

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SWAINSBORO, GEORGIA

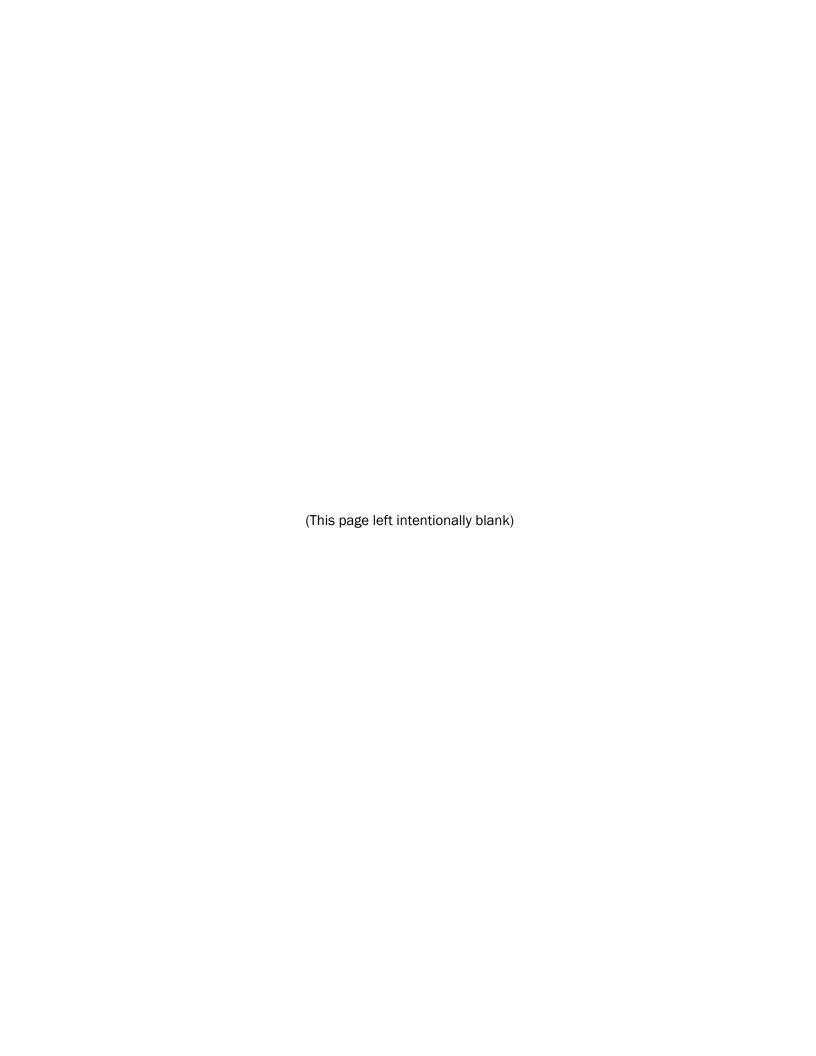
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



# **EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

# - TABLE OF CONTENTS -

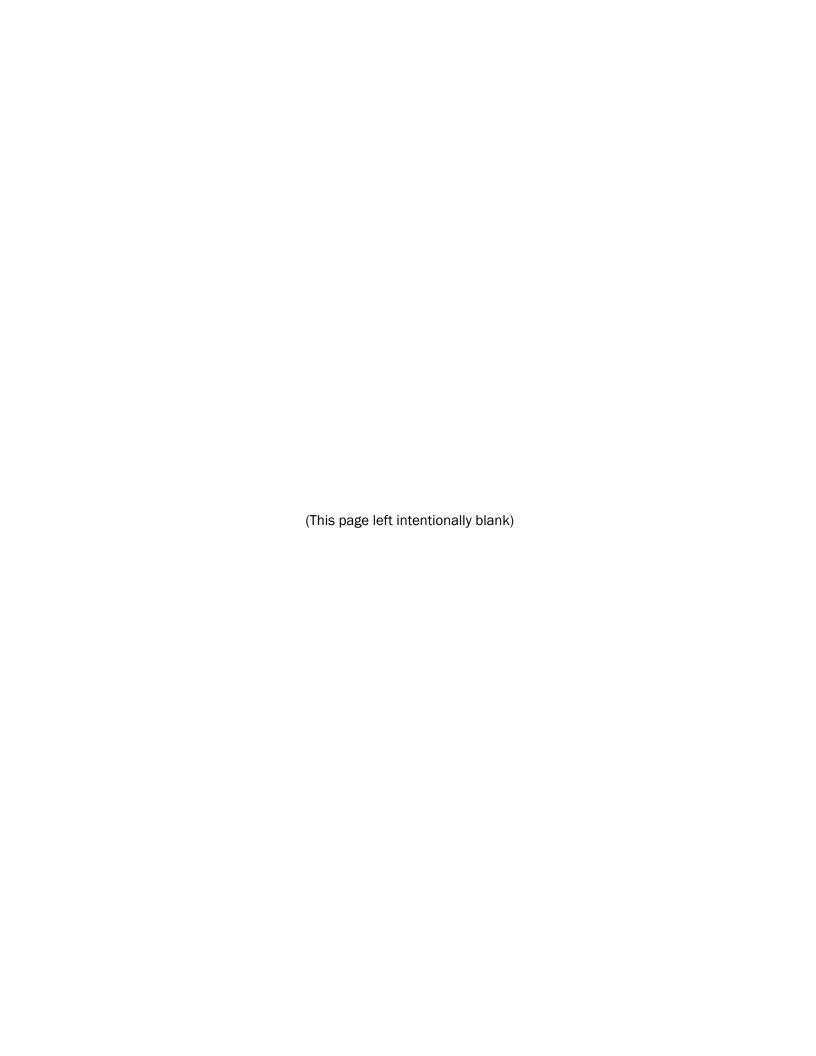
		<u>Page</u>
	SECTION I	
	FINANCIAL	
INDEPE	NDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
MANAG	EMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i
EXHIBIT		•
EVUIDII		
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
A B	GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	1 2
С	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET	
D	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	4
E	TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES	5
F	IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT	6
	OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	7
G	STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS	8
Н	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
SCHEDU	JLES	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
1	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	31
2	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	32
3	SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND	
4	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA	33 34
5 6	SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – SCHOOL OPEB FUND NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	35 36
7	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
	GENERAL FUND	37



# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

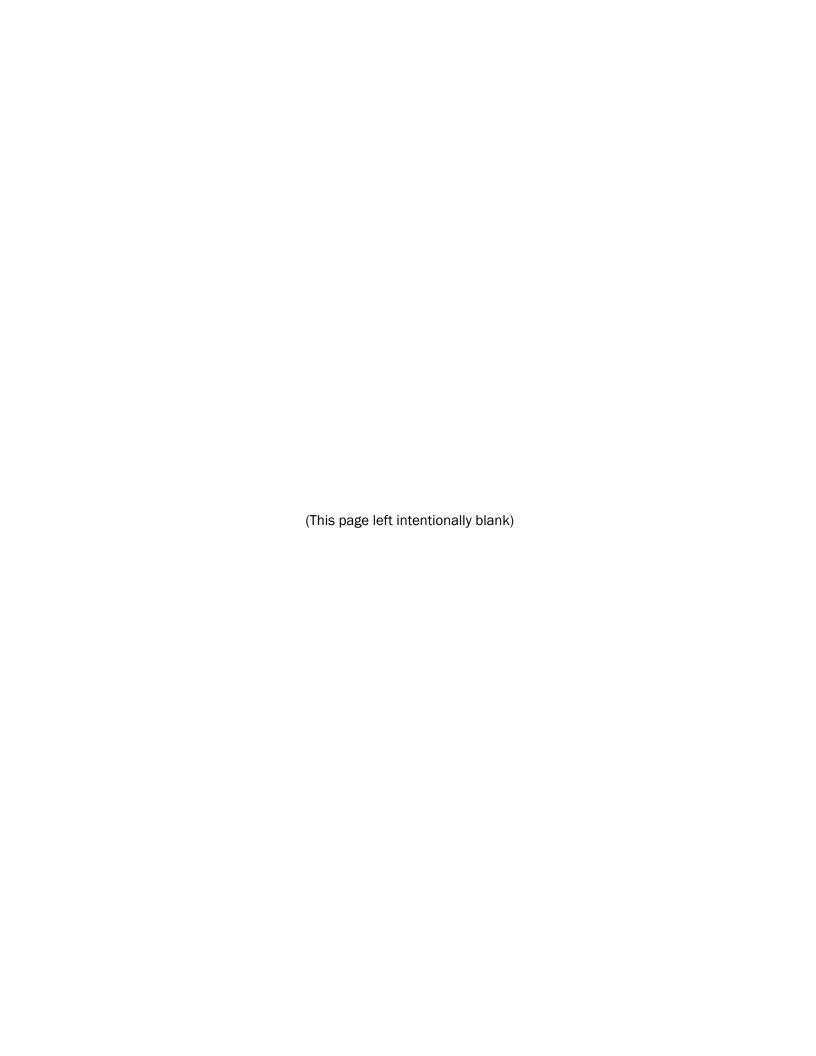
# - TABLE OF CONTENTS -

	<u>Page</u>
SECTION I	
FINANCIAL	
SCHEDULES	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
8 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 9 SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE 10 SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS	38 39 41
SECTION II	
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	ON
SECTION III	
AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
SECTION IV	
FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	



SECTION I

FINANCIAL



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 23, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Emanuel County Board of Education

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Emanuel County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

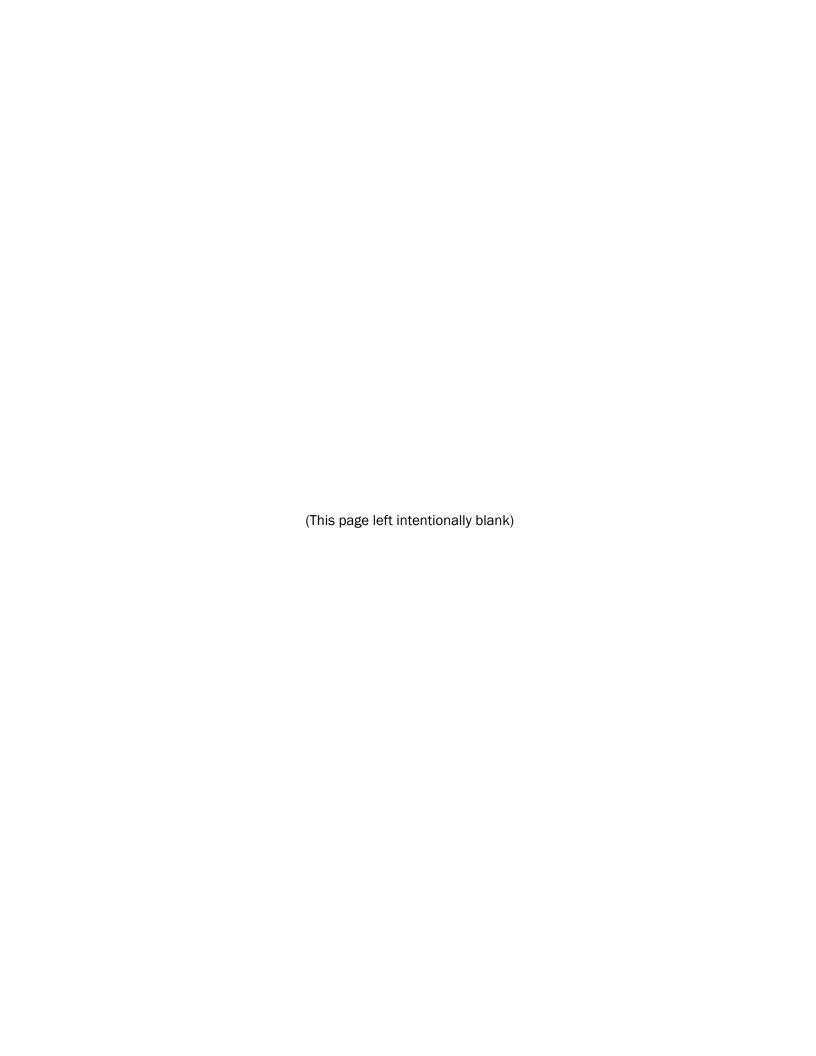
# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also



includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 2 and 14 to the financial statements, in 2018, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. The School District restated beginning net position for the effect of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

