

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MOULTRIE, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

<u>Page</u>

SECTION I

FINANCIAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

EXHIBITS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
А	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
В	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
С	BALANCE SHEET	
	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
D	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	
_	TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	5
Е	STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES	
	IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	6
F	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	0
1	OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND	
	BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	7
G	STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	
	FIDUCIARY FUNDS	8
Н	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	
	FIDUCIARY FUNDS	9
I	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
SCHED	ULES	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
1	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES	
	IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
	GENERAL FUND	29
	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
2	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	30
3	SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE	31
4	SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS	32
5	ALLOTMENTS AND EXPENDITURES	
	GENERAL FUND - QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS (QBE)	22
	BY PROGRAM	33

33

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS -

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I

FINANCIAL



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

May 12, 2014

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Colquitt County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information (Exhibits A through I) of the Colquitt County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Colquitt County Board of Education, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2013, the Colquitt County Board of Education adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual, as presented on page 29, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Colquitt County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, consisting of Schedules 2 through 5, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 12, 2014, on our consideration of the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg & Diffi

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2013ARL-11

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	-	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,158,293.79
Investments		39,074,285.13
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Interest		3.59
Taxes		1,088,188.59
State Government		5,910,979.44
Federal Government		1,359,898.59
Other		64,826.54
Inventories		303,755.15
Capitalized Bond and Other Debt Issuance Costs		315,525.31
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		1,628,841.53
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	-	112,480,831.11
Total Assets	\$	164,385,428.77
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	38,736.00
Salaries and Benefits Payable		9,137,495.68
Claims Incurred but not Reported (IBNR)		1,042,795.81
Interest Payable		66,584.04
Deposits and Deferred Revenues		7,767.74
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		3,627,885.09
Due in More Than One Year	-	31,090,972.71
Total Liabilities	\$_	45,012,237.07
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	105,127,004.81
Restricted for		
Continuation of Federal Programs		689,705.80
Debt Service		7,828,153.73
Unrestricted	-	5,728,327.36
Total Net Position	\$	119,373,191.70

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	54,952,461.25 \$	448,290.98
Support Services			
Pupil Services		4,309,302.79	
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,053,861.37	
Educational Media Services		1,563,884.00	
General Administration		607,201.94	
School Administration		4,133,000.03	
Business Administration		2,015,290.34	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		6,850,486.85	4,410.00
Student Transportation Services		3,323,505.93	79,521.66
Central Support Services		284,912.88	
Other Support Services		140,778.81	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations		478,100.79	91,905.40
Food Services		6,306,987.04	716,881.08
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	-	175,035.87	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	87,194,809.89 \$	1,341,009.12
General Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes			
For Maintenance and Operations			
Sales Taxes			
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax			
For Debt Services			
For Capital Projects			
Local Option Sales Tax			
Other Sales Tax			
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs			
Investment Farnings			

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous Special Items

> Donation of Building Donation of Land

> > Total General Revenues and Special Items

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

EXHIBIT "B"

	PROGRAM REVENUE	S			NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
		-		-	
\$	41,339,994.24			\$	-13,164,176.03
Ψ	41,009,004.24			Ψ	-13,104,170.03
	787,581.65				-3,521,721.14
	1,612,935.14				-440,926.23
	1,182,215.35				-381,668.65
	1,640,954.72				1,033,752.78
	2,425,115.07				-1,707,884.96
	156.89				-2,015,133.45
	2,716,684.62				-4,129,392.23
	120,041.81	\$	152,439.00		-2,971,503.46
	56.25				-284,856.63
	104,414.72				-36,364.09
					-386,195.39
	4,961,981.89				-628,124.07
		-		_	-175,035.87
\$	56,892,132.35	\$	152,439.00	\$_	-28,809,229.42

\$ 7,301,181.20

2,889,344.54
2,645,616.93
5,534,956.58
117,347.03
8,615,093.86
228,931.66
1,203,422.54
662,978.00
35,000.00
\$ 29,233,872.34
\$ 424,642.92
118,948,548.78

\$ 119,373,191.70

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	DISTRICT- WIDE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	TOTAL
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable, Net Interest	\$	2,138,756.52 6,143,039.33 3.59	\$	19,537.27 29,923,197.59	\$	3,008,048.21	\$	2,158,293.79 39,074,285.13 3.59
Taxes State Government Federal Government Interfund		657,396.66 5,910,979.44 1,359,898.59		9,164.00		430,791.93		1,088,188.59 5,910,979.44 1,359,898.59 9,164.00
Other Inventories	_	64,826.54 303,755.15	_		_		_	64,826.54 303,755.15
Total Assets	\$_	16,578,655.82	\$_	29,951,898.86	\$_	3,438,840.14	\$_	49,969,394.82
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interfund Payable Deposits and Deferred Revenue	\$	15,272.00 9,137,495.68 18,697.49	\$	23,464.00	\$	9,164.00	\$	38,736.00 9,137,495.68 9,164.00 18,697.49
Total Liabilities	\$	9,171,465.17	\$	23,464.00	\$	9,164.00	\$	9,204,093.17
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	303,755.15 496,550.25 2,047,790.70 4,559,094.55	\$	29,928,434.86	\$	3,429,676.14	\$	303,755.15 33,854,661.25 2,047,790.70 4,559,094.55
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,407,190.65	\$	29,928,434.86	\$	3,429,676.14	\$	40,765,301.65
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	16,578,655.82	\$_	29,951,898.86	\$_	3,438,840.14	\$_	49,969,394.82

