

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION JEFFERSON, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



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SECTION I

FINANCIAL



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

June 15, 2017

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Jackson County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the

effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2016, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68, and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedules of Contributions to Retirement Systems, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual as presented on pages i through x and pages 35 through 41 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, consisting of Schedules 8 through 12, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2017, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

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Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of the Jackson County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities and other highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The main intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole but also provide readers with information for current issues and future events affecting the School District. We encourage our readers to also review the notes to the basic financial statements, and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- Jackson County has quickly rebounded from the challenges of the recent recession. The County has a strong economic development council and chamber of commerce who have successfully attracted a variety of solid commercial and industrial corporations. The largest corporate investment in the past decade has been KEI (Kubota Equipment Industry) and they just announced plans for a significant expansion which will double the capital investment and increased employees. Recently, Jackson County was selected as the Southeastern regional site for Amazon order fulfillment center employing in excess of 500 employees. A million square foot facility has just been fully equipped and become operational as the national sales center for Williams-Sonoma and Fed Ex has announced plans to locate in the Western side of Jackson County. A substantial increase in retail is also beginning to evolve with the construction of several new dining outlets and two new hotels. These developments are just a sampling of the largest corporate capital investments in the School District. Additionally, Jackson County is experiencing residential growth with more than 500 available homesites under construction or slated for construction. Homes are varied in size and value providing balance to the residential market. The School District has five exits off of Interstate 85 and the Department of Transportation has another exit slated in the next decade. The interstate accessibility and convenience to the Savannah Port continues to make Jackson County an attractive site for commercial and industrial growth.
- The School District enrollment is expected to increase over the next few years. Significant growth is expected in the West area of Jackson County as a result of suburban Atlanta sprawl. Housing developments are increasing and constructed in a more dense fashion. While enrollment is expected to increase, the School District is planning for future capacity in the area expected to experience the most growth. The School District has facility capacity to serve expected students, but regional service may be challenging. Capacity is available in the Eastern most section of the School District while growth is exponentially greater in the Western part of the School District. Future Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) construction plans have been prioritized to serve West Community needs. Ongoing growth of retail establishment sales in the County and continued support of the ESPLOST referendum continues to provide the School District with a much needed revenue source. With ESPLOST revenues, the School District has been able to replace aging computer equipment, expand and enhance the technology infrastructure, add to, renovate and improve existing facilities and again, fund expansion needs that are greatly needed on the West side of the County.

- School District management continues to focus on financial stability and growth of the unassigned fund balance. Although the fiscal year 2016 ending unassigned fund balance \$3,728,575.41 did not increase over fiscal year 2015 ending balance \$3,853,202.52, it did remain stable even in light of significantly increasing fixed costs such as health insurance and retirement contributions.
- The School District had \$73,465,169.45 in expenses relating to governmental activities; \$42,875,467.64 of the expenses is offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of \$39,377,675.92 not only provided the remaining funding for these programs but contributed to the \$8,787,974.11 increase to net position.
- In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued two new standards that have a significant impact on the accounting and reporting of public employee pension plans and the state and local governments (including School Districts) that participate in these plans. The most significant of these statements for the School District is GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This statement requires the School District to report its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for each cost sharing benefit pension plan in which the School District participates. This liability will be large enough to force most, if not all, School Districts to report a deficit net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Prior to the implementation of GASB No. 68, School Districts only had to report a pension liability on the financial statements to the extent that School Districts were behind in making the annual actuarially determined payments (the required employer TRS and ERS contributions) to the pension plan. With the implementation of GASB No. 68, School Districts are required to report a liability for their portion of the entire underfunded status of the plan. By recording the liability in the Statement of Net Position, School Districts are taking ownership for their share, as actuarially determined, of the liability of the pension plan. Jackson County School District's reported proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for the Teachers Retirement System (TRS) is \$50,668,845.00 and for the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) is \$90,346.00. The reporting of this liability created a deficit of \$53,150,766.30 for net position - unrestricted at the government-wide reporting level.

Other School District highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- Student achievement and success is one of the greatest accomplishments a School District can highlight. During the May 2016 graduation ceremonies, the School District celebrated 405 graduates with 151 receiving recognition as honor graduates.
- In December 2015, the Jackson County School District was granted approval of their Strategic Waiver School System (SWSS) flexibility contract as a way to really maximize funding and support innovation that aligns with the School District's goals and priorities. With the goals and priorities of the Schools District's strategic plan in mind, School District management, employees and stakeholders feel the Strategic Waiver School System (SWSS) flexibility option provides the best opportunity for instructional and operational innovation and creativity.

- The Jackson County Board of Education and School District leaders are committed to aligning all decisions with our strategic plan. While the Board is leading the efforts for two of the plan's initiatives, "Appropriate Allocation of Resources Aligned to Goals" and "Commitment to Parent, Community and Stakeholder Partnerships and Communications", School District administrators, classroom teachers and all other School District staff are focused on the plan's first three goals. These goals consist of the following:
 - 1. Provide a quality academic experience.
 - 2. Individualize the student learning experience, and
 - 3. Prepare students for the future.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the 'Statement of Net Position' and 'Statement of Activities'. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, which reports the School District's operation in more detail. The 'Governmental Funds' statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The 'Fiduciary Funds' statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. In the case of the Jackson County School District, the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund are all considered to be major funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additional supplementary information is presented to facilitate understanding of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

Given that Jackson County School District has no operations that have been classified as "Business-Type Activities," the government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of all of the School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question, are we in a better financial position than last year? The 'Statement of Net Position' and the 'Statement of Activities' provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all of the School District's assets and liabilities. The School District uses the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The "accrual basis of accounting" takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and any changes in that position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial environment of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, status of facility availability, required educational programs, student-teacher ratios, fluctuation in state and federal funding, and other circumstances.

The 'Statement of Net Position' and the 'Statement of Activities' reflects 100% of the School District's governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District uses many funds or sub-funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the fiscal year. The fund financial statements presented in this report provide detail information about only the School District's significant or major funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental funds (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds (reported in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance) are reconciled within the financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as school clubs, and organizations within the principals' accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The reader can think of the School District's net position as the difference between its assets (i.e., what the School District owns) and its liabilities (i.e., what the School District owes) at the end of a fiscal year. This balance represents one way to measure the School District's financial health or its financial position. In the case of the Jackson County School District, even with the new pension liability reporting required by GASB No. 68, assets exceeded liabilities by \$48,705,679.21 at June 30, 2016.

To better understand the School District's actual financial position and ability to deliver services in future periods, the reader will need to review the various components of the net position total. For example, of the total net position balance of \$48,705,679.21, \$16,127,388.30 was restricted for debt service, capital projects, continuation of Federal programs and permanent funds. Accordingly, these funds were not available to meet the School District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

In addition, the School District had a net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment) of \$85,711,683.13. The School District uses these capital assets to provide educational services to students within the geographic boundaries served by the School District. Because of the very nature and on-going use of the assets being reported in this component of net position, it must be recognized that this portion of the total net position is *not* available for future spending.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for this fiscal year and a comparison to the previous fiscal year (fiscal year 2015).

