Operations and maintenance	4,341,777	3,451,109	(4,106,839)	354,912
Student transportation	1,334,253	1,390,254	(1,238,757)	(243,195)
Central support	369,695	418,300	144,394	(109,518)
School nutrition program	3,981,048	3,047,594	(3,537,321)	241,385
Other supporting services	25,014	28,942	(16,125)	(6,511)
Community services	643,886	643,795	(315,717)	(634,414)
Enterprise operations	34,108	29,841	(34,108)	(5,732)
Debt service	5,250,528	4,348,225	(5,250,528)	(4,348,225)_
Total	\$57,720,432	\$54,144,365	\$ (15,687,577)	\$ (16,153,088)

Since the Board does not own any school buildings, any new buildings constructed or improvements made are not capitalized, rather they are written off as expenses. The City capitalizes these costs. The fiscal year 2022 debt service expense includes the School Board's payment to the City to retire the principal and interest on the City's bonds issued for school purposes.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$39,526,200. Of this year-end total, \$33,361,256 is unassigned indicating availability for continuing Board service requirements. \$2,661,317 is legally restricted for the School Food Service program purposes, \$303,715 is assigned for specific purposes and \$3,145,861 is committed for contracts for the new year and other specific programs.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase of \$801,303 or 2.07% above the prior years' amount. This increase in fund balance is mainly due to the School Food Service fund. Although both revenues and expenditures increased, the fund balance for School Food Service increased by \$726,094. Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in fund balance of \$312,071 due to an increase in revenue in the Community Ed program.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general fund is the School Board's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$236,862 or .68%. This change compares to the general fund's fund balance which increased by \$6,071,909 or 21.2% in fiscal year 2021.

Total general fund revenues increased \$368,113 or .96% due to an increase in QBE revenue because the austerity cut from 2021 was eliminated.

Total local revenues only increased \$12,644 due to the City of Calhoun going to 100% Freeport in fiscal year 2022.

Total state aid increased \$405.829 or 1.8% as the School District saw austerity eliminated as mentioned above.

Federal aid for E-Rate decreased \$50,360 as the School District had a less qualifying purchases/projects in fiscal year 2022.

Instructional expenditures increased \$1,339,825 or 6.7% from the fiscal year 2021 amount. In fiscal year 2022, the School District added a visually impaired teacher at the elementary school, and a full-time teacher was added at the Calhoun Online Learning Academy. In addition, \$2,000 bonuses were paid to specific employees with funds sent to each school system by the governor.

School administration increased \$66,055 or 2.94% due to the new principal position that was added for the Early Learning Academy which will open in August 2022.

Operations and Maintenance expenditures decreased \$429,037 or 14.9%. This decrease relates to the elimination of the Facility Director position and the related benefits. In addition, all custodial costs were transferred to the ESSER grants since the system decided to bring custodial services in-house and not use a contracted service.

Student transportation expenditures decreased \$278,224 or 24.1% from the fiscal year 2021 amount due to not purchasing any new buses in 2022 with General Fund monies.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

In fiscal year 2022, expenditures and transfers out exceeded revenues and net transfers in by \$236,862. In fiscal year 2021, revenues and net transfers in exceeded expenditures by \$6,071,909. The General Fund's ending unassigned fund balance is considered adequate, representing the equivalent of 103.5% of annual expenditures. The unassigned fund balance was 87.6% in the prior year.

School Food Service Fund - In fiscal year 2022, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$724,694 compared to \$419,068 in fiscal year 2021. Revenues increased \$1,134,934 or 34.97% over fiscal year 2021 and expenditures increased \$829,308 or 29.35% over the prior year. The increase in revenue is due to the fact that all meals were free during the fiscal year due to the Covid-19 pandemic, and the increase in expenditures is due to the increased cost of food and supplies.

Debt Service Fund - This fund reports the School Board's share of the special purpose local option sales taxes, which are forwarded to the City of Calhoun to cover their debt service costs for school buildings. Revenues increased by \$905,247 in the current fiscal year due to the opening of Buc-ee's, a very popular travel center. Revenues plus transfers in and expenditures equaled for the last ten years.

SPLOST Capital Project Fund - This fund is being financed by the State of Georgia and proceeds for the City's sale of bonds. Local revenues included transfers from the City of Calhoun from the proceeds of the Series 2012 bond funds for construction payments.

The fiscal year 2022 expenditures were \$10,115,694 which included construction costs, architect and engineering fees for the Early Learning Academy. Fund balance at June 30, 2022 was zero.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The revenue budget was amended upward by \$893,753 due to on-behalf entries, additional grants, and the money received for bonuses. Although amendments were entered for the additional grants and bonus monies, the School District does not budget for amendments in OBE state revenue or local tax revenues. Local revenues exceeded the final budget by \$1,868,285, and State revenues exceeded the budget by \$672,768.

The expenditure side of the original budget for the general fund was revised upward by \$865,934 or only 2.6%.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Board's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,123,874. See Note 3-D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year.

The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

	2022	2021
Depreciable assets:		
Equipment	\$ 4,840,525	\$ 4,561,600
Food service equipment	1,465,007	1,409,439
Computer equipment	527,660	527,660
School buses	2,159,315	2,104,513
Other vehicles	166,608	166,608
Total depreciable assets	9,159,115	8,769,820
Less accumulated depreciation	7,234,814	6,526,098
Book value - depreciable assets	\$ 1,924,301	\$ 2,243,722
Percentage depreciated	79%	74%
Total capital assets	\$ 1,924,301	\$ 2,243,722

At June 30, 2022, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 79% depreciated. This compares to 74% on June 30, 2021.

A scrubber, a bus, CTAE equipment, a lift and trailer for the maintenance department and a dishwasher for one of the cafeterias were purchased during the year which accounts for the increase in each category. Most of these purchases were made with federal funds.

Long-term Debt

The Board's compensated absence liability decreased \$20,899 or 12.3%. Note 3-F provides additional information.

Economic Conditions Affecting the Board

The Board has all the power and authority to manage the public schools of the City of Calhoun as is provided to county boards of education in the Constitution of Georgia and the acts of the General Assembly of Georgia. The Board is fiscally dependent upon the City of Calhoun because the Mayor and City Council must approve the Board's annual budget, levy the necessary taxes for the Board, and issue general obligation debt for the Board.

The Board serves all the area within the City of Calhoun. Approximately 23% of the School System's students are classified as non-residents; most of these reside in unincorporated Gordon County. Funds for the general maintenance and operation of the School System are derived from local, state, and federal sources. Local revenues consist primarily of ad valorem property taxes collected within the City. The other major revenue stream is state aid provided by the State of Georgia.

The City is the county seat of Gordon County, and is in the northwest section of Georgia. Gordon County's private employers are heavily concentrated in the carpet and carpet support industries. The public employers consist of the Calhoun City Government, the City and County School Boards and the Gordon County Government. The City School Board is the second largest public employer in Gordon County.

The fiscal year 2022 budget continues the system's emphasis on Excellence in Academics, Arts, and Athletics although the Board faced the potential loss of \$705,000 in ad valorem tax revenues due to 100% Freeport. Challenges included increased costs to operate the school system including but not limited to the cost to transport students, food and supply costs, and the Covid-19 pandemic. The Board faced unprecedented challenges when the pandemic hit, and this continues to be a challenge since the long-term effects to the economy or revenue streams are unknown.

Contacting the Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Board's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Board's Assistant Superintendent of Business and Finance at 334 South Wall Street, Calhoun, GA 30701.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Comparative Statements of Net Position June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2021)

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 39.944.684	¢ 27,602,005
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 39,944,684	\$ 37,692,995
Accounts	7,763	10,339
Intergovernmental	5,178,530	7,272,690
Primary government	353,324	362,647
Inventory	53,045	34,463
Prepaid items	1,006	6,527
Total Current Assets	45,538,352	45,379,661
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Depreciable, net	1,924,301	2,243,722
Total Assets	47,462,653	47,623,383
Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,997,270	17,051,868
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	63,459,923	64,675,251
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	461,204	328,848
Construction contracts payable	630,256	1,073,830
Retainge payable	150,000	634,362
Accrued salaries and wages payable	4,245,622	4,170,218
Financed purchases payable	52,535	50,374
Compensated absences payable	3,792	29,778
Due to primary government Unearned revenue	508,720 16,350	411,956 35,550
Total Current Liabilities	6,068,479	6,734,916
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion):	62 705	115 240
Financed purchases payable Compensated absences payable	62,705 145,784	115,240 140,697
Net pension liability payable	13,506,888	36,882,605
OPEB liability payable	20,576,621	27,702,122
Total Long-Term Liabilities	34,291,998	64,840,664
Total Liabilities	40,360,477	71,575,580
Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,319,217	7,528,305
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,679,694	79,103,885
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,123,872	535,530
Restricted for school nutrition program	2,661,317	1,951,584
Unrestricted (deficit)	(13,004,960)	
		\$ (14,428,634

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						ram Revenues	Cai	pital Grants,	R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
				harges for	Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions		vernmental
Function/Program		Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	a	nd Interest	a	nd Interest		Activities
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities	•	22 000 040	Φ.	2.156.220	•	25 225 400	Φ.	2 400 221	Φ.	(1.02.1.000)
Instruction	\$	32,809,048	\$	2,156,320	\$	25,237,499	\$	3,480,321	\$	(1,934,908)
Pupil		3,341,233		195,311		2,809,443		-		(336,479)
Improvement of instructional services		1,408,845		118,358		1,702,505		-		412,018
Instructional staff training		328,497		-		-		-		(328,497)
Media		351,414		21,931		315,472		-		(14,011)
General administration		725,815		38,057		547,430		-		(140,328)
Federal grant administration		6,228		-		-		-		(6,228)
School administration		2,251,610		207,139		2,979,580		-		935,109
Business administration		517,433		38,882		559,299		-		80,748
Operations and maintenance		4,341,777		15,271		219,667		-		(4,106,839)
Student transportation		1,334,253		1,449		20,847		73,200		(1,238,757)
Central support		369,695		33,416		480,673		-		144,394
School nutrition program		3,981,048		28,842		414,885		-		(3,537,321)
Other supporting services		25,014		578		8,311		-		(16,125)
Community services		643,886		21,331		306,838		-		(315,717)
Enterprise operations		34,108		-		-		-		(34,108)
Debt service		5,250,528		-		-		-		(5,250,528)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	57,720,432	\$	2,876,885	\$	35,602,449	\$	3,553,521		(15,687,577)
				eral Revenues	1.6					
			,	perty taxes levie						15 500 201
				eneral governme	nt purpo	oses				15,582,201
				es taxes						5,245,038
			inve	estment earnings	3					69,201
			Tota	l General Reve	nues					20,896,440
			Chai	nge in Net Posit	ion					5,208,863
			Net I	Position Beginn	ing of Y	Year				(14,428,634)
			Net l	Position End of	Year				\$	(9,219,771)

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2021)

	2022							
	General	School Food Service	Debt Service	SPLOST Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,093,499	\$ 2,468,629	\$ -	\$ 800,429	\$ 2,582,127	\$ 39,944,684	\$ 37,692,995	
Receivables:	c 0.45				010	7.762	10.220	
Accounts receivable	6,945	-	-	-	818	7,763	10,339	
Intergovernmental	3,175,917	283,593	488,935	-	1,230,085	5,178,530	7,272,690	
Due from primary government	353,324	-	-	-	-	353,324	362,647	
Interfund	933,876	-	-	-	-	933,876	1,543,673	
Inventory	-	53,045	-	-	-	53,045	34,463	
Prepaid items	-	1,006	-		-	1,006	6,527	
Total Assets	\$ 38,563,561	\$ 2,806,273	\$ 488,935	\$ 800,429	\$ 3,813,030	\$ 46,472,228	\$ 46,923,334	
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 366,864	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,173	\$ 74,167	\$ 461,204	\$ 328,848	
Contracts payable	-	-	-	630,256	-	630,256	1,073,830	
Retainage payable	-	-	-	150,000	-	150,000	634,362	
Accrued salaries and wages payable	3,696,768	90,905	-	-	457,949	4,245,622	4,170,218	
Unearned revenue	16,350	-	-	-	-	16,350	35,550	
Due to primary government	19,785	-	488,935	-	-	508,720	411,956	
Interfund payable					933,876	933,876	1,543,673	
Total Liabilities	4,099,767	90,905	488,935	800,429	1,465,992	6,946,028	8,198,437	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	_	54,051	_	_	_	54,051	37,690	
Restricted	_	2,661,317	_	_	_	2,661,317	1,951,584	
Committed	798,823	-	_	_	2,347,038	3,145,861	8,833,740	
Assigned	303.715	_	_	_	-	303,715	339,373	
Unassigned	33,361,256					33,361,256	27,562,510	
Total Fund Balances	34,463,794	2,715,368			2,347,038	39,526,200	38,724,897	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 38,563,561	\$ 2,806,273	\$ 488,935	\$ 800,429	\$ 3,813,030	\$ 46,472,228	\$ 46,923,334	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 39,526,200
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet but are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.		
	\$ 9,159,115	
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,234,814)	1,924,301
Deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB reported on the government-wide statement of		
position but not reported on the governmental fund balance sheet.		15,997,270
Deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB reported on the government-wide statement of position		
but not reported on the governmental fund balance sheet.		(32,319,217)
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the governmental		
fund's balance sheet but eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.		
Interfund receivables	(933,876)	
Interfund payables	933,876	-
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the		
governmental fund balance sheets but are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.		
Net pension liability	(13,506,888)	
Net OPEB liability	(20,576,621)	
Financed purchases payable	(115,240)	
Compensated absences	(149,576)	(34,348,325)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ (9,219,771)

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022						
	General	School Food Service	Debt Service	SPLOST Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Local	\$ 16,052,410	\$ 233,499	\$ 5,245,038	\$ 3,480,321	\$ 2,066,392	\$ 27,077,660	\$ 23,110,498
Intergovernmental - state	22,651,933	177,142	-	-	1,056,452	23,885,527	28,187,788
Intergovernmental - federal	94,350	3,969,354			8,031,115	12,094,819	7,019,262
Total Revenues	38,798,693	4,379,995	5,245,038	3,480,321	11,153,959	63,058,006	58,317,548
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	21,324,012	-	-	-	5,341,903	26,665,915	23,984,301
Supporting services:							
Pupil	1,898,902	-	-	-	1,752,985	3,651,887	3,211,399
Improvement of instructional services	1,187,189	-	-	-	394,228	1,581,417	1,448,561
Instructional staff training	26,206	-	-	-	302,291	328,497	71,894
Media	337,886	-	-	-	48,043	385,929	364,372
Federal grant administration	-	-	-	-	6,228	6,228	2,923
General administration	739,292	-	-	-	29,528	768,820	509,154
School administration	2,312,973	-	-	-	280,233	2,593,206	2,346,907
Business administration	532,048	-	-	-	44,516	576,564	547,512
Operations and maintenance	2,443,000	-	-	-	1,473,872	3,916,872	3,003,647
Student transportation	877,394	-		-	366,111	1,243,505	1,239,168
Central support	405,854	-		-	30,012	435,866	390,190
School nutrition program	29,508	3,655,301	_	_	253,197	3,938,006	2,882,041
Other supporting services	25,867	-	_	_		25,867	28,528
Community services	23,852	_	_	_	664,967	688,819	622,767
Enterprise operations	25,052	_	_	_	34,109	34,109	29,842
Intergovernmental	_		5.245.638		54,107	5,245,638	4,341,641
Capital Outlay			5,245,050	10,115,694		10,115,694	6,638,806
Debt Service				10,113,074		10,113,024	0,030,000
Principal retirement	50.374					50,374	48,679
Interest and fiscal charges	4,890	-	-	-	-	4,890	6,584
interest and riscar charges	4,890					4,690	0,364
Total Expenditures	32,219,247	3,655,301	5,245,638	10,115,694	11,022,223	62,258,103	51,718,916
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,579,446	724,694	(600)	(6,635,373)	131,736	799,903	6,598,632
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	32,500	219	600	6,635,373	469,449	7,138,141	1,207,878
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1,400	-	-	-	1,400	2,000
Transfers out	(6,848,808)	(219)			(289,114)	(7,138,141)	(1,207,878
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,816,308)	1,400	600	6,635,373	180,335	1,400	2,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(236,862)	726,094	-	-	312,071	801,303	6,600,632
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	34,700,656	1,989,274			2,034,967	38,724,897	32,124,265
	\$ 34,463,794	\$ 2,715,368			\$ 2,347,038	\$ 39,526,200	\$ 38,724,897

City of Calhoun Board of Education

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 801,303
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures on the governmental fund type operating statement. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capitalized capital outlay expenditures in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (780,714) 461,293	(319,421)
Interfund transfers are reported in the governmental fund operating statement, but are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.		
Transfers in Transfers out	(7,138,141) 7,138,141	-
Other postemployment and pension expenses are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		4,785,819
Revenue for state support for PSERS and TRS		(130,111)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.		50,374
Compensated Absences are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund operating statement.		
Liability @ 06/30/22	(149,576)	20.000
Liability @ 06/30/21	170,475	 20,899
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 5,208,863

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (BudgetaryBasis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022						20)21
		Original	Final			Variance with		
		Budget	Budget		Actual	Final Budget	Ac	tual
Revenues								
Local	\$	14,164,125	\$ 14,184,125	\$	16,052,410	\$ 1,868,285	\$ 16,	039,766
Intergovernmental - state		21,105,412	21,979,165		22,651,933	672,768	22,	246,104
Intergovernmental - federal		50,000	50,000		94,350	44,350		144,710
Total Revenues		35,319,537	36,213,290		38,798,693	2,585,403	38,	430,580
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		21,655,254	22,083,394		21,324,012	759,382	19,	984,187
Supporting services:								
Pupil		2,111,086	2,258,216		1,898,902	359,314		138,641
Improvement of instruction		1,392,155	1,314,963		1,187,189	127,774	1,	142,741
Instructional staff training		113,126	95,325		26,206	69,119		22,834
Media		340,272	346,316		337,886	8,430		326,789
General administration		547,850	741,011		739,292	1,719		506,990
School administration		2,467,740	2,494,694		2,312,973	181,721	2,	246,918
Business administration		593,659	603,244		532,048	71,196		541,571
Operations and maintenance		2,616,494	2,777,172		2,443,000	334,172	2,	872,037
Student transportation		1,107,709	1,035,600		877,394	158,206		155,618
Central support		422,792	429,237		405,854	23,383		385,861
Other supporting services		24,333	25,872		25,867	5		28,528
School nutrition program		-	29,508		29,508	-		32,550
Community educational services		-	23,852		23,852	-		1,682
Debt Service		55,264	55,264		55,264			55,263
Total Expenditures		33,447,734	34,313,668		32,219,247	2,094,421	31,	442,210
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,871,803	1,899,622		6,579,446	4,679,824	6,9	988,370
Other Financing (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	12,500		32,500	20,000		-
Transfers out		(6,433,243)	(6,862,348)		(6,848,808)	13,540	(916,461)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(4,561,440)	\$ (4,950,226)		(236,862)	\$ 4,713,364	6,0	071,909
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				_	34,700,656		28,	628,747
Fund Balances End of Year				\$	34,463,794		\$ 34,	700,656

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

School Food Service Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

			2021		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Local	\$ 565,400	\$ 235,055	\$ 233,499	\$ (1,556)	\$ 134,767
Intergovernmental - state	65,000	177,142	177,142	-	67,506
Intergovernmental - federal	2,047,000	3,970,106	3,969,354	(752)	3,042,788
Total Revenues	2,677,400	4,382,303	4,379,995	(2,308)	3,245,061
Expenditures					
Current:					
Supporting services:					
School nutrition program	2,652,700	3,681,144	3,655,301	25,843	2,825,993
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	24,700	701,159	724,694	23,535	419,068
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	220	219	-	13,797
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	1,400	1,400	-	800
Transfers out		220	(219)		(13,797)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 24,700	\$ 702,999	726,094	\$ 23,535	419,868
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			1,989,274		1,569,406
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 2,715,368		\$ 1,989,274

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds

June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2021)

		Custodi	al Fu	nds
		2022		2021
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	404,526	\$	393,080
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	_\$	404,526	\$	393,080

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	Custodial Funds						
Additions	2022	2021					
Contributions							
Local	\$ 137,246	\$ 15,445					
Deductions							
Payments to others	76,342	22,161					
Business administration	16,531	5,030					
Other deductions	32,927	74,935					
Total Deductions	125,800	102,126					
Change in Net Position	11,446	(86,681)					
Net Position - Beginning	393,080	479,761					
Net Position - Ending	\$ 404,526	\$ 393,080					

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The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia (the "Board") was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent, appointed by the Board. The Board provides education for grades Pre-K-12 within the city limits of the City of Calhoun, Georgia.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The most significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Board consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Board.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable. The Board is financially accountable for an organization if the Board appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Board is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the Board is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Board is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Board is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Board in that the Board approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt. Based upon this criterion, the reporting entity is limited to the Board.

Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, and the ability to significantly influence operations, but do not have the authority to levy taxes or incur bonded indebtedness. The Board is required to submit a budget to the City of Calhoun, Georgia City Council for approval. The City Council determines the amount of tax revenues levied for the Board. As a result, the Board is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Calhoun, Georgia.

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The Board's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Board. Individual funds are not displayed. Fiduciary funds are not presented within the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental activities of the Board.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the Board's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the Board. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Board.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the Board segregates transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Board at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The Board uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Board uses two fund categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The Board reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following is the Board's major governmental fund:

The General Fund – The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the Board for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Georgia.

The School Food Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the Board's school nutrition program. The revenue sources include the sale of meals and federal meal reimbursement.

The Debt Service Fund – This fund recognizes special purpose local option sales taxes and forwards them to the City of Calhoun, GA, who retires the debt on school buildings.

SPLOST Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax as authorized in 2010 and reauthorized in 2015. This fund is being used primarily for constructing and equipping a new early learning academy.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for the Board's custodial funds in school activity accounts held by the Board in a purely custodial capacity for PTO and scholarships.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Board are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses. The facilities and acquisitions function includes the School Board's expenses for school buildings that are owned by the City of Calhoun, Georgia.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the way in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Board, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the Board receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (Note 3-C). Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School System must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School System on a reimbursement basis.

The State of Georgia reimburses the School System for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education (QBE) Formula Earnings program. State of Georgia law defines the formula driven grant that determines the cost of an academic school year and the State of Georgia's share in this cost. Generally, teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a twelve-month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31. In accordance with the requirements of the enabling legislation of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the School System over the same twelve-month period in which teachers are paid, funding the academic school year expenditures. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent fiscal year are accrued as the State of Georgia has only postponed the final payment of their share of the cost until the subsequent appropriations for cash management purposes. By June 30 of each fiscal year, the State of Georgia has a signed appropriation that includes this final amount, which represents the State of Georgia's intent to fund this final payment. Based on guidance in GASB Statement No. 33, paragraph 74, the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, and the School System recognizes the same QBE as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, and federal and state grants.

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. On both the government-fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements, cash advances on grants are reported as unearned revenues.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Board.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the Board to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

1-E-4 Consumable Inventories

Inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are valued at their federally assigned value. Purchased food inventories are reported at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Donated food commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures at the time commodity items are received. Purchased food inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. The inventories reported on the balance sheet are offset by classifying fund balance as Nonspendable, which indicated that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" although they are a component of net current assets.

1-E-5 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items at both reporting levels using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-6 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets used by the Board to provide educational and supporting services. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The Board reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the Board fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, service concession arrangements, and similar items are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. The Board maintains a capitalization threshold of ten thousand dollars. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All land and buildings used by the Board are the property of the primary government, the City of Calhoun, Georgia. If the Board purchases or constructs any of these assets, they are recorded as expenditures in the facilities acquisition and construction function and not capitalized on the Board's statement of net position. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
Asset Class	Activities
Equipment	10 Years
Food service equipment	10 Years
Computer equipment	5 Years
School buses	10 Years
Other vehicles	5 Years

1-E-7 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

1-E-8 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year.

1-E-9 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1-E-10 Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-11 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-12 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School System or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School System Board of Education through the approval of a motion. Only, the Board of Education also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the School System's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Board of Education has authorized the School System's superintendent or designee to assign fund balances.
- *Unassigned* Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The Board reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions — When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Board's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Board's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Board or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The Board applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

1-E-13 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated.

1-E-14 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-15 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements and in the government-wide statement of net position, to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The Board adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund. A project budget is adopted for each capital projects fund. The budget resolution for the general fund reflects the total of each function's appropriation within each fund.

The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgets for capital projects are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except the budget period is a project period basis rather than an annual period.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the fund level for the governmental fund type. Any change in the total fund level requires approval of the school board.

However, the annual budget is prepared by fund type, fund, function, and object.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end. The budget was amended during this fiscal year.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral in an amount of not less than 110 percent of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. OCGA Section 45-8-11 provides an officer holding public funds may, in his discretion, waive the requirement for security in the case of operating funds placed in demand deposit checking accounts.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest and debt obligations issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

At June 30, 2022, all bank balances were covered by Federal Depository Insurance, the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program, or collateral held by the pledging banks' agent in the Board's name.

Investments – The Board invests excess cash in the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia (Georgia Fund 1). Funds included in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The pool is regulated by the oversight of the Georgia Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a Rule 2a-7 like pool.

Credit risk, value, and interest risk at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Credit Risk	 Value	Interest Risk
AAAf rated	\$ 627,415	10 day WAM

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The fair value of the Board's position in the pool approximates the value of the Board's pool shares. This pool is managed under the policies included in Georgia Law (O.C.G.A. 36-83-4). The entire portfolio, including the Board's pro-rata portion, consists of collateralized certificates of deposit and Board or Board agency securities owned outright and under agreement to resale. The title to all investments, including collateral pledged to secure certificates of deposit, is held in the custody of the Director, Fiscal Division, Department of Administrative Services, State of Georgia, in accordance with Georgia law. Since these investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form, they are not classified by category of credit risk.

The School Board has no specific financial policy regarding the credit risk or interest rate risk of investments.

Cash & Investment Reconciliation:

		ash and Cash Equivalents
Fund Reporting Level:		
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	\$	39,944,684 404,526
Total	\$	40,349,210
	Ca	Per ategorization
Deposits LGIP	\$	38,981,395 1,367,815
Total	\$	40,349,210

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of intergovernmental receivables arising from grants and taxes due from the Primary Government.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the Board's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility.

3-C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The City of Calhoun levied and billed property taxes September 28, 2021. Property taxes were payable on December 20, 2021. Liens have not been issued as of the report date. The City of Calhoun Clerk bills and collects the property taxes for the Board and remits the taxes collected to the Board.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2020 Additions		Deductions		Balance 6/30/2021			
Governmental activities:								
Depreciable capital assets:								
Equipment	\$	4,561,600	\$	278,925	\$	-	\$	4,840,525
Food service equipment		1,409,439	•	55,568		-		1,465,007
Computer equipment		527,660		-		-		527,660
School buses		2,104,513		126,800		71,998		2,159,315
Other vehicles		166,608						166,608
Total depreciable capital assets		8,769,820		461,293		71,998		9,159,115
Accumulated depreciation:								
Equipment		3,658,097		466,135		-		4,124,232
Food service equipment		1,135,611		130,839		-		1,266,450
Computer equipment		506,397		8,797		-		515,194
School buses		1,121,670		153,177		71,998		1,202,849
Other vehicles		104,323		21,766		-		126,089
Total accumulated depreciation		6,526,098		780,714	_	71,998		7,234,814
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,243,722	\$	(319,421)	\$		\$	1,924,301
Governmental activities depreciation expen	ise							
Instruction				S	S	25,683		
Pupil services						5,318		
Improvement of instructional services						8,797		
Maintenancee and operations						447,267		
Transportation						153,177		
School nutrition						140,472		
School Huulition				_		140,472		
Total governmental activities depreciation	expen	ise		_5	S	780,714		

3-E. - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund Balances - At June 30, 2022, the nonmajor governmental funds owed \$933,876 to the general fund to cover the interfund payables and cash deficits in the cash pool. Normally, these amounts are repaid in the current year.

Interfund Transfers - Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of a transfer of \$180,335 from the general fund to the non-major funds to cover the difference between revenues and expenditures, \$6,635,373 from the general fund to the SPLOST capital projects fund to fund capital projects, \$600 from the general fund to debt service fund.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-F. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the Board's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental activities:	Outstanding 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/2022	Amounts Due in One Year	Long-term Portion
Compensated Absences Financed purchases payable Net pension liability payable OPEB liability payable	\$ 170,475 165,614 36,882,605 27,702,122	\$ 20,902 - - -	\$ 41,801 50,374 23,375,717 7,125,501	\$ 149,576 115,240 13,506,888 20,576,621	\$ 3,792 52,535	\$ 145,784 62,705 13,506,888 20,576,621
) P-0	\$ 64,920,816	\$ 20,902	\$ 30,593,393	\$ 34,348,325	\$ 56,327	\$ 34,291,998

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, generally the general fund. For additional information related to net pension/OPEB liabilities, see Notes 3-G and 3-H.

Financed Purchases Payable – During fiscal 2020, the Board entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$253,340 for communication radio equipment. The agreement meets the criteria for a financed purchase, and transfers ownership of the equipment to the board. Financed purchase payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements. The agreement provides for minimum annual finance payments as follows:

Year Ended		
2023	\$	55,260
2024		55,260
2025		9,210
Total minimum finance payments	'	119,730
Less: amount representing interest		(3,902)
Present value of net minimum finance payments	\$	115,828

3-G. Pension

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) and additions to/deductions from this plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by this plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Plan Description - Substantially all teachers, administrators, and clerical personnel employed by the School System are members of TRS. TRS provides retirement and disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 47 Chapter 3 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the TRS Board of Trustees. TRS, is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A, which assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Plan Benefits - TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death

Funding Policy – Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public-school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2022. The school district's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 19.81% of annual school district payroll. District contributions to TRS were \$4,018,696 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan description - PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits provided - A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions - The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the School System reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support provided to the School System by the State of Georgia for certain public-school support personnel.

The amount recognized by the School System as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,506,888
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Schoool System	175,825
Total	\$ 13,682,713

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .152718%, which was an increase of .000461% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$370,270 and revenue of \$20,275 for support provided by the State of Georgia for certain support personnel. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources			Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between School System				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	369,376	\$	316,120
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,223,173		-
Changes in assumptions		2,614,215		-
Net difference betweeen projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		20,286,373
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,828,036		-
Total	\$	11,034,800	\$	20,602,493

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$4,828,036 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (2,744,948)
2024	(2,528,082)
2025	(3,735,689)
2026	(4,857,400)
2027	(529,610)
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increase 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		PSERS	Long-Term
	Target	Target	Expected real
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation	rate of return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	30.00%	-0.80%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	46.40%	9.30%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	1.10%	13.30%
International developed market stocks	11.50%	11.70%	9.30%
International emerging market stocks	6.00%	5.80%	11.30%
Alternative	5.00%	5.00%	10.60%
Total	100%	100%	

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

*Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% and 7.00%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25% and 6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25% and 8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current						
<u>-</u>		1% Decrease or 6.25%		Discount Rate 7.25%		1% Increase or 8.25%	
District's Proportionate Share of the net	ф	26 202 070	¢.	12.506.000	Ф	(5.220.200)	
pension liability	\$	36,383,979	\$	13,506,888	\$	(5,239,309)	

3-H. Other Post-employment Benefits

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$699,165 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$20,576,621 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard rollforward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was .189982%, which was an increase of .001374% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$308,360. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	O	utflows of	Inflows of
	I	Resources	Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between School System			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	495,408	\$ 609,837
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	9,395,220
Changes in assumptions Net difference betweeen projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan		3,767,897	1,679,039
investments		-	32,628
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		699,165	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	4,962,470	\$ 11,716,724

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$699,165 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (2,084,286)
2024	(1,846,963)
2025	(1,267,893)
2026	(816,810)
2027	(1,101,619)
2028	(335,848)
Thereafter	-

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, average, including inflation
ERS	3.00%-6.75%
JRS	3.75%
LRS	None
TRS	3.00 — 8.75%, including inflation
PSERS	N/A
Long-term expected rate of	7.00%, compounded annually, net of
return	investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.13%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, as follows:

- For TRS members: The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2019 projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for death prior to retirement and for service retirements and beneficiaries. The Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees projected generationally with MP-2019 Projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for disability retirements. For both, rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 105% for males and 108% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 106% for males and 158% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.14%
Equities	70.00%	9.20%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Net of Inflation

Discount rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.20% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.22%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.16% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2145.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.20%) or 1 percentage-point higher (3.20%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	(Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(1.20%)		(2.20%)	_	(3.20%)
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$	23,523,694	\$	20,576,621	\$	18,109,644

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Current Healthcare Cost					
		1% Decrease		Trend Rate	_	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$	17,460,062	\$	20,576,621	\$	24,472,568

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

The School System's contributions to the health insurance plans for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, were 3,913,245, \$3,813,586, and \$3,870,077, respectively, which equaled the required OPEB cost.

3-I. Fund Equity

Fund Balances – Fund balances are classified as follows:

• Nonspendable – The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are not in spendable form:

Major (Governmenta	l Fund:
School	Food Service	Fund:

Inventory	\$ 53,045
Prepaid items	 1,006
Total School Food Service Fund	\$ 54,051

• *Restricted* – The following fund balances are legally restricted to specified purposes:

Major Governmental Funds: School Food Service Fund:

School nutrition program

\$ 2,661,317

• *Committed* – The following fund balances are committed to specific purposes:

General Fund:

Dental and Flex Plan, budget shortfall and capital projects	\$ 798,823
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Community education	\$ 1,560,712
Local School Activity Accounts	 786,326
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,347,038

• Assigned – The following fund balances are assigned to specific purposes:

General Fund:

Capital projects	\$ 303,715

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Net Investment in Capital Assets - The account "net investment in capital assets" amount reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Net investment in capital assets	 vernmental Activities
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,123,872

Note 4 – Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The School District has established a limited risk management program for Unemployment Compensation. There have been no unemployment claims in the last three years. The Board purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The Board has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the Board believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

4-C. On-Behalf Payments

The Board has recognized revenues and expenditures in the amount of \$80,484 for retirement contributions paid on the Board's behalf by the following State Agencies.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	
For Teachers Retirement System Employer's Cost	\$ 46,620
Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services	
Paid to the Public School Employees Retirement System	
For Public School Employees Retirement (PSERS) Employer's Cost	29,321
Total	\$ 75,941

4-D. Property Tax Abatements

The ad valorem tax abatements for privately-used facilities or equipment serve economic development and/or job creation by employment of bond-lease transaction tax incentives as authorized by O.C.G.A. § 36-62-3 resulting from an approved and executed P.I.L.O.T. Agreement between the private business entity and the Development Authority of Gordon County (the Development Authority.")

The Development Authority was created in accordance with the Development Authorities Law, Chapter 62 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia, as a purely public charity performing an essential governmental function. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 36-62-3, the Development Authority is immune from taxation or assessments imposed by the state or any of its counties, municipal corporations, political subdivisions, or taxing districts for any property acquired by the authority or under its jurisdiction, control, possession, or supervision or leased by it to others, or upon its activities in the operation or maintenance of any such property or an on any income derived by the authority, and that the bonds of such authority, their transfer, and the income therefrom shall at all times be exempt from taxation within this state.

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

The abatements are determined on a case by case basis. The industry/commercial entity's financial stability would be taken into consideration. Their capital investment, the amount of jobs created, the amount the wage rates are above average and the creation of critical infrastructure will all be factors in determining a possible abatement.

The statutory ad valorem taxation exemptions or abatements remain in effect for the remaining duration of the approved P.I.L.O.T. Agreement, and are governed by the express language of same pending the completion of the terms of the current bond-lease transaction.

Immaterial amounts were abated pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-5-7.4 through conservation agreements.

The following entities, that are in excess of 10% of total abated amounts, received abatements in the current fiscal year:

Purpose	% Abated	\$ Abated
Retail Food Supply	100%	\$78,080
Flooring Manufacturer	100%	\$130,252

4-E. Subsequent Events

In the subsequent fiscal year, the City of Calhoun redeemed at par \$2.1 million of the final principal payment scheduled to mature September 1, 2032 for its outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2012. The payment was made November 2022.

