HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

HAMILTON, GEORGIA



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

INCLUDING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Harris County Board of Education

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Section I

Financial





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Roger Couch, Superintendent and Members of the
Harris County Board of Education

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Harris County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of



financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Huff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 13, 2024







HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS .	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 34,809,472
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	1,064,935
State Government	4,248,562
Federal Government	1,029,953
Other	40,596
Inventories	79,137
Prepaid Items	431,649
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	2,810,411
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	79,876,012
Total Assets	 124,390,727
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	15,929,239
Related to OPEB Plan	7,534,024
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	23,463,263
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,751,366
Salaries and Benefits Payable	6,893,971
Payroll Withholdings Payable	38,256
Interest Payable	347,787
Contracts Payable	225,262
Retainages Payable	24,538
Deposits and Unearned Revenues	8,000
Net Pension Liability	21,128,935
Net OPEB Liability	33,034,348
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	1,919,499
Due in More Than One Year	31,200,399
Total Liabilities	 96,572,361
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	30,905,663
Related to OPEB Plan	 18,656,782
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	49,562,445
	_
<u>NET POSITION</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	51,782,750
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	2,008,084
Debt Service	1,403,477
Capital Projects	10,681,235
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (64,156,362)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,719,184

					F	PROGRAM REVENUES	5		NET (EXPENSES)
	_	EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	39,910,816	\$	268,383	\$	27,691,672	\$	2,352,442	(9,598,319)
Support Services									
Pupil Services		2,618,845		-		845,308		-	(1,773,537)
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,126,322		-		988,745		-	(1,137,577)
Educational Media Services		893,558		-		778,841		32,626	(82,091)
General Administration		838,951		-		1,109,634		1,133	271,816
School Administration		3,553,677		-		1,605,969		38,949	(1,908,759)
Business Administration		1,042,168		-		10,824		-	(1,031,344)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,121,296		-		2,673,840		33,872	(2,413,584)
Student Transportation Services		5,003,360		-		729,868		-	(4,273,492)
Central Support Services		690,824		-		13,729		-	(677,095)
Other Support Services		736,633		-		3,540		-	(733,093)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services									
Enterprise Operations		419,268		-		-		-	(419,268)
Community Services		601,342		609,841		1,162		-	9,661
Food Services		2,852,076		154,821		3,959,943		111,795	1,374,483
Interest on Long-Term Debt		759,279	_	-	_	-		-	(759,279)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	67,168,415	\$	1,033,045	\$	40,413,075	\$	2,570,817	(23,151,478)
	Ger	neral Revenues							
		Taxes							
		Property Tax	es						
		For Maint	enar	nce and Operations					26,553,771
		For Debt S	Servi	ces					1,552,798
		Sales Taxes							
		Special Pu	irpos	se Local Option Sales	Tax				
		For Cap	oital	Projects					3,985,004
		Other Sale	es Ta	ıx					1,056,055
		Investment Earr	nings	5					20,716
		Miscellaneous							1,675,752
	Spe	cial Item							
		Intergovernmen	ntal A	Agreement - Pump St	atio	n			(90,175)
		Total G	iene	ral Revenues and Spe	ecial	Item			34,753,921
		Change	e in N	Net Position					11,602,443
		Net Position - Be	egin	ning of Year					(9,883,259)
		Net Position - Er	nd of	f Year				\$	1,719,184

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,275,185	\$	12,803,545	\$	1,730,742	\$	34,809,472
Accounts Receivable, Net								
Taxes		670,589		373,824		20,522		1,064,935
State Government		4,248,562		-		-		4,248,562
Federal Government		1,029,953		-		-		1,029,953
Other		40,596		-		-		40,596
Due from Other Funds		86,420		-		-		86,420
Inventories		79,137		-		-		79,137
Prepaid Items		224,649		207,000	_	-	_	431,649
Total Assets	\$	26,655,091	\$	13,384,369	\$	1,751,264	\$	41,790,724
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,600,677	\$	150,689	\$	-	\$	1,751,366
Salaries and Benefits Payable		6,893,971		-		-		6,893,971
Payroll Withholdings Payable		38,256		-		-		38,256
Due to Other Funds		-		86,420		-		86,420
Contracts Payable		-		225,262		-		225,262
Retainages Payable		-		24,538		-		24,538
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		8,000		-		-		8,000
Total Liabilities		8,540,904	_	486,909	_	-		9,027,813
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		228,890		-		13,469		242,359
Unavailable Revenue - Federal Revenue		91,197	_	-		-		91,197
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		320,087	_	-	_	13,469		333,556
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		303,786		207,000		-		510,786
Restricted		1,928,947		12,690,460		1,737,795		16,357,202
Assigned		626,728		-		-		626,728
Unassigned	_	14,934,639	_	-	_	-		14,934,639
Total Fund Balances	_	17,794,100		12,897,460		1,737,795		32,429,355
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	26,655,091	\$	13,384,369	\$	1,751,264	\$	41,790,724

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	32,429,355
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land \$ 2,315	5,664	
Construction in progress 494	4,747	
Buildings and improvements 106,099	5,689	
Equipment 13,819	9,259	
Land improvements 5,043	3,216	
Accumulated depreciation (45,082	2,152)	82,686,423
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability \$ (21,128)	8,935)	
Net OPEB liability (33,034	4,348)	(54,163,283)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions \$ (14,976)	ō,424)	
Related to OPEB (11,122	2,758)	(26,099,182)
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		242,359
Federal grants that are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
are deferred in the funds.		91,197
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable \$ (26,000	0,000)	
Accrued interest payable (34)	7,787)	
Financed purchase arrangement payable (2,956)	6,129)	
Unamortized bond premiums (4,163	3,769)	(33,467,685)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	1,719,184