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "C")		\$ 40,765,301.65
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. These assets consist of:		
Land Construction in Progress Land Improvements Buildings Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds.	\$ 1,058,021.51 570,820.02 5,393,764.53 128,949,193.46 8,890,571.81 -30,752,698.69	114,109,672.64
Property Taxes		10,929.75
Long-Term Liabilities, including Bonds Payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-Term Liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable Capital Leases Payable Bond Issuance Costs, Net of Amortization Compensated Absences Payable Bond Premiums, Net of Amortization Claims and Judgments Payable Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ -26,570,000.00 -66,584.04 -5,028,936.50 315,525.31 -265,004.90 -2,854,916.40 -1,042,795.81	-35,512,712.34

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit "A")

\$ 119,373,191.70

EXHIBIT "E"

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	DISTRICT- WIDE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services	\$	7,534,251.19 5,652,303.61 53,425,608.83 12,234,056.38 1,341,009.12	\$	2,645,616.93 \$	2,889,344.54	\$	7,534,251.19 11,187,265.08 53,425,608.83 12,234,056.38 1,341,009.12
Investment Earnings		9,048.75		215,583.79	4,299.12		228,931.66
Miscellaneous	_	1,207,824.43	-				1,207,824.43
Total Revenues	\$	81,404,102.31	\$	2,861,200.72 \$	2,893,643.66	\$	87,158,946.69
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	\$	53,377,223.18			:	\$	53,377,223.18
Support Services							
Pupil Services		4,237,665.10					4,237,665.10
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,058,359.71					2,058,359.71
Educational Media Services General Administration		1,477,139.48 596,892.76					1,477,139.48 596,892.76
School Administration		4,025,696.51					4,025,696.51
Business Administration		1,229,722.88	\$	303,411.29			1,533,134.17
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		6,589,944.91	•	000, 122.20			6,589,944.91
Student Transportation Services		3,191,133.38					3,191,133.38
Central Support Services		284,786.16					284,786.16
Other Support Services		140,778.81					140,778.81
Enterprise Operations		515,100.79					515,100.79
Food Services Operation		5,949,957.35					5,949,957.35
Capital Outlay				580,004.02			580,004.02
Debt Services		00.004.00			F 000 000 00		F 000 001 00
Principal		63,221.26		\$	5,000,000.00		5,063,221.26
Interest	_	6,724.33	-		201,890.00	-	208,614.33
Total Expenditures	\$	83,744,346.61	\$	883,415.31 \$	5,201,890.00	\$	89,829,651.92
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	-2,340,244.30	\$_	1,977,785.41 \$	-2,308,246.34	\$_	-2,670,705.23
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds of Bonds			\$	23,470,000.00 \$	0.00	\$	23,470,000.00
Premiums on Bonds Sold				2,854,916.40			2,854,916.40
Capital Leases	\$	37,000.00					37,000.00
Transfers In		195,611.25					195,611.25
Transfers Out	_		-	-195,611.25			-195,611.25
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	232,611.25	\$	26,129,305.15 \$	0.00	\$	26,361,916.40
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-2,107,633.05	\$	28,107,090.56 \$	-2,308,246.34	\$	23,691,211.17
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	9,514,823.70	_	1,821,344.30	5,737,922.48	_	17,074,090.48
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	7,407,190.65	¢	29,928,434.86 \$	3,429,676.14	\$	40,765,301.65
	Ψ=	1,701,130.00	Ψ=	20,020, 4 04.00 Ø	0,720,010.14	* -	-0,100,001.00

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "E")	\$	23,691,211.17
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital Outlays are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of Capital Assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlay	\$ 847,620.02	
Depreciation Expense	-2,838,966.77	
Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense		-1,991,346.75
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to increase net position.		693,576.11
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		-233,069.99
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds;		
however, issuing debt increases Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net		
Position. In the current period, proceeds were received from:		
General Obligation Bonds Issued, Including a Premium of \$2,854,916.40	-	26,324,916.40
Bond issuance costs, deferred gains on refundings and similar items when debt		
is first issued are reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds.		
but are reported as deferred charges on the Statement of Net Position		
and amortized over the term of the debt, using the straight-line method.		
The details of this difference in the current period are as follows:		
Deferral of Bond Issuance Costs	\$ 303,411.29	
Deferral of Bond Issuance Costs Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs	\$ 303,411.29 -36,869.74	
	, , .	266,541.55
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs	, , .	266,541.55
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases.	, , .	266,541.55
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source	, , .	266,541.55
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is	, , .	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source	, , .	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability.	, , .	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental	, , .	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability.	, , .	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of	-36,869.74	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments	-36,869.74	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid.	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid.	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid.	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of:	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00 <u>63,221.26</u>	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in Compensated Absences	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00 63,221.26 \$ 7,378.43	-37,000.00
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims and Judgments	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00 63,221.26 \$ 7,378.43	-37,000.00 5,063,221.26 33,578.46
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims and Judgments	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00 63,221.26 \$ 7,378.43	-37,000.00 5,063,221.26 33,578.46
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims and Judgments Total Additional Expenditures	-36,869.74 \$ 5,000,000.00 63,221.26 \$ 7,378.43 -744,530.92	-37,000.00 5,063,221.26 33,578.46 -737,152.49
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs Total Bond Issuance Costs Some of the Capital Assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. In Governmental Funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a Long-Term Liability. Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Bond Principal Retirements Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayments Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims and Judgments	<u>-36,869.74</u> \$ 5,000,000.00 63,221.26 \$ 7,378.43	-37,000.00 5,063,221.26 33,578.46

