

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION PERRY, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL

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Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

March 24, 2015

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Houston County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information (Exhibits A through H) of the Houston County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Houston County Board of Education, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2014 the Houston County Board of Education adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* The School District restated beginning Net Position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual, as presented on pages i through x and page 29 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Houston County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, consisting of Schedules 2 through 4, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and

reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2015, on our consideration of the Houston County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Houston County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thip

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2014ARL-11

The discussion and analysis of Houston County Board of Education's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

On the district-wide financial statements, net position, after an adjustment for capitalized bond issuance costs, increased \$8.2 million which represents a 2.4 percent increase from 2013. This total increase was due to governmental activities since the School District has no business-type activities.
General revenues accounted for \$121.9 million in revenue or 43.2 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$159.8 million or 56.8 percent of total revenues of \$281.7 million.
The School District had \$273.5 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$159.8 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$121.9 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
Among major funds, the General Fund had \$255.2 million in revenues and other financing sources, and \$256.3 million in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance decreased to \$70.0 million.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Houston County Board of Education as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds. In the case of the Houston County Board of Education, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for the schools, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all *assets* and *liabilities* using the economic resources focus and *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the School District's property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

Governmental Activities - All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, after school program, principal's accounts and various others.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual* accounting method, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are adequate financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: The School District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others, such as the employee benefit programs, and school clubs and organizations within the principals' accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The School District as a Whole

The perspective of the statement of net position is of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Board's net position for 2014 compared to fiscal year 2013.

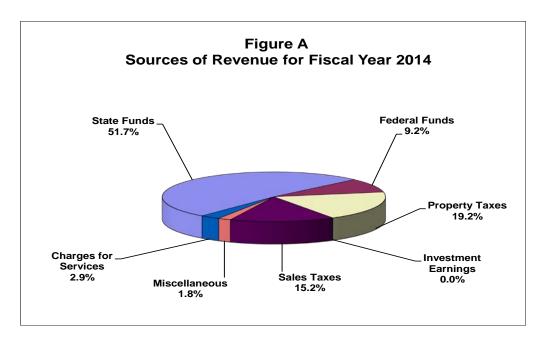
Table 1 Net Positio	n			
(In Thousand				
		Governmen	tal A	activities
		Fiscal Year 2014		Fiscal Year 2013
	_	1eai 2014	-	Teal 2013
Assets				
Current and Other Assets (2013 restated)	\$	121,620	\$	130,198
Capital Assets, Net	_	308,200	-	293,113
Total Assets	_	429,820	-	423,311
Liabilities				
Current and Other Liabilities		31,926		31,364
Long-Term Liabilities	_	50,494	-	52,742
Total Liabilities	_	82,420	-	84,106
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		275,953		258,667
Restricted		58,323		67,742
Unrestricted (2013 restated)	_	13,124	-	12,796
Total Net Position	\$_	347,400	\$ <u></u>	339,205

Total net position increased \$8.2 million to \$347.4 million.

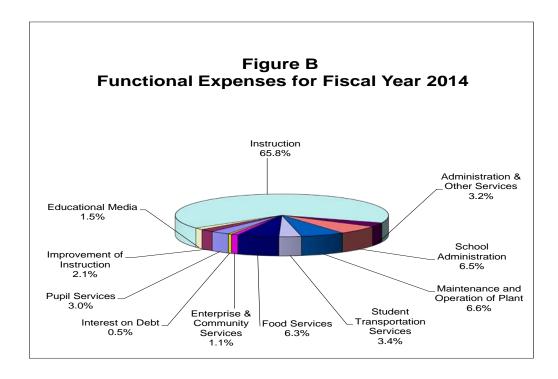
Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2014 compared to the changes in net position for fiscal year 2013.

Table 2				
Change in Net Position				
(In Thousands)				
		Governme	ntal	Activities
	_	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year
		2014		2013
Revenues	-		_	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$	8,207	\$	9,002
Operating Grants and Contributions		145,976		144,042
Capital Grants and Contributions		5,642		1,202
, ,	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	,
Total Program Revenues	_	159,825	_	154,246
General Revenues:				
Taxes				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations		50,374		49,881
Other Property Taxes		3,749		1,255
Sales Taxes				
Local Option Sales Tax		20,921		21,920
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Debt Service and Capital Projects		20,920		21,919
Other Sales Tax		871		1,189
Grants and Contributions not				
Restricted to Specific Programs		19,817		21,323
Investment Earnings		97		153
Miscellaneous	_	5,185	_	5,889
Total General Revenues	_	121,934	_	123,529
Total Revenues	_	281,759	_	277,775
Program Expenses:				
Instruction		180,091		180,301
Support Services				
Pupil Services		8,155		8,170
Improvement of Instructional Services		5,830		6,168
Educational Media Services		3,977		3,965
General Administration		1,352		1,344
School Administration		17,854		17,580
Business Administration		2,189		2,184
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		18,167		17,011
Student Transportation Services		9,293		12,647
Central Support Services		3,462		3,057
Other Support Services		1,646		1,870
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		•		
Enterprise Operations		2,117		2,107
Community Services		808		842
Food Services		17,229		16,577
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	1,394	_	425
Total Expenses	_	273,564	_	274,248
Increase in Net Position	\$_	8,195	\$_	3,527

Figure A shows the funding sources for the revenues. 51.7 percent of the School District's revenues are derived from state grants. Property Taxes make up 19.2 percent of the total funding, while an additional 15.2 percent is earned from the county's sales taxes.



As shown in Figure B, Instruction comprised 65.8 percent of governmental program expenses. Administration and Other Services (3.2 percent) consist of the central office, business & warehouse, and other central operations of the School District. Interest expense equal to 0.5 percent of total expenses was attributable to capital leases and the outstanding bonds for capital projects.



Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services comparing fiscal year 2014 with fiscal year 2013. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

		Table	3					
		Governmenta	Act	ivities				
		(In Thous	and	s)				
		Total Cos	t of S	ervices		Net Cost	of S	ervices
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal	_	Fiscal		Fiscal
	_	Year 2014	_	Year 2013	_	Year 2014	_	Year 2013
Instruction	\$	180,091	\$	180,301	\$	67,482	\$	72,604
Support Services:								
Pupil Services		8,155		8,170		4,817		4,748
Improvement of Instructional Services		5,830		6,168		2,130		2,188
Educational Media Services		3,977		3,965		673		779
General Administration		1,352		1,344		787		733
School Administration		17,854		17,580		11,594		11,319
Business Administration		2,189		2,184		1,670		1,706
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		18,167		17,011		10,857		9,930
Student Transportation Services		9,293		12,647		7,350		10,693
Central Support Services		3,462		3,057		2,749		2,376
Other Support Services		1,646		1,870		819		1,235
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:								
Enterprise Operations		2,117		2,107		688		637
Community Services		808		842		808		842
Food Services		17,229		16,577		-80		-213
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	1,394	_	425	_	1,394	_	425
Total Expenses	\$_	273,564	\$_	274,248	\$_	113,738	\$_	120,002

Although *program revenues* make up a majority of the funding, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. Approximately 37.5 percent of Instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues, and for all governmental activities general revenue support is 41.6 percent.