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERA FUND	L	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>	•				
Property Taxes	\$ 26,60	02,165 \$	-	\$ 1,408,548 \$	28,010,713
Sales Taxes	1,0	56,055	3,985,004	-	5,041,059
State Funds	31,30	00,550	2,443,460	-	33,744,010
Federal Funds	9,3	79,049	-	-	9,379,049
Charges for Services	1,03	33,045	-	-	1,033,045
Investment Earnings		-	20,716	-	20,716
Miscellaneous	1,6	75,752	-	-	1,675,752
Total Revenues	71,04	46,616	6,449,180	1,408,548	78,904,344
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction	40.8	06,764	869,773	_	41,676,537
Support Services	40,00	30,704	003,773		41,070,337
Pupil Services	2.00	99,056			2,999,056
Improvement of Instructional Services		54,246	-	-	2,254,246
Educational Media Services			-	-	
General Administration		78,155	-	-	978,155 892,256
		92,256	-	-	
School Administration		07,321	-	-	4,007,321
Business Administration		91,591	5,525	-	1,097,116
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		28,669	201,983	-	5,030,652
Student Transportation Services		82,925	-	-	6,282,925
Central Support Services		96,313	-	-	796,313
Other Support Services		76,186	70,826	-	747,012
Enterprise Operations		19,267	-	-	419,267
Community Services		01,342	-	-	601,342
Food Services Operation	2,80	56,011	-	-	2,866,011
Capital Outlay		-	6,027,175	-	6,027,175
Debt Services					
Principal	•	44,508	361,287	-	405,795
Bond Issuance Costs		-	112,257	-	112,257
Interest		2,160	83,927	904,975	991,062
Total Expenditures	69,5	46,770	7,732,753	904,975	78,184,498
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,49	99,846	(1,283,573)	503,573	719,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of Bonds		-	2,505,000	-	2,505,000
Premiums on Bonds Sold		-	531,591	-	531,591
Transfers In		-	373,489	-	373,489
Transfers Out	(3:	73,489)	-	-	(373,489)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		73,489)	3,410,080	-	3,036,591
SPECIAL ITEM					
Intergovernmental Agreement		<u> </u>	(90,175)		(90,175)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,1:	26,357	2,036,332	503,573	3,666,262
Fund Balances - Beginning	16,60	67,743	10,861,128	1,234,222	28,763,093
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 17,79	94,100 \$	12,897,460	\$\$	32,429,355

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	3,666,262
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are			
different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	۲.	6 200 571	
Capital outlay	\$	6,299,571	2 226 769
Depreciation expense	_	(2,962,803)	3,336,768
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets			
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.			(3,252)
Towns and in the Cash was a first state of the state of t			
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			05.056
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			95,856
Federal grants reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.			91,197
·			
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt			
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds			
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the			
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when			
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement			
of Activities.			
General obligation bonds issued, including a premium of \$531,591	\$	(3,036,591)	
Financed purchase arrangement payments		361,288	
Technology leases payments		44,508	
Amortization of bond premium	_	279,193	(2,351,602)
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the			
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred			
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported			
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.			
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability			
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related			
to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense	\$	5,498,570	
OPEB expense	_	1,316,054	6,814,624
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of			
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Net decrease in accrued interest			(47,410)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		\$	11,602,443

		CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	618
NET POSITION Restricted		
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ <u></u>	61

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS Contributions	\$	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships	_	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position		-
Net Position - Beginning	_	618
Net Position - Ending	\$	618

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Harris County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Custodial funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers tax revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

The State of Georgia reimburses the School District for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education ("QBE") Formula Earnings program. State of Georgia law defines the formula driven grant that determines the cost of an academic school year and the State of Georgia's share in this cost. Generally, teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a 12-month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31. In accordance with the requirements of the enabling legislation of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the School District over the same 12-month period in which teachers are paid, funding the academic school year expenditures. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent year are accrued as the State of Georgia has only postponed the final payment of their share of the cost until the subsequent appropriations for cash management purposes. By June 30 of each year, the State of Georgia has a signed appropriation that includes this final amount, which represents the State of Georgia's intent to fund this final payment. Based on guidance in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, paragraph 74, the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, and the School District recognizes the same QBE as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2022, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
	_	Policy	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	10,000	15 to 80 Years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	10,000	Up to 50 Years
Intangible Assets	\$	500,000	5 to 80 Years
Equipment	\$	5,000	5 to 50 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Harris County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 12, 2021 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2021. Taxes were due on December 20, 2021 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60

days after year-end on the 2021 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2022. The Harris County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$23,896,094 and for school bonds amounted to \$1,408,548.

The tax millage rates levied for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	17.26 mills
School Bonds	1.00_ mills
	18.26 _ mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$2,706,071 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$3,985,004 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$24,929,542 (excluding cash equivalents), and a bank balance of \$36,667,884. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$250,000.

At June 30, 2022, \$36,417,884 of the School District's bank balances was in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP).

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%,

and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in the amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents Statement of Net Position Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 34,809,472 618
Total cash and cash equivalents	34,810,090
Less: Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents Georgia Fund 1	 9,880,548
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2022	\$ 24,929,542

Categorization of Cash Equivalents

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$9,880,548 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2022 was 43 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 5: NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The School District receives food commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") for school breakfast and lunch programs. These commodities are recorded at their Federally assigned value. See Note 2 – Inventories.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances		Increases		Docrossos		Balances
Governmental Activities	_	July 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases	-	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,315,664	ς.	_	\$	_	\$	2,315,664
Construction in Progress	Y	28,791,625	Y	4,353,414	Ţ	32,650,292	Ţ	494,747
construction in Frogress	_	20,731,023		4,333,414		32,030,232	-	434,747
Total Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated		31,107,289		4,353,414		32,650,292		2,810,411
5 1	_	, ,		, ,	_	, ,	-	
Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		73,225,322		32,870,367		-		106,095,689
Equipment		12,930,798		1,566,348		677,887		13,819,259
Land Improvements		4,883,482		159,734		-		5,043,216
Lace Assumption of Decree stations								
Less Accumulated Depreciation:		20 000 057		2.010.216				21 010 172
Buildings and Improvements		29,890,957		2,019,216		-		31,910,173
Equipment		9,560,453		784,406		674,635		9,670,224
Land Improvements	_	3,342,574		159,181				3,501,755
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net		48,245,618		31,633,646		3,252		79,876,012
being Depreciated, Net	_	40,243,010		31,033,040		3,232	-	73,870,012
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	79,352,907	\$	35,987,060	\$	32,653,544	\$	82,686,423
·	· -	, ,	·	, ,	-		· =	
Current year depreciation expense	by fu	nction is as	foll	ows.				
current your depreciation expense	by Iui		1011	ows.				
Instruction						\$ 2,0	81,	442
Support Services								
Educational Media Se	ervices	5	9	\$ 28,80	4			
General Administrati	ion			1,00	0			
School Administration	n			34,38	8			
Maintenance and Op	eratio	n of Plant		29,90	5			
Student Transportation Services			688,56		782,660			
Food Services								701
						\$ 2,9	62,	803

NOTE 7: INTERFUND ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

		Due From		Due To	
	_	Other Funds		Other Funds	
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	86,420 -	\$	- 86,420	
	\$	86,420	\$	86,420	

The purpose of the interfund balance is the payment of a technology lease.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Ţ	Transfers From		
		General		
Transfers to	_	Fund		
Capital Projects Fund	\$_	373,489		

Transfers are used to move funds collected by the general to the capital projects funds as needed for repayment of debt interest.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and			
		of Year		Changes in		Claims	End of Year
		Liability		Estimates Paid		Liability	
	_		_				
2021	\$	-	\$	11,079	\$	11,079	\$ -
2022	\$	-	\$	4,279	\$	4,279	\$ _