4-F. Implementation of GASB Statement 87

In fiscal year 2022, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GAASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases an recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The adoption of this restatement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School System's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 - 2016

	Ju	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		me 30, 2016
School System's proportion of the net pension liability		15.271800%		15.225700%		14.950400%		15.091000%		15.658900%		15.675800%		16.283800%
School System's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,506,888	\$	36,882,605	\$	32,147,403	\$	28,012,128	\$	29,102,548	\$	32,340,923	\$	24,790,469
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School System		175,825		472,124		334,582		294,581		377,468		590,256		434,189
Total	\$	13,682,713	\$	37,354,729	\$	32,481,985	\$	28,306,709	\$	29,480,016	\$	32,931,179	\$	25,224,658
School System's covered payroll during measurement period	\$	20,128,649	\$	19,879,629	\$	19,120,290	\$	18,163,411	\$	18,214,321	\$	17,448,043	\$	17,001,341
School Systen's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of														
its covered payroll		68%		188%		170%		156%		162%		181%		145%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.03%		77.01%		78.56%		80.27%		79.33%		76.06%		81.44%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Required Contributions During Measurement Period

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended	Contractually Required Contribution		Required		Actual Employer ontribution	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2016	\$	2,498,618	\$ 2,498,618	\$ -	\$ 17,510,255	14.27%		
June 30, 2017		2,566,197	2,566,197	-	18,214,321	14.09%		
June 30, 2018		3,053,333	3,053,333	-	18,163,411	16.81%		
June 30, 2019		3,824,058	3,824,058	-	19,120,290	20.00%		
June 30, 2020		4,135,234	4,135,234	-	19,879,629	20.80%		
June 30, 2021		4,149,835	4,149,835	-	20,128,649	20.62%		
June 30, 2022		3,787,210	3,787,210	-	20,524,622	18.45%		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open	Level % of Payroll, Open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years
Asset Valuation Method	7 Year Smoothed Market	7 Year Smoothed Market
Inflation Rate	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.00-8.75%, including inflation	3.00-8.75%, including inflation
	7.25%, net of pension plan investment	7.25%, net of pension plan investment
Investment Rate of Return	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	1.50%, semi-annually	1.50%, semi-annually

This schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the School District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		J	June 30, 2020]	June 30, 2019	Jı	ine 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.1900%		0.1886%		0.1855%		0.1878%		0.1899%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	20,576,621	\$	27,702,122	\$	22,758,816	\$	23,872,998	\$	26,681,576
District's covered-employee payroll (CEP)*	\$	17,608,400	\$	17,314,940	\$	15,978,417	\$	15,799,829	\$	15,605,360
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a % of its covered-employee payroll		116.86%		159.99%		142.43%		151.10%		170.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability		6.14%		3.99%		4.63%		2.93%		1.61%

*CEP - the payroll of employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB plan

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress Other Postemployment Benefits Plan For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2022		Ju	ine 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Jı	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	699,165	\$	706,699	\$	637,829	\$	998,785	\$	973,520
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		699,165		706,699		637,829		998,785		973,520
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered Employee Payroll (CEP)*	\$	17,860,706	\$	17,608,400	\$	17,314,940	\$	15,978,417	\$	15,799,829
Contribution as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (CEP)*		3.91%		4.01%		3.68%		6.25%		6.16%

^{*}CEP - the payroll of employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB plan

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	
Assets	4. 04.000.400	* 22 554 55 6	
Cash and investments	\$ 34,093,499	\$ 33,571,776	
Receivables:	6.045	10.220	
Accounts	6,945	10,339	
Intergovernmental	3,175,917	3,191,843	
Due from primary government	353,324	362,647	
Interfund	933,876	1,543,673	
Total Assets	\$ 38,563,561	\$ 38,680,278	
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 366,864	\$ 251,260	
Salaries and benefits payable	3,696,768	3,667,427	
Unearned rervenue	16,350	35,550	
Due to primary government	19,785	25,385	
Total Liabilities	4,099,767	3,979,622	
Fund Balances			
Committed	798,823	6,798,773	
Assigned	303,715	339,373	
Unassigned	33,361,256	27,562,510	
Total Fund Balances	34,463,794	34,700,656	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 38,563,561	\$ 38,680,278	

City of Calhoun Board of Education

General Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	2021		
Revenues	4 5 0 7 7 4 4 0	h 45000 = 55		
Local	\$ 16,052,410	\$ 16,039,766		
Intergovernmental - state	22,651,933	22,246,104		
Intergovernmental - federal	 94,350	144,710		
Total Revenues	 38,798,693	38,430,580		
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	21,324,012	19,984,187		
Supporting services:				
Pupil	1,898,902	2,138,641		
Improvement of instruction	1,187,189	1,142,741		
Instructional staff training	26,206	22,834		
Media	337,886	326,789		
General administration	739,292	506,990		
School administration	2,312,973	2,246,918		
Business administration	532,048	541,571		
Operations and maintenance	2,443,000	2,872,037		
Student transportation	877,394	1,155,618		
Central support	405,854	385,861		
Other supporting services	25,867	28,528		
School nutrition program	29,508	32,550		
Community educational services	23,852	1,682		
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	50,374	48,679		
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,890	6,584		
Total Expenditures	32,219,247	31,442,210		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 6,579,446	6,988,370		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	32,500	-		
Transfers out	 (6,848,808)	(916,461)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,816,308)	(916,461)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(236,862)	6,071,909		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	34,700,656	28,628,747		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 34,463,794	\$ 34,700,656		

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

School Food Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	 2021
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable Inventory Prepaid items	\$ 2,468,629 283,593 53,045 1,006	\$ 1,834,749 213,313 34,463 3,227
Total Assets	\$ 2,806,273	\$ 2,085,752
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages payable	\$ - 90,905	\$ 353 96,125
Total Liabilities	90,905	96,478
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted	54,051 2,661,317	 37,690 1,951,584
Total Fund Balances	2,715,368	 1,989,274
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,806,273	\$ 2,085,752

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Community Education Fund – Accounts for funds designated for programs sponsored by the Community Education Department. These programs include after school care, professional education for staff members, and drivers education programs for students.

Vocational Fund – Accounts for funds designated for use in accordance with the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006, and state and local effort to strengthen the system's career and technical education programs.

ESEA Title I Fund – Accounts for funds designated to help ensure that all children meet challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards.

ESEA Title II Fund – Accounts for funds designated for preparing, training, and recruiting high-quality teachers and principals. Title II also includes competitive grants to be used to enhance technology.

ESEA Title III Fund – Accounts for funds designated for serving students with limited proficiency in the English language.

ESEA Title IV Fund – Accounts for funds designated for student support and academic enrichment.

ESEA Title V Fund - Accounts for funds designated for a broad array of local activities that support student achievement.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund - IDEA and Preschool Program – Accounts for funds designated to assist a local school system in providing special education and related service to students with disabilities.

Education of Homeless Fund – Accounts for funds designated for programs and services to ensure that each homeless child and youth has access to the same free, appropriate public education, including a public preschool education, as other children and youth.

CARES ESSER I & CRRSA ESSER II Fund - Accounts for funds designated to provide flexibility to respond to the COVID-19 emergency.

American Rescue Plan ESSER III Fund – Accounts for funds designated to safely reopen schools and to address the disruptions to teaching and learning resulting from the pandemic.

COPS Grant – Accounts for funds designated to support safety initiatives and for providing training to resource officers and safety committee members to improve the safety of students and staff.

Lottery Pre-kindergarten Fund – Accounts for funds designated for the delivery of early care and education programs that improve the quality of early learning experiences, increase school readiness, and improve overall school performance.

Local School Activity Accounts Fund - Accounts for funds used to support the system's co-curricular and extra-curricular activities.

City of Calhoun Board of Education Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Commu Educati		Vocation	ıal _	Title I		Title		ry and Seco			n le IV	 Γitle V	D Edu I	viduals With Disabilities Ocation Act - DEA and hool Program		ducation of Iomeless	CS Es	ARES and SSRA Act - SSER I & ESSER II	ican Rescue ESSER III	COPS Grant	ottery Pre- dergarten	Ā	Local School Activity	No Speci	Total onmajor ial Revenue Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 1,597	7,656	\$	- - ,275	\$ - 317,2		S	30,173	\$	- - 31,515	\$	- - -	\$ 24,580	\$	148,260	s	20,587	s	484,310	\$ 169,098	\$ - - -	\$ 198,963	\$	785,508 818	\$	2,582,127 818 1,230,085
Total Assets	\$ 1,597	7,656	\$ 4	,275	\$ 317,2	87	\$	30,173	\$ 3	31,515	\$	-	\$ 24,580	\$	148,260	S	20,587	\$	484,310	\$ 169,098	\$ -	\$ 198,963	\$	786,326	s	3,813,030
Liabilities and Fund Balances																										
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages Interfund payable		9,664 7,280	\$	- - ,275	\$ - 317,2	87	s	30,173	\$	- - 31,515	s	- - -	\$ 24,580	\$	4,153 62,086 82,021	\$	13,195 7,392	\$	49,870 121,531 312,909	\$ 325 45,049 123,724	\$ - - -	\$ 155 198,808 -	\$	- - -	\$	74,167 457,949 933,876
Total Liabilities	36	6,944	4	,275	317,2	87		30,173	3	31,515		-	 24,580		148,260		20,587		484,310	 169,098	 -	 198,963				1,465,992
Fund Balances Committed	1,560	0,712										-	 		<u> </u>					 	_	 		786,326		2,347,038
Total Fund Balances	1,560	0,712		<u> </u>								-	 							 	 -	 		786,326		2,347,038
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,597	7,656	\$ 4	,275	\$ 317,2	87	\$	30,173	\$ 3	31,515	\$	-	\$ 24,580	\$	148,260	\$	20,587	\$	484,310	\$ 169,098	\$ -	\$ 198,963	\$	786,326	\$	3,813,030

City of Calhoun Board of Education Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Community Education	Vocational Education	Title I	Elementa Title II	ry and Secondary I Title III	Education Title IV	Title V	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act - IDEA and Preschool Program	Education of Homeless	CARES and CSSRA Act - ESSER I & ESSER II	American Rescue Plan - ESSER III	COPS Grant	Lottery Pre- kindergarten	Local School Activity Accounts	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues		- Dutention						Trescuosification	Tromercos	1001111	11111 1255271111		ander gur ten	recounts	Tunus
Local	\$ 851,425	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,214,967	\$ 2,066,392
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,056,452	-	1,056,452
Intergovernmental - federal		49,189	1,135,386	116,086	93,285	76,284	94,563	755,857	80,872	2,112,629	3,407,971	68,413	40,580		8,031,115
Total Revenues	851,425	49,189	1,135,386	116,086	93,285	76,284	94,563	755,857	80,872	2,112,629	3,407,971	68,413	1,097,032	1,214,967	11,153,959
Expenditures															
Current:															
Instruction	-	32,724	818,631	78,263	66,757	-	63,749	463,211	33,736	893,208	1,653,778	-	1,225,266	12,580	5,341,903
Supporting services:															
Pupil	-	-	198,840	19,517	13,885	-	15,900	131,718	44,944	114,141	230,491	1,196	-	982,353	1,752,985
Improvement of instruction	-	413	157,799	15,128	10,449	-	12,326	93,466	455	43,122	58,653	2,417	-	-	394,228
Instructional staff training	-	14,592	33,180	2,958	2,042	-	2,409	3,865	-	-	243,245	-	-	-	302,291
Media	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,645	4,327	-	-	40,071	48,043
Federal grant administration	-	3,257	776	-	-	-	-	2,195	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,228
General administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	7,719	21,510	299	-	-	29,528
School administration	-	-	2,444	220	152	-	179	174	-	49,023	148,152	8,729	40,000	31,160	280,233
Business administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,668	40,848	-	-	-	44,516
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	993,868	401,413	78,576	-	15	1,473,872
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,228	1,737	184	292,863	-	-	10,099	366,111
Central services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,051	25,961	-	-	-	30,012
School Nutrition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	253,197	-	-	-	253,197
Community services	631,434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,533	-	-	-	664,967
Enterprise operations														34,109	34,109
Total Expenditures	631,434	50,986	1,211,670	116,086	93,285		94,563	755,857	80,872	2,112,629	3,407,971	91,217	1,265,266	1,110,387	11,022,223
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	219,991	(1,797)	(76,284)			76,284						(22,804)	(168,234)	104,580	131,736
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	1,797	76,284	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	22,804	168,234	200,330	469,449
Transfers out						(76,284)					·			(212,830)	(289,114)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,797	76,284			(76,284)						22,804	168,234	(12,500)	180,335
Net Change in Fund Balances	219,991	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,080	312,071
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,340,721								_					694,246	2,034,967
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,560,712	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	\$ 786,326	\$ 2,347,038

Community Education Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,597,656	\$ 1,387,155
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 19,664	\$ 22,628
Accrued salaries and wages payable	 17,280	 23,806
Total Liabilities	36,944	46,434
Fund Balances		
Committed	 1,560,712	 1,340,721
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,597,656	\$ 1,387,155

Community Education Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022									
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual			ance with		Actual
Revenues										
Local	\$	672,732	\$	859,401	\$	851,425	\$	(7,976)	\$	659,959
Expenditures Current:										
Community services		661,720		640,108		631,434		8,674		613,466
Total Expenditures		661,720		640,108		631,434		8,674		613,466
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		11,012		219,293		219,991		698		46,493
Other Financing Sources Transfers out		_		_		-		-		(53,479)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		1,200 53,479
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	11,012	\$	219,293		219,991	\$	698		47,693
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						1,340,721				1,293,028
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	1,560,712			\$	1,340,721

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Vocational Education Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	2021		
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 4,275	\$ 18,501		
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 4,275	\$ 18,501		

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Vocational Education Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		20	22			2021	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	A	Actual	ance with	I	Actual
Revenues							
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 36,476	\$ 52,607	\$	49,189	\$ (3,418)	\$	51,937
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	31,211	35,966		32,724	3,242		46,900
Supporting services:							
Improvement of instruction	2,965	413		413	-		450
Instructional staff training	1,800	14,597		14,592	5		4,262
Federal grant sdministration	500	1,631		3,257	(1,626)		150
School administration	 -	 		-	 		175
Total Expenditures	 36,476	 52,607		50,986	 1,621		51,937
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 			(1,797)	(1,797)		
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	-	1,798		1,797	(1)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 	\$ 1,798		-	\$ (1,798)		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year							
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	-		\$	

ESEA Title I Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 317,287	\$ 205,769
Liabilities Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$ 317,287	\$ 21 205,748
Total Liabilities	\$ 317,287	\$ 205,769

ESEA Title I Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				202	22			2021	
	Origina Budge		Final Budget	<u>t</u> _	A	Actual	riance with	Actua	<u>1</u>
Revenues									
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 760,	000	\$ 1,302,	169	\$ 1	1,135,386	\$ (166,783)	\$ 1,303,1	195
Expenditures Current:									
Instruction	806,	225	1,371,	524		818,631	552,893	986,0)24
Supporting services:									
Pupil services		-		-		198,840	(198,840)	158,3	353
Improvement of instruction		-		-		157,799	(157,799)	187,5	528
Instructional staff training		-		-		33,180	(33,180)	29,2	204
Federal grant administration	4,	000	6,9	929		776	6,153	2	250
School administration		-		-		2,444	(2,444)	8,6	573
Student transportation							 	1	127
Total Expenditures	810,	225	1,378,	453	1	1,211,670	166,783	1,370,1	159
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(50,	225)	(76,2	284)		(76,284)	-	(66,9	64)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	50,	225	76,	284		76,284	 	66,9	964_
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	<u> </u>	\$			-	\$ 		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				-					
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	-		\$.	

ESEA Title II Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 30,173	\$ 22,426
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 30,173	\$ 22,426

ESEA Title II Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022									2021
		Original Budget	<u> </u>	Final Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget		Actual
Revenues										
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	110,000	\$	134,061	\$	116,086	\$	(17,975)	\$	146,002
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction		110,000		131,061		78,263		52,798		104,939
Supporting services:										
Pupil services		-		-		19,517		(19,517)		18,291
Improvement of instructional services		-		-		15,128		(15,128)		18,356
Instructional staff training		-		-		2,958		(2,958)		3,419
Federal grant administration		-		3,000		-		3,000		-
Student transportation services		-		-		-		-		17
School administration						220		(220)		980
Total Expenditures		110,000		134,061		116,086		17,975		146,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$			-	\$			-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						-				
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	-			\$	_

ESEA Title III Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	2021			
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 31,515	\$	15,999		
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 31,515	\$	15,999		

ESEA Title III Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			20	22				2021
	Priginal Budget]	Final Budget	I	Actual	 iance with al Budget	I	Actual
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 82,485	\$	104,184	\$	93,285	\$ (10,899)	\$	95,599
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	82,485		103,772		66,757	37,015		70,146
Supporting services:								
Pupil services	-		412		13,885	(13,473)		10,893
Improvement of instructional services	-		-		10,449	(10,449)		11,758
Instructional staff training	-		-		2,042	(2,042)		2,195
School administration	-		-		152	(152)		595
Student transportation	 -		-		-	 -		12
Total Expenditures	 82,485		104,184		93,285	 10,899		95,599
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 	\$			-	\$ <u>-</u>		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					-			
Fund Balances End of Year				\$	-		\$	

ESEA Title IV Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	202	2	20	21
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$		\$	
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$		\$	

City of Calhoun Board of Education

ESEA Title IV Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022								
	Original Budget			Final Budget A		Actual		nce with Budget	1	Actual
Revenues										
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	50,225	\$	76,284	\$	76,284	\$	-	\$	66,964
Expenditures Current: Instruction				<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		50,225		76,284		76,284		-		66,964
Other Financing Sources Transfers out		(50,225)		(76,284)		(76,284)		-		(66,964)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$			-	\$			-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances End of Year					\$				\$	

ESEA Title V Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$	24,580	\$	11,909
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$	24,580	\$	11,909

City of Calhoun Board of Education

ESEA Title V Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022									2021
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		I	Actual
Revenues										
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	59,410	\$	106,765	\$	94,563	\$	(12,202)	\$	78,012
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction		59,410		106,765		63,749		43,016		56,006
Supporting services:										
Pupil services:		-		-		15,900		(15,900)		9,861
Improvement of instructional services		-		-		12,326		(12,326)		9,752
Instructional staff training		-		-		2,409		(2,409)		1,856
School administration		-		-		179		(179)		528
Student transportation		-				-				9
Total Expenditures		59,410		106,765		94,563		12,202		78,012
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$			-	\$			-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						-				
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	_			\$	-

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia IDEA and Preschool Program Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021		
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$	148,260	\$	130,254	
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages payable	\$	4,153 62,086	\$	1,032 54,653	
Interfund payable Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	82,021 148,260	<u> </u>	74,569 130,254	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia IDEA and Preschool Program Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2021			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				. 	
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 1,033,791	\$ 1,344,486	\$ 755,857	\$ (588,629)	\$ 699,420
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	596,871	730,292	463,211	267,081	438,084
Supporting services:					
Pupil	219,873	329,724	131,718	198,006	140,931
Improvement of instruction	86,955	133,813	93,466	40,347	52,922
Instructional staff training	21,700	59,212	3,865	55,347	8,124
Federal grant administration	13,700	10,780	2,195	8,585	2,523
School administration	-	500	174	326	-
Student transportation	94,692	80,165	61,228	18,937	56,836
Total Expenditures	1,033,791	1,344,486	755,857	588,629	699,420
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ -		\$ -