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$281.7 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$291.3 million. There was a decrease in the fund balance totaling \$9.6 million for the governmental funds as a whole. The General Fund decreased by \$1.1 million due mainly to a change in how the state funded and charged for the employer's portion of employee's health insurance. The Capital Projects Funds had a decrease of \$18.2 million and Debt Service Funds had an increase of \$9.7 million. The Capital Project Funds' decrease was due to the construction and renovation expenses that were funded from proceeds of a Special Purpose Local

Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) and the sale of \$43.6 million in general obligation bonds during fiscal year 2012, to be repaid by the SPLOST proceeds to be collected during fiscal years 2012 to 2017. The Debt Service Funds' increase was attributable to the SPLOST proceeds being held by the fund to meet the interest and principal payments due on the outstanding debt associated with previously issued general obligation bonds in the subsequent year. The immaterial change in the fund balance of the General Fund for the year reflects that the School District was able to meet current costs as planned and budgeted.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the School District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The School District uses site-based budgeting. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final budgeted *revenues and other financing sources* of \$259.6 million was greater than the original budgeted amount of \$256.3 million by \$3.3 million. The overall difference was mainly due to additional federal grant awards of \$1.7 million and additional local revenues for Title Ad Valorem taxes. The actual revenues and other financing sources of \$255.2 million was less than the budgeted amount by \$4.4 million due mainly to the elimination of intrafund transfers and the difference in the recognition of the Local Option Sales Tax for budget purposes.

The final budgeted *expenditures and other financing uses* of \$261.2 million was more than the original budgeted amount of \$260.9 million by \$0.3 million. This difference was due mainly to adjusting the budget to reflect the revised needs. The actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$256.3 million was \$4.9 million less than budgeted. The reduced expenditures were mainly a result of an adjustment removing intrafund transfers, reductions of expenditures by the School District, and the requirement to budget for specific federal grants in advance of anticipated and actual need.

The differences in the beginning and ending budgeted fund balances to actual is the result of the School District's decision to include the Local Option Sales Taxes that had previously been reported as deferred as current and prior year revenues for report purposes.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the School District had \$308.2 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, all in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2014 balances compared with fiscal year 2013 balances.

(Net of De	Capita	ble 4 al Assets tion, in Thousan	ds))			
		Governme	enta	al Activities			
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal			
		Year 2014 Year 201					
Land Construction In Progress Building and Improvements Equipment Land Improvements Intangible Assets	\$	10,861 24,581 260,841 7,034 4,883	\$	10,861 24,709 245,364 6,161 4,869 1,149			
Total	\$ <u></u>	308,200	\$	293,113			

The overall capital assets increased in fiscal year 2014 by \$15.1 million due to the construction and renovation expenses from the 2012 SPLOST and Capital Outlay Projects during the current year.

Debt

At June 30, 2014, the School District had \$41.8 million in bonds outstanding with \$11.5 million due within one year, \$1.7 million in capital leases outstanding with \$0.3 million due within one year, \$2.7 million in compensated absences earned as of the end of the year, and \$4.3 million in unamortized bond premiums with \$1.2 million due with one year.

Table 5 summarizes the long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2014, compared to fiscal year 2013 balances.

Table 5 Debt at June 30 (in Thousands)									
		Governme	enta	al Activities					
		Fiscal Fiscal							
		Year 2014	Year 2013						
General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases Compensated Absences Unamortized Bond Premium	\$	41,795 1,717 2,676 4,306	\$	43,560 2,055 2,639 4,488					
Total	\$	50,494	\$	52,742					

At June 30, 2014, the School District's overall legal bonding authority was \$376.2 million based on the assessed value of taxable property as of December 31, 2013. The School District's bonds have assigned ratings of Aa1 and AA+. In addition, the State of Georgia limits the amount available to be spent each year on multiyear leases, purchase, or lease purchase contracts to 7.5 percent of the locally generated taxes for the maintenance and operation of the school system. Both the current year payments and subsequently scheduled payments are well below the \$5.7 million threshold.

Current Issues

The Houston County School District consists of 38 campuses located in Houston County, a fast-growing area with a population of approximately 147,658. Current enrollment is approximately 28,146 students in grades PK-12. Among Georgia's 159 counties, Houston ranks 15th in population, 15th in economics, 16th in income, and 119th in overall millage rate.

The State of Georgia experienced serious financial hardship over the past few years, and as a result, more pressure is being placed on the local school systems to prioritize their instructional programs and to fund them with additional locally generated revenues. In fiscal year 2003, the State enacted Austerity Reductions for the State allotments, resulting in a reduction of state revenues to the School District of approximately \$2 million in 2003 to a high of \$23.8 million in 2010. For fiscal year 2014 the reduction was \$18.2 million. Reductions in other state grants and programs resulted in the total reduction of state funding for 2014 reaching approximately \$35.3 million. For fiscal year 2015, additional austerity reductions of \$13.0 million have already been approved by the state for the School District. Since the austerity reductions were enacted, the reductions total \$144.4 million and the overall reduction of state funding is approximately \$253.4 million. While Houston County's class sizes remain below the state maximum recommendations, continued reductions in state funding combined with a growing system place a heavier burden on the locally generated taxes to help offset this loss of state funding. Despite these challenges, the Houston County Board of Education is strong financially, and we remain optimistic about the ability of the School District to maximize all of the financial resources to continue to provide a quality education to our students.