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2015	
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$	32,415,934.22	\$	29,710,488.42	
Capital Assets, Net	_	144,844,677.64		146,567,056.40	
Total Assets	-	177,260,611.86		176,277,544.82	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Loss of Refunding of Debt		4,592,058.78		5,116,865.50	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	-	5,246,800.34		4,638,831.83	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	9,838,859.12		9,755,697.33	
Liabilities					
Current and Other Liabilities		10,491,309.01		10,204,937.28	
Long-Term Liabilities	-	116,871,258.76		115,486,822.77	
Total Liabilities	-	127,362,567.77		125,691,760.05	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans		11,031,224.00		20,423,777.00	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		85,711,683.13		78,146,407.71	
Restricted		16,127,388.30		13,818,834.25	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	-	(53,133,392.22)		(52,047,536.86)	
Total Net Position	\$_	48,705,679.21	\$	39,917,705.10	

Table 2 shows the Changes in Net Position for the current fiscal year (fiscal year 2016) and compares it to the previous fiscal year (fiscal year 2015).

	able 2			
Change	in Net Posit	ion Governme	ntol A	ativition
		Fiscal Year 2016	ental A	Fiscal Year 2015
Revenues		FISCAI TEAI 2010		FISCAI TEAI 2015
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,536,850.27	\$	1,662,980.15
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ŷ	41,053,108.95	Ŷ	40,705,825.49
Capital Grants and Contributions		285,508.42		154,440.00
Total Program Revenues	_	42,875,467.64	_	42,523,245.64
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations		26,994,380.54		25,174,607.37
For Debt Service		4,050,999.69		3,752,005.17
Railroard Cars		28.148.87		27,785.75
Sales Taxes		,		,
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Capital Projects		5,945,482.10		6,103,434.25
Other Sales Taxes		1,081,216.71		831,386.64
Investment Earnings		53,785.82		29,172.82
Miscellaneous		1,223,662.19		1,030,670.34
Total General Revenues		39,377,675.92		36,949,062.34
Total Revenues		82,253,143.56	_	79,472,307.98
Program Expenses				
Instruction		43,780,052.11		43,171,049.60
Support Services				
Pupil Services		1,868,525.37		1,602,794.64
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,310,480.07		1,997,733.16
Educational Media Services		944,931.60		1,055,874.06
General Administration		624,922.51		714,407.45
School Administration		3,877,920.81		4,027,881.90
Business Administration		555,237.55		578,865.75
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,480,892.60		5,218,373.53
Student Transportation Services		3,821,007.01		3,351,389.19
Central Support Services		2,258,410.32		1,728,142.38
Other Support Services		609,953.71		605,871.13
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Enterprise Operations		478,889.04		441,190.99
Community Services		278,642.54		295,666.35
Food Services		4,229,387.19		4,353,548.32
Interest on Debt	_	2,345,917.02	_	2,004,585.48
Total Expenses		73,465,169.45		71,147,373.93
Increase in Net Position	\$	8,787,974.11	\$	8,324,934.05

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants revenues and contributions offsetting these services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity.

Table 3 Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of S	Services
	-	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	_	2016	2015	2016	2015
Instruction	\$	43,780,052.11 \$	43,171,049.60 \$	14,585,104.50 \$	13,908,807.07
Support Services					
Pupil Services		1,868,525.37	1,602,794.64	1,591,699.61	1,414,565.84
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,310,480.07	1,997,733.16	1,285,704.02	1,305,655.84
Educational Media Services		944,931.60	1,055,874.06	23,035.09	118,089.59
General Administration		624,922.51	714,407.45	(616,791.78)	(548,700.73)
School Administration		3,877,920.81	4,027,881.90	1,984,246.65	2,009,734.31
Business Administration		555,237.55	578,865.75	552,330.43	575,430.57
Maintenance and Operation of Plan		5,480,892.60	5,218,373.53	3,240,117.74	2,991,425.37
Student Transportation Services		3,821,007.01	3,351,389.19	2,550,672.02	2,141,941.59
Central Support Services		2,258,410.32	1,728,142.38	2,245,363.87	1,718,878.43
Other Support Services		609,953.71	605,871.13	236,016.67	165,190.06
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Enterprise Operations		478,889.04	441,190.99	478,889.04	441,190.99
Community Services		278,642.54	295,666.35	134,235.34	283,595.93
Food Services		4,229,387.19	4,353,548.32	(46,838.41)	93,737.95
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	2,345,917.02	2,004,585.48	2,345,917.02	2,004,585.48
Total Expenses	\$	73,465,169.45 \$	71,147,373.93 \$	30,589,701.81 \$	28,624,128.29
	Ψ=	*0,+00,±09.40	, <u>1</u> , <u>1</u> , <u>1</u> , <u>3</u> , <u>3</u> , <u>3</u> , <u>3</u> , <u>4</u> , <u>5</u>	50,505,701.81 \$	20,024,120.29

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues of \$81,976,982.36 and total expenditures of \$80,024,388.40 during fiscal year 2016. Included in the amount of total expenditures was \$1,381,681.93 of capital project expenditures. These expenditures were funded with SPLOST revenue, for which proceeds were received monthly.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2016, the School District made amendments to its original general fund budget.

For the general fund, the total actual expenditure amount of \$71,878,331.47 was less than the final budgeted expenditures amount of \$71,953,540.00 by \$75,208.53. This difference (final actual vs. final budget) was due mostly to the Instruction line item expenditures being less than the final budget by \$577,973.30. The remaining source of the difference is as follows: expenditures for Pupil Services, General Administration, School Administration, Maintenance and Operation of Plant, Other Support Services and Community Services collectively being less than the budget by \$781,809.64 and expenditures for Improvement of Instructional Services, Educational Media Services, Business Administration, Student Transportation, Central Support Services, Enterprise Operations, Food Service Operations and Capital Outlay collectively exceeding the budget by \$1,284,574.41.