Education of Homeless Children and Youth Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021		
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$	20,587	\$	20,673	
Liabilities	¢		¢	309	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages payable	\$	13,195	\$	4,789	
Interfund payable		7,392		15,575	
Total Liabilities	\$	20,587	\$	20,673	

Education of Homeless Children and Youth Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022								2021
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		A	Actual
Revenues										
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	80,872	\$	87,394	\$	80,872	\$	(6,522)	\$	23,542
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction		40,147		4,014		33,736		(29,722)		14,433
Supporting services:										
Pupil		37,678		81,261		44,944		36,317		5,231
Improvement of instructional services		2,083		1,830		455		1,375		3,716
Student transportation		964		289		1,737		(1,448)		162
Total Expenditures		80,872		87,394		80,872		6,522		23,542
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	<u>-</u>		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	_			\$	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia CARES and CSSRA Act - ESSER I and ESSER II Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		
Assets				
Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 484,310	\$	265,437	
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages payable Interfund payable	\$ 49,870 121,531 312,909	\$	10,788 118,980 135,669	
Total Liabilities	\$ 484,310	\$	265,437	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia CARES and CSSRA Act - ESSER I and ESSER II

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2021		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 1,642,599	\$ 2,126,236	\$ 2,112,629	\$ (13,607)	\$ 903,327
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	785,708	906,233	893,208	13,025	744,705
Supporting services:					
Pupil	85,913	114,670	114,141	529	2,680
Improvement of instruction	-	43,123	43,122	1	14,671
Instructional staff training	-	3,645	-	3,645	-
Media services	-	-	3,645	(3,645)	271
General administration	17,212	7,266	7,719	(453)	1,150
School administration	-	49,023	49,023	-	1,691
Business administration	-	3,641	3,668	(27)	1,386
Maintenance and operations	726,266	994,027	993,868	159	123,580
Student transportation	27,500	557	184	373	6,154
Central support services	-	4,051	4,051	-	2,300
School nutrition	-	-	-	-	3,208
Community services	-				1,531
Total Expenditures	1,642,599	2,126,236	2,112,629	13,607	903,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ -		\$ -

American Rescue Plan Act - ESSER III Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$	169,098	\$	_		
morgo vermienta recervacie		100,000	<u> </u>			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	325	\$	-		
Accrued salaries and wages payable		45,049		-		
Interfund payable		123,724				
Total Liabilities	\$	169,098	\$			

American Rescue Plan Act - ESSER III

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 2022						
	Original <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ -	\$ 3,449,047	\$ 3,407,971	\$ (41,076)	\$ 383,897		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	-	1,675,272	1,653,778	21,494	269,816		
Supporting services:							
Pupil	-	233,914	230,491	3,423	24,328		
Improvement of instruction	-	59,668	58,653	1,015	7,102		
Instructional staff training	-	243,247	243,245	2	-		
Media services	-	4,327	4,327	-	4,058		
General administration	-	21,512	21,510	2	1,014		
School administration	-	161,490	148,152	13,338	25,342		
Business administration	-	40,856	40,848	8	4,555		
Maintenance and operations	-	402,039	401,413	626	2,029		
Student transportation	-	294,022	292,863	1,159	17,247		
Central support services	-	25,964	25,961	3	2,029		
School nutrition	-	253,199	253,197	2	20,290		
Community services	 -	33,537	33,533	4	6,087		
Total Expenditures	 -	3,449,047	3,407,971	41,076	383,897		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 -	<u> </u>	. 		<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year							
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ -		\$ -		

COPS Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	20	2022		2021
Assets Intergovernmental receivable Prepaid items	\$	- -	\$	3,263 3,300
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	6,563
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$	-	\$	6,563

COPS Grant Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022							2021		
		Original Final Budget Budget			Variance with Actual Final Budget		Actual			
Revenues										
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	-	\$	74,459	\$	68,413	\$	(6,046)	\$	3,263
Expenditures										
Current:										
Pupil Services		-		1,197		1,196		1		-
Improvement of intructional services		-		2,418		2,417		1		250
Instructional staff training		-		7,000		-		7,000		-
General administration		-		299		299		-		-
School administration		-		8,729		8,729		-		-
Operations and maintenance		-		79,636		78,576		1,060		4,101
Total Expenditures		-		99,279		91,217		8,062		4,351
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(24,820)		(22,804)		(14,108)		(1,088)
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in		-		24,820		22,804		(2,016)		1,088
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$			-	\$	(16,124)		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						-				-
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	-			\$	-

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Lottery Pre-Kindergarten Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 198,963	\$ 205,069		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages payable	\$ 155 198,808	\$ 631 204,438		
Total Liabilities	\$ 198,963	\$ 205,069		

Lottery Pre-Kindergarten Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2021			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 1,010,920 -	\$ 1,056,452 40,580	\$ 1,056,452 40,580	\$ - -	\$ 1,127,331 19,276
Total Revenues	1,010,920	1,097,032	1,097,032	<u>-</u>	1,146,607
Expenditures					
Current:	1 055 227	1 225 176	1 225 266	0.010	1 246 006
Instruction Supporting services:	1,255,337	1,235,176	1,225,266	9,910	1,246,096
Improvement of instructional services	_	_	_	_	2,551
School administration	41,326	40,001	40,000	1	39,521
Total Expenditures	1,296,663	1,275,177	1,265,266	9,911	1,288,168
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(285,743)	(178,145)	(168,234)	9,911	(141,561)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	285,743	168,688	168,234	(454)	127,392
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ (9,457)	- ,	\$ 9,457	(14,169)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					14,169
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ -		\$ -

Local School Activity Accounts Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$ 785,508 818	\$	694,246
Total Assets	\$ 786,326	\$	694,246
Fund Balances Committed	\$ 786,326	\$	694,246

Local School Activity Accounts Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues						
Local	\$ 600,179	\$ 1,222,673	\$ 1,214,967	\$ (7,706)	\$ 830,387	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	3,750	13,580	12,580	1,000	3,662	
Supporting services:						
Pupil	307,600	983,508	982,353	1,155	662,477	
Improvement of instruction	-	-	-	-	25	
Media	10,000	40,071	40,071	-	33,254	
School administration	14,500	31,158	31,160	(2)	22,484	
Operations and maintenance	-	15	15	-	1,900	
Transportation services	-	10,100	10,099	1	1,411	
Enterprise operations	20,000	34,110	34,109	1	29,842	
Total Expenditures	355,850	1,112,542	1,110,387	2,155	755,055	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	244,329	110,131	104,580	(5,551)	75,332	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-	200,330	200,330	-	157,177	
Transfer out	(12,500)	(212,830)	(212,830)		(157,177)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,500)	(12,500)	(12,500)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 231,829	\$ 97,631	92,080	\$ (5,551)	75,332	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			694,246		618,914	
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 786,326		\$ 694,246	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets Intergovernmental	\$ 488,935	\$ 386,571
Liabilities Due to primary government	\$ 488,935	\$ 386,571

Debt Service Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	-	2021
Revenues Local	\$ 5,245,038	\$	4,339,791
Expenditures Intergovernmental	 5,245,638		4,341,641
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(600)		(1,850)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	 600		1,850
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ -	\$	

SPLOST Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
Assets Cook and cook assistators	¢	900 420	¢			
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$	800,429	\$	2,786,732		
intergovernmental receivable				2,700,732		
Total Assets	\$	800,429	\$	2,786,732		
	-					
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	20,173	\$	41,826		
Interfund payable		-		1,036,714		
Contracts payable		630,256		1,073,830		
Retainage payable		150,000		634,362		
Total Liabilities	\$	800,429	\$	2,786,732		

SPLOST Capital Projects Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues		
Local Intergovernmental - state	\$ 3,480,321	\$ 1,105,828 4,746,847
Total Revenues	3,480,321	5,852,675
Expenditures		
Facilities acquisition and construction	 10,115,694	6,638,806
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(6,635,373)	(786,131)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	 6,635,373	786,131
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 6,635,373	786,131
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 	\$ -

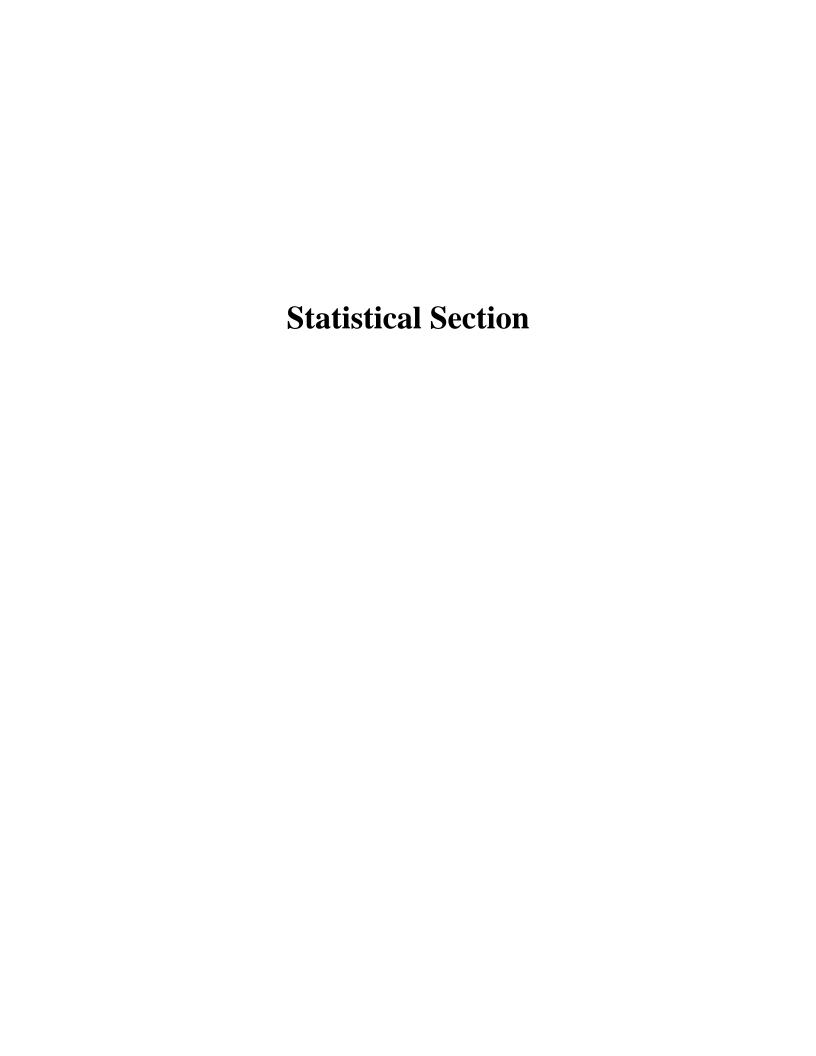
City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	Calhoun Educational Foundation		Local School Activity Accounts		Total Custodial Funds	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents		271,652	\$	132,874	\$	404,526
Net Position Restricted Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	271,652	\$	132,874	\$	404,526

City of Calhoun Board of Education Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

For The	Year	Ended.	Iune	30.	2022
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Additions	Calhoun Educational Foundation	Local School Activity Accounts	Total Custodial Funds
Contributions			
Local	\$ 12,356	\$ 124,890	\$ 137,246
Deductions			
Payments to others	-	76,342	76,342
Business administration	16,531	-	16,531
Other deductions	32,927		32,927
Total Deductions	49,458	76,342	125,800
Change in Net Position	(37,102)	48,548	11,446
Net Position - Beginning	308,754	84,326	393,080
Net Position - Ending	\$ 271,652	\$ 132,874	\$ 404,526



City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Introduction to the Statistical Section (Unaudited)

The objetive of the statistical section is to present detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information is unaudited.

Contents Exhibit # I - VII **Financial Trends** These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the Board's current financial performance by placing it in an historical perspective. **Revenue Capacity** VIII - XIII These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the Board's two most significant "own-source" revenue sources, property taxes and sales taxes. **Debt Capacity** XIV - XV Generally, the Board is not authorized to issue long-term debt. However, the Board may enter into capital leases that include an annual fiscal funding clause. These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the Board's current levels of outstanding debt and the Board's ability to enter into a capital lease in the future. The calculation of the legal debt margin is not applicable to the Board. XVI - XVII **Demographic and Economic Information** These tables present demographic and economic information intended (1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the Board operates and (2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among Boards. XVIII - XXII **Operating Information** These tables contain service indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the Board's financial statements relates to the services the Board provides and the activities it performs. The Board will be expanding the disclosure of operating information in future years.

Data Source:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the applicable year.

Government-Wide Net Position by Component (Unaudited) ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015 ³	June 30, 2016 ³	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets ² Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 4,508,310 366,546 14,495,439	\$ 4,999,767 506,984 16,340,318	\$ 7,259,322 837,646 (11,190,381)	\$ 4,026,676 967,402 (8,577,968)	\$ 3,018,920 1,412,560 (31,753,285)	\$ 3,296,814 1,051,345 (30,927,999)	\$ 2,777,114 1,180,970 (25,919,747)	\$ 2,497,035 1,509,251 (22,593,000)	\$ 535,530 1,951,584 (16,915,748)	\$ 1,123,872 2,661,317 (13,004,960)
Total	\$ 19,370,295	\$ 21,847,069	\$ (3,093,413)	\$ (3,583,890)	\$ (27,321,805)	\$ (26,579,840)	\$(21,961,663)	\$ (18,586,714)	\$ (14,428,634)	\$ (9,219,771)
Total Percentage Change From Prior Year	30.3%	12.8%	-114.2%	15.9%	662.4%	-2.7%	-17.4%	-15.4%	-22.4%	-36.1%
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets ² Restricted Unrestricted	23.27% 1.89% 74.83%	22.89% 1.90% 74.79%	-234.67% -27.08% 361.75%	-112.35% -26.99% 239.35%	-11.05% -5.17% 116.22%	-12.40% -3.96% 116.36%	-12.65% -5.38% 118.02%	-13.43% -8.12% 121.55%	-3.71% -13.53% 117.24%	-12.19% -28.87% 141.06%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Notes:

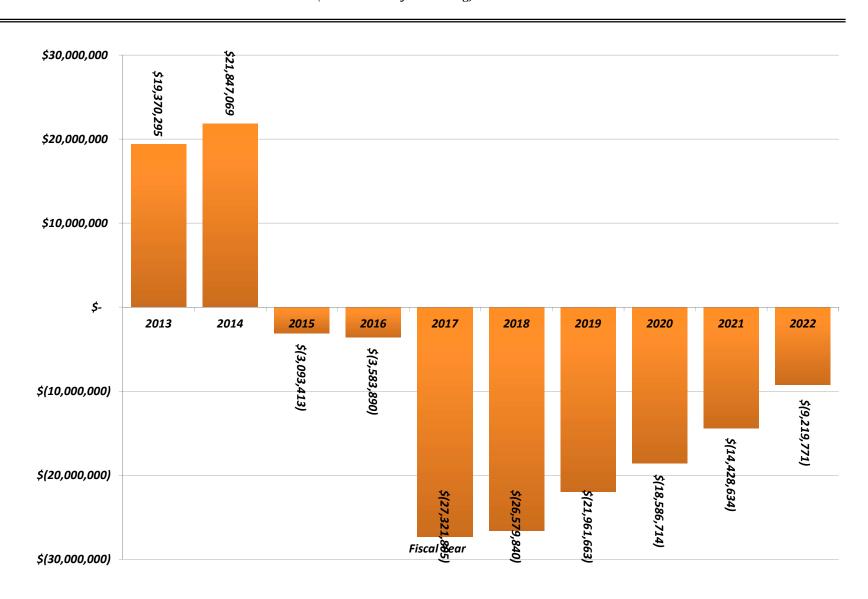
Data Source:

¹ Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the Georgia Department of Education or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is enacted by the Board There are no restrictions currently reported as a result of enabling legislation.

² The Board's land and buildings are owned by the City of Calhoun, Georgia, therefore, they are not reported in these amounts.

³ In this fiscal year 2015 the School District inplemented GASB Statement No. 68 which required a restatement of the 6/30/2014 net position. Beginning In fiscal year 2017, the School System began recording an OPEB liability and other related OPEB deferred inflows and outflows. Fiscal year 2016 was not restated

Chart-Total Government-Wide Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)