In the past, the county has thrived even during recent downturns in the economy. Sales tax revenue growth exceeded many other parts of Georgia, with shoppers paying seven percent tax on purchases. The School District experienced an average increase of 6.5 percent growth each year from 1984 to 2006 for the System's Local Option Sales Tax collections. However, during the calendar year 2007, the county's sales tax growth slowed tremendously to only 3.6 percent. This trend continued from a low of -2.3% in 2008 to a high of 3.2% in 2012. During the 2013 calendar year, changes in collecting sales tax on automobile purchases were enacted by the state legislature, further reducing the proceeds received. As a result, the 2013 collections decreased -6% from the prior year receipts. Although the collections are still well below the average growth rate, the School District remains optimistic and will continue to monitor this situation closely. The unemployment rate was 7.4 percent in 2010, and continues to be well below the state and national rates.

Houston County is home to Robins Air Force Base, Georgia's largest single industry. Robins Air Force Base had an estimated fiscal year 2013 economic impact on the State of Georgia of \$2.9 billion, with Houston County being by far the largest beneficiary of that impact. Other large employers located in the county include the Board of Education, Houston County Hospital Authority, Perdue Farms, Frito-Lay Company, Anchor Glass, and Wal-Mart Associates. Of Houston's employed residents, 62.8 percent work in county.

Houston is Georgia's sixty-fifth largest county in total area. As one of the fastest growing counties in Georgia, Houston had a 15 percent population increase from 1980-1990, a 24 percent increase from 1990-2000, and a 26.3 percent increase from 2000-2010. The population as of the 2010 census was 139,900 and is projected to grow to 154,526 in 2015. This growth results in school system enrollment increases between 175 to 374 students for the past five years.

Houston has three municipalities: Centerville with a population of 7,531; Perry with 14,730; and Warner Robins with 70,712. The county also includes the communities of Bonaire, Clinchfield, Elko, Haynesville, Henderson, and Kathleen.

The median household income as of 2010 was \$54,977 per year. As of 2010, the per capita income was \$33,505. 87 percent of the county's adult population is a high school graduate or higher with over 24.4 percent having a bachelor degree or higher.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Stephen J. Thublin, Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Business Operations, at the Houston County Board of Education, P.O. Box 1850, 1100 Main Street, Perry, Georgia 31069. You may also email your questions to Stephen.Thublin@hcbe.net.



HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	GOVERNMENTAL
	ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,783,637.49
Investments	69,247,225.51
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	6,856,913.83
State Government	17,380,807.99
Federal Government	2,948,644.68
Other	1,365.35
Inventories	4,401,319.64
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	35,442,621.59
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	272,757,663.02
Total Assets	429,820,199.10
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	5,120.09
Salaries and Benefits Payable	29,103,011.10
Claims Incurred but not Reported (IBNR)	1,130,162.46
Interest Payable	534,493.67
Retainages Payable	1,152,926.09
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	13,065,582.80
Due in More Than One Year	37,428,665.34
Total Liabilities	82,419,961.55
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	275,953,182.44
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	5,733,163.10
Debt Service	11,769,856.61
Capital Projects	7,253,455.55
Property Tax Rollback	33,566,454.07
Unrestricted	13,124,125.78
Total Net Position	\$ 347,400,237.55

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		=	
	<u>-</u>	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	180,090,982.52 \$	2,473,202.05
Support Services			
Pupil Services		8,154,796.47	
Improvement of Instructional Services		5,829,970.20	
Educational Media Services		3,977,513.39	
General Administration		1,351,769.86	
School Administration		17,853,968.61	
Business Administration		2,188,611.50	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		18,167,407.12	4,586.36
Student Transportation Services		9,293,147.97	87,226.09
Central Support Services		3,462,074.35	
Other Support Services		1,645,915.88	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations		2,117,167.42	1,429,144.75
Community Services		808,155.59	
Food Services		17,228,574.75	4,212,733.03
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	-	1,393,604.61	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	273,563,660.24 \$	8,206,892.28

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

Forest Land Protection Tax

Railroad Cars

Title Ad Valorem Tax

Sales Taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Debt Services

For Capital Projects

Intangible Recording Tax

Real Estate Transfer Tax

 $\label{lem:contributions} \textbf{Grants} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{Contributions} \ \textbf{not} \ \textbf{Restricted} \ \textbf{to} \ \textbf{Specific Programs}$

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)

Net Position - End of Year

F	PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL	REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND	AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS	NET POSITION
_		•		
\$	105,649,220.97	\$	4,486,038.61	\$ -67,482,520.89
	3,333,134.79		4,863.74	-4,816,797.94
	3,692,222.60		7,878.92	-2,129,868.68
	3,088,753.05		215,781.76	-672,978.58
	561,920.65		2,857.97	-786,991.24
	6,044,142.04		215,684.43	-11,594,142.14
	437,695.58		80,531.65	-1,670,384.27
	7,268,153.98		37,851.39	-10,856,815.39
	1,855,959.57			-7,349,962.31
	653,798.31		59,639.87	-2,748,636.17
	826,401.32		,	-819,514.56
				-688,022.67
				-808,155.59
	12,564,845.95		531,210.02	80,214.25
	12,504,045.55		331,210.02	-1,393,604.61
-				-1,393,604.61
\$_	145,976,248.81	\$	5,642,338.36	-113,738,180.79
				50,373,810.04
				68,903.11
				21,873.56
				3,658,179.13
				20,921,130.92
				13,068,031.26
				7,851,869.56
				677,335.23
				193,660.38
				19,816,697.74
				96,928.89
				5,185,343.91
				121,933,763.73
				8,195,582.94
				339,204,654.61

\$ 347,400,237.55

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	_	GENERAL FUND	<u>.</u>	DISTRICT- WIDE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	-	DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable, Net Taxes State Government Federal Government Other Inventories	\$	19,456,822.59 51,931,969.74 5,101,977.23 17,017,117.99 2,948,644.68 1,365.35 4,401,319.64		1,324,921.56 5,012,798.83 1,754,936.60 363,690.00	\$	1,893.34 12,302,456.94	\$	20,783,637.49 69,247,225.51 6,856,913.83 17,380,807.99 2,948,644.68 1,365.35 4,401,319.64
inventories	-	4,401,010.04			-		_	4,401,010.04
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	100,859,217.22	\$	8,456,346.99	\$	12,304,350.28	\$_	121,619,914.49
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALAN	NCES							
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Retainages Payable	\$_	5,120.09 29,103,011.10	\$	1,152,926.09		:	\$ _	5,120.09 29,103,011.10 1,152,926.09
Total Liabilities	_	29,108,131.19		1,152,926.09				30,261,057.28
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	1,751,203.80	-				_	1,751,203.80
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	_	4,401,319.64 38,306,441.22 9,112,608.73 18,179,512.64		7,253,455.55 49,965.35	\$	12,304,350.28	_	4,401,319.64 57,864,247.05 9,162,574.08 18,179,512.64
Total Fund Balances	_	69,999,882.23		7,303,420.90	_	12,304,350.28	_	89,607,653.41
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	100,859,217.22	\$	8,456,346.99	\$	12,304,350.28	\$_	121,619,914.49

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "C")

89,607,653.41

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	\$	10,861,359.31
Construction in Progress		24,581,262.28
Land Improvements		7,275,353.26
Buildings		386,721,753.48
Equipment		24,568,608.21
Accumulated Depreciation	_	-145,808,051.93

308,200,284.61 **Total Capital Assets**

Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.