The total final budgeted revenue amount of \$72,136,041.60 exceeded the total actual revenue of \$71,855,643.03 by \$280,398.57. This difference (final budget vs. final actual) was mostly due to the actual property taxes collected being less than the final budget for property taxes by \$1,076,142.39. This difference can be attributed to sales from tag ad valorem tax and property tax being less than anticipated. The remaining source of the difference is as follows: an increase in sales taxes collected in excess of the budget of \$252,829.39; an increase in state revenues in excess of budget of \$300,949.83; a decrease in federal revenues less than budget of \$345,382.30, an increase in charges for services in excess of budget of \$132,295.27; an increase in investment earnings in excess of budget of \$447,572.69.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the School District had \$144,844,677.64 invested in capital assets, all in governmental activities. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances net of accumulated depreciation.

		ole 4 I Assets		
		Governme	ental Act	ivities
	_	Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2015
Land	\$	7,420,688.59	\$	7,420,688.59
Construction in Progress		1,333,105.59		5,812,069.12
Land Improvements		3,859,293.94		3,726,373.94
Buildings		176,654,349.45		171,103,702.20
Equipment		14,624,241.91		13,288,147.21
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(59,047,001.84)		(54,783,924.66)
Total	\$	144,844,677.64	\$	146,567,056.40

Additional information on the School District's Capital Assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

As of June 30, 2016, the School District completed the following capital projects: the building addition to the West Jackson Intermediate School facility and conversion of that facility from a grades 3-5 program to a grades PK–5 program renamed West Jackson Elementary School, improvement and expansion of East Jackson Middle School's main entry and bus entry lanes, purchase of two new buses, equipment for the new East Jackson High School welding lab, improvements to the technology cabling infrastructure, expansion of ethernet connections and replacement of older network servers and a new transportation and emergency radio communication system. Construction in progress consisted of the East Jackson County Comprehensive High School Welding and Metals Lab, improvements to the Gordon Street Center facility and land improvements at Jackson County Comprehensive High School Agriculture facility, renovations and improvements to the Gordon Street Center facility and land improvements at Jackson County Comprehensive High School Agriculture facility, renovations and improvements to the highway 332 property and the old West Jackson Primary School property.

Debt

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the School District had \$116,871,258.76 in long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$5,420,464.30 represents compensated absences, general obligation bonds, and installment sales agreements due within one year; \$111,450,794.46 represents compensated absences, general obligation bonds and installment sales agreements due in more than one year along with the School District's proportionate share of collective net pension liability. Table 5 summarizes the School District's long-term liabilities.

		Governmental Activities				
	_	Fiscal Year 2016	_	Fiscal Year 2015		
Bonds Payable	\$	58,525,000.00	\$	62,450,000.00		
Installment Sales Agreement		327,360.13		400,934.09		
Compensated Absences		300,400.33		303,646.18		
Unamortized Bond Premium		6,959,307.30		7,929,305.50		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	_	50,759,191.00	_	44,402,937.00		
Total	\$_	116,871,258.76	\$_	115,486,822.77		

Table 5 Debt at June 30

Additional information can be found on the School District's debt in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CURRENT ISSUES

Currently known facts, decisions or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial positions or results of operations in future years are as follows:

- The School System ended fiscal year 2016 with over \$5.5 million in the general fund's fund balance. The actual ending fund balance was almost \$2.0 million more than projected during the budgeting process. These results can be attributed to the state restoring additional education funding support, continued growth of the local property tax base and the School District's priority to continue building the fund balance. This stability and growth in the fund balance over the past several years is also greatly driven by the time, effort and detail put in to the budgeting process. School System administrators ensure that all facets (maintenance, transportation, technology, instruction, special programs, facilities, etc....) of the School System are considered during the budget process. Members of the Finance Department and Administrative team meet with teacher advisory committees, parent advisory committees, school leaders, program leaders, community members, school board members and many others to receive information, input and recommendations that aide in the development of the upcoming fiscal year's budget.
- On March 1, 2016, a referendum for the continuation of the 1% Education Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) was presented to the voters of Jackson County. The referendum passed with 69% (10,066) voting yes and 31% (4,568) voting no. This outcome proves that recognition of the importance of this funding source to the School System has increased tremendously over its 20+ year life. Without these funds, the System would be extremely limited in its ability to keep up with technology changes, improve current facilities, provide necessary instructional space and replace aging transportation fleets. Even more critical, ESPLOST revenues provide funding for payment of the School System's long-term debt obligations. Using a portion of ESPLOST revenues for debt reduction, grants the Jackson County School System the ability to keep the property tax millage rate for debt service at a lower level.
- We would like to emphasize that the fund level statements and balances provide a much more accurate representation of the School District's financial position. At the government-wide reporting level there is a significant deficit in net position unassigned but, at the fund level, the fiscal year 2016 ending unassigned fund balance remained almost the same as the unassigned fund balance reported for fiscal year 2015. Considering the School District is still dealing with ramifications from the "Great Recession", continuation of the austerity cuts in State funding and considerable increases in the cost of health insurance and retirement contributions, the fund balance stability is a testament to the commitment of the School District's management to make decisions that enhance financial stability.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Annah Dodge, Director of Finance for the Jackson County School District, 1660 Winder Highway, Jefferson, Georgia 30549-5458. You may also email your question to Ms. Dodge at adodge@jackson.k12.ga.us.

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,997,174.10
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	2,905,944.78
State Government	4,698,427.01
Federal Government	879,150.93
Local	166,455.50
Other	132,315.53
Inventories	97,433.53
Prepaid Items	448,440.70
Restricted Investments held by Trustee	90,592.14
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	8,753,794.18
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	136,090,883.46
Total Assets	177,260,611.86
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding	4,592,058.78
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	5,246,800.34
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,838,859.12
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	2,469,010.49
Salaries and Benefits Payable	6,869,631.85
Interest Payable	879,816.67
Contracts Payable	272,850.00
Net Pension Liability	50,759,191.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	5,420,464.30
Due in More Than One Year	60,691,603.46
Total Liabilities	127,362,567.77
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	11,031,224.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	85,711,683.13
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	796,806.83
Debt Services	10,089,413.66
Capital Projects	5,168,060.94
Permanent Funds	73,106.87
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(53,133,392.22)
Total Net Position	\$ 48,705,679.21

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	43,780,052.11 \$	188,544.30
Support Services			
Pupil Services		1,868,525.37	72,941.06
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,310,480.07	19,206.83
Educational Media Services		944,931.60	-
General Administration		624,922.51	22,656.36
School Administration		3,877,920.81	-
Business Administration		555,237.55	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,480,892.60	16,083.00
Student Transportation Services		3,821,007.01	-
Central Support Services		2,258,410.32	-
Other Support Services		609,953.71	38.05
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations		478,889.04	-
Community Services		278,642.54	144,407.20
Food Services		4,229,387.19	1,072,973.47
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	2,345,917.02	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	73,465,169.45 \$	1,536,850.27

General Revenues Taxes Property Taxes For Maintenance and Operations For Debt Services Railroad Cars Sales Taxes Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For Capital Projects Other Sales Tax Investment Earnings Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