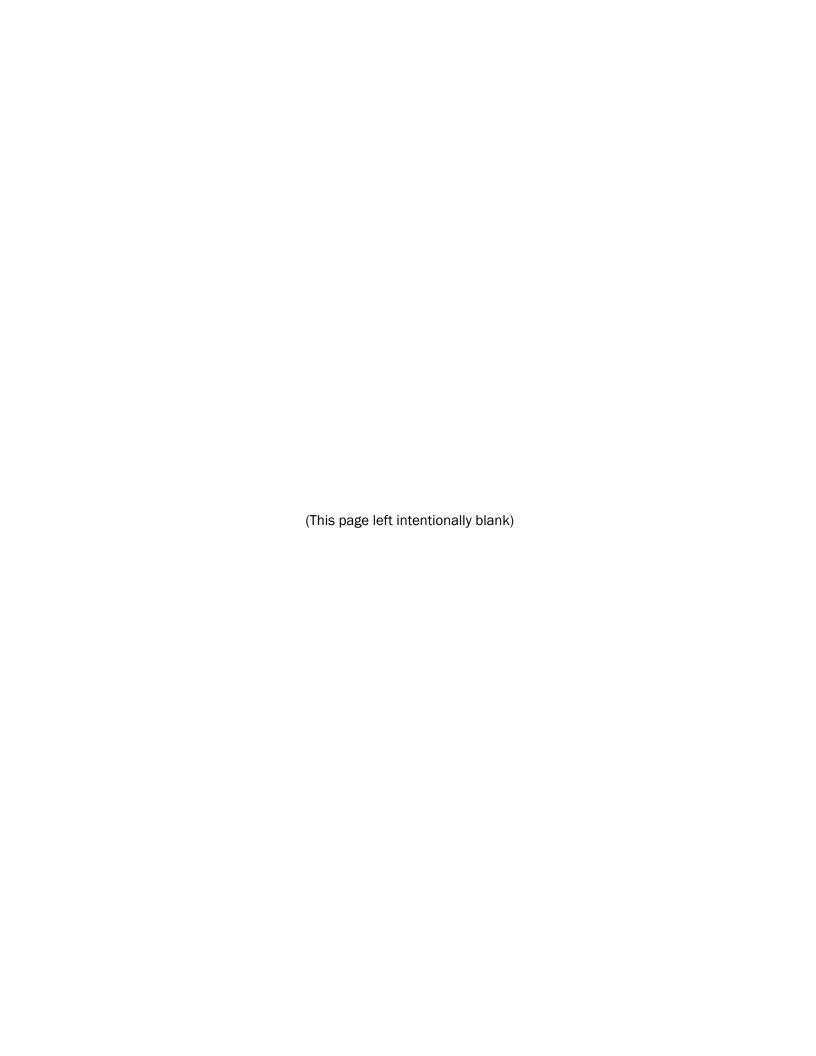
### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.



The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

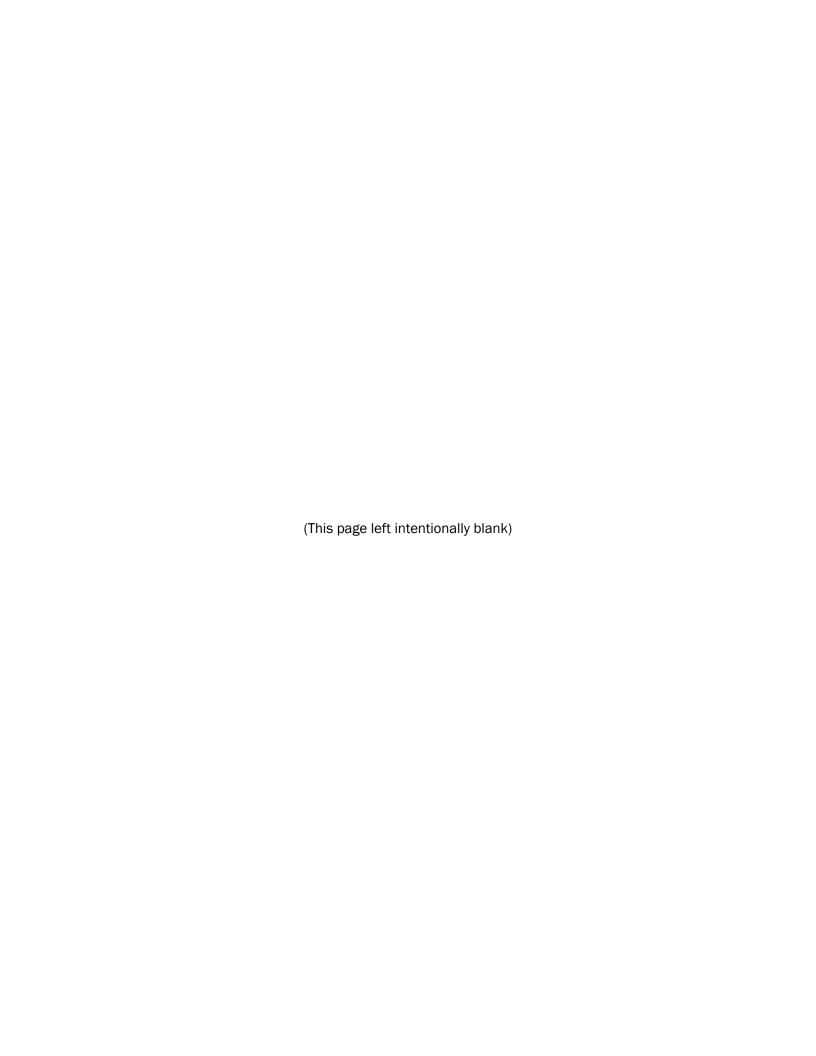
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 23, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



#### INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Emanuel County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018, are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeds the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1.6 million. The School District's financial status remained stable during fiscal year 2018. In total, net position decreased \$36,532,595. This total decrease was due mainly to the implementation of GASB No. 75, related to the accounting for post employment benefits. The School District restated net position and recorded the deferred outflow of resources, net OPEB liability, deferred inflow of resources and expense related to post employment benefits.
- General revenues accounted for \$14.2 million or 29.8% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$33.5 million or 70.2% of total revenues. Total revenues were \$47.7 million.
- The School District had \$45.6 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$33.5 million of these expenses are offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) totaled \$14.2 million.
- The general fund (the primary operating fund), presented on a current financial resource basis, ended the fiscal year with \$44.4 million in revenues and \$43.1 million in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased from \$10.1 million to \$11.4 million.
- In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No.75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This standard directly impacts the School District's liabilities and unrestricted net position on the government-wide financial statements and resulted in significant changes in how the School District reflects its future responsibilities and liabilities to its employees. The current financial stability of the organization is not materially impacted by the adoption of this standard.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District, presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The government fund statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. In the case of the Emanuel County Board of Education, the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund represent the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and support the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

While these documents contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2018?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

Governmental Activities - All of the School District's programs and services are reported here
including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil
transportation, food service, after school program, school activity accounts and various others.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified* accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted

to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as school clubs and organizations within the school activity accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2018, compared to fiscal year 2017.

Table 1
Net Position

		Governmental Activities				
	•	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year			
		2018		2017 (1)		
Assets						
Current and other Assets	\$	22,374,833	\$	20,985,181		
Capital Assets		51,143,321	_	51,783,574		
Total Assets		73,518,154		72,768,755		
Total Assets		73,318,134		12,108,133		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,189,436		9,525,657		
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities		5,310,898		5,886,731		
Net Pension/OPEB Liabilities		72,352,999		38,833,329		
Long-Term Liabilities	.=	-	_	1,054,918		
Total Liabilities	-	77,663,897	_	45,774,978		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	4,629,672		1,572,818		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		51,143,321		51,272,177		
Restricted		5,766,204		5,215,409		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(58,495,504)		(21,540,970)		
Total Net Position	\$	(1,585,979)	\$	34,946,616		
	٠,	( , , , )	· -			

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects of the restatement of net position. See Note 14 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018. The total net position increased \$2,080,912, for fiscal year 2018, compared to a \$56,501 decrease for fiscal year 2017. The increase in net position was due to increased revenues and conservative spending. The removal of the state's austerity reductions contributed to the increased revenues along with an increase in state equalization funding.

Table 2
Change in Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2018	2017 (1)
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services \$	794,127 \$	554,692
Operating Grants and Contributions	31,910,011	31,002,544
Capital Grants and Contributions	753,297	77,216
Total Program Revenues	33,457,435	31,634,452
General Revenues		
Taxes		
Property Taxes		
For Maintenance and Operations	7,010,117	6,558,845
Sales Taxes		
Special Purpose Local Optional Sales Tax	2,440,852	2,195,379
Other Taxes	92,826	78,424
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	3,977,417	2,666,766
Investment Earnings	17,118	24,124
Miscellaneous	690,375	1,047,714
Total General Revenues	14,228,705	12,571,252
Total Revenues	47,686,140	44,205,704
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	27,895,431	27,234,375
Support Services		
Pupil Services	1,825,439	1,800,906
Improvement of Instructional Service	953,191	937,761
Educational Media Services	806,988	845,959
General Administration	795,547	860,959
School Administration	2,801,451	2,514,381
Business Administration	393,201	331,356
Maintenance and Operations	3,413,904	3,075,291
Student Transportation	2,320,058	2,218,261
Central Support Services	576,005	601,438
Other Support Services	592,165	587,907
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		
Food Services	3,240,447	3,266,285
Enterprise Operations	10,914	-
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	(19,513)	(12,674)
Total Expenses	45,605,228	44,262,205
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position \$	2,080,912 \$	(56,501)

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects of the Restatement of Net Position. See Note 14 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements. Comparative data from fiscal year 2017, is also presented.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of S	Services	
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	_	2018	-	2017 (1)	2018	2017 (1)
Instruction	\$	27,895,431	\$	27,234,375 \$	2,984,635 \$	4,411,307
Support Services						
Pupil Services		1,825,439		1,800,906	1,239,651	1,503,350
Improvement of Instructional Services		953,191		937,761	169,835	195,061
Educational Media Services		806,988		845,959	(851,113)	300,369
General Administration		795,547		860,959	458,578	130,543
School Administration		2,801,451		2,514,381	2,742,047	1,382,624
Business Administration		393,201		331,356	389,420	325,259
Maintenance and Operations		3,413,904		3,075,291	2,133,270	1,775,128
Student Transportation		2,320,058		2,218,261	1,476,452	1,316,456
Central Support Services		576,005		601,438	573,231	595,670
Other Support Services		592,165		587,907	589,376	586,609
Operations of Non-Instructional Services						
Food Services		3,240,447		3,266,285	251,010	118,051
Enterprise Operations		10,914		-	10,914	-
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	(19,513)		(12,674)	(19,513)	(12,674)
Total Expenses	\$_	45,605,228	\$	44,262,205 \$	12,147,793 \$	12,627,753

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects of the Restatement of Net Position.