> **Property Taxes** 1,751,203.80

 $\label{long-Term} \mbox{Liabilities, including Bonds Payable, are not due and payable in the}$ current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-Term Liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds Payable	\$ -41,795,000.00
Accrued Interest	-534,493.67
Capital Leases Payable	-1,717,170.92
Compensated Absences Payable	-2,676,263.68
Unamortized Bond Premiums	-4,305,813.54
Claims and Judgments Payable	-1,130,162.46
Total Long-Term Liabilities	

-52,158,904.27

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit "A")

347,400,237.55

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		GENERAL FUND		DISTRICT- WIDE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
REVENUES	·		•		-			
Property Taxes	\$	54,080,070.05					\$	54,080,070.05
Sales Taxes	Ψ	21,792,126.53	\$	7,851,869.56	\$	13,068,031.26	۳	42,712,027.35
State Funds		139,926,674.14	*	5,594,199.01	*	10,000,001.20		145,520,873.15
Federal Funds		25,914,361.76		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				25,914,361.76
Charges for Services		8,206,892.28						8,206,892.28
Investment Earnings		73,244.22		15,900.32		7,784.35		96,928.89
Miscellaneous	-	5,184,993.91		400.00	_			5,185,393.91
Total Revenues	-	255,178,362.89		13,462,368.89		13,075,815.61		281,716,547.39
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current								
Instruction		165,683,550.70		2,640,283.84				168,323,834.54
Support Services								
Pupil Services		8,143,181.79						8,143,181.79
Improvement of Instructional Services		5,811,155.22						5,811,155.22
Educational Media Services		3,462,223.46						3,462,223.46
General Administration		1,344,945.00						1,344,945.00
School Administration		17,338,911.10						17,338,911.10
Business Administration		1,980,263.05		5,860.00	\$	4,610.75		1,990,733.80
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		18,176,970.46						18,176,970.46
Student Transportation Services		10,105,690.87						10,105,690.87
Central Support Services		2,762,035.50		574,612.98				3,336,648.48
Other Support Services		2,051,360.59						2,051,360.59
Enterprise Operations		2,117,167.42						2,117,167.42
Community Services		808,155.59						808,155.59
Food Services Operation		16,129,690.47						16,129,690.47
Capital Outlay				28,484,687.37				28,484,687.37
Debt Services								
Principal		338,241.72				1,765,000.00		2,103,241.72
Interest	-	13,857.71			-	1,565,681.26		1,579,538.97
Total Expenditures	-	256,267,400.65		31,705,444.19		3,335,292.01		291,308,136.85
Net Change in Fund Balances		-1,089,037.76		-18,243,075.30		9,740,523.60		-9,591,589.46
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	71,088,919.99		25,546,496.20	-	2,563,826.68		99,199,242.87
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	69,999,882.23	\$	7,303,420.90	\$	12,304,350.28	\$	89,607,653.41
=								

EXHIBIT "F"

8,195,582.94

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "E") -9,591,589.46 Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Capital Outlays are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of Capital Assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital Outlay \$ 27.178.955.43 -10,939,840.40 Depreciation Expense Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense 16,239,115.03 Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 42.695.79 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position. -1,151,582.92 Repayment of Long-Term Debt is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces Long-Term Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of: **Bond Principal Retirements** 1,765,000.00 Capital Lease Payments 338.241.72 Amortization of Bond Premium 181,834.21 Total Long-Term Debt Repayments 2,285,075.93 Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid. 4,100.15 Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Increase in Compensated Absences -37,676.29 Decrease in Claims and Judgments 405,444.71 **Total Additional Expenditures** 367,768.42

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit "B")



HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

EXHIBIT "G"

FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,153,546.52 Accounts Receivable, Net Other 114,015.87 \$ 1,267,562.39 **Total Assets LIABILITIES** Accounts Payable 696,085.05 Funds Held for Others 571,477.34 **Total Liabilities** \$ 1,267,562.39

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Houston County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The Board is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements of the Houston County Board of Education.

District-wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the
 programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital
 requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues,
 including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate statements for each category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all
financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

- District-wide Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), Bond Proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned to the expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

 Agency funds account for assets held by the School District as an agent for various funds, governments, or individuals.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The District-wide governmental and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2014, the School District made a prior period adjustment due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements" below, which required the restatement of the June 30, 2013, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in Net Position at July 1, 2013 of \$318,277.30. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Net Position, July 1, 2013, as previously reported	\$ 339,522,931.91
Reclassification of Bond Issuance Costs	 -318,277.30
Net Position, July 1, 2013, as restated	\$ 339,204,654.61

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2014, the School District adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The provisions of this Statement establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. As noted above, the School District restated beginning Net Position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2015, the School District will adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The provisions of this Statement establish accounting and financial reporting standards for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. Implementation of this Statement will require the School District to record a liability for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of pension plans in which it participates. Actuarial estimates are currently being made to determine the School District's liability, the effects of which are believed to be material.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

COMPOSITION OF DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

COMPOSITION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Both participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase greater than one year and equity investments are reported at fair value. The

Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 36-83-4 authorizes the School District to invest its funds. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity. Funds may be invested in the following:

- (1) Obligations issued by the State of Georgia or by other states,
- (2) Obligations issued by the United States government,
- (3) Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or a United States government agency,
- (4) Obligations of any corporation of the United States government,
- (5) Prime banker's acceptances,
- (6) The local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer.
- (7) Repurchase agreements, and
- (8) Obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

The School District does not have a formal policy regarding investment policies that address credit risks, custodial credit risks, concentration of credit risks, interest rate risks or foreign currency risks.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Houston County Board of Commissioners fixed the property tax levy for the 2013 tax digest year (calendar year) on July 29, 2013 (levy date). Taxes were due on December 20, 2013 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2013 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2014. The Houston County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$50,331,114.25.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2013 tax year (calendar year) for the Houston County Board of Education was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

13.34 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$3,658,179.13 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

SALES TAXES

In 1982, the voters of Houston County approved a local amendment to the Constitution of the State of Georgia which limited the maximum allowable mill rate for ad valorem taxes levied by the District each year. The maximum allowable mill rate for the District in each year must be reduced by the mill rate which would yield on the digest for that year an amount equal to the amount received by the District in the immediately preceding year from the local sales and use tax. Local Option Sales Tax revenue, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year amounted to \$20,921,130.92 and was recorded in the General Fund. Local Option Sales Tax is to be used for the maintenance and operation of the School District, and the corresponding millage rate was adjusted accordingly.

