

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION JEFFERSONVILLE, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



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TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

January 16, 2019

Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Twiggs County Board of Education

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twiggs County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2016, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68, and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions to Retirement Systems, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual as presented on pages 39 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, consisting of Schedules 6 through 8, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2019, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Shegers Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,637,277
Receivables, Net		
Taxes		508,452
State Government		476,076
Federal Government		228,599
Other Inventories		19,811 15,146
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		140,642
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	_	12,612,872
Total Assets	_	16,638,875
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	_	1,115,373
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		341,788
Salaries and Benefits Payable		915,864
Interest Payable		11,773
Contracts Payable		142,125
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		13,382
Net Pension Liability		7,670,768
Long-Term Liabilities		700 440
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year		708,110
	_	2,119,889
Total Liabilities	_	11,923,699
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	_	714,505
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,925,515
Restricted for		404 000
Continuation of Federal Programs		481,328
Debt Service		689,439 226,671
Capital Projects Other (Bus Replacement)		62,443
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(6,269,352)
		(0,200,002)

Total Net Position	\$ 5,116,044

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 3016

	FXPEN	EXPENSES	
			SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$ 5,4	195,828 \$	-
Support Services			
Pupil Services	Ζ	136,961	-
Improvement of Instructional Services	3	302,104	-
Educational Media Services		L80,845	-
General Administration	2	181,239	-
School Administration	6	68,523	-
Business Administration		322,211	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,4	139,363	-
Student Transportation Services	7	728,181	-
Central Support Services		50	-
Other Support Services	1	L39,191	-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Community Services		46,988	-
Food Services	5	599,679	15,596
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt		59,329	
Total Governmental Activities	\$11,4	100,492 \$	15,596
General Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes			

For Maintenance and Operations Railroad Cars Sales Taxes Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For Capital Projects Other Sales Tax Investment Earnings Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

 	PROGRAM REVENUES OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
\$	3,300,371	\$	965,768	\$ (1,229,689)			
	168,627		-	(268,334)			
	808,667		-	6,563			
	100,232		-	(80,613)			
	405,039		-	(76,200)			
	355,383		-	(313,140)			
	640		-	(321,571)			
	235,665		-	(1,203,698)			
	259,325		-	(468,856)			
	47		-	(3)			
	125,630		-	(13,561)			
	46,000		-	(988)			
	714,003		-	129,920			
-		-	-	(59,329)			
\$	6,519,629	\$	965,768	(3,899,499)			

4,084,272 32,969
616,286 44,375 8,880 281,129
 5,067,911
1,168,412
 3,947,632

\$ 5,116,044

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TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	 GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND			DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,626,091	\$	683,768	\$	327,418	\$ 2,637,277
Receivables, Net						
Taxes	463,668		44,784		-	508,452
State Government Federal Government	476,076		-		-	476,076
Other	228,599 19,811		-		-	228,599 19,811
Due from Other Funds			3,045		-	3,045
Inventories	 15,146				-	15,146
Total Assets	\$ 2,829,391	\$	731,597	\$_	327,418	3,888,406
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 341,008	\$	780	\$	-	\$ 341,788
Salaries and Benefits Payable	915,864		-		-	915,864
Due to Other Funds	3,045		-		-	3,045
Contracts Payable	-		142,125		-	142,125
Deposits and Unearned Revenue	 13,382			_	-	13,382
Total Liabilities	 1,273,299		142,905	_	-	1,416,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	 256,255			_	-	256,255
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	15,146		-		-	15,146
Restricted	528,625		588,692		327,418	1,444,735
Assigned	30,200		-		-	30,200
Unassigned	 725,866		-	_	-	725,866
Total Fund Balances	 1,299,837		588,692		327,418	2,215,947
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,829,391	\$	731,597	\$	327,418	\$ 3,888,406

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	2,215,947
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment Land improvements Intangible assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 140,642 17,776,574 2,688,272 4,970,579 23,750 (12,846,303)	12,753,514
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability		(7,670,768)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		400,868
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		256,255
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Capital leases payable	\$ (2,695,000) (11,773) (132,999)	(2,839,772)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	5,116,044

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
REVENUES							
Property Taxes Sales Taxes Other Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	4,162,832 44,375 32,969 4,370,412 2,189,490 15,596 2,703 281,129 11,099,506	\$ _	616,286 965,768 - 1,851 - 1,583,905	\$ - - - 4,326 - 4,326	\$	4,162,832 660,661 32,969 5,336,180 2,189,490 15,596 8,880 281,129 12,687,737
EXPENDITURES		11,000,000		1,000,000	 1,020	_	12,001,101
Current Instruction Support Services		5,029,535		11,837	-		5,041,372
Pupil Services Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services Educational Media Services General Administration School Administration Business Administration Maintenance and Operation of Plant Student Transportation Services Central Support Services Other Support Services Community Services Food Services Operation Debt Services Principal Interest Total Expenditures Revenues over (under) Expenditures		444,983 811,103 183,110 486,830 674,453 312,005 1,180,541 653,582 50 141,037 46,988 660,721	_	- - 2,052 18,818 3,673,923 181,314 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	_	444,983 811,103 183,110 486,830 676,505 330,823 4,854,464 834,896 50 141,037 46,988 660,721 4,565,514 60,320 19,138,716 (6,450,979)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Capital Leases	_			179,432	 -		179,432
Net Change in Fund Balances		474,568		(2,826,424)	(3,919,691)		(6,271,547)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	825,269	_	3,415,116	 4,247,109		8,487,494
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,299,837	\$_	588,692	\$ 327,418	\$_	2,215,947