	PROGRAM REVENUES				NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
-		-		-	
\$	28.898.403.51	¢	107,999.80	\$	(14,585,104.50)
φ	20,090,403.51	φ	107,999.80	ψ	(14,383,104.30)
	203,884.70		-		(1,591,699.61)
	1,005,569.22		-		(1,285,704.02)
	921,896.51		-		(23,035.09)
	1,219,057.93		-		616,791.78
	1,893,674.16		-		(1,984,246.65)
	2,907.12		-		(552,330.43)
	2,224,691.86		-		(3,240,117.74)
	1,115,894.99		154,440.00		(2,550,672.02)
	13,046.45		-		(2,245,363.87)
	373,898.99		-		(236,016.67)
	-		-		(478,889.04)
	-		-		(134,235.34)
	3,180,183.51		23,068.62		46,838.41
-	-	_	-	_	(2,345,917.02)
\$	41,053,108.95	\$_	285,508.42	_	(30,589,701.81)

26,994,380.54 4,050,999.69 28,148.87

5,945,482,10 1,081,216.71 53,785.82 1,223,662,19 39,377,675.92

8,787,974.11

39,917,705.10

\$ 48,705,679.21

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,632,644.86	\$	4,621,298.07
Accounts Receivable, Net Taxes		2,060,075.88		546,762.87
State Government		4,698,427.01		-
Federal Government		879,150.93		-
Local		166,455.50		-
Other		132,315 <u>.</u> 53		-
Inventories		97,433.53		-
Prepaid Items		448,440.70		-
Restricted Investments held by Trustee				90,592.14
Total Assets	\$	16,114,943.94	\$_	5,258,653.08
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	2,469,010.49	\$	-
Salaries and Benefits Payable		6,869,631.85		-
Contracts Payable		-	_	272,850.00
Total Liabilities		9,338,642.34	_	272,850.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		1,247,003.46	_	
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable		545,874.23		-
Restricted		687,001.28		4,985,803.08
Assigned		17,374.08		-
Committed		550,473.14		-
Unassigned		3,728,575.41	_	-
Total Fund Balances		5,529,298.14		4,985,803.08
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	16,114,943.94	\$_	5,258,653.08

	DEBT SERVICE		NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	
	FUND		FUND	TOTAL
-		-		TOME
\$	10,670,124.30	\$	73,106.87	\$ 22,997,174.10
	299,106.03		-	2,905,944.78
	-		-	4,698,427.01
	-		-	879,150.93
	-		-	166,455.50
	-		-	132,315.53
	-		-	97,433.53
	-		-	448,440.70
-		-	-	90,592.14
\$	10,969,230.33	\$	73,106.87	\$ 32,415,934.22
=		-		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,469,010.49
	-		-	6,869,631.85
_	-		-	272,850.00
	-		<u>-</u>	9,611,492 <u>.</u> 34
_	183,973.09	-		1,430,976.55
	10 785 257 24		25,000.00	570,874.23
	10,785,257.24		48,106.87	16,506,168.47
	-		-	17,374.08 550,473.14
	-		-	3,728,575.41
-		-		0,120,010.41
-	10,785,257.24	-	73,106.87	21,373,465.33
\$_	10,969,230.33	\$	73,106.87	\$ 32,415,934.22

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		\$ 21,373,465.33
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment Land improvements Accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,420,688,59 1,333,105,59 176,654,349,45 14,624,241,91 3,859,293,94 (59,047,001.84)	144,844,677.64
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability		(50,759,191.00)
Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt.		4,592,058.78
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(5,784,423.66)
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		1,430,976 . 55
Long-term liabilities, bonds payable, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Revenue bonds Compensated absences payable Amortized bond premiums	\$ (58,525,000.00) (879,816.67) (327,360.13) (300,400.33) (6,959,307.30)	 (66,991,884.43)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	:	\$ 48,705,679.21

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

REVENUES	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Property Taxes	\$	26,668,777.61	5	-
Sales Taxes		947,829.39		5,945,482.10
State Funds		34,959,452.93		-
Federal Funds		6,504,066.70		-
Charges for Services		1,536,850.27		-
Investment Earnings		15,003.94		12,527.64
Miscellaneous		1,223,662.19		-
Total Revenues		71,855,643.03		5,958,009.74
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction		43,946,029.80		86,564.11
Support Services				
Pupil Services		1,927,122.70		-
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,431,927.09		-
Educational Media Services		921,003.84		-
General Administration		610,342.84		5,292.76
School Administration		3,958,250.69		-
Business Administration		581,021.45		-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,709,472.23		95,542.42
Student Transportation Services		3,798,261.27		-
Central Support Services		2,090,180.42		281,128.45
Other Support Services		642,451.48		-
Enterprise Operations		504,844.76		-
Community Services		292,924.42		-
Food Services Operation		4,340,223.48		-
Capital Outlay		124,275.00		822,430.67
Debt Services				
Principal		-		73,573.36
Dues and Fees		-		-
Interest		-		17,150.16
Total Expenditures		71,878,331.47		1,381,681.93
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	(22,688.44)		4,576,327.81
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		_		_
Transfers Out		-		(4,121,250.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	<u> </u>		(4,121,250.00)
				(1,121,200100)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(22,688.44)		455,077.81
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	5,551,986.58		4,530,725.27
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,529,298.14	5	4,985,803.08
	-	-,,		

\$ 4,003,688.03 \$ - \$ 30,672,465.64 133,387.32 - 7,026,698.81 - 34,959,452.93 - 6,504,066.70 - 1,536,850.27	
25,937.01 317.23 53,785.82 - 1,223,662.19	-
4,163,012.36 317.23 81,976,982.36	_
44,032,593.91	
- 1,927,122.70	
- 2,431,927.09	
921,003.84	
- 615,635.60 - 3,958,250.69	
5,805,014.65	
3,798,261.27	
2,371,308.87	
642,451.48	
- 504,844.76	
- 4,340,223.48	
946,705.67	
540,103.01	
3,925,000.00 - 3,998,573.36	
3,675.00 - 3,675.00	
2,835,700.00 - 2,852,850.16	
6,764,375.00 - 80,024,388.40	
(2,601,362.64) 317.23 1,952,593.96	
4,121,250.00 - 4,121,250.00	_
4,121,250.00 - 4,121,250.00 - (4,121,250.00	
(4,121,200100	<u>/</u>
4,121,250.00	_
1,519,887.36 317.23 1,952,593.96	
9,265,369.88 72,789.64 19,420,871.37	_
\$ <u>10,785,257.24</u> \$ <u>73,106.87</u> \$ <u>21,373,465.33</u>	_

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	1,952,593.96
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	2,904,219.34 (4,626,598.10)	(1,722,378.76)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			401,063.46
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Bond principal retirements	\$	3,925,000.00	
Revenue bonds	—	73,573.95	3,998,573.95
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense			3,644,267.51
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest on issuance of debt Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred loss on refunding of bonds	\$	65,416.66 969,998.20 (524,806.72)	
Decrease in compensated absences	_	3,245.85	513,853 . 99

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")

\$ 8,787,974.11

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		AGENCY
	_	FUNDS
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	337,568.46
LIABILITIES		
Funds Held for Others	\$	337,568.46

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Jackson County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net positon often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

• Permanent Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and no principal may be used for purposes that support the reporting government or its citizenry.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The School District did not have any items that required a reassessment of value for reporting purposes as a result of adoption of this statement.