Surety Bond

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered		Amount
Superintendent	Ś	50.000

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
		Balance			Balance	Due Within			
	_	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year			
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$	23,495,000 \$	2,505,000 \$	- \$	26,000,000 \$	1,250,000			
Unamortized Bond Premiums		3,911,371	531,591	279,193	4,163,769	285,101			
Financed Purchases		3,317,417	-	361,288	2,956,129	384,398			
Technology Leases		44,508	-	44,508	-	-			
Net Pension Liability		57,737,699	-	36,608,764	21,128,935	-			
Net OPEB Liability		44,775,953	<u> </u>	11,741,605	33,034,348	-			
	\$	133,281,948 \$	3,036,591 \$	49,035,358 \$	87,283,181 \$	1,919,499			

General Obligation Bonds

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2022. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

During the current year, the School District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$2,505,000 for completion of capital projects.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Government - Series 2020 General Government - Series 2022	1.25% - 5.00% 4.00% - 5.00%	2020 2022	2037 2037	\$ 23,495,000 \$ 2,505,000	23,495,000 2,505,000
				\$ 26,000,000 \$	26,000,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	ion Debt	Unamortized		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal	Interest	Bond Premium
2023	\$	1,250,000 \$	1,027,169	\$ 285,101
2024		1,300,000	960,975	285,101
2025		1,350,000	908,975	285,101
2026		1,425,000	889,900	285,101
2027		1,500,000	845,800	285,101
2028 - 2032		8,425,000	3,051,900	1,425,505
2033 - 2037		10,750,000	1,068,600	1,312,758
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	26,000,000 \$	8,753,319	\$ 4,163,768

Obligations under Financed Purchases

An energy efficiency installment agreement dated June 28, 2013, was executed by and between the School District, the lessee, and Bank of America Public Capital Corp, the lessor. The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$5,399,010 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment and building modifications. Payments under the agreement shall be made from the School District's capital projects fund.

The School District's outstanding obligations from an energy efficiency agreement related to governmental activities of \$2,956,129 contains a provision that in the event of default, the lessor may take any of the following remedial steps; declare all outstanding amounts immediately due and payable; take possession of or require the School District to return the equipment; terminate the installment agreement; take legal action to enforce the rights under the installment agreement.

The following assets were acquired through the energy efficiency installment agreement and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	_	Governmental Activities
Buildings and Improvements Less: Accumulated Amortization	\$_	5,399,010 3,082,205
	\$_	2,316,805

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity				Amount
Purpose	Rate	Date	Date	A	Amount Issued		Outstanding
							_
Energy Efficiency Agreement	2.64%	2013	2029	\$	5,399,010	\$_	2,956,129

The following is a schedule of total finance purchase payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest
2023	\$	384,398	\$	74,173
2024		408,530		63,799
2025		433,720		52,778
2026		460,011		41,082
2027		487,444		28,682
2028 - 2029		782,026	_	18,180
	\$_	2,956,129	\$	278,694

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2022:

Nonspendable				
Inventories	\$	79,137		
Prepaid Assets	_	431,649	\$	510,786
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	1,928,947		
Capital Projects		12,690,460		
Debt Service	_	1,737,795	_	16,357,202
Assigned				
School Activity Accounts				626,728
Unassigned				14,934,639
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022			\$_	32,429,355

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Commitments under Construction Contracts

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2022:

Indoor Athletic Facility	\$_	11,124,260	\$	453,347			
Project		Contracts (1)	-	June 30, 2022 (2)			
		Executed		through			
		Unearned		Payments			

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year-end.

NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,126,713 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$33,034,348 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.305003%, which was an increase of 0.000149% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$189,731). At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPEB				
		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	15,083,378	
po	*		7		
Changes of assumptions		6,049,099		2,695,582	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		52,382	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		358,212		825,440	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,126,713			
Total	\$	7,534,024	\$	18,656,782	

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB			
2023	\$	(3,040,862)		
2024	\$	(2,872,314)		
2025	\$	(2,260,290)		
2026	\$	(1,619,641)		
2027	\$	(1,904,261)		
Thereafter	\$	(552,103)		

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

OPEB:

Inflation		2.50%
Salary inci	reases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term	n expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcar	e cost trend rate	
Pre-M	ledicare Eligible	6.75%
Medic	care Eligible	5.13%
Ultimate t	rend rate	
Pre-M	ledicare Eligible	4.50%
Medic	care Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ul	timate trend rate	
Pre-M	ledicare Eligible	2029
Medic	care Eligible	2023

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, as follows:

• For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of

improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

• For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 105% for males and 108% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 106% for males and 158% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.14%
Equities	70.00%	9.20%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Net of Inflation

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.20% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.22%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.16% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2145.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.20%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.20%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	_	(1.20%)	_	(2.20%)	_	(3.20%)	
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	37,765,669	\$	33,034,348	\$	29,073,785	

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare						
	_	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	28,030,925	\$	33,034,348	\$	39,289,020	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2022. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 19.81% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.75% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.06% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$6,500,804 and \$19,306 from the School District and the State, respectively.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$112,841.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$21,128,935 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 21,128,935
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School District	 62,087
Total	\$ 21,191,022

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.238898%, which was an increase of 0.000548% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2022, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$93,505.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of \$903,034 for TRS, \$983 for PSERS and revenue of \$983 for PSERS and a reduction of revenue for TRS of (\$99,200). The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS			
		Deferred Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	_	Resources	_	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,042,035	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		4,089,437		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		30,905,663	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		296,963		-	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	6,500,804			
Total	\$_	15,929,239	\$	30,905,663	

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		TRS
2023	Ś	(3,961,579)
	•	
2024	\$	(3,958,826)
2025	\$	(5,953,176)
2026	\$	(7,603,647)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below-Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.80)%	30.00%	(1.50)%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.30%	46.40%	9.20%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.30%	1.10%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	11.50%	9.30%	11.70%	9.20%
International emerging market stocks	6.00%	11.30%	5.80%	10.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.60%	5.00%	10.60%
Total	100.00%		100.00%	

Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.25%)	_	(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
School District's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability	\$	56,915,752	\$	21,128,935	\$	(8,195,893)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and www.trsga.com/publications an

Defined Contribution Plan

On August 1, 2007, the School District began an employer paid 403(b) annuity plan for the group of employees covered under the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). Recognizing that PSERS was a limited defined contribution and defined benefit plan which did not provide for an adequate retirement for this group of employees, it was the Board's desire to supplement the retirement of this group.