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	(6,271,547)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	3,671,484 (639,808)	3,031,676
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(78,560)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Capital leases issued	\$	(179,432)	
	Ψ		
Bond principal retirements	Ŧ	4,460,000	
			4,386,082
Bond principal retirements		4,460,000	4,386,082
Bond principal retirements Capital lease payments District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of		4,460,000	4,386,082 99,770
Bond principal retirements Capital lease payments District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		4,460,000	
Bond principal retirements Capital lease payments District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension expense Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		4,460,000	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$

1,168,412

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	5,859
LIABILITIES		
Funds Held for Others	\$	5,859

Note 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Twiggs County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The Board is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

The Twiggs County Recreation Authority (the "Recreation Authority") was created by House Bill 1897 during the 1996 session of the Georgia General Assembly. The purpose of the Authority is to acquire, construct, own and convey real and personal property for the benefit of the citizens of Twiggs County. The members of the Authority consist of the Chairperson of the Twiggs County Board of Education, the Superintendent of the Twiggs County Board of Education, the Chairperson of the Board of Commissioners of Twiggs County, one non-governmental citizen member appointed by the Twiggs County Board of Education and one non-governmental citizen member appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Twiggs County.

The Recreation Authority qualifies as a component unit of the School District under *Government* Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASBS) No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB 61, the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus. However, currently there are no standing members of the Recreation Authority and no financial activity. As of the year ended June 30, 2016, the Recreation Authority has no assets or liabilities. The Recreation Authority Bonds, Series 2001, as described in Note 10, are paid by the School District. As such, the basic financial statements of the School District do not include the financial activity of the Recreation Authority.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements of the Twiggs County Board of Education. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net positon often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include: (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the School District, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and bond proceeds that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the expenditure for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• The *Agency Funds* are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The School District's government-wide governmental and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all tax revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. All other revenues are considered to be available if collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

The State of Georgia reimburses the School System for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education (QBE) Formula Earnings program. State of Georgia law defines the formula driven grant that determines the cost of an academic school year and the State of Georgia's share in this cost. Generally teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a 12-month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31. In accordance with the requirements of the enabling legislation of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the School System over the same 12-month period in which teachers are paid, funding the academic school year expenditures. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent year are accrued as the State of Georgia has only postponed the final payment of their share of the cost until the subsequent appropriations for cash management purposes. By June 30 of each year, the State of Georgia has a signed appropriation that includes this final amount, which represents the State of Georgia's intent to fund this final payment. Based on guidance in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, paragraph 74, the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, and the School System recognizes the same QBE as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New Account Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No.* 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. This statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2016, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The adoption of this statement does not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Composition of Deposits – Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations, or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

Composition of Investments – The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

The School District does not have a formal policy regarding investment policies that address credit risks, custodial credit risks, concentration of credit risks, interest rate risks or foreign currency risks.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements from Federal, state or other grants for expenditures made, but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

Inventories

Food Inventories – On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (first-in, first-out). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
]	Policy	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	10,000	15 to 20 Years
Buildings and Improvements		10,000	5 to 50 Years
Equipment		10,000	3 to 20 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or governmental funds balance sheet will report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or governmental funds balance sheet will report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in spendable form (e.g., inventory and prepaid items) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., permanent fund principal).

Restricted – Constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed conditions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Education. The Board of Education is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board of Education or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Amounts within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund is the only fund that reports positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The fund balance of the School District's general fund has been accumulated to meet the purpose of providing stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities. The School District's basic goal is to maintain annual expenditure increases necessary to provide a consistent educational environment satisfactory to its citizens and to limit expenditures to anticipate revenue in order to maintain a balanced budget.

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Twiggs County Board of Commissioners set the property tax levy for the 2015 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 24, 2015 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2015. Taxes were due on November 30, 2015 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2015 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2016. The Twiggs County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$3,943,168.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

The tax millage rate levied for the 2015 tax year (calendar year) for the Twiggs County Board of Education was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 16.600 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$219,664 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$616,286 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

Note 3: BUDGETS

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

Note 3: BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

The Superintendent is authorized by the Board to approve adjustments for expenditures within any budget function for any fund. Expenditures may not exceed the total appropriation at the aggregate level by function without the board's approval of a budget amendment. Under no circumstance is the Superintendent or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary information section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

Note 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Collateralization of Deposits – The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than 10 days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (OCGA 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Note 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Categorization of Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$2,643,136 and a bank balance of \$2,376,021. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$852,761 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$1,523,260.

Categorization of Cash Equivalents – The School District reported cash equivalents of \$324,123 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2016, was 42 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1 does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia* Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

Fair Value of Investments – The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

Note 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

Credit Quality Risk – Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments to those prescribed by Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 36-83-4. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing credit quality risk.