Although program revenues make up a majority of the revenues, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. Instruction comprises 61.2% of governmental program expenses. 10.7% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all governmental activities general revenue support is 26.6%.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$48.1 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$46.2 million. Since all bonds were paid in full in the current year, additional SPLOST proceeds were available for projects approved in the referendum. Residual monies from the debt service fund were transferred to the capital projects fund to provide funding for capital projects. This allowed for an increase in fund balance of approximately \$2.1 million in the capital projects fund. The general fund had an increase of approximately \$1.3 million due to conservative estimates of local revenues and zero-based budgeting, and as in prior years, conservative spending. There was a decrease in fund balance of the debt service fund of \$1.6 million due to the payoff of the bonds and transfer to the capital projects fund.

See Note 14 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

The School District uses function-based budgeting. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total function budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, budgeted revenues increased from \$40.4 million in fiscal year 2017 to \$43.0 million in fiscal year 2018 while budgeted expenditures increased from \$42.6 million in fiscal year 2017 to \$44.2 million in fiscal year 2018. Budgeted revenues and expenditures increased due to changes in federal grants. Additionally, enterprise operations and school activity accounts were not budgeted.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the School District had \$51.1 million invested in capital assets, all in governmental activities. Table 4 indicates balances at June 30, 2018. Capital asset comparisons to fiscal year 2017, are also included.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
	_	Fiscal Year Fiscal Yea						
	_	2018		2017				
	_							
Land	\$	934,846	\$	934,846				
Construction in Progress		18,102		588,683				
Land Improvements		1,144,646		1,166,889				
Buildings and Improvements		47,061,200		46,741,291				
Equipment	_	1,984,527	_	2,351,865				
Total	Φ.	E4 142 224	ф	E1 702 E74				
Total	\$_	51,143,321	\$	51,783,574				

Capital assets decreased due to current year depreciation exceeding capital outlay in the current fiscal year.

# **CURRENT OUTLOOK**

Approximately 84.4% of general fund expenses, the main operating fund for the School District, were related to salaries and employee benefits for the year ended June 30, 2018. Thirty-two percent of certified personnel in the School District have 21 years or more of experience resulting in salaries at the highest possible state pay level. With such personnel heavy expenses, it is difficult to offset mandated expense increases such as TRS and health insurance premium expenses. The School District consistently evaluates how funds can be spent intentionally and more effectively to ensure that Emanuel County students receive a quality education from effective personnel.

The School District's millage rate for fiscal year 2018 was 13.691. The net digest was relatively flat during fiscal years 2018 and 2017. The net digest for fiscal year 2018 was \$465.4 million, which produced approximately \$465,430 per mill for the School District. The School District will propose an increase in millage rate to 14 mills for 2019 in order to maintain equalization funding of approximately \$3,977,418.

The most significant challenge facing the School District is recruiting and retaining highly qualified staff in all content areas. This School District's administrative staff has attended job fairs in our area to promote the benefits of working with Emanuel County Schools. The job fairs have assisted administrators looking for highly qualified staff. There is still a great need in areas such as High School Math and Language Arts.

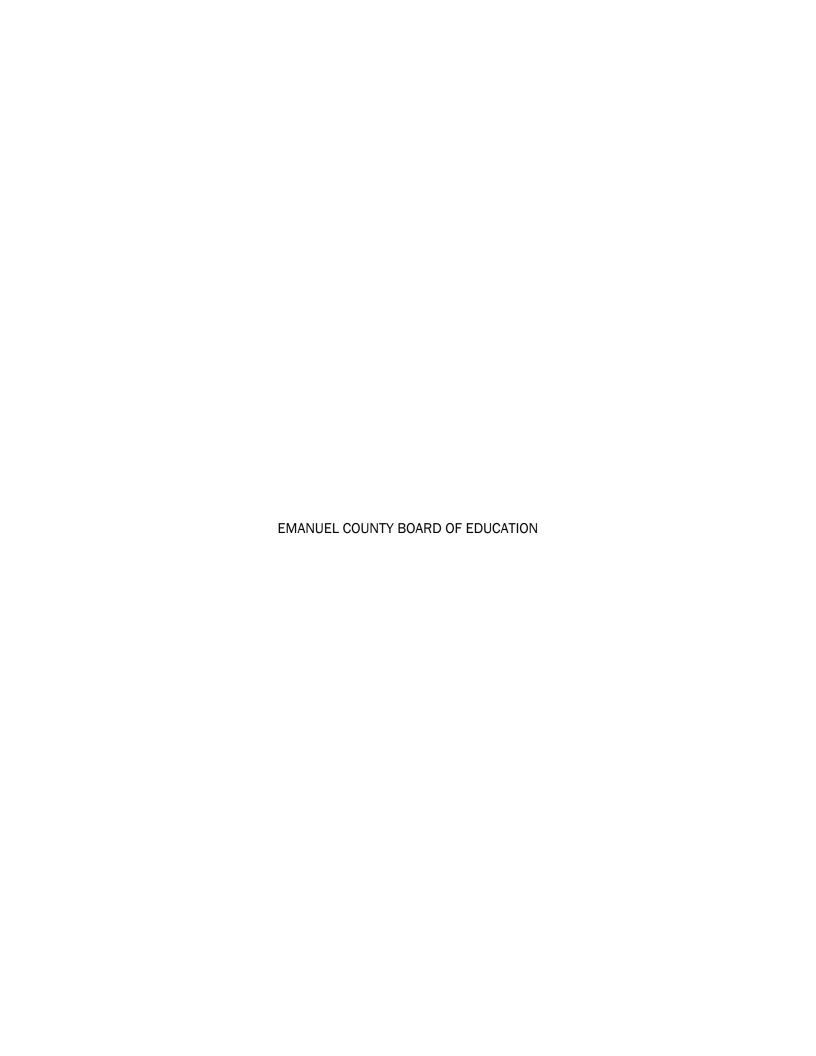
The School District continues to be financially stable as the fund balance continues to exceed the state's benchmark. Even during the recent recession, the School District was able to increase the fund balance. The School District did pass a budget in fiscal year 2019 to provide additional resources available at the school site level that aligns to our strategic initiatives. The better use of Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) funds to fund textbooks and school buses has allowed the general fund balance to accumulate fund balance. This has allowed the School District to prepare for future state and federal revenue reductions and to absorb the continued rising costs of employer funded benefits. The voters of Emanuel County approved an extension of the ESPLOST on the November 2016 ballot to be collected between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2022.

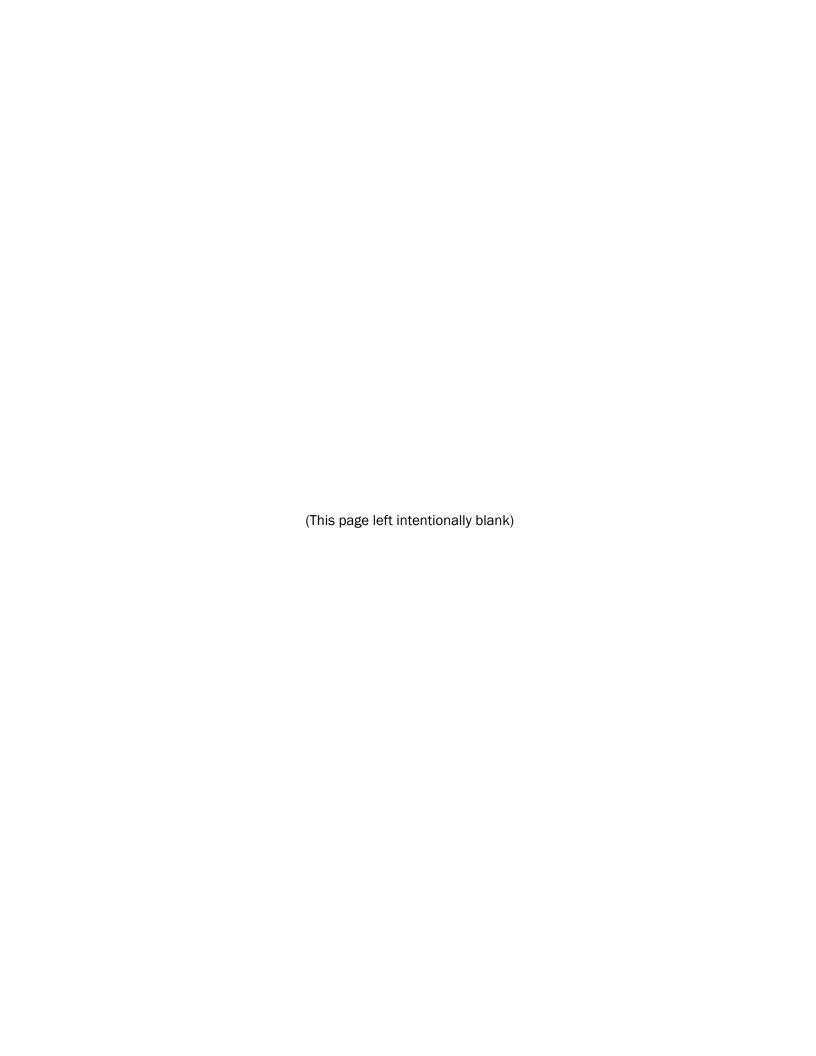
State capital outlay funds have also benefited the School District. The facilities have earned these state funds over the past twenty years and now the School District is able to apply to utilize the funds. Swainsboro Primary School was the first facility selected to receive renovations in 2017. Emanuel County Institute is next on the schedule for the 2019 summer.

The Superintendent has aligned the School District's overall strategic plan, school improvement plans, and Central Office department plans to ensure stakeholders are on the same page from the Boardroom to the classroom. The School District became a Strategic Wavier System and entered into a new performance contract with the Georgia Department of Education.

# CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Whitney Lawrence, Director of Finance, 201 N. Main Street, Swainsboro, Georgia, 30401.





# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,272,085
Receivables, Net	
Taxes	1,219,974
State Government Federal Government	3,571,497
Local	1,032,532 184,486
Inventories	94,259
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	952,948
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	50,190,373
Total Assets	73,518,154
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	5,801,693
Related to OPEB Plan	1,387,743
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,189,436
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,098,012
Salaries and Benefits Payable	4,058,446
Deposits and Unearned Revenues	154,440
Net Pension Liability	34,462,365
Net OPEB Liability	37,890,634
Total Liabilities	77,663,897
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	1,700,684
Related to OPEB Plan	2,928,988
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,629,672
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	51,143,321
Restricted for	01,140,021
Continuation of Federal Programs	801,473
Continuation of State Programs	23,828
Capital Projects	4,940,903
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(58,495,504)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,585,979)

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$ 27,895,431	\$	477,628
Support Services			
Pupil Services	1,825,439		230,109
Improvement of Instructional Services	953,191		-
Educational Media Services	806,988		-
General Administration	795,547		-
School Administration	2,801,451		-
Business Administration	393,201		-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	3,413,904		-
Student Transportation Services	2,320,058		-
Central Support Services	576,005		-
Other Support Services	592,165		-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations	10,914		-
Food Services	3,240,447		86,390
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	 (19,513)		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45,605,228	\$	794,127

**General Revenues** 

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

Railroad Cars

Sales Taxes

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Capital Projects

Other Sales Tax

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

**Investment Earnings** 

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year - Restated

Net Position - End of Year

690,375

14,228,705

2,080,912

(3,666,891)

(1,585,979)

	PROGRAM REVENUES	6			NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
	<b>GRANTS AND</b>		<b>GRANTS AND</b>		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
_		_		=	
\$	23,679,871	\$	753,297	\$	(2,984,635)
	355,679		-		(1,239,651)
	783,356		-		(169,835)
	1,658,101		-		851,113
	336,969		-		(458,578)
	59,404		-		(2,742,047)
	3,781		-		(389,420)
	1,280,634		-		(2,133,270)
	843,606		-		(1,476,452)
	2,774		-		(573,231)
	2,789		-		(589,376)
	-		-		(10,914)
	2,903,047		-		(251,010)
	-		-		19,513
<b>-</b>	21.010.011	φ	752 207	_	(12.147.702)
\$ =	31,910,011	Φ=	753,297	-	(12,147,793)
					7,010,117
					22,992
					,
					2,440,852
					69,834
					3,977,417
					17,118
					, , ,

- 3 -

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,549,739	\$	4,722,346	\$	- \$	16,272,085
Receivables, Net		1 010 570		207 206			1 010 074
Taxes State Government		1,012,578 3,496,167		207,396 75,330		-	1,219,974 3,571,497
Federal Government		1,032,532		10,000		-	1,032,532
Local		184,486		-		-	184,486
Inventories	_	94,259		-			94,259
Total Assets	\$	17,369,761	\$_	5,005,072	\$	\$_	22,374,833
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	_		_				
Accounts Payable	\$	1,033,843	\$	64,169	\$	- \$	1,098,012
Salaries and Benefits Payable		4,058,446		-		-	4,058,446
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		154,440		-			154,440
Total Liabilities	_	5,246,729		64,169			5,310,898
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	742,133		-			742,133
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		94,259		-		-	94,259
Restricted		731,042		4,940,903		-	5,671,945
Committed		387,559		-		-	387,559
Assigned		81,361 10,086,678		-		-	81,361 10,086,678
Unassigned	_	10,060,076		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	10,086,678
Total Fund Balances		11,380,899		4,940,903		<u> </u>	16,321,802
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	17,369,761	\$_	5,005,072	\$	\$_	22,374,833

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		\$	16,321,802
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$	934,846	
Construction in progress		18,102	
Buildings and improvements		64,441,097	
Equipment		8,781,843	
Land improvements		1,764,161	
Accumulated depreciation		(24,796,728)	51,143,321
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability	\$	(34,462,365)	
Net OPEB liability	_	(37,890,634)	(72,352,999)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Related to pensions	\$	4,101,009	
Related to OPEB	*	(1,541,245)	2,559,764
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are			
deferred in the funds.		-	742,133
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		\$_	(1,585,979)

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous  Total Revenues	6,958,783 \$ 69,834 28,729,588 7,153,593 794,127 6,389 690,375	- \$ 2,440,852 753,297 6,795 - 3,200,944	- \$ - - - 3,934 - 3,934	6,958,783 2,510,686 29,482,885 7,153,593 794,127 17,118 690,375
EXPENDITURES		3,200,011		11,001,001
Current				
Instruction Support Services	26,756,041	298,378	-	27,054,419
Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services	1,832,877 956,854	-	-	1,832,877 956,854
Educational Media Services	638,985	-	-	638,985
General Administration	794,702	-	-	794,702
School Administration	2,790,306	-	-	2,790,306
Business Administration	393,312	-	-	393,312
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	2,693,260	338,643	-	3,031,903
Student Transportation Services Central Support Services	1,971,106 578,851	- 21,621	-	1,971,106 600,472
Other Support Services	576,851 592,165	21,021	-	592,165
Enterprise Operations	10,914	- -	- -	10,914
Food Services Operation	3,089,675	-	_	3,089,675
Capital Outlay	-	923,313	-	923,313
Debt Services				
Principal	-	-	1,030,000	1,030,000
Dues and Fees	-	-	74	74
Interest		182	15,450	15,632
Total Expenditures	43,099,048	1,582,137	1,045,524	45,726,709
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,303,641	1,618,807	(1,041,590)	1,880,858
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In Transfers Out	<u> </u>	517,985 	(517,985)	517,985 (517,985)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		517,985	(517,985)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,303,641	2,136,792	(1,559,575)	1,880,858
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,077,258	2,804,111	1,559,575	14,440,944
Fund Balances - Ending	11,380,899 \$	4,940,903 \$	\$	16,321,802

# EXHIBIT "F"

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")	\$	1,880,858
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 1,068,392 (1,686,018)	(617,626)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.		(22,627)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		74,326
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Bond principal retirements  Amortization of bond premiums	\$ 1,030,000 24,918	1,054,918
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$ 519,135 (818,372)	(299,237)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest on issuance of bonds		10,300
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")	\$	2,080,912

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

EXHIBIT "G"

	-	AGENCY FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <sub>=</sub>	282,318
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Funds Held for Others	\$	4,133 278,185
Total Liabilities	\$_	282,318

# NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

# **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Emanuel County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

# **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

# **NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the School District's financial statements. As noted in the Restatement of Net Position note disclosure, the School District restated beginning net position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The primary objective of this satement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

# **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

### **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

### **INVENTORIES**

### **Food Inventories**

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Local	A A	N1 /A
Land	Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$ 2,000	10 to 90 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,000	20 to 90 years
Equipment	\$ 5,000	5 to 16 years
Computer Applications	\$ 5,000	5 years
Intangible Assets		
Software	\$ 100,000	10 years
Easements	\$ 100,000	10 years
Patents, Trademarks and Copyrights	\$ 100,000	10 years

# **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# **PENSIONS**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **PROPERTY TAXES**

The Emanuel County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2017 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 18, 2017 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2017. Taxes were due on December 20, 2017 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2017 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2018. The Emanuel County Board of Commissioners bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$6,312,486.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2017 tax year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

**School Operations** 

13.691 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$623,305 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **SALES TAXES**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$2,440,852 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

#### **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS**

#### **COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS**

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in amount of up to 12% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository's collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

#### **CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$16,554,303, and a bank balance of \$17,403,513. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$1,062,022, the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$14,005,913, and the bank balances included in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP) were \$321,127.

At June 30, 2018, \$2,014,451 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

\$

OffinSured and Officoliateralized	Φ	-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution		-
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or		
agent but not in the School District's name		2,014,451
Total	\$	2,014,451
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying	g valu	e of deposits:
Statement of Net Position Cash and Cash Equivalents Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	\$	16,272,085
Cash and Cash Equivalents		282,318
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	16,554,403
Less: Cash on hand	_	100
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2018	\$ _	16,554,303

Uninsured and Uncollateralized

#### **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances						Balances
	_	July 1, 2017	 Increases	-	Decreases	 Transfers	_	June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	934,846	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	934,846
Construction in Progress	_	588,683	 814,881	_	=	 (1,385,462)	_	18,102
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	_	1,523,529	 814,881		-	 (1,385,462)	_	952,948
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		63,117,340	15,786		77,491	1,385,462		64,441,097
Equipment		8,849,419	149,833		217,409	-		8,781,843
Land Improvements		1,704,703	87,892		28,434	-		1,764,161
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		16,376,049	1,073,611		69,763	-		17,379,897
Equipment		6,497,554	502,272		202,510	-		6,797,316
Land Improvements	_	537,814	 110,135	-	28,434	 -	_	619,515
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	_	50,260,045	 (1,432,507)		22,627	 1,385,462	_	50,190,373
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$_	51,783,574	\$ (617,626)	\$	22,627	\$ -	\$_	51,143,321

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	675,857
Support Services			
Educational Media Services	\$ 164,048		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	403,002		
Student Transportation Services	347,481		914,531
Food Services		_	95,630
		\$	1,686,018

#### **NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

#### **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	_	Transfers From				
	•	Debt Service				
Transfers to	_	Fund				
Capital Projects Fund	\$	517,985				

Transfers are used to move residual fund balance from the debt service fund to the capital projects fund after the final Bond Series 2012 payment was made in order to fund additional capital projects.

#### **NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	_	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		Deductions	-	Balance June 30, 2018		Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$	1,030,000 24,918	\$	-	\$	1,030,000 24,918	\$	-	\$	-
	\$	1,054,918	\$	-	\$	1,054,918	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>

#### **GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING**

On November 8, 2016, voters authorized the School District to issue general obligation bonds totaling \$5,000,000 to fund capital projects outlined in the School District's most recently approved ESPLOST referendum. The School District has not issued bonds as of the report date.

#### **NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### **INSURANCE**

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

#### **WORKERS' COMPENSATION**

#### **Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund**

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its Workers' Compensation insurance coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Fund with the Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential

losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to \$2.0 million. In addition to the \$550,000 per occurrence retention, the Fund also retains an additional \$200,000 per year corridor retention.

#### **UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	 Beginning of Year Liability	C	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Paid	_	End of Year Liability
2017	\$ _	\$	2,362	\$_	648	\$	1,714
2018	\$ 1,714	\$	-	\$	1,714	\$	-

#### **SURETY BOND**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount				
Superintendent	\$ 100.000				

#### **NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2018:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	94,259
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 707,214		
Continuation of State Programs	23,828		
Capital Projects	4,940,903		5,671,945
Committed		_	
School Activity Accounts			387,559
Assigned			
School Food Service Banquet			81,361
Unassigned			10,086,678
Fund Balance, June 30, 2018		\$	16,321,802

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

#### **NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

#### **OPERATING LEASES**

The School District leases copiers and equipment under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$50,363 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2018:

Year Ending	Go	overnmental Funds
2019 2020 2021	\$	49,861 48,172
2021 2022 2023		48,172 15,388 3,345
Total	\$	164,938

#### **NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **FEDERAL GRANTS**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

#### **NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

#### GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,376,661 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$37,890,634 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District's proportion was 0.269685%, which was a decrease of 0.000348% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,195,033. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB				
	-	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
	_					
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	2,885,275		
Not difference between prejected and actual						
Net difference between projected and actual		44.000				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		11,082		-		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between School District contributions and						
				40.740		
proportionate share of contributions		-		43,713		
School District contributions subsequent to						
the measurement date		1,376,661		_		
	-	, = -,	-			
Total	\$	1,387,743	\$	2,928,988		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,376,661 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB
2019	\$ (524,026)
2020	\$ (524,026)
2021	\$ (524,026)
2022	\$ (524,026)
2023	\$ (526,797)
2024	\$ (295,005)

**Actuarial assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

#### OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%				
Salary increases					
ERS	3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation				
JRS	4.50%, including inflation				
LRS	None				
TRS	3.25-9.00%, including inflation				
PSERS	N/A				
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including				
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation				
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%				
Medicare Eligible	5.75%				
Ultimate trend rate					
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%				
Medicare Eligible	5.00%				
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022				

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For ERS, JRS and LRS members: The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years or both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan

members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation. In addition, the discount rate increased from 3.07% to 3.58%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Local Government Investment Pool	100.00%	1.13%

<sup>\*</sup>Rate shown is net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 44,988,340	\$ 37,890,634	\$ 32,289,106

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current Healthcare	
	_	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	31,407,018 \$	37,890,634 \$	46,332,291

**OPEB plan fiduciary net position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports">https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports</a>.