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. This statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The School District participates in an external investment pool, the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1), which does not meet the criteria of this statement. Therefore, the investment in this pool is measured at fair value as provided in paragraph 11 of GASB Statement No. 31, as amended.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds and Rutland Center revenue bonds.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
		1 only	
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	5,000.00	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000.00	15 to 20 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	5 to 20 years
Intangible Assets	\$	20,000.00	20 years
Software	\$	200,000.00	10 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave employees earned based on services already rendered.

Vacation leave of 10 days is awarded on a fiscal year basis to all full time personnel employed on a twelve month basis. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed 20 days. Upon terminating employment, the School District pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement. The liability for early retirement will be borne by TRS rather than by the individual School Districts. Otherwise, sick leave does not vest with the employee, and no liability is reported in the School District's financial statements.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Jackson County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2015 tax digest year (calendar year) on November 11, 2015 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2015. Taxes were due on January 20, 2016 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2015 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2016. The Jackson County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$25,135,623.95 and for school bonds amounted to \$3,795,197.92.

Tax millage rates levied for the 2015 tax year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	19.131 mills
School Bonds	2.700 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$1,741,643.77 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$5,945,482.10 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except for the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

The Superintendent has the authority to amend the budget without Board approval. Financial statements are presented to the Board monthly for review, discussion and approval of actual revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as compared to the budget balances.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$2,356,248.98, and a bank balance of \$3,243,641.30. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$995,862.60 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$2,247,778.70.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Statement of Net Position		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,997,174.10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		
Cash and cash equivalents	_	337,568.46
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	23,334,742.56
Less:		
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
Georgia Fund 1	_	20,978,493.58
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2016	\$_	2,356,248.98

CATEGORIZATION OF CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$20,978,493.58 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2016, was 42 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at <u>www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html</u>.

CATEGORIZATION OF INVESTMENTS

At June 30, the School District had the following investments:

			_	Investment Maturity
Investment Type	_	Fair Value	. <u>-</u>	Less than 1 Year
Debt Securities U. S.Treasuries				
Bond Mutual Funds	\$	90,592.14	\$	90,592.14

Fair Value of Investments

The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

Bond Mutual Funds of \$90,592.14 are valued using market observable information for identical or similar instruments in the market (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2016, \$90,592.14 of the School District's applicable investments were held by the investment's counterparty, not in the School District's name.

NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted investment balance, totaling \$90,592.14 is for the Rutland Center revenue bonds. These assets are pledged to redeem revenue bonds upon maturity.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July 1, 2015	_	Increases	_	Decreases	 Balances June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	7,420,688.59	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,420,688.59
Construction in Progress		5,812,069.12	_	1,140,177.72	_	5,619,141.25	 1,333,105.59
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	_	13,232,757.71		1,140,177.72		5,619,141.25	 8,753,794.18
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements		171,103,702.20		5,550,647.25		-	176,654,349.45
Equipment		13,288,147.21		1,699,615.62		363,520.92	14,624,241.91
Land Improvements		3,726,373.94		132,920.00		-	3,859,293.94
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements		42,322,098.61		3,793,180.16		-	46,115,278.77
Equipment		10,012,411.90		735,431.41		363,520.92	10,384,322.39
Land Improvements	_	2,449,414.15		97,986.53		-	 2,547,400.68
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	_	133,334,298.69		2,756,584.77		-	 136,090,883.46
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$_	146,567,056.40	\$_	3,896,762.49	\$_	5,619,141.25	\$ 144,844,677.64

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	3,327,612.66
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 53,796.06		
Improvements of Instructional Services	2,195.88		
Educational Media Services	97,936.49		
General Administration	32,508.64		
School Administration	165,864.36		
Business Administration	4,897.60		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	64,021.95		
Student Transportation Services	323,368.01		
Central Support Services	 301,113.83		1,045,702.82
Food Services		_	253,282.62

\$ 4,626,598.10

NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

		Transfers From				
Transfers to	C	Capital Projects Fund				
Debt Service Fund	\$	4,121,250.00				

Transfers are used to move sales tax revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund for payment of bonds.

NOTE 8: SHORT-TERM DEBT

The School District issues tax anticipation notes in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its general fund. This short-term debt is to provide cash for operations until property tax collections are received by the School District. Article IX, Section V, Paragraph V of the Constitution of the State of Georgia limits the aggregate amount of short-term debt to 75% of the total gross income from taxes collected in the preceding year and requires all short-term debt to be repaid no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the debt was incurred.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balance		lssued	_	Redeemed	 Balance
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$		\$_	3,075,000.00	\$_	3,075,000.00	\$

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

	_		G	ove	rnmental Activiti	es		
	_	Balance					Balance	Due Within One
	_	July 1, 2015	 Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2016	 Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	62,450,000.00	\$ -	\$	3,925,000.00	\$	58,525,000.00	\$ 4,355,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premiums		7,929,305.50	-		969,998.20		6,959,307.30	795,349.40
Revenue Bonds		400,934.09	-		73,573.96		327,360.13	76,880.03
Compensated Absences	_	303,646.18	 255,864.05		259,109.90		300,400.33	 193,234.87
	\$	71,083,885.77	\$ 255,864.05	\$	5,227,682.06	\$	66,112,067.76	\$ 5,420,464.30

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates Issue Date		Maturity Date	,		
General Government - Refunding - Series 2012	3.00% - 5.00%	5/10/2012	3/1/2025 \$	58,525,000.00 \$	58,525,000.00	

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	 General Obliga		Unamortized Bond	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal	Interest		Premium
2017	\$ 4,355,000.00 \$	2,639,450.00	\$	795,349.40
2018	4,830,000.00	2,421,700.00		795,349.40
2019	5,360,000.00	2,180,200.00		795,349.40
2020	5,875,000.00	1,912,200.00		795,349.40
2021	6,365,000.00	1,708,950.00		795,349.40
2022 - 2026	31,740,000.00	4,076,500.00		2,982,560.30
			_	
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 58,525,000.00 \$	14,939,000.00	\$	6,959,307.30

REVENUE BONDS

The Jackson County Board of Education entered into an agreement dated June 1, 2006, with the Northeast Georgia Regional Educational Service Agency for the construction and subsequent lease of the Rutland Center, located in Athens, Georgia. This facility was built through the sale of bonds, retirement of which was pledged by funds from various local school districts in the area. Under terms of the agreement, the various School Districts pledged funds annually to retire the bonds as they become due. The obligation of the school district is absolute and unconditional so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding. Under the contract, the School District will exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required to be paid by the contract.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total Revenue Bonds payable:

	 Rever	enue Bonds				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal		Interest			
2017	\$ 76,880.03	\$	13,618.18			
2018	80,186.70		10,419.97			
2019	83,493.37		7,084.21			
2020	 86,800.03		3,610.88			
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 327,360.13	\$	34,733.24			

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences represent obligations of the School District relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences based upon service already rendered. This obligation relates only to vesting accumulating leave in which payment is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Typically, the general fund is the fund used to liquidate this long-term debt. The School District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. Claims are accounted for within the same fund that the employee's salary and benefits are paid. The School District accounts for claims with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	_	Beginning of Year Liability	-	Claims and Changes in Estimates	-	Claims Paid	-	End of Year Liability
2015	\$	-	\$_	51,713.02	\$_	51,713.02	\$_	-
2016	\$	-	\$	8,340.00	\$	8,340.00	\$	-

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2016:

Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$	97,433.53	
Permanent Funds Principal		25,000.00	
Prepaid Assets		448,440.70	\$ 570,874.23
Restricted	•		
Continuation of Federal Programs		687,001.28	
Capital Projects		4,985,803.08	
Debt Service		10,785,257.24	
Permanent Funds	_	48,106.87	16,506,168.47
Committed	_		
School Activity Accounts			550,473.14
Assigned-Catering			17,374.08
Unassigned			3,728,575.41
Fund Balance, June 30, 2016			\$ 21,373,465.33

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases copiers and postage machines under the provisions of one or more longterm lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$65,906.74 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental	
Year Ending	Funds	_
2017	\$ 19,784.88	
2018	14,294.88	
2019	12,854.88	
2020	8,065.92	_
Total	\$ 55,000.56	=

NOTE 13: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 14: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description. The Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that covers eligible former employees of public school systems, libraries and regional educational service agencies. The School OPEB Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible former employees and their qualified beneficiaries through the State Employees Health Benefit Plan administered by the Department of Community Health. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits for retirees, to the Board of Community Health (Board). Additional information about the School OPEB Fund is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at <u>www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html</u>.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. For members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, contributions also vary based on years of service. On average, members with five years or more of service as of January 1, 2012 pay approximately 25% of the cost of the health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, the State provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board of Community Health sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The combined active and retiree contribution rates established by the Board for employers participating in the School OPEB Fund were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

For certificated teachers, librarians and regional educational service agencies and certain other eligible participants:

July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016 \$945.00 per m	ember per month
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For non-certificated school personnel:

July 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015	\$596.20 per member per month
January 1, 2016 – June 30, 2016	\$746.20 per member per month

No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2016 nor contributed to the School OPEB Fund to prefund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the School plan for other post-employment benefits and are subject to appropriation.

The School District's combined active and retiree contributions to the health insurance plans, which equaled the required contribution, for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	 Required Contribution
2016	100%	\$ 7,342,873.80
2015	100%	\$ 6,887,380.80
2014	100%	\$ 7,303,262.00

NOTE 15: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2016. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.27% of annual School District payroll, of which 14.24% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.03% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$5,230,503.67 and \$12,828.26 from the School District and the State, respectively.

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)

Plan description: The Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions: Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200.00, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200.00. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The School District's contractually required contribution rate, actuarially determined annually, for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 24.72% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 21.69% for GSEPS members. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions to the pension plan were \$13,289.67 for the current fiscal year.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$162,173.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$50,759,191.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS (\$50,668,845.00) and ERS (\$90,346.00).

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	50,668,845.00	
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated			
with the School District	_	134,885.00	
Total	\$_	50,803,730.00	

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

At June 30, 2015, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.332822%, which was a decrease of 0.018003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2015, the School District's ERS proportion was 0.002230%, which was an increase of 0.000075% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

At June 30, 2016, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$697,001.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,586,440.00 for TRS, \$7,643.00 for ERS and \$41,565.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$8,534.00 for TRS and \$41,565.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS					ERS				
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	445,659.00	\$	-	\$	722.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		4,273,970.00		-		6,519.00		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		6,304,354.00		3,007.00		-		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,230,503.67				13,289.67	-	-		
Total	\$	5,230,503.67	\$	11,023,983.00	\$	16,296.67	\$	7,241.00		

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,230,503.67 for TRS and \$13,289.67 for ERS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		TRS	ERS
2017	\$	(3,806,199.00)	\$ (1,080.00)
2018	\$	(3,806,199.00)	\$ (2,446.00)
2019	\$	(3,806,202.00)	\$ (2,905.00)
2020	\$	533,810.00	\$ 2,197.00
Thereafter	\$	(139,193.00)	\$ -

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75% – 7.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females set back two years for males and set back three years for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2009.

Employees' Retirement System:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	5.45% – 9.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for the periods after service retirement, for dependent beneficiaries, and for deaths in active service, and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back eleven years for males for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2009.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table set forward one year for males for the period after service retirement, for dependent beneficiaries, and for deaths in active service, and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back two years for males and set forward one year for females for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2009.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	3.00%
Domestic large stocks	39.70%	6.50%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	10.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.60%	13.00%
International developed market stocks	18.90%	6.50%
International emerging market stocks	6.10%	11.00%
Total	100.00%	

* Rates shown are net of the 3.00% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS, ERS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	-	1% Decrease (6.50%)	-	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	. <u>-</u>	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	87,070,579.00	\$	50,668,845.00	\$	20,665,154.00
Employees' Retirement System:		1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	. <u>-</u>	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	128,069.00	\$	90,346.00	\$	58,186.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS, ERS and PSERS financial report which is publically available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html.

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JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	pro	School District's portionate share of net pension liability	propor net	ate of Georgia's tionate share of the pension liability ited with the School District	 Total		School District's overed-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016	0.332822%	\$	50,668,845.00	\$	134,885.00	\$ 50,803,730.00	\$	35,266,439.96	143.67%	81.44%
2015	0.350825%	\$	44,322,111.00	\$	112,566.00	\$ 44,434,677.00	\$	35,882,020.61	123.52%	84.03%

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	proporti	hool District's onate share of the pension liability	 District's covered- ployee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016	0.002230%	\$	90,346 . 00	\$ 50,989.99	177.18%	76.20%
2015	0.002155%	\$	80,826.00	\$ 48,516.64	166.59%	77.99%

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	propo ne	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District		Total	Sc	hool District's covered- employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016		\$ -	\$	697,001.00	\$	697,001.00	\$	2,935,321.54	N/A	87.00%
2015		\$ -	\$	608,052.00	\$	608,052.00	\$	2,769,846.73	N/A	88.29%