Note 5: NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The School District receives food commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for school breakfast and lunch programs. These commodities are recorded at their Federally assigned value. See Note 2 - Inventories

Note 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets during the fiscal year:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1:				
Land	\$ 140,642	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140,642
Construction in progress	949,954	3,381,195		(4,331,149)	
Total	1,090,596	3,381,195	-	(4,331,149)	140,642
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	13,410,125	35,300	-	4,331,149	17,776,574
Equipment	2,670,486	254,989	(237,203)	-	2,688,272
Intangible assets	23,750	-	-	-	23,750
Land improvements	4,970,579			-	4,970,579
Total	21,074,940	290,289	(237,203)	4,331,149	25,459,175
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(7,386,563)	(254,074)	-	-	(7,640,637)
Equipment	(1,683,087)	(169,027)	237,203	-	(1,614,911)
Intangible assets	(9,500)	(4,750)	-	-	(14,250)
Land improvements	(3,364,548)	(211,957)			(3,576,505)
Total	(12,443,698)	(639,808)	237,203	-	(12,846,303)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	8,631,242	(349,519)		4,331,149	12,612,872
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,721,838	\$ 3,031,676	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 12,753,514

Note 6: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	512,201
Support Services			
Maintenance and Operations	\$ 17,04	47	
Student Transportation	90,29	92	107,339
Food Services			20,268
Total Depreciation Expense		\$	639,808

Note 7: INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Du	Due From		
	C	General		
Due To		Fund		
Capital Projects Fund	\$	3,045		

Note 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees, acts of God and unemployment compensation.

The School District has obtained commercial insurance for risk of loss associated with torts, assets, and errors or omissions. The School District has neither significantly reduced coverage for these risks nor incurred losses (settlements) which exceeded the School District's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The School District has elected to self-insure for all potential losses of property due to acts of God. The School District has not experienced any losses related to this risk in the past three years.

Note 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the General Fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning	Claims and		
	of Year	Changes in	Claims	End of Year
	Liability	Estimates	Paid	Liability
2015	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 2,970	\$ 2,970	<u>\$ </u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 3,615	\$ 3,615	\$ -

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2 million. The Trust covers the first \$1 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 110% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

The School District purchases surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	-	Amount		
Superintendent	\$	100,000		
Drivers' Education	\$	10,000		

Note 9: SHORT-TERM DEBT

Tax Anticipation Note

The School District issued a tax anticipation note in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its General Fund. This short-term debt is to provide cash for operations until property tax collections were received by the School District. Article IX, Section V, Paragraph V of the Constitution of the State of Georgia limits the aggregate amount of short-term debt to 75% of the total gross income from taxes collected in the preceding year and requires all short-term debt to be repaid no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the debt was incurred. The maturity date of the loan was December 31, 2015. One draw totaling \$950,000 was required to meet the cash flow needs of the School District. The note was repaid on December 13, 2015.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Tax Anticipation Note	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 950,000	\$ (950,000)	<u>\$ -</u>	

Note 10: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long–Term Liabilities

The changes in long-term debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 Increases Decreases		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Twiggs County Recreation									
Authority Bonds, Series 2001	\$	320,000	\$ -	\$	(75,000)	\$	245,000	\$	80,000
QZAB, Series 2001		3,835,000	-		(3,835,000)		-		-
General Obligation Series 2014		3,000,000	-		(550,000)		2,450,000		585,000
Capital Leases		59,081	179,432		(105,514)		132,999		43,110
Net Pension Liability		6,358,153	2,198,966		(886,351)		7,670,768		-
Total	\$	13,572,234	\$ 2,378,398	\$	(5,451,865)	\$	10,498,767	\$	708,110

Note 10: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Debt Outstanding

The School District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semi–annually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property and sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Maturity	Interest Rates	An	ount Issued	Amount utstanding
General Government - Twiggs County Recreation Authority Bonds, Series 2001	2019	4.95%	\$	1,030,000	\$ 245,000
General Government - Series 2014	2019	1.50%		3,000,000	2,450,000
			\$	4,030,000	\$ 2,695,000

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

Fiscal Year	 Bonds			
Ended June 30	Principal	Interest		
2017	\$ 665,000	\$	42,510	
2018	680,000		29,662	
2019	710,000		16,392	
2020	 640,000		4,800	
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 2,695,000	\$	93,364	

Capital Leases

The School District has acquired buses under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

Note 10: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Leases (Continued)

The following assets were acquired through capital leases and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	 vernmental Activities
Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 179,432 (8,972)
	\$ 170,460

During the current fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of buses at a cost of \$179,432. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount Issued		Amount
Purpose	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	0	Dutstanding
Purchase of buses	2.81%	2015	2019	\$ 179,432	\$	\$132,999

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Fiscal Year	Capital Leases			
Ended June 30	Principal		erest	
2017	\$ 43,110	\$	3,737	
2018	44,322		2,526	
2019	 45,567		1,280	
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 132,999	\$	7,543	

Note 11: BROADBAND SPECTRUM LEASE

Effective June 10, 2005, The School District entered into a 19 year lease agreement with Fixed Wireless Holdings, LLC for the lease of excess spectrum capacity on Education Broadband Service licenses currently held by the School District. These licenses were granted to the School District by the Federal Communications Commission. The lease agreement requires monthly lease payments over the term of the lease, of which \$12,000 was recognized during fiscal year 2016 as a general revenue on the Statement of Activities.