#### **NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

#### **TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual School District payroll, of which 16.79% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.02% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$3,757,130 and \$4,682 from the School District and the State, respectively.

#### PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

**Plan description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers

Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs">www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs</a>.

**Benefits provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$89,026.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$34,462,365 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

Och al Districtly agree of a second s

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	34,462,365
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School District	_	360,927
Total	\$	34,823,292

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.185428%, which was a decrease of 0.002799% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$465,608.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of \$3,271,610 for TRS and \$93,838 for PSERS and revenue of \$4,117 for TRS and \$93,838 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			TRS	
	-	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
	-		_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,289,105	\$	130,057
Changes of assumptions		755,458		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		237,159
Changes in proportion and differences between				
School District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		-		1,333,468
School District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	-	3,757,130	_	
Total	\$	5,801,693	\$	1,700,684

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,757,130 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS
2019	\$ (730,987)
2020	\$ 1,366,776
2021	\$ 692,544
2022	\$ (995,817)
2023	\$ 11.363

**Actuarial assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
	5.00%	10.50%
100.00%	100.00%	
	Target allocation 30.00% 39.80% 3.70% 1.50% 19.40% 5.60%	Target allocation         Target allocation           30.00%         30.00%           39.80%         37.20%           3.70%         3.40%           1.50%         1.40%           19.40%         17.80%           5.60%         5.20%           -         5.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

**Discount rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
Teachers Retirement System:	 (6.50%)	(7.50%)	_	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 56,556,784	\$ 34,462,365	\$	16,261,529

**Pension plan fiduciary net position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html">http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html</a>.

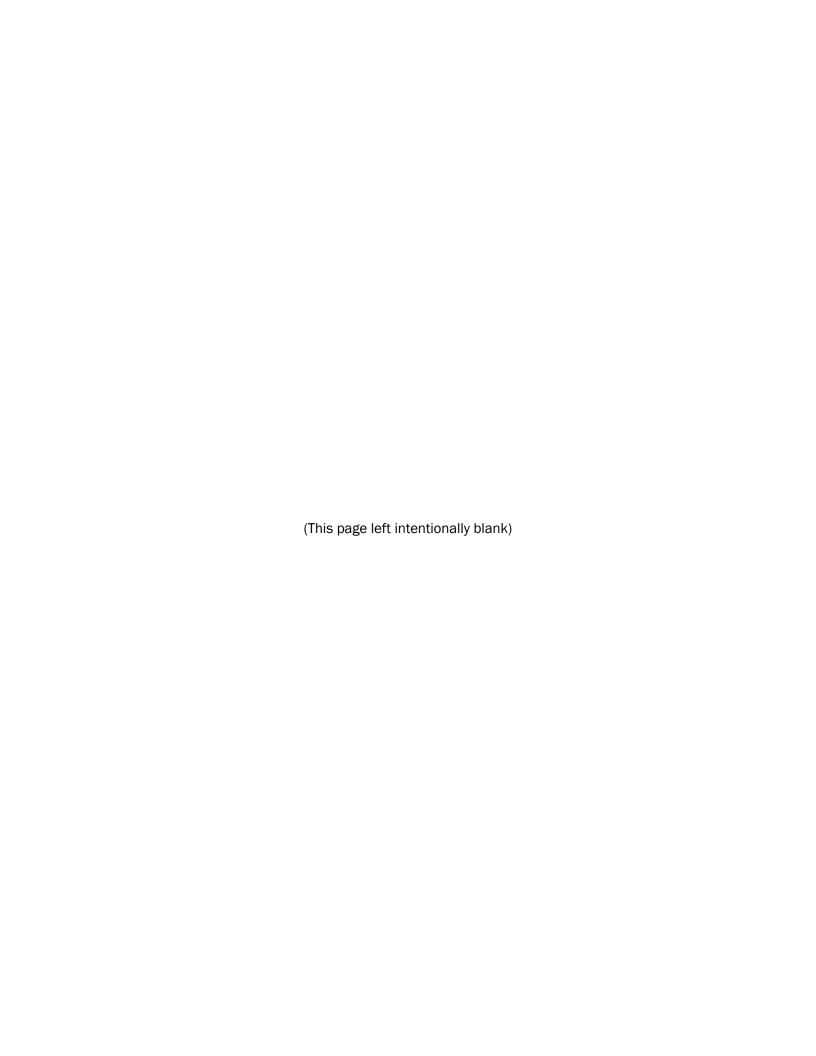
#### **NOTE 14: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION**

For fiscal year 2018, the School District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements", which require the restatement of the June 30, 2017, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at July 1, 2017 of \$38,613,507. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Net Position, July 1, 2017 as previously reported	\$ 34,946,616
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75: Net OPEB Liability (measurement date)	(40,019,662)
Deferred Outflows - School District's Contributions made during fiscal year 2017	1,406,155
Net Position, July 1, 2017, as restated	\$ (3,666,891)

#### **NOTE 15: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The School District made various purchases from L&W Signs. This company is locally owned and operated by Seneca Lawrence, the husband of Whitney Lawrence, Director of Finance for Emanuel County Board of Education. Current year expenditures to L&W Signs totaled \$115. The School District also made various purchases from Georgia Equipment Company. This company is locally owned and operated by Adam Lane, Board Member. Current year expenditures to Georgia Equipment Company totaled \$356. The School District also made various purchases from Pinetucky Country Meats. This company is locally owned and operated by Del Brown, Board Member. Current year expenditures to Georgia Equipment Company totaled \$1,713.



# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	pro	chool District's portionate share the net pension liability	propo ne	State of Georgia's ortionate share of the et pension liability iated with the School District				School District's Total covered payroll			School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.185428%	\$	34,462,365	\$	360,927	\$	34,823,292	\$	21,504,765	160.25%	79.33%		
2017	0.188227%	\$	38,833,329	\$	581,797	\$	39,415,126	\$	20,955,969	185.31%	76.06%		
2016	0.191418%	\$	29,141,490	\$	429,926	\$	29,571,416	\$	20,503,409	142.13%	81.44%		
2015	0.198175%	\$	25,036,797	\$	355,385	\$	25,392,182	\$	20,508,260	122.08%	84.03%		

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	pro the				hool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	465,608	\$	465,608	\$ 1,775,286	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	621,793	\$	621,793	\$ 1,252,106	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	395,314	\$	395,314	\$ 1,668,440	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	353,449	\$	353,449	\$ 1,679,439	N/A	88.29%

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

					State of Georgia's					School District's	
					proportionate share o	f				proportionate share of	Plan fiduciary net
		School District's	S	chool District's	the net OPEB liability	,		S	chool District's	the net OPEB liability as a	position as a
		proportion of the net	prop	ortionate share of	associated with the			CO	vered-employee	percentage of its covered-	percentage of the
Year	r Ended	OPEB liability	the	net OPEB liability	School District		Total		payroll	employee payroll	total OPEB liability
2	2018	0.269685%	\$	37,890,634	\$	-	\$ 37,890,634	\$	19,941,800	190.01%	1.61%

# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	ractually required contribution	ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)			School District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2018	\$ 3,757,130	\$ 3,757,130	\$	-	\$	22,377,597	16.79%	
2017	\$ 3,028,063	\$ 3,028,063	\$	-	\$	21,504,765	14.08%	
2016	\$ 2,946,626	\$ 2,946,626	\$	-	\$	20,955,969	14.06%	
2015	\$ 2,657,005	\$ 2,657,005	\$	-	\$	20,503,409	12.96%	

# EMANUEL BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

		Contribution as a								
Year Ended	Contractually required contribution		the contractually required contribution		Contrib	ution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered employee payroll		l- percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2018	\$	1,376,661	\$	1,376,661	\$	-	\$	20,186,551	6.	82%
2017	\$	1,406,155	\$	1,406,155	\$	-	\$	19,941,800	7.	05%

## EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

#### Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females).

#### **School OPEB Fund**

Changes of benefit terms: In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes in assumptions: In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location. Additionally, there were changes to the discount rate and an increase in the investment rate of return due to a longer-term investment strategy.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

### EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	NONAPPROP	RIATED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER		
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Property Taxes	\$ 6,666,000	\$ 6,666,000	\$ 6,958,783	\$ 292,783		
Sales Taxes	52,000	52,000	69,834	17,834		
State Funds	28,552,816	28,663,176	28,729,588	66,412		
Federal Funds	7,225,225	7,179,718	7,153,593	(26,125)		
Charges for Services	80,597	80,597	794,127	713,530		
Investment Earnings	5,480	5,480	6,389	909		
Miscellaneous	366,600	381,639	690,375	308,736		
Total Revenues	42,948,718	43,028,610	44,402,689	1,374,079		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction	27,486,916	27,783,167	26,756,041	1,027,126		
Support Services						
Pupil Services	1,725,754	1,790,273	1,832,877	(42,604)		
Improvement of Instructional Services	1,003,856	1,030,307	956,854	73,453		
Educational Media Services	744,919	714,662	638,985	75,677		
General Administration	819,076	888,281	794,702	93,579		
School Administration	2,566,382	2,604,383	2,790,306	(185,923)		
Business Administration	380,948	379,040	393,312	(14,272)		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	2,843,617	2,991,650	2,693,260	298,390		
Student Transportation Services	2,531,469	2,510,975	1,971,106	539,869		
Central Support Services	603,016	617,961	578,851	39,110		
Other Support Services	126,488	103,855	592,165	(488,310)		
Enterprise Operations	-	-	10,914	(10,914)		
Food Services Operations	2,799,994	2,799,994	3,089,675	(289,681)		
Total Expenditures	43,632,435	- 44,214,548	- 43,099,048	- 1,115,500		
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(683,717)	(1,185,938)	1,303,641	2,489,579		
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,340,480	9,964,085	10,077,258	113,173		
Adjustments		7,208	<u> </u>	(7,208)		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,656,763	\$ 8,785,355	\$11,380,899	\$2,595,544_		

Note to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Original and Final Budget amounts do not include budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$763,857 and \$747,739, respectively.