City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Instruction	\$ 42,648,475	\$ 33,064,384	\$ 25,369,164	\$ 24,873,858	\$ 24,690,632	\$ 25,614,807	\$ 22,662,842	\$ 25,959,286	\$ 31,811,247	\$ 32,809,048
Support services										
Pupil	1,369,580	1,432,797	1,514,517	1,508,127	1,942,046	1,937,847	2,199,797	2,925,453	3,362,903	3,341,233
Improvement of instructional services	1,127,581	1,346,719	1,340,064	1,659,351	2,091,335	2,020,086 195,538	1,484,891 270,782	1,550,401	1,536,398 71,894	1,408,845 328,497
Instructional staff training Media	474,711	582,165	344,689	354,108	414,416	433,329	418.099	144,806 408,165	381,065	351,414
General administration	349,440	389,657	366,730	453,750	475,952	474,308	465,054	511,004	538,712	725,815
Federal grant administration	109,429	56,307	18,776	27,458	18,713	12,605	9,864	11,049	2,923	6,228
School administration	1,376,588	1,551,383	1,733,468	1,589,465	1,712,445	1,799,734	2,132,880	2,431,741	2,505,481	2,251,610
Business administration	591,695	669,700	784,751	486,182	501,598	570,753	551,468	526,287	575,682	517,433
Operations and maintenance	1,987,016	2,761,006	2,973,715	3,095,462	3,081,137	3,170,754	3,443,245	3,927,659	3,451,109	4,341,777
Student transportation	800,872	770,485	731,900	827,867	845,700	965,673	932,118	968,207	1,390,254	1,334,253
Central support	61,525	76,139	73,904	73,936	170,714	170,496	262,873	535,720	418,300	369,695
School nutritution program 3	2,271,292	2,440,058	2,696,769	2,557,374	2,652,014	2,690,113	2,825,460	3,021,153	3,047,594	3,981,048
Enterprise operations	32,285	-	-	-	-	90,945	68,012	33,982	29,841	34,108
Other supporting services	92,243	126,522	98,990	79,857	87,371	84,496	467,942	204,659	28,942	25,014
Community services	385,205	378,396	547,772	668,908	770,108	719,943	670,934	683,307	643,795	643,886
Debt service ^I	2,901,241	2,815,099	2,879,747	2,758,360	2,775,844	3,257,677	3,511,064	3,732,508	4,348,225	5,250,528
Total Expenses	40,781,838	56,579,178	48,460,817	41,474,955	41,014,063	42,230,025	42,377,324	47,575,387	54,144,365	57,720,432
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Instruction	\$ 40,122	\$ 63,198	\$ 160,488	\$ 209,838	\$ 162,390	\$ 307,722	\$ 659,327	\$ 605,104	\$ 1,637,444	\$ 2,156,320
Pupil	693,437	412,598	-	568,818	518,338	543,225	555,932	617,887	217,676	195,311
Improvement of instructional services	4,600	3,303	-	-	-	894	248	1,151	93,622	118,358
Instructional staff training	-	-	-	-	-	372	103	423	3,739	-
Media	56,590	39,912	-	54,248	45,037	30,581	38,479	14,103	25,251	21,931
General administration	-	4,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,057
Federal grant administration		1,207	-		-		-	-	-	
School administration	41,585	101,075		138,473	133,622	29,406	27,995	21,134	162,292	207,139
Business administration	29,476	7,280	40,396	-	-	30,819	28,008	24,724	38,292	38,882
Operations and maintenance	7,743	44,079 229	-	459	3,160	8,068	8,147	11,772	208,155	15,271 1,449
Student transportation Central support	5,044	229	-	-	-	19,569	18,888	16,673	80,399 1,977	33,416
School nutritution program	550,470	27,233	620,726	657,268	624,818	628,696	699,325	548,096	134,614	28.842
Enterprise operations	550,470	125	020,720	037,208	024,616	72,810	82,321	97,229	645	20,042
Other supporting services	8,054	560,952	_	_	_	72,010	02,321		-	578
Community services	395,850	467,337	553,386	709,153	826,550	880,360	834,837	619,017	2,068	21,331
Operating grants and contributions ²	19,864,126	20,138,230	23,009,694	23,440,256	24,151,939	25,235,800	26,189,460	28,415,871	29,377,993	35,602,449
Capital grants and contributions	23,999,386	12,832,422	50,000	996,853	2,088,161	1,083,786	1,278,983	619,316	6,007,110	3,553,521
Total Program Revenues	45,696,484	34,703,727	24,434,690	26,775,366	28,554,016	28,872,108	30,422,053	31,612,500	37,991,277	42,032,855
Net (Expense) Revenue	(7,659,092)	(10,882,695)	(13,757,090)	(17,040,265)	(14,238,698)	(13,676,010)	(11,955,271)	(15,962,887)	(16,153,088)	(15,687,577)
General Revenues:										
Taxes:	10.440	12 105 1 :-		12.206 :	12.240.577	12.011.5	12.022.65-		15.005.5	15 500 5
Property	12,463,445	13,405,143	12,551,463	13,286,438	13,249,885	12,811,783	13,032,627	15,545,772	15,897,563	15,582,201
Sales	2,901,241	2,815,099	2,878,697	2,757,810	2,774,244	3,255,877	3,509,214	3,723,652	4,339,791	5,245,038
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	12,139 13,554	13,622	4,945	4,496	7,737	11,301	31,607	68,413	73,814	69,201
Total General Revenues	14,048,058	15,390,379	16,233,864	15,435,105	16,048,744	16,031,866	16,573,448	19,337,837	20,311,168	20,896,440
Change in Net Position	\$ 6,388,966	\$ 4,507,684	\$ 2,476,774	\$ (1,605,160)	\$ 1,810,046	\$ 2,355,856	\$ 4,618,177	\$ 3,374,950	\$ 4,158,080	\$ 5,208,863
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									

Data Source:

Notes:

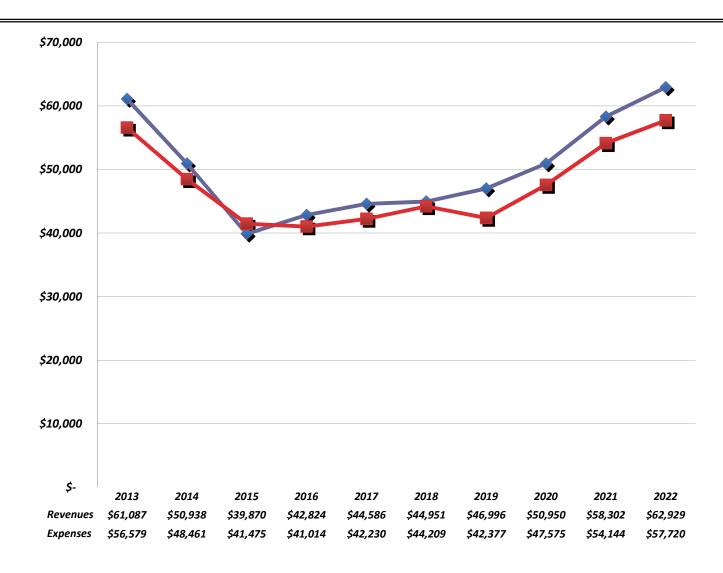
¹ This amount are the sales taxes collected by the school district and forwarded to the City of Calhoun for debt service on school bonds and interest on capital leases.

² In the State of Georgia, the Quality Basic Education school aid is legally restricted to specific expense functions, therefore it is reported as a program revenue.

³ In the State of Georgia, the Quality Basic Education school aid is legally restricted to specific expense functions, therefore it is reported as a program revenue.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Chart - Governmental Fund Revenues and Expenses (In \$1,000)

Last Ten Fiscal Years



Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities - Percentage of Total (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

_										
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Instruction	104.58%	58.44%	52.35%	59.97%	60.20%	60.66%	53.48%	54.56%	58.75%	56.84%
Support services										
Pupil	3.36%	2.53%	3.13%	3.64%	4.74%	4.59%	5.19%	6.15%	6.21%	5.79%
Improvement of instructional services	2.76%	2.38%	2.77%	4.00%	5.10%	4.78%	3.50%	3.26%	2.84%	2.44%
Instructional staff training	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.64%	0.30%	0.13%	0.57%
Media	1.16%	1.03%	0.71%	0.85%	1.01%	1.03%	0.99%	0.86%	0.70%	0.61%
General administration	0.86%	0.69%	0.76%	1.09%	1.16%	1.12%	1.10%	1.07%	0.99%	1.26%
Federal grant administration	0.27%	0.10%	0.04%	0.07%	0.05%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%
School administration	3.38%	2.74%	3.58%	3.83%	4.18%	4.26%	5.03%	5.11%	4.63%	3.90%
Business administration	1.45%	1.18%	1.62%	1.17%	1.22%	1.35%	1.30%	1.11%	1.06%	0.90%
Operations and maintenance	4.87%	4.88%	6.14%	7.46%	7.51%	7.51%	8.13%	8.26%	6.37%	7.52%
Student transportation	1.96%	1.36%	1.51%	2.00%	2.06%	2.29%	2.20%	2.04%	2.57%	2.31%
Central support	0.15%	0.13%	0.15%	0.18%	0.42%	0.40%	0.62%	1.13%	0.77%	0.64%
School nutritution program	5.57%	4.31%	5.56%	6.17%	6.47%	6.37%	6.67%	6.35%	5.63%	6.90%
Enterprise operations	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.16%	0.07%	0.06%	0.06%
Other supporting services	0.23%	0.22%	0.20%	0.19%	0.21%	0.20%	1.10%	0.43%	0.05%	0.04%
Community services	0.94%	0.67%	1.13%	1.61%	1.88%	1.70%	1.58%	1.44%	1.19%	1.12%
Debt service ^I	7.11%	4.98%	5.93%	6.64%	6.77%	7.71%	8.29%	7.85%	8.03%	9.10%
Total Expenses	138.74%	85.65%	100.00%	100.00%	102.96%	104.01%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Instruction	0.09%	0.18%	0.66%	0.78%	0.57%	1.07%	2.17%	1.91%	4.31%	5.13%
Pupil	1.52%	1.19%	0.00%	2.12%	1.82%	1.88%	1.83%	1.95%	0.57%	0.46%
Improvement of instructional services	0.01%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.28%
Instructional staff training	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%
Media	0.12%	0.12%	0.00%	0.20%	0.16%	0.11%	0.13%	0.04%	0.07%	0.05%
General administration	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%
School administration	0.09%	0.29%	0.00%	0.52%	0.47%	0.10%	0.09%	0.07%	0.43%	0.49%
Business administration	0.06%	0.02%	0.17%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.09%	0.08%	0.10%	0.09%
Operations and maintenance	0.02%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.55%	0.04%
Student transportation	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.06%	0.05%	0.21%	0.00%
Enterprise operations	0.02%	1.62%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.27%	0.31%	0.00%	0.00%
Other supporting services	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
School nutritution program	1.20%	0.08%	2.54%	2.45%	2.19%	2.18%	2.30%	1.73%	0.35%	0.07%
Community services	0.87%	1.35%	2.26%	2.65%	2.89%	3.05%	2.74%	1.96%	0.01%	0.05%
Operating grants and contributions ²	43.47%	58.03%	94.17%	87.54%	84.58%	87.41%	86.09%	89.89%	77.34%	84.78%
Capital grants and contributions	52.52%	36.98%	0.19%	3.71%	7.31%	3.75%	4.20%	1.96%	15.81%	8.45%
Total Program Revenues	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
General Revenues: Taxes:										
Property	88.72%	87.10%	77.32%	86.08%	82.56%	79.91%	78.64%	80.39%	78.27%	74.57%
Sales	20.65%	18.29%	17.73%	17.87%	17.29%	20.31%	21.17%	19.26%	21.37%	25.10%
Investment earnings	0.09%	0.09%	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.07%	0.19%	0.35%	0.36%	0.33%
Miscellaneous	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.19%	0.00%	0.00%	0.33%
Total General Revenues	109.56%	105.48%	95.08%	103.98%	99.89%	100.29%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Notes:

Data Source:

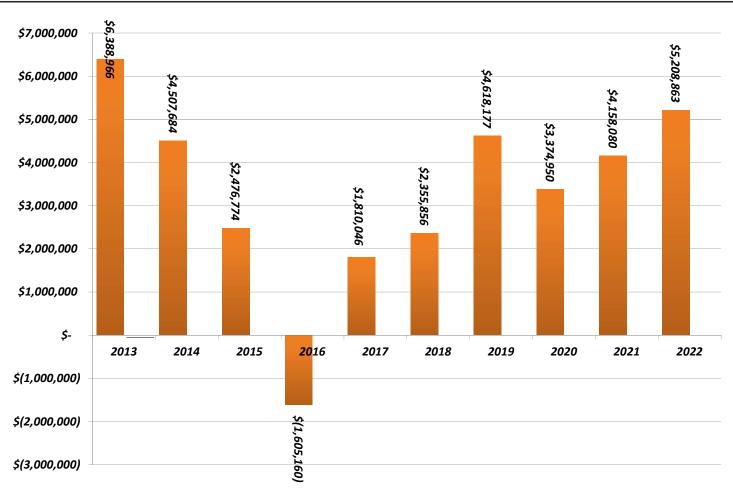
¹ This amount are the sales taxes collected by the school district and forwarded to the City of Calhoun for debt service on school bonds.

²In the State of Georgia, the Quality Basic Education school aid is legally restricted to specific expense functions, therefore it is reported as a program revenue.

Chart-Changes in Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)



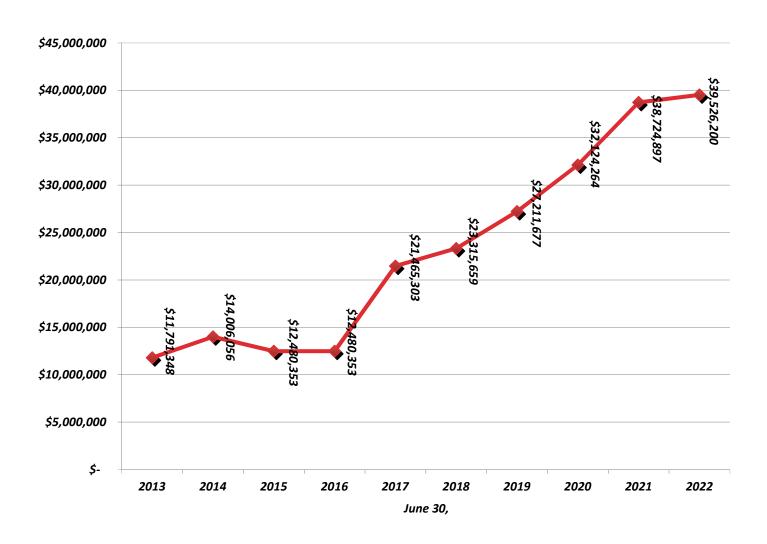
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Fund Balances - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013 - June 30, 2022 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund Nonspendable Committed	\$ - 4,981,021	\$ - 4,542,031	\$ - 176,700	\$ 2,971 225,946	\$ - 1,079,865	\$ - 1,315,353	\$ - 2,865,340	\$ - 5,528,636	\$ - 6,798,773	\$ - 798,823
Assigned Unassigned	658,783 4,798,913	715,410 7,278,017	397,735 10,150,048	782,400 14,210,586	413,232 17,194,891	233,917 19,277,272	356,088 20,958,171	323,274 22,776,837	339,373 27,562,510	303,715 33,361,256
Total General Fund	\$10,438,717	\$12,535,458	\$10,724,483	\$15,218,932	\$18,687,988	\$20,826,542	\$24,179,599	\$28,628,747	\$34,700,656	\$34,463,794
General Fund Percentage Change	31.1%	20.1%	-14.4%	41.9%	22.8%	11.4%	16.1%	18.4%	21.2%	-0.7%
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Capital Projects Funds Committed - Special Revenues Funds Assigned - Special Revenue Funds	\$ 37,094 363,085 3,461 948,991	\$ 55,084 506,984 - 908,530	\$ 41,205 548,326 289,320 877,019	\$ 72,580 751,307 216,095 1,069,712	\$ 67,543 1,015,486 397,074 1,297,212	\$ 84,386 1,051,345 - - 1,353,386	\$ 112,131 1,180,970 - 1,738,977	\$ 60,155 1,509,251 - 1,926,111	\$ 37,690 1,951,584 - 2,034,967	\$ 54,051 2,661,317 - 2,347,038
Subtotal All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,352,631	\$ 1,470,598	\$ 1,755,870	\$ 2,109,694	\$ 2,777,315	\$ 2,489,117	\$ 3,032,078	\$ 3,495,517	\$ 4,024,241	\$ 5,062,406
All Other Governmental Funds Percentage Change	67.6%	8.7%	19.4%	20.2%	31.6%	-10.4%	#DIV/0!	15.3%	15.1%	25.8%
Total Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 37,094 366,546 5,930,012 658,783 4,798,913	\$ 55,084 506,984 5,450,561 715,410 7,278,017	\$ 41,205 837,646 1,053,719 397,735 10,150,048	\$ 72,580 967,402 1,295,658 782,400 14,210,586	\$ 67,543 1,412,560 2,377,077 413,232 17,194,891	\$ 84,386 1,051,345 1,315,353 1,587,303 19,277,272	\$ 112,131 1,180,970 4,604,317 356,088 20,958,171	\$ 60,155 1,509,251 7,454,747 323,274 22,776,837	\$ 37,690 1,951,584 8,833,740 339,373 27,562,510	\$ 54,051 2,661,317 3,145,861 303,715 33,361,256
Total Governmental Funds	\$11,791,348	\$14,006,056	\$12,480,353	\$17,328,626	\$21,465,303	\$23,315,659	\$27,211,677	\$32,124,264	\$38,724,897	\$ 39,526,200
All Governmental Funds Percentage Change	27.1%	18.8%	-10.9%	38.8%	23.9%	8.6%	16.7%	18.1%	20.5%	2.1%

Data Source:

Chart-Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)



General Governmental Revenues by Source (Unaudited) 1

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2019 2020 2021 2022 2018 Revenue Source \$34,159,036 \$25,876,601 \$17,898,827 \$20,320,263 \$20,666,793 \$23,110,498 \$27,077,660 Local revenue \$19,455,613 \$19,658,563 \$22,418,116 State 22,490,673 20,606,151 19,190,716 20,111,428 21,434,756 22,101,850 24,004,325 28,187,788 23,885,527 18,075,705 Federal 4,437,153 4,454,839 3,906,074 4,151,986 4,098,530 3,851,878 4,210,657 4,488,766 7,019,262 12,094,819 **Total Revenues** \$61,086,862 \$50,937,591 \$39,880,606 \$42,798,315 \$44,530,221 \$44,945,197 \$46,979,300 \$50,911,207 \$58,317,548 \$63,058,006 % change from prior year 29.5% -16.6% -21.7% 7.3% 4.0% 0.9% 4.5% 8.4% 14.5% 8.1% Local revenue 55.9% 50.8% 44.9% 45.5% 45.6% 43.7% 44.0% 44.0% 39.6% 42.9% 48.3% State 36.8% 40.5% 45.3% 44.8%45.2% 47.7% 47.0% 47.1% 37.9% Federal 7.3% 8.7% 9.8% 9.7% 9.2% 8.6%9.0% 8.8% 12.0% 19.2% **Total Revenues** 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100% 100% 100% 100.0% 100% 100% 100%

Notes:

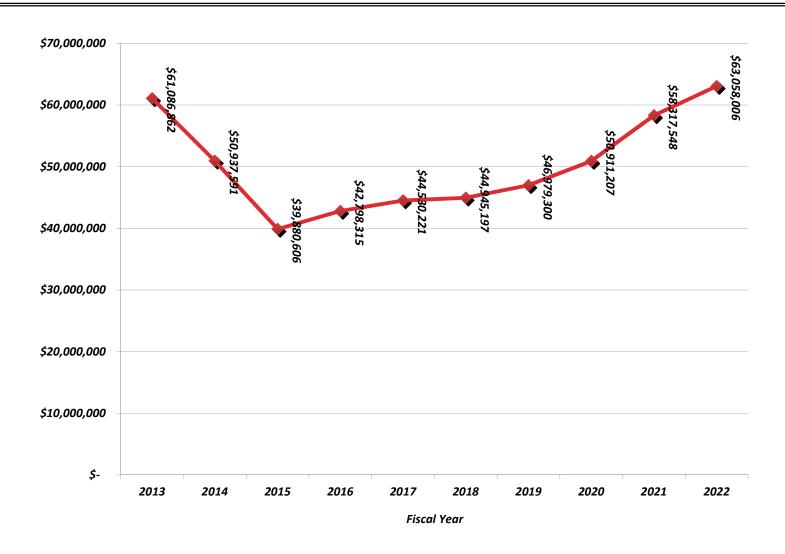
Data Source:

Includes all governmental fund types.