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$20,919,900.82 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

INVENTORIES

FOOD INVENTORIES

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (weighted average). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

SUPPLY INVENTORY

On the basic financial statements, inventories of consumable supplies and materials are reported at cost (weighted average). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories of consumable supplies whereby an asset is recorded when supplies are purchased and expenditures are recorded at the time the supplies are consumed.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased, including capital outlay costs, are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges). On the District-wide financial statements, all purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Disposals are deleted at depreciated recorded cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art. During the fiscal year under review, no events or changes in circumstances affecting a capital asset that may indicate impairment were known to the School District.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Policy	Useful Life
Land	All	N/A
Land Improvements	All	20 to 25 years
Buildings and Improvements	All	10 to 50 years
Equipment		
a. Vehicles	All	5 to 14 years
b. Other Machinery and Equipment	\$10,000.00 and any	
	item necessary for	
	insurance purposes	6 to 10 years
Intangible Assets	\$100,000.00 to 1.0 million	up to 20 years
Construction in Progress	All	N/A

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over estimated useful lives, with the exception of intangible assets which are amortized.

Amortization of intangible assets such as water, timber, and mineral rights, easements, patents, trademarks, copyrights and internally generated software is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 10 to 20 years.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category for the year ended June 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reporting only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and this amount is deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amount become available.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement in excess of sixty days. Employees retiring under the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia are eligible to be paid for up to sixty days of leave at a rate of \$22.50 per day, upon retirement. Employees retiring under the Public School Employees Retirement System will be eligible to sell all unused leave up to the one hundred day maximum accumulation, at \$22.50 per day. The employee must have a minimum of five consecutive years of employment with the School District, contiguous with retirement.

Public School Employees Retirement System employees who terminate employment may apply to sell unused leave in excess of forty-five days but not to exceed one hundred days at \$22.50 per day. The employee must have a minimum of five consecutive years of employment with the School District, contiguous to a voluntary termination.

Accrued vacation leave will be paid to all eligible employees at their daily rate up to a maximum of twenty days. Vacation leave of twelve days is awarded to all full time personnel employed on a twelve month basis. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed twenty days.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In the District-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the fund financial statements, the School District recognizes bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the fiscal year bonds are issued. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The outstanding amount of these bonds is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

NET POSITION

The School District's net position in the District-wide Statements is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position - This represents resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources for bus replacement, continuation of Federal programs, debt service and capital projects in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position - Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the School District, and may be used at the discretion of the Board to meet current expenses for those purposes.

FUND BALANCES

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints are placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed conditions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The Board of Education is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board of Education or (2) the Superintendent, or the Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Business Operations, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balances that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Nonspendable				
Inventories			\$	4,401,319.64
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	4,739,987.15		
Capital Projects		7,253,455.55		
Debt Service		12,304,350.28		
Property Tax Rollback		33,566,454.07		57,864,247.05
Assigned	_			
Local Capital Outlay Projects	\$	49,965.35		
School Activity Accounts		2,098,246.73		
Subsequent Period Expenditures		7,014,362.00		9,162,574.08
Unassigned	_			18,179,512.64
Fund Balance, June 30, 2014			\$_	89,607,653.41

It is the goal of the Houston County Board of Education to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 4% of budgeted expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, net of any Committed Reserve Balance for capital expenditures, in compliance with O.C.G.A. 20-2-167(a)5. The School District should provide for the maintenance of annual expenditure increases necessary to provide a consistent educational environment satisfactory to its citizens. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the General Fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See Schedule 1 – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

Note 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110 percent of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (OCGA Section 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110 percent of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

(1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,

- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia.
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose.
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2014, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$22,208,892.67, which includes \$271,708.66 in Certificates of Deposit that are reported as Investments, and a bank balance of \$28,632,646.50. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$3,840,183.83 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$24,792,462.67.

CATEGORIZATION OF INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2014, the carrying value of the School District's total investments was \$69,247,225.51, which is materially the same as fair value. This includes \$271,708.66 invested in Certificates of Deposit, which are collateralized in the same manner as other cash deposits. Investments of \$68,975,516.85 consisted of funds invested in the Georgia Fund 1, (local government investment pool), administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer which is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1 (Primary Liquidity Portfolio) does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

The Primary Liquidity Portfolio consists of Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2014, was 62 days.

Note 5: NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The School District receives food commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for school breakfast and lunch programs. These commodities are recorded at their Federally assigned value. **See Note 2 – Inventories**

Note 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the Capital Assets during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balances June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 10,861,359.31			\$	10,861,359.31
Construction Work In Progress	24,708,709.90 \$	24,965,149.13 \$	0.00 \$	-25,092,596.75	24,581,262.28
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	35,570,069.21	24,965,149.13	0.00	-25,092,596.75	35,442,621.59
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	362,099,344.08		122,676.00	24,745,085.40	386,721,753.48
Equipment	22,615,285.91	2,213,806.30	260,484.00		24,568,608.21
Land Improvements	6,927,841.91			347,511.35	7,275,353.26
Intangible Assets	2,693,144.38		2,693,144.38		0.00
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	116,735,586.06	9,284,829.76	139,614.42		125,880,801.40
Equipment	16,454,098.45	1,321,053.52	240,605.88		17,534,546.09
Land Improvements	2,058,747.32	333,957.12			2,392,704.44
Intangible Assets	1,544,501.16		1,544,501.16		0.00
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	257,542,683.29	-8,726,034.10	1,151,582.92	25,092,596.75	272,757,663.02
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$ 293,112,752.50 \$	16,239,115.03 \$	1,151,582.92 \$	0.00	308,200,284.61

Capital assets being acquired under capital leases as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	2,854,542.40 716,687.58
	\$_	2,137,854.82

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	7,973,595.76
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 8,738.70		
Improvement of Instructional Services	14,156.10		
Educational Media Services	387,696.17		
General Administration	5,134.92		
School Administration	387,521.30		
Business Administration	144,691.61		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	68,007.78		
Student Transportation Services	888,715.10		
Central Support Services	107,155.26		2,011,816.94
Food Services		_	954,427.70
		\$_	10,939,840.40

Note 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; acts of God and unemployment compensation.