7,328,121

## EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FUNDING ACENOV	OFDA	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY	EVDENDITUDES
FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099 \$	,
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	2,253,959
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,965,077
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Warehouse Grant	10.560	175GA904N2533	6,114
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,971,191
Education, U.S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	103,515
Grants to States	84.027	H027A170073	922,047
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170081	32,080
Total Special Education Cluster			1,057,642
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010	60,853
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A170010	9,553
Migrant Education - State Grant Program Rural Education	84.011 84.358	S011A170011 S358B160010	16,125 24,525
Rural Education	84.358	S358B100010	60,982
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011	24,861
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	37,591
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	159,826
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	154,559
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010	1,874,427
Total Other Programs			2,423,302
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,480,944
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of			
Head Start Cluster			
Direct			
Head Start	93.600		732,656
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Direct			
Department of the Army	10 HMIZMOWAL		1/12 220
R.O.T.C. Program	12.UNKNOWN		143,330
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	7 328 121

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Emanuel County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

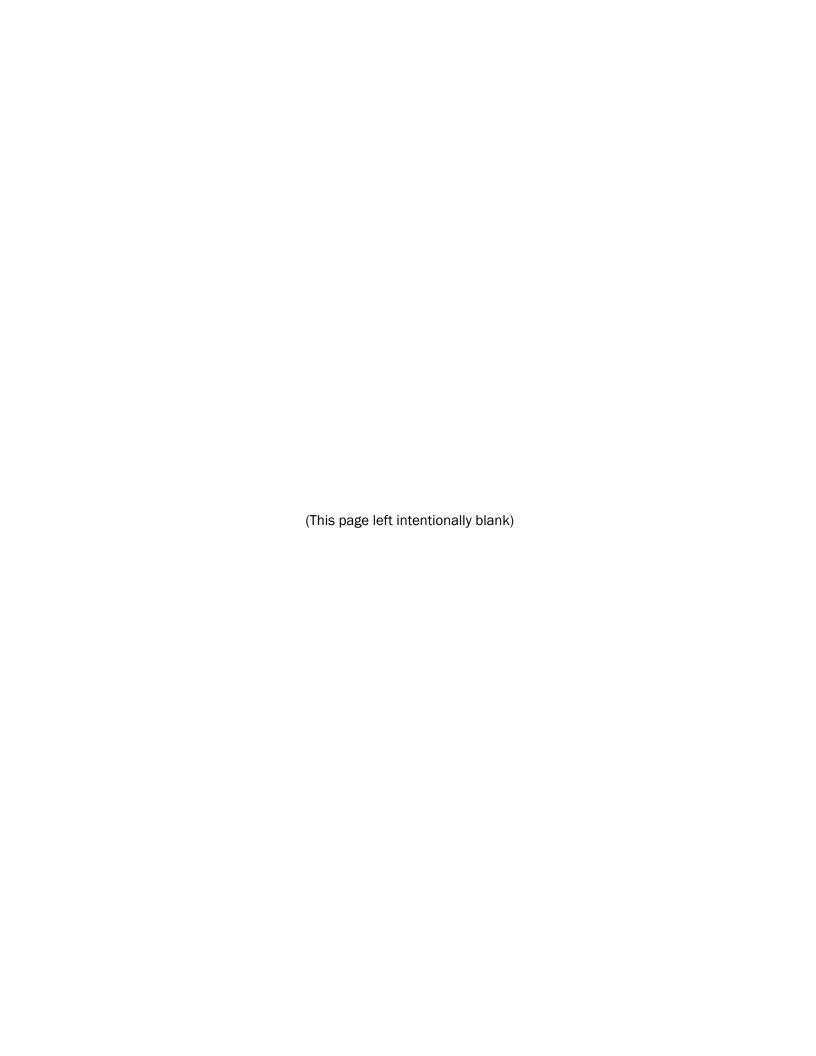
#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Fund Types				
	 General	Capital Projects			
gency/Funding	Fund	Fund	Total		
Grants					
Bright from the Start:					
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning					
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 1,063,150 \$	- \$	1,063,15		
Education, Georgia Department of					
Quality Basic Education					
Direct Instructional Cost					
Kindergarten Program	1,695,963	-	1,695,9		
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	3,644,372	-	3,644,3		
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	165,991	-	165,9		
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	1,915,984	-	1,915,9		
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	199,539	-	199,5		
Middle School (6-8) Program	2,904,548	-	2,904,5		
High School General Education (9-12) Program	2,201,411	-	2,201,4		
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	954,984	-	954,9		
Students with Disabilities	4,057,558	-	4,057,5		
Gifted Student - Category VI	396,335	-	396,3		
Remedial Education Program	173,097	_	173,0		
Alternative Education Program	201,859	_	201,8		
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	164,235		164,2		
		-			
Media Center Program	506,480	-	506,4		
20 Days Additional Instruction	156,239	-	156,2		
Staff and Professional Development	84,566	-	84,5		
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,673		1,6		
Indirect Cost					
Central Administration	648,352	-	648,3		
School Administration	1,007,839	-	1,007,8		
Facility Maintenance and Operations	1,120,728	-	1,120,7		
Mid-Term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	19,622	-	19,6		
Amended Formula Adjustment	(365,525)	_	(365,5		
Categorical Grants	(//		(,-		
Pupil Transportation					
Regular	611,236	_	611,2		
Nursing Services	87,383		87,3		
_		-			
Vocational Supervisors	16,502	-	16,5		
Education Equalization Funding Grant	3,977,418	-	3,977,4		
Other State Programs					
Food Services	75,308	-	75,3		
Math and Science Supplements	36,821	-	36,8		
Preschool Disability Services	119,000	-	119,0		
Teacher of the Year	507	-	5		
Teachers Retirement	4,682	-	4,6		
Vocational Education	691,604	-	691,6		
Georgia State Financing and Investment					
Commission					
Reimbursement on Construction Projects	-	753,297	753,2		
Governor's Office of Student Achievement					
Connections for Classrooms Grant	52,636	-	52,6		
Office of the State Treasurer					
Public School Employees Retirement	89,026	-	89,0		
DON'T DA OT					
CONTRACT  Human Resources, Georgia Department of					
- '	10 16E		10 1		
Family Connection	 48,465	<del>-</del> -	48,4		
	\$ 28,729,588 \$	753,297 \$	29,482,8		



#### EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PROJECT	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)		CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)(4)		TOTAL COMPLETION COST	_	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
SPLOST IV (July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2017)												
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping the following capital outlay projects at a total maximum cost of \$15,050,500:  (i) pay for the acquisition, construction, and equipping												
of renovations and improvements of facilities	\$	1,500,000	\$	3,172,206 \$	1,170,091	\$	2,002,115	\$	-	\$	-	June 2019
throughout the system, including but not limited to		2 000 000		1 750 000	222 400		1 466 004					luna 2010
(iii) new technology		2,000,000		1,750,000	223,499		1,466,084		-		-	June 2019
(iv) textbooks		2,000,000		1,750,000	14,632		471,141		-		-	June 2019
(v) safety and security upgrades		1,500,000		720,134	88,420		443,135		-		-	June 2019
(vi) school furnishings and lab equipment		1,500,000		1,000,000	56,644		309,243		-		-	June 2019
(vii) buses		1,750,000		1,750,000	-		637,402		-		-	June 2019
(viii) upgrades to sound systems		950,500		950,500	749		9,146		-		-	June 2019
(ix) public address and intercom system replacement		1,750,000		1,000,000	-		5,965		-		-	June 2019
(x) band equipment and uniforms		600,000		600,000	27,920		84,544		-		-	June 2019
Retiring previously incurred general obligation												
debt in the maximum amount of \$1,000,000	_	1,000,000		1,000,000		_	-			_	<u>-</u>	
	Φ.	44550500	<b>.</b>	40.000.040	4 504 055	Φ.	F 400 777	•		<b>.</b>		
	\$	14,550,500	\$	13,692,840 \$	1,581,955	\$	5,428,775	\$	-	\$	-	

<sup>(1)</sup> The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

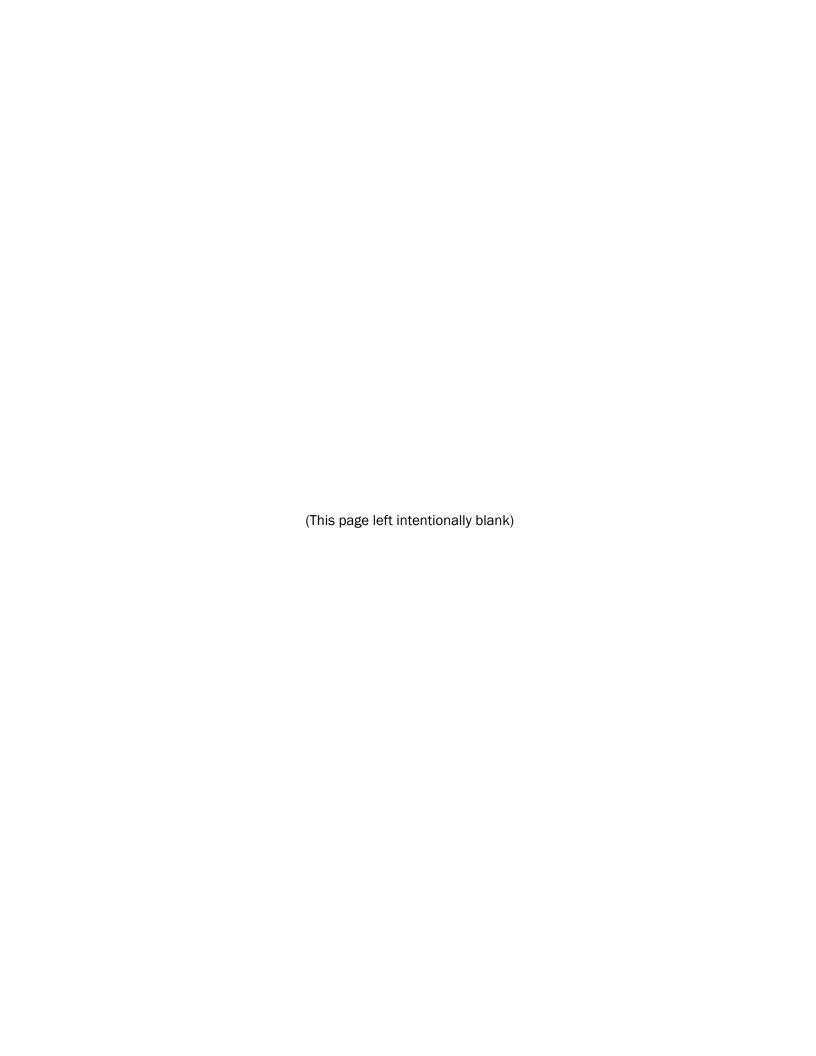
(4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above projects as follows:

Prior Years	\$	1,588,885
Current Year	_	15,450
Total	\$	1,604,335

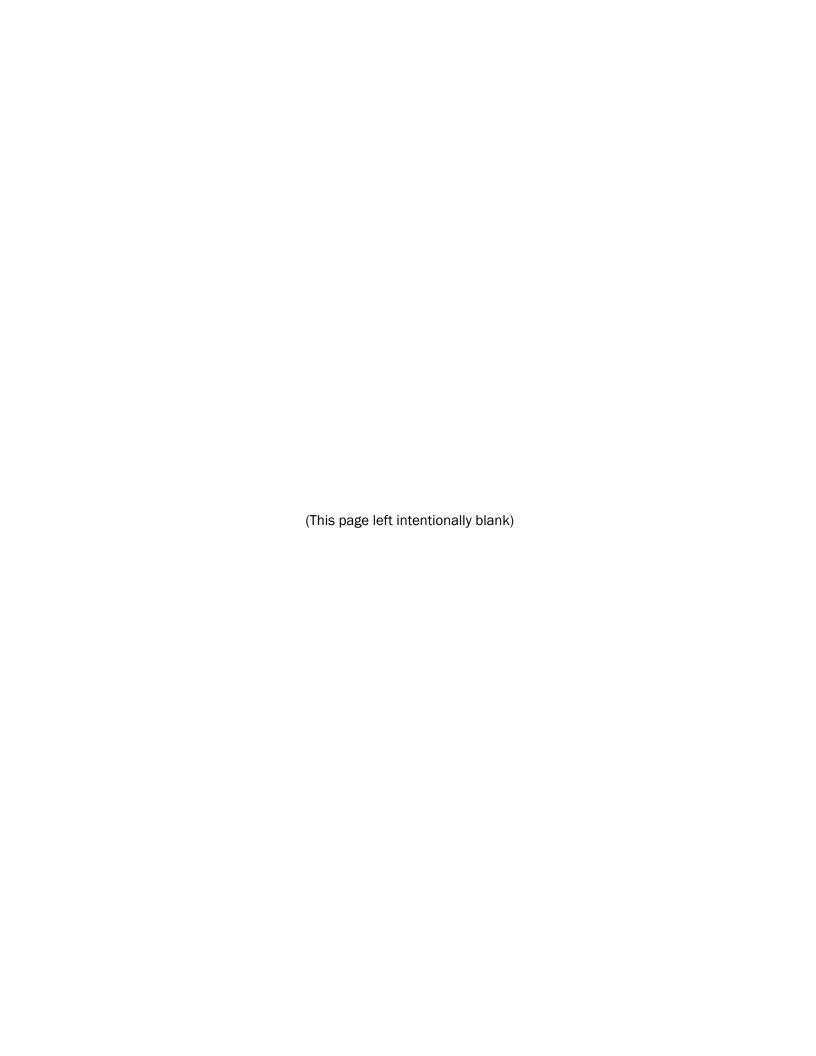
<sup>(2)</sup> The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

<sup>(3)</sup> The voters of Emanuel County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.



## SECTION II COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS





270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 23, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Emanuel County Board of Education

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

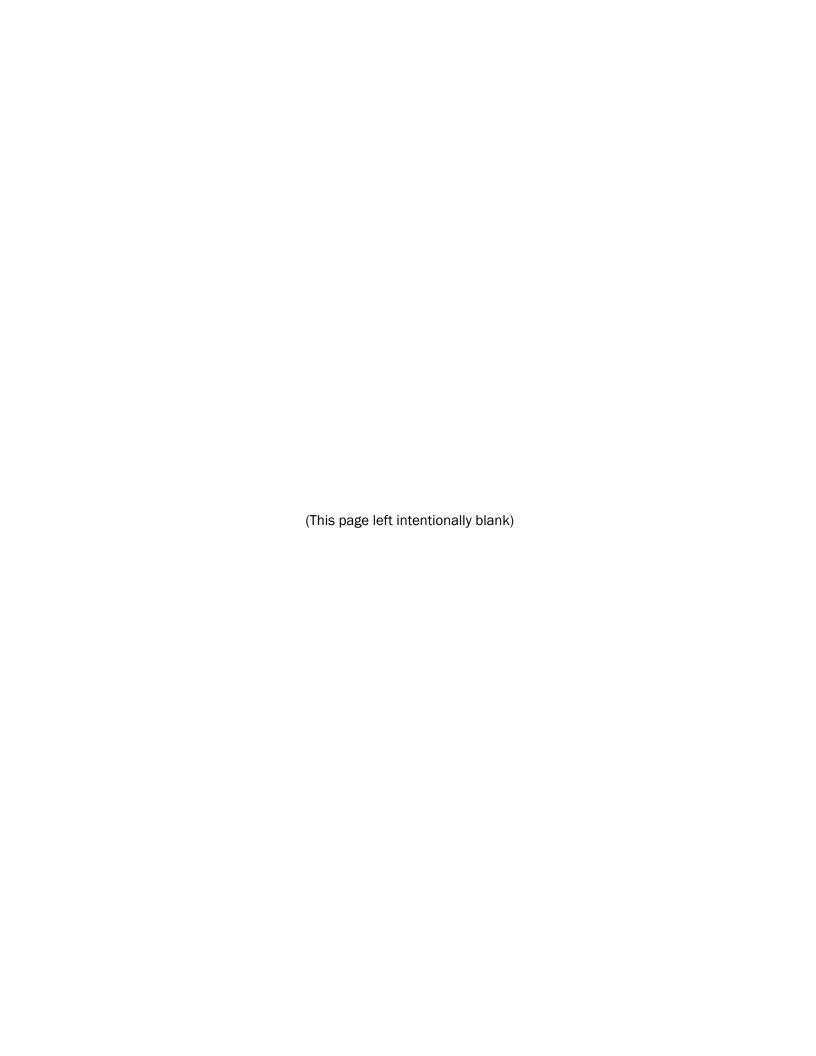
We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Emanuel County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 23, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

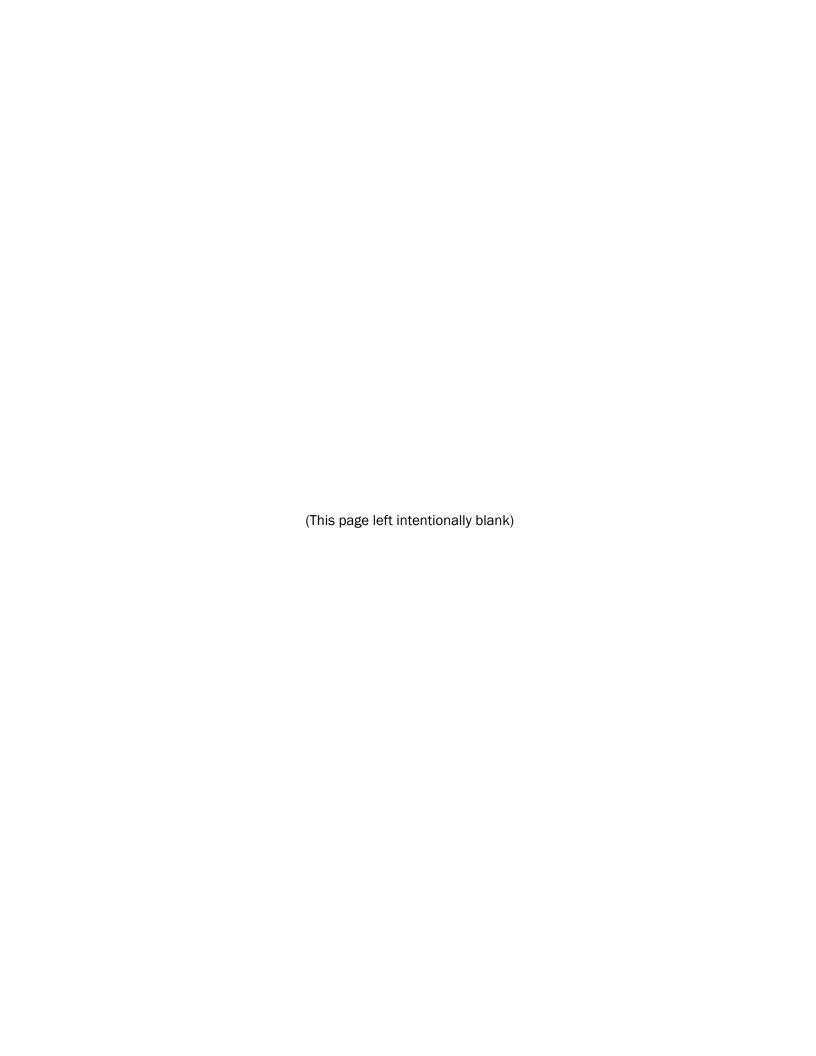
#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Diff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 23, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Emanuel County Board of Education

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Emanuel County Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

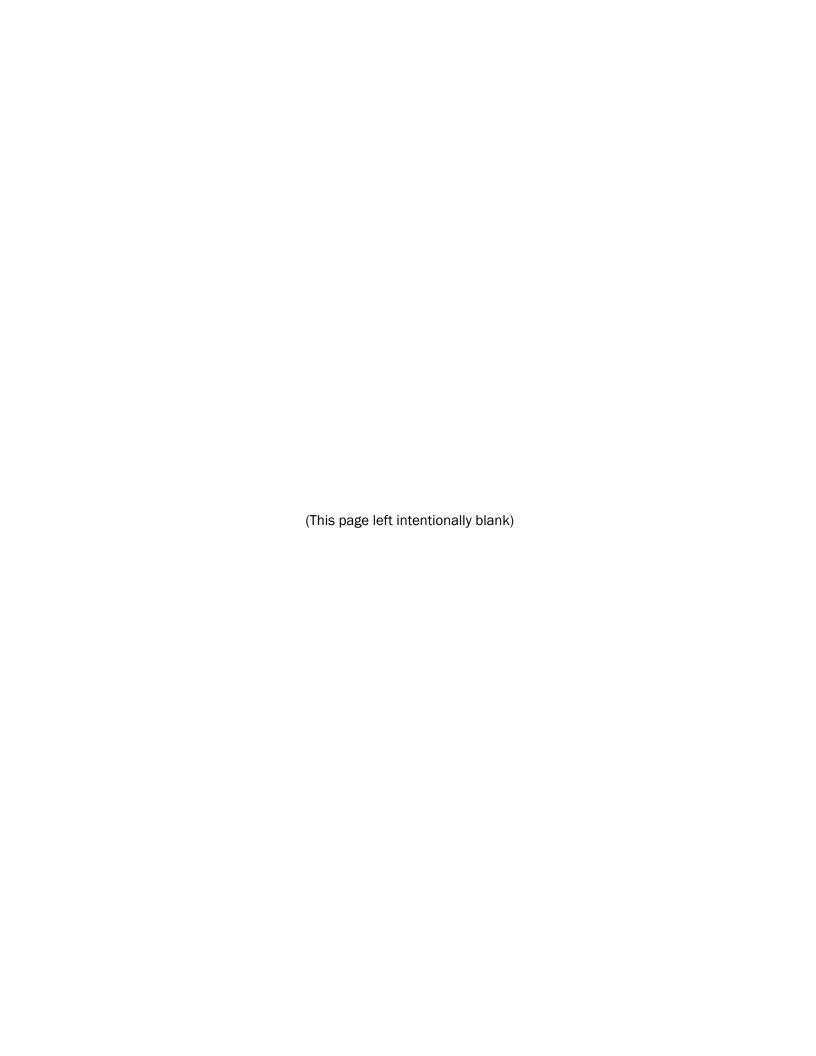
#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.