Note 12: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction commitments executed by the School District as of June 30, 2016:

	Unearned	Funding		
	Executed	Available		
Project	Contracts	From State		
Twiggs County Middle/High School HVAC	\$ -	\$ 107,308		

Note 13: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. The School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

Note 14: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Georgia School Personnel Employees Post-employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description. The Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that covers eligible former employees of public school systems, libraries, and regional educational service agencies. The School OPEB Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible former employees and their qualified beneficiaries through the State Employees Health Insurance Plan administered by the Department of Community Health. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the group health plans, including benefits for retirees, to the Board of Community Health (Board). Additional information about the School OPEB Fund is disclosed in the State of Georgia *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at <u>www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.</u>

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers are established by the Board in accordance with the current Appropriations Act and may be amended by the Board. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election, dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. For members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, contributions also vary based on years of service. On average, members with five years or more of service as of January 1, 2012, pay approximately 25% of the cost of the health insurance coverage. In accordance with the Board resolution dated December 8, 2011, for members with fewer than five years of service as of January 1, 2012, the state provides a premium subsidy in retirement that ranges from 0% for fewer than 10 years of service to 75% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to active employees) for 30 or more years of service. The subsidy for eligible dependents ranges from 0% to 55% (but no greater than the subsidy percentage offered to dependents of active employees minus 20%). No subsidy is available to Medicare eligible members not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Option. The Board of Community Health sets all member premiums by resolution and in accordance with the law and applicable revenue and expense projections. Any subsidy policy adopted by the Board may be changed at any time by Board resolution and does not constitute a contract or promise of any amount of subsidy.

Participating employers are statutorily required to contribute in accordance with the employer contribution rates established by the Board. The contribution rates are established to fund all benefits due under the health insurance plans for both active and retired employees based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements. Contributions are not based on the actuarially

calculated annual required contribution (ARC) which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The combined active and retiree contribution rates established by the Board for employers participating in the School OPEB Fund were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

For certificated teachers, librarians and regional educational service agencies and certain other eligible participants:

Period	Contribution				
July 2015 - June 2016	\$945.00 per member per month				

For non-certificated school personnel:

Period	Contribution				
July 2015 - December 2015	\$596.20 per member per month				
January 2016 - June 2016	\$746.20 per member per month				

No additional contribution was required by the Board for fiscal year 2016 nor contributed to the School OPEB Fund to pre-fund retiree benefits. Such additional contribution amounts are determined annually by the Board in accordance with the School plan for other post-employment benefits and are subject to appropriation.

Currently, the state is requiring that local Boards of Education pay only on active employees. The District's contributions to the health insurance plans for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014 were \$1,022,853, \$1,031,168, and \$1,033,525, respectively, which equaled the required contribution.

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia. There are two major retirement systems in which the School District participates. These systems issue separate publicly available financial reports that include the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the respective administrative offices.

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description. All teachers of the School District as defined in §47-3-60 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at <u>www.trsga.com/publications.</u>

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability.

Contributions. Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2016. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.27% of annual school district payroll, of which 13.88% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.39% of payroll was required from the state. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$721,066 and \$20,946 from School District and the State, respectively.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description. PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administer PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) (Continued)

Benefits provided. A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of 10 years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions. The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$23,714.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$7,670,768 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amounts recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,670,768
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	
associated with the School District	29,687
	\$ 7,700,455

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

At June 30, 2015, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.050386%, which was an increase of 0.000059% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

At June 30, 2016, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$79,756.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense of \$615,011 for TRS and \$4,756 for PSERS and revenue of (\$369) for TRS and \$4,756 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	TRS				
	Deferred	Deferred			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 67,468			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	647,037			
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	394,307	-			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	721,066	-			
Total	\$ 1,115,373	\$ 714,505			

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ended June 30	TRS
2017	\$ (201,005.00)
2018	(201,005.00)
2019	(201,006.00)
2020	285,642.00
2021	(2,824.00)
Therafter	0

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75 – 7.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females set back two years for males and set back three years for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2009.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increase	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table set forward one year for males for the period after service retirement, for dependent beneficiaries, and for deaths in active service, and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back two years for males and set forward one year for females for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2009.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Note 15: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	3.00%
Domestic large stocks	39.70	6.50
Domestic mid stocks	3.70	10.00
Domestic small stocks	1.60	13.00
International developed market stocks	18.90	6.50
International emerging market stocks	6.10	11.00
Total	100.00%	

* Rates shown are net of the 3.00% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	discount rate	Increase	
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,181,635	\$ 7,670,768	\$ 3,128,503	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publically available at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u> and <u>http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html.</u>

Note 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Tax Anticipation Note

On August 26, 2016, the Twiggs County Board of Education issued a temporary loan in advance of property tax collections with a financial institution in the amount of \$1,000,000. Proceeds from this short-term loan were issued to provide cash for operations until property tax collections were received by the School District. The maturity date of the loan was December 30, 2016. One draw totaling \$1,000,000 was required to meet the cash flow needs of the School District. The note was repaid on December 7, 2016.

General Obligation Bonds

On April 26, 2018, the School District issued General Obligation (Sales Tax) Bond, Series 2018, in the amount of \$1,365,000.

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SCHEDULE "1"

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	pro	chool District's portionate share the net pension liability	proportio net pe	e of Georgia's nate share of the ension liability d with the School District	 Total		hool District's ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016	0.050386%	\$	7,670,768	\$	29,687	\$ 7,700,455	\$	5,363,490	143.02%	81.44%
2015	0.050327%	\$	6,358,153	\$	27,541	\$ 6,385,694	\$	5,134,308	123.84%	84.03%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo	ool District's rtionate share e net pension liability	prop the n ass	ate of Georgia's protionate share of let pension liaibility sociated with the School District	 Total	chool District's ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	79,756	\$ 79,756	\$ 278,098	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$		\$	86,865	\$ 86,865	\$ 285,608	N/A	88.29%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE "3"