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Con	tractua ll y required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)			School District's overed-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2016	\$	5,230,503.67	\$	5,230,503.67	\$	-	\$	36,739,204.28	14.24%	
2015	\$	4,625,215.41	\$	4,625,215.41	\$	-	\$	35,266,439.96	13.12%	
2014	\$	4,395,148.16	\$	4,395,148.16	\$	-	\$	35,882,020.61	12.25%	
2013	\$	4,426,963.12	\$	4,426,963.12	\$	-	\$	38,934,892.55	11.37%	
2012	\$	3,972,559.40	\$	3,972,559.40	\$	-	\$	38,791,213.52	10.24%	
2011	\$	3,854,561.95	\$	3,854,561.95	\$	-	\$	37,750,179.13	10.21%	
2010	\$	3,880,881.43	\$	3,880,881.43	\$	-	\$	40,110,091.25	9.68%	
2009	\$	3,746,950.31	\$	3,746,950.31	\$	-	\$	40,640,273.93	9.22%	
2008	\$	3,353,804.25	\$	3,353,804.25	\$	-	\$	36,399,097.23	9.21%	
2007	\$	2,884,236.58	\$	2,884,236.58	\$	-	\$	31,329,304.22	9.21%	

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Contractually required Year Ended contribution		 outions in relation to ntractually required contribution	tion deficiency excess)	 hool District's ered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2016	\$	13,289.67	\$ 13,289.67	\$ -	\$ 53,760.88	24.72%	
2015	\$	11,197.42	\$ 11,197.42	\$ -	\$ 50,989.99	21.96%	
2014	\$	8,956.27	\$ 8,956.27	\$ -	\$ 48,516.64	18.46%	
2013	\$	7,111.44	\$ 7,111.44	\$ -	\$ 47,728.04	14.90%	
2012	\$	5,309.98	\$ 5,309.98	\$ -	\$ 45,657.36	11.63%	
2011	\$	5,625.16	\$ 5,625.16	\$ -	\$ 54,015.96	10.41%	
2010	\$	10,983.17	\$ 10,983.17	\$ -	\$ 104,905.41	10.47%	
2009	\$	11,116.74	\$ 11,116.74	\$ -	\$ 106,182.73	10.47%	
2008	\$	10,243.56	\$ 10,243.56	\$ -	\$ 97,866.65	10.47%	
2007	\$	9,041.65	\$ 9,041.65	\$ -	\$ 86,421.40	10.46%	

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for year ended June 30, 2016 reported in that schedule:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed market
Inflation rate	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75 – 7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Employees' Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions or benefits that affect the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for year ended June 30, 2016 reported in that schedule:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation rate Salary increases Investment rate of return June 30, 2013 Entry age Level dollar, closed 25 years Five-year smoothed market 3.00% 5.45% - 9.25% 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: The last experience investigation was prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2009, and based on the results of the investigation various assumptions and methods were revised and adopted by the board on December 16, 2010. The next experience investigation will be prepared for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for year ended June 30, 2016 reported in that schedule:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation rate Salary increases Investment rate of return

Cost-of living adjustments

June 30, 2013 Entry age Level dollar, closed 25 years Five-year smoothed market 3.00% N/A 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 1.50% semi-annually

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		NONAPPROPI	RIATED	BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	27,405,000.00	\$	27,744,920.00 \$	26,668,777.61 \$	(1,076,142.39)
Sales Taxes		570,000.00		695,000.00	947,829.39	252,829.39
State Funds		34,528,528.10		34,658,503.10	34,959,452.93	300,949.83
Federal Funds		6,233,229.00		6,849,449.00	6,504,066.70	(345,382.30)
Charges for Services		1,396,055.00		1,404,555.00	1,536,850.27	132,295.27
Investment Earnings		7,525.00		7,525.00	15,003.94	7,478.94
Miscellaneous		397,023.50		776,089.50	1,223,662.19	447,572.69
Total Revenues		70,537,360.60		72,136,041.60	71,855,643.03	(280,398.57)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		44,619,650.59		44,524,003.10	43,946,029.80	577,973.30
Support Services						
Pupil Services		1,755,246.00		1,959,530.00	1,927,122.70	32,407.30
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,859,606.00		2,298,637.00	2,431,927.09	(133,290.09)
Educational Media Services		920,175.00		911,131.00	921,003.84	(9,872.84)
General Administration		849,698.00		1,025,300.00	610,342.84	414,957.16
School Administration		4,000,000.00		4,017,882.00	3,958,250.69	59,631.31
Business Administration		603,000.00		564,500.00	581,021.45	(16,521.45)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,480,000.00		5,923,080.00	5,709,472.23	213,607.77
Student Transportation Services		3,741,333.00		3,794,250.00	3,798,261.27	(4,011.27)
Central Support Services		1,750,000.00		1,761,673.00	2,090,180.42	(328,507.42)
Other Support Services		565,668.00		686,582.00	642,451.48	44,130.52
Enterprise Operations		-		-	504,844.76	(504,844.76)
Community Services		300,000.00		310,000.00	292,924.42	17,075.58
Food Services Operation		4,177,631.90		4,176,971.90	4,340,223.48	(163,251.58)
Capital Outlay		., <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	124,275.00	(124,275.00)
Total Expenditures	_	70,622,008.49		71,953,540.00	71,878,331.47	75,208.53
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(84,647.89)		182,501.60	(22,688.44)	(205,190.04)
Excess of Nevendes over (under) Expenditures	-	(84,047.89)		182,301.00	(22,000.44)	(203,130.04)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Other Sources		23,333,600.00		23,333,600.00	<u> </u>	(23,333,600.00)
Other Uses		(23,368,885.00)		(23,333,600.00)	_	23,333,600.00
01161 0365		(23,308,883.00)		(23,333,000.00)		23,333,000.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(35,285.00)	·		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(119,932.89)		182,501.60	(22,688.44)	(205,190.04)
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,453,833.46		2,453,833.46	5,551,986.58	3,098,153.12
Adjustments		1,164,160.23		913,309.74	<u> </u>	(913,309.74)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,498,060.80	\$	3,549,644.80 \$	5,529,298.14 \$	1,979,653.34

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$1,298,738.13 and \$1,186,385.44, respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	BAND INSTRUMENT FUND	<u>-</u> .	PHYSICAL EDUCATION EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLY FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	25,735 . 87	\$	47,371.00	= * =	73,106.87
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted	\$ _	25,000 . 00 735 . 87	\$	47,371.00	\$ 	25,000 . 00 48,106 . 87
Total Fund Balances	\$_	25,735 . 87	\$	47,371.00	\$	73,106 . 87

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		BAND INSTRUMENT FUND	F	PHYSICAL EDUCATION EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLY FUND	 TOTAL
REVENUES					
Investment Earnings	\$	128.45	\$	188.78	\$ 317.23
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	25,607.42	. <u>–</u>	47,182.22	 72,789.64
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	25,735 . 87	\$_	47,371.00	\$ 73,106 . 87