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System, a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the system for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the system with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the system varies by line of coverage.

The School District has established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the General Fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000.00 loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

				Claims and			
		Beginning of Year		Changes in		Claims	End of Year
	_	Liability	_	Estimates	_	Paid	Liability
	_	_					
2013	\$	1,400,138.38	\$	1,183,652.51	\$	1,048,183.72	\$ 1,535,607.17
2014	\$	1,535,607.17	\$	669,108.69	\$	1,074,553.40	\$ 1,130,162.46

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the General Fund with expenses/expenditures and liabilities being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

			Claims and			
	Beginning of Year		Changes in	Claims		End of Year
	Liability		Estimates	Paid		Liability
	 _	-			_	_
2013	\$ 0.00	\$	35,761.95	\$ 35,761.95	\$	0.00
2014	\$ 0.00	\$	20,060.00	\$ 20,060.00	\$	0.00

The School District has purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered		Amount
Superintendent	\$	50,000.00
All Employees	\$	100,000.00

Note 8: OPERATING LEASES

Houston County Board of Education has entered into various leases as lessee for copiers, servers and mail equipment. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2014, for governmental funds amounted to \$5,760.00. Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

	Governmenta			
Year Ending		Funds		
2015	\$	5,760.00		
2016		4,800.00		
Total	\$	10,560.00		

Note 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

CAPITAL LEASES

The Houston County Board of Education also entered into various lease agreements for the purchase of buses and athletic equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences represent obligations of the School District relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences based upon service already rendered. This obligation relates only to vesting accumulating leave in which payment is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Typically, the General Fund is the fund used to liquidate this long-term debt. The School District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

General Obligation Bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates		Amount	
General Government - Series 2012	1.125% - 4.00%	\$	41,795,000.00	

The changes in Long-Term Liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
	Balance			Balance	Due Within				
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014	One Year				
		_							
G. O. Bonds	\$ 43,560,000.00	\$	1,765,000.00 \$	41,795,000.00 \$	11,520,000.00				
Capital Leases	2,055,412.64		338,241.72	1,717,170.92	358,766.87				
Compensated Absences (1)	2,638,587.39 \$	1,878,656.28	1,840,979.99	2,676,263.68					
Bond Premium Amortized	4,487,647.75		181,834.21	4,305,813.54	1,186,815.93				
	\$ 52,741,647.78 \$	1,878,656.28 \$	4,126,055.92 \$	50,494,248.14 \$	13,065,582.80				

⁽¹⁾ The portion of Compensated Absences due within one year has been determined to be immaterial to the basic financial statements.

At June 30, 2014, payments due by fiscal year which includes principal and interest for these items are as follows:

	Capital Leases		General Obligation Debt				Unamortized	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Е	Bond Premium
2015	\$ 358,766.87	\$	20,671.30 \$	11,520,000.00	\$	1,317,631.26	\$	1,186,815.93
2016	334,091.58		14,825.92	9,885,000.00		889,531.26		1,018,374.61
2017	337,737.93		11,179.57	10,085,000.00		490,131.26		1,038,979.05
2018	341,424.08		7,493.43	10,305,000.00		144,215.63		1,061,643.95
2019	345,150.46		3,767.04					
					_		_	,
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 1,717,170.92	\$	57,937.26 \$	41,795,000.00	\$	2,841,509.41	\$	4,305,813.54

Note 10: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The School District has recognized revenues and costs in the amount of \$11,281,247.31 for health insurance and retirement contributions paid on the School District's behalf by the following State Agencies.

Georgia Department of Education

Paid to the Georgia Department of Community Health For Health Insurance of Certificated Personnel In the amount of \$10,711,632.00

Paid to the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia For Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) Employer's Cost In the amount of \$69,997.31

Office of State Treasurer

Paid to the Public School Employees' Retirement System
For Public School Employees' Retirement (PSERS) Employer's Cost
In the amount of \$499,618.00

Funds paid to the Georgia Department of Community Health by the Georgia Department of Education on behalf of the School District are reported as part of the Quality Basic Education revenue allotments on Schedule 3 – Schedule of State Revenue.

Note 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2014, together with funding available:

	Unearned Executed		Funding Available
Project	 Contracts	_	From State
14-676-107 Kitchen Upgrades - Miller Elementary School New Elementary School #11 (Langston Road)	\$ 313,009.30 344,868.84 137,688.91	\$_	133,502.90
	\$ 795,567.05	\$	133,502.90

The amounts described in this note are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

Note 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. The School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to be material to the basic financial statements.

Note 13: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description. The Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that covers eligible former employees of public school systems, libraries and regional educational service agencies. The School OPEB Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible former employees and their qualified beneficiaries through the State Employees Health Benefit Plan administered by the Department of Community Health. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits for retirees, to the Board of Community Health (Board). The Department of Community Health, which includes the School OPEB Fund, issues a separate stand alone financial audit report and a copy can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. For members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2013, contributions also vary based on years of service. On average, members with five years or more of service as of January 1, 2013 pay approximately 25 percent of the cost of the health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2013, the State provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board of Community Health sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected "payas-you-go" financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The combined active and retiree contribution rates established by the Board for employers participating in the School OPEB Fund were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

For certificated teachers, librarians and regional educational service agencies and certain other eligible participants:

July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2014 \$945.00 per member per month

For non-certificated school personnel:

July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2014 \$596.20 per member per month

No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2014 nor contributed to the School OPEB Fund to prefund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the School plan for other post-employment benefits and are subject to appropriation.

The School District's combined active and retiree contributions to the health insurance plans, which equaled the required contribution, for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Percentage		Required
Contributed	_	Contribution
100%	\$	24,069,352.20
100%	\$	21,847,884.72
100%	\$	23,729,507.59
	100% 100%	100% \$ 100% \$

Note 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description. The TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan created in 1943 by an act of the Georgia General Assembly to provide retirement benefits for qualifying employees in educational service. A Board of Trustees comprised of active and retired members and ex-officio State employees is ultimately responsible for the administration of TRS. The Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia issues a separate stand alone financial audit report and a copy can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts.