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended		Со	ntractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)			ol District's covered- employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2016 2015		\$ \$	721,066.00 705,299.00	\$ \$	721,066.00 705,299.00	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	5,196,288.00 5,363,490.00	13.88% 13.15%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additoinal years wil be displayed as they become available

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for year ended June 30, 2016 reported in that schedule:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation rate Salary increases Investment rate of return June 30, 2013 Entry age Level percentage of payroll, closed 30 years Five-year smoothed market 3.00% 3.75 – 7.00%, including inflation 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: The last experience investigation was prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2009, and based on the results of the investigation various assumptions and methods were revised and adopted by the board on December 16,2010. The next experience investigation will be prepared for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions: The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contractually required contributions for year ended June 30, 2016 reported in that schedule:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation rate Salary increases Investment rate of return

Cost-of living adjustments

June 30, 2013 Entry age Level dollar, closed 25 years Five-year smoothed market 3.00% N/A 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 1.50% semi-annually

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TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS			ACTUAL		VARIANCE	
		ORIGINAL (1)	_	FINAL (1)	 AMOUNTS		OVER/UNDER
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	3,860,000	\$	3,960,000	\$ 4,162,832	\$	202,832
Sales Taxes		-		-	44,375		44,375
Other taxes		-		-	32,969		32,969
State Funds		4,268,975		4,262,183	4,370,412		108,229
Federal Funds		1,388,726		1,508,670	2,189,490		680,820
Charges for Services		-		-	15,596		15,596
Investment Earnings		-		-	2,703		2,703
Miscellaneous		1,200	_	1,200	 281,129		279,929
Total Revenues	_	9,518,901	_	9,732,053	 11,099,506		1,367,453
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		4,538,652		4,915,500	5,029,535		(114,035)
Support Services							
Pupil Services		391,573		422,936	444,983		(22,047)
Improvement of Instructional Services		297,139		817,518	811,103		6,415
Educational Media Services		185,111		181,778	183,110		(1,332)
General Administration		497,237		522,383	486,830		35,553
School Administration		690,293		690,293	674,453		15,840
Business Administration		297,210		297,210	312,005		(14,795)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		831,658		831,658	1,180,541		(348,883)
Student Transportation Services		657,372		657,278	653,582		3,696
Central Support Services		-		1,000	50		950
Other Support Services		68,354		158,175	141,037		17,138
Community Services		-		-	46,988		(46,988)
Food Services Operation		-	_	-	 660,721	_	(660,721)
Total Expenditures	_	8,454,599	_	9,495,729	 10,624,938	_	(1,129,209)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,064,302		236,324	474,568		238,244
Fund Balances - Beginning		825,269	_	825,269	 825,269		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,889,571	\$_	1,061,593	\$ 1,299,837	\$	238,244

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

- Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$177,393 and \$157,995, respectively.
- (2) The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	16165GA324N1099	\$ 207,649
National School Lunch Program	10.555	16165GA324N1099	426,736
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			634,385
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A150073	238,469
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A150081	3,277
Total Special Education Cluster			241,746
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A150010	15,460
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A150001	79,073
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	S366B150011	5,982
Rural Education	84.358	S358B150010	21,857
School Improvement Grants	84.377	S377A150011	522,833
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A150010	563,817
Total Other Programs			1,209,022
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,450,768
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Department of the Air Force			
R.O.T.C. Program	12.UNKNOWN		37,591
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,122,744

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Twiggs County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and*

Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES			
			CAPITAL		
		GENERAL	PROJECTS		
NCY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	TOTAL	
RANTS Bright From the Start:					
Bright From the Start:					
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	¢	04.440 *	<i>ф</i>	04.44	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	94,419 \$	- \$	94,41	
Education, Georgia Department of					
Quality Basic Education					
Direct Instructional Cost					
Kindergarten Program		202,408	-	202,40	
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		35,311	-	35,31	
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		569,452	-	569,45	
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		43,203	-	43,20	
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		196,630	-	196,63	
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		132,194	_	132,19	
Middle School (6-8) Program		450,866	_	450,86	
			-	430,80	
High School General Education (9-12) Program		370,443	-		
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		185,911	-	185,91	
Students with Disabilities		630,420	-	630,42	
Alternative Education Program		31,415	-	31,41	
Media Center Program		75,733	-	75,73	
20 Days Additional Instruction		24,047	-	24,04	
Staff and Professional Development		13,147	-	13,14	
Principal Staff and Professional Development		909	-	90	
Indirect Cost					
Central Administration		270,314	-	270,31	
School Administration		268,392	-	268,39	
Facility Maintenance and Operations		176,911	-	176,91	
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		190,890	-	190,89	
Vocational Supervisors		6,792	-	6,79	
Amended Formula Adjustment		(204,043)	-	(204,04	
Categorical Grants					
Pupil Transportation					
Regular		244,435	-	244,43	
Nursing Services		45,000	-	45,00	
Sparsity		185,538	-	185,53	
Other State Programs		100,000		100,00	
Food Services		16,034	-	16,03	
Teachers Retirement		20,946	-	20,94	
Vocational Education		22,981	-	22,98	
		,		,	
Georgia State Financing and Investment					
Commission					
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		-	965,768	965,76	
Office of the State Treasurer					
Public School Employees Retirement		23,714	-	23,71	
				,	
Human Deservation Occurris Deservation and of					

Human Resources, Georgia Department of

Family Connection	
-------------------	--

46,000	-	46,000

 \$
 4,370,412
 \$
 965,768
 \$
 5,336,180

See notes to the basic financial statements.