The School District selected Lincoln Financial Group as the provider of this plan. For each employee covered under PSERS, the Board began contributing to the plan an amount equal to 3% of the employee's base pay.

The employee becomes vested in the plan with three years of experience. Employees who had already achieve three years of experience at the time the plan was implemented were vested upon enrollment.

Funds accumulated in the employer paid accounts are only available to the employee upon termination of employment and three years of service to the School District. If an employee terminates employment prior to achieving three years of service, funds paid on behalf of the non-vested employee are credited back to the School District.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

	Percentage	Required		
Fiscal Year	Contributed	 Contribution		
2022	100%	\$ 903,270		
2021	100%	\$ 819,520		
2020	100%	\$ 786,509		

NOTE 14: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 15: TAX ABATEMENTS

Harris County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Harris County.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, Harris County abated property taxes due to the School District that were levied on August 12, 2021 and due on December 20, 2021 totaling \$239,568. Included in that amount abated, the following are individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- A 50 percent property tax abatement to a plastics company for the purpose of increasing employment in Harris County. The abatement amounted to \$65,736.
- A 50 percent property tax abatement to an automotive interior parts manufacturer for the purpose of increasing employment in Harris County. The abatement amounted to \$65,736.

NOTE 16: SPECIAL ITEMS

An intergovernmental agreement dated August 2020 was executed by and between the School District and the City of Hamilton. The agreement stipulates that the School District will pay for the upgraded pump lift station located at Harris County High School to accommodate the Harris County Carver Middle School sewage usage. In return, the City of Hamilton will hold the ownership of the pump lift station and will waive the minimum charges for such sewage usage in the amount of \$1,150 per month for a period of 15 years on the School District's bill. The amount waived is to not exceed \$207,000. In fiscal year 2022, the School District paid the City of Hamilton \$297,175 towards the upgraded pump lift station.

NOTE 17: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Michael Zambino is the owner of Dirty Mike's Septic & Jetting Service and is the stepson of the Assistant Superintendent of Operations. He is the only certified, licensed professional in the School District's area for both sewage and food waste. This relation has been disclosed to the Board of Education. The total amount paid to Dirty Mike's Septic & Jetting Service in fiscal year 2022 was \$14,150.

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July of 2022, the Harris County Board of Education entered into a land swap agreement in anticipation of student growth. The price of the purchased land was \$503,000.00. The land owned by the School District was appraised at \$353,000, leaving the Harris County Board of Education with a final cost of \$150,000.



HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	School District's proportionate share of the NPL		propo of the	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		Total		Total		Total		nool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.238898%	\$	21,128,935	\$	62,087	\$	21,191,022	\$	31,186,359	67.75%	92.03%				
2021	0.238350%	\$	57,737,699	\$	163,996	\$	57,901,695	\$	30,826,471	187.30%	77.01%				
2020	0.237697%	\$	51,111,282	\$	161,915	\$	51,273,197	\$	29,168,854	175.23%	78.56%				
2019	0.236707%	\$	43,937,889	\$	138,102	\$	44,075,991	\$	28,286,318	155.33%	80.27%				
2018	0.234995%	\$	43,674,545	\$	419,099	\$	44,093,644	\$	27,264,400	160.19%	79.33%				
2017	0.233521%	\$	48,177,986	\$	763,970	\$	48,941,956	\$	26,025,629	185.12%	76.06%				
2016	0.237518%	\$	36,159,757	\$	529,339	\$	36,689,096	\$	25,060,528	144.29%	81.44%				
2015	0.243346%	\$	30,743,557	\$	472,373	\$	31,215,930	\$	25,104,204	122.46%	84.03%				

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	actually required ontribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contr	ibution deficiency (excess)	School	District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2022	\$ 6,500,804	\$	6,500,804	\$	-	\$	32,911,454	19.75%
2021	\$ 5,926,708	\$	5,926,708	\$	-	\$	31,186,359	19.00%
2020	\$ 6,498,272	\$	6,498,272	\$	-	\$	30,826,471	21.08%
2019	\$ 6,077,084	\$	6,077,084	\$	-	\$	29,168,854	20.83%
2018	\$ 4,740,033	\$	4,740,033	\$	-	\$	28,286,318	16.76%
2017	\$ 3,853,687	\$	3,853,687	\$	-	\$	27,264,400	14.13%
2016	\$ 3,655,256	\$	3,655,256	\$	-	\$	26,025,629	14.04%
2015 (1)	\$ 3,295,459	\$	3,295,459	\$	-	\$	25,060,528	13.15%
2014 (1)	\$ 3,082,796	\$	3,082,796	\$	-	\$	25,104,204	12.28%
2013 (1)	\$ 2,874,146	\$	2,874,146	\$	-	\$	25,189,708	11.41%

⁽¹⁾ The School District has included on behalf payments within the contributions for the firscal year 2015.

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	propo	ool District's ortionate share of the NPL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District			School District's Total covered payroll			School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	93,505	\$	93,505	\$	1,447,035	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	629,980	\$	629,980	\$	1,373,752	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	606,044	\$	606,044	\$	1,362,269	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	596,789	\$	596,789	\$	1,381,406	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	567,716	\$	567,716	\$	1,418,211	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	740,746	\$	740,746	\$	1,269,546	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	482,005	\$	482,005	\$	1,486,462	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	410,360	\$	410,360	\$	1,304,879	N/A	88.29%

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	 proportionate share School District's of the NOL		associated with the		Total		Total		Total		Total		hool District's ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	0.305003%	\$ 33,034,348	\$	-	\$	33,034,348	\$	27,278,412	121.10%	6.14%						
2021	0.304854%	\$ 44,775,953	\$	-	\$	44,775,953	\$	26,419,116	169.48%	3.99%						
2020	0.311915%	\$ 38,278,662	\$	-	\$	38,278,662	\$	25,107,126	152.46%	4.63%						
2019	0.313245%	\$ 39,812,478	\$	-	\$	39,812,478	\$	24,660,646	161.44%	2.93%						
2018	0.312230%	\$ 43,868,189	\$	-	\$	43,868,189	\$	23,582,687	186.02%	1.61%						

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Contractually required Ended June 30 contribution		<i>,</i> .	ributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Con	tribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered-employee payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2022	\$	1,126,713	\$ 1,126,713	\$	-	\$	28,815,604	3.91%	
2021	\$	1,134,561	\$ 1,134,561	\$	-	\$	27,278,412	4.16%	
2020	\$	1,030,945	\$ 1,030,945	\$	-	\$	26,419,116	3.90%	
2019	\$	1,679,878	\$ 1,679,878	\$	-	\$	25,107,126	6.69%	
2018	\$	1,623,520	\$ 1,623,520	\$	-	\$	24,660,646	6.58%	
2017	\$	1,627,994	\$ 1,627,994	\$	-	\$	23,582,687	6.90%	

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Teachers Retirement System

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from the 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actual valuation.