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS		AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	6,368.93 173,229.16	\$	240,179.79 14,928.35
Interest and Dividends		59.80		13.09
Total Assets	\$	179,657.89	\$	255,121.23
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Funds Held for Others	\$	400.00	\$	255 101 00
Funds Held for Others			<u></u>	255,121.23
Total Liabilities	\$	400.00	\$	255,121.23
Total Liabilities	Φ.	400.00	^ф —	255,121.25
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust for Private Purposes	\$	179,257.89		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
ADDITIONS		
Investment Earnings Interest	\$	2,598.08
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships	\$	6,279.14
Change in Net Position	\$	-3,681.06
Net Position - Beginning	_	182,938.95
Net Position - Ending	\$	179,257.89

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Colquitt County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The Board is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements of the Colquitt County Board of Education.

District-wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate statements for each category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- District-wide Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and Bond Proceeds that are restricted, committed or assigned to the expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Private Purpose Trust funds report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit various individuals. Some funds provide provisions under which principal and interest may be expended, and some funds provide provisions under which only income can be spent and the principal must be invested and preserved intact.
- Agency funds account for assets held by the School District as an agent for various school clubs and activities.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The District-wide governmental and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2013, the School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 60, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements*. The provisions of this Statement establish accounting and financial reporting standards for governments who enter into Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) with other governmental or nongovernmental entities. As of June 30, 2013, the School District has not entered into any arrangements that meet the qualifications to be reported as a SCA in accordance with this standard.

In fiscal year 2013, the School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* The provisions of this Statement incorporate certain accounting and financial reporting guidance into authoritative GASB literature.

In fiscal year 2013, the School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position.* The provisions of this Statement establish financial reporting standards for the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. The School District changed its presentation of net assets to net position for fiscal year 2013. There were not other applicable reporting changes for the School District.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Composition of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

Composition of Investments

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interestearning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Both participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase greater than one year and equity investments are reported at fair value. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 36-83-4 authorizes the School District to invest its funds. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity. Funds may be invested in the following:

- 1. Obligations issued by the State of Georgia or by other states,
- 2. Obligations issued by the United States government,
- 3. Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or a United States government agency,
- 4. Obligations of any corporation of the United States government,
- 5. Prime banker's acceptances,
- 6. The Georgia Fund 1 administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer,
- 7. Repurchase agreements, and
- 8. Obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

The School District does not have a formal policy regarding investment policies that address credit quality risks, custodial credit risks, concentration of credit risks, or interest rate risks.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Colquitt County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2012 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 4, 2012 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2012. Taxes were due on December 10, 2012 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2012 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2013. The Colquitt County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$7,226,078.59.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2012 tax year (calendar year) for the Colquitt County Board of Education was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

8.283 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$308,172.60 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

SALES TAXES

Local Option Sales Tax revenue, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year amounted to \$5,534,956.58 and was recorded in the General Fund. Local Option Sales Tax is to be used for the maintenance and operation of the School District.

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$5,534,961.47 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the District-wide financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (first-in, first-out). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Consumable Supplies

On the basic financial statements, consumable supplies are reported at cost (first-in, first-out). The School District uses the consumption method to account for consumable supplies inventory whereby an asset is recorded when supplies are purchased and expenses are recorded at the time the supplies are consumed.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased, including capital outlay costs, are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges). On the District-wide financial statements, all purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Disposals are deleted at depreciated recorded cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives

of the assets is not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art. During the fiscal year under review, no events or changes in circumstances affecting a capital asset that may indicate impairment were known to the School District.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	_	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	10,000.00	20 to 60 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	10,000.00	25 to 60 years
Equipment	\$	10,000.00	5 to 25 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	10 to 20 years

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over estimated useful lives, with the exception of intangible assets which are amortized.

Amortization of intangible assets such as water, timber, and mineral rights, easements, patents, trademarks, copyrights and internally generated software is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 10 to 20 years.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Members of the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement. The liability for early retirement will be borne by TRS rather than by the individual school districts. Otherwise, sick leave does not vest with the employee, and no liability is reported in the School District's financial statements.

Vacation leave of 10 and 5 days is awarded on a fiscal year basis to all full time personnel employed on a twelve month basis and eleven month basis, respectively. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed 20 days for a twelve month basis employee and 10 days for an eleven month basis employee.