On October 25, 1996, the Board created the Supplemental Retirement Benefits Plan of the Georgia Teachers' Retirement System (SRBP-TRS). SRBP-TRS was established as a qualified excess benefit plan in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as a portion of TRS. The purpose of SRBP-TRS is to provide retirement benefits to employees covered by TRS whose benefits are otherwise limited by IRC Section 415. Beginning July 1, 1997, all members and retired former members in TRS are eligible to participate in the SRBP-TRS whenever their benefits under TRS exceed the IRC Section 415 imposed limitation on benefits.

TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and survivor's benefits. The benefit structure of TRS is defined and may be amended by State statute. A member is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. A member is eligible for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service.

Normal retirement (pension) benefits paid to members are equal to 2% of the average of the member's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. Early retirement benefits are reduced by the lesser of one-twelfth of 7% for each month the member is below age 60 or by 7% for each year or fraction thereof by which the member has less than 30 years of service. It is also assumed that certain cost-of-living adjustments, based on the Consumer Price Index, will be made in future years. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for life. A member may elect to receive a partial lump-sum distribution in addition to a reduced monthly retirement benefit. Death, disability and spousal benefits are also available.

Funding Policy. TRS is funded by member and employer contributions as adopted and amended by the Board of Trustees. Members become fully vested after 10 years of service. If a member terminates with less than 10 years of service, no vesting of employer contributions occurs, but the member's contributions may be refunded with interest. Member contributions are limited by State law to not less than 5% or more than 6% of a member's earnable compensation. Member contributions as adopted by the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were 6.00% of annual salary. Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2014 were 12.28% of annual salary as required by the June 30, 2011, actuarial valuation.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	Required Contribution		
2014	100%	\$	17,695,182.98	
2013	100%	\$	16,362,109.23	
2012	100%	\$	14,443,215.27	

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Bus drivers, lunchroom personnel, and maintenance and custodial personnel are members of the Public School Employees' Retirement System of Georgia. The System is funded by contributions by the employees and by the State of Georgia. The School District makes no contribution to this plan.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

In July 1999, Houston County Board of Education began an employer paid 403(b) annuity plan for the group of employees covered under the Public School Retirement System (PSERS). Recognizing that PSERS was a limited defined contribution and defined benefit plan which did not provide for an adequate retirement for this group of employees, it was the Board's desire to supplement the retirement of this group.

The Board selected AIG Valic as the provider of this plan. For each employee covered under PSERS, the Board began matching 50% of employee's contributions up to 5.0% of the employee's base pay. The employee becomes vested in the plan with 5 years of experience. Employees who had already achieved 5 years of experience at the time the plan was implemented were vested upon enrollment.

Funds accumulated in the employer paid accounts are only available to the employee upon termination of employment and 5 years of service to Houston County Board of Education. If an employee terminates employment prior to achieving 5 years of service, funds paid on behalf of the non-vested employee are credited back to the Board.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

		Percentage	Required
	Fiscal Year	Contributed	Contribution
_			
	2014	100%	\$ 66,569.73
	2013	100%	\$ 64,211.91
	2012	100%	\$ 84,473.26



HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS				ACTUAL		VARIANCE	
	-	ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)		AMOUNTS		OVER/UNDER
	-				•		-	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	52,585,000.00	\$	53,865,000.00	\$	54,080,070.05	\$	215,070.05
Sales Taxes		23,350,142.00		23,420,142.00		21,792,126.53		-1,628,015.47
State Funds		139,128,590.95		139,747,071.95		139,926,674.14		179,602.19
Federal Funds		23,915,964.00		25,677,156.00		25,914,361.76		237,205.76
Charges for Services		7,880,862.00		7,728,862.00		8,206,892.28		478,030.28
Investment Earnings		95,500.00		69,500.00		73,244.22		3,744.22
Miscellaneous	_	6,497,640.00		6,497,640.00		5,184,993.91	-	-1,312,646.09
Total Revenues	_	253,453,698.95		257,005,371.95		255,178,362.89	-	-1,827,009.06
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current								
Instruction		166,684,854.95		166,202,172.95		165,683,550.70		518,622.25
Support Services								
Pupil Services		8,534,483.00		8,457,896.00		8,143,181.79		314,714.21
Improvement of Instructional Services		5,352,088.00		6,168,968.00		5,811,155.22		357,812.78
Educational Media Services		3,606,127.00		3,483,254.00		3,462,223.46		21,030.54
General Administration		1,571,584.00		1,598,339.00		1,344,945.00		253,394.00
School Administration		17,670,134.00		17,662,537.00		17,338,911.10		323,625.90
Business Administration		2,042,418.00		2,043,656.00		1,980,263.05		63,392.95
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		17,639,625.00		17,966,246.00		18,176,970.46		-210,724.46
Student Transportation Services		10,565,267.00		10,421,780.00		10,105,690.87		316,089.13
Central Support Services		2,426,689.00		2,658,079.00		2,762,035.50		-103,956.50
Other Support Services		1,982,614.63		1,968,506.63		2,051,360.59		-82,853.96
Enterprise Operations		2,327,274.00		2,327,274.00		2,117,167.42		210,106.58
Community Services		860,000.00		860,000.00		808,155.59		51,844.41
Food Services Operation		16,586,421.00		16,586,421.00		16,129,690.47		456,730.53
Debt Service	_					352,099.43	_	-352,099.43
Total Expenditures	_	257,849,579.58		258,405,129.58		256,267,400.65	_	2,137,728.93
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	-4,395,880.63		-1,399,757.63		-1,089,037.76	_	310,719.87
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Other Sources		2,875,000.00		2,645,000.00		0.00		-2,645,000.00
Other Uses		-3,030,000.00		-2,800,000.00		0.00		2,800,000.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-155,000.00		-155,000.00		0.00	_	155,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances		-4,550,880.63		-1,554,757.63		-1,089,037.76		465,719.87
Fund Balances - Beginning		35,903,454.84		35,903,454.84		71,088,919.99		35,185,465.15
Adjustments				-94,279.88				94,279.88
	-		•				-	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	31,352,574.21	\$	34,254,417.33	\$	69,999,882.23	\$	35,745,464.90

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the Restricted Other - Property Tax Rollback fund balance in the beginning or ending fund balances.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

See notes to the basic financial statements.