On December 17,2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumption utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This is also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions:

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees Retirement Systems experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect to Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 NONAPPROPRIAT	TED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER	
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 26,786,000 \$	26,786,000 \$	26,602,165 \$	(183,835)	
Sales Taxes	1,020,000	1,095,000	1,056,055	(38,945)	
State Funds	28,664,297	30,994,693	31,300,550	305,857	
Federal Funds	5,721,651	8,480,085	9,379,049	898,964	
Charges for Services	1,650,000	1,678,700	1,033,045	(645,655)	
Miscellaneous	 303,500	512,000	1,675,752	1,163,752	
Total Revenues	64,145,448	69,546,478	71,046,616	1,500,138	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction	39,154,508	41,331,319	40,806,764	524,555	
Support Services					
Pupil Services	2,832,478	3,119,842	2,999,056	120,786	
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,793,473	3,002,600	2,254,246	748,354	
Educational Media Services	973,502	981,680	978,155	3,525	
General Administration	852,906	942,757	892,256	50,501	
School Administration	3,845,252	3,986,046	4,007,321	(21,275)	
Business Administration	1,033,444	1,128,795	1,091,591	37,204	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	4,704,401	3,821,058	4,828,669	(1,007,611)	
Student Transportation Services	4,462,019	5,518,054	6,282,925	(764,871)	
Central Support Services	799,310	798,010	796,313	1,697	
Other Support Services	359,693	387,633	676,186	(288,553)	
Food Services Operation	2,907,702	2,976,526	2,866,011	110,515	
Community Services	47,223	22,202	601,342	(579,140)	
Enterprise Operations	-	-	419,267	(419,267)	
Debt Services					
Principal	-	-	44,508	(44,508)	
Interest	-	-	2,160	(2,160)	
Total Expenditures	64,765,911	68,016,522	69,546,770	(1,530,248)	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(620,463)	1,529,956	1,499,846	(30,110)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Other Uses	 <u> </u>		(373,489)	(373,489)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(620,463)	1,529,956	1,126,357	(403,599)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	16,667,743	16,667,743	16,667,743	-	
Adjustments	 29,455	78,533		(78,533)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 16,076,735 \$	18,276,232 \$	17,794,100 \$	(482,132)	

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts and the after school program.

The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$1,267,369 and \$1,197,262, respectively.

The actual revenues and expenditures of the after school program are \$610,208 and \$593,880, respectively.

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ASSISTANCE	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY	
FUNDING AGENCY	LISTING	ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			===
School Breakfast Program	10.553	225GA324N1199 \$	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1199	1,837,573
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	118,006
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,662,705
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	225GA368N1099	174
COVID-19 - Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	225GA368N1099	3,890
Total Other Programs			4,064
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,666,769
Education, U. S. Department of			
Direct Impact Aid			
Discretionary Construction Grants - Section 7007(b)	84.041C	N/A	28,274
Districtionary construction draines section 7007(a)	00.120	.,,,	
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	1,501,810
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	1,880,608
Total Education Stabilization Fund			3,382,418
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A200073	230,458
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	759,286
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	226,283
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A210081	39,627
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Preschool	84.173X	H173X210081	15,769
Total Special Education Cluster			1,271,423
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A210010	48,034
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A210011	48,721
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A200001	32,346
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A210001	89,371
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A200010	72,819
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	553,538
Total Other Programs			844,829
Total U. S. Department of Education			5,526,944
•			

HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of	NOWBER	NOWIDER	 INTERIOD
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2110GACCC5	 52,706
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Direct			
Department of the Air Force			
R.O.T.C. Program	12. UNKNOWN		 81,631
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 8,328,050

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Harris County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

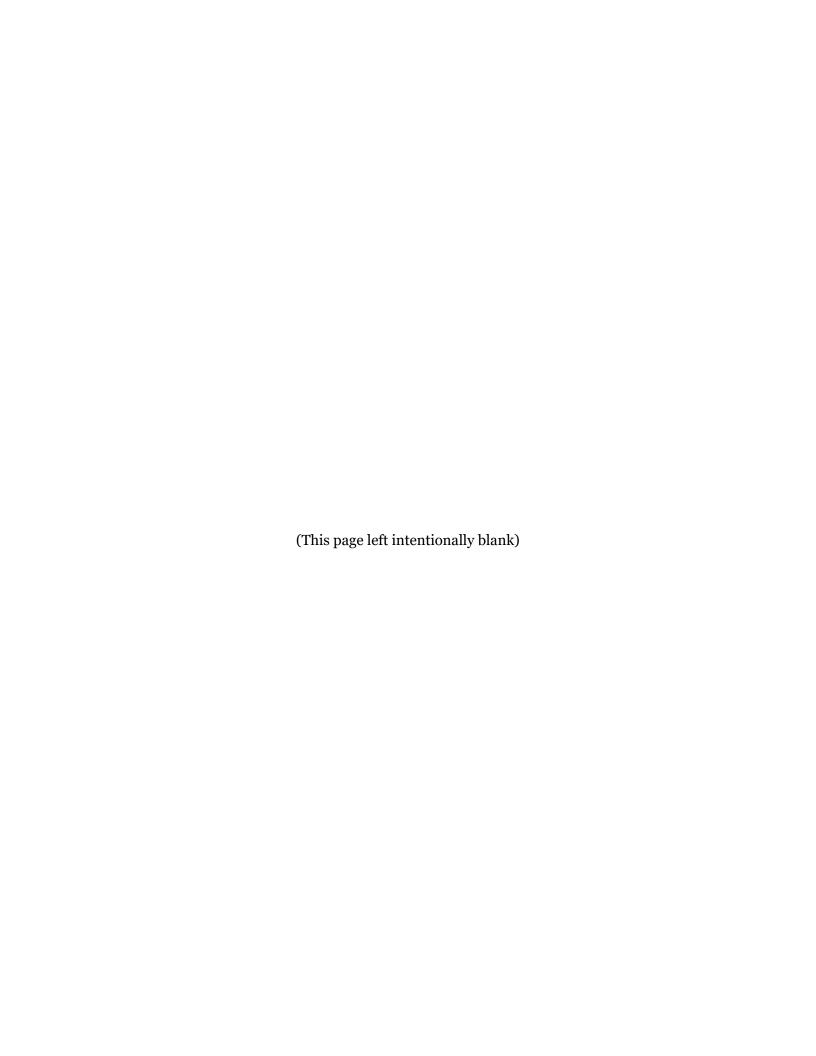
Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES						
	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS					
SENCY/FUNDING	FUND	FUND	TOTAL				
GRANTS	 						
Bright From the Start:							
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning							
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 1,314,785 \$	- \$	1,314,785				
Education, Georgia Department of							
Quality Basic Education							
Direct Instructional Cost							
Kindergarten Program	1,588,404	-	1,588,404				
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	152,719	-	152,719				
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	3,845,820	-	3,845,820				
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	574,110	-	574,110				
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	1,956,459	-	1,956,459				
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	459,862	_	459,862				
Middle School (6-8) Program	3,554,940	_	3,554,940				
High School General Education (9-12) Program	2,863,061	_	2,863,06				
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	1,397,422	_	1,397,422				
Students with Disabilities	3,702,722	_	3,702,722				
Gifted Student - Category VI	1,531,615	_	1,531,61				
Remedial Education Program	787,552	_	787,552				
Alternative Education Program	256,249	_	256,249				
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	56,029	_	56,02				
Media Center Program	611,409	_	611,40				
20 Days Additional Instruction	191,755	_	191,75				
Staff and Professional Development	103,335	_	103,33				
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,901	_	1,90				
Indirect Cost	2,302		2,50.				
Central Administration	845,708	_	845,70				
School Administration	1,216,866	_	1,216,86				
Facility Maintenance and Operations	1,276,491	_	1,276,49				
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	252,966	_	252,96				
Amended Formula Adjustment	178,092	-	178,09				
Categorical Grants	178,032	-	178,03				
-							
Pupil Transportation	757 600		757.60				
Regular	757,698	-	757,69				
Nursing Services	111,363	-	111,36				
One-time Supplement	1,079,438	-	1,079,43				
Other State Programs	0.000		0.00				
Computer Science Capacity Grant (CS4GA) Grant	8,000	-	8,00				
Food Services	147,588	-	147,58				
Hygiene Products	4,354	-	4,35				
Math and Science Supplements	31,063	-	31,06				
Preschool Disability Services	24,851	-	24,85				
Teachers Retirement	19,306	-	19,30				
Vocational Construction Related Equipment - State Bonds	260,436	-	260,43				
Vocational Education	23,340	-	23,34				
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission							
Reimbursement on Construction Projects	-	2,443,460	2,443,46				
Office of the State Treasurer							
Public School Employees Retirement	 112,841	<u> </u>	112,84				
	\$ 31,300,550 \$	2,443,460.00 \$	33,744,01				



		ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
PROJECT	_			•
PROJECT SPLOST V				
A one percent sales and use tax be reimposed in the School District to raise not more than \$14,500,000 for the purposes of providing funds to pay, or to reimburse the				
School District for the cost of paying, or to be applied toward the cost of:	\$	14,500,000 \$	15,036,164	
(i) acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new buildings and facilities, including but not limited to transportation facilities and physical education venues,				Completed
Southern A&E - ADA at HCHS stadium		-	-	
Swimming scoreboard		-	-	
Transportation facility		-	-	
Remodel building adjacent to HCHS		-	-	
Purchase building adjacent to HCHS (ii) adding to, renovating, improving, equipping and furnishing existing school buildings and facilities and other facilities, including but not limited to roofs and lunchroom at Harris County Carver Middle School, and HVAC at New Mountain Hill		-	-	
Elementary School,				Completed
Southern A&E transportation facility		-	-	
Southern A&E reroofing		-	-	
Reroofing		-	-	
Maintenance department supplies		-	-	
Old gym removal		-	-	
HVAC repairs		-	-	
Intercom system PRES		-	-	
Gym floor refinishing		-	-	
System-wide repainting System-wide carpet and building repairs		-	-	
System-wide security cameras		-	-	
System-wide technology improvements			_	
Stage Risers PRES		_	_	
System-wide furniture		_	_	
System-wide handicap accessible ramp repairs		_	_	
System-wide energy project - ABM		_	_	
Paving at central office		-	-	
HCHS auditorium sound system		-	-	
HCCMS speed bumps		-	-	
Man lift		-	-	
Gravel for bus lots		-	-	
Baseball fieldhouse and sprinkler system		-	-	
System-wide paving		-	-	
Athletic facilities repairs/upgrade		-	-	
School equipment		-	-	
Laundry equipment HCHS		-	-	
(iii) acquiring instructional and administrative information technology equipment,				
computer software and hardware, physical education equipment, fine arts equipment, safety and security equipment and other school equipment,				Completed
Financial/HR software-SoftDocs		_	_	completed
System-wide school nutrition POS system		-	-	
Technology supplies		_	-	
Technology purchases		_	-	
Mobile learning lab		-	-	
Technology and supplies purchases		-	-	
Mobile radio batteries		-	-	
American Red Cross-ASHA RE-Cert.		-	-	
Bus supplies for SPED		-	-	
(iv) acquiring school buses and other school vehicles,				Completed
Reflooring buses		-	-	•
Bus upgrade/repairs		-	-	

	EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
PROJECT	12/11 (3) (1)	12/11/0 (0) (1)		2/11/2/10/20
A one percent sales and use tax be reimposed in the School District to raise not more than \$14,500,000 for the purposes of providing funds to pay, or to reimburse the School District for the cost of paying, or to be applied toward the cost of:				
(i) acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new buildings and facilities,	- 5	\$ - \$	- \$	-
including but not limited to transportation facilities and physical education venues, Southern A&E - ADA at HCHS stadium	_	1,745	1,745	_
Swimming scoreboard	-	19,200	19,200	-
Transportation facility	-	3,412,536	3,412,536	-
Remodel building adjacent to HCHS	-	26,160	26,160	-
Purchase building adjacent to HCHS	-	316,791	316,791	-
(ii) adding to, renovating, improving, equipping and furnishing existing school buildings and facilities and other facilities, including but not limited to roofs and lunchroom at Harris County Carver Middle School, and HVAC at New Mountain Hill Elementary School.				
Southern A&E transportation facility	-	13,025	13,025	-
Southern A&E reroofing	-	7,800	7,800	-
Reroofing	108,134	205,500	313,634	-
Maintenance department supplies	-	20,170	20,170	-
Old gym removal	-	31,700	31,700	-
HVAC repairs	-	119,936	119,936	-
Intercom system PRES	-	10,539	10,539	-
Gym floor refinishing	6,400	21,590	27,990	-
System-wide repainting	24,600	387,345	411,945	-
System-wide carpet and building repairs	210,776	870,069	1,080,845	-
System-wide security cameras	-	155,140	155,140	-
System-wide technology improvements	-	586,213	586,213	-
Stage Risers PRES	964 124	5,825	5,825	-
System-wide furniture System-wide handicap accessible ramp repairs	864,134	272,849 1,634	1,136,983 1,634	-
System-wide energy project - ABM	222,607	1,933,348	2,155,955	-
Paving at central office	-	21,075	21,075	-
HCHS auditorium sound system	_	46,464	46,464	_
HCCMS speed bumps	_	711	711	-
Man lift	-	9,254	9,254	-
Gravel for bus lots	-	3,815	3,815	-
Baseball fieldhouse and sprinkler system	-	29,193	29,193	-
System-wide paving	165,023	762,653	927,676	-
Athletic facilities repairs/upgrade	-	18,500	18,500	-
School equipment	-	161,139	161,139	-
Laundry equipment HCHS	-	15,550	15,550	-
(iii) acquiring instructional and administrative information technology equipment, computer software and hardware, physical education equipment, fine arts equipment, safety and security equipment and other school equipment,				
Financial/HR software-SoftDocs	5,525	91,998	97,523	-
System-wide school nutrition POS system	-	26,450	26,450	-
Technology supplies	-	96,552	96,552	-
Technology purchases	-	583,265	583,265	-
Mobile learning lab	-	14,400	14,400	-
Technology and supplies purchases	-	129,620	129,620	-
Mobile radio batteries	-	7,493	7,493	-
American Red Cross-ASHA RE-Cert.	-	113	113	-
Bus supplies for SPED	-	1,486	1,486	-
(iv) acquiring school buses and other school vehicles, Reflooring buses	_	2,343,744	2,343,744	_
Retiooring buses Bus upgrade/repairs	-		2,343,744	-
Dus upgrauc/repairs	-	23,240	23,240	-