	Beginning of Year			End of Year
	Liability	Increases	Decreases	Liability
2011 \$	295,258.00 \$	342,735.00 \$	318,499.00 \$	319,494.00
2012 \$	319,494.00 \$	354,065.31 \$	401,175.98 \$	272,383.33
2013 \$	272,383.33 \$	361,337.18 \$	368,715.61 \$	265,004.90

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In the District-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, the School District recognizes bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the fiscal year bonds are issued. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The outstanding amount of these bonds is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

NET POSITION

The School District's net position in the District-wide Statements is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position - This represents resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources for continuation of Federal Programs, debt service and capital projects in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position - Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the School District, and may be used at the discretion of the Board to meet current expenses for those purposes.

FUND BALANCES

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints are placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed conditions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The Board of Education is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board of Education or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balances that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Nonspendable				
Inventories			\$	303,755.15
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	496,550.25		
Capital Projects		25,463,373.23		
Debt Service		7,894,737.77		33,854,661.25
Assigned				
Self-Insurance	\$	1,755,134.16		
School Activity Accounts	_	292,656.54		2,047,790.70
Unassigned				4,559,094.55
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013			\$_	40,765,301.65

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the General Fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See Schedule 1 – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110 percent of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. Section 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110 percent of the daily pool balance

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- 1. Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- 2. Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- 3. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- 4. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- 5. Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- 6. Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- 7. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2013, the bank balances were \$6,358,482.09. The amounts exposed to custodial credit risk are classified into three categories as follows:

- Category 1 Uncollateralized,
- Category 2 Cash collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- Category 3 Cash collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

Custodial Credit Risk Category		Bank Balance
1	\$	0.00
2		0.00
3	-	5,317,141.81
Total	\$	5,317,141.81

The School District's deposits by custodial risk category at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

CATEGORIZATION OF INVESTMENTS

The School District's investments as of June 30, 2013, are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type and debt securities are presented by maturity.

			Investment
			Maturity
			1-5
	_	Fair Value	Years
Investment Type			
Debt Securities			
Municipal Obligation	\$	4,465,061.63 \$	4,465,061.63
Investment Pools Office of State Treasurer			
Georgia Fund 1	_	34,603,869.81	
Total Investments	\$_	39,068,931.44	

The Georgia Fund 1, formerly referred to as LGIP, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1 (Primary Liquidity Portfolio) does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at <u>http://www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/cafr.html</u>.

The Primary Liquidity Portfolio consists of Georgia Fund 1 which is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share. The pool is an AAAm rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2013, was 43 days.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2013, \$4,465,061.63 of the School District's applicable investments were (1) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the name of the School District and (2) uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

Credit Quality Risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

The investments subject to credit quality risk are reflected below:

			Quality
			Ratings
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Value	A
Debt Securities			
Municipal Obligation	\$_	4,465,061.63 \$	4,465,061.63

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing concentration of credit risk. More than 5% of the School District's investments are in municipal obligations. This investment is 11% of the School District's total investments.

NOTE 5: NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The School District receives food commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for school breakfast and lunch programs. These commodities are recorded at their Federally assigned value. See Note 2 - Inventories

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the Capital Assets during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2012		Increases		Decreases		Balances June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities		-				-	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,023,021.51	\$	35,000.00	\$	0.00	\$	1,058,021.51
Construction Work In Progress	0.00	_	570,820.02				570,820.02
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,023,021.51	\$	605,820.02	\$	0.00	\$	1,628,841.53
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 128,239,901.46	\$	709,292.00			\$	128,949,193.46
Equipment	8,723,871.81		210,719.00	\$	44,019.00		8,890,571.81
Land Improvements	5,373,997.53		19,767.00				5,393,764.53
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and Improvements	22,326,895.80		2,168,612.99				24,495,508.79
Equipment	4,073,414.92		486,392.81		39,617.11		4,520,190.62
Land Improvements	1,553,038.31	_	183,960.97				1,736,999.28
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 114,384,421.77	\$	-1,899,188.77	\$_	4,401.89	\$	112,480,831.11
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$ 115,407,443.28	\$	-1,293,368.75	\$_	4,401.89	\$	114,109,672.64

Capital assets being acquired under capital leases as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,257,501.64
Equipment		37,000.00
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	740,784.53
	\$	4,553,717.11

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	1,577,866.77
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 67,806.60		
Educational Media Services	86,744.52		
General Administration	10,843.06		
School Administration	108,430.65		
Business Administration	6,214.11		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	330,174.38		
Student Transportation Services	 292,818.35		903,031.67
Food Services		_	358,068.33
		\$	2,838,966.77

NOTE 7: INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund balances at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

	Due From Other Funds		_	Due To Other Funds
District-wide Capital Projects Debt Service Fund	\$	9,164.00		9,164.00
	\$	9,164.00	\$	9,164.00

Interfund receivables and payables are used to record receivables in the Capital Projects Fund from sales tax revenues received by the Debt Service Fund (interfund payables) for providing funding for capital construction projects in the current year.

NOTE 8: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

	Transfers From
	District-wide
	Capital
Transfers to	Projects
General Fund	\$ 195,611.25

Transfers are used to move funds from the District-wide Capital Projects Fund for repayment to the General Fund for funding capital construction projects before sales tax revenues were available.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; acts of God and unemployment compensation.

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System, a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the system for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the system with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the system varies by line of coverage.