Chart - Total General Governmental Revenues

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)



City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	For the Year Ended June 30,											
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Current:												
Instruction	\$ 20,638,402	\$ 21,070,297	\$ 21,330,469	\$ 21,433,300	\$ 21,754,757	\$ 22,587,288	\$ 22,121,476	\$ 23,741,865	\$ 23,984,301	\$ 26,665,915		
Support services												
Pupil	1,369,695	1,431,097	1,543,527	1,510,843	1,900,534	1,911,262	2,239,795	2,882,466	3,211,399	3,651,887		
Improvement of instructional ser.	1,109,099	1,239,423	1,432,552	1,538,491	1,965,343	1,926,461	1,509,137	1,501,004	1,448,561	1,581,417		
Instructional staff training	-	-	-	-	-	195,538	270,782	144,806	71,894	328,497		
Media	474,711	582,165	348,063	359,173	400,519	429,035	425,214	401,934	364,372	385,929		
Federal grant administration	109,428	56,307	19,262	20,998	16,245	12,605	9,864	11,049	2,923	6,228		
General administration	346,805	389,753	370,563	460,121	463,962	465,375	474,344	498,448	509,154	768,820		
School administration	1,376,411	1,545,353	1,750,073	1,591,371	1,639,950	1,768,482	2,191,704	2,371,517	2,346,907	2,593,206		
Business administration	590,154	667,838	788,495	483,333	477,761	558,954	563,776	508,082	547,512	576,564		
Operations and maintenance	1,981,370	2,381,861	2,579,660	2,674,293	2,660,814	2,737,201	3,011,350	3,485,913	3,003,647	3,916,872		
Student transportation	708,179	787,966	649,111	867,577	930,200	1,047,733	1,207,721	1,032,220	1,239,168	1,243,505		
Central support	59,656	72,820	75,280	80,943	163,113	166,187	264,021	504,203	390,190	435,866		
School nutrition program	2,244,335	2,272,172	2,593,288	2,435,963	2,497,286	2,615,535	2,732,022	2,877,071	2,882,041	3,938,006		
Other supporting services	92,243	126,522	101,397	80,564	81,501	82,627	37,145	28,029	28,528	25,867		
Community services	382,832	378,742	521,668	595,536	669,576	706,806	674,617	676,280	622,767	688,819		
Enterprise	32,285	-	28,657	105,711	87,182	90,945	68,012	33,982	29,842	34,109		
Intergovernmental ²	2,901,241	2,815,099	2,879,747	2,758,360	2,775,844	3,257,677	3,511,064	3,725,502	4,341,641	5,245,638		
Total Current	34,416,846	35,817,415	37,011,812	36,996,577	38,484,587	40,559,712	41,312,044	44,424,371	45,024,847	52,087,145		
% Change From Prior Year	6.7%	4.1%	3.3%	0.0%	4.0%	5.4%	1.9%	7.5%	1.4%	15.7%		
Capital Outlay	25,101,288	12,905,468	4,394,497	950,494	1,911,928	2,535,230	1,771,141	1,781,535	6,638,806	10,115,694		
% Change From Prior Year	97.2%	-48.6%	-65.9%	-78.4%	101.2%	32.6%	-30.1%	0.6%	272.6%	52.4%		
Debt Service Principal and Interest		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				46,053	55,263	55,264		
Total Debt Service								46,053	55,263	55,264		
% Change From Prior Year	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Total Expenditures	\$ 59,518,134	\$ 48,722,883	\$ 41,406,309	\$ 37,947,071	\$ 40,396,515	\$ 43,094,942	\$ 43,083,182	\$ 46,251,956	\$ 51,718,916	\$ 62,258,103		
% Change From Prior Year	32.3%	-18.1%	-15.0%	-8.4%	6.5%	6.7%	0.0%	7.4%	11.8%	20.4%		
Debt Service as a % of Noncapital Expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%		

Notes:

Data Source:

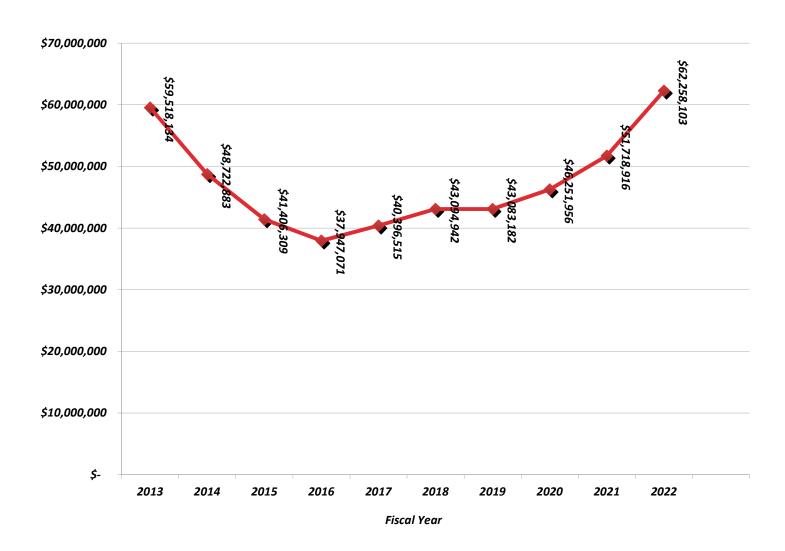
 $^{^{\}it I}$ Includes all governmental fund types.

² Includes a payment to the primary government, the City of Calhoun, GA for debt service on school bonds.

Chart-Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)



City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia General Governmental Current Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function Current: Instruction Support services: Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Deprations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services Enterprise	\$21,070,297 1,431,097	2014 \$21,330,469	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Current: Instruction Support services: Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	,,,,,,	\$21.330.469								
Instruction Support services: Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	,,,,,,	\$21,330,469								
Support services: Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	,,,,,,	\$21,330,469								
Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,431,097		\$21,433,300	\$21,754,757	\$22,587,288	\$22,587,288	\$22,121,476	\$23,741,865	\$23,984,301	\$26,665,915
Pupil Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,431,097									
Improvement of instructional ser. Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,101,007	1,543,527	1,510,843	1,900,534	1,911,262	1,911,262	2,239,795	2,882,466	3,211,399	3,651,887
Instructional staff training Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,239,423	1,432,552	1,538,491	1,965,343	1,926,461	1,926,461	1,509,137	1,501,004	1,448,561	1,581,417
Media General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,239,423	1,432,332	1,556,491	1,905,545	1,920,401	195,538	270,782	144,806	71,894	328,497
General administration Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	582,165	348,063	359,173	400,519	429,035	429,035	425,214	401.934	364,372	385,929
Federal grant administration School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	,	,	,	,	. ,	. ,	- /	. ,	,	,
School administration Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	56,307	19,262	20,998	16,245	12,605	12,605	9,864	11,049	2,923	6,228
Business administration Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	389,753	370,563	460,121	463,962	465,375	465,375	474,344	498,448	509,154	768,820
Operations and maintenance Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	1,545,353	1,750,073	1,591,371	1,639,950	1,768,482	1,768,482	2,191,704	2,371,517	2,346,907	2,593,206
Student transportation Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	667,838	788,495	483,333	477,761	558,954	558,954	563,776	508,082	547,512	576,564
Central support School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	2,381,861	2,579,660	2,674,293	2,660,814	2,737,201	2,737,201	3,011,350	3,485,913	3,003,647	3,916,872
School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	787,966	649,111	867,577	930,200	1,047,733	1,047,733	1,207,721	1,032,220	1,239,168	1,243,505
School nutrition program Other supporting services Community services	72,820	75,280	80,943	163,113	166,187	166,187	264,021	504,203	390,190	435,866
Community services	2,272,172	2,593,288	2,435,963	2,497,286	2,615,535	2,615,535	2,732,022	2,877,071	2,882,041	3,938,006
Community services	126,522	101,397	80,564	81,501	82,627	82,627	37,145	28,029	28,528	25,867
	378,742	521,668	595,536	669,576	706,806	706,806	674,617	676,280	622,767	688,819
	370,742	28,657	105,711	87,182	90,945	90,945	68,012	33,982	29,842	34,109
Intergovernmental ²	2,815,099	2,879,747	2,758,360	2,775,844	3,257,677	3,257,677	3,511,064	3,725,502	4,341,641	5,245,638
Total Current	\$34,416,846	\$35,817,415	\$37,011,812	\$36,996,577	\$38,484,587	\$40,364,174	\$41,312,044	\$44,424,371	\$45,024,847	\$52,087,145
Current:										
Instruction	61.2%	59.6%	57.9%	58.8%	58.7%	56.0%	53.5%	53.4%	53.3%	51.2%
Support services										
Pupil	4.2%	4.3%	4.1%	5.1%	5.0%	4.7%	5.4%	6.5%	7.1%	7.0%
Improvement of instructional ser.	3.6%	4.0%	4.2%	5.3%	5.0%	4.8%	3.7%	3.4%	3.2%	3.0%
Instructional staff training	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%
Media	1.7%	1.0%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%
General administration	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Federal grant administration	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.2%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.5%
School administration	4.5%	4.9%	4.3%	4.4%	4.6%	4.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.2%	5.0%
Business administration	1.9%	2.2%	1.3%	1.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.1%	1.2%	1.1%
Operations and maintenance	6.9%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.1%	6.8%	7.3%	7.8%	6.7%	7.5%
Student transportation	2.3%	1.8%	2.3%	2.5%	2.7%	2.6%	2.9%	2.3%	2.8%	2.4%
Central support	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	1.1%	0.9%	0.8%
Food service operations	6.6%	7.2%	6.6%	6.8%	6.8%	6.5%	6.6%	6.5%	6.4%	7.6%
Other supporting services	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
Community services	1.2%	1.6%	1.6%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%
Enterprise	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Intergovernmental ²										
Total Current	8.2%	8.0%	7.5%	7.5%	8.5%	8.1%	8.5%	8.4%	9.6%	10.1%

Notes:

Data Source:

Includes all governmental fund types.

² Includes a payment to the primary government, the City of Calhoun, GA

Summary of Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Total Revenues	\$61,086,862	\$50,937,591	\$39,880,606	\$42,798,315	\$44,530,221	\$44,945,197	\$46,979,300	\$50,911,207	\$58,317,548	\$63,058,006	
Total Expenditures	59,518,134	48,722,883	41,406,309	37,947,071	40,396,515	43,094,942	43,083,182	46,251,956	51,718,916	62,258,103	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,568,728	2,214,708	(1,525,703)	4,851,244	4,133,706	1,850,255	3,896,118	4,659,251	6,598,632	799,903	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Sale or compensation for loss of capital assets Inception of financed purchases Transfers out	50,085 - - (50,085)	495,494 - - (495,494)	537,408	4,967,923 - - - (4,967,923)	49,311 - - (49,311)	930,411 - - (930,411)	866,736 - - (866,736)	2,019,645 - 253,340 (2,019,645)	1,207,878 2,000 - (1,207,878)	7,138,141 1,400 - (7,138,141)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								253,340	2,000	1,400	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,568,728	\$ 2,214,708	\$ (1,525,703)	\$ 4,851,244	\$ 4,133,706	\$ 1,850,255	\$ 3,896,118	\$ 4,912,591	\$ 6,600,632	\$ 801,303	

Data Source:

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Chart - Governmental Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Governmental Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

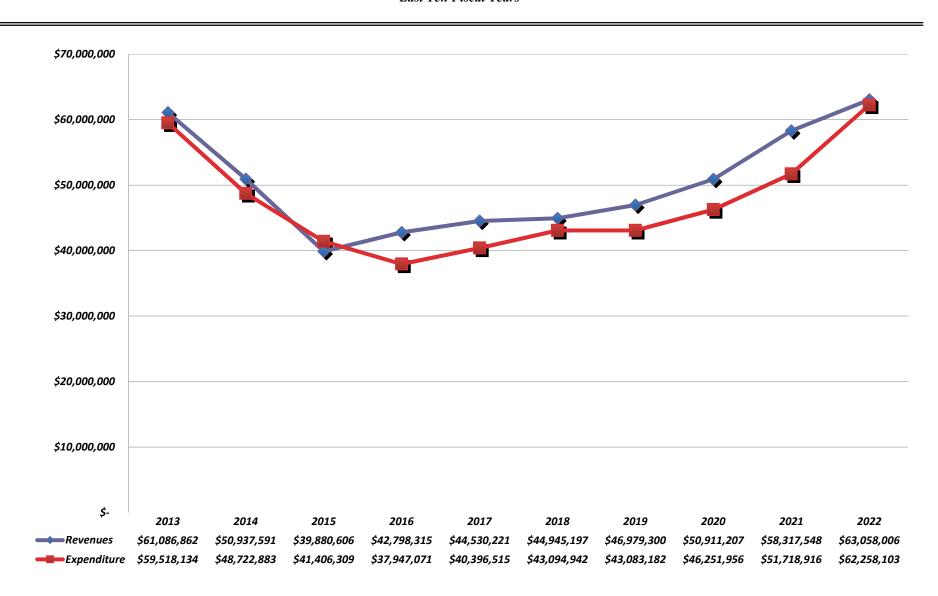
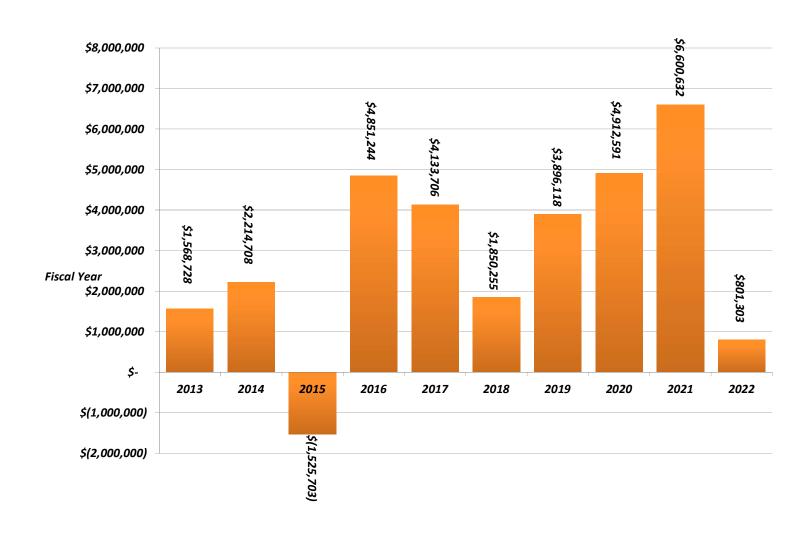


Chart-Total Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)



Taxable Assessed Value ¹ and Estimated Actual Value of Property - By Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

						A	mounts						
Fiscal Year						onservation		Motor Vehicles	Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated	Annual
Ended June 30, ³	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Agricultural Property		e Property - vy Equipment	Utility Property	and Mobile Homes	Tax Exempt Property ²	Assessed Value ¹	Tax Rate 4	Actual Value	Percentage Change
2013	\$174,704,000	\$338,876,000	\$205,646,000	\$ 2,550,000	s	1,180,000	\$4,824,000	\$29,436,000	\$ 63,328,842	\$ 693,887,158	17.762	\$1,734,717,895	1.6%
2014	175,735,408	234,930,357	323,005,009	2,690,344		1,180,046	4,963,309	30,958,617	66,018,502	707,444,588	17.813	1,768,611,470	2.0%
2015	177,305,823	245,523,870	333,787,766	2,355,052		1,161,853	6,104,642	25,861,752	60,071,808	732,028,950	17.985	1,830,072,375	3.5%
2016	186,450,855	277,700,998	359,487,697	2,351,006		1,169,840	6,177,294	19,660,902	170,496,341	682,502,251	17.985	1,706,255,628	-6.8%
2017	193,911,434	264,396,863	414,703,746	1,770,836		1,618,890	5,553,244	15,489,072	208,254,581	689,189,504	17.985	1,722,973,760	1.0%
2018	199,164,433	266,356,321	401,319,809	1,762,196		2,002,910	6,019,947	12,225,550	226,994,572	661,856,594	17.985	1,654,641,485	-4.0%
2019	213,916,833	271,012,583	404,223,333	1,472,276		1,164,720	5,748,604	11,052,160	195,169,799	713,420,710	17.733	1,783,551,775	7.8%
2020	244,065,540	313,564,469	541,898,056	1,526,524		1,092,640	5,985,753	9,918,248	301,306,147	816,745,083	17.733	2,041,862,708	14.5%
2021	255,949,585	294,221,623	570,160,170	1,220,440		1,120,880	6,220,793	9,618,448	323,817,805	814,694,134	17.711	2,036,735,335	-0.3%
2022	267,239,248	291,613,594	614,129,699	1,183,203		1,126,000	7,180,527	9,080,288	393,274,162	798,278,397	17.557	1,995,695,993	-2.3%
*	\$208,844,316	\$279,819,668	\$416,836,129	\$ 1,888,188	\$	1,281,778	\$5,877,811	\$17,330,104	\$200,873,256	\$ 731,004,737		\$1,827,511,842	
**	53.0%	-13.9%	198.6%	-53.6%		-4.6%	48.9%	-69.2%	521.0%	15.0%			
				I	ercen	tage of Total					_		
2013	23.1%	44.8%	27.2%	0.3%		0.2%	0.6%	3.9%	9.1%	90.9%			
2014	22.7%	30.4%	41.8%	0.3%		0.2%	0.6%	4.0%	9.3%	90.7%			
2015	22.4%	31.0%	42.1%	0.3%		0.1%	0.8%	3.3%	8.2%	91.8%			
2016	21.9%	32.6%	42.1%	0.3%		0.1%	0.7%	2.3%	25.0%	75.0%			
2017	21.6%	29.5%	46.2%	0.2%		0.2%	0.6%	1.7%	30.2%	69.8%			
2018	22.4%	30.0%	45.2%	0.2%		0.2%	0.7%	1.4%	34.3%	65.7%			
2019	23.5%	29.8%	44.5%	0.2%		0.1%	0.6%	1.2%	27.4%	72.6%			
2020	21.8%	28.0%	48.5%	0.1%		0.1%	0.5%	0.9%	36.9%	63.1%			
2021	22.5%	25.8%	50.1%	0.1%		0.1%	0.5%	0.8%	39.7%	60.3%			
2022	22.4%	24.5%	51.5%	0.1%		0.1%	0.6%	0.8%	49.3%	50.7%			

^{*} Dollar average for ten years.

Notes:

Data Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Tax Digest Consolidation Summary, http://dor.georgia.gov/county-ad-valorem-tax-digest-consolidated-summaries

^{**} Percentage change in dollars over ten years.