	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
(v) acquiring textbooks, and	-	-	Completed
(vi) acquiring any capital property necessary or desirable for the foregoing purposes, both real and personal.	-	-	Completed
Subtotal SPLOST V Projects	14,500,000	15,036,164	
A one percent sales and use tax be reimposed in the School District to raise not more than \$18,000,000 for the purposes of providing funds to pay, or to reimburse the			
School District for the cost of paying, or to be applied toward the cost of:	18,000,000	18,000,000	12/31/2026
(i) new middle school	-	-	12/31/2026
(ii) additional classrooms at Creekside Intermediate School	-	-	12/31/2026
 (iii) additional Classrooms at Harris County High School (iv) other capital facilities projects that require construction, renovations and modification, to include but not limited to additions to facilities, HVAC replacement and upgrades, kitchen equipment replacements and upgrades, flooring, painting, 	-	-	12/31/2026
paving and grading and roofing			12/31/2026
Signage	-	-	
Greenhouses	-	-	
Athletic facilities upgrade	-	-	
Indoor practice facility	-	-	
Other	-	-	
 (v) technology upgrades and improvements, to include but not limited to technology hardware, and the improvement of technology infrastructure Technology purchases 		-	12/31/2026
Intercom/fire alarm/radios	-	-	
SPLOST VI Projects	18,000,000	18,000,000	
Total	\$ 32,500,000 \$	33,036,164	

	EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
(v) acquiring textbooks, and	27,922.00	595,213	623,135	-
(vi) acquiring any capital property necessary or desirable for the foregoing purposes, both real and personal.	· _	_	_	_
Subtotal SPLOST V Projects	1,635,121	13,401,043	15,036,164	-
A one percent sales and use tax be reimposed in the School District to raise not more than \$18,000,000 for the purposes of providing funds to pay, or to reimburse the School District for the cost of paying, or to be applied toward the cost of: (i) new middle school				
(ii) additional classrooms at Creekside Intermediate School	-	-	-	-
(iii) additional Classrooms at Harris County High School	-	-	-	-
(iv) other capital facilities projects that require construction, renovations and modification, to include but not limited to additions to facilities, HVAC replacement and upgrades, kitchen equipment replacements and upgrades, flooring, painting, paving and grading and roofing				
Signage	9,750	-	-	-
Greenhouses	111,941	-	-	-
Athletic facilities upgrade	64,362	-	-	-
Indoor practice facility	635,584	-	-	-
Other	314,057	-	-	-
(v) technology upgrades and improvements, to include but not limited to technology hardware, and the improvement of technology infrastructure				
Technology purchases	654,687	-	-	-
Intercom/fire alarm/radios	52,855			
SPLOST VI Projects	1,843,236		-	-
Total	\$ 3,478,357 \$	13,401,043 \$	15,036,164 \$	

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Harris County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

 ⁽⁴⁾ The SPLOST VI projects are jointly funded through a combination of SPLOST, bond, and/or GSFIC funding.



Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Roger Couch, Superintendent and Members of the
Harris County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Harris County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any



deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lluff.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 13, 2024





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Roger Couch, Superintendent and Members of the
Harris County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Harris County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FA 2022-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.



Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in finding FA 2022-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.



The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They & Lufy

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 13, 2024



Section III Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs



HARRIS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2021-001 Financial Statement Preparation

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: No

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The Harris County Board of Education utilizes a third-party CPA firm to complete the School District's annual financial statements. The finance department will schedule an annual meeting with our firm to ensure all financial information is reported correctly. Additionally, finance personnel will attend training on Financial Statement Preparation provided by the Georgia Department of Education Financial Review Team.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2020-001 Improve Controls over Verification
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2019-001, FA 2018-001

Finding Status: No Further Action Warranted

FA 2019-001 Improve Controls Over Verification

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2018-001

Finding Status: No Further Action Warranted

FA 2018-001 Improve Controls Over Eligibility Determinations and

Verification

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: N/A

Finding Status: No Further Action Warranted



Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs



I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, and Fiduciary Activities

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Yes

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster 84.425 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2022-001 Improve Controls over Financial Reporting

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2021-001

Description:

The School District did not have adequate internal controls in place over the financial statement reporting process.

Criteria:

Management is responsible for having adequate controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School District's internal controls over GAAP financial reporting should include adequately trained personnel with the knowledge, skills, and experience to prepare GAAP based financial statements and include all disclosures as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (Statement), requires governments to present government-wide and fund financial statements as well as a summary reconciliation of the (a) total governmental funds balances to the net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position, and (b) total change in governmental fund balances to the change in the net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. In addition, the Statement requires information about the government's major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate to be provided in the fund financial statements.

Chapter II -2, Annual Financial Reporting of the Financial Management for Georgia Local Units of Administration provides that School Districts must prepare their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition:

The following errors and omissions were noted in the School District's financial statements, note disclosures and supplementary information as presented for the audit:

- Restricted cash was overstated and cash and cash equivalents was understated by \$1,370,742. A
 reclassification adjustment was proposed by the auditors and accepted by the School District to
 correct the debt service fund and government-wide financial statements.
- Total federal awards expended for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) was overstated by \$1,272,814.
- Various capital asset adjustments were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the School District to properly present the School District's financial statements and note disclosures.
- Other audit adjustments and reclassification were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the School District to properly present the School District's financial statements, note disclosures and supplemental information.