The School District has established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation claims. A premium is charged when needed by the General Fund to each user program on the basis of the percentage of that program's payroll to total payroll in order to cover estimated claims budgeted by management based on known claims and prior experience. The School District accounts for claims with expense and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$400,000.00 loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning of Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	_	End of Year Liability
2012	\$ 89,182.00	\$ 696,619.89	\$ 487,537.00	\$	298,264.89
2013	\$ 298,264.89	\$ 1,103,405.67	\$ 358,874.75	\$	1,042,795.81

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the General Fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

			Claims and			
	Beginning of Year		Changes in	Claims		End of Year
	Liability	_	Estimates	Paid	_	Liability
2012	\$ 0.00	\$	4,910.55	\$ 4,910.55	\$	0.00
2013	\$ 0.00	\$	33,667.00	\$ 33,667.00	\$	0.00

The School District has purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 100,000.00
Each Employee (Per Loss)	\$ 100,000.00

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

CAPITAL LEASES

The Colquitt County Board of Education has entered into various lease agreements, including a Qualified Zone Academy bond, as lessee for equipment, computer, and construction projects. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences represent obligations of the School District relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences based upon service already rendered. This obligation relates only to vesting accumulating leave in which payment is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Typically, the General Fund is the fund used to liquidate this long-term debt. The School District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

General Obligation Bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
General Government - Series 2008	3.1106%	\$ 2,700,000.00
General Government - Series 2009	2.75%	400,000.00
General Government - Series 2013	3.00% - 5.00%	23,470,000.00
		\$ 26,570,000.00

Voters have authorized \$3,730,000.00 in general obligation debt for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities which was not issued as of June 30, 2013.

			Governmental Activities								
		Balance						Balance		Due Within	
		July 1, 2012	-	Additions		Deductions	-	June 30, 2013	. <u> </u>	One Year	
G.O. Bonds	\$	8.100.000.00	\$	23.470.000.00	\$	5.000.000.00	\$	26.570.000.00	\$	3,100,000.00	
	Ψ	-,,	Ψ	-, -,	Ψ	63.221.26	Ψ	-,	Ψ		
Capital Leases		5,055,157.76		37,000.00		, -		5,028,936.50		8,809.37	
Compensated Absences (1)		272,383.33		361,337.18		368,715.61		265,004.90			
Bond Premiums Amortized		0.00	-	2,854,916.40			_	2,854,916.40	_	519,075.72	
	\$	13,427,541.09	\$	26,723,253.58	\$	5,431,936.87	\$	34,718,857.80	\$_	3,627,885.09	

The changes in Long-Term Debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, were as follows:

(1) The portion of Compensated Absences due within one year has been determined to be immaterial to the basic financial statements.

At June 30, 2013, payments due by fiscal year which includes principal and interest for these items are as follows:

				Capital Leases			
			-	Principal		Interest	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:			-				
2014			\$	8,809.37	\$	2,676.63	
2015				5,009,624.24		1,861.76	
2016				10,502.89		971.52	
Total Principal and Interest			\$	5,028,936.50	\$	5,509.91	
	_	General O	olig	ation Debt		Unamortized	
	_	Principal		Interest		Bond Premium	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:							
2014	\$	3,100,000.00	\$	613,526.25	\$	519,075.72	
2015		4,530,000.00		987,750.00		519,075.72	
2016		4,665,000.00		851,850.00		519,075.72	
2017		4,850,000.00		665,250.00		519,075.72	
2018		5,045,000.00		471,250.00		519,075.72	
2019	-	4,380,000.00	_	219,000.00		259,537.80	
Total Principal and Interest	\$	26,570,000.00	\$	3,808,626.25	\$	2,854,916.40	

NOTE 11: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The School District has recognized revenues and costs in the amount of \$5,158,081.86 for health insurance and retirement contributions paid on the School District's behalf by the following State Agencies.

Georgia Department of Education Paid to the Georgia Department of Community Health For Health Insurance of Certificated Personnel In the amount of \$4,958,052.00

Paid to the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia For Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) Employer's Cost In the amount of \$34,138.86

Office of the State Treasurer

Paid to the Public School Employees' Retirement System For Public School Employees' Retirement (PSERS) Employer's Cost In the amount of \$165,891.00

Funds paid to the Georgia Department of Community Health by the Georgia Department of Education on behalf of the School District are reported as part of the Quality Basic Education revenue allotments on Schedule 3 – Schedule of State Revenue.

NOTE 12: SPECIAL ITEMS

The School District received capital asset donations of a building valued at \$662,978.00 and land valued at \$35,000.00.

NOTE 13: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2013, together with funding available:

	Unearned		Funding
	Executed		Available
Project	 Contracts	_	From State
		_	
New Colquitt County High School	\$ 42,798,629.00	\$_	21,486,296.00

The amounts described in this note are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 14: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. The School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to be material to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In the subsequent fiscal year, the School District entered into a capital lease for up to \$13,050,000 to be used for the financing of a Guaranteed Energy Savings Performance Contract. This contract provides for the maintenance and installation of equipment designed to provide energy savings to the School District.