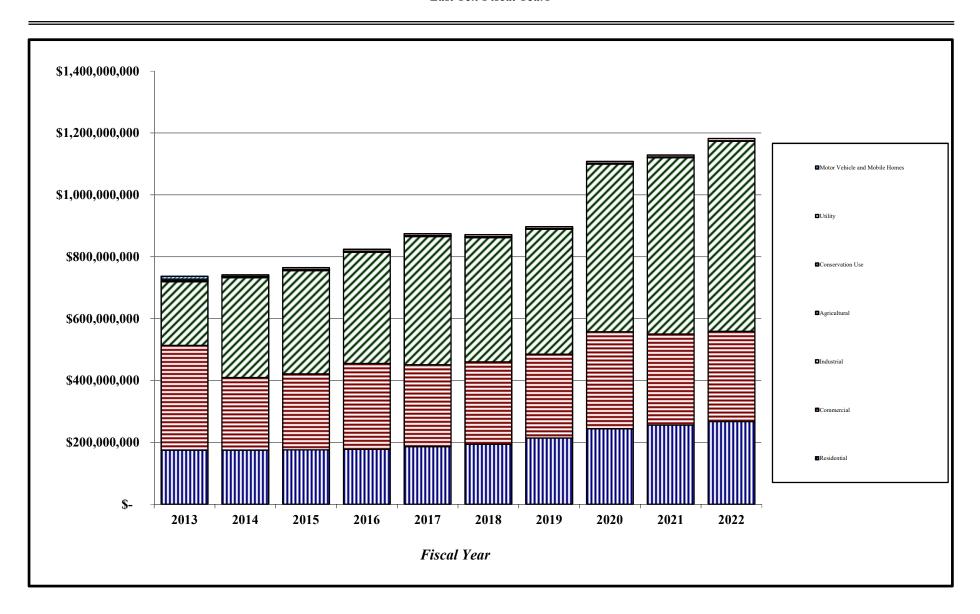
¹ All property is assessed at 40% of fair market value.

² Tax exempt property includes homestead or freeport exemptions, resulting in subtantial flucations from year to year.

³ The tax year is one year prior to the fiscal year.

⁴ Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000

Chart-Taxable Assessed Value - Before Tax Exempt Property Deduction Last Ten Fiscal Years



Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ove	rlapping Rate	Direct Rates		
Fiscal	City			City of Calhoun Schools	
Year Ended	of	State of	Gordon	_	Total
June 30 ,	Calhoun	Georgia⁴	County	Operating ⁵	Rate
2013	1.980	0.200	9.800	17.762	29.742
2014	1.980	0.150	9.800	17.813	29.743
2015	1.980	0.100	9.747	17.985	29.812
2016	1.980	0.050	9.930	17.985	29.945
2017	1.980	-	9.853	17.985	29.818
2018	1.980	-	9.829	17.985	29.794
2019	2.480	-	9.631	17.733	29.844
2020	2.600	-	9.631	17.733	29.964
2021	2.700	_	9.597	17.711	30.008
2022	2.700	-	9.515	17.557	29.772
% Change					
From 2013-2022	36.4%	-100.0%	-2.1%	-0.3%	0.9%

Notes:

¹ Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000 of annual taxable

² Overlapping rates are those of governments that overlap the City's geographic boundaries.

³ Although Gordon County School District is overlapping, City property owners do not pay Gordon County school tax, therefore, this government's tax rates are not presented.

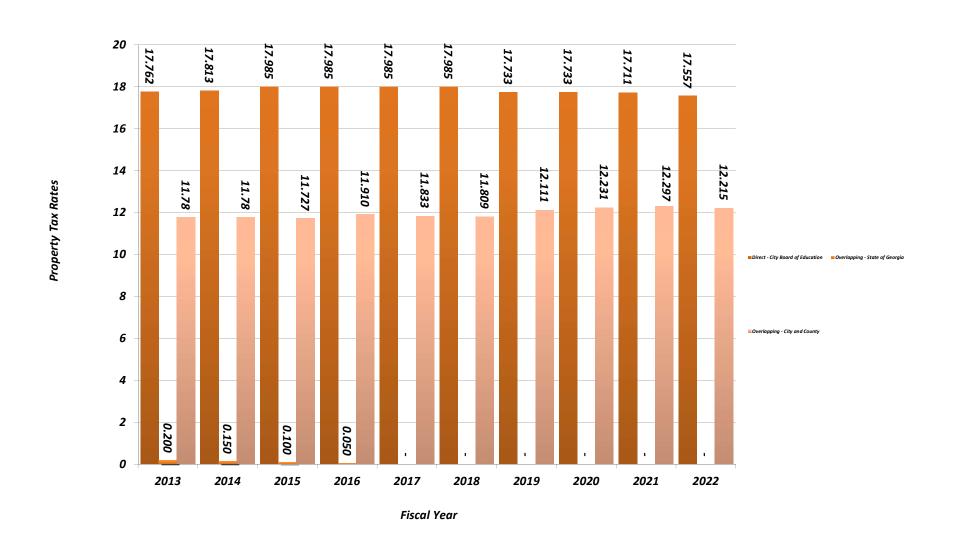
⁴ The State of Georgia levies 1/10th of one mill on each county's taxable property to help finance their certification of each Georgia County's tax digests.

⁵ The City of Calhoun levies the property taxes for the Calhoun City Schools, a discretely presented component unit of the City.

¹ Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division,

Chart-Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)



Property Tax Levies and Collections ¹
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousand dollars)

Fiscal	· ·					Total Collect	ions to Date	Total Uncollected Taxes		
Year Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent	A -		Percentage		Percentage	
June 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	A	mount ³	of Levy	Amount	Of Levy	
2013	13,623	13,057	95.85%	531	\$	13,588	99.74%	35	0.26%	
2014	14,217	13,798	97.05%	374		14,172	99.68%	45	0.32%	
2015	13,485	12,861	95.37%	358		13,219	98.03%	266	1.97%	
2016	13,219	12,744	96.41%	358		13,102	99.11%	117	0.89%	
2017	13,391	13,009	97.15%	316		13,325	99.51%	66	0.49%	
2018	12,920	12,486	97.15%	333		12,819	99.22%	101	0.78%	
2019	14,299	13,964	97.66%	528		14,492	101.35%	(193)	-1.35%	
2020	15,992	15,696	98.15%	596		16,292	101.88%	(300)	-1.88%	
2021	16,457	15,798	96.00%	459		16,257	98.78%	200	1.22%	
2022	15,714	15,259	97.10%	-		15,259	97.10%	455	2.90%	

Notes:

Data Source:

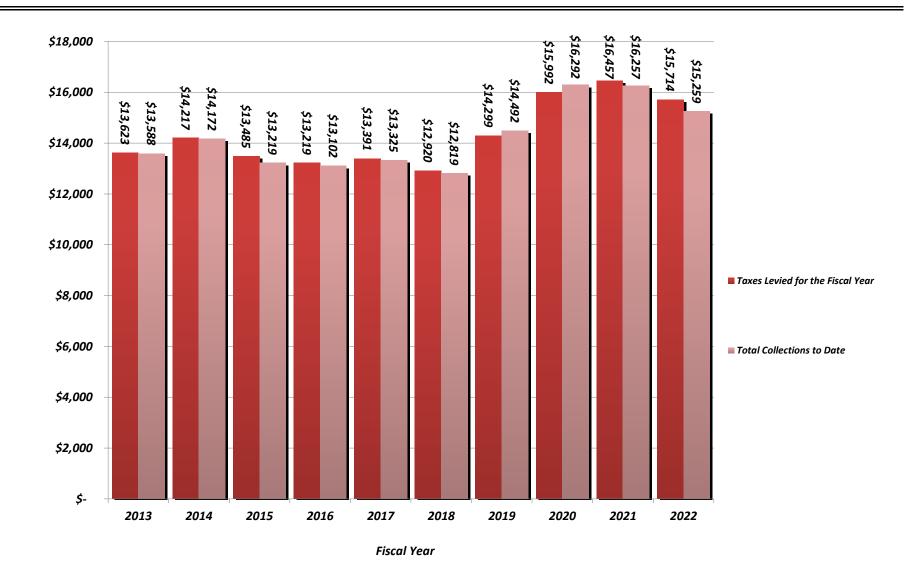
City of Calhoun, Georgia tax collection records.

¹ Includes property taxes levied for both the Board and the City of Calhoun. The Board is a component unit of the City and the City levies the property taxes for the

² The amounts reported in the total uncollected taxes column are the uncollected taxes for each specific years' tax levy.

³ The amounts collected include items not on the original digest.

Chart-Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousand dollars)



Principal Property Taxpayers (Unaudited)
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2013
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	202	22			2013						
Principal Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Principal Taxpayer	A	Faxable Assessed Value ^I	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Shaw Industries Group, Inc.	\$	145,412	1	12.34%	Mohawk Industries	\$	81,419	1	11.19%		
Mohawk Industries		143,176	2	12.15%	Shaw Industries Group, Inc.		28,707	2	3.94%		
Mannington Mills Inc.		45,725	3	3.88%	Kobelco		27,574	3	3.79%		
LG Hausys America, Inc.		19,506	4	1.66%	Engineered Floors, LLC		27,414	4	3.77%		
Apache Mills, Inc.		18,362	5	1.56%	Fieldturf USA		13,544	5	1.86%		
FieldTurf USA, Inc.		14,705	6	1.25%	Mannington		13,199	6	1.81%		
Engineered Floors LLC		12,986	7	1.10%	Faus		12,158	7	1.67%		
Nourison Industries, Inc.		11,584	8	0.98%	Apache Mills, Inc.		7,912	8	1.09%		
Walmart		10,980	9	0.93%	Nourison Industries		7,056	9	0.97%		
Stark Carpet		10,652	10	0.90%	Kerry, Inc		5,015	10	0.69%		
Total Principal Taxpayers		433,088		36.76%	Total Principal Taxpayers		223,998		30.78%		
All Other Taxpayers		745,115		63.24%	All Other Taxpayers		503,784		69.22%		
Total	\$	1,178,203		100.00%	Total	\$	727,782		100.00%		

Data Source:

City of Calhoun tax records.

Overlapping Sales and Use Tax Rates ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Overla	pping		
Fiscal		Gordon County			
Year Ended			Schools 4	State of	
June 30,	LOST ²	SPLOST ³	EDSPLOST	Georgia	Total
2013	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2014	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2015	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2016	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2017	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2018	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2019	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2020	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2021	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%
2022	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	7.00%

Notes:

² The local option sales tax was approved by referendum and is effective indefinitely. Both the City and the County is required to reduce their property tax millage rate in the current year by the amount of these taxes collected in the prior year.

³ The previous special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective April 1, 2006 and expired March 31, 2012. The currrent special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective April 1, 2012 and expires March 31, 2022.

⁴ Effective January 1, 1998 the Gordon County Board of Education and the Calhoun City Board of Education began levying a 1% education special purpose local option sales tax, that is allocated between the City and County Schools. The tax was approved effective July 1, 2007 and expired June 30, 2012. In November 2010, the voters of Gordon County and the City of Calhoun approved the extension of the existing SPLOST effective July 1, 2012 expiring June 30, 2017. Effective July 1, 2017 the tax was extended through June 30, 2022.

¹ Georgia Departmentof Revenue, Sales and Use Tax Division.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Taxable Sales by Category (Unaudited)

Calendar Years 2012 - 2021 1

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
	A	mount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Category:																					
NAICS codes																					
General merchandise	\$ 10	62,152,035	18.39% \$	166,046,005	19.92%	164,123,993	19.44%	\$ 166,940,088	20.57%	\$ 153,738,305	19.49% \$	157,158,979	19.16%	\$ 151,005,588	17.94%	\$ 169,103,889	18.14% \$	223,713,609	21.75% \$	188,603,593	16.10%
Wholesale	13	24,424,295	14.11%	131,449,880	15.77%	124,802,770	14.79%	104,266,683	12.85%	78,504,350	9.95%	80,811,500	9.85%	78,200,421	9.30%	90,357,299	9.69%	119,388,420	11.62%	171,526,983	14.64%
Food/bars	10	05,678,640	11.98%	114,121,750	13.69%	121,534,729	14.40%	130,678,975	16.10%	139,742,331	17.71%	143,199,021	17.46%	134,284,365	15.96%	153,395,119	16.46%	176,232,120	17.15%	187,699,644	16.02%
Other retail	10	61,778,163	18.35%	160,151,527	19.21%	156,900,803	18.59%	142,796,890	17.59%	131,741,106	16.70%	155,177,360	18.92%	171,449,733	20.37%	185,633,262	19.91%	185,545,949	18.06%	243,751,881	20.80%
Automotive	10	08,687,062	12.33%	47,649,200	5.72%	14,857,045	1.76%	14,061,430	1.73%	14,959,618	1.90%	15,039,850	1.83%	15,797,756	1.88%	17,625,478	1.89%	20,843,932	2.03%	26,666,045	2.28%
Utilities		56,216,313	6.37%	72,160,597	8.66%	83,547,970	9.90%	71,887,245	8.86%	59,688,911	7.57%	56,101,302	6.84%	61,483,609	7.31%	62,260,693	6.68%	56,937,881	5.54%	58,160,238	4.96%
Manufacturing		41,003,958	4.65%	20,647,441	2.48%	36,071,458	4.27%	32,008,549	3.94%	30,314,400	3.84%	31,011,470	3.78%	27,294,582	3.24%	33,911,079	3.64%	28,822,710	2.80%	41,236,203	3.52%
Miscellaneous services		51,969,154	5.89%	58,830,740	7.06%	65,772,985	7.79%	65,232,580	8.04%	77,012,044	9.76%	78,683,639	9.59%	77,916,998	9.26%	82,200,869	8.82%	84,372,204	8.21%	96,846,808	8.27%
Home furnishings	3	35,136,136	3.98%	37,314,307	4.48%	44,238,743	5.24%	50,077,274	6.17%	51,199,510	6.49%	53,783,583	6.56%	56,869,981	6.76%	65,444,755	7.02%	66,127,243	6.44%	69,734,464	5.95%
Other services	:	27,587,821	3.13%	17,133,357	2.06%	22,242,610	2.64%	20,845,999	2.57%	38,755,144	4.91%	33,854,235	4.13%	54,240,756	6.45%	56,133,256	6.02%	53,598,262	5.22%	67,491,647	5.76%
Accommodations		6,287,902	0.71%	6,814,726	0.82%	7,040,519	0.83%	9,303,836	1.15%	10,175,142	1.29%	11,543,303	1.41%	11,035,484	1.31%	12,275,000	1.32%	8,687,895	0.85%	12,629,119	1.08%
Construction		905,255	0.10%	1,359,056	0.16%	2,912,118	0.35%	3,629,179	0.45%	3,175,798	0.40%	3,760,789	0.46%	1,931,994	0.23%	3,854,767	0.41%	3,346,225	0.33%	7,299,496	0.62%
Total	\$ 8	81,826,734	100% \$	833,678,586	100%	844,045,743	100%	\$ 811,728,728	100%	\$ 789,006,659	100% \$	820,125,031	100%	\$ 841,511,267	100%	\$ 932,195,466	100% \$	1,027,616,450	100% \$	1,171,646,121	100%
Dollar increase from		12 572 765		(40 140 140)		10.267.157		6 (22.217.015)		£ (22.722.0(0)		21 110 272		e 21.297.227		6 00 (84 100		05 420 094		144.020.671	
previous year	, ·	42,572,765	3	(48,148,148)	=	10,367,157	=	\$ (32,317,015)	=	\$ (22,722,069)	=	31,118,372	:	\$ 21,386,236	:	\$ 90,684,199	3	95,420,984		144,029,671	
Percent increase from previous year		5.07%		-5.46%	_	1.24%	_	-3.83%	_	-2.80%	_	3.94%		2.61%		10.78%		10.24%	_	14.02%	

Notes:

Data Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue

¹ Sales data only available for Gordon County.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 vernmental ctivities ²	Percentage			
	Capital	of Personal	Estimated ³	Per	
June 30 ,	 Leases	Income ³	Population	Capita	
2013	\$ -	0.00000%	15,812	-	
2014	-	0.00000%	15,899	-	
2015	_	0.00000%	16,052	_	
2016	-	0.00000%	16,309	-	
2017	-	0.00000%	16.360	-	
2018	-	0.00000%	16,414	-	
2019	-	0.00000%	16,966	-	
2020	214,293	10.39750%	17,271	12	
2021	165,614	7.46192%	17,507	9	
2022	115,240	4.68018%	17,339	7	

² Applicable years' comprehensive annual financial report.

³ Exhibit XVI

Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt ⁴ (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt ^{2, 3}			
Gordon County - Debt repaid with property taxes	\$ 5,687,073	47.7%	\$ 2,710,542
City of Calhoun - Direct Debt ³	33,445,016	100.0%	33,445,016
Total Overlapping Debt			36,155,558
School Board Direct Debt	115,240	100.0%	115,240
			\$ 36,270,798

Notes:

¹ Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the Board's geographic boundaries and dividing it by each government's total assessed valuation.

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Board.

³ The City issued general obligation bonds for the construction of school buildings, which are owned by the City, and includes debt of the City Recreation Authority

³ Each specific government

Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) ¹ Last Ten Years

		(thousands of dollars)			Per C	apita	Personal Inc	ome ²		Unemployment Rate				
Year	Population ²	Personal Income ^{2A}		Gordon County			United States	% of U.S.	Median Age ³	City ²	State of Georgia ⁴	United States ⁵		
2013	15,812	\$	1,554,171	\$	29,529	\$	28,829	102%	35.3	10.2%	8.8%	7.9%		
2014	15,899		1,618,698		25,028		28,155	89%	36.9	8.5%	7.4%	6.1%		
2015	16,052		1,619,727		29,050		35,610	82%	36.9	6.1%	6.1%	5.3%		
2016	16,309		1,594,390		31,463		36,268	87%	37.7	5.6%	5.1%	4.9%		
2017	16,360		1,779,975		32,234		44,163	73%	37.8	5.2%	4.8%	4.4%		
2018	16,414		1,834,267		32,234		45,390	71%	38.0	4.1%	4.1%	4.0%		
2019	16,966		2,020,918		35,514		51,885	68%	32.0	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%		
2020	17,271		2,061,006		35,557		56,490	63%	33.5	6.6%	7.6%	11.1%		
2021	17,507		2,219,456		35,761		62,457	57%	34.1	3.5%	4.0%	5.9%		
2022	17,339		2,462,296		42,281		64,143	66%	38.4	3.0%	2.9%	3.6%		

Notes:

¹ Generally, the information in this table relates to the City of Calhoun, GA or Gordon County, GA, as specific information for the Board is not available.