Cause:

These issues were a result of the School District's inadequate controls and review procedures over the financial statements.

Effect:

Significant misstatements and misclassifications were included in the financial statements presented for audit. The lack of controls and monitoring over the financial statement process could impact the reporting of the School District's financial position and results of operations.

Recommendation:

The School District should strengthen their internal controls and review procedures over the financial reporting to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, presented for audit are complete and accurate. These procedures should be performed by a properly trained individual possessing a thorough understanding of the applicable GAAP statements, GASB pronouncements and the School District's operations. The School District should also consider implementing the use of a review checklist to assist in the review process over the financial statement.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with the finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2022-001 Strengthen Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirements: Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact:

Nonmaterial Noncompliance

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Pass-Through Entity:

Georgia Department of Education

AL Numbers and Titles:

10.553 – School Breakfast Program

10.555 - National School Lunch Program

Federal Award Number: 225GA324N1199 (Year: 2022)

Questioned Costs: \$21,440

Description:

A review of expenditures charged to the Child Nutrition Cluster revealed that the School District's internal control procedures were not operating appropriately to ensure that the School District's procurement procedures were followed.

Background:

The Child Nutrition Cluster (CNC) is comprised of various programs that are intended to assist states in administering and overseeing food service program operators that provide healthful, nutritious meals to eligible children in public and non-profit private schools, residential child care institutions, and summer programs. This Cluster of programs also fosters healthy eating habits in children by providing fresh fruits and fresh vegetables to children attending elementary and secondary schools and encourages the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

CNC funding was granted to the Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. GaDOE is responsible for distributing funds to local educational agencies (LEAs) and overseeing the various CNC programs. CNC funds totaling \$2,662,705 were expended and reported on the Harris County Board of Education's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) for fiscal year 2022.

Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the School District is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – *Internal Controls*.

Additionally, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.318 – *General Procurement Standards* state in part that "(a) the non-Federal entity must use its own documented procurement procedures which reflect applicable State, local, and tribal laws and regulations and... (b) non-Federal entities must maintain oversight to ensure that contractors perform in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders." In addition, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.320 – *Methods of Procurement to Be Followed* provide guidance for procurement through small purchase procedures and state "If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources."

Condition:

A sample of 28 procurement transactions was randomly selected for testing using a non-statistical sampling approach. These transactions were reviewed to determine if appropriate internal controls were implemented and applicable compliance requirements were met. The following deficiencies were noted:

- For three expenditures, evidence of review and approval was not reflected within the voucher package.
- The appropriate procurement method was not used for the dollar amount and conditions associated with one procurement transaction that should have been considered a simplified acquisition transaction. Therefore, the School District could not provide evidence that an adequate number of sealed bids were sought and obtained from qualified sources.

Questioned Costs:

Upon testing a sample of \$130,284 in procurement transactions, known questioned costs of \$21,440 were identified for expenditures that did not follow the School District's procurement procedures. Using the total sample population of \$518,395 in procurement transactions, we project the likely questioned costs to be approximately \$85,310. The following Assistance Listing Numbers were affected by known and likely questioned costs: 10.553 and 10.555.

Cause:

The School District did not follow its policies and procedures that govern the procurement process for federal programs.

Effect:

The School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and GaDOE guidance. Failure to appropriately implement procedures to address procurement compliance requirements exposes the School District to unnecessary risk of error and misuse of federal funds and could result in the expenditure of federal funds with unqualified vendors. In addition, this deficiency could lead to the return of grant funds associated with unallowable expenditures.

Recommendation:

The School District should evaluate and improve internal control procedures to ensure that required procurement methods are properly identified and followed and required procurement documentation is properly safeguarded and retained. In addition, management should develop a monitoring process to ensure that these procedures are operating appropriately.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with the finding.



Section V

Management's Corrective Action



Harris County Board of Education

132 Barnes Mill Road

Hamilton, Georgia 31811 (706) 628-4206 Fax (706) 628-5609

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS SUPPORT SERVICES

Ms. Shelia Baker

SUPERINTENDENT

HUMAN RESOURCES

Mr. Roger D. Couch

Mrs. Stacey Carlisle

BUSINESS SERVICES/TECHNOLOGY

Dr. Justin Finney

Mr. Scott Greene Mr. Harry Proctor

Mr. Shane Lipp

Dr. Monica Sparks

Mrs. Bridgett Oliver

BOARD MEMBERS

Mr. Garnett E. Ray III, Chair

Mr. Steve F. Goodnoe, Vice Chair

02/14/2024

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2022-001 Improve Controls over Financial Reporting

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact:

None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

FS 2021-001

Description:

The School District did not have adequate internal controls in place over the financial statement reporting process.

Corrective Action Plan:

The Harris County BOE utilizes a third-party CPA firm to complete the district's annual financial statements. The finance department will schedule an annual meeting with our firm to ensure all financial data is reported correctly. Additionally, finance personnel will attend training for Financial Statement Preparation provided by the Georgia Department of Education Financial Review Team.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

Contact Person: Meghan L. Ceja **Telephone:** 706-628-4206 Email: ceja-m@harris.k12.ga.us

Roger D. Couch, Superintendent

Harris County Board of Education

132 Barnes Mill Road

Hamilton, Georgia 31811 ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS (706) 628-4206

SUPPORT SERVICES Fax (706) 628-5609

Ms. Shelia Baker

SUPERINTENDENT **HUMAN RESOURCES**

Mrs. Bridgett Oliver Mr. Roger D. Couch Mrs. Stacey Carlisle

Mr. Scott Greene BUSINESS SERVICES/TECHNOLOGY Mr. Harry Proctor

Dr. Monica Sparks Dr. Justin Finney

02/14/2024

BOARD MEMBERS

Mr. Shane Lipp

Mr. Garnett E. Ray III, Chair

Mr. Steve F. Goodnoe, Vice Chair

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2022-001 Strengthen Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirements: Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education **Assistance Listing Number and Title:** 10.553 - School Breakfast Program

10.555 - National School Lunch Program

Federal Award Number: 225GA324N1199 (Year: 2022)

Questioned Costs: \$21,440.00

Description:

A review of expenditures charged to the Child Nutrition Cluster revealed that the School District's internal control procedures were not operating appropriately to ensure that the School District's procurement procedures were followed.

Corrective Action Plan:

The Harris County SNP will review internal controls and apply correct procedures to all purchases made.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

Contact Person: Meghan L. Ceja

Telephone: 706-628-4206 Email: ceja-m@harris.k12.ga.us

Meghan L. Ceja, Director of Finance

Roger D. Couch, Superintendent