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description. The Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that covers eligible former employees of public school systems, libraries and regional educational service agencies. The School OPEB Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible former employees and their qualified beneficiaries through the State Employees Health Benefit Plan administered by the Department of Community Health. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits for retirees, to the Board of Community Health (Board). The Department of Community Health, which includes the School OPEB Fund, issues a separate stand alone financial audit report and a copy can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. For members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2013, contributions also vary based on years of service. On average, members with five years or more of service as of January 1, 2013, pay approximately 25 percent of the cost of the health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2013, the State provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board of Community Health sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The combined active and retiree contribution rates established by the Board for employers participating in the School OPEB Fund were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

For certificated teachers, librarians and regional educational service agencies and certain other eligible participants:

July 2012 - February 2013	\$912.34 per member per month
March 2013 - June 2013	\$937.34 per member per month

For non-certificated school personnel:

July 2012 - June 2013 \$446.20 per member per month

No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2013 nor contributed to the School OPEB Fund to prefund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the School plan for other post-employment benefits and are subject to appropriation.

The School District's combined active and retiree contributions to the health insurance plans, which equaled the required contribution, for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	5		
2013	100%	\$	9,060,122.96	
2012	100%	\$	8,535,716.40	
2011	100%	\$	7,931,160.00	

NOTE 17: RETIREMENT PLANS

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description. The TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan created in 1943 by an act of the Georgia General Assembly to provide retirement benefits for qualifying employees in educational service. A Board of Trustees comprised of active and retired members and ex-officio State employees is ultimately responsible for the administration of TRS. The Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia issues a separate stand alone financial audit report and a copy can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts.

On October 25, 1996, the Board created the Supplemental Retirement Benefits Plan of the Georgia Teachers' Retirement System (SRBP-TRS). SRBP-TRS was established as a qualified excess benefit plan in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as a portion of TRS. The purpose of SRBP-TRS is to provide retirement benefits to employees covered by TRS whose benefits are otherwise limited by IRC Section 415. Beginning July 1, 1997, all members and retired former members in TRS are eligible to participate in the SRBP-TRS whenever their benefits under TRS exceed the IRC Section 415 imposed limitation on benefits.

TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and survivor's benefits. The benefit structure of TRS is defined and may be amended by State statute. A member is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. A member is eligible for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service.

Normal retirement (pension) benefits paid to members are equal to 2% of the average of the member's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. Early retirement benefits are reduced by the lesser of one-twelfth of 7% for each month the member is below age 60 or by 7% for each year or fraction thereof by which the member has less than 30 years of service. It is also assumed that certain cost-of-living adjustments, based on the Consumer Price Index, will be made in future years. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for life. A member may elect to receive a partial lump-sum distribution in addition to a reduced monthly retirement benefit. Death, disability and spousal benefits are also available.

Funding Policy. TRS is funded by member and employer contributions as adopted and amended by the Board of Trustees. Members become fully vested after 10 years of service. If a member terminates with less than 10 years of service, no vesting of employer contributions occurs, but the member's contributions may be refunded with interest. Member contributions are limited by State law to not less than 5% or more than 6% of a member's earnable compensation. Member contributions as adopted by the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, were 6.00% of annual salary. Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2013 were 11.41% of annual salary as required by the June 30, 2010, actuarial valuation. The employer contribution rate will increase to 12.28% effective July 1, 2013.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	 Required Contribution
2013	100%	\$ 5,323,499.74
2012	100%	\$ 4,866,574.13
2011	100%	\$ 4,830,319.00

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Bus drivers, lunchroom personnel, and maintenance and custodial personnel are members of the Public School Employees' Retirement System of Georgia. The System is funded by contributions by the employees and by the State of Georgia. The School District makes no contribution to this plan.

(This page left intentionally blank)

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS					ACTUAL		VARIANCE
	_	ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)	_	AMOUNTS	_	OVER/UNDER
					_		_	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	7,420,181.00	\$	7,420,181.00	\$	7,534,251.19	\$	114,070.19
Sales Taxes	•	6,162,964.00	Ŧ	6,162,964.00	*	5,652,303.61	Ŧ	-510,660.39
State Funds		53,401,194.96		53,165,824.07		53,425,608.83		259,784.76
Federal Funds		11,892,309.60		13,505,225.60		12,234,056.38		-1,271,169.22
Charges for Services		850,340.00		850,340.00		1,341,009.12		490,669.12
Investment Earnings		20,000.00		20,000.00		9,048.75		-10,951.25
Miscellaneous	_	479,390.00	_	479,390.00	_	1,207,824.43	_	728,434.43
Total Revenues	\$	80,226,379.56	\$	81,603,924.67	\$	81,404,102.31	\$	-199,822.36
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	\$	52,903,642.92	\$	54,102,332.84	\$	53,377,223.18	\$	725,109.66
Support Services								
Pupil Services		3,993,957.83		4,126,085.28		4,237,665.10		-111,579.82
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,931,322.69		2,355,423.11		2,058,359.71		297,063.40
Educational Media Services		1,401,151.03		1,401,936.22		1,477,139.48		-75,203.26
General Administration		665,815.43		643,253.34		596,892.76		46,360.58
School Administration		4,129,032.22		4,139,448.72		4,025,696.51		113,752.21
Business Administration		1,342,718.39		1,342,718.39		1,229,722.88		112,995.51
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		6,008,073.26		5,994,317.26		6,589,944.91		-595,627.65
Student Transportation Services		3,268,377.16		3,264,529.69		3,191,133.38		73,396.31
Central Support Services		301,104.83		303,604.83		284,786.16		18,818.67
Other Support Services		142,056.64		156,620.00		140,778.81		15,841.19
Enterprise Operations		F 000 050 00		5 000 050 00		515,100.79		-515,100.79
Food Services Operation Debt Service		5,983,250.96		5,983,250.96		5,949,957.35		33,293.61
Debt Service	-		-		-	69,945.59	-	-69,945.59
Total Expenditures	\$	82,070,503.36	\$	83,813,520.64	\$_	83,744,346.61	\$_	69,174.03
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	-1,844,123.80	\$_	-2,209,595.97	\$_	-2,340,244.30	\$_	-130,648.33
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Other Sources	\$	490,165.00	\$	490,165.00	\$	37,000.00	\$	-453,165.00
Operating Transfers From Other Funds		2,536,533.63		2,536,533.63		195,611.25		-2,340,922.38
Operating Transfers To Other Funds	_	-101,891.63	_	-101,891.63	_		_	101,891.63
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	2,924,807.00	\$	2,924,807.00	\$_	232,611.25	\$_	-2,692,195.75
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,080,683.20	\$	715,211.03	\$	-2,107,633.05	\$	-2,822,844.08
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	10,592,368.98	_	10,592,368.98	_	9,514,823.70	_	-1,077,545.28
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	11,673,052.18	\$_	11,307,580.01	\$_	7,407,190.65	\$_	-3,900,389.36