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TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>PROJECT</u>	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
SPLOST III							
Funding the payment of principal and interest on the School District's Twiggs County Recreation Authority Bonds, Series 2001 beginning with an interest payment due January 1, 2003.	\$ 463,245 \$	1,199,928 \$	88,984 \$	1,110,944 \$	1,199,928 \$	-	Complete
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, modifying, and equipping existing school buildings and other facilities including, but not limited to, roofing and HVAC; acquiring system-wide vocational, musical, technolofy, physical education and safety equipment, including computer hardware, and security cameras and equipment; purchasing textbooks and desks; acquiring school buses and other school vehicles; acquiring and repairing maintenance and transportation equipment and facilities; payment of a portion of the principal of Twiggs County School District General Obligation QZAB Bonds, Series 2001, the maximum amount of such principal to be paid shall be \$950,000, and the acquiring of any property desirable therefore, both real and	5 000 000	0.004.404	050.054	0.400.007	0.004.404		
personal.	5,000,000	3,984,421	947,038	3,126,367	3,984,421		Complete
SPLOST IV			947,038	4,237,311			
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping a new elementary school gym.	2,000,000	3,033,141	2,823,755	166,847	-	-	9/30/2016
Improving and renovating the existing high school gym.	200,000	200,000	-	-	-		12/31/2019
Acquiring safety and security equipment and vocational, musical, athletic and physical education equipment.	50,000	20,000	16,329	-	-		12/31/2019
Acquiring, repairing and updating system-wide technology, including computer hardware.	100,000	8,439	8,439	-	-		12/31/2019
Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, and equipping existing school buildings, other buildings, and facilities including athletic facilities and roof and HVAC repairs.	500,000	20,000	-	-	-		12/31/2019
Acquiring tectbooks, e-books, and classroom furniture.	20,000	4,000	1,934	-	-		12/31/2019
Acquiring school buses and other system-wide vehicles.	90,000	187,000	179,432	-	-		12/31/2019

Acquiring and repairing transportation and maintenance

equipment and facilites.	40,000	40,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		12/31/2019
	3,000,000	3,512,580	3,029,889	166,847			
\$	8,463,245 \$	8,696,929 \$	3,976,927 \$	4,404,158 \$	5,184,349 \$	-	

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Twiggs County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

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SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

January 16, 2019

Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Twiggs County Board of Education

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twiggs County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencyies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a

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material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FS 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FS 2016-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Thegen Striff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

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DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

January 16, 2019

Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Twiggs County Board of Education

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twiggs County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)

As described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555) as described in item FA 2016-001 for Activities Allowed or Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, Equipment and Real Property Management, Period of Performance, and Special Tests and Provisions. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555) for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material on the other major federal program identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

The School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2015-001.	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures—Cash and Cash Equivalents
Control Category:	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	None
Finding Status:	Unresolved

We have addressed these points through proper delegation of duties to staff members to correct separation of duties issues. In addition, there have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present. We will begin sending Georgia Department of Revenue unclaimed property next month.

2015-002 Control Category:	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures Over School Activity Accounts Accounting Controls (Overall) Revenues/Receivables/Receipts
Internal Control Impact: Compliance Impact:	Significant Deficiency None
Finding Status:	Unresolved

We have addressed these points through proper delegation of duties to staff members to correct separation of duties issues. In addition, there have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present.

2015-003	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures—Employee Compensation
Control Category:	Employee Compensation
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	None

Finding Status: Unresolved

There have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present.

TWIGGS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2014-003.	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures—Cash and Cash Equivalents
Control Category:	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	None
Finding Status:	Unresolved

We have addressed these points through proper delegation of duties to staff members to correct separation of duties issues. In addition, there have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present. We will begin sending Georgia Department of Revenue unclaimed property next month.

2014-004 Control Category:	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures Over School Activity Accounts Accounting Controls (Overall) Revenues/Receivables/Receipts
Internal Control Impact: Compliance Impact:	Significant Deficiency None
Finding Status:	Unresolved

We have addressed these points through proper delegation of duties to staff members to correct separation of duties issues. In addition, there have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present.

2014-005	Inadequate Internal Control Procedures—Employee Compensation
Control Category:	Employee Compensation
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	None

Finding Status: Unresolved

There have been other preventative measures and internal controls enforced to ensure documentation is present.

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issue: Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Debt Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency identified? 	Yes Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:	No
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency identified? 	Yes No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified for all programs except for Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555), which was modified.	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accor 200.516(a)?	rdance with 2 CFR Yes
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program	or Cluster
10.553, 10.555Child Nutrition Cluster84.010Title I Grants to Local Educ	cational Agencies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B prog	rams: \$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

- 1 -

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2016-001 Control Categories:	Internal Controls at the Central Office Accounting Controls (Overall) Cash and Cash Equivalents
	Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements
	Employee Compensation
	General Ledger
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	None
Repeat of Prior Year Finding: Questioned Cost:	2015-001, 2015-003, 2014-003, 2014-005 \$32,630

Description:

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls at the Central Office.

Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining internal controls that provide reasonable assurance that transactions are processed according to established procedures.