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
THOUSE WITH A STATE OF THE STAT	NOWIDER	HOMBER	- INTERIOR
Agriculture, U. S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	(2)
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 15,554,675.10 (1)
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			15,554,675.10
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A	68,234.49
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			15,622,909.59
Education, U. S. Department of			
Direct Impact Aid	* 84.041		(3)
impact Aid	04.041		(3)
Special Education Cluster Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education	* 84.027	NI /A	4 405 525 24
Grants to States Preschool Grants	* 84.027 * 84.173	N/A N/A	4,485,535.31 143,734.29
rieschool diants	04.173	N/A	143,734.29
Total Special Education Cluster			4,629,269.60
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
ARRA - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants	84.395	N/A	19,987.98
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	205,389.00
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	N/A	53,266.70
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	N/A	119,926.33
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N/A	595,754.74
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	N/A	159,989.06
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011 * 84.010	N/A	85,328.37
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	^ 84.010	N/A	5,633,611.03
Total Other Programs			6,873,253.21
Total U. S. Department of Education			11,502,522.81
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Direct P.O.T.C. Program			(4)
R.O.T.C. Program			(4)
P.L. 102-375			(3)
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 27,125,432.40

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

- (1) Includes the Federally assigned value of donated commodities for the Food Donation Program in the amount of \$1,070,057.37.
- (2) Expenditures for the funds earned on the School Breakfast Program (\$2,778,900.12) were not maintained separately and are included in the 2014 National School Lunch Program.
- (3) Funds earned on the Impact Aid Program and P.L. 102-375, in the amounts of \$1,372,945.26 and \$503,182.48, respectively, do not require reporting of expenditures.
- (4) Expenditures for this program were supported by \$383,366.26 in Federal assistance and the balance from State and/or Local Funds.

Major Programs are identified by an asterisk (*) in front of the CFDA number.

The School District did not provide Federal Assistance to any Subrecipient.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the Houston County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	GOVERNM	IENTAL FUND TYPES	
	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	•
ENCY/FUNDING	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS			
Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 3,509,527	7.98	\$ 3,509,527.98
Education, Georgia Department of			
Quality Basic Education (1)			
Direct Instructional Cost			
Kindergarten Program	9,772,432	2.00	9,772,432.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	513,272		513,272.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	22,013,651		22,013,651.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	1,077,055		1,077,055.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	10,211,177		10,211,177.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	635,935		635,935.00
Middle Grades (6-8) Program	-6,854		-6,854.00
Middle School (6-8) Program	,		,
` , 3	17,450,481		17,450,481.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program	13,866,916		13,866,916.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	4,635,986		4,635,986.00
Students with Disabilities	17,669,879		17,669,879.00
Gifted Student - Category VI	11,490,859		11,490,859.00
Remedial Education Program	331,396		331,396.00
Alternative Education Program	1,176,005	5.00	1,176,005.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	1,170,637	7.00	1,170,637.00
Media Center Program	3,088,464	1.00	3,088,464.00
20 Days Additional Instruction	908,548	3.00	908,548.00
Staff and Professional Development	584,486	6.00	584,486.00
Indirect Cost			
Central Administration	2,890,459	0.00	2,890,459.00
School Administration	6,027,409		6,027,409.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations	7,058,442		7,058,442.00
Categorical Grants	1,000,112		1,000,112.00
Pupil Transportation			
	1 400 405	: 00	1 490 405 00
Regular	1,489,495		1,489,495.00
Nursing Services	519,967		519,967.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant	17,940,570		17,940,570.00
Food Services	412,501		412,501.00
Vocational Education	529,947		529,947.00
Amended Formula Adjustment	-18,254,605	5.00	-18,254,605.00
Other State Programs			
Math and Science Supplements	146,080).50	146,080.50
Move On When Ready	100	0.00	100.00
Preschool Handicapped Program	403,701	00	403,701.00
Teachers' Retirement	69,997	7.31	69,997.33
Technology to Support Digital Learning Bonds	48,139	0.35	48,139.35
Georgia State Financing and Investment			
Commission			
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		\$ 5,594,199.01	5,594,199.01
Human Services, Georgia Department of			
Family Connection	45,000	0.00	45,000.00
Office of the State Treasurer			
Public School Employees' Retirement	499,618	3.00	499,618.00
, asia serior Employees retrement	499,010		+33,013.00
	\$ 139,926,674	1.14 \$ 5,594,199.01	\$ 145,520,873.15

⁽¹⁾ Payments to the Georgia Department of Community Health by the Georgia Department of Education on behalf of the School District in the amount of \$10,711,632.00 are included as part of the Quality Basic Education revenue allotments above.

See notes to the basic financial statements.

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	 CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
2012 SPLOST (1) Acquiring instructional and administrative technology equipment		\$ 20,000,000.00 \$	3,214,896.82 \$	12,981,288.52 \$	16,196,185.34		June 30, 2017
(2) Acquiring safety and security equipment		1,505,051.00	722,853.79	782,196.42	1,505,050.21		June 30, 2014
(3) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities		46,823,053.00	14,347,255.22	15,002,360.11	29,349,615.33		June 30, 2017
(4) Acquiring, constructing, and equipping two replacement elementary schools		27,093,755.00	13,414,310.60	13,347,330.12	26,761,640.72		November 30, 2014
(5) Acquiring, constructing, and equipping a central transportation (bus) facility		5,800,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		June 30, 2016
(6) Acquiring, constructing, and equipping stadium and tennis facilities		10,655,398.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		June 30, 2017
(7) Acquiring any necessary property, both real and personal		1,000,000.00	0.00	747,884.54	747,884.54		June 30, 2017
(8) Paying (Legal and Administrative) expenses incident to accomplishing the foregoing		 480,588.00	5,860.00	450,948.22	456,808.22		June 30, 2017

\$ <u>125,000,000.00</u> \$ <u>113,357,845.00</u> \$ <u>31,705,176.43</u> \$ <u>43,312,007.93</u> \$ <u>75,017,184.36</u>

- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Houston County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above projects as follows:

Prior Years	\$	1,468,979.55
Current Year	_	1,565,681.26
Total	\$	3,034,660.81

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

SECTION II COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

March 24, 2015

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor
Members of the General Assembly
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Houston County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Houston County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Houston County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Houston County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Houston County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Houston County Board of Education's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Houston County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Houston County Board of Education's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Houston County Board of Education's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thiff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2014YB-10



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

March 24, 2015

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor
Members of the General Assembly
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Houston County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Houston County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Houston County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Houston County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Houston County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Houston County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Houston County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Houston County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Houston County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Houston County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thij

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

GSG:as 2014SA-10

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HOUSTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

No

Significant deficiency identified?None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-143, Section 510(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster

84.041 Impact Aid

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$879,970.93

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.