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$1,084,941.93 and \$1,158,870.54, respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT		CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Food Services				
School Breakfast Program	*	10.553	N/A	(2)
National School Lunch Program	*	10.555	N/A	\$ 5,765,604.58 (1)
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				\$5,765,604.58
Education, U. S. Department of				
Special Education Cluster				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Special Education				
Grants to States		84.027	N/A	\$ 1,982,813.21
Preschool Grants		84.173	N/A	110,717.33
Total Special Education Cluster				\$ 2,093,530.54
Title I, Part A Cluster				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.010	N/A	\$ 3,373,132.11
Other Programs				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States		84.048	N/A	\$ 112,594.72
Education for Homeless Children and Youth		84.196	N/A	34,352.62
Education Jobs Fund		84.410	N/A	3,546.00
English Language Acquisition Grants		84.365	N/A	146,595.63
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		84.367	N/A	561,638.43
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	*	84.011	N/A	845,506.19
Rural Education		84.358	N/A	190,942.10
Total Other Programs				\$ 1,895,175.69
Total U. S. Department of Education				\$ 7,361,838.34
Defense, U. S. Department of				
Direct Department of the Marines				
R.O.T.C. Program				\$ 63,981.89
No.no. rogani				\$ <u>03,361.03</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 13,191,424.81
N/A = Not Available				

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

 Includes the Federally assigned value of donated commodities for the Food Donation Program in the amount of \$301,184.60.

(2) Expenditures for the funds earned on the School Breakfast Program (\$1,204,067.97) were not maintained separately and are included in the 2013 National School Lunch Program.

Major Programs are identified by an asterisk (*) in front of the CFDA number.

The School District did not provide Federal Assistance to any Subrecipient.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the Colquitt County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

See notes to the basic financial statements.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE GENERAL
ENCY/FUNDING	_	FUND
GRANTS		
Bright From the Start:		
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	2,083,451.4
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education (1)		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program		4,168,780.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		8,243,572.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		3,138,377.0
Middle Grades (6-8) Program		1,491,635.0
Middle School (6-8) Program		3,629,909.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program		4,122,811.0
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		1,894,041.0
Students with Disabilities		7,445,390.0
Gifted Student - Category VI		3,532,414.0
Remedial Education Program		449,983.0
Alternative Education Program		419,233.0
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		1,576,641.0
Media Center Program		1,086,691.0
20 Days Additional Instruction		306,257.0
Staff and Professional Development		208,873.0
Indirect Cost		200,073.0
Central Administration		1,388,025.0
School Administration		2,203,782.0
Facility Maintenance and Operations		2,498,388.0
Amended Formula Adjustment		-7,304,166.0
Categorical Grants		
Pupil Transportation		907,580.0
Nursing Services		150,907.0
Vocational Supervisors		28,123.0
Education Equalization Funding Grant		8,415,064.0
Other State Programs		
Area Teacher Grant		377,339.0
Food Services		145,978.0
Math and Science Supplements		62,087.6
Move On When Ready Grant		1,600.0
Preschool Handicapped Program		124,023.0
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		152,439.0
Teachers Retirement		34,138.8
Vocational Education		272,530.9
Office of the State Treasurer		
Public School Employees' Retirement		165,891.0
OTHER	_	3,820.0