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	16165GA324N1099	\$ 773,802.83
National School Lunch Program	10.555	16165GA324N1099	3,419,655.53
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,193,458.36
Other Programs			
Pass-Through from Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	15155GA350N8103	23,068.62
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	16165GA904N2533	15,598.78
Total Other Programs			38,667.40
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			4,232,125.76
Education, U. S. Department of Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A150073	1,124,366.98
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A150081	73,200.78
Total Special Education Cluster			1,197,567.76
Total Special Education Guster			1,197,507.70
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education]			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A150010	71,318.00
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	S365A150010	36,109.26
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$367A150001	199,276.90
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	S366B150011	162,700.09
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A150011	50,090.00
Rural Education	84.358	S358B150010	27,847.20
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A150010	1,547,300.44
Pass-Through From Governor's Office of Student Achievement			
ARRA - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants	84.395		4,665.00
Total Other Programs			2,099,306.89
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,296,874.65
Defense, U. S. Department of Direct			
Department of the Army			
R.O.T.C. Program	12.UNKNOWN		145,360.31
			110,000.01
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,674,360.72
N/A = Not Available			

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Jackson County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net assets of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		GOVERNMENTA FUND TYPE	
	GE	ENERAL	
ICY/FUNDING	F	UND	
RANTS			
Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 8	26,496	
Education, Georgia Department of			
Quality Basic Education			
Direct Instructional Cost			
Kindergarten Program	1,9	51,949	
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	3	06,253	
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	4,5	83,118	
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	1,1	32,693	
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	2,1	86,858	
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		07,744	
Middle School (6-8) Program	4.1	76,837	
High School General Education (9-12) Program		59,747	
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		46,069.	
Students with Disabilities		59,254	
Gifted Student - Category VI		36,096	
Remedial Education Program		19,614	
Alternative Education Program		85,982	
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		61,861	
Media Center Program		51,561	
20 Days Additional Instruction		17,499.	
Staff and Professional Development		35,155	
Principal Staff and Professional Development	Ĩ	2,936.	
Indirect Cost		2,930	
Central Administration	0	53,740.	
		45,676	
School Administration			
Facility Maintenance and Operations		68,297.	
Amended Formula Adjustment	(1,7	93,849.	
Categorical Grants			
Pupil Transportation		05 007	
Regular		05,297	
Nursing Services	1	36,980.	
Other State Programs		~~ ~ ~ ~	
Food Services		03,610	
Math and Science Supplements		30,155	
Preschool Handicapped Program		96,341	
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		54,440	
Teachers Retirement		12,828	
Vocational Education		70,153	
Vocational Construction Related Equipment - State Bonds	1	07,999	
Governor's Office of Student Achievement			
Connections for Classrooms Grant	1	52,711	
Innovation Fund		5,177	
Office of the State Treasurer			
Public School Employees Retirement	1	62,173	

\$ 34,959,452.93

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JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PROJECT	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED (4)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
SPLOST IV								
 Paying all or a portion of the debt service on outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds previously issued; 	\$	30,000,000.00 \$	10,290,000.00 \$	4,121,250.00 \$	6,168,265.44 \$	10,289,515.44 \$	484.56	Complete
All Projects Below (2) Acquiring, constructing and equipping new school buildings and other buildings or facilities useful or desirable in connection		32,699,000.00	52,409,000.00	-	-	-	-	0.00./2017
therewith, including a new middle school;		-	-	25,344.92	238,827.68	-	-	6/30/2017
(3) acquiring new technology equipment, safety and security equipment and other school equipment;		-	-	369,413.90	374,842.24	-	-	6/30/2017
(4) adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, equipping and furnishing existing school buildings or other buildings or facilities useful or desirable in connection therewith;		_	-	533,416.40	6,333,787.43	-	-	6/30/2017
(5) acquiring a portion of a psychoeducational facility;		-	-	91,148.24	182,698.15	-	-	8/1/2020
(6) acquiring land;		-	-	=	733,639.81	=	-	6/30/2017
(7) purchasing textbooks and band instruments;		-	-	-	-	-	-	6/30/2017
(8) purchasing school buses and school vehicles;		-	-	89,343.73	-	-	-	6/30/2017
(9) acquiring any property necessary or desirable therefore, both real and personal.	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		6/30/2017

\$ <u>62,699,000.00</u> \$ <u>62,699,000.00</u> \$ <u>5,229,917.19</u> \$ <u>14,032,060.75</u> \$ <u>10,289,515.44</u> \$ <u>484.56</u>

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the project. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Jackson County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for this project may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

(4) The excess SPLOST proceeds will be applied to ongoing projects.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

[2]

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Jackson County Board of Education

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated [2].

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FS 2016-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Finding

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

June 15, 2017

Honorable Nathan Deal, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Jackson County Board of Education

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jackson County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The School District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue: Governmental Activities; Gen Service Fund; Aggregate Rema	eral Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt aining Fund Information	Unmodified
Internal control over financial rep Material weakness identif Significant deficiency iden	orting: ïed?	Yes None Reported
Noncompliance material to finance	cial statements noted:	No
Federal Awards		
 Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency identified? 		No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: All major programs		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,000.00
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2016-001Internal Controls over Financial ReportingControl Category:Financial ReportingInternal Control Impact:Material WeaknessCompliance Impact:NoneRepeat of Prior Year Finding:None

Description:

The School District did not have adequate internal controls in place to ensure all required activity was included in the financial statement information presented for audit.

Criteria:

Chapter 22A, Annual Financial Reporting of the <u>Financial Management for Georgia Local Units of</u> <u>Administration</u> provides that School Districts must prepare their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition:

A material audit adjustment was proposed and accepted by the School District to record contracts payable in the capital projects fund to record contracts payable of \$272,850.00.

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, management indicated that due to an oversight, the invoice was incorrectly entered into the accounting system, which caused the expense to be incorrectly recorded in the subsequent fiscal year.

Effect or Potential Effect:

A material misstatement was included in the financial statements presented for audit. The lack of controls and monitoring could impact the reporting of the School District's financial position and results of operations.

Recommendation:

As part of internal control over the preparation of financial statements, including disclosures, the School District should continue to implement comprehensive preparation and/or review procedures to ensure that the financial statements are complete and accurate.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION V

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SCHEDULE OF MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2016-001	Internal Controls over Financial Reporting
Control Category:	Financial Reporting
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	None
Repeat of Prior year Finding:	None

Corrective Action Plans:

An additional step has been added to the financial statement preparation procedures. This step consists of a review of transactions in the subsequent period that exceeds a dollar threshold considered to be significant or material. Supporting documentation for these transactions will be reviewed to ensure they are recognized in the correct fiscal year.

Estimated Completion Date: Fiscal Year 2017

Contact Person: Annah Dodge, Director of Finance Telephone: (706) 367-5151 ext. 17133 Fax: (706) 367-9457 Email: adodge@jcss.us

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

No matters were reported.