Condition:

Accounting Controls (Overall)

- The School District does not have adequate logical access controls in place to protect the
 integrity of information maintained in significant financial applications including no formal
 policy for periodic monitoring of user access rights. For the financial application, we noted
 several users with access rights that exceeded their need to complete their assigned job
 functions. Further, the access granted did not adequately separate the functions of initiating,
 authorizing, and recording transactions, reconciliations, and maintaining the custody of assets.
- Finance personnel have access to the server room as well as having access to modify the information technology backup schedule.
- The School District did not perform a job restore for the financial application to ensure data backed up is recoverable.
- The School District did not provide a privileged user listing for the school food point-of-sale or the student information system.
- The School District did not complete a risk assessment for the year under audit.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

- Bank reconciliations were either not performed or approved timely for forty-nine of the fifty-six reconciliations reviewed.
- One bank account that was closed during the year remained on the general ledger at year end.
- Two unclaimed payroll checks were not returned to the Department of Revenue as required.

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

- One expenditure was not properly approved.
- One expenditure's documentation did not agree to the general ledger.
- The accounts payable listing did not agree to the amount reported in the financial statements by \$62,363.

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Employee Compensation

- Our review of twenty-six employees' salaries, the following deficiencies:
 - Overpayments totaling \$32,630 were noted for twelve employees due to salaries not being calculated using Board approved salary and supplement scales, and no documentation maintained for salary increases and additional pay.
 - Underpayments totaling \$3,158 were noted for four employees due to the School District using incorrect salary amounts, incorrect salary calculations and inconsistent leave calculations.
 - There were no approvals of supplements and stipends for athletic and administrative positions.
- The School District's detailed listing of salaries and benefits payable did not agree to the financial statements by \$78,622.

General Ledger

- The School District failed to record in the general ledger sixty financial statement entries dating back to fiscal year 2006. These journal entries in the general ledger have been repeated during the financial statement preparation process year after year because the general ledger has not been corrected.
- The Due to Other Funds and Due from Other Funds financial statement accounts are invalid. These accounts were posted to the financial statements in an attempt to balance cash between the general fund and capital projects fund.
- Our review of eighteen journal entries revealed the following deficiencies
 - None of the journal entries provided documentation of the preparer.
 - The School District's Chief Financial Officer prepared and approved her own journal entries.

Cause:

These issues were a result of a lack of separation of duties and management's failure to ensure that internal controls were established, implemented and functioning.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Without satisfactory accounting controls and procedures in place, the School District could place itself in a position where potential misappropriation of assets could occur. In addition, the lack of controls impacted its reporting of financial position and results of operations.

Recommendation:

The School District should review accounting procedures in place and design and implement procedures relative to the above controls categories to strengthen the internal controls over the accounting function. Management should ensure that proper separation of duties exists. In the case when management determines that separation of duties is not cost beneficial, management should implement compensating controls that assist in assuring that transactions are properly processed and reported.

Views of Responsible Officials

We concur with this finding.

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2016-002	Internal Control Procedures over School Activity Accounts
Control Categories:	Revenues/Receivables/Receipts
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	None
Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	2015-002, 2014-004

Description:

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide for adequate internal controls over the school activity accounts.

Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining internal controls that provide proper separation of duties and reasonable assurance that transactions are processed according to established procedures.

Condition:

The following deficiencies were noted with the School District's school activity accounts:

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

- The key accounting functions of receipt preparation, record keeping and bank reconciliation were not adequately separated.
- Our examination of twelve receipts revealed the following deficiencies:
 - Two receipts did not agree to the deposit amount.
 - Two receipts did not include documentation of the signature of the individual submitting the money.

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that the errors were made due to the schools not having a school activity account policy manual. In addition, the schools do not have adequate personnel in order to be able to separate the duties.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to maintain adequate internal controls over school activity accounts increases the risk that misstatements could occur in the financial statements due to errors or fraud and not be detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation:

The School District should establish control procedures to ensure that the key accounting functions of receipt preparation, check preparation, bank reconciliation and record keeping are separated. In the case when management determines separation of duties is not cost beneficial, management should implement compensating controls that assist in assuring that transactions are properly processed and reported. In addition, the School District should implement procedures to ensure that receipts are adequately documented and recorded in the financial records. The School District should also establish a monitoring process to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are processed according to established procedures.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2016-001	Internal Control Procedures
Control Categories:	Activities Allowed or Unallowed
	Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
	Equipment and Real Property Management
	Period of Performance
	Special Tests and Provisions
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	Material Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency:	U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity:	Georgia Department of Education
CFDA Number and Title:	CFDA 10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster
Federal Award Number:	16165GA324N1099
Questioned Cost:	None Identified

Description:

A review of the Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555) revealed that internal control procedures were not in place over several control categories.

Criteria:

2 CFR 200.403 states in part that "costs must meet the following general criteria in order to be allowable under Federal awards: (a) Be necessary and reasonable for the performance of the Federal award and be allocable thereto under these principles... (c) Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to both federally financed and other activities of the non-federal entity...."

2 CFR 200.430(h)(8)(i)(1) states in part that "charges to federal awards must be based on records that accurately reflect the work performed... (i) Be supported by a system of internal control which provides reasonable assurance that charges are accurate, allowable and properly allocated."

2 CFR 200.430(b) states that "compensation for employees engaged in work on Federal awards will be considered reasonable to the extent that it is consistent with that paid for similar work in other activities of the non-Federal entity."

2 CFR 200.303(a) states that the non-Federal entity must "establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award."

2 CFR 200.313(d)(1) states, "Property records must be maintained that include a description of the property, a serial number or other identification number, the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), who holds title, the acquisition date, cost of the property, percentage of Federal participation in the cost of the property, the location, use and condition of the property, and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property."