#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

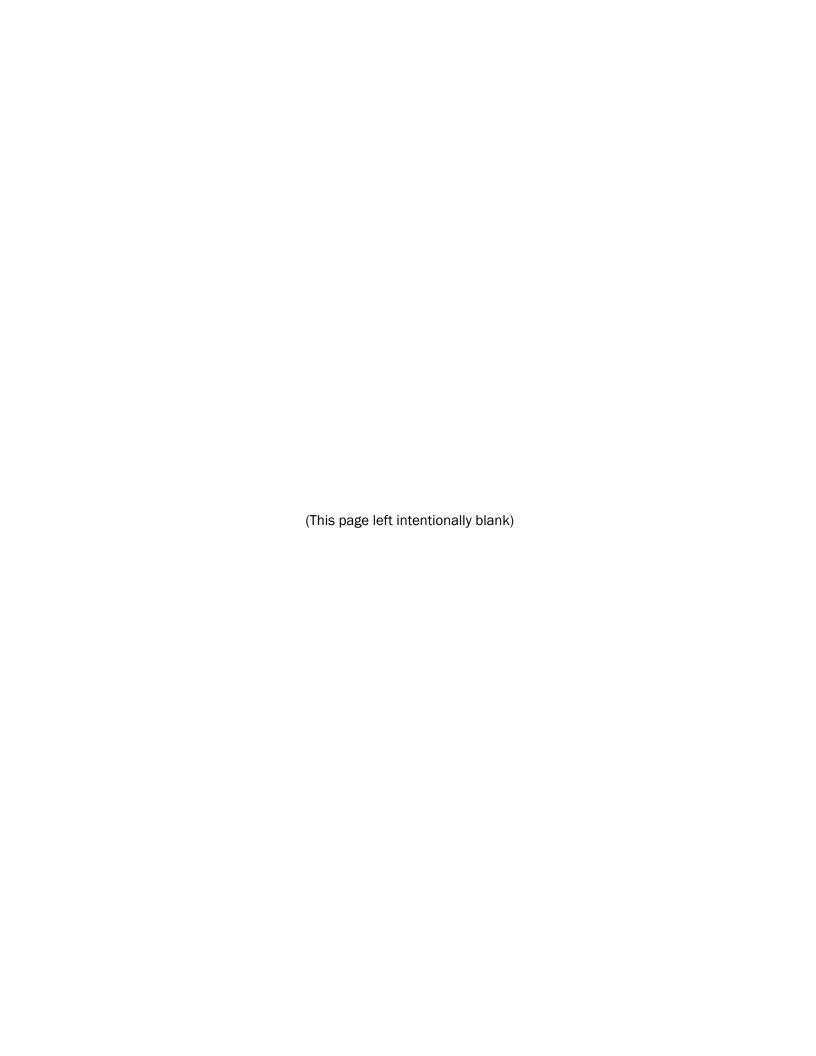
Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

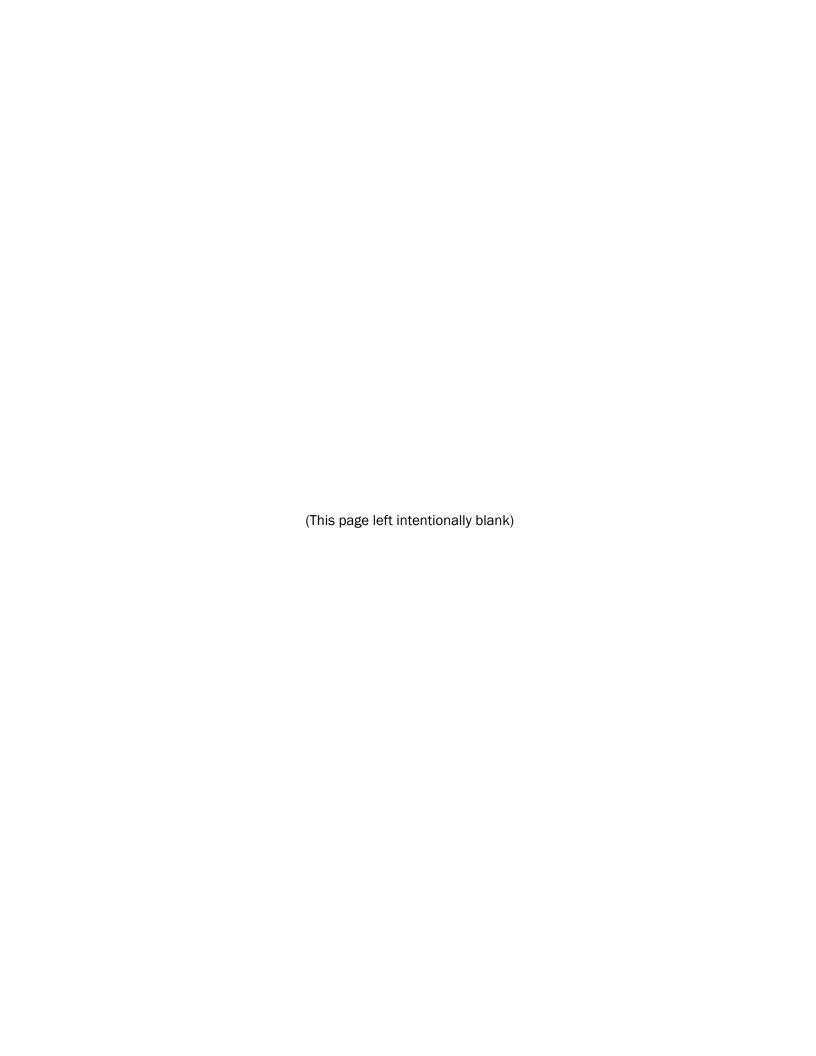
Thegra Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



#### SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



# EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2017-001 Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

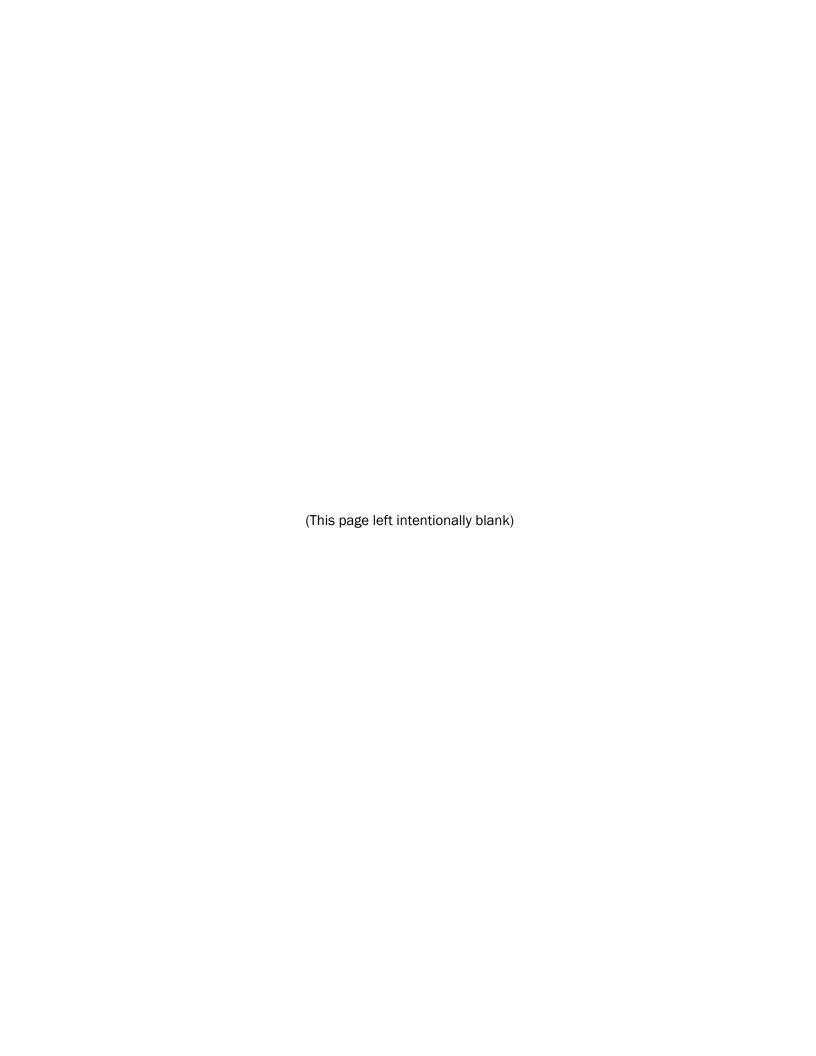
Control Category: Financial Reporting Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

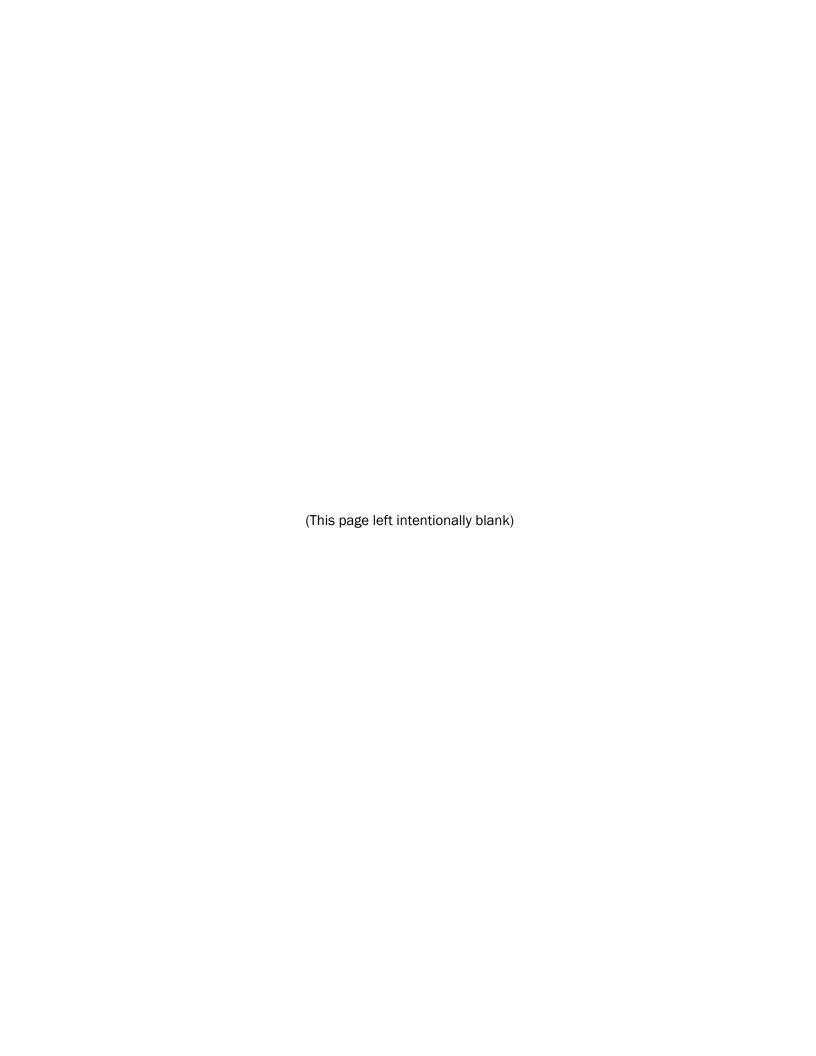
Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

#### PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.



## SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



#### EMANUEL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issue:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt

Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness identified? No

Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified? No

Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

**CFDA Numbers** Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

#### III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.