² City of Calhoun, Georgia comprehensive annual financial reports

^{2A} Gordon County, Georgia comprehensive annual financial reports

³ U.S. Census Bureau - http://usgovinfo.about.com/gi/dynamic/offsite.htm?site=http://factfinder.census.gov/

⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost

⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://data.bls.gov/PDQ/servlet/SurveyOutputServlet?data_tool=latest_numbers&series_id=LNS14000000

Principal Employers (Unaudited)
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2013

				2022	}
Employer		Type of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Major County Employers
Mohawk Industries, Inc.	Flooring		3,200	1	11.45%
AdventHealth (Gordon Hospital)	Hospital		1,130	2	4.04%
Shaw Industries	Flooring		925	3	3.31%
Gordon County Schools	Government		863	4	3.09%
Mannington Carpets	Flooring		815	5	2.92%
Apache Mills	Flooring		750	6	2.68%
Engineered Flooring	Flooring		591	7	2.11%
LG Hausys America	Flooring		454	8	1.62%
Calhoun City Schools	Government		422	9	1.51%
Gordon County	Government		415	10	1.48%
Total Principal Employers			9,565		34.22%
Other Employers			18,383		65.78%
Total Employers			27,948		100.00%
				2013	;
					Percentage
		Type of	Number of		of Major County
Employer		Business	Employees	Rank	Employers
Mohawk Industries, Inc.	Flooring		1,900	1	8.13%
Shaw Industries	Flooring		1,374	2	5.88%
Gordon County Schools	Government		863	3	3.69%
Gordon Hospital	Hospital		780	4	3.34%
Mannington Carpets	Flooring		667	5	2.85%
Engineered Flooring	Flooring		650	6	2.78%
Calhoun City Schools	Government		378	7	1.62%
Gordon County Government	Government		369	8	1.58%
City of Calhoun Government	Government		345	9	1.48%
Apache Mills	Flooring		300	10	1.28%
Total Principal Employers			7,626		32.63%
Other Employers			15,748		67.37%
Total Employers			23,374		100.00%

Data Source:

Estimated by Gordon County Chamber of Commerce.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Positions - by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years 1

Positions	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Calhoun Primary School ²										
Classroom Teachers	54	54	59	56	54	49	-	-	-	-
Support Personnel	42	45	39	42	39	40	-	-	-	-
Administrators	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
Calhoun Elementary School										
Classroom Teachers	45	48	50	48	50	55	102	100	99	99
Support Personnel ¹	27	27	27	28	27	28	63	63	63	68
Administrators	2	3	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6
Calhoun Middle School										
Classroom Teachers	45	45	48	47	48	49	51	50	52	51
Support Personnel ¹	23	22	21	22	19	20	22	22	16	17
Administrators	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Calhoun High School										
Classroom Teachers	56	59	60	60	60	60	58	63	62	63
Support Personnel ¹	28	27	26	27	29	27	27	28	35	33
Administrators	5	5	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	3
Pre-K Program										
Classroom Teachers	10	10	10	8	9	11	11	12	12	13
Support Personnel ¹	14	14	14	11	11	11	12	15	13	14
Administrators	-	-	_	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	-	1
Central Office										
Support Personnel	16	11	14	13	11	10	11	12	12	12
Administrators	5	4	6	7	11	11	11	11	11	11
Maintenance	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	4
Transportation	18	16	16	18	19	19	19	19	19	19
Community Education	1	2	3	3	4	4 .	4_	5_	5	5
Total	397	398	404	402	404	406.5	406.0	416.0	414.0	422.0
Percentage Change From Prior Year	2.8%	0.3%	1.5%	-0.5%	0.4%	0.7%	-0.1%	2.5%	-0.5%	1.9%

Notes:

Data Source:

CPI Data Collection System (report Georgia Department of Education - CP0026)

¹ School nutrition personnel included as support personnel at their respective schools.

² Calhoun Primary School combined with Calhoun Elementary School in fiscal year 2019.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Teachers' Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary ¹		Minimum State Salary ²		Minimum Salary as a % of Minimum State Salary	Maximum Salary ^I		Average Salary ¹		Statewide Average Salary ^{3, 4}	
2013	\$	34,973	\$	31,586	110.7%	\$	75,360	\$	55,934	\$	53,031
2014		34,973		31,586	110.7%		75,360		56,826		52,973
2015		33,887		31,586	107.3%		76,980		56,821		53,424
2016		34,805		31,586	110.2%		76,980		58,057		54,215
2017		33,887		31,586	107.3%		76,980		57,354		55,537
2018		34,563		32,217	107.3%		78,519		58,351		56,342
2019		34,563		32,217	107.3%		78,519		57,979		57,072
2020		39,438		35,217	112.0%		81,519		62,002		60,558
2021		39,438		35,217	112.0%		81,519		62,233		60,549
2022		37,563		35,217	106.7%		81,519		62,483		62,193

Notes:

⁴ Information not completed is not available.

¹ District records

² Georgia Department of Education

³ State of Georgia, Report Card

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia School Building Information ^{1, 2} Last Ten Fiscal Years

School	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
School: Calhoun Primary										
Square feet	93,456	93,456	111,451	111,451	111,451	111,451				
Enrollment ³	940	919	1,149	1,084	1,052	1,002				
School: Calhoun Elementary										
Square feet	93,456	93,456	111,451	111,451	111,451	111,451	222,902	222,902	222,902	222,902
Enrollment ³	839	903	936	969	971	958	1,924	1,979	1,963	1,963
School: Calhoun Middle										
Square feet	85,645	94,628	125,915	125,915	125,915	125,915	125,915	125,915	125,915	125,915
Enrollment ³	788	841	853	956	969	977	1,004	1,016	989	989
School: Calhoun High										
Square feet	94,628	246,020	259,140	259,140	259,140	259,140	259,140	259,140	259,140	259,140
Enrollment ³	909	997	1,059	1,084	1,089	1,105	1,174	1,217	1,239	1,239

Notes:

¹ School capacity data not available.

³ Georgia Department of Education, Enrollment, 1st annual count, October of each fiscal year.

² District records

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Operating Expenditures ²	Fall Student Enrollment	Cost Per Pupil	% Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Enrollment Eligibility % of Free and Reduced Meals
2013	\$ 26,822,436	3,560	7,534	7.14%	213	16.71	61.21%
2014	28,392,859	3,764	7,543	0.12%	213	17.67	61.21%
2015	28,949,006	3,903	7,417	-1.67%	227	17.19	58.94%
2016	29,586,166	4,093	7,228	-2.54%	219	18.69	60.14%
2017	31,030,366	4,081	7,604	5.19%	221	18.47	56.89%
2018	30,533,648	4,043	7,552	-0.68%	224	18.05	55.22%
2019	30,476,789	4,102	7,430	-1.62%	222	18.48	57.53%
2020	32,985,735	4,212	7,831	5.41%	225	18.72	57.86%
2021	31,442,210	4,191	7,502	-4.20%	225	18.63	55.60%
2022	32,219,247	4,175	7,717	2.86%	226	18.47	20.27%

Data Sources:

http://app.doe.k12.ga.us/ows-bin/owa/fte_pack_frl001_public.entry_for

https://app3.doe.k12.ga.us/ows-bin/owa/fin pack revenue.entry form

¹ Georgia Department of Education,

² Georgia Department of Education,

Enrollment by Grade Level (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years 1

Grade Level	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
PK	216	202	203	164	160	184	210	210	226	226
KK	301	307	294	290	277	257	274	290	267	301
Grade 1	321	313	328	313	298	266	277	304	301	281
Grade 2	318	299	324	317	317	295	256	273	309	300
Grade 3	295	306	306	331	315	305	300	274	279	305
Grade 4	282	294	318	320	336	320	290	317	278	285
Grade 5	262	303	312	318	320	333	317	311	303	291
Grade 6	258	279	306	329	314	334	345	328	306	315
Grade 7	271	274	282	320	334	312	331	349	338	292
Grade 8	259	288	265	307	321	331	328	339	345	331
Grade 9	269	302	293	280	308	329	358	334	332	347
Grade 10	251	264	287	288	268	276	300	328	310	317
Grade 11	201	244	253	280	266	254	261	284	324	288
Grade 12	187	187	226	236	247	246	255	271	273	296
Total	3,691	3,862	3,997	4,093	4,081	4,042	4,102	4,212	4,191	4,175
Annual % Change	3.3%	4.6%	3.5%	2.4%	-0.3%	-1.0%	1.5%	2.7%	-0.5%	-0.4%

Notes:

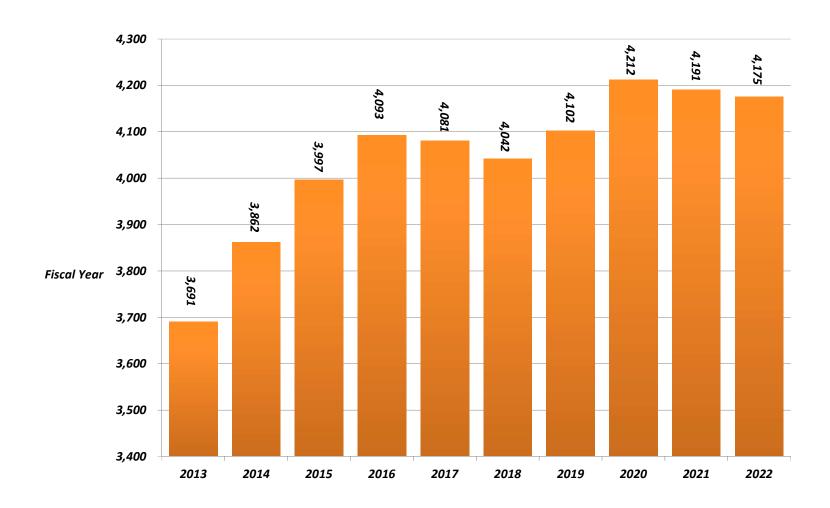
Data Source:

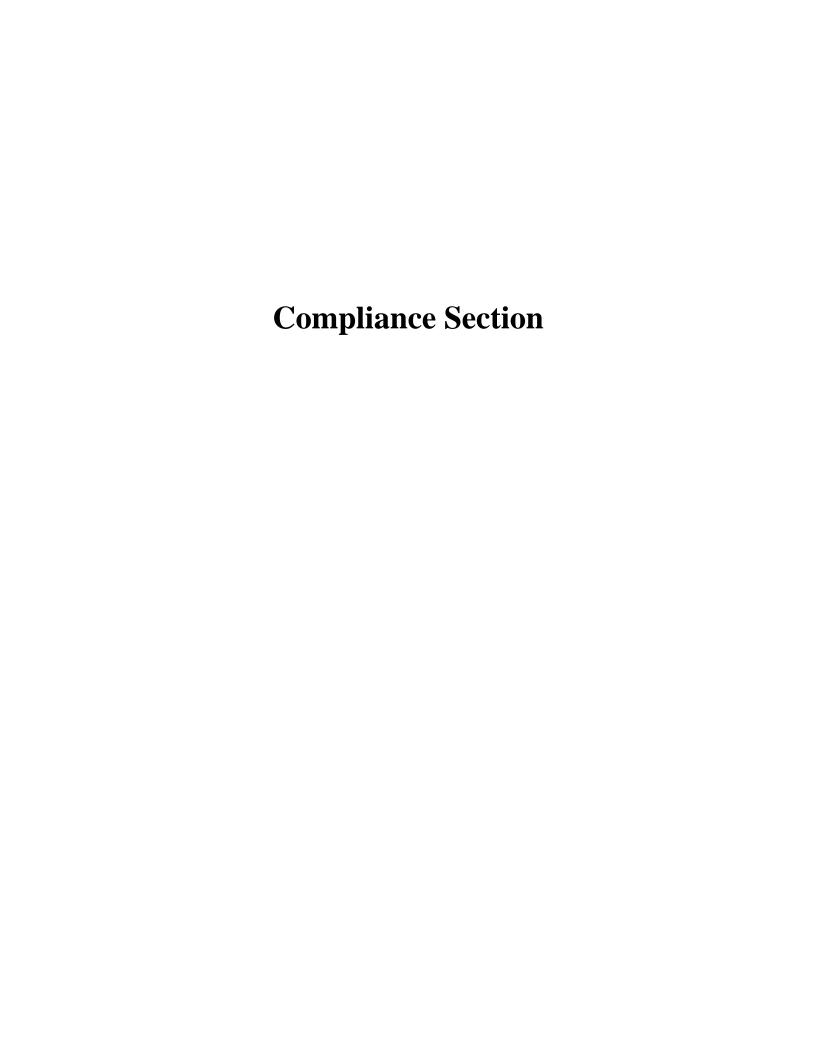
https://app3.doe.k12.ga.us/ows-bin/owa/fte_pack_enrollgrade.entry_form

 $^{^{\}it 1}$ Georgia Department of Education, 1st annual count, October of each fiscal year

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia

Chart-Enrollment by Grade Level
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)





R.M. DOBBS & COMPANY

JERRY L. CLEMENTS, C.P.A LOUISE McGOWAN, C.P.A. JUDY M. FAGAN, C.P.A. MITZI B. POWELL, C.P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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MEMBER OF
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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
AND
GEORGIA SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Superintendent and the Members of the City of Calhoun Board of Education Calhoun, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A. M. Dobbs a Company

Calhoun, Georgia January 30, 2023

R.M. DOBBS & COMPANY

JERRY L. CLEMENTS, C.P.A. LOUISE McGOWAN, C.P.A. JUDY M. FAGAN, C.P.A. MITZI B. POWELL, C.P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Superintendent and Member of the City of Calhoun Board of Education Calhoun, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A. M. Dobbs a Company

Calhoun, Georgia January 30, 2023

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	Pass-through Assistance Entity Listing Identifying Number Number		Total Expenditures In Period	
FROGRAM/ORANT	Tulliber	rumoei	III I CHOU	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Food Services School Breakfast Program	10.553	205GA324N1099	\$ 905,655	
National School Lunch Program COVID-19-National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555	205GA324N1099 205GA324N1099	2,498,772 92,315 3,496,742	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,496,742	
U.S. Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Special Education				
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A200073	351,178	
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	362,181	
COVID-19-American Rescue Plan-Grants to States	84.027X	H173A210081	15,433	
Preschool Grants Preschool Grants	84.173A 84.173A	H173A200081 H173A210081	4,712 21,147	
COVID-19-American Rescue Plan-Preschool Grants	84.173X	H173A210081	1,206	
Total Special Education Cluster			755,857	
Other Programs Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Elementary and Secondary Education Act				
Title 1-A	94.0104	5010 4 200010	120 190	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	S010A200010 S010A200010	139,180 996,206	
	********		1,135,386	
Title II	0.4.3.5	GB (F BOOOD)	10.05	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A 84.367A	S367A200001 S367A210001	19,067 97,019 116,086	
Title III-A English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A200010	22,798	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A210010	70,487	
Title V Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	S3588200010	9,869	
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	S35B8200010	84,694 94,563	
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196A	S196A210011	49,690	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A210010	49,189	
Title IV- Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Total Other Programs	84.424A	S424A210011	76,284 1,614,483	
Education Stabililization Fund				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425D 84.425D	S425D200012 S425D210012	22,690 2,089,939	
Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425U	S425U210012	3,407,971	
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Childrans Youth Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425W	S425W210011	33,029 5,553,629	
Total U. S. Department of Education			7,923,969	
·			1,723,707	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Child Care and Development Fund Cluster Pass-Through From Bright From the Start				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning Covid-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	40,580	
U. S. Department of Justice Direct- Community Oriented Policing Services	16.710	2019SVWX0068	68,413	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 11,529,704	

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The Federally assigned value of donated commodities for the Food Donation Program in the amount of \$112,006 is included in the national lunch program.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia, has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - AWARDS PASSED-THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no awards passed-through to subrecipients.

NOTE E - RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to total federal revenues:

Total expenditures of federal awards (SEFA)	\$11,529,704
Erate not included on SEFA	94,350
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures in food service fund	472,612
Expenditures from other sources on financial statements	(1,847)
Total Federal Revenues	\$12,094,819

NOTE F - DONATED PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the federal government donated personal protective equipment (PPE) to Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency (GEMA/HS). GEMA/HS, then donated PPE, with an estimated fair market value of \$8,592 to the City of Calhoun, Board of Education. This amount is not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and is not subject to audit. Therefore, this amount is unaudited.

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

None Reported

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Calhoun Board of Education were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Calhoun Board of Education which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were disclosed during the audit.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for each major federal award program for the City of Calhoun Board of Education expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs are: Special Education Cluster (assistance listing 84.027 and 84.173) and Education Stabilization Fund (assistance listing 84.425) including subprograms: Elementary and Secondary Emergency Relief Fund (assistance listing 84.425) and American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (assistance listing 84.425).
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of Calhoun Board of Education was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None Reported

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None Reported

CALHOUN CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROJECTS November 2015 Referendum - (a) The retirement of previously incurred general obligation debt	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1) \$ 10,850,614	CURRENT ESTIMATED COST (2) \$ 10,850,614	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4) \$ 2,152,066	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4) \$ 8,629,690	TOTAL COMPLETION COST \$ 10,781,756	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED (5) \$ 68,858	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE Completed
(b) Renovations and improvements to and equipment for the auditorium, acquisition and installation of security cameras at the Pre-K site, relocation of the Central Office to allow expansion of current Pre-K facilities, relocation of Online Learning Academy, acquisition and installation of computers and new technology, acquisition of new school buses and/or the refurbishing of existing school buses, acquisition and installation of a new HVAC system at the primary/elementary school complex, acquisition and equipping of science, technology, engineering, and math programs at the middle school and high school for the College and Career Academy Program, acquisition, construction, and equipping of renovations, modifications, and classroom additions, acquisition of real property for future schools, facilities, administrative offices, support services, or any other purpose, and renovations, construction, improvements and additions to and equipment for existing academic and athletic facilities and the infrastructure supporting these facilities including security systems, energy management systems, heating and air conditioning systems, and lighting on campuses.	11.402.386						6/30/2022
conditioning systems, and righting on campuses.	11,402,300	-	-	-	-	-	0/30/2022
Land for New Central Office	-	201,662	-	201,662	201,662	-	Completed
New Central Office	-	2,944,646	-	2,868,899	2,868,899	75,747	Completed
Land for CHS	-	8,039	-	8,039	8,039	-	Completed
Early Learning Academy		17,755,743	10,107,455	7,170,389			8/31/2022
Total	\$ 22,253,000	\$ 31,760,704	\$ 12,259,521	\$ 18,878,679	\$ 13,860,356	\$ 144,605	

- (1) The School District's original project cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax, with sales tax proceeds estimated at \$22,253,000 to retire bonds issued for the project. All project costs estimated are included and will be paid from bond proceeds, federal, state and local funds.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects, including all costs from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Gordon County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.
- (4) Actual project cost incurred in current and prior years.
- (5) Actual sequestration on the Federal subsidy for the QSCB's was less than the estimated amount.
- (6) Reconciliation to Capital Project Fund:

Above amount expended in current year	\$ 12,259,521
Debt paid by the City of Calhoun	(2,152,066)
Non-SPLOST projects	8,239
Expenditures - Capital Project Fund	\$ 10,115,694

City of Calhoun Board of Education, Georgia Notes to Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The accompanying schedule includes information required by state statute. This information is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted principles for governmental fund financial statements.