\$ 53,425,608.83

(1) Payments to the Georgia Department of Community Health by the Georgia Department of Education on behalf of the School District in the amount of \$4,958,052.00 are included as part of the Quality Basic Education revenue allotments above.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4) (5)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
SPLOST III Projects							
The acquiring, constructing, renoval repairing, improving and equip existing school buildings, athletic facili and other buildings and facilities us or desirable in connection therev including the acquisition of all equipm and other real and personal prop necessary therefore, including sch buses and system-wide technology.	ping ities seful with, nent verty	\$ 36,000,000.00 \$	348,721.25 \$	28,082,849.00 \$	0.00 \$	0.00	June 2015
SPLOST IV Projects							
The acquiring, constructing, repair improving, renovating, extend upgrading, and equipping sol buildings and support facilities in Colquit County School District usefu desirable in connection therew including acquiring and necess property therefore, both real personal, specifically including, but limited to	ling, hool the il or with, sary and						
(1) acquiring, constructing and equip a replacement high school	ping \$ 34,000,000.00	\$ 34,000,000.00 \$	923,031.31 \$	0.00 \$	0.00 \$	0.00	June 2016
(2) acquiring instructional administrative technology equipment	and						
(3) acquiring buses							
(4) acquiring textbooks and textb related materials (including e-books)							
(5) paying expenses incident accomplishing the foregoing.	to						
	\$70,000,000.00	\$ 70,000,000.00 \$	1,271,752.56 \$	28,082,849.00 \$	0.00 \$	0.00	
PROJECTS COMPLETED IN YEAR ENDED JUNE 20, 2013							
Okapilco Elementary Energy Managem	nent \$ 25,269.00	\$ 25,269.00 \$	25,269.00 \$	0.00 \$	25,269.00 \$	0.00	March 2013
School System Technology Improveme	ents \$ 121,541.95	\$ 121,541.95 \$	121,541.95 \$	0.00 \$	121,541.95 \$	0.00	March 2013
(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.							
(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.							
(3) The voters of Colquitt County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.							
(4) Included in the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above referendum listed first as follows:							
Prior Years	\$ 1,435,768.78						
Current Year	201,890.00						
Total	\$ 1,637,658.78						

(5) During fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, \$5,000,000.00 was paid as debt service on bonds issued to advance fund the SPLOST projects. This amount is not included in the expenditures above.

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND - QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS (QBE) ALLOTMENTS AND EXPENDITURES - BY PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		ALLOTMENTS FROM GEORGIA					
	DEPARTMENT OF		ELIGIBLE QBE PROGRAM COS				TS TOTAL
DESCRIPTION	EDUCATION (1) (2) (3)		SALARIES	SALARIES		OPERATIONS	
Direct Instructional Programs	•				=		
Kindergarten Program	\$	4,537,737.00 \$		\$	50,321.82	\$	4,182,468.53
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		8,899,632.00	8,015,056.87		132,805.57		8,147,862.44
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		3,451,882.00	3,838,642.97		122,635.08		3,961,278.05
Middle Grades (6-8) Program		1,619,654.00	2,062,622.62		25,896.61		2,088,519.23
Middle School (6-8) Program		3,909,554.00	4,261,354.05		62,977.26		4,324,331.31
High School General Education (9-12) Program		4,429,697.00	6,496,775.29		255,446.42		6,752,221.71
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		2,024,541.00	1,374,464.20		139,416.50		1,513,880.70
Students with Disabilities		8,082,231.00					
Category I					543.72		543.72
Category II			2,963,072.79		29,522.85		2,992,595.64
Category III			3,603,497.22		55,352.38		3,658,849.60
Category IV			412,504.48		11,390.16		423,894.64
Category V			238,155.39		22,653.53		260,808.92
Gifted Student - Category VI		3,917,216.00	2,133,570.20		45,913.22		2,179,483.42
Remedial Education Program		513,873.00	272,849.67		5,815.00		278,664.67
Alternative Education Program		450,595.00	754,964.37		44,851.89		799,816.26
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		1,698,615.00	1,639,670.96		5,879.91	_	1,645,550.87
TOTAL DIRECT INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS	\$	43,535,227.00 \$	42,199,347.79	\$	1,011,421.92	\$	43,210,769.71
Media Center Program		1,176,968.00	1,210,032.93		126,930.43		1,336,963.36
Staff and Professional Development		227,014.00			36,592.20	_	36,592.20
TOTAL QBE FORMULA FUNDS	\$	44,939,209.00 \$	43,409,380.72	\$	1,174,944.55	\$	44,584,325.27

(1) Comprised of State Funds plus Local Five Mill Share.

(2) Allotments do not include the impact of the State amended formula adjustment.

(3) Allotments do not include the State Health payments made by GDOE to the Department of Community Health for the certified employees.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

May 12, 2014

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Colquitt County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colquitt County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colquitt County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 12, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Colquitt County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted a certain matter that we have reported to management of Colquitt County Board of Education in a separate letter dated May 12, 2014.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg & Briffi

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2013YB-10



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

May 12, 2014

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Colquitt County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Colquitt County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. Colquitt County Board of Education's major Federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Colquitt County Board of Education's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Colquitt County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Colquitt County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Colquitt County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Colquitt County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Colquitt County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg & Diffi

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2013SA-10

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COLQUITT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue: Governmental Activities; General Fu Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining F		Unmodified
		Chinouniou
Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness identified?		No
Significant deficiency identified?		None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial state	ements noted:	No
Federal Awards		
Internal Control over major programs:		
 Material weakness identified? Significant definitions identified? 		No None Departed
 Significant deficiency identified? 		None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complia All major programs	ance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are req accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Sec	-	No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
84.011	Migrant Education - State Grant Progra	am
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwe	een Type A and Type B programs:	\$395,742.74
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No
II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND Q	UESTIONED COSTS	
No matters were reported.		

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.