7 CFR 210.14(a) states that "School food authorities shall maintain a nonprofit school food service. Revenues received by the nonprofit school food service are to be used only for the operation or improvement of food service..."

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Condition:

Our review of the Child Nutrition Cluster revealed the following deficiencies:

- Thirty expenditures did not show evidence of supervisory review for allowability or for the correct period of performance.
- Two expenditures did not show evidence of receipt of goods.
- One expenditure in the amount of \$14,940 was not allowable. The Child Nutrition Cluster program was improperly charged for janitorial services performed during fiscal year 2015 which should have been paid from the School District's general fund.
- There were no approvals of salary scales and hourly rates for Child Nutrition Cluster employees.
- A semi-annual certification was not signed by one of the three employees tested.
- The property listing did not contain the funding source for the property, who holds the title, use and condition of the property, or the percentage of Federal participation in the cost. In addition, the School District did not have a formal equipment policy that addressed the requirements from 2 CFR 200.313.
- Of four journal entries tested with the Child Nutrition Cluster federal reimbursements, none of the journal entries had evidence of a preparer.
- Three out of four Child Nutrition Cluster federal reimbursements were not transferred from the general operating account to the school food service account within a timely manner.

Questioned Cost:

None

Cause:

These issues were a result of managements failure to ensure that internal controls were established, implemented, and functioning.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to ensure federal regulations are properly followed resulted in noncompliance with the requirements of the federal programs.

Recommendation:

The School District should implement internal control procedures to ensure that expenditures are allowable and contain evidence of receipt. In addition, management should implement internal control procedures to ensure establishment of pay rates are appropriately approved. Property records should contain the following regarding the equipment: description, source, who holds title, acquisition date and cost, percentage of Federal participation in the cost, location, condition and any ultimate disposition data include the date of disposal and sales price. Management should implement internal control procedures to ensure that all journal entries and receipt documentation are properly approved. Lastly, management should implement internal control procedures to ensure that reimbursement claims are properly transferred in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials: We concur with this finding. SECTION V

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS



Generating Excellence: One Team... One Goal

 SUPERINTENDENT
 MEMBERS, BOARD OF EDUCATION

 Mr. Elgin L. Dixon
 Joanie Rainey, Chairperson · Teresa Blackshear, Vice Chairperson · Constance Morse · Isiah Rouse, Jr. · Shirley Stokes

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2016-001	Internal Controls at the Central Office
Control Categories:	Accounting Controls (Overall)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents
	Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements
	Employee Compensation
	General Ledger
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	None
Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	2015-001, 2015-003, 2014-003, 2014-005
Questioned Cost:	\$32,630

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls at the central office.

Corrective Action Plans:

The LEA plans to review all procedures and policies. The goal is to ensure all procedures are vetted for segregation of duties and addresses areas of weaknesses. Then, there will be an update to job duties and responsibilities within the department to reflect these actions if necessary.

Estimated Completion Date: March 30, 2019

Contract Person: James Austin

Telephone: (478) 944-3127

E-mail: jaustin@twiggs.k12.ga.us

 The mission of Twiggs County Public Schools is to inspire, challenge and prepare all students to compete globally.

 952 Main Street | P.O. Box 232 | Jeffersonville, GA 31044 · 478-945-3127 (Tel) · 478-945-3078 (Fax) · www.twiggs.k12.ga.us



Generating Excellence: One Team... One Goal

 SUPERINTENDENT
 MEMBERS, BOARD OF EDUCATION

 Mr. Elgin L. Dixon
 Joanie Rainey, Chairperson • Teresa Blackshear, Vice Chairperson • Constance Morse • Isiah Rouse, Jr. • Shirley Stokes

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2016-002 Internal Control Procedures over Student Activity Accounts

Control Categories: Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: 2015-002, 2014-004

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide for adequate internal controls over the school activity accounts.

Corrective Action Plans: The LEA will provide extensive training to the local school officials and bookkeeper. In addition, we will update policies and procedures.

Estimated Completion Date: May 30, 2019

Contract Person: James Austin, Chief Financial Officer

Telephone: (478) 944-3127

E-mail: jaustin@twiggs.k12.ga.us



Generating Excellence: One Team... One Goal

SUPERINTENDENT
Mr. Elgin L. DixonMEMBERS, BOARD OF EDUCATION
Joanie Rainey, Chairperson · Teresa Blackshear, Vice Chairperson · Constance Morse · Isiah Rouse, Jr. · Shirley Stokes

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

FA 2016-001	Internal Control Procedures
	Activities Allowed or Unallowed
Control Category:	Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
	Equipment and Real Property Management
	Period of Performance
	Special Tests and Provisions
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	Material Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency:	US. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity:	Georgia Department of Education
CFDA Number and Title:	CFDA 10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster
Federal Award Number:	16165GA324N1099
Questioned Cost:	None Identified

The School District did not have adequate controls in place over the Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555).

Corrective Action Plans: Again, there will be an in-depth policy and procedure review. The management will conduct monthly review of all activities to ensure compliance has been met.

Estimated Completion Date: March 30, 2018

Contract Person: James Austin

Telephone: (478) 944-3127

E-mail: jaustin@twiggs.k12.ga.us

 The mission of Twiggs County Public Schools is to inspire, challenge and prepare all students to compete globally.

 952 Main Street | P.O. Box 232 | Jeffersonville, GA 31044 · 478-945-3127 (Tel) · 478-945-3078 (Fax) · www.twiggs.k